riie NO. 240393	File No.	240393
-----------------	----------	--------

Committee Item No. 5 Board Item No.

# **COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

\_\_\_\_\_

Committee:	Rules Committee	

Date June 3, 2024

<b>Board of Supervisors</b>	Meeting
-----------------------------	---------

# **Cmte Board**

	Motion Resolution Ordinance Legislative Digest Budget and Legislative Analyst Report Youth Commission Report Introduction Form Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) Grant Information Form Grant Budget Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Form 126 - Ethics Commission Award Letter Application Form 700 Information/Vacancies (Boards/Commissions) Public Correspondence
OTHER	(Use back side if additional space is needed)

Completed by:	Victor Young	Date May 30, 2024	
Completed by:		Date	

FILE NO. 240393

MOTION NO.

1	[Mayoral Appointment, Police Commission - C. Don Clay]
2	
3	Motion approving/rejecting the Mayor's nomination for the appointment of C. Don Clay
4	to the Police Commission, for a term ending April 30, 2028.
5	
6	WHEREAS, Pursuant to Charter, Section 4.109, the Mayor has submitted a
7	communication notifying the Board of Supervisors of the nomination of C. Don Clay to the
8	Police Commission, received by the Clerk of the Board on April 18, 2024; and
9	WHEREAS, The Board of Supervisors has the authority to hold a public hearing and
10	vote on the appointment within 60 days following transmittal of the Mayor's Notice of
11	Appointment, and the failure of the Board to act on the nomination within the 60-day period
12	shall result in the nominee being deemed approved; now, therefore, be it
13	MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby approves/rejects the Mayor's
14	nomination for the appointment of C. Don Clay (retired judge), to the Police Commission, Seat
15	No. 4, succeeding James Byrne, for a four-year term ending April 30, 2028.
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

Office of the Mayor san Francisco



LONDON N. BREED MAYOR

## **Notice of Nominations**

April 18, 2024

San Francisco Board of Supervisors City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Honorable Board of Supervisors,

Pursuant to Charter Section 4.109 of the City and County of San Francisco, I make the following nominations:

Judge C. Don Clay, for appointment to the Police Commission (as a retired judge) for a four-year term ending April 30, 2028, to replace James Byrne, whose term expires on April 30, 2024.

**Debra Walker**, for reappointment to the Police Commission for a four-year term ending April 30, 2028.

I am confident that these individuals will serve our community well. Attached are their qualifications to serve, which demonstrate how their appointments represent the communities of interest, neighborhoods and diverse populations of the City and County of San Francisco.

I encourage your support and am pleased to advise you of these appointment nominations. Should you have any questions, please contact my Director of Boards and Commissions, Jesse Mainardi, at 415.554.6588.

Sincerely,

London N. Breed Mayor, City and County of San Francisco

1 DR. CARLTON B. GOODLETT PLACE, ROOM 200 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94102-4681 TELEPHONE: (415) 554-6141

## C. DON CLAY Retired Judge of the Superior Court County of Alameda

## **JUDICIAL**

Appointed September 17, 2003 - Governor Gray Davis Elected uncontested November 2006, 2012, and 2018-to-six-year terms

## Retired-March 29, 2024

# JUDICIAL ASSIGNMENTS

Jan 1, 2023 – Nov 2, 2023	Assigned to Probate
Jan 1, 2020-Dec 31, 2022	<b>Criminal Division</b> Jury Trials and North County Felony Law and Motion
Jan 1, 2014-Dec 31, 2019	<b>Supervising Judge Rene C. Davidson</b> Felony and civil direct jury trials calendars. Ancillary assigned criminal Felony law and motion and Habeas Corpus Writs
March 2016-June 30, 2018	<b>Appellate Division of the Court</b> Appeals from all County limited Civil matters and Misdemeanor crime matters
Jan 1, 2012-Dec 31, 2013	<b>Presiding Judge of Alameda County</b> Executive Judicial Officer of the County In charge of Judicial Assignments, Committee Appointments, and Court budget and operations
Jan. 1, 2010-Dec 31, 2011	Assistant Presiding Judge of Alameda County Supervising Judge of Southern Alameda County

Felony jury trials and Civil court trials. Civil law and motion.

Jan 1, 2008-Dec 31, 2009	Criminal jury trials Rene C. Davidson Court Felony jury trials. Ancillary assigned to handle all Elder Abuse cases in the County, which includes all cases with civil protection orders and all criminal cases from arraignment to jury trial
Jan 2006-Dec 31, 2007	Executive Judge for Northern Alameda County
	Assigned to the Rene C. Davidson Courthouse (all cities in the jurisdiction from Albany to Oakland). Supervised the felony trial judges for Northern Alameda County. Responsible for approving all felony plea bargains and sentencing all felony defendants in these plea bargain matters. Handle all felony probation violations. Heard all criminal pretrial motions, excluding Penal Code section 995 and 1538.5 motions. Conduct all pretrials for criminal cases following preliminary hearings. Assigned all felony criminal cases to jury trial departments.
Jan 2005-Dec 31, 2005	Executive Judge for Southern Alameda County
	Assigned to the Hayward Hall of Justice (all cities in the jurisdiction from San Leandro to Fremont/Livermore). Supervised the felony and misdemeanor trial judges for Southern Alameda County. Responsible for approving all felony plea bargains and sentencing all felony defendants in these plea bargain matters. Handled all felony probation violations. Heard all criminal pretrial motions, excluding Penal Code section 1538.5 motions. Conducted all

pretrials for criminal cases following

preliminary hearings. Assigned all misdemeanor and felony criminal cases to jury trial departments. Assigned all preliminary hearings to hearing departments.
Assigned to the Wiley Manuel Courthouse in Oakland. Heard felony preliminary hearings and jury trials. Handled civil case management on Tuesdays and Thursdays.
Assigned to the Willey Manuel Courthouse. Misdemeanor and felony law and motions. Conducted all felony pretrials before preliminary hearings. Tuesday mornings assigned to the John George Mental Health calendar, conducting all conservatorship hearings. Fridays long cause preliminary hearings.
Assigned to the Wiley Manuel Courthouse assigned miscellaneous civil and criminal departments.
Alameda County Superior Court Criminal Committee <b>Chair 2006-2007</b>
Alameda County Superior Court Security Committee <b>Chair 2008-2019</b>
<b>Elected to Alameda County</b> <b>Superior Court Executive</b> <b>Committee</b> (Court governing body)

Jan 1,2014- March 2024	987.6 Committee (death penalty attorney funding request authorizing body)
Jan 1, 2018- Oct 2023	Chair of Court Personnel Committee (vetting of executive applicants for court hiring)
Jan 1, 2018- Jan 2023	Strategic Planning Committee
Jan 1, 2018-Dec 31, 2019	Judicial Access Committee

# STATEWIDE JUDICIAL COMMITTEES

July 26, 2019-March 2024	Special Master - Commission on Judicial Performance Appointed by Chief Justice of the California Supreme Court to serve in proceedings reviewing and hearing Statewide judicial misconduct discipline complaints
Jan 2015-June 2017	Commission on the Future of California Courts (CFCC) Fiscal/Administration of Courts Subgroup Appointed by Chief Justice of California Supreme Court to review and recommend potential changes on State Court operations
Jan 1, 2010-Dec 2013	<b>Trial Courts Presiding Judge Advisory</b> <b>Committee (TCPJAC)</b> Governing body for State trial courts. Membership consists of all Presiding Judge of the 58 Counties. Advises and addresses issues that directly relate to the operations and policy of the State trial courts.
Jan 1, 2012-Dec 2013	<b>TCPJAC Executive Committee</b> Appointed by Chief Justice of California Supreme court one of 16 Presiding Judge from throughout the State. Members review and recommend to TCPJAC actions to be taken on item of interest to the trial

	courts
July 1, 2013-Dec 2014	<b>Trial Court Budget Advisory Committee</b> ( <b>TCBAC</b> ) Appointed by Chief Justice of California Supreme Court to advise Judicial Council on the preparation, development, and implementation of the budget for the trial courts and provides input to the council on policy issues affecting trial court funding.
July 1, 2013-June 2014	<b>TCBAC Revenue and Expenditure Review Sub- Committee</b> Line-item review of revenue and expenditure request for state court budget discretionary category spending of all counties
July 1, 2013-June 2014	TCBAC Criminal Realignment Sub-Committee
March 1, 2012-July 1, 2013	<b>Trial Court Budget Working Group (TCBWG)</b> Appointed by Chief Justice of California Supreme Court to advise Judicial Council on the preparation, development and implementation of the budget for the trial courts and provides input to the council on policy issues affecting trial court funding
Aug 1, 2012-July 1, 2013	<b>TCBWG Revenue and Expenditures Sub- Committee</b> Line-item review of revenue and expenditure request for state court budget discretionary category spending of all
Jan 1, 2010-Dec 31, 2012	Bay Area Northern Coastal Regional Courts Working Group

March 1, 2012-June 2014	TCPJAC Liaison - Probate and Mental Health Advisory Committee
March 1, 2012-June 2014	TCBWG Liaison – Court Appointed Dependency Counsel Committee
Nov 14 – 16, 2012	Presiding Judge Orientation and Court Management Program – Faculty - Office of Education/CJER

# **EMPLOYMENT**

Sept 2002 – Sept 2003	First Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of California
	Served as Acting US Attorney during US Attorney's absence.
	Supervised day to day operations of US Attorney's office.
	Managed all public corruption and civil rights cases.
Feb. 1998 - Sept. 2002	Law Office of C. Don Clay
	Private practice of law: civil and criminal.
Feb 1995 - Feb 1998	Law Office of Clay & White
	Private practice of law in conjunction with the Honorable Clinton W. White, Retired Justice of California Court of
	Appeal. Practice of law with emphasis on civil litigation, sports and entertainment law, complex white collar criminal defense and appeals.

Nov. 1992 – Jan 1995

Law Offices of C. Don Clay

Private practice of law with emphasis on civil litigation, sports and entertainment law and complex white collar criminal defense.

Feb. 1989 – Oct. 1992	Law Offices of Clay, Hall & Hove
	Managing Partner of five attorney office, specializing in civil litigation, business and municipal finance, sports and entertainment law and complex white collar criminal defense.
May 1987 – Jan. 1989	Law Offices of C. Don Clay
Jan 1985 – April 1987	Law Offices of DuBois, Hove & Clay
	Partner in a six-attorney office, specializing in civil litigation, sports and entertainment law and complex white collar criminal defense.
Dec 1981 – Dec 1984	Law Offices of DuBois & Hove
	Associate attorney handling primarily civil litigation, sports and entertainment law.
<b>EDUCATION</b>	
May 1981	Juris Doctor University of California Hastings College of Law San Francisco, California

March 1978	B.S., Computer Science
	University of California at Berkeley
	Berkeley, California

# **ADMITTED TO PRACTICE**

1981	California State Supreme Court
1981	United States District Court Northern District of California
1982	Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
1985	United States District Court Eastern District of Michigan
1989	United States Supreme Court
1990	United States District Court Eastern District of California
1994	United States District Court State of Nevada
<u>COMMISSIONS</u>	
Aug. 1995 – Feb. 1996	<b>Fire Commission</b> Appointed by Mayor Frank Jordan City and County of San Francisco
Feb 1993 – Aug 1995	<b>Juvenile Probation Commission</b> Appointed by Mayor Frank Jordan City and County of San Francisco
Feb. 1994 – Aug. 1995	President
1989 – Feb. 1993	<b>Juvenile Justice Commission</b> Appointed by Presiding Judge of Juvenile Court City and County of San Francisco
1991 – Feb. 1993	President

# **BOARDS**

July 2015-Oct 2023	Alameda County Law Library Commission Appointed by the Alameda County Board of Supervisors (Governing body for County
2016 Jan 2018-Dec 31, 2019	law library) Vice President of the Board President of the Board
Jan 1, 2009-Dec 31, 2011	<b>Board of Directors</b> <b>The Olympic Club</b> First and only African American elected to Board in the 150+ years existence of the Club
2011	San Francisco, California Vice President of the Board
2000-2005	<b>Board of Regents</b> <b>Cathedral of Saint Mary of the</b> <b>Assumption San Francisco</b> (Appointed by Archbishop Laveda)
1994-2001	<b>Trustee, Executive Board</b> <b>University of California at Berkeley</b> College of Letters & Science Appointed by the Chancellor Advisory Board to Chancellor
1994 – May 2003	<b>Board of Trustees</b> Schools of the Sacred Heart San Francisco, California 1100 students Private School - Convent of the Sacred Heart High School and Elementary School for Girls and Stuart Hall High School and Elementary School for Boys
July 1999 – July 2002	Chair of the Board
May 1996 – 2003	<b>Board of Directors</b> Huckleberry Youth Foundation, Inc. San Francisco, California Service and shelter provider for runaway youth

June 1996 – 2004	Board of Trustees
	Gateway High School
	San Francisco, California
	Founding member of charter school
	First of its kind public high school that
	integrates educating children with learning
	disabilities with non-learning disabled
	children.
Jan 2000 – March 2024	<b>Board of Directors</b>
Jan 2000 – March 2024	Board of Directors Crossroads Mentoring Program
Jan 2000 – March 2024	
Jan 2000 – March 2024	<b>Crossroads Mentoring Program</b>
Jan 2000 – March 2024	<b>Crossroads Mentoring Program</b> Founding member of non-profit organization
Jan 2000 – March 2024	<b>Crossroads Mentoring Program</b> Founding member of non-profit organization setup by the Alameda County Superior
Jan 2000 – March 2024	<b>Crossroads Mentoring Program</b> Founding member of non-profit organization setup by the Alameda County Superior Courts to counsel and mentor men and
Jan 2000 – March 2024	<b>Crossroads Mentoring Program</b> Founding member of non-profit organization setup by the Alameda County Superior Courts to counsel and mentor men and women in the criminal justice system on

April 2007 – May 2010	Board of Trustees
	Network of the Schools of the Sacred
	Heart
	St. Charles, Missouri
	6-member Governing Board recommending policy and curriculum for the private schools located in 23 cities in the United States
Jan. 1992 – Dec. 1997	<b>Board of Directors</b>
	Wiley Manuel Law Foundation
	Oakland, California
Jan. 1988 – March 1996	Board of Directors
	San Francisco Shakespeare Festival
	Founding member of statewide cultural and
	education organization for the Shakespeare
	arts in schools and regional areas of
	California

Jan .1992 – Jan 1994	President of the Board
Jan. 1988 – Dec. 1990	Board of Directors Friends of the Oakland Park and Recreation
Jan. 1984 – Dec. 1987	Board of Directors Dunsmuir Historical House and Gardens
Jan. 1986 – Dec. 1987	Oakland, California <b>President of the Board</b>
ASSOCIATIONS	
<b>Bar Associations</b>	
Dec. 1981 - Sept. 2003	California State Bar Association
1981 – Jan 2023	Alameda County Bar Association

	•
1981 – Dec 2023	Charles Houston Bar Association

1982 - 1988	National Bar Association
1991 – 1998	San Francisco Bar Association
1998 – 2000	Los Angeles County Bar Association
Sept 2004 – Sept 2006	Earl Warren Inns of Court

# **Other Associations**

1996 – present	The Olympic Club San Francisco, California
2006 - 2008 2007 - 2008	Legal Committee Chair of Committee
2012, 2013	<b>Board Nominations Committee</b>

	2020- Dec 31, 2023		(Review and recommend to Board and Membership a slate of candidates selected for nominations each year to become Board of Director members) Chair of Committee – 2022 and 2023
	2012 - 2015		Special Projects Committee
	Jan 2017-Dec 31, 20 2018-2019	19	<b>Golf Tournament Committee</b> Chair of Committee
1990 -	– Dec 31, 2020	Comn	nonwealth Club of California
1975 -	– present	Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity	

STATEMENT	OF	ECONOMIC	INTERESTS
-----------	----	----------	-----------

CALIFORNIA FORM 700

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Date Initial Filing Received

**COVER PAGE** 

A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Filed Date: 01/22/2024 11:44 AM SAN: FPPC

ase type or print ir	) ink	Crutille Contraction
IE OF FILER (LAST)	(FIRST)	(MIDDLE)
NT 2255 MARIN DA - MENARASIA	C. Don	
ay Office Amongo	· an Court	
Office, Agency	And the second se	
	not use acronyms)	
Alameda Cour	nty Superior Court	Your Position
Division, Board, De	partment, District, if applicable	
		Judge
If filing for multi-	ple positions, list below or on an attachment.	(Do not use acronyms)
2		
Agency:		
Jurisdiction	of Office (Check at least one box)	X Judge, Retired Judge, Pro Tem Judge, or Court Commissioner
State		(Statewide Jurisdiction)
		County of
Multi-County _		
City of		Other
Tune of Cast	ement (Check at least one box)	
		Leaving Office: Date Left
X Annual: The	e period covered is January 1, 2023, through cember 31, 2023.	(Check one circle.)
1.5-1.1	e period covered is	through O The period covered is January 1, 2023, through the date
The	ember 31, 2023.	-05-
	ffice: Date assumed//	O The period covered is/ through
Candidate:	Date of Election and	office sought, if different than Part 1:
	Charles and the second	
. Schedule Su	ummary (required) For	tal number of pages including this cover page:3
Schedules	attached	n with the Manhoff
Schadule	A-1 - Investments - schedule attached	Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions - schedule attached
	A-2 - investments - schedule atlached	Schedule D - Income - Gifts - schedule attached
	B - Real Property - schedule attached	Schedule E - Income – Gifts – Travel Payments – schedule attached
An TI Maria	- No reportable interests on any sche	edule
-or-   None	Cardina and a state of the second	
CONTRACTOR OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIP		
5. Verification	STREET	CITY STATE ZIP CODE
. Verification	STREET Address Recommended - Public Document)	
MAILING ADDRESS (Business or Agency 1225 Fallon	Address Recommended - Public Document) St	Oakland CA 94612
MAILING ADDRESS (Business or Agency 1225 Fallon DAYTIME TELEPHO	Address Recommended - Public Document) St WE NUMBER	Oakland CA 94612
MAILING ADDRESS (Business or Agency 1225 Fallon DAYTIME TELEPHO	Address Recommended - Public Document) St WE NUMBER	Oakland CA 94612
5. Verification MAILING ADDRESS (Business or Agency 1225 Fallon DAYTIME TELEPHO (510) 891	Address Recommended - Public Document) St WE NUMBER I-6298	Crive
5. Verification MAILING ADDRESS (Business or Agency 1225 Fallon DAYTIME TELEPHO ( 510 ) 891 I have used all r berein and in at	Address Recommended - Public Document) St WE NUMBER [-6298 reasonable diligence in preparing this statemen ny attached schedules is true and complete.	Oakland CA 94612 EMAIL ADDRESS Colay@alameda.courts.ca.gov I acknowledge this is a public document.
5. Verification MAILING ADDRESS (Business or Agency 1225 Fallon DAYTIME TELEPHO ( 510 ) 891 I have used all r berein and in ar	Address Recommended - Public Document) St WE NUMBER [-6298 reasonable diligence in preparing this statemen ny attached schedules is true and complete.	Crive
5. Verification MAILING ADDRESS (Business or Agency 1225 Fallon DAYTIME TELEPHO ( 510 ) 891 I have used all r berein and in ar	Address Recommended - Public Document) St WE NUMBER [-6298 reasonable diligence in preparing this statemen ny attached schedules is true and complete.	Oakland CA 94612 EMAIL ADDRESS Coclay@alameda.courts.ca.gov I acknowledge this is a public document.

pc.ca.gov Page - 5 866-275-3772

# **SCHEDULE A-1** Investments

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Stocks, Bonds, and Other Interests (Ownership Interest is Less Than 10%)

C. Don Clay

Investments must be itemized.

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
Alphabet Inc	Bank of America
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
	Banking
Technology	FAIR MARKET VALUE
FAIR MARKET VALUE	S2.000 - \$10,000 X \$10,001 - \$100,000
□ \$2,000 - \$10,000 □ \$100,000	S100,001 - \$1,000,000
S10,000 - \$10,000 S100,001 - \$1,000,000 ○ Over \$1,000,000	
NATURE OF INVESTMENT	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
Stock Other	Stock Other
(Describe)	Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499 O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
O Income Received of toda of more income to conterna ay	
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
<u>/ 23</u> <u>/ 23</u> ACOURED DISPOSED	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	
NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
Amazon Com Inc	Ebay
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	
Retail/Technology	Retail
FAIR MARKET VALUE	FAIR MARKET VALUE
S2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	\$2,000 - \$10,000 × \$10,001 - \$100,000
x \$100,001 - \$1,000,000	S100,001 - \$1,000,000
	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
NATURE OF INVESTMENT	Shock Other
X Stock Other (Describe)	(Describe)
Received of \$0 - \$499	Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499 O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	O Income Received of soon or more (risport or borrowing a)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
	/ / 23 / / 23
	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	
► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
	Facebook Inc
Apple Inc	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENEIVIE DECONTI NOT OF A
Computers	Technology
FAIR MARKET VALUE	FAIR MARKET VALUE
	<b>\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000</b>
\$2,000 - \$10,000         \$10,001 - \$100,000           \$100,001 - \$1,000,000         X Over \$1,000,000	X \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
	I grade Other
X Stock Other (Describe)	(Describe)
Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499	Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499 O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
O income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
00	/ / 23 / / 23
<u> </u>	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	

Comments:

# **SCHEDULE A-1** Investments

Stocks, Bonds, and Other Interests (Ownership Interest is Less Than 10%)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700

C. Don Clay

Investments must be itemized.

-		41. 1.	A		<b>E</b> -analal	atotomonto
Do	not	anacn	prokerage	0I	IIIIanciai	statements.

NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
	Netflix Inc
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
	Technology
	FAIR MARKET VALUE
FAIR MARKET VALUE	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000
\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$2,000 - \$10,000         \$10,000           \$\$10,001 - \$1,000,000         Over \$1,000,000
S109,001 - \$1,000,000	
NATURE OF INVESTMENT	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
Stock Other (Describe)	Stock Other(Describe)
Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499 O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499 O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
, , 23 , , , 23	1 23 1 23
/ <u>/ 23</u> / <u>/ 23</u> ACQUIRED DISPOSED	/ <u>/ 23</u> / <u>/ 23</u> ACQUIRED DISPOSED
NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
	Pacific Premier Bancorp
Microsoft	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
Technology	Banking
FAIR MARKET VALUE	FAIR MARKET VALUE
☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000 ☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000	\$2,000 - \$10,000 × \$10,001 - \$100,000
S100,001 - \$1,000,000 X Over \$1,000,000	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000
-	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
	X Stock Other
X Stock Other (Describe)	(Describe)
Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499	Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499
O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	
<u> </u>	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
Morgan Stanley Bank	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
Banking	
FAIR MARKET VALUE	FAIR MARKET VALUE
\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	🗍 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 🗍 Over \$1,000,000
	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
NATURE OF INVESTMENT	
X Stock Other (Describe)	(Describe)
Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499	Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499
O income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
	/ / 23 / / 23
ACOURED DISPOSED	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	

Comments:



# POLICE COMMISSION

The below listed summary of seats, term expirations and membership information shall serve as notice of **vacancies, upcoming term expirations** and information on currently held seats, appointed by the Board of Supervisors. Appointments by other bodies are listed, if available. Seat numbers listed in **bold** are open for immediate appointment. However, you are able to submit applications for all seats and your application will be maintained for one year, in the event that an unexpected vacancy or opening occurs.

Seat #	Appointing Authority	Seat Holder	Term Ending	Qualification
1	BOS	Cindy Elias	4/30/27	Must be nominated by the Board
2	BOS	Kevin Michael Benedicto	4/30/26	of Supervisors' Rules Committee and subject to confirmation by the
3	BOS	Jesus Gabriel Yanez	4/30/25	Board of Supervisors, for a four- year term.
4	Mayor	James Byrne	4/30/24	Must be nominated by the Mayor
5	Mayor	Debra Walker	4/30/24	with at least one member shall be
6	Mayor	Larry Yee	4/30/26	a retired judge or an attorney with trial experience, for a four-year
7	Mayor	Max Carter- Oberstone	4/30/26	term.

## Membership and Seat Qualifications

## **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS (BOS) APPLICATION FORMS AVAILABLE HERE**

- English https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy\_application.pdf
- <u>中文 https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy\_application\_CHI.pdf</u>
- Español https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy\_application\_SPA.pdf
- Filipino https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy\_application\_FIL.pdf

# (For seats appointed by other Authorities please contact the Board / Commission / Committee / Task Force (see below) or the appointing authority directly.)

Pursuant to Board of Supervisors Rules of Order 2.19 (Motion No. 05-92) all applicants applying for this body must complete and submit, with their application, a copy (**not original**) of Form 700, Statement of Economic Interests. Applications will not be considered if a copy of Form 700 is not received.

## FORM 700 AVAILABLE HERE (Required)

https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html

Please Note: Depending upon the posting date, a vacancy may have already been filled. To determine if a vacancy for this Commission is still available, or if you require additional information, please call the Rules Committee Clerk at (415) 554-5184.

Applications and other documents may be submitted to BOS-Appointments@sfgov.org

**Next Steps**: Applicants who meet minimum qualifications will be contacted by the Rules Committee Clerk once the Rules Committee Chair determines the date of the hearing. Members of the Rules Committee will consider the appointment(s) at the meeting and applicant(s) may be asked to state their qualifications. The appointment of the individual(s) who is recommended by the Rules Committee will be forwarded to the Board of Supervisors for final approval.

The Police Commission shall consist of seven (7) members:

- Three (3) members shall be nominated by the Rules Committee of the Board of Supervisors; and
- Four (4) members nominated by the Mayor, at least one (1) shall be a retired judge or an attorney with trial experience.

Each nomination shall be subject to confirmation by the Board of Supervisors. The Mayor's nominations shall be the subject of a public hearing and vote within 60 days. If the Board of Supervisors rejects the Mayor's nomination to fill the seat designated for a retired judge or attorney with trial experience, the Mayor shall nominate a different person with such qualifications. If the Board of Supervisors fails to act on a mayoral nomination within 60 days from the date the nomination is transmitted to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, the nominee shall be deemed confirmed.

To stagger the terms of the seven members, of the first four members nominated by the Mayor, two members shall serve two year terms and two members shall serve terms of four years; and of the three members nominated by the Rules Committee, one member shall serve a term of one year, one member shall serve a term of two years, and one member shall serve a term of three years. The Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall designate such initial terms by lot. All subsequent appointments to the commission shall be for four-year terms.

The tenure of each member shall terminate upon the expiration of the member's term. The Mayor shall transmit a nomination or re-nomination to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors no later than 60 days prior to the expiration of the term of a member nominated by the Mayor. For vacancies occurring for reasons other than the expiration of a member's term, within 60 days following the creation of such vacancy, the Mayor shall nominate a member to fill such vacancy if the vacancy is for a seat filled by nomination of the Mayor.

The District Attorney, Sheriff, and Public Defender may recommend persons to the Mayor and Board of Supervisors for nomination or appointment to the Commission.

The Mayor, with the consent of the Board, may remove a member the Mayor has nominated. The Board of Supervisors may remove a member the Rules Committee has nominated.

The Police Commission oversees the Police Department and the Office of Citizen Complaints (OCC). The OCC investigates complaints of police misconduct and neglect of duty. The Director of the OCC may verify and file disciplinary charges with the Police Commission against members of the Police Department arising out of citizen complaints that are sustained by the OCC after meeting and conferring with the Chief of Police.

Authority: Charter, Sections 4.109 and 4.127 (Proposition H, November 4, 2003)

Sunset Date: None

Contact: Stacy Youngblood Police Department 1245 3rd Street, 6th Floor San Francisco, CA 94158 (415) 837-7070 <u>stacy.a.youngblood@sfgov.org</u>

Updated: November 6, 2023



Gender Analysis San Francisco Commissions and Boards FY 2020-2021

# THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



City and County of San Francisco Department on the Status of Women



London N. Breed Mayor

Dear Honorable Mayor London N. Breed and Board of Supervisors:

Please find attached the 2021 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards Report. We are pleased to share that under Mayor Breed's leadership, representation of women, people of color, and women of color on policy bodies continues to increase. Mayoral appointments are more diverse based on gender and race compared to both supervisorial appointments and appointments in general.

Overall, policy bodies have a larger percentage of women, members of the LGBTQIA+ community, and Veterans<sup>1</sup> than the general San Francisco population. The percentage of women of color and people with disabilities appointed to policy bodies is near equal to the general population. Fiscal year 2020-2021 saw the largest increase in representation of women on policy bodies since the Department on the Status of Women started collecting data in 2009. Women of color have the highest representation of appointees to date.

Black and African American women and men are notably well-represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women are 8 percent of appointees compared to 2.4 percent of the general San Francisco population, and Black men are 4 percent of appointees compared to 2.5 percent of the general San Francisco population. Additionally, almost 1-in-4 appointees who responded to the survey question identify as a member of the LGBTQIA+ community.

Commissions that oversee the largest budgets have members of the LGBTQIA+ community, people with disabilities, and Veterans represented at higher percentages than the general population.

While San Francisco continues to make strides in diversity, there is still work to do in achieving parity of representation for Latinx and Asian groups in appointed positions overall, as well as women, people of color, and women of color on Commissions overseeing the largest budgets. The Department applauds Mayor Breed for remaining committed to diversifying policy body appointments across all diversity categories, including for positions of influence and authority.

Thank you to Department staff who worked on this report and to members of the Commission on the Status of Women for their ongoing advocacy for intersectional gender equity efforts.

Kimberly Ellis, Director of the Department on the Status of Women

VM Gli

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Veterans" refers to people who have served and/or have an immediate family member who has served in the military.

# THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# **Table of Contents**

I. Introduction	1
I. Introduction II. Findings A. Gender	2
A. Gender	2
B. Race and Ethnicity	5
C. Race and Ethnicity by Gender	8
D. LGBTQIA+ Identity	
E. Disability Status	
F. Veteran Status	
G. Policy Bodies by Budget	14
H. Comparison of Advisory Body, Commission, and Board Demographics	
I. Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees	
J. Religious Affiliations	
III. Methodology and Limitations	
IV. Conclusion	
V. Appendix	
VI. Acknowledgements	

# Table of Figures

Figure 1: Summary Data of Policy Body Demographics, 2021	2
Figure 2: 12-Year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies	2
Figure 3: Commissions and Boards with Highest Percentages of Women, 2021 Compared to 2017 and 2019	3
Figure 4: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2021 Compared to 2017 and 2019	4
Figure 5: Advisory Bodies with the Highest Percentage of Women, 2021	4
Figure 6: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies	5
Figure 7: Race and Ethnicity of Appointees Compared to San Francisco Population, 2021	6
Figure 8: Commissions and Boards with Highest Percentage of People of Color, 2021 Compared to 2019 and 2017	7
Figure 9: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2021 Compared to 2019 and 2017	7
Figure 10: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies	8
Figure 11: Appointees by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2021	9
Figure 12: San Francisco Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2019	9
Figure 13: LGBTQIA+ Identity of Appointees, 2021	
Figure 14: LGBTQIA+ Population of Appointees, 2019	
Figure 15: Disability Status of Appointees, 2021	
Figure 16: Appointees with One or More Disabilities by Gender Identity, 2021	12
Figure 17: San Francisco Adult Population with Military Service by Gender, 2019	13
Figure 18: Appointees with Military Service, 2021	13
Figure 19: Appointees with Military Service by Gender, 2021	14
Figure 20: Percent of Women, Women of Color, and People of Color on Commissions and Boa Largest and Smallest Budgets in Fiscal Year 2020-2021	
Figure 21: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Largest Budgets, 2021	15
Figure 22: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Smallest Budgets, 2021	
Figure 23: Demographics of Appointees on Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies, 2021	
Figure 24: Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees, 2021	
Figure 25: Religious Affiliations of Appointees, 2021	
Figure 26: Policy Body Demographics, 2021	23
Figure 27: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2017	

#### **Executive Summary**

In 2008, San Francisco voters approved a City Charter Amendment (section 4.101) establishing as City policy for the membership of Commissions and Boards to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population and appointing officials be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates. Additionally, it requires the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2021 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards Report (2021 Gender Analysis Report) evaluates representation of the following groups across appointments to San Francisco policy bodies:

- Women
- People of color
- LGBTQIA+ individuals
- People with disabilities
- Veterans (or people who have immediate family members that have served)
- Various religious affiliations

The report includes policy bodies such as task forces, committees, and Advisory Bodies, in addition to Commissions and Boards.

This year, data was collected from 92 policy bodies and from a total of 349 members, mostly appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors. The policy bodies surveyed for the 2021 Gender Analysis Report fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney.<sup>2</sup> The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The report examines policy bodies and appointees both comprehensively as a whole and separately by the two categories.

Several changes were made to the survey questions for the 2021 Gender Analysis Report. Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity (SOGI) categories were aligned with the latest classifications used by the Office of Transgender Initiatives. The classification of Veteran Status was also expanded to include individuals with close family members that have served in the military and armed forces. This addition to Veteran Status was adopted based on feedback from previous reports.

While the overall number of policy bodies that submitted data increased compared to 2019, the total number of individual members who participated in the survey was dramatically less than the number who participated in 2019. Due to the pandemic, data collection methods

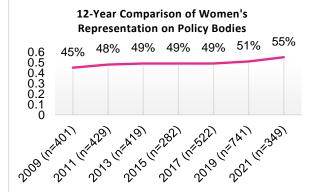
<sup>2</sup> "Sec. 3.1-103. Filing Officers." *American Legal Publishing Corporation*, https://codelibrary.amlegal.com/codes/san\_francisco/latest/sf\_campaign/0-0-0-979. were limited compared to previous years, including the ability to conduct paper surveys and in-person meetings. Reliance on online surveying significantly reduced the level of participation, despite three to five direct contact efforts with policy bodies via phone and email. Moving forward, in addition to collecting data through paper/in-person surveys, when possible, the Department on the Status of Women recommends that all policy body appointees be required to take a training on the Gender Analysis survey process, alongside the required Ethics training, to guarantee participation.

Similarly, due to census data not being collected during COVID-19, updated demographic information on the general population of San Francisco was not available for years more recent than 2019. In this report, data on the San Francisco population references data from previous years (2015-2019) populations.

## **Key Findings**

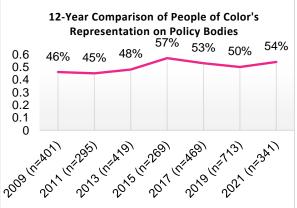
#### Gender

- Women's representation on policy bodies is 55%, above parity with the San Francisco female population of 49%.
- FY 2021 oversaw the largest increase in the representation of women on San Francisco policy bodies since 2009.



#### **Race and Ethnicity**

- The representation of people of color on policy bodies is 54%. Comparatively, in San Francisco, 62% of the population identifies with a race other than white.
- While the overall representation of people of color has increased since the 2019 report at 50%, representation has still decreased compared to 57% in 2015.
- As found in previous reports, Latinx and Asian groups are underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies as compared to the population. Latinx individuals are 15% of the population but make up only 9% of appointees. Asian individuals are 36% of the population but make up only 26% of appointees.



#### Race and Ethnicity by Gender

- On the whole, women of color are 32% of the San Francisco population and 32% of appointees. This 4% increase is the highest representation of women of color appointees to date.
- Meanwhile, men of color are underrepresented at 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.



- Both white women and men are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies.
   White women are 25% of appointees compared to 17% of the San Francisco population. White men are 21% of appointees compared to 20% of the population.
- Black and African American women and men are well-represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women are 8% of appointees compared to 2.4% of the population, and Black men are 4% of appointees compared to 2.5% of the population.
- Latinx women are 7% of the San Francisco population but 4% of appointees, and Latinx men are 7% of the population but 4% of appointees.
- Asian women are 17% of the San Francisco population but 15% of appointees, and Asian men are 15% of the population but 11% of appointees.

## Additional Demographics

- Out of the 74% of appointees who responded to the survey question on LGBTQIA+ identity, 23% identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, nonbinary, queer, or questioning, and 77% of appointees identify as straight/heterosexual.
- Out of the 70% of appointees who responded to the question on Disability Status, 12.6% identify as having one or more disabilities, which is just above parity of the 12% of the adult population with a Disability Status in San Francisco.
- Out of the 67% of appointees who responded to the question on Veteran Status, 22% have served in the military (or have an immediate family member who has served) compared to 3% of the San Francisco population (census data on military service does not include immediate family members who have served).

### Proxies for Influence: Budget and Authority

- Although women are half of all appointees, those Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets have fewer women, and especially fewer women of color. Meanwhile, representation of women on Boards and Commissions with the smallest budgets are just below parity with the San Francisco population.
- Although still underrepresented relative to the San Francisco population, there is a larger percentage of people of color on Commissions and Boards with both the largest and smallest budgets compared to overall appointees.
- The percentage of total women is greater on Advisory Bodies than Commissions and Boards. Women are 60% of appointees on Advisory Bodies and 53% of appointees on Commissions and Boards. The percentage of women of color on Advisory Bodies is also higher than on Commissions and Boards.

## Appointing Authorities

 Mayoral appointments include 60% women, 59% people of color, and 37% women of color, which is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointments and total appointments.

	Women	People of Color	Women of Color	LGBTQIA+	Disability Status	Veteran Status
San Francisco Population**	49%	62%	32%	6%-15%*	12%	2.7%
Total Appointees	55%	54%	32%	23%	13%	22%
10 Largest Budgeted Commissions and Boards	43%	44%	21%	16%	15%	20%
10 Smallest Budgeted Commissions and Boards	48%	43%	29%	17%	9%	12%
Commissions and Boards	53%	53%	30%	18%	11%	21%
Advisory Bodies	60%	53%	33%	31%	15%	20%

#### Demographics of Appointees Compared to the San Francisco Population

San Francisco population estimates come from the 2017 and 2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, SF DOSW Data Collection and Analysis Report, 2021.

\*Note: Estimates vary by source. See page 16 for a detailed breakdown.

\*\*Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, updated data is unavailable for race/ethnicity, LGBTQIA+ status, Disability Status, and Veteran Status in 2021. Therefore, the data used to represent the San Francisco population is from the 2019 Gender Analysis Report.

## I. Introduction

Inspired by the fourth U.N. World Conference on Women in Beijing, San Francisco became the first city in the world to adopt a local ordinance reflecting the principles of the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW), an international bill of rights for women. The CEDAW Ordinance was passed unanimously by the San Francisco Board of Supervisors and signed into law by Mayor Willie L. Brown, Jr. on April 13, 1998.<sup>3</sup> In 2002, the CEDAW Ordinance was revised to address the intersection of race and gender and incorporate reference to the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Race Discrimination. The Ordinance requires the City to take proactive steps to ensure gender equity and specifies "gender analysis" as a preventive tool to identify and address discrimination. Since 1998, the Department on the Status of Women has employed this tool to analyze the operations of 10 City Departments using a gender lens.

In 2007, the Department on the Status of Women conducted the first gender analysis to evaluate the number of women appointed to City Commissions and Boards. The findings of this analysis informed a City Charter Amendment developed by the Board of Supervisors for the June 2008 Election. This City Charter Amendment (section 4.101) was overwhelmingly approved by voters and made it City policy that:

- The membership of Commissions and Boards are to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population,
- Appointing officials are to be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates, and
- The Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2021 Gender Analysis Report examines the representation of women, people of color, LGBTQIA+ individuals, people with disabilities, Veterans, and religious affiliations of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. As was the case for the 2019 Gender Analysis Report, this year's analysis involved increased outreach to policy bodies as compared to previous analyses that were limited to Commissions and Boards. As a result, the data collection and analysis examine a more diverse and expansive layout of City policy bodies. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney. The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. A detailed description of methodology and limitations can be found on page 27.

<sup>3</sup> San Francisco Administrative Code Chapter 33.A.

http://library.amlegal.com/nxt/gateway.dll/California/administrative/chapter33alocalimpleme ntationoftheunited?

 $f=templates \$fn=default.htm \$3.0 \$vid=amlegal: sanfrancisco_ca\$anc=JD_Chapter 33A.$ 

# **II. Findings**

Many aspects of San Francisco's diversity are reflected in the overall population of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. The analysis includes data from 92 policy bodies, of which 788 of the 979 seats are filled, leaving 20% vacant. As outlined below in Figure 1, slightly more than half of appointees are women and people of color, 32% are women of color, 23% identify as LGBTQIA+, 13% have a disability, and 22% are Veterans.

Appointee Demographics	Percentage of Appointees
Women (n=349)	55%
People of Color (n=341)	54%
Women of Color (n=341)	32%
LGBTQIA+ Identifying (n=334)	23%
People with Disabilities (n=349)	13%
Veteran Status (n=349)	22%

## Figure 1: Summary Data of Policy Body Demographics, 2021

However, further analysis reveals underrepresentation of particular groups. Subsequent sections present comprehensive data analysis providing comparison to previous years, detailing the variables of gender, race/ethnicity, LGBTQIA+ identity, Disability Status, Veteran Status, religious affiliations, and policy body characteristics of budget size, decision-making authority, and appointment authority.

## A. Gender

On San Francisco policy bodies, 55% of appointees identify as women, which is above parity compared to the San Francisco female population of 49%. The representation of women remained stable at 49% from 2013 until 2017, with a slight increase to 51% in 2019. This increase could be partly due to the larger sample size used in the 2019 analysis compared to previous years. A 12-year comparison shows that the representation of women appointees has gradually increased since 2009 by a total of ten percentage points.



Figure 2: 12-year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies

Figures 3 and 4 analyze Commissions and Boards. Figure 3 showcases the five Commissions and Boards with the highest representation of women appointees as compared to 2017 and 2019. The Commission on the Status of Women is currently comprised of all women appointees. This finding has been consistent for the Commission on the Status of Women since 2015. The Aging and Adult Services Commission, Health Commission, and Library Commission are all at 71%, respectively.

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Commission on the Status of Women	100%	100%	100%	100%
Arts Commission	79%	100%	67%	60%
Children and Families (First 5) Commission	75%	75%	100%	100%
Aging and Adult Services Commission	71%	86%	57%	40%
Health Commission	71%	100%	43%	29%
Library Commission	71%	100%	71%	80%

Figure 3: Commissions and Boards with the Highest Percentages of Women, 2021 Compared to 2017 and 2019

Out of the Commissions and Boards in this section, 6 have 40% or less women. The Commissions and Boards with the lowest representation of women are displayed in Figure 4. The lowest percentage is found on the Board of Examiners, which has 90% of responses from the Board, but 0 members identifying as women. Unfortunately, demographic data is unavailable for the Board of Examiners for 2017, however there was 0% of female representation in 2019 as well. The Police Commission, Human Services Commission, and Access Appeals Commission all have entirely completed the demographics survey at 100%, yet still have some of the lowest percentages of women at 20%. It should be noted that policy bodies with a small number of members, such as the Residential Users Appeal Board (which currently has two members), means that minimal changes in its demographic composition greatly impacts percentages. Additionally, several policy bodies had low response rates to the demographics survey, ultimately impacting the representation for their respective policy body accordingly.

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Residential Users Appeal Board	0%	50%	0%	N/A
Board of Examiners	0%	90%	0%	N/A
Assessment Appeals Board No. 3	0%	67%	50%	N/A
Assessment Appeals Board No. 2	0%	100%	50%	N/A
Rent Board Commission	10%	60%	44%	30%
Small Business Commission	14%	43%	43%	43%
Retirement System Board	14%	57%	43%	43%
Health Service Board	14%	43%	33%	29%
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	14%	14%	50%	N/A
Treasure Island Development Authority	17%	50%	50%	43%
Public Utilities Commission	20%	60%	67%	40%
Police Commission	20%	100%	43%	29%

Figure 4: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2021 Compared to 2017 and 2019

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Human Services Commission	20%	100%	40%	20%
Access Appeals Commission	20%	100%	N/A	N/A
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	25%	75%	33%	33%
Ethics Commission	25%	25%	100%	33%

### Figure 4: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2021 Compared to 2017 and 2019, Continued

\*Commission and Boards with 70% response rates or higher are highlighted in grey.

In addition to Commissions and Boards, Advisory Bodies were examined for the highest and lowest percentages of women. This is the second year such bodies have been included, thus comparison to previous years before 2019 is unavailable. Figure 5 below displays the five Advisory Bodies with the highest representations of women. Due to a lack of survey responses from several Advisory Bodies, analysis on the five lowest representations of women is unavailable. The Office of Early Care and Education Citizens' Advisory Committee has the greatest representation of women at 67%, followed closely by the Citizen's Committee on Community Development at 63%.

5 5 5	0		
Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	2019 Percent
Office of Early Care and Education Citizens' Advisory Committee	67%	78%	89%
Citizens' Committee on Community Development	63%	63%	75%
Ballot Simplification Committee	50%	75%	75%
Immigrant Rights Commission	43%	57%	54%
Municipal Green Building Task Force	43%	67%	50%

#### Figure 5: Advisory Bodies with the Highest Percentage of Women, 2021

## B. Race and Ethnicity

Data on racial and ethnic identity was collected from 341 participants, or 98% of the surveyed appointees. Although half of appointees identify as a race or ethnicity other than white or Caucasian, people of color are still underrepresented compared to the San Francisco population of 62%. The representation of people of color has increased since 2009 but has decreased following 2015. The number of appointees analyzed increased substantially in 2017 and 2019, as compared to 2015. These larger data samples have coincided with smaller percentages of people of color.

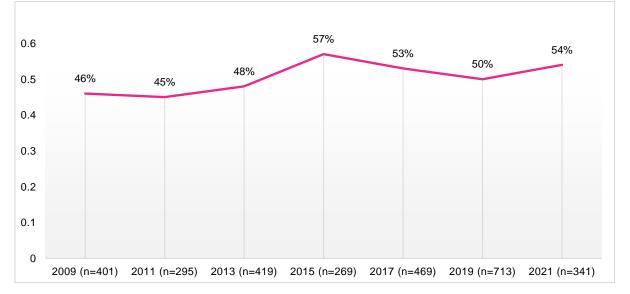


Figure 6: 12-year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies

The racial and ethnic breakdown of policy body members compared to the San Francisco population is shown in Figure 7. This analysis reveals underrepresentation and overrepresentation in San Francisco policy bodies for certain racial and ethnic groups. Nearly half of all appointees are white, an overrepresentation by 6 percentage points. The Black community is represented on appointed policy bodies at 11% compared to 6% of the population of San Francisco.<sup>4</sup> This is a decrease of representation compared to the 14% representation in 2019. Characterizing these as overrepresentations is inaccurate given the representation of Black or African American people on policy bodies has been consistent over the years, while the San Francisco population has declined over the same period.<sup>5</sup>

https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/US/PST045218.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> US Census Bureau, 2018, Retrieved from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Samir Gambhir and Stephen Menendian, "Racial Segregation in the Bay Area, Part 2," Haas Institute for a Fair and Inclusive Society (2018).

Considerably underrepresented racial and ethnic groups on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population are individuals who identify as Asian or Latinx. While the Asian population is 36% of the San Francisco population, they make up 26% of appointees. While the Latinx population of San Francisco is 15%, 9% of appointees are Latinx. Although there is a small population of Native Americans and Alaska Natives in San Francisco of 0.4%, only one (0.3%) surveyed appointee identified themselves as such. The San Francisco population of Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders is 0.3%, which slightly less than the 0.6% of identifying appointees.



Figure 7: Race and Ethnicity of Appointees Compared to San Francisco Population, 2021

Note: Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, updated data is unavailable for race/ethnicity in 2021. Therefore, the data used to represent the San Francisco population is from the 2019 Gender Analysis Report.

The next two figures illustrate Commissions and Boards with the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. As shown in Figure 8, the Commission on the Status of Women holds the highest representation of people of color at 86%, with a 100% response rate. Both the Health Commission and Juvenile Probation Commission have decreased their percentages of people of color since 2019 and 2017.

Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Commission on the Status of Women	86%	100%	71%	71%
Police Commission	80%	100%	71%	71%
Arts Commission	71%	100%	60%	53%
Health Commission	71%	100%	86%	86%
Library Commission	71%	100%	57%	60%
Juvenile Probation Commission	67%	83%	100%	86%
Board of Appeals	60%	100%	40%	40%
Fire Commission	60%	100%	40%	60%
Human Services Commission	60%	100%	40%	60%
Asian Art Commission	54%	81%	59%	59%
Assessment Appeals Board No.2	50%	100%	63%	N/A
Children and Families (First 5) Commission	50%	75%	75%	63%

Figure 8: Commission and Boards with Highest Percentage of People of Color, 2021 Compared to 2019 and 2017

There are 28 Commissions and Boards that have 40% or less appointees who identified a racial and ethnic category other than white. None of the current appointees of the Access Appeals Commission identified as people of color. Additionally, the Historic Preservation Commission remains at 14% representation since 2019. The Citizens General Obligation Bond Oversight Committee and Assessment Appeals Board No.1 are both at 17% representation for people of color. Lastly, the Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board had a large drop in representation of people of color going from 67% in 2019 to 25% this year.

Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate*	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Residential Users Appeal Board	0%	50%	50%	N/A
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	0%	14%	75%	N/A
Building Inspection Commission	0%	50%	14%	14%
Access Appeals Commission	0%	100%	N/A	N/A
Small Business Commission	14%	43%	43%	50%
Historic Preservation Commission	14%	71%	14%	17%
Health Service Board	14%	43%	50%	29%
Citizens General Obligation Bond Oversight Committee	17%	100%	N/A	N/A
Assessment Appeals Board No.1	17%	100%	20%	N/A
War Memorial Board of Trustees	18%	45%	18%	18%
Public Utilities Commission	20%	60%	0%	33%
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	25%	75%	67%	67%

Figure 9: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2021 Compared to 2019 and 2017

#### Figure 9: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2021 Compared to 2019 and 2017, Continued

Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate*	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Ethics Commission	25%	25%	50%	67%
Retirement System Board	29%	57%	29%	29%
Recreation and Park Commission	29%	43%	43%	43%
Rent Board Commission	30%	60%	33%	50%

Commission and Boards with 70% response rates or higher are highlighted in grey.

#### C. Race and Ethnicity by Gender

Both white men and women are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies, while Asian and Latinx men and women are underrepresented. The representation of women of color at 32% is equal to the San Francisco population of 32%, which is a notable increase compared to the 2019 percentage of 28%. Meanwhile, men of color are 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.

0.35 32% 31% 28% 0.3 27% 27% 24% 24% 0.25 0.2 0.15 0.1 0.05 ٥ 2009 (n=401) 2011 (n=295) 2013 (n=419) 2015 (n=269) 2017 (n=469) 2019 (n=713) 2021 (n=341)

Figure 10: 12-Year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies

The following figures present the breakdown for appointees and the San Francisco population by race, ethnicity, and gender. Both white men and women are overrepresented, holding 24% and 20% of appointments, respectively, compared to 20% and 17% of the population. Asian men and women are slightly underrepresented with Asian women making up 15% of appointees compared to 17% of the population, while Asian men comprise 11% of appointees and 15% of the population. Latinx men and women are also slightly underrepresented, with Latinx men and women comprising 4% of appointees each and 7% of the population each. Black men and women are well-represented with Black women comprising 8% of appointees, compared to 2.4% of the general San Francisco population, and Black men comprising 4% of appointees,

compared to 2.5% of the general San Francisco population. Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander men and women, and multiracial women are below parity with the population. Similarly, although Native American and Alaska Native men and women make up only 0.4% of San Francisco's population, only one (0.3%) of the surveyed appointees identified as such.

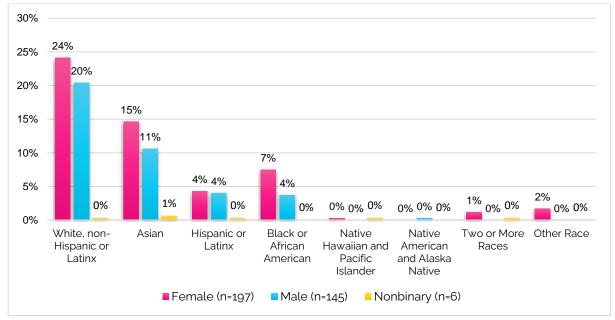


Figure 11: Appointees by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2021



Figure 12: San Francisco Population by Race/Ethnicity

# D. LGBTQIA+ Identity

LGBTQIA+ identity data was collected from 334 participants, or 96% of the surveyed appointees. This is a notable increase in data on LGBTQIA+ identity compared to previous reports. Due to limited and outdated information on the population of the LGBTQIA+ community in San Francisco, it is difficult to adequately assess the representation of the LGBTQIA+ community. However, compared to available San Francisco, greater Bay Area, and national data, the LGBTQIA+ community is well represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Recent research estimates the California LGBTQIA+ population is 5.3%<sup>6</sup>. The LGBTQIA+ population of the San Francisco and greater Bay Area is estimated to rank the highest of U.S. cities at 6.2%,<sup>7</sup> while a 2006 survey found that 15.4% of adults in San Francisco identify as LGBTQIA+<sup>8</sup>.

Of the appointees who responded to this question, 23% identify as LGBTQIA+ and 77% identify as straight or heterosexual. Of the LGBTQIA+ appointees, 56% identify as gay/lesbian, 20% as bisexual, 9% as queer, 9% as transgender, 2% as questioning, and 4% as other LGBTQIA+ identities. Data on LGBTQIA+ identity by race was not captured. Efforts to capture data on LGBTQIA+ identity by race for future reports would enable more intersectional analysis.



#### Figure 13: LGBTQIA+ Identity of Appointees, 2021

<sup>6</sup> https://williamsinstitute.law.ucla.edu/publications/adult-lgbt-pop-us/

igbtpercentage.aspx?utm\_source=Sociat%20issues&utm\_medium=newsfeed&utm\_campaign=til es.

<sup>8</sup> Gary J. Gates, "Same Sex Couples and the Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual Population: New Estimates from the American Community Survey," The Williams Institute on Sexual Orientation Law and Public Policy, UCLA School of Law (2006).

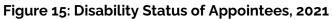
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Gary J. Gates and Frank Newport, "San Francisco Metro Area Ranks Highest in LBGT Percentage," GALLUP (March 20, 2015) https://news.gallup.com/poll/182051/san-francisco-metro-arearanks-highestlgbtpercentage.aspx?utm\_source=Social%20Issues&utm\_medium=newsfeed&utm\_campaign=til



#### Figure 14: LGBTQIA+ Population of Appointees, 2021

# E. Disability Status

Overall, more than one in twenty adults in San Francisco live with one or more disabilities. Data on Disability Status was obtained from nearly 100% of the appointees who participated in the survey. 12.6% of participating appointees reported to have one or more disabilities. Of these appointees with one or more disabilities, 56% are women, 30% are men, 2% are trans women, 5% are trans men, and 7% are nonbinary individuals.



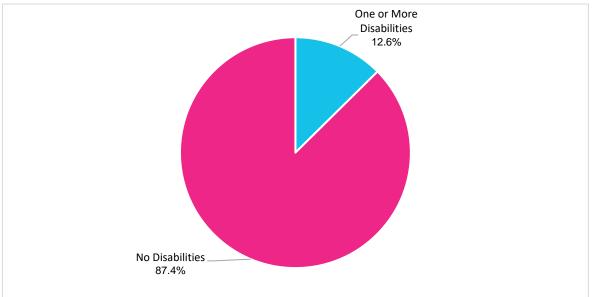




Figure 16: Appointees with One or More Disabilities by Gender Identity, 2021

#### F. Veteran Status

Overall, 2.7% of the adult population in San Francisco have served in the military. Data on Veteran status was obtained from 334 appointees who participated in the survey. Of the 334 appointees who responded to this question, 22% served in the military. Men comprise 47.2% and women make up 51.4% of the total number of Veteran appointees. Of participating appointees, 1.4% are nonbinary individuals. Veteran status data on transgender and gender-nonconforming individuals in San Francisco is currently unavailable. The vast increase of appointees with military service compared to 2019's 7.1% of appointees is likely due to the change in wording in the 2021 Gender Analysis Report from previous years, which defines an appointee with Veteran status as someone with a spouse or direct family member who has served, as opposed to only oneself or their spouse. This change was implemented based on feedback from prior reports. Future analyses may want to ask separate questions regarding one's personal experience with military service and one's familial ties to military service, in order to distinguish the most accurate and aggregated data results.

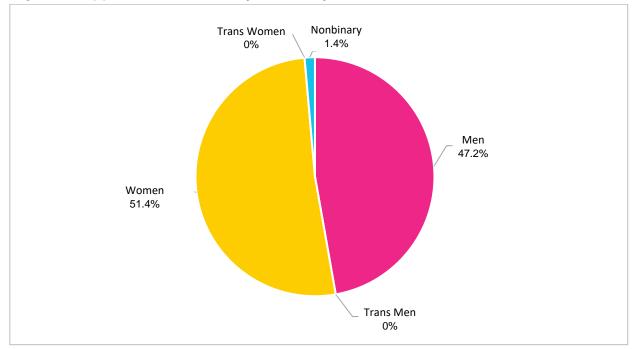


Figure 17: San Francisco Adult Population with Military Service by Gender\*

\*This graph is from the 2019 Gender Analysis Report. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, updated data on the gendered population of Veterans in San Francisco is unavailable. This graph fails to identify nonbinary individuals with military experience. However, this graph highlights the gender disparity amongst male and female Veterans, with only 0.2% identifying as women.



Figure 18: Appointees with Military Service, 2021



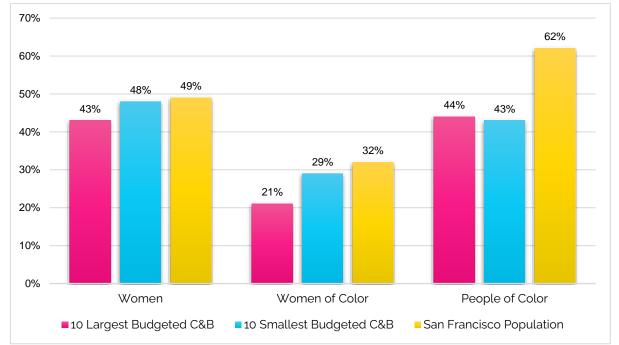
#### Figure 19: Appointees with Military Service by Gender, 2021

## G. Policy Bodies by Budget

This 2021 Gender Analysis Report examines the demographic representativeness of policy bodies by budget size. Budget size is used as a proxy for influence. Although this report has expanded the scope of analysis to include more policy bodies compared to previous reports, this section of analysis was limited to Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members file financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission.

Overall, appointees from the 10 **largest** budgeted Commissions and Boards are 44% people of color, 43% women, and 21% women of color. Appointees from the 10 **smallest** budgeted Commissions and Boards are 43% people of color, 48% women, and 29% women of color.

Representation for women, women of color, and overall people of color is below parity with the population on both the 10 smallest and 10 largest budgeted bodies. The representation of women and women of color is greater on smaller budgeted policy bodies by 5% and 8%, respectively. The representation of people of color is 1% higher on Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets.



# Figure 20: Percent of Women, Women of Color, and People of Color on Commissions and Boards with Largest and Smallest Budgets in Fiscal Year 2020-2021

## Figure 21: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Largest Budgets, 2021

					•	•	
Policy Body	FY20-21 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	Response Rate	Women	Women of Color	People of Color
Health Commission	\$2.7B	7	7	100%	71%	43%	71%
Public Utilities Commission	\$1.43B	5	5	60%	20%	20%	20%
Airport Commission	\$1.37B	5	5	100%	40%	0%	40%
MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission	\$1.26B	7	6	50%	33%	33%	50%
Human Services Commission	\$604M	5	5	100%	20%	0%	60%
Aging and Adult Services Commission	\$435M	7	7	86%	71%	29%	43%
Fire Commission	\$414M	5	5	100%	40%	20%	60%
Library Commission	\$341B	7	7	100%	71%	43%	71%
Recreation and Park Commission	\$231.6M	7	7	43%	29%	14%	29%
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	\$171.5M	11	7	14%	14%	0%	0%
Total	\$8.9B	66	61	74%	58%	29%	60%

Policy Body	FY20-21 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	Response Rate	Women	Women of Color	People of Color
Commission on the Status of Women	\$9M	7	7	100%	100%	86%	86%
Ethics Commission	\$6.5M	5	4	25%	25%	25%	25%
Small Business Commission	\$3.5M	7	7	43%	14%	0%	14%
Film Commission	\$1.5M	11	11	100%	45%	27%	45%
Civil Service Commission	\$1.3M	5	5	100%	60%	20%	40%
Entertainment Commission	\$1.2M	7	7	100%	29%	14%	43%
Board of Appeals	\$1.2M	5	5	100%	40%	20%	60%
Assessment Appeals Board No.1	\$701,348	8	6	100%	50%	0%	17%
Local Agency Formation Commission	\$427,685	7	4	50%	50%	50%	50%
Sunshine Ordinance Task Force	\$172,373	11	9	89%	56%	44%	44%
Total	\$25.5M	73	65	86%	56%	35%	<b>51%</b>

Figure 22: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Smallest Budgets, 2021

## H. Comparison of Advisory Body and Commission and Board Demographics

The comparison of the two policy body categories in this section provides another proxy for influence. Commissions and Boards whose members file disclosures of economic interest have greater decision-making authority in San Francisco than Advisory Bodies whose members do not file economic interest disclosures. The percentages of total women, LGBTQIA+ people, people with disabilities, and women of color are larger for total appointees on Advisory Bodies. However, the percentages of Veterans on Commissions and Boards slightly exceeds the percentage on Advisory Bodies, and both Commissions and Boards and Advisory Bodies have 53% people of color.



Figure 23: Demographics of Appointees on Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies, 2021

#### I. Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees

Figure 24 compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color for appointments made by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointments are more diverse, and consist of more women, women of color, and people of color compared to Supervisorial appointments. Mayoral appointments include 60% women, 37% women of color, and 59% people of color, while Supervisorial appointments are 56% women, 36% women of color, and 58% people of color. The total of all approving authorities combined average out at 55% women, 32% women of color, and 54% people of color. This disparity in diversity between Mayoral and Supervisorial appointments may be due in part to the appointment selection process for each authority. The 11-member Board of Supervisors only sees applicants for specific bodies through the 3- member Rules Committee or by designees, stipulated in legislation (e.g., "renter," "landlord," "consumer advocate"), whereas the Mayor typically has the ability to take total appointments into account during selections, and can therefore better address gaps in diversity.

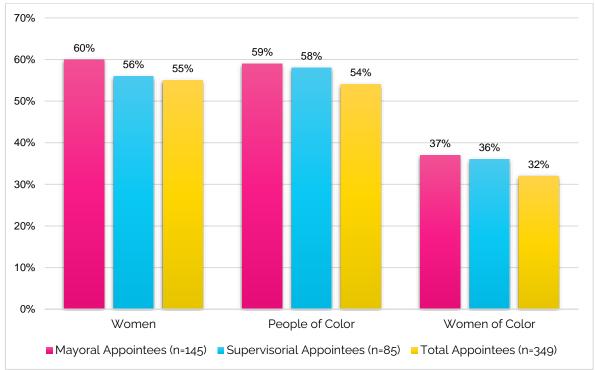
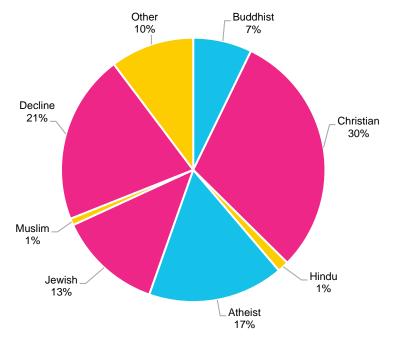


Figure 24: Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees, 2021

# J. Religious Affiliations

The 2021 Gender Analysis Report collected data on religious affiliations to fully examine the demographics and representation of appointees. This is the first-year religious affiliations have been examined. Figure 25 illustrates the religious demographics of appointees, with the largest number of appointees identifying as Christian (30%), and the smallest number of appointees identifying as Hindu (1%) or Muslim (1%).



# Figure 25: Religious Affiliations of Appointees, 2021

# III. Methodology and Limitations

This report focuses on City and County of San Francisco Commissions, Boards, task forces, councils, and committees that have the majority of members appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and have jurisdiction limited to the City. The 2021 Gender Analysis Report reflects data from the policy bodies that provided information to the Department on the Status of Women through digital survey. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the normal outreach method of paper surveys and in-person meetings was unavailable, ultimately leaving all survey outreach and correspondence to be conducted online. Unfortunately, obtaining the data strictly online had a significant negative impact on participation rates. Following initial email outreach, policy bodies were contacted three to five times via email and phone, including two emails to Department Heads from Department on the Status of Women Director, Kimberly Ellis. All possible measures were taken to obtain accurate and complete data. While participation rates are lower than the 2019 Gender Analysis Report, this report features the most diverse individual responses, as well as participation of the largest number of Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies to date.

Data was requested from 109 policy bodies and acquired from 92 of those bodies, a total of 349 appointees. Comparatively, the 2019 Gender Analysis Report received data from 84 policy bodies (380 Commission and Boards and 389 Advisory Bodies), a total of 741 total appointees. A Commissioner or Board member's gender identity, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, Disability Status, Veteran Status, or religious affiliations were among data elements collected on a *voluntary* basis. Therefore, responses were incomplete or unavailable for some appointees but are included to the extent possible.

As the fundamental objective of this report is to surface patterns of underrepresentation, every attempt has been made to reflect accurate and complete information in this report. Data for some policy bodies was incomplete, and all appointees who responded were included in the total demographic categories. Only policy bodies with full data on gender and race for all appointees were included in sections comparing demographics of individual bodies. It should be noted that for policy bodies with a small number of members, the change of a single individual greatly impacts the percentages of demographic categories. This should be kept in mind when interpreting these percentages.

Several changes were made to the survey questions since the 2019 Gender Analysis Report with the goal of distinguishing all possible areas of underrepresentation. In addition to updating SOGI (sexual orientation and gender identity) categories to align with the latest classifications used by the Office of Transgender Initiatives, the 2021 Gender Analysis Report expanded its classification of Veteran Status to include individuals with close family members that have served, as opposed to only oneself or their spouse. This addition to Veteran Status was adopted based on feedback from previous reports.

As acquiring data was the biggest limitation of this report, ensuring participation from all policy bodies could significantly improve or further efforts to address underrepresentation. Some methods of guaranteeing participation include surveying all appointees during their initial onboarding training with the City, as well as relying on paper/in-person survey outreach for future reports.

The surveyed policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney document entitled List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute.<sup>9</sup> This document separates San Francisco policy bodies into two different categories. The first category includes Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. The second category encompasses Advisory Bodies whose members do not submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. Depending on the analysis criteria in each section of this report, the surveyed policy bodies and appointees are either examined comprehensively as a whole or examined separately in the two categories designated by the Office of the City Attorney.

Data from the U.S. Census American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates provides a comparison to the San Francisco population. Due to census data not being collected during COVID-19, updated demographic information on the general population of San Francisco was not available for years more recent than 2019. Comparisons of 2021 demographic data to data on the San Francisco population reference population data from previous years (2015-2019) and will be noted as such. Figures 26 and 27 in the Appendix display these population estimates by race/ethnicity and gender.

<sup>&</sup>quot;List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wpcontent/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf, (August 25, 2017).

Since the first Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards in 2007, the representation of women appointees on San Francisco policy bodies has gradually increased. The 2021 Gender Analysis Report finds the percentage of women appointees is 55%, which exceeds the population of women in San Francisco.

When appointee demographics are analyzed by gender and race, the representation of women of color has increased to 32%, which is 4% higher than 2019 representation, matching the San Francisco population. Most notably, underrepresented are individuals identifying as Asian, making up 36% of the San Francisco population but only 26% of appointees, and Latinx-identifying individuals who make up 15% of the population but only 9% of appointees. Additionally, men of color are underrepresented at 21% of appointees relative to their San Francisco population, 31%.

Furthermore, when analyzing the demographic composition of larger and smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards, women of color are underrepresented on Commission and Boards with both the largest and smallest budgets. Women comprise 43% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies compared to the population of 49%, and women of color comprise 21% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, with the San Francisco population at 32%. Comparatively, women are 48% of total appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies, and women of color are 29% of appointees. However, the representation of people of color is higher on larger budgeted policy bodies by 1%. People of color make up 44% of appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies and 43% of appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies compared to 54% of total appointees. The San Francisco population of people of color exceeds these percentages at 62%.

In addition to using budget size as a proxy for influence, this report analyzed demographic characteristics of appointees on Commissions and Boards who file disclosures of economic interest and have decision-making authority and appointees on Advisory Bodies who do not file economic interest disclosures. Over half (60%) of appointees on Advisory Bodies are women, while 53% of appointees on Commissions and Boards are women. Ultimately, women comprise a higher percentage of appointees on Advisory Bodies compared to Commissions and Boards.

The 2021 Gender Analysis Report found a relatively high representation of LGBTQIA+ individuals on San Francisco policy bodies. For the appointees that provided LGBTQIA+ identity information, 23% identify as LGBTQIA+ with the largest subset identifying as gay or lesbian (56%), 16% of appointees from the largest budgeted policy bodies identify as LGBTQIA+, and 17% from the smallest budgeted bodies. However, there is a significant difference of LGBTQIA+ representation when comparing Commissions and Boards (18%) and Advisory Bodies (31%). The representation of appointees with disabilities is 13%, slightly exceeding the 12% population. Veterans are highly represented on San Francisco policy bodies at 22% compared to the Veteran population of 2.7%, which could be due to differences in each source's classification of Veteran Status.

Additionally, this report evaluates and compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color appointees by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of

all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointees include 60% women, 37% women of color, and 59% people of color, which overall is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointees and total appointees.

This report is intended to advise the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and other appointing authorities, as they select appointments to policy bodies for the City and County of San Francisco. In the spirit of the 2008 City Charter Amendment that establishes this biennial Gender Analysis Report requirement and the importance of diversity on San Francisco policy bodies, efforts to address gaps in diversity and inclusion should remain at the forefront when making appointments, in order to accurately reflect the population of San Francisco.

The San Francisco Department on the Status of Women would like to thank the various Policy Body members, Commission secretaries, and Department staff who graciously assisted in collecting demographic data and providing information about their respective policy bodies, particularly Department Interns Charly De Nocker and Brooklynn McPherson for the data collection and analysis of this report.

#### San Francisco Commission on the Status of Women

President Breanna Zwart Vice President Dr. Shokooh Miry Commissioner Sophia Andary Commissioner Sharon Chung Commissioner Dr. Anne Moses Commissioner Dr. Raveena Rihal Commissioner Ani Rivera

Kimberly Ellis, Director Department on the Status of Women

This report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, <u>https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports</u>.

City and County of San Francisco Department on the Status of Women 25 Van Ness Avenue, Suite 240 San Francisco, California 94102 sfgov.org/dosw dosw@sfgov.org 415.252.2570

# Appendix

Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Access Appeals Commission	5	5	\$0	20%	0%	0%	100%
Advisory Committee of Street Artists and Craft Examiners	5	5	\$0	20%	20%	20%	20%
African American Reparations Committee	15	15	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Aging and Adult Services Commission	7	7	\$ 435,011,663	71%	29%	43%	86%
Airport Commission	5	5	\$ 1,370,000,000	40%	0%	40%	100%
Animal Control and Welfare Commission	7	7	\$0	29%	14%	29%	43%
Arts Commission	15	14	\$ 23,762,015	79%	57%	71%	100%
Asian Art Commission	27	26	\$ 10,200,000	50%	35%	54%	81%
Assessment Appeals Board No.1	8	6	\$ -	50%	0%	17%	100%
Assessment Appeals Board No.2	8	4	\$ -	0%	0%	50%	100%
Assessment Appeals Board No.3	8	3	\$ -	0%	0%	33%	67%
Ballot Simplification Committee	5	4	\$0	50%	0%	0%	75%
Bayview Hunters Point Citizens Advisory Committee	12	8	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Board of Appeals	5	5	\$ 1,177,452	40%	20%	60%	100%
Board Of Examiners	13	10	\$0	0%	0%	40%	90%
Building Inspection Commission	7	6	\$ 89,600,000	33%	0%	0%	50%
Cannabis Oversight Committee	16	16	\$0	19%	31%	38%	25%

# Figure 26: Policy Body Demographics, 2021

	Boays	ennegi	apriles, 2021, 0	ontinucu			
Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Central Subway Community Advisory Group	21	14	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Children and Families Commission (First 5)	9	8	\$ 31,019,003	75%	50%	50%	75%
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	11	7	\$ 171,481,507	14%	0%	0%	14%
Citizen's Advisory Committee for the Central Market Street and Tenderloin Area	9	8	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Citizen's Committee on Community Development	9	8	\$ 27,755,465	63%	50%	50%	63%
Citizens General Obligation Bond Oversight Committee	9	6	\$0	50%	0%	17%	100%
City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission	5	5	\$0	0%	0%	0%	20%
Civil Service Commission	5	5	\$ 1,286,033	60%	20%	40%	100%
Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure	7	6	\$0	17%	17%	33%	50%
Commission on the Aging Advisory Council	22	14	\$0	21%	0%	0%	21%
Commission on the Environment	7	7	\$0	57%	29%	43%	86%
Commission on the Status of Women	7	7	\$ 9,089,928	100%	86%	86%	100%
Committee on Information Technology	17	17	\$ 22,934,703	12%	0%	6%	18%

Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Elections Commission	7	5	\$ 69,000	60%	20%	40%	100%
Entertainment Commission	7	7	\$0	29%	14%	43%	100%
Ethics Commission	5	4	\$ 6,500,000	25%	25%	25%	25%
Film Commission	11	11	\$0	45%	27%	45%	100%
Fire Commission	5	5	\$ 414,360,096	40%	20%	60%	100%
Health Commission	7	7	\$ 2,700,000,000	71%	43%	71%	100%
Health Service Board	7	7	\$ 16,500,000	14%	14%	14%	43%
Historic Preservation Commission	7	7	\$0	29%	14%	14%	71%
Historic Preservation Fund Committee	7	7	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Housing Authority Commission	7	5	\$ 55,800,000	20%	20%	20%	20%
Human Rights Commission	11	9	\$ 13,618,732	0%	0%	0%	0%
Human Services Commission	5	5	\$ 604,412,630	20%	0%	60%	100%
Immigrant Rights Commission	15	14	\$0	43%	36%	50%	57%
Juvenile Probation Commission	7	6	\$0	50%	33%	67%	83%
Library Commission	7	7	\$ 341,000,000	71%	43%	71%	100%
Local Agency Formation Commission	7	4	\$ 427,685	50%	50%	50%	50%
Local Homeless Coordinating Board	9	7	\$ 54,000,000	0%	0%	0%	0%
Long Term Care Coordinating Council	40	35	\$0	9%	3%	6%	14%
Mental Health Board	17	9	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission	7	6	\$ 1,258,700,000	33%	33%	50%	50%

Figure 26: Policy Body Demographics, 2021, Continued

Figure 26: Polic	y Body	Demographics,	2021, Continued
	, ,		,

<b>J 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	,	<b>J</b>					
Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Municipal Green Building Task Force	21	21	\$0	43%	24%	29%	67%
Municipal Transportation Agency Citizens' Advisory Council	15	13	\$0	15%	8%	8%	15%
Office of Early Care and Education Citizens' Advisory Committee	9	9	\$0	67%	33%	44%	78%
Paratransit Coordinating Council	40	25	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Park, Recreation, and Open Space Advisory Committee	23	19	\$0	26%	11%	11%	53%
Planning Commission	7	7	\$ 62,194,821	57%	29%	43%	71%
Police Commission	7	5	\$0	20%	20%	80%	100%
Port Commission	5	5	\$ 125,700,000	60%	40%	40%	60%
Public Utilities Citizen's Advisory Committee	17	14	\$0	21%	0%	14%	43%
Public Utilities Commission	5	5	\$ 1,433,954,907	20%	20%	20%	60%
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	7	4	\$0	25%	0%	25%	75%
Recreation and Park Commission	7	7	\$ 231,600,000	29%	14%	29%	43%
Reentry Council	7	5	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Rent Board Commission	10	10	\$ 9,381,302	10%	0%	30%	60%
Residential Users Appeal Board	3	2	\$ 900	0%	0%	0%	50%
Retire Health Care Trust Fund Board	5	5	\$ 70,000	0%	0%	0%	0%
Retirement System Board	7	7	\$ 90,000,000	14%	14%	29%	57%
Small Business Commission	7	7	\$ 3,505,244	14%	0%	14%	43%
SoMa Community Planning Advisory Committee	11	7	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%

Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
SoMa Community Stabilization Fund Community Advisory Committee	14	10	\$0	0%	0%	10%	10%
Southeast Community Facility Commission	7	7	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Sunshine Ordinance Task Force	11	9	\$0	56%	44%	44%	89%
Sweatfree Procurement Advisory Group	11	6	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Transgender Advisory Committee	14	14	\$0	0%	0%	21%	36%
Treasure Island Development Authority	7	6	\$0	17%	17%	33%	50%
Urban Forestry Council	15	14	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Veterans Affairs Commission	17	16	\$ 150,000	0%	0%	0%	0%
War Memorial Board of Trustees	11	11	\$ 18,500,000	27%	18%	18%	45%
Workforce Investment Board	30	27	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Youth Commission	17	17	\$0	41%	35%	71%	88%

Figure 26: Policy Body Demographics, 2021, Continued

\*Policy Bodies in bold are Commission and Boards, while unbolded bodies are Advisory Bodies.

Race/Ethnicity	Total		Female		Male	
	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent
San Francisco County, California	864,263	-	423,630	49%	440,633	51%
White, non-Hispanic or Latino	353,000	38%	161,381	17%	191,619	20%
Asian	295,347	31%	158,762	17%	136,585	15%
Hispanic or Latinx	131,949	14%	62,646	7%	69,303	7%
Some Other Race	64,800	7%	30,174	3%	34,626	4%
Black or African American	45,654	5%	22,311	2.4%	23,343	2.5%
Two or More Races	43,664	5%	21,110	2.2%	22,554	2.4%
Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander	3,226	0.3%	1,576	0.2%	1,650	0.2%
Native American and Alaska Native	3,306	0.4%	1,589	0.2%	1,717	0.2%

## Figure 27: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2017\*

San Francisco Population estimates come from the 2017 and 2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. \*Due to unavailable updated data on San Francisco population, the data used to represent the San Francisco population is from the 2019 Gender Analysis Report.



City and County of San Francisco Department on the Status of Women



London N. Breed Mayor

# Acknowledgments

The San Francisco Department on the Status of Women would like to thank the various policy body members, commission secretaries, and city staff who graciously assisted in collecting demographic data and providing information about their respective policy bodies. In particular, the Department would like to thank interns Charly De Nocker and Brooklynn McPherson for the data collection and analysis of this report.

#### San Francisco Commission on the Status of Women

President Breanna Zwart Vice President Dr. Shokooh Miry Commissioner Sophia Andary Commissioner Sharon Chung Commissioner Dr. Anne Moses Commissioner Dr. Raveena Rihal Commissioner Ani Rivera

Kimberly Ellis, Director Department on the Status of Women

This report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, <u>https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports</u>.

City and County of San Francisco Department on the Status of Women 25 Van Ness Avenue, Suite 240 San Francisco, California 94102 sfgov.org/dosw dosw@sfgov.org 415.252.2570