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COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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Supervisors DUFTY, CAMPOS BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

[Requesting that the Prohibition on Gay Men Donating Blood be Revised]

Resolution calling upon the United States Food and Drug Administration to revise their longstanding prohibition on gay men donating blood.

WHEREAS, The United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is responsible for protecting the public health; and

WHEREAS, Inasmuch, the FDA regulates blood donation in the United States and explicitly bars any man who has had sex with another man, at any time since 1977, from donating blood; and

WHEREAS, The FDA justifies this policy by citing that 1977 was the beginning of the United States' AIDS epidemic and that men who have sex with men (MSM) are at a greater risk of HIV, hepatitis B and other infections that can be transmitted by transfusion; and

WHEREAS, This lifetime restriction on men who have had sex with men even once since 1977, from donating blood fails to consider the individual's HIV status and represents the FDA's policy since 1982; and

WHEREAS, The only other groups on the FDA's lifetime deferral list for blood donation are intravenous drug users, people who have received animal tissue or organs, people who traveled to or live in certain countries due to the risk of transmitting malaria or variant Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (vCJD) and people who had sex for drugs or money; and

WHEREAS, The FDA last reconsidered this issue in 2006 but decided not to alter its existing policy; and

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WHEREAS, Despite the FDA's lifetime ban on MSM, nationally, an individual needs a life-saving blood transfusion once every 3 seconds; and

WHEREAS, Yet, while 60 percent of Americans are eligible to donate blood, on average less than 5 percent of people actually donate; and

WHEREAS, A single blood donation can save 3 lives, following component separation; and

WHEREAS, Recipients of blood donation include cancer patients, accident, burn and trauma victims, new born babies, transplant patients, mothers delivering babies, surgery patients, chronically transfused patients suffering from sickle cell disease or thalassemia, among others in need; and

WHEREAS, Limiting the population of potential blood donors leaves numerous vulnerable individuals in need of receiving life-saving blood; and

WHEREAS, The Gay Men's Health Crisis (GMHC) recently released a report entitled "A Drive for Change: Reforming U.S. Blood Donation Policies;" and

WHEREAS, This report advocates for a revision on the lifetime restriction of MSM from donating blood and cite both action taken by other countries and advances in medicine and blood screening; and

WHEREAS, South Africa, Argentina, Australia, Hungary, Japan, Sweden, New Zealand have all imposed a time period in which an MSM must wait before being allowed to donate, while Russia completely lifted the ban; and

WHEREAS, Other countries, such as Italy, Spain and France screen potential donors for high-risk sexual practices, rather than MSM behavior, and as such these countries defer all individuals who have engaged in risky sexual behavior; and

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WHEREAS, GMHC's report also indicates that advancements in medical technology and blood screening lend further credence that the risk is minimal; and

WHEREAS, There are two methods of testing for HIV, the antibody test and the nucleic acid test, and both tests seek to determine whether the individual is infected with HIV and the nucleic test allows for a significantly shorter window period, the period when HIV is undetectable, of approximately 9 to 11 days; and

WHEREAS, The FDA recently announced that they will reexamine the restrictions on blood donation by gay men and that the United States Department of Health and Human Services' blood safety committee will look into this issue in June; and

WHEREAS, Numerous public health groups including the American Red Cross, the American Association of Blood Banks, America's Blood Centers, the American Medical Association and the GMHC and leading LGBT organizations have urged that the FDA's lifetime restriction be revised; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That San Francisco Board of Supervisors calls upon the United States Food and Drug Administration to revise their longstanding prohibition on gay men donating blood and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors hereby directs the Clerk to send a copy of this resolution to the FDA and the White House.

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