File No	o. <u>240155</u>	Committee Item No. 2 Board Item No. 23
		Board item No. 23
	COMMITTEE/B	OARD OF SUPERVISORS
	AGENDA P	ACKET CONTENTS LIST
	ittee: Budget and Finance	
Board	of Supervisors Meeting	<b>Date</b> April 30, 2024
Cmte	Board	
	Motion	
	Resolution	
	<ul><li>Ordinance</li><li>Legislative Digest</li></ul>	
		ative Analyst Report
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	Introduction Form	Cover Letter and/or Depart
	⊠ Department/Agend □ MOU	y Cover Letter and/or Report
	Grant Information	Form
	Grant Budget	
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H	Form 126 – Ethics	
	Award Letter	
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OTHE	R (Use back side if a	dditional space is needed)
	Ex. A: Appropriation	s Funded by Proceeds of Taxes Subject to Limit
		ons Limit Calculation
	CON Presentation	
		4/24/2024
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 Date
 April 19, 2024

 Date
 April 25, 2024

Completed by: Brent Jalipa
Completed by: Brent Jalipa

1 [California Constitution Appropriations Limit for FY2023-2024]

2

3 Resolution establishing the appropriations limit established at \$11,678,040,780 for

- 4 Fiscal Year (FY) 2023-2024 pursuant to California Constitution, Article XIII B; due to
- 5 the addition of local non-residential new construction and the percent change in
- 6 population within the San Francisco Metropolitan Area from the previous year for the
- 7 purpose of computation of its Appropriations Limit.

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WHEREAS, Article XIII B of the California Constitution provides that the annual appropriations of the City and County of San Francisco, which are subject to said Article, may not exceed the Appropriations Limit for the prior year, with adjustments as provided in

12 said Article XIII B; and

WHEREAS, The California Government Code, Section 7901, defines the terms, and Section 7902(b) sets forth the equations to be used to determine the City and County of San Francisco's annual Appropriations Limit, according to the following formula:

(b) "...the appropriations limit of the state and each local jurisdiction shall equal the appropriations limit for the prior fiscal year multiplied by the product of the change in cost of living, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) of Section 8 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution, and the change in population of the local jurisdiction for the calendar year preceding the beginning of the fiscal year for which the appropriations limit is to be determined, and adjusted for other changes required or permitted by Article XIII B of the California Constitution;" and

WHEREAS, Article XIII B, Section 8(e)(2) of the California Constitution authorizes the calculation of the cost of living, either the use of the percentage change in California percapita personal income from the preceding year, or the use of the percentage change in the

1	local assessment roll from the preceding year for the jurisdiction due to the addition of local
2	non-residential new construction; and
3	WHEREAS, The change in California per-capita personal income in fiscal year 2022-
4	23 was 4.44%, while the percentage change in the local assessment roll in 2021 due to the
5	addition of local non-residential new construction was 9.74%; and
6	WHEREAS, Chapter 1222 of the California State Statutes of 1980 allows the City and
7	County of San Francisco to use the greater of its percentage change in population from the
8	preceding year or the percentage change of the Metropolitan Statistical Area population;
9	and
10	WHEREAS, The percentage change in population of the City and County of San
11	Francisco was -0.64%; and
12	WHEREAS, The percentage change in population during calendar year 2022 for the
13	San Francisco Metropolitan Statistical Area was -0.45%; and
14	WHEREAS, Article XIII B, Section 4 of the California Constitution authorizes voters to
15	approve an increase in the Appropriations Limit for up to four years; and
16	WHEREAS, Voters approved five measures, the Parcel Tax for San Francisco
17	Unified School District (Proposition J-November 2020), the Real Estate Transfer Tax
18	(Proposition I-November 2020), the Executive Compensation Tax (Proposition L-November
19	2020), the Business Tax Overhaul (Proposition F-November 2020), and the Residential
20	Vacancy Tax (Proposition M-November 2022), that increased the Appropriations Limit by
21	the aggregate sum collected by the levy of these taxes; and
22	WHEREAS, The aggregate sum collected by the levy of these taxes through fiscal
23	year 2023-24 is projected to be \$1,639,691,483; and
24	WHEREAS, Article XIII B, Sections 8(h) and 10.5 of the California Constitution
25	establish that the Base Appropriations Limit for a local government is equal to the

1	appropriations subject to limitation in fiscal year 1986-87; and
2	WHEREAS, The Base Appropriations Limit for fiscal year 2022-23 is \$9,188,742,541;
3	and
4	WHEREAS, The resulting calculation establishing the City and County of San
5	Francisco's fiscal year 2023-24 Appropriations Limit is:
6	$9,188,742,541 \times 0.9955 \times 1.0974 + 1,639,691,483 = 11,678,040,780$ ; and
7	WHEREAS, This matter has been considered at a regularly scheduled meeting of the
8	Board of Supervisors for the City and County of San Francisco; and
9	WHEREAS, The documentation used to determine the Appropriations Limit for the
10	City and County of San Francisco for FY2023-2024 was available for public inspection in
11	the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors for at least 15 days prior to said regularly
12	scheduled meeting; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco elects to use the percentage
14	change in the local assessment roll from 2022 due to the addition of local non-residential
15	new construction and the percent change in population within the San Francisco
16	Metropolitan Area from the previous year for the purpose of computation of its
17	Appropriations Limit pursuant to Article XIII B of the California Constitution for FY 2023-
18	2024; and, be it
19	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the net appropriations limit for FY 2023-2024 is
20	established at \$11,678,040,780.
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Item 2	Department:
File 24-0155	Controller's Office

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### **Legislative Objectives**

• The proposed resolution would establish the City's FY 2023-24 appropriations limit at \$11,678,040,780, as calculated by the Controller.

### **Key Points**

- The California Constitution places annual limits on the appropriations of tax proceeds made by the State, school districts, and local governments in California. The annual appropriations limit is based on the appropriations limit for the preceding fiscal year and adjusted for: (1) the change in population, and (2) the change in the cost of living. There are two definitions that local governments may use to calculate the cost-of-living adjustment: (a) the change in per capita personal income, or (b) the change in the local assessment roll due to the addition of non-residential new construction. The City is allowed to choose whichever percentage change is higher. In FY 2022-23, the growth in personal income was 4.44 percent and the roll growth due to nonresidential new construction was 9.74 percent. Consequently, the Controller's Office is using the non-residential construction growth for the cost-of-living factor to calculate the appropriations limit.
- The appropriations limit does not apply to tax proceeds appropriated for: (a) debt service, (b) payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and (c) qualified capital outlays.

#### **Fiscal Impact**

• The City's FY 2023-24 appropriations limit is \$11,678,040,780. The FY 2023-24 net tax proceeds of \$5,384,322,904 are \$6,293,717,876 less than the FY 2023-24 appropriations limit of \$11,678,040,780.

### **Policy Consideration**

• For the FY 2023-24 appropriations limit, the Controller elected to use the percentage change in the local assessment roll from the preceding year due to the addition of local nonresidential new construction to calculate the cost-of-living adjustment, consequently calculating the appropriations limit at \$11,678,040,780. Had the Controller elected to use the percentage change in per-capita personal income from the preceding year, the appropriations limit would have been calculated at \$11,193,228,941.

### Recommendation

Approve the proposed resolution.

# **MANDATE STATEMENT**

California Constitution Article XIIIB states that each local government must set annual appropriations limit as calculated using the preceding year's appropriations limit adjusted for: (1) the change in population and (2) the change in the cost of living.

### **BACKGROUND**

Proposition 4, known as the Gann Initiative and approved by California voters in November 1979, added Article XIIIB to the California Constitution. Article XIIIB (later amended by State Proposition 111, as approved by the voters in June 1990) places annual limits on the appropriation of tax proceeds made by the State, school districts, and local governments in California. The annual appropriations limit is based on the limit for the preceding fiscal year and adjusted for: (1) the change in population and (2) the change in the cost of living.

Per Article XIIIB Section 9 and California Government Code Section 7901, the appropriations limit does not apply to any tax proceeds appropriated for: (a) debt service, (b) federal mandates for Social Security and Medicare payroll taxes, (c) qualified capital outlays, and (d) other federal mandates.

### **Population Growth Factor**

California Government Code Section 7901(b) uses the prior calendar's population growth for the fiscal year for which the appropriations limit is determined. According to the California Department of Finance, between January 1, 2022 and January 1, 2023, the population growth of the nine-county Bay Area was -0.45 percent.<sup>1</sup>

### **Cost of Living Factor**

California Constitution Article XIIIB Section 8(e)2 allows the local government to use one of the two following definitions to calculate the cost-of-living adjustment:

**Definition 1:** The percentage change in California per-capita personal income from the preceding year, estimated to be 4.44 percent in FY 2022-23, or

**Definition 2:** The percentage change for the local jurisdiction in the assessment roll from the preceding year due to non-residential new construction, estimated to be 9.74 percent in 2022.

### **DETAILS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION**

The proposed resolution would establish the City's FY 2023-24 appropriations limit at \$11,678,040,780, as calculated by the Controller. The appropriations limit for FY 2023-24 is based on the amount of the FY 2022-23 appropriations limit and adjusted to reflect increases in: (1) the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 1222 of the California State Statutes of 1980 allows the City to use the greater of its percentage change in population from the preceding year or the percentage change of the nine-county Bay Area. The percentage change of the Bay Area population of -0.45 percent was less than the percentage change of the City's population of -0.64 percent.

population and (2) cost of living (calculated using the increase in the local assessment roll due to the addition of non-residential new construction).

### **FISCAL IMPACT**

### **Cost of Living Factor**

Cost of living is determined by using either the change in California per capita personal income or the increase in the local assessment roll due to the addition of non-residential new construction. According to the Controller's Office, the City may choose whichever percentage change is higher.

As mentioned above, in FY 2022-23, the growth in personal income was 4.44 percent and the roll growth due to nonresidential new construction was 9.74 percent. Consequently, the Controller's Office is using the non-residential construction growth for the cost-of-living factor to calculate the appropriations limit.

## **Appropriations Subject to Limit**

As mentioned above, the appropriations limit does not apply to tax proceeds appropriated for: (a) debt service, (b) payroll taxes for Social Security and Medicare, and (c) qualified capital outlays. Consequently, the Controller excluded \$775,458,252 from the City's total FY 2023-24 tax proceeds of \$6,159,781,156, as shown in Exhibit 1 below, resulting in net tax proceeds subject to the appropriations limit of \$5,384,322,904.

Exhibit 1: Tax Proceeds Subject to the Proposed Appropriations Limit

FY 2023-24 Total Tax Proceeds <sup>2</sup>	\$6,159,781,156
Exclusions	
(a) Debt Service	(471,661,843)
(b) Federal Mandate for Social Security/Medicare	(140,741,904)
(c) Qualified Capital Outlays	(163,054,504)
Subtotal Exclusions	\$775,458,251
FY 2023-24 Net Tax Proceeds Subject to Appropriations Limit	\$5,384,322,905

Source: Controller's Office

Article XIIIB lets voters approve an increase to the appropriations limit for up to four years. Recent tax increases have included language to increase the City's appropriation limit, including:: the Traffic Congestion Mitigation Tax (Proposition D in November 2019), the Vacancy Tax (Proposition D in March 2020), the Parcel Tax for San Francisco Unified School District (Proposition J in November 2020), the Real Estate Transfer Tax (Proposition I in November 2020), the Executive Compensation Tax (Proposition L in November 2020), the Business Tax Overhaul (Proposition F in November 2020), and the Residential Vacancy Tax (Proposition M in November 2022). These adjustments raise the FY 2023-24 appropriations limit by \$1,639,691,483.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes property taxes, business taxes, excess Education Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) revenues, other local taxes, interest, and state subventions.

As shown in Exhibit 2 below, the City's FY 2023-24 appropriations limit, as calculated by the Controller, is \$11,678,040,780. The FY 2023-24 net tax proceeds of \$5,384,322,904 are \$6,293,717,876 less than the FY 2023-24 appropriations limit of \$11,678,040,780.

Exhibit 2: Proposed FY 2023-24 Appropriations Limit

Base FY 2022-23 Appropriations Limit	\$9,188,742,541
Adjustment Factors	
Increase in Population	-0.45%
Roll Growth due to Nonresidential Construction	9.74%
Subtotal	\$10,038,349,297
Voter Approved Limit Changes	\$1,639,691,483
FY 2023-24 Appropriations Limit	\$11,678,040,780

Source: Controller's Office

### **POLICY CONSIDERATION**

As previously mentioned, the Controller has discretion to calculate the cost-of-living adjustment factor using one of two definitions:

**Definition 1:** The percentage change in California per-capita personal income from the preceding year, estimated to be 4.44 percent in FY 2022-23, or

**Definition 2:** The percentage change for the local jurisdiction in the assessment roll from the preceding year due to non-residential new construction, estimated to be 9.74 percent in 2022.

Exhibit 3 below shows the FY 2023-24 appropriations limit using both definitions.

Exhibit 3: FY 2023-24 Appropriations Limit by Definition

	Definition 1: Per Capita Personal Income	Definition 2: Local Assessment Roll from Non-Residential New Construction
FY 2022-23 Appropriations Limit	\$9,188,742,541	\$9,188,742,541
Adjustment Factors		
Increase in Population	-0.45%	-0.45%
Increase in Per-Capita Personal Income	4.44%	-
Increase in Local Assessment Roll		9.74%
Subtotal	\$9,553,537,458	\$10,038,349,297
Voter Approved Limit Changes	1,639,691,483	1,639,691,483
FY 2023-24 Appropriations Limit	\$11,193,228,941	\$11,678,040,780

For the FY 2023-24 appropriations limit, the Controller elected to use the percentage change in the local assessment roll from the preceding year due to the addition of local nonresidential new construction to calculate the cost-of-living adjustment, consequently calculating the appropriations limit at \$11,678,040,780, as shown in Exhibit 2 above. Had the Controller elected to use the percentage change in per-capita personal income from the preceding year, the

appropriations limit, as shown in Exhibit 3 above, would have been calculated at \$11,193,228,941, which is \$484,811,840 less than the proposed appropriations limit of \$11,678,040,780.

# **RECOMMENDATION**

Approve the proposed resolution.

# FY 2023-24 City and County of San Francisco Appropriations Limit

Budget and Finance Committee April 24, 2024



# **CITY & COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO**

Office of the Controller Budget and Analysis Division

# Background

California Propositions 4 (1979) and 98 (1988) amended the California Constitution to create the "Gann Limit," a limit on appropriations from tax proceeds.

- Certain appropriations are not subject to the Gann Limit, including qualified capital outlays, voter-approved debt, and federal mandates.
- The Gann Limit for the current fiscal year starts with the appropriations subject to limitation in the base year (1986-87) and inflates that amount each year by the percentage increases in population and cost of living.
- If a government exceeds the Gann Limit on average over two consecutive fiscal years, it is required to return the excess to taxpayers, usually by reducing taxes.

# Factors in the Annual Limit Increase

- The Gann Limit is increased each year by population growth and a cost-of-living factor, which is either the growth in California per capita personal income, or the percentage increase in the assessment rolls in the City due to new construction.
- In 2021, population growth in the City was -0.64% and -0.45% in the 9 Bay Area Counties. The City can choose whichever population growth is greater.
- The growth in California per capita personal income was 4.44% and the percentage increase in the assessment rolls due to new construction was 9.74%. The City can choose the greater of these two factors.
- The total percentage increase in the Gann Limit for this year is 9.25%

# Temporary, Voter-Approved Increases

- With voter approval, the Gann Limit can be increased for up to four years.
- In the past four years, voters approved five tax increases that included an increase: Parcel Tax for SFUSD, Real Estate Transfer Tax, Executive Compensation Tax, Business Tax Overhaul, and Residential Vacancy.
- These voter approvals raise the FY 2022-23 Gann Limit by \$1,636,691,483.

# Fiscal Year 2023-24 Appropriations Limit

• FY 2022-23 Base Limit:	\$9,188,742,541
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- 2022 Bay Area Population Increase: -0.45%
- 2022 Increase in Cost of Living: 9.74%
- Temporary Voter Approved Increase: \$1,639,691,483
- FY 2023-24 Limit: \$11,678,040,780

# **Appropriations Subject to Limit**

FY 2023-24 Estimated Total Tax Proceeds:	\$	6,159,781,156
Less Appropriations Excluded from the Limit:		
Voter-Approved Debt:	-\$	471,661,843
Qualified Capital Outlay:	-\$	163,054,504
Federal Mandates (FICA / ADA Compliance):	<u>-\$</u>	140,741,904
Net Tax Proceeds:	\$	5,384,322,904
FY 2023-24 Appropriations Limit:	\$	11,678,040,780
Net Tax Proceeds:		5,384,322,904
Amount Below Limit:		6,293,717,876

California Constitution Article XIIIB Appropriations Limit
Fiscal Year 2023-24 Final Budget
Exhibit A - Appropriations Funded by Proceeds of Taxes Subject to Limit

# Fiscal Year 2023-24

# **Proceeds of Taxes**

	General Fund	Ot	ther Governmental Funds	Total
Property Tax	\$ 2,144,940,000	\$	677,243,086	\$ 2,822,183,086
Excess ERAF	365,060,000		-	365,060,000
Business Tax	851,100,000		485,000,000	1,336,100,000
Other Local Taxes	1,147,880,000		55,469,000	1,203,349,000
Interest	85,266,670		22,952,400	108,219,070
State Subventions	323,650,000		1,220,000	324,870,000
Total Proceeds of Tax	\$ 4,917,896,670	\$	1,241,884,486	\$ 6,159,781,156

# **Excludable Appropriations**

Total Excludable Appropriations	\$ 775,458,252
Debt Service	471,661,843
Qualified Capital Outlays	163,054,504
FICA Expenditures	\$ 140,741,904

Net Proceeds of Taxes:	\$	5,384,322,904
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# **Appropriations Limit Calculation**

Appropriations Limit for FY 2023-24	\$	11,678,040,780
Temporary Voter Approved Overrides		1,639,691,483
Base Limit for FY 2023-24		10,038,349,297
Total Adjustment	9.25%	
Cost of Living Adjustment	9.74%	
Population Adjustment	-0.45%	
Base Limit for FY 2022-23		9,188,742,541

FY 2023-24 Appropriations Under (Over) Statutory Limit	\$ 6,293,717,876

# California Constitution Article XIIIB Appropriations Limit Fiscal Year 2023-24 Final Budget Exhibit B - Appropriations Limit Calculation

Cost of Living Factor: Use the maximum of CA Per-Capital Personal Income Change, or the percentage change in the local assessment roll from the preceding year for the jurisdiction due to the addition of local nonresidential new construction.

Cost of Living Change	9.74%
Roll Growth Due to New Nonresidential Construction	9.74%
CA Per-Capita Personal Income change	4.44%

Population Factor: Use the maximum of either CCSF population growth, or the population growth of the 9 bay area counties if it exceeds the Roll Growth cost of living factor.

Population Percentage Change	-0.45%
CCSF and Surrounding Counties	-0.45%
County of San Francisco	-0.64%

Calculation of Appropriations Limit: Inflate the prior year Base Gann Limit (i.e., before voter overrides) by the Cost of Living and Population factors above.

Appropriations Limit FY 2023-24	\$11,678,040,780
Voter approved Limit changes:	1,639,691,483
Base Appropriations Limit FY 2023-24	10,038,349,297
Population Growth Factor	0.99550
Cost of Living Growth Factor	1.09740
Base Appropriations Limit FY 2022-23	9,188,742,541



# OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER

# CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

Ben Rosenfield Controller Todd Rydstrom Deputy Controller

February 12, 2024

Mayor London Breed City and County of San Francisco City Hall, Room 200 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Board of Supervisors City and County of San Francisco City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: Appropriations Limit for Fiscal Year 2023-24

Dear Mayor Breed and Board Members:

In accordance with Article XIII B of the State Constitution, attached is the resolution establishing the City and County's annual appropriations limit for FY 2023-24. We estimate City and County appropriations are approximately \$6,294 million below the state-mandated appropriations limit.

# Background

Article XIII B of the State Constitution provides that annual appropriations of the City and County of San Francisco that are funded from "Proceeds of Taxes" may not exceed the City and County's appropriations limit. This limit is equal to the prior year's limit adjusted for changes in population and cost of living.

Our computation of proceeds of taxes is in accordance with California Government Code Section 7900 and conforms to "Article XIIIB California Constitution Appropriations Limit Procedure Guidelines for California Counties" prepared by the County Accounting Standards and Procedures Committee (See Exhibit A).

# **Annual Appropriations Limit Adjustments**

Each year the City and County of San Francisco adjusts its appropriations limit based upon two factors: population growth and the cost of living as determined by California Government Code. Population growth is determined using either the change in San Francisco City and County population or the change in the nine Bay Area counties. According to the California Department of Finance, between January 1, 2022 and January 1, 2023, San Francisco City and County population declined by 0.64% and the Bay Area counties declined by 0.45%. The maximum growth factor, -0.45%, is used in the calculation. Cost of living is determined using either the change in California per capita personal income or the increase in the local assessment roll due to the addition of non-residential new construction. The change in per capita income for fiscal year 2022-23 is 4.44%, while the local assessment growth in 2021 due to non-residential new construction is 9.74%. The fiscal year 2023-24 increase in local assessment growth is used in the appropriations limit calculation (See Exhibit B).

## Adjustments to Proceeds of Taxes

There are certain appropriations that are excluded from proceeds of taxes, as allowed by Article XIII B. The following exclusions are factored into our calculation of Net Proceeds of Taxes:

- (1) \$471.7 million is excluded as bonded indebtedness (Article XIII B, Section 9(a));
- (2) \$140.7 million is excluded as the federal mandate for Social Security and Medicare payroll taxes (Article XIII B, Section 9(b)); and,
- (3) \$163.0 million is excluded under the determination of "qualified capital outlay" (Article XIII B Section 9(e)).

### Adjustments to the Appropriations Limit

Article XIII B allows voters to approve an increase to the appropriations limit for up to four years. In the past four years, voters approved seven measures that included increases to the appropriations limit: the Parcel Tax for San Francisco Unified School District (Proposition J-November 2020), the Real Estate Transfer Tax (Proposition I-November 2020), the Executive Compensation Tax (Proposition L-November 2020), the Business Tax Overhaul (Proposition F-November 2020); and the Residential Vacancy Tax (Proposition M-November 2022. This adjustment raises the FY 2023-24 appropriations limit by \$1,693.7 million.

# City and County Appropriations are under the Limit

The appropriations limit for FY 2023-24 is \$11,678,040,780. We estimate that appropriations subject to limitation will be \$5,384,322,904. Thus, the Controller projects that the City and County will be \$6,293,717,876 below its limit in the current fiscal year.

It is the Controller's responsibility to monitor this appropriations limit each year for compliance. If the sum of adjusted appropriations for two consecutive fiscal years exceeds the sum of the appropriations

limits for those two fiscal years, the excess must be returned to the taxpayers in the two subsequent fiscal years.

Sincerely,

/s/

Ben Rosenfield Controller

# Attachments

cc: Anna Duning, Mayor's Budget Director

David Chiu, City Attorney

Jon Givner, Deputy City Attorney Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board Harvey Rose, Budget Analyst



# OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER

# CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

Ben Rosenfield Controller Todd Rydstrom Deputy Controller

February 12, 2024

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board of Supervisors City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: Legislation to Establish the Appropriations Limit for Fiscal Year 2023-24,

Pursuant to California Constitution Article XIIIB.

Dear Ms. Calvillo:

Enclosed is the above referenced resolution to set the City and County's appropriations limit for Fiscal Year 2023-24, as required by Government Code Section 7910. The necessary supporting documentation prepared by the Controller's Office is also enclosed.

This information must be posted and available for public inspection for fifteen days prior to a public hearing. Our working papers are available upon request at the Controller's Office, Room 316.

Please contact Michelle Allersma at (415) 554-4792 if you have any further questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

/s/

Ben Rosenfield Controller

Enclosures 1) California Spending Limit Resolution

2) Transmittal to Mayor and Board of Supervisors

3) Supporting Documents - Exhibits