

1 [Administrative Code - Restrictions on Use of City Property]

2

3 **Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to prohibit the use of City property**  
 4 **without the City's authorization, except for uses traditionally available to the public**  
 5 **without authorization; prohibit any City official or employee from authorizing the use of**  
 6 **City property if that use would disrupt City operations or discourage access to City**  
 7 **services, unless the use furthers a City purpose; stating that civil immigration**  
 8 **enforcement is not a City purpose; and authorizing the City Attorney to bring a cause**  
 9 **of action against anyone that uses City property for an unlawful or unauthorized**  
 10 **purpose.**

11 NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain Arial font.  
 12 **Additions to Codes** are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*.  
 13 **Deletions to Codes** are in *strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*.  
 14 **Board amendment additions** are in double-underlined Arial font.  
 15 **Board amendment deletions** are in ~~strikethrough Arial font~~.  
 16 **Asterisks (\* \* \* \*)** indicate the omission of unchanged Code  
 17 subsections or parts of tables.

18 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

19 Section 1. Findings.

20 As set forth in the preamble to the City Charter, the City's mission is to improve the  
 21 quality of urban life; to encourage the participation of all persons and all sectors in the affairs  
 22 of the City; to enable municipal government to meet the needs of the people effectively and  
 23 efficiently; to provide for accountability and ethics in public service; to foster social harmony  
 24 and cohesion; and to assure equality of opportunity for every resident.

25 To further this mission, the City invests in and maintains substantial resources,  
 including real and personal property, to support and administer duly authorized public  
 programs such as health care, education, transportation, emergency response, housing,

1 public safety, workforce and business development, and other essential municipal services.  
2 City facilities are critical access points relied upon by all residents, and preserving their safety,  
3 accessibility, and operational continuity, is a matter of practical necessity and fiscal  
4 responsibility.

5 City law has long prohibited City officials from using City resources to assist in the  
6 enforcement of federal immigration laws, except in narrowly defined circumstances.  
7 Consistent with the City's mission, the purpose of that prohibition is to encourage the  
8 participation of all persons in the affairs of the City. To investigate and solve crimes, fight  
9 fires, provide emergency assistance, and deliver comprehensive public health programs,  
10 among other things, the City needs the cooperation and involvement of all City residents,  
11 regardless of citizenship status. If the City were to assist with the enforcement of federal  
12 immigration laws, including permitting the use of City property to conduct enforcement, it  
13 would unquestionably discourage that critical cooperation and involvement.

14 Substantial evidence from major cities across the country demonstrates that recent  
15 surges in immigration enforcement activity discourage participation in the affairs of those  
16 cities, which disrupts municipal operations, creates public health and safety risks, and  
17 depresses commercial activity. National surveys conducted by the Urban Institute found that  
18 roughly one in six adults in immigrant families avoided public programs or facilities because of  
19 immigration-related fears. Community-based organizations in cities experiencing recent  
20 immigration raids have reported reduced engagement in public life, with many residents  
21 unwilling to access essential services such as health care, libraries, and workforce centers, as  
22 well as public events.

23 In Southern California, following reports of increased immigration enforcement activity  
24 near medical sites, health clinics reported no-show rates climbing from approximately 9% to  
25 more than 30 % with residents skipping medical appointments, vaccinations, and pharmacy

1 visits. Los Angeles County’s main hospital reported that even threats of enforcement activity  
2 near the hospital discouraged access and thereby jeopardized community health. Also in Los  
3 Angeles County, St. John’s Community Health, a major nonprofit health-care provider,  
4 reported that immigration enforcement activity at a mobile clinic site caused immediate service  
5 interruptions.

6 Schools and programs serving youth have recently experienced similar disruptions. In  
7 Los Angeles, following reports of increased immigration enforcement near campuses, families  
8 avoided school events, including graduation ceremonies. In Chicago, federal activity near  
9 public school facilities prompted school lockdowns and the suspension of after-school  
10 activities, as families reported fear and confusion about the presence of federal agents on or  
11 near school campuses. At Chicago’s Funston Elementary School, students on the playground  
12 were rushed inside after federal agents deployed tear gas across the street, and recess was  
13 canceled for the day.

14 The Economic Policy Institute reported that intensified immigration enforcement  
15 increases workplace disruptions, employee turnover, and uncertainty for employers, with  
16 adverse spillover effects on local economies that depend on a stable workforce and consumer  
17 spending. A July 2025 study found that in California, recent surges in immigration  
18 enforcement had caused a sharper decline in workforce participation than any event in the  
19 past 40 years other than the Great Recession of 2008-09 and the COVID-19 pandemic. In  
20 Washington, D.C., officials observed that workers in neighborhoods impacted by increased  
21 immigration enforcement stopped reporting to job sites, adversely affecting the hospitality  
22 industry, tourism, and construction. These burdens translate into lost productivity for workers  
23 and businesses, and fiscal strain for local jurisdictions.

24 Recent increases in enforcement activity also have carried economic and operational  
25 consequences for local business owners, and ultimately local governments. News reports

1 from Chicago’s Little Village and Back of the Yards neighborhoods have documented  
2 merchants locking their doors and shortening their hours during enforcement sweeps, leading  
3 to losses in sales, local tax receipts, and neighborhood vitality. In Los Angeles County,  
4 federal immigration actions destabilized businesses and disrupted county service delivery,  
5 leading the Board of Supervisors to declare a Local Emergency and to allocate resources to  
6 restore community access and economic stability.

7 Immigration enforcement on City property also generates acute public-safety risks.  
8 The City has devoted substantial resources to enhancing public safety and as a result has  
9 seen a recent 30% drop in crime. Effective public safety requires the cooperation of all City  
10 residents, one third of whom are immigrants. The City’s efforts to reduce crime and protect  
11 public safety will be undermined if federal officers are operating on City property, blurring the  
12 lines between local policing and immigration enforcement, and thereby discouraging  
13 cooperation with local law enforcement.

14 The ordinance is not intended to and does not amend any existing City laws governing  
15 permitting or licensing of City property. The ordinance is not intended to and does not  
16 interfere with or obstruct lawful immigration enforcement. Federal immigration enforcement  
17 officers regularly carry out immigration enforcement in the City. The purpose of this ordinance  
18 is to preserve City resources for programs and services that further the City’s mission and to  
19 ensure that the use of City property does not undermine that mission by discouraging  
20 residents’ participation in the City’s affairs.

21 City Departments are encouraged to provide training to their employees on the scope  
22 and limits of this ordinance.

23  
24 Section 2. Chapter 4 of the Administrative Code is hereby amended by revising  
25 Section 4.19 to read as follows:

1           **SEC. 4.19. USE OF CITY PROPERTY.**

2           (a) No person or entity may use ~~Real~~ and personal property belonging to, or subject  
3 to the control of, any City and County department, board, commission, or ~~other~~ authority  
4 (hereinafter “the City”) unless the use shall only be used to advance or promote public programs  
5 or other purposes authorized by the City and the City has ~~which have been duly~~ authorized the use by  
6 the appropriate public agency.

7           (b) No City official, employee, department, board, commission, or other authority shall  
8 authorize the use of any real or personal property subject to the control or jurisdiction of the City if the  
9 use will disrupt City operations or discourage access to City services, unless the use furthers a City  
10 purpose.

11           (c) The use of real or personal property to assist in the enforcement of Federal immigration  
12 law is not a City purpose.

13           (d) The use of real or personal property shall mean the right to occupy or use the property,  
14 to the exclusion of others, and shall include but not be limited to a license, permit to enter, use permit,  
15 or other similar instrument. It shall not mean non-exclusive access or use of the City’s property  
16 traditionally open and available to the public where that access or use is on the same terms as  
17 members of the public and does not disrupt City operations.

18           (e) Upon finding that a City and County official or employee has engaged in  
19 activities prohibited by this Section 4.19, that official or employee shall be subject to  
20 disciplinary action in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Charter.

21           (f) Nothing in this Section 4.19 shall be construed to interfere with or inhibit any exercise  
22 of the constitutionally protected rights of freedom of speech or assembly or to prevent the use of, or  
23 access to, City property as required by law.

24           (g) The City Attorney is authorized to bring a cause of action against any person or entity  
25 that violates this Section 4.19 by using City property for an unlawful or unauthorized purpose.

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25

Section 3. No Conflict with Federal or State Law. Nothing in this ordinance shall be interpreted or applied to create any requirement, power, or duty in conflict with any federal or state law.

Section 4. No Conflict with Existing Property Interest or Agreements. Nothing in this ordinance shall be interpreted or applied to affect or interfere with any property interest or agreement, including but not limited to amendments to those agreements, deeds, easements, leases, licenses, or permits, to occupy or use City real or personal property that is entered into or effective before the effective date of this ordinance.

Section 5. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles, numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the “Note” that appears under the official title of the ordinance.

Section 6. Undertaking for the General Welfare. In enacting and implementing this ordinance, the City is assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach proximately caused injury.

Section 7. Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word

