FILE NO. 250702

ORDINANCE NO.

1	[Building Code ·	- All-Electric Major Renovations]
2		
3	Ordinance ame	ending the Building Code to require buildings undergoing major
4	renovations to	remain or convert to All-Electric Buildings with exceptions for physical
5	and technical i	nfeasibility, commercial food establishments, non-residential-to-
6	residential con	versions, buildings with recent major system replacements, and 100%
7	Affordable Hou	using; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the
8	California Envi	ronmental Quality Act; and directing the Clerk of the Board of
9	Supervisors to	forward this Ordinance to the California Building Standards
10	Commission u	pon final passage.
11	NOTE:	Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.
12		Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> . Deletions to Codes are in <u>strikethrough italics Times New Roman font</u> .
13		Board amendment additions are in <u>double-underlined Arial font</u> . Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.
14		Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.
15		
16	Be it orda	ained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
17		
18	Section 1	I. General Findings.
19	(a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this	
20	ordinance comp	bly with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources
21	Code Sections 2	21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
22	Supervisors in F	File No and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms this
23	determination.	
24	(b) On _	, the Building Inspection Commission considered this
25	ordinance at a c	duly noticed public hearing pursuant to Charter Section 4.121 and Building

Code Section 104A.2.11.1.1. A copy of a letter from the Secretary of the Building Inspection
 Commission regarding the Commission's recommendation is on file with the Clerk of the
 Board of Supervisors in File No. \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- 4
- 5

Section 2. Findings Regarding Local Conditions.

6 (a) California Health and Safety Code Sections 17958.7 and 18941.5 provide that local 7 jurisdictions may enact more restrictive building standards than those contained in the 8 California Building Code, provided that the local jurisdictions make express findings that each 9 change or modification is reasonably necessary because of local climate, geologic, or 10 topographical conditions and that the local jurisdictions file the local amendments and 11 required findings with the California Building Standards Commission before the local changes 12 or modifications can go into effect.

(b) The Board of Supervisors hereby finds and declares that the following
amendments to the San Francisco Building Code are reasonably necessary because of local
climatic, topological, and geological conditions as discussed below.

16 (1) The topography of San Francisco creates increased risk of fire due to 17 high density of buildings on very small and steep lots with high population density. It is 18 necessary and appropriate to limit reliance on natural gas infrastructure and impose safety 19 measures on any natural gas infrastructure that would otherwise increase acute and 20 cumulative fire risk across the City.

(2) San Francisco's geologic and topographic conditions produce increased
 risk for earthquake-induced failure, which can lead to fires due to local hazardous seismic
 microzones, slide areas, and local liquefaction hazards. Natural gas infrastructure may
 rupture, fail, and/or explode due to earthquake-induced structural failure. After seismic
 events, natural gas infrastructure will take significantly longer to resume service compared to

electrical infrastructure. It is necessary, appropriate, and cost effective to reduce fire risk and
increase resiliency by reducing natural gas infrastructure when conducting major renovations,
requiring essential building systems be Electric Ready to function on electricity during natural
gas service disruptions, and imposing safety requirements for any new or remaining natural
gas infrastructure.

6 (3)San Francisco's climate and topography create wind patterns and 7 periodic seasonal high temperatures that produce smog and ozone that exacerbate the 8 respiratory ailments of residents. Natural gas combustion is a major source of indoor air 9 pollution that further exacerbates the effects of regional pollution for the City's residents and can be particularly acute given the City's dense population and smaller dwelling units. 10 11 Studies have shown children living in homes with natural gas stoves have a 42% higher risk of 12 experiencing asthma symptoms, and those impacts may be exacerbated in a compact city 13 such as San Francisco where low-income households are more likely to have more people 14 living in smaller spaces with poor ventilation. It is reasonable and appropriate to reduce 15 pollution exposure and resulting human health impacts by utilizing All-Electric construction for 16 major renovations, and ensuring proper ventilation for any remaining or new natural gas infrastructure. 17

18

Section 3. Chapters 1A and 2 of the Building Code are hereby amended by adding
 Section 106A.1.17.3 to Section 106A, and revising Section 202, to read as follows:

21

22

## SECTION 106A – PERMITS

\* \*

23

24 <u>106A.1.17.3 All-Electric Major Renovations.</u> After January 1, 2026, the Building Official shall
 25 <u>not accept permit applications to conduct Major Renovations, as defined in Section 202 of this Code, of</u>

1 Mixed-Fuel Buildings. Permit applications for Major Renovations submitted to the Department aft	1	Mixed-Fuel Buildings.	Permit applications	for Major Renovations	submitted to the Department after
---	---	-----------------------	---------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------------------

- 2 *that date may only be accepted for work that retains or results in All-Electric Buildings or Projects.*
- 3 <u>EXCEPTIONS: The Building Official may accept an application and issue a permit for Major</u>
- 4 <u>Renovation of a Mixed-Fuel Building that qualifies for one of the five exceptions outlined below. Any</u>
- 5 *permit qualifying for one of the exceptions shall be Electric-Ready and shall provide equivalent health,*
- 6 <u>safety, and fire-protection to a design with no gas piping systems. The Department of Building</u>
- 7 <u>Inspection, in consultation with the Environment Department, shall publish Design Guidelines and</u>
- 8 <u>Review Procedures for Public Safety and Electric-Ready Construction to facilitate implementation of</u>
- 9 *this requirement.*
- 10 (1) Upon the Building Official's finding that converting to an All-Electric Building or
- 11 *Project is physically or technically infeasible and that a modification pursuant to Section 104A.2.7 is*
- 12 *warranted. Financial considerations shall not play any role in determining physical or technical*
- 13 *infeasibility. Modifications shall only be issued under this exception if the Building Official finds: (a)*
- 14 *sufficient evidence was submitted to substantiate the infeasibility of an All-Electric Building or Project*
- 15 *design; (b) the installation of natural gas piping systems, fixtures, and/or infrastructure is strictly*
- 16 *limited to the system and area of the building for which an All-Electric Building or Project design is*
- 17 *infeasible; and (c) the project's modified design provides health, safety, and fire-protection equivalent*
- 18 *to that of an All-Electric Building or Project design; or*
- 19 (2) The Building Official may issue a permit for Major Renovation of a Mixed-Fuel
- 20 <u>Building that includes an area specifically designated for occupancy by a commercial food service</u>
- 21 *establishment (A-2 Occupancy) that is a Mixed-Fuel Building solely because it retains gas piping*
- 22 systems, fixtures, and/or infrastructure exclusively for cooking equipment within the designated
- 23 <u>commercial food service area; or</u>
- 24 25
- Supervisors Mandelman; Mahmood, Fielder, Melgar **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

1	(3) Major Renovation projects that consist of a change of use from non-residential to
2	residential use shall be exempt from this Section 106A.1.17.3 through January 1, 2031 and are not
3	required to be Electric Ready. After January 1, 2031, this exception expires.
4	(4) The Building Official may issue a permit for Major Renovation involving a Substantial
5	Upgrade to Mechanical Systems if the following conditions are met: (a) The project installs either
6	space heating or water heating systems that will serve at least 80% of the total conditioned floor area
7	of the building; and (b) The project retains for ongoing use an existing water heating or space heating
8	system that serves at least 80% of the total conditioned floor area, provided the equipment was
9	installed within the last five years and complies with all applicable codes and safety standards.
10	(5) 100% Affordable Housing, as defined in Administrative Code Section 109.1, shall be
11	exempt from this Section 106A.1.17.3 until January 1, 2027. From January 1, 2027 to January 1, 2028,
12	100% Affordable Housing projects that demonstrate the cost of converting to All-Electric conflicts with
13	the projects' ability to meet their housing goals are exempt. After January 1, 2028, this exception
14	<u>expires.</u>
15	* * * *
16	SECTION 202 – DEFINITIONS
16 17	SECTION 202 – DEFINITIONS ALL-ELECTRIC BUILDING OR PROJECT. A building or project that uses a
17	ALL-ELECTRIC BUILDING OR PROJECT. A building or project that uses a
17 18	<b>ALL-ELECTRIC BUILDING OR PROJECT.</b> A building or project that uses a permanent supply of electricity as the source of energy for all space conditioning (including
17 18 19	ALL-ELECTRIC BUILDING OR PROJECT. A building or project that uses a permanent supply of electricity as the source of energy for all space conditioning (including heating and cooling), water heating (including pools and spas), cooking appliances, and
17 18 19 20	ALL-ELECTRIC BUILDING OR PROJECT. A building or project that uses a permanent supply of electricity as the source of energy for all space conditioning (including heating and cooling), water heating (including pools and spas), cooking appliances, and clothes drying appliances. An All-Electric Building or Project may not install natural gas or
17 18 19 20 21	<b>ALL-ELECTRIC BUILDING OR PROJECT.</b> A building or project that uses a permanent supply of electricity as the source of energy for all space conditioning (including heating and cooling), water heating (including pools and spas), cooking appliances, and clothes drying appliances. An All-Electric Building or Project may not install natural gas or propane piping systems, fixtures, or infrastructure for those purposes in or in connection with
17 18 19 20 21 22	ALL-ELECTRIC BUILDING OR PROJECT. A building or project that uses a permanent supply of electricity as the source of energy for all space conditioning (including heating and cooling), water heating (including pools and spas), cooking appliances, and clothes drying appliances. An All-Electric Building or Project may not install natural gas or propane piping systems, fixtures, or infrastructure for those purposes in or in connection with the building, structure, or within property lines of the premises, extending from the point of
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<b>ALL-ELECTRIC BUILDING OR PROJECT.</b> A building or project that uses a permanent supply of electricity as the source of energy for all space conditioning (including heating and cooling), water heating (including pools and spas), cooking appliances, and clothes drying appliances. An All-Electric Building or Project may not install natural gas or propane piping systems, fixtures, or infrastructure for those purposes in or in connection with the building, structure, or within property lines of the premises, extending from the point of delivery at the gas meter. <u>An All-Electric Building or Project may contain natural gas infrastructure</u>

1	Procedures for Public Safety and Electric-Ready Construction published by the Department of Building
2	Inspection.
3	* * * *
4	MAJOR RENOVATION. An alteration or addition to an existing building that includes
5	Substantial Upgrade to Mechanical Systems, and one or more of the following:
6	(1) a Non-structural Alteration that is substantial pursuant to Section 503.11.1 of the San
7	Francisco Existing Building Code;
8	(2) a Substantial Structural Alteration as defined by Section 202 of the San Francisco Existing
9	<u>Building Code;</u>
10	(3) an addition that is a Substantial Improvement as defined by Section 202 of this Code.
11	MAJOR SYSTEM. A space heating or water heating system serving 80% or more of total
12	conditioned floor area of the building.
13	MIXED-FUEL BUILDING. A building that uses natural gas or propane as fuel for space
14	heating or cooling, exterior heating, decorative uses and lighting, water heating (including
15	pools and spas), cooking appliances or clothes drying appliances, onsite generation of
16	electricity (except where primarily fueled by onsite digestion of organic material), or contains
17	fixtures, piping systems, or infrastructure for natural gas or propane equipment for such uses.
18	* * * *
19	SUBSTANTIAL UPGRADE TO MECHANICAL SYSTEMS. An alteration or addition to an
20	existing building where the proposed project either:
21	(1) Replaces space heating and hot water heating system for the entire building; or
22	(2) Installs space heating or water heating systems that will serve 80% or more of the total
23	conditioned floor area of the building; or
24	(3) Installs space conditioning or water heating systems serving the area of addition.
25	

1	Section 4. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after				
2	enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the				
3	ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board				
4	of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.				
5					
6	Section 5. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors				
7	intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,				
8	numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal				
9	Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment				
10	additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under				
11	the official title of the ordinance.				
12					
13	Section 6. Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of this				
14	ordinance, or any application thereof, is held to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction,				
15	such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions or applications of the				
16	ordinance. The Board of Supervisors hereby declares that it would have passed this				
17	ordinance, and each section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of this ordinance,				
18	irrespective of whether any one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, or				
19	phrases of the ordinance, or applications thereof, be declared invalid.				
20	//				
21	//				

22

//

//

//

//

- 23
- 24
- 25

1	Section 7. Directions to Clerk. Upon enactment of this ordinance, the Clerk of the		
2	Board of Supervisors is hereby directed to transmit this ordinance to the California Building		
3	Standards Commission pursuant to the applicable provisions of State law.		
4			
5	APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
6	DAVID CHIU, City Attorney		
7	By: /s/ Robb Kapla		
8	ROBB KAPLA Deputy City Attorney		
9	n:\legana\as2024\2400453\01850414.docx		
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			