File No	140557	Committee Item I Board Item No			
COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST					
Committee:	Rules	Date	e <u>June 23, 2014</u>		
Board of Su	pervisors Meeting	Date	e		
Cmte Boa	Motion Resolution Ordinance Legislative Digest Budget and Legislative A Youth Commission Repolation Form Department/Agency Cov MOU Grant Information Form Grant Budget Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Form 126 – Ethics Commander Application Public Correspondence	ort er Letter and/or Ro nission			
OTHER	(Use back side if additio	nai space is neede	ea)		

Completed by: Alisa Miller Date June 20, 2014

Completed by: Date

NOTE:

[Health Code - Assisted Outpatient Treatment ("Laura's Law")]

Ordinance amending the Health Code to authorize the implementation of court-ordered Assisted Outpatient Treatment for individuals with mental illness who meet the criteria established by California Welfare and Institutions Code, Sections 5345-5349.5 ("Laura's Law"); and making a finding that this authorization will not result in a reduction of current adult and juvenile mental health programs.

Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.

Additions to Codes are in single-underline italics Times New Roman font.

Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italics Times New Roman font.

Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font.

Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.

Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. The Health Code is hereby amended by adding to Article 41 a Division II, consisting of Sections 4111-4117, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 41. MENTAL HEALTH

DIVISION II: ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT.

SEC. 4111. FINDINGS REGARDING ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT.

(a) California Welfare and Institutions Code §§5345-5349.5, also known as "Laura's Law," authorizes counties to implement Assisted Outpatient Treatment ("AOT") to obtain court-ordered mental health treatment for individuals with mental illness for whom other methods of entering and maintaining treatment have been unsuccessful.

- (b) AOT provides treatment through community-based, mobile, recovery-oriented, multidisciplinary, highly trained mental health teams with a staff-to-client ratio of no more than 10 clients per team member.
- (c) Several independent studies of similar programs in other states cited in a background paper prepared by the Treatment Advocacy Center show that AOT promotes long-term treatment compliance, and reduces the incidence and duration of hospitalizations, homelessness, arrests, incarcerations, violent episodes, and the victimization of individuals with mental illness by others, while also relieving caregiver stress.
- (d) These same studies show that states and municipalities that have successfully implemented

 AOT realized cost savings in their respective mental health, criminal justice, and emergency care

 systems.
- (e) According to research cited in The Resident's Journal, a publication of The American

 Journal of Psychiatry, almost half of the individuals with a severe mental illness in the United States

 are untreated, and almost half of those individuals suffer from anosognosia (the inability to recognize

 one's own mental illness) and possess significant deficits in self-awareness.
- (f) This same research also finds a clear link between lack of insight regarding one's own mental illness and the inability to adhere to treatment, which results in poorer clinical outcomes, illness relapse, hospitalization, and suicide attempts.
- (g) For severely mentally ill individuals who are unable to maintain a consistent voluntary treatment regime, AOT provides a means to assist and support them through a structured treatment program.
- (h) Before an AOT program may be implemented in a county under California Welfare and Institutions Code §\$5345-5349.5, the county must authorize the application of the program in the county by appropriate legislation and make a finding that no voluntary mental health program serving adults, and no children's mental health program will be reduced as a result of implementing AOT.

<u>SEC. 4112. AUTHORIZING ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT; REQUIRED PROGRAMS.</u>

(a) The City and County of San Francisco ("City") authorizes the implementation of California Welfare and Institutions Code §§5345-5349.5 through court-ordered Assisted Outpatient Treatment ("AOT") within the City as provided in this Division II. The City finds that no voluntary mental health program serving adults, and no children's mental health program within the City will be reduced as a result of implementing AOT.

(b) As part of AOT, the City shall provide services that will conform to the requirements of California Welfare and Institutions Code §5348, or any successor provisions. These services shall include, but are not limited to, community-based comprehensive individual service and delivery plans, which plans shall be gender, age, disability, linguistically and culturally appropriate. The plans shall provide access to housing, and be designed to allow the person subject to petition ("Subject") to live in the most independent, least restrictive setting possible. The City shall provide AOT services in each case through a community-based multidisciplinary and highly trained mental health team ("AOT Team") with a staff-to-client ratio of no more than 10 clients per team member.

SEC. 4113 PETITION.

- (a) The following persons may request the County Mental Health Director ("Director"), or the Director's designee, to file a petition with the Superior Court for AOT:
 - (1) Any person 18 years or older with whom the Subject resides;
 - (2) Any person who is the parent, spouse, adult sibling, or adult child of the Subject;
- (3) The director of a facility providing mental health services where the Subject resides, the director of a hospital where the Subject is hospitalized, or a licensed mental health treatment provider who treats the Subject or supervises the treatment of the Subject: or,
 - (4) A peace, probation or parole officer assigned to supervise the Subject.

1	(b) If the Director or designee finds that good cause supports the request, he or she may file a
2	verified petition with the Superior Court that sets forth all of the following elements:
3	(1) That the Subject is at least 18 years old and is present in the City;
4	(2) That the Subject is suffering from a mental illness as defined in California Welfare
5	and Institutions Code §§5600.3(b)(2) and (3), or any successor provisions;
6	(3) That there has been a clinical determination that the Subject is unlikely to survive
7	safely in the community without supervision;
8	(4) That there is a history of the Subject's lack of compliance with treatment, based on at
9	least one of the following:
10	(A) twice within the last 36 months, mental illness was a substantial factor in the
11	Subject's hospitalization or receipt of mental health services in jail, not including any period during
12	which the Subject was hospitalized or incarcerated immediately preceding the filing of the petition, or
13	(B) within the last 48 months, the Subject's mental illness resulted in one or
14	more acts of serious violent behavior toward himself or herself or others, or the Subject threatened or
15	attempted to cause serious physical harm to himself or herself or others, not including any period in
16	which the Subject was hospitalized or incarcerated immediately preceding the filing of the petition;
17	(5) That the Subject has been offered the opportunity to participate in a treatment plan
18	that includes all of the services set forth in Section 4112, but continues to fail to engage in treatment:
19	(6) That the Subject's condition is substantially deteriorating;
20	(7) That participation in AOT would be the least restrictive placement necessary to
21	ensure the Subject's recovery and stability;
22	(8) That the Subject's treatment history and current behavior indicate that the Subject
23	needs AOT to prevent relapse or deterioration that would likely result in grave disability or serious
24	harm to himself or herself or in a civil commitment under California Welfare and Institutions Code
25	§§5150, et seq.; and,

(9) That it is likely that the Subject would benefit from AOT.

(c) The Director or designee shall submit with the petition the supporting affidavit of a licensed mental health treatment provider, or providers, testifying as to all of the elements identified in subsection (b). The provider must be willing and able to testify at the hearing and must base the affidavit on his or her personal examination of the Subject occurring no more than 10 days prior to the filing of the petition, unless the provider attempted to examine the Subject during that time, but the Subject refused to be examined, in which case the affidavit shall so state.

(d) After the Director or designee files the petition, but before the conclusion of the court
hearing on the petition, the Subject or with the Subject's consent, the Subject's legal counsel, may
waive the Subject's right to the hearing, and agree to obtain treatment under a written settlement
agreement, provided an examining licensed mental health treatment provider states that the Subject
could survive safely in the community. The term of the settlement agreement may not exceed 180 days,
and the agreement shall be subject to the provisions of California Welfare and Institutions Code §5347.

(e) The Superior Court may order AOT for the Subject if the court finds that all of the elements of the petition, as required in subsection (b), have been established by clear and convincing evidence.

SEC. 4114. SUBJECT'S RIGHTS.

(a) The Subject of the petition shall have the following rights:

- (1) To receive personal service of all notices of hearings, as well as notice to parties designated by the Subject:
 - (2) To receive a copy of the court ordered evaluation:
- (3) To be represented by counsel, and if the Subject cannot afford counsel, to be represented by the Public Defender;
 - (4) To be present at all hearings, unless the Subject knowingly waives such right:
 - (5) To be informed of the right to judicial review by habeas corpus;

(6) To present evidence, call and examine witnesses, and cross-examine witnesses, at the AOT hearing; and

(7) To be informed of the right to appeal the court's decisions.

(b) If Subject is not present at the AOT hearing, and the court orders AOT for the Subject, the

Subject may file a habeas corpus petition challenging the court's imposition of AOT on the Subject, and

AOT may not commence until that petition is resolved.

(c) During each 60-day period of AOT, the Subject may file a habeas corpus petition to require the Director, or the Director's designee, to prove that the Subject still meets all the criteria for AOT, as set forth in Section 4113(b).

(d) If the Subject refuses to participate in AOT, the court may order the Subject to meet with the AOT Team designated by the Director. The AOT Team shall attempt to gain the Subject's cooperation with the treatment plan ordered by the court. If the Subject is still not cooperative, he or she may be subject to a 72- hour hold pursuant to the requirements of California Welfare and Institutions Code §5346(f).

(e) Except as stated in subsection (d), failure by the Subject to comply with AOT is not a basis for involuntary civil commitment, or contempt of court.

(f) Involuntary medication is not authorized under AOT without a separate and specific court order.

(g) The court may order no more than six months of AOT. If the Director, or Director's designee, determines that further AOT for the Subject is appropriate, the Director must, prior to the expiration of the initial period, apply to the court for authorization to extend the time for a period not to exceed an additional 180 days.

(h) Every 60 days, the Director, or Director's designee must file an affidavit with the court affirming that the Subject continues to meet the criteria for AOT, as set forth in Section 4113(b). If the Subject disagrees with this affidavit, he or she has the right to a hearing, at which the Director shall have the burden of proving that the Subject continues to meet the criteria for AOT.

SEC. 4115. TRAINING AND REGULATIONS.

(a) The Director of Public Health shall develop a training and education program as required by California Welfare and Institutions Code §5349.1.

(b) The Director of Public Health is authorized to promulgate regulations to implement this Division II.

SEC. 4116. REPORTS.

(a) The Department of Public Health shall comply with the reporting requirements as set forth in California Welfare & Institutions Code §5348(d).

(b) The Department of Public Health shall provide an annual report to the Board of Supervisors on the number of participants in AOT, the length of their treatment, the outcome of their treatment, and other matters the Department deems relevant.

SEC. 4117. UNDERTAKING FOR THE GENERAL WELFARE.

In enacting and implementing this Division II, the City is assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach proximately caused injury.

Section 2. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By: VIRGINIA DARIO ELIZONDO Deputy City Attorney

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LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Health Code - Assisted Outpatient Treatment ("Laura's Law")]

Ordinance amending the Health Code to authorize the implementation of court-ordered Assisted Outpatient Treatment for individuals with mental illness who meet the criteria established by California Welfare and Institutions Code, Sections 5345-5349.5 ("Laura's Law"); and making a finding that this authorization will not result in a reduction of current adult and juvenile mental health programs.

Existing Law

This article is new.

Amendments to Current Law

State law authorizes counties to implement Assisted Outpatient Treatment ("AOT") also known as "Laura's Law," in order to provide court ordered mental health treatment for individuals with mental illness for whom other methods of entering and maintaining treatment have been unsuccessful.

AOT provides treatment through community-based, mobile, recovery-oriented, multidisciplinary, highly trained mental health teams with a staff-to-client ratio of no more than 10 clients per team member. These services include, but are not limited to, community-based comprehensive individual service and delivery plans, which plans shall be gender, age, disability, linguistically and culturally appropriate. The plans shall provide access to housing, and be designed to allow the person subject to petition ("Subject") to live in the most independent, least restrictive setting possible.

The following persons may request the County Mental Health Director ("Director") or the Director's designee to file a petition with the Superior Court for AOT:

- Any person 18 years or older with whom the Subject resides;
- Any person who is the parent, spouse, adult sibling, or adult child of the Subject;
- The director of a facility providing mental health services where the Subject resides, the director of a hospital where the Subject is hospitalized, or a licensed mental health treatment provider who treats the Subject or supervises the treatment of the Subject; or,
- A peace, probation or parole officer assigned to supervise the Subject.

If the Director finds that good cause supports the request, he or she may file a verified petition with the Superior Court that sets forth all of the following:

- That the Subject is at least 18 years old and is present in the City;
- That the Subject is suffering from a mental illness as defined in California Welfare and Institutions Code §§ 5600.3(b)(2) and (3), or any successor provisions;
- That there has been a clinical determination that the Subject is unlikely to survive safely in the community without supervision;
- That there is a history of the Subject's lack of compliance with treatment, based on at least one of the following: (1) twice within the last 36 months, mental illness was a substantial factor in the Subject's hospitalization or receipt of mental health services in jail, or (2) within the last 48 months, the Subject's mental illness resulted in one or more acts of serious violent behavior toward himself or herself or others, or the Subject threatened or attempted to cause serious physical harm to himself or herself or others;
- That the Subject has been offered the opportunity to participate in a treatment plan, but continues to fail to engage in treatment;
- That the Subject's condition is substantially deteriorating;
- That participation in AOT would be the least restrictive placement necessary to ensure the Subject's recovery and stability;
- That the Subject's treatment history and current behavior indicate that the Subject needs AOT to prevent relapse or deterioration that would likely result in grave disability or serious harm to himself or herself, or in a civil commitment under California Welfare and Institutions Code §§ 5150, et seq.; and,
- That it is likely that the Subject would benefit from AOT.

The petition must be accompanied by the supporting affidavit of a licensed mental health treatment provider who must be willing and able to testify at the hearing and must base the affidavit on his or her personal examination of the Subject occurring no more than 10 days prior to the filing of the petition, unless the provider attempted to examine the Subject during that time, but the Subject refused to be examined.

After the petition is filed, but before the conclusion of the court hearing, the Subject or with the Subject's consent, the Subject's legal counsel, may waive the Subject's right to the hearing, and agree to obtain treatment under a written settlement agreement, provided an examining licensed mental health treatment provider states that the Subject could survive safely in the community. The term of the settlement agreement may not exceed 180 days.

The Superior Court may order AOT if the court finds that all of the elements of the petition, have been established by clear and convincing evidence.

The Subject of the petition has the following rights:

 To receive personal service of all notices of hearings, as well as notice to parties designated by the Subject;

To receive a copy of the court ordered evaluation;

- To be represented by counsel, and if the Subject cannot afford counsel, to be represented by the Public Defender;
- To be present at all hearings, unless the Subject knowingly waives such right;

To be informed of the right to judicial review by habeas corpus;

- To present evidence, call and examine witnesses, and cross-examine witnesses, at the AOT hearing; and
- To be informed of the right to appeal the court's decisions.

If Subject is not present at the AOT hearing, and the court orders AOT, the Subject may file a habeas corpus petition challenging the court's imposition of AOT on the Subject, and AOT may not commence until that petition is resolved.

During each 60-day period of AOT, the Subject may file a habeas corpus petition to require the Director to prove that the Subject still meets all the criteria for AOT.

If the Subject refuses to participate in AOT, the court may order the Subject to meet with the AOT Team who shall work with the Subject's to try to gain his or her cooperation with the treatment plan. If the Subject is still not cooperative, he or she may be subject to a 72- hour hold under California Welfare and Institutions Code §5346(f).

Failure by the Subject to comply with AOT is not a basis for involuntary civil commitment, or contempt of court.

Involuntary medication is not authorized under AOT without a separate and specific court order.

The court may order no more than six months of AOT. If the Director determines that further AOT for the Subject is appropriate, the Director must, prior to the expiration of the initial period, apply for court authorization to extend the time for an additional 180 days.

Every 60 days, the Director must file an affidavit with the court affirming that the Subject continues to meet the criteria for AOT. If the Subject disagrees with this affidavit, he or she has the right to a hearing, at which the Director has the burden of proving that the Subject continues to meet the criteria for AOT.

The Director of Public Health shall develop a training and education program, and is authorized to promulgate regulations to implement AOT.

The Department of Public Health shall comply with the reporting requirements under California Welfare & Institutions Code § 5348(d), and shall provide an annual report to the Board of Supervisors on the number of participants in AOT, the length of their treatment, the outcome of their treatment, and other matters the Departments deems relevant.

Background Information

Several independent studies of AOT programs in other states cited in a background paper prepared by the Treatment Advocacy Center (see, www.Treatment AdvocacyCenter.org, Backgrounder: Assisted outpatient treatment (AOT) (updated 1/2120) for the citations to the studies referenced) show that AOT promotes long-term treatment compliance, and reduces the incidence and duration of hospitalizations, homelessness, arrests, incarcerations, violent episodes, and the victimization of individuals with mental illness by others, while also relieving caregiver stress. These same studies show that states and municipalities that have successfully implemented AOT realized cost savings in their respective mental health, criminal justice, and emergency care systems.

According to research cited in "Assisted Outpatient Treatment: Preventive, Recovery-Based Care for the Most Seriously Mentally III," by Gary Tsai, M.D., *The Resident's Journal*, a publication of The American Journal of Psychiatry, Volume 7, June 2012, almost half of the individuals with a severe mental illness in the United States are untreated, and almost half of those individuals suffer from anosognosia (the inability to recognize one's own mental illness) and possess significant deficits in self-awareness.) This same research also finds a clear link between lack of insight regarding one's own mental illness and the inability to adhere to treatment, which results in poorer clinical outcomes, illness relapse, hospitalization, and suicide attempts.

For severely mentally ill individuals who are unable to maintain a consistent voluntary treatment regime, AOT provides a means to assist and support them through a structured treatment program.

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June 18, 2014

Ms. Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board San Francisco Board of Supervisors 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: File #140557 - Implementation of Laura's Law

Dear Ms. Calvillo:

The San Francisco Travel Association is in full support of Supervisor Mark Farrell's measure that would fully implement Laura's Law in the City and County of San Francisco.

Encountering individuals with untreated mental health issues on our streets is cited by our visitors as the most disturbing aspect of their experience in San Francisco. And, in most cases these visitors compassionately ask why our city does not do more to care for and provide treatment for these individuals.

We can all agree that San Francisco's residents who are facing acute mental health challenges deserve a better and more humane solution than a life on the street. The measure being proposed by Supervisor Farrell offers a compassionate and caring approach to meeting the needs of these individuals by providing the families of individuals facing these challenges with an avenue for securing assistance for their loved ones who are suffering from mental illness.

For these reasons, San Francisco Travel urges you to support this proposal to fully implement Laura's Law when it is heard in Rules Committee on June 23, 2014.

Sincerely,

Joe D'Alessandro President and CEO San Francisco Travel

(Minanda)

cc:

Mayor Ed Lee Board of Supervisors



California Association of Psychiatric Technicians

June 17, 2014

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board San Francisco City & County Board of Supervisors 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Via e-mail and regular mail

RE: IMPLEMENTATION OF "LAURA'S LAW" ASSISTED-OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PROGRAM

Dear Ms. Calvillo:

Due to a scheduling conflict, I regret that I will not be able to attend the June 23 Supervisors' Rules Committee public hearing on the proposed implementation of "Laura's Law." However, I would be grateful if you would distribute this letter to supervisors and any additional decisionmakers you feel are appropriate.

On behalf of our 14,000-member professional organization, I am again writing to implore San Francisco City & County to implement "Laura's Law." This law is a California state law allowing counties to create and run court-ordered assisted-outpatient treatment programs for your constituents with serious mental illnesses. To qualify for this program, a constituent must have a serious mental illness plus a recent history of psychiatric hospitalizations, jailings or acts, threats or attempts of serious violent behavior toward himself, herself or others. The law was named after Laura Wilcox, a young woman from Nevada County who – along with two others – was killed by a man with serious mental illness who had refused treatment.

As state-licensed, -trained and -regulated mental-health and developmental-services nursing professionals, Psychiatric Technicians are very familiar with the urgent and all-too-often unmet needs of Californians with mental illnesses and developmental disabilities, as well as the desperate, ongoing efforts of families to get needed mental-health care for their loved ones in crises. We Psychiatric Technicians are formally pledged to uphold the integrity, dignity and rights of Californians in our care. Laura's Law upholds Californians' rights while allowing them to get the services they need -- providing a cost-effective, life-saving tool to help Californians who are facing suffering, danger and even death because of untreated mental illness.

Since Senate Bill 585 clarified that Proposition 63/Mental Health Services Act funds can indeed be used to pay for Laura's Law programs, we're pleased that more counties have joined Nevada County -- Laura Wilcox's home -- in considering and even implementing assisted-outpatient treatment programs for constituents in need. San Francisco has long been considered a national leader in progressive constituent services and it is our sincere hope that your city/county will help set the trend for compassionate care for people with mental illnesses and their families throughout the United States.

Please contact me at (800) 677-2278 if I may be of further assistance on this issue,

Sincerely,

Juan Nolasco, PT CAPT State President

Evans, Derek

From:

Board of Supervisors (BOS)

Sent:

Tuesday, May 27, 2014 1:59 PM

To:

BOS-Supervisors; Evans, Derek; Miller, Alisa

Subject:

File 140557/140558: Laura's Law

From: Monika Eisenbud [mailto:monika@msri.org]

Sent: Monday, May 26, 2014 7:04 PM

To: Board of Supervisors (BOS)

Subject: Laura's Law

Hello, Mr. Farrell

I write to you as a psychiatrist in the Bay area, and also as a family member of someone with severe mental illness.

You and I are aware of a significant problem affecting those with neurologically-based severe mental illness: their injured brain leaves them unable to perceive their own illness, so unable to recognize that there is anything wrong: the logical consequence is that they see no reason why they should take medication.

Yet the medications we have available, while imperfect (with troublesome side effects) can make all the difference between a livable life or an intolerable one. Without treatment, there is the high likelihood of a downward spiral: devastating symptoms, self-medicating with street drugs to try to ease the resulting suffering, isolation from those who care, and homelessness, with all its tragic consequences.

Laura's law is needed, and is a compassionate approach. When I practiced psychiatry in Massachusetts, a law was passed that allowed patients hospitalized for acute psychosis to refuse medication treatment. We referred to laws of that kind as giving the mentally ill 'the right to die with their rights on.' This approach did not serve the needs of the mentally ill, nor did it work for those standing ready to help them, and the law was changed.

We, as mental health professionals on the front lines strongly support Laura's law and your efforts to have it go into effect in San Francisco.

Cordially,

Monika Eisenbud, M.D.

Evans, Derek

From:

Board of Supervisors (BOS)

Sent:

Tuesday, May 27, 2014 1:58 PM

To: Subject: BOS-Supervisors; Evans, Derek, Miller, Alisa

File 140557 & 140558: Laura's Law

----Original Message----

From: fvano@earthlink.net [mailto:fvano@earthlink.net]

Sent: Sunday, May 25, 2014 7:43 PM To: Board of Supervisors (BOS)

Subject: Laura's Law

Dear Supervisors:

As a psychiatrist, I fully support the implementation of Laura's law. I have seen too many people "die with their rights on"- or be incarcerated. Please vote yes- it's time. Frank Van Orden, M.D. 1631 20th Avenue

San Francisco, CA 94122

From:

Nancy Rossman [nancyrossman@sbcglobal.net]

Sent:

Wednesday, May 21, 2014 12:36 PM

To: Subject: Board of Supervisors (BOS)

Laura's Law

File 140557 File 140558 cpage

I worked for the city for 18 years in mental health. I am very interested in the passage of Laura's law. I have personally witnessed lives being salvaged as a part of managed care. Do we have to wait any longer to pass Laura's law which would mean the difference of a decent life or homelessness and jail for some. The progressive step is to pass Laura's law and I would particularly like to know the stand Supervisors Campos and Chui are taking so I can vote for the right candidate. I met them both at the 30th Street Sr. Center but didn't get to ask in person. Nancy Rossman

Tel 140557 cpage

From:

Stephen Aron [stearon@msn.com]

Sent:

Wednesday, May 21, 2014 2:26 PM Board of Supervisors (BOS)

To: Subject:

Laura's Law

Please enact Laura's Law and show the community that a responsive mental health program to provide treatment and protect the patient can be put into effect.

Stephen C. Aron, M.D.

240 Westgate Drive Suite 235

Watsonville, CA 95076 Phone: (831) 728-0255 Fax: (831) 621-4666

Email: stearon@msn.com

Web: Stephen-aron-md.6te.net

From:

M. Geary [likelife@hotmail.com] Tuesday, May 20, 2014 1:03 PM Board of Supervisors (BOS)

Sent: To:

Subject:

Laura's Law

Please pass Laura's Law for SF and help get mentally ill people the treatment they need...

Thank you, Marilyn L. Geary

File 140557

From: Sent:

Lisa Cataldo [lcataldo@eurekausd.org] Tuesday, May 20, 2014 10:40 AM

To:

Board of Supervisors (BOS)

Subject:

Laura's Law

Good morning,

My name is Lisa and I would like to help in any way needed so that Laura's Law may be adopted in your county. I live in Roseville with my son Michael who is 26 years old with severe schizophrenia. It has been a very long journey as my son was missing in Los Angeles in April 2011 and a senior in his Master's program at Pepperdine at the time of his first psychotic break. He receives a very modest amount of Social Security Disability now and has Medicare and Medical. My son receives an Invega shot once a month along with other medication and our biggest opportunity has been to keep him medicated and safe from harming himself and others.

Sincerely,

Lisa

Lisa Cataldo

Executive Assistant to the Superintendent Eureka Union School District 5455 Eureka Road Granite Bay, CA 95746 lcataldo@eurekausd.org (916) 774-1202

the 140557 the 140558

From: Sent:

jim eyerman [jimeye108@gmail.com] Wednesday, May 21, 2014 3:36 PM

To:

Board of Supervisors (BOS)

Subject:

Laura's Law

I fully support Laura's law.

To treat chronic severe mentally ill person with medication restores their dignity. Anosognosia is real (18 fMRI studies have documented the altered neurophysiology involved). The humane approach is to alleviate the disorders and the distress. Please support Laura's Law.

Kindest Regards! Jimmy

Jimmy Eyerman, MD, 10 Willow St #1, Mill Valley, CA 94941, jameseyerman.com 415-686-9255

Certifications ~ Integrative Holistic Medicine ~ Adult & Adolescent Psychiatry ~ Ayurveda ~ Jyotish ~ Pulse Diagnosis ~ Holotropic Breathwork ~ Transpersonal Psychology. Assoc Prof Clin Psychi, UCSF & Touro U

"Compassion...compassion, always say compassion," HH Dalai Lama

HOLOTROPIC BREATHWORK: [usually] EVERY SUNDAY: 7-->10 PM.

Register: jimeye108@gmail.com Sliding scale: \$50 <-> \$400. Reference: A Clinical Report on Holotropic Breathwork in 11,000 Psychiatric Inpatients in a Community Hospital Setting --> http://www.maps.org/news-letters/v23n1/v23n1_p24-27.pdf

"We have learned to register and to make use of the intentions implicit in all the acts of consciousness or transconsciousness. To say that the Imagination (or love, or sympathy, or any other sentiment) induces knowledge, and knowledge of an "object" which is proper to it, no longer smacks of paradox." Henri Corbin

"Matter is spirit, moving slowly enough to be seen." "Nous ne sommes pas des êtres humains vivant une expérience spirituelle, nous sommes des êtres spirituels vivant une expérience humaine" Teilhard de Chardin, scientifique et jésuite

Ya devi sarva-bhuteshu KANTI [Beauty] rupena samsthita namastasyai namastasvai namastasvai namo namaha! Tantric Praise of the Goddess. [Hey Maa, to You who pervades all forms as Beauty, we bow, again and again and again!]

"Our conscious brain operates at roughly 2000 bits of information per second. The entire [unconcious] brain operates at approximately 400 billion bits of information per second." Statinover & Dispenza / Hagelin

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Subject:

File 140557, 140558: Important: Laura's Law - Why To Vote NO - Details Enclosed

----Original Message----

From: Eric Brooks [mailto:brookse@igc.org]

Sent: Wednesday, May 21, 2014 5:25 PM

To: MarStaff (BOS); Pagoulatos, Nickolas (BOS); Lim, Victor (BOS); Lauterborn, Peter (BOS); Chiu, David (BOS); Rauschuber, Catherine (BOS); True, Judson; Breed, London (BOS); Brown, Vallie (BOS); Johnston, Conor (BOS); Cerda, Juan (BOS); Kim, Jane (BOS); Veneracion, April (BOS); Angulo, Sunny (BOS); Lee, Ivy (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Mormino, Matthias (BOS); Scanlon, Olivia (BOS); Low, Jen (BOS); Wiener, Scott; Taylor, Adam (BOS); Power, Andres; Cretan, Jeff (BOS); Campos, David (BOS); Ronen, Hillary; Lane, Laura (BOS); Goossen, Carolyn (BOS); Cohen, Malia (BOS); Bruss, Andrea (BOS); Chan, Yoyo (BOS); Tugbenyoh, Mawuli (BOS); Avalos, John (BOS); Redondiez, Raquel (BOS); Hsieh, Frances (BOS); Pollock, Jeremy (BOS); Tang, Katy (BOS); Summers, Ashley (BOS); Quizon, Dyanna (BOS)
Subject: Important: Laura's Law - Why To Vote NO - Details Enclosed

Hi Supervisors and Staff,

It is very troubling to see that you will have yet another vote soon at the full Board on supporting and implementing "Laura's Law".

It is crucial that you understand that NAMI and other organizations pushing both Laura's Law, and this local measure that would enact it in San Francisco, get a majority of their funding from pharmaceutical and medical industry corporations. To see details on NAMI's connection with the drug industry go to:

http://www.nytimes.com/2009/10/22/health/22nami.html

That report is from 2009 when the controversy over NAMI's funding first broke, but such funding of NAMI by pharmaceutical and other medical industry corporations continues, as can be seen on NAMI's own disclosure page at:

http://www.nami.org/Template.cfm?Section=Major Foundation and Corporate Support

Please Vote 'NO' On Laura's Law

The law, though well disguised by associating itself with well meaning local supporters, is simply an attempt to force more people onto dangerous psychiatric drugs and other aggressive psychiatric treatments, against their will.

Here are more details on NAMI and the booming increase in the push for rampant unnecessary drug treatment.

NAMI, the National Alliance on Mental Illness (locally SF NAMI), has spent decades pushing aggressive over-diagnosis of mental illness, in order to trick, and even force, millions of innocent healthy people (a vast number of them children) onto extremely dangerous psychoactive drugs, most with heavy side effects that neuter the lives of the people who are naively taking them. The out of control over-prescription of such drugs has led to pharmaceutical induced suicides, aggressive behavior, violence, and deaths.

To see an example of NAMI's blatant and excessive pushing of pharmaceutical drugs, view its flyer "Confronting Society's Stigma" at:

http://www.nami.org/Content/NavigationMenu/Hearts_and_Minds/8NamiConfrontingStigmas.PDF.pdf

NAMI aggressively markets to the public and mental health professionals that normal human behaviors, such as shyness or lack of attention in school, are illnesses caused by 'chemical imbalances' in the brain, which need to be treated with medication. This 'chemical imbalance' theory, though it has been widely accepted because of huge PR campaigns from groups like NAMI, has absolutely no basis in proven science whatsoever. See: http://chriskresser.com/the-chemical-imbalance-myth

One of the most egregious accomplishments of NAMI, and other pharmaceutical industry front groups like CHADD, is the pushing of the false pseudo-diagnosis of 'ADD' and 'ADHD' so effectively that it has succeeded in forcing millions of innocent healthy school children onto drugs like Ritalin, ruining their childhoods and devastating their adult lives. See: http://www.nytimes.com/2013/12/15/health/the-selling-of-attention-deficit-disorder.html

It is easy to be misled by local NAMI organizers, because they are often very well meaning volunteers, who really care about legitimate mental illness, and they often work on expanding non-drug treatments; but they have also been deeply manipulated and duped by NAMI PR and literature into pushing hard for massive over-prescription of psychoactive drugs.

As a primary supporter of legislation like "Laura's Law" NAMI has one agenda, and that is to force millions -more- people nationwide, onto profitable, but unnecessary, and life threatening drugs.

Again, please vote 'NO' on Laura's Law.

IMPORTANT NOTE: It is equally disturbing that representatives of NAMI have gained seats and heavy influence on our local Mental Health Board.

This connection with NAMI on our local board should be investigated, and in light of the pharmaceutical industry manipulation of NAMI, all Mental Health Board members who are paid by NAMI, or receive funding from NAMI for their local work or nonprofits, should be removed from the Mental Health Board due to clear conflict of interest.

Thanks for your attention to this.

Eric Brooks 415-756-8844

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Barbara Garcia, Director, Department of Public Health

Chief Greg Suhr, Police Department

Sheriff Ross Mirkarimi, Sheriff's Department Chief Wendy Still, Adult Probation Department Chief Allen Nance, Juvenile Probation Department

Jeff Adachi, Public Defender, Office of the Public Defender George Gascon, District Attorney, Office of the District Attorney

FROM:

Alisa Miller, Clerk, Rules Committee

Board of Supervisors

DATE:

June 18, 2014

SUBJECT: LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Rules Committee had the following proposed legislation transferred from Neighborhood Services and Safety Committee on June 11, 2014. This matter is being referred to your department for informational purposes.

File No. 140557

Ordinance amending the Health Code to authorize the implementation of court-ordered Assisted Outpatient Treatment for individuals with mental illness who meet the criteria established by California Welfare and Institutions Code, Sections 5345-5349.5 ("Laura's Law"); and making a finding that this authorization will not result in a reduction of current adult and juvenile mental health programs.

If you wish to submit any reports or documentation to be considered with the legislation, please send those to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

Greg Wagner, Department of Public Health C: Colleen Chawla, Department of Public Health Christine Fountain, Police Department Katherine Gorwood, Sheriff's Department Sharon Woo, Office of the District Attorney

President, District 3 BOARD of SUPERVISORS



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City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
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Fax No. 554-7454
TDD/TTY No. 544-5227

DAVID CHIU

邱信福 市参事會主席

PRESIDENTIAL ACTION				
Date:	6/11/2014			
To:	Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors			
Madam Cl	lerk,			
Pursuant t	to Board Rules, I am hereby:			
	Waiving 30-Day Rule (Board Rule No. 3.23)) TET		
	File No.	100		
	(Primary Sponsor)			
	Title Compared Rule No. 3.3)	4150		
X	Transferring (Board Rule No. 3.3)	70 00		
,	File No. 140557 Farrell			
	(Primary Sponsor)			
	Title. Health Code - Assisted Outpatient Treatment			
	From: Neighborhood Services & Safety Committee			
	To: Rules Committee			
	Assigning Temporary Committee Appointment (Board Rule No. 3.1)			
	Supervisor			
	Replacing Supervisor			
	For: (Committee) Meet	ing		

David Chiu, President Board of Supervisors Print Form

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor

Time stamp or meeting date I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one): \boxtimes 1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion, or Charter Amendment) 2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee. П 3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee. inquires" 4. Request for letter beginning "Supervisor 5. City Attorney request. 6. Call File No. from Committee. 7. Budget Analyst request (attach written motion). 8. Substitute Legislation File No. 9. Reactivate File No. 10. Question(s) submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following: **Small Business Commission** \Box ☐ Youth Commission ☐ Ethics Commission ☐ Planning Commission ☐ Building Inspection Commission Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use a Imperative Form. Sponsor(s): Supervisor Mark E. Farrell; Supervisors Scott Wiener, Katy Tang, and London Breed Subject: Health Code - Assisted Outpatient Treatment ("Laura's Law") The text is listed below or attached: Attached, Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:

For Clerk's Use Only: