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Committee	Item No.	
Board Item	No.	19

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee_	Date	
Board of Su	pervisors Meeting	Date April 9, 2013
Cmte Boar	rd	
	Motion Resolution Ordinance Legislative Digest Budget Analyst Report Legislative Analyst Report Introduction Form (for hearings Department/Agency Cover Lett MOU Grant Information Form Grant Budget Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Award Letter Application Public Correspondence	
OTHER	(Use back side if additional spa	<u>, </u>
	oy: Joy Lamug oy:	Date April 4, 2013 Date

An asterisked item represents the cover sheet to a document that exceeds 20 pages. The complete document is in the file.

Packet Contents Checklist 5/16/01

[Supporting Assembly Bills 218 and 870 - Expansion of California's Fair Hiring Policies to Cities, Counties, State Agencies, Special Districts, and Private Employers That Contract with State Agencies]

Resolution supporting Assembly Bill 218, which expands California's existing fair hiring policies for state and public employees to city and county workers statewide, and Assembly Bill 870, which expands California's existing fair hiring policies to private employers that contract with the State.

WHEREAS, Existing law requires the hiring practices and promotional practices of a local agency, as defined, to conform to the Federal Civil Rights Act of 1964 and prohibits any local agency from, as a part of its hiring practices or promotional practices, employing any educational prerequisites or testing or evaluation methods, which are not job related unless there is no adverse effect; and

WHEREAS, California Assembly Bill 218 (Dickinson), on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 130302, which is hereby declared to be part of this resolution as if set forth fully herein, recently introduced in the California Assembly, would prohibit a local agency from inquiring into or considering the criminal history of an applicant and including any inquiry about criminal history on any initial employment application; and

WHEREAS, California Assembly Bill 218 would allow a local or state agency to consider an applicant's conviction history after the applicant's qualifications have been screened and the agency has determined the applicant meets the minimum employment requirements, as stated in any notice issued for the position; and

WHEREAS, California Assembly Bill 218 would not apply to a position for which a local agency is otherwise required by law to conduct a criminal history background check; and

WHEREAS, California Assembly Bill 218 would also express a legislative finding and declaration that reducing barriers to employment for people who have previously offended, and decreasing unemployment in communities with concentrated numbers of people who have previously offended, is a matter of statewide concern; and

WHEREAS, All cities, counties, state agencies, and special districts, including charter cities and counties would be subject to the provisions of California Assembly Bill 218; and

WHEREAS, California Assembly Bill 870 (Jones-Sawyer), on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 130302, which is hereby declared to be part of this resolution as if set forth fully herein, recently introduced in the California Assembly, would prohibit the State from contracting with a person or entity that inquires into or considers the criminal history of a potential employee on an initial employment application; and

WHEREAS, California Assembly Bill 870 would authorize the State to contract with a person or entity that inquires into or considers an applicant's criminal history after the applicant's qualifications have been screened and the employer has determined the applicant meets the minimum employment requirements; and

WHEREAS, California Assembly Bill 870 would not apply to a position for which an employer is otherwise required by law to conduct a criminal history background check or to any contract position with a criminal justice agency; and

WHEREAS, California Assembly Bill 870 would also express a legislative finding and declaration that reducing barriers to employment for people who have previously offended, and decreasing unemployment in communities with concentrated numbers of people who have previously offended, is a matter of statewide concern; and

WHEREAS, In California and around the country, qualified job applicants often are plagued by old or minor convictions and are discouraged from submitting applications for

employment because a check box on job applications requires disclosure of criminal history information that often leads employers to dismiss applicants at the outset; and

WHEREAS, People of color are disproportionally impacted by criminal background checks in employment, which is why the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) requires employers to establish a strong nexus between an applicant's criminal history and the specific duties and responsibilities of a given position; and

WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco and over 45 other cities and counties in the United States removed the conviction history inquiry from initial employment applications in public employment and delayed the criminal background check until the later stages of the hiring process; and

WHEREAS, In 2010, California because the sixth state to do so when the State

Personnel Board removed the question from employment applications for state level positions in public service; and

WHEREAS, Realignment of California's criminal justice system, as described in California Assembly Bill 109, seeks to produce budgetary savings by reducing recidivism and promoting rehabilitation; and

WHEREAS, Employment of eligible people with a conviction history is key to the success of the realignment strategy at a local level, as studies show that stable employment significantly lowers recidivism and promotes public safety; and

WHEREAS, In October 2005, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors unanimously adopted legislation that promoted the successful integration of individuals with criminal histories and initiated the removal of the request for conviction history information in the initial application process for public employment; and

WHEREAS, The Reentry Council of the City and County of San Francisco, in its Annual Report, identified arrest and conviction records as barriers to employment, and it

recommends that the City and County of San Francisco's policy on criminal background checks should be extended to other jurisdictions; and

WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco strongly supports California
Assembly Bill 218 and California Assembly Bill 870 because they promote public safety by
reducing unnecessary barriers to employment for nearly seven million adults in California with
criminal records; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby supports California Assembly Bill 218 and California Assembly Bill 870 and authorizes the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to communicate to the California State Legislature its support of California Assembly Bill 218 and California Assembly Bill 870; and

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors hereby directs the Clerk of the Board to transmit copies to the members of the State Assembly from San Francisco and the members of the State Senate that represent San Francisco with a request to take all action necessary to achieve the objectives of this resolution.

Introduced by Assembly Member Dickinson

February 4, 2013

An act to add Section 432.9 to the Labor Code, relating to employment.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 218, as introduced, Dickinson. Employment applications: criminal history.

Existing law prohibits both public and private employers from asking an applicant for employment to disclose, either in writing or verbally, any information concerning an arrest or detention that did not result in a conviction.

This bill would prohibit a state or local agency from asking an applicant to disclose information regarding a criminal conviction, except as specified, until after the applicant's qualifications for the position have been determined to meet the requirements for the position. This bill would include specified findings and declarations of the Legislature in support of this policy.

Because this bill would impose new requirements on local agencies relative to employment application procedures, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state,

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reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares that reducing barriers to employment for people who have previously offended, and decreasing unemployment in communities with concentrated numbers of people who have previously offended, are matters of 5 statewide concern. Therefore, this act shall apply to state agencies, all cities and counties, including charter cities and charter counties, and special districts. The Legislature further finds and declares 8 that, consistent with the 2011 Realignment Legislation addressing 9 public safety, increasing employment opportunities for people who have previously offended will reduce recidivism and improve 11 economic stability in our communities.

SEC. 2. Section 432.9 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

- 432.9. (a) A state or local agency shall not ask an applicant for employment to disclose, through any written form or verbally, information concerning the criminal history of the applicant or include any inquiry about criminal history on any initial employment application. A state or local agency may inquire into or consider an applicant's criminal history after the applicant's qualifications have been screened and the agency has determined the applicant meets the minimum employment requirements, as stated in any notice issued for the position.
- (b) This section shall not apply to a position for which a state or local agency is otherwise required by law to conduct a criminal history background check, to any position within a criminal justice agency, as that term is defined in Section 13101 of the Penal Code, or to any individual working on a temporary or permanent basis for a criminal justice agency on a contract basis or on loan from another governmental entity.
- (c) This section shall not be construed to prevent a state or local agency from conducting a criminal history background check after complying with all of the provisions of subdivision (a).

- (d) As used in this section, "state agency" means any state office, officer, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency.
- (e) As used in this section, "local agency" means any county, city, city and county, including a charter city or county, or any special district.
 - (f) Section 433 does not apply to this section.

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7 SEC. 3. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that 8 this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to 9 10 local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 12 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

Introduced by Assembly Member Jones-Sawyer

February 22, 2013

An act to add Sections 10186 and 10324 to the Public Contract Code, relating to public contracts.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 870, as introduced, Jones-Sawyer. Public contracts: bidders: employment practices.

The State Contract Act prescribes the procedures and requirements applicable to various state agency contracts. Existing law governs contracts between state agencies and private contractors, and sets forth requirements for the procurement of materials, supplies, equipment, and services, and the acquisition of information technology goods and services by state agencies.

This bill would prohibit the state from contracting with a person or entity that inquires into or considers the criminal history of a potential employee on an initial employment application. The bill would authorize the state to contract with a person or entity that inquires into or considers an applicant's criminal history after the applicant's qualifications have been screened and the employer has determined the applicant meets the minimum employment requirements, as stated in any notice issued for the position. The bill would not apply to a position for which an employer is otherwise required by law to conduct a criminal history background check or to any contract position with a criminal justice agency, as specified.

The bill would also express a legislative finding and declaration that reducing barriers to employment for people who have previously

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offended, and decreasing unemployment in communities with concentrated numbers of people who have previously offended, is a matter of statewide concern.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares that reducing barriers to employment for people who have previously offended, 2 3 and decreasing unemployment in communities with concentrated numbers of people who have previously offended, are matters of statewide concern. Therefore, this act shall apply to individuals 6 and entities who do business with the state. The Legislature further 7 finds and declares that, consistent with the Criminal Justice Realignment Act of 2011 (Chapter 39 of the Statutes of 2011), 8 increasing employment opportunities for people who have previously offended will reduce recidivism and improve economic 10 stability in our communities. 11
- SEC. 2. Section 10186 is added to the Public Contract Code, to read:
 - 10186. (a) The state shall not accept a bid from a person or entity that inquires into or considers the criminal history of a potential employee or includes any inquiry about criminal history on any initial employment application. The state may accept a bid from a person or entity that inquires into or considers a potential employee's criminal history after the applicant's qualifications have been screened and the person or entity has determined that the applicant meets the minimum employment requirements, as stated in any notice issued for the position.
 - (b) This section shall not apply to a position for which an employer is otherwise required by law to conduct a criminal history background check or to any contract position with a criminal justice agency, as that term is defined in Section 13101 of the Penal Code.
 - (c) This section shall not be construed to prevent the state from accepting a bid from a person or entity that conducts a criminal history background check after complying with all of the provisions of subdivision (a).
- SEC. 3. Section 10324 is added to the Public Contract Code, to read:

-3- AB 870

10324. (a) The state shall not accept a bid from a person or entity that inquires into or considers the criminal history of a potential employee or includes any inquiry about criminal history on any initial employment application. The state may accept a bid from a person or entity that inquires into or considers a potential employee's criminal history after the applicant's qualifications have been screened and the person or entity has determined that the applicant meets the minimum employment requirements, as stated in any notice issued for the position.

- (b) This section shall not apply to a position for which an employer is otherwise required by law to conduct a criminal history background check or to any contract position with a criminal justice agency, as that term is defined in Section 13101 of the Penal Code.
- (c) This section shall not be construed to prevent the state from accepting a bid from a person or entity that conducts a criminal history background check after complying with all of the provisions of subdivision (a).

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor

I her	by submit the following item for introduction (select only one):	or meeting date				
, d	1. For reference to Committee.					
	An ordinance, resolution, motion, or charter amendment.					
X	2. Request for next printed agenda without reference to Committee.					
	3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.					
	4. Request for letter beginning "Supervisor	inquires"				
	5. City Attorney request.					
	6. Call File No. from Committee.					
	7. Budget Analyst request (attach written motion).					
	8. Substitute Legislation File No.					
	9. Request for Closed Session (attach written motion).					
	10. Board to Sit as A Committee of the Whole.					
	11. Question(s) submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on					
Pleas	se check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to t Small Business Commission Youth Commission Eth	he following: iics Commission				
	☐ Planning Commission ☐ Building Inspection C	Commission				
Note:	For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use a In	nperative				
Sponse	or(s):					
Super	visor Jane Kim; Supervisor John Avalos, Supervisor David Campos, Supervisor N	Malia Cohen				
Subje	ct:					
Resolu	ution Supporting California Assembly Bills 218 and 870					
The te	ext is listed below or attached:					
Please	e see attached.					
	Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:	1/				
For C	Clerk's Use Only:					

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Time stamp