[Japanese American Day of Remembrance.]

Resolution proclaiming February 19, 2002 "Japanese American Day of Remembrance" in the City and County of San Francisco commemorating the struggles of Japanese Americans during the internment of 1942.

WHEREAS, Sixty years ago today, on February 19, 1942, President Franklin Delano Roosevelt signed executive order 9066, which authorized the U.S. Government to force Japanese Americans and legal residents from their homes and into internment camps during World War II out of fear that they were capable of committing acts of treason and espionage; and,

WHEREAS, More than 120,000 Americans of Japanese descent living on the West Coast were incarcerated in 10 internment camps and numerous other relocation camps located in desert and swampland areas of the United States for the duration of World War II; and,

WHEREAS, Denied due process of law, these Japanese Americans were forced to evacuate their homes and leave their jobs; and,

WHEREAS, In some cases family members were separated and put into different camps, behind barbed wire and surrounded by armed guards, with inadequate medical care and schools; and,

WHEREAS, These camps were constructed in rural areas where harsh temperatures, desert and swamp-like environments made living difficult in hastily built barracks where the Japanese Americans lived for up to three years without privacy or adequate protection from the harsh physical environment; and,

WHEREAS, Executive Order 9066 was at the time justified as a "military necessity" to protect against domestic espionage and sabotage, a Presidential, blue-ribbon commission in 1979 found that the events of this unprecedented chapter in American history "were motivated largely by racial prejudice, wartime hysteria, and a failure of political leadership"; and,

WHEREAS, In 1988 more than forty years after Executive Order 9066 was signed, the U.S. government finally acknowledged the mistake it made, when Congress passed and President Ronald Reagan signed the Civil Liberties Act of 1988, which made a formal apology to interned Japanese Americans and mandated that each survivor be paid \$20,000 in reparations, and that an education fund would be established to ensure that this incident never be repeated in American history; now, therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco does hereby declare February 19, 2002 a "Japanese American Day of Remembrance" commemorating the struggles of Japanese Americans during the internment of 1942.



## City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

## Resolution

File Number:	020289	Date Passed:
Resolution procla County of San Fr of 1942.	aiming February 19, 2 ancisco commemora	2002 "Japanese American Day of Remembrance" in the City and atting the struggles of Japanese Americans during the internment
February 19, 200	D2 Board of Supervis	sors — ADOPTED
	Ayes: 10 - Ammi Sandoval, Yee Absent: 1 - News	ano, Daly, Gonzalez, Hall, Leno, Maxwell, McGoldrick, Peskin, om
	File No. 020289	I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED on February 19, 2002 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.
		Gregoire Hobson
		Acting Clerk of the Board
	MAR () 1 2002	

Date Approved