1	[Supporting California State Assembly Bill No. 1256 (Quirk) - Employment Discrimination: Cannabis Screening Test]
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3	Resolution supporting California State Assembly Bill No. 1256, authored by Assembly
4	Member Bill Quirk, an anti-cannabis discrimination bill prohibiting employers from
5	discriminating against hiring or terminating a person for testing positive for cannabis
6	metabolites.
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8	WHEREAS, The City of San Francisco legalized the use of cannabis in 1991 with 80%
9	of residents on favor of Proposition P making it the leader and first U.S city to legalize
10	marijuana; and
11	WHEREAS, California Proposition 215, passed on November 5, 1996, legalized
12	medicinal cannabis use in California; however, it did not protect the rights of medicinal
13	cannabis users in the workplace from employer discrimination; and
14	WHEREAS, In 2008, the California Legislature passed a measure intended to protect
15	medicinal cannabis users from workplace discrimination, but the measure was vetoed by
16	Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger; and
17	WHEREAS, In 2016, California Proposition 64, the California Marijuana Legalization
18	Initiative, for which 57% of Californians voted "yes," legalized recreational marijuana for
19	persons over the age of 21; and
20	WHEREAS, Under current California law, employers can still require drug tests for
21	employees, can turn an individual away based on use of cannabis, and fire or demote for the
22	use of cannabis; and
23	WHEREAS, Assembly Bill No. 1256 (AB 1256) would prohibit employers from
24	discriminating against hiring, or terminating, a person who has tested positive for having non-
25	psychoactive cannabis metabolites in their urine, hair, or bodily fluids; and

1	WHEREAS, AB 1256 also allows employees who have experienced discrimination on
2	the basis of testing positive for non-psychoactive cannabis metabolites, to institute civil action
3	for damages and other relief against their employers; and
4	WHEREAS, There are currently twenty states with laws protecting employment rights
5	for medicinal cannabis uses in addition to several major cities such as: New York City,
6	Washington D.C, Atlanta, Rochester, and Richmond that protect recreational cannabis
7	consumers' employment rights; and
8	WHEREAS, The use of drug tests is meant to identify employees who may be impaired
9	however, the tests conducted for cannabis only show the presence of nonpsychoactive
10	cannabis metabolites which have no correlation to impairment within the workplace; and
11	WHEREAS, California residents should not be punished for usage of legalized
12	cannabis; and
13	WHEREAS, Dismissing potential applicants for the use of legalized medications and
14	legalized recreational substances places an undue burden and barriers on individuals
15	attempting to seek employment; and
16	WHEREAS, The Covid-19 Pandemic crippled the economy never before seen and
17	which has caused the exponential increase of food insecurity and housing insecurity due to
18	job or income loss; and
19	WHEREAS, the most effective way to combat food insecurity, housing insecurity, and
20	poverty to assist as many people with job opportunities by removing unnecessary barriers to
21	employment; now, therefore, be it;
22	RESOLVED, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors urges the passage of AB 1256
23	and supports its enactment into law; and, be it
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1	FURTHER RESOLVED, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors requests the Clerk o
2	the Board to submit a copy of this Resolution to the local state legislative representatives and
3	Governor Newsom.
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