File No	240174	Committee Item No	2
		Board Item No.	

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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Committee:	Rules Committee	Date April 15, 2024
Board of Su	pervisors Meeting	Date
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OTHER	(Use back side if additional space	is needed)
Completed k	oy: Victor Young	Date _April 11, 2024 Date

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[Administrative, Municipal Elections Codes - General Obligation Bond Passthroughs] 1 2 3 Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to provide that the general obligation 4 bond passthrough from landlords to tenants shall be calculated based on the amount the property tax rate has increased due to general obligation bonds since the tenant's 5 6 move-in date or 2005, whichever is later; and to allow tenants to seek relief from 7 general obligation bond passthroughs based on financial hardship. 8 9 NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain Arial font. **Additions to Codes** are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*. 10 **Deletions to Codes** are in *strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*. **Board amendment additions** are in double-underlined Arial font. 11 Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font. Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code 12 subsections or parts of tables. 13 14 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco: 15 16 Section 1. Purpose and Findings. 17 (a) City law allows landlords to pass through to residential tenants a portion of any property tax increases that result from the issuance of certain types of general obligation 18

- (a) City law allows landlords to pass through to residential tenants a portion of any property tax increases that result from the issuance of certain types of general obligation bonds. The purpose of this law has been to reflect a compromise that landlords and tenants should equally share the burden of any property tax increases that result from the issuance of these bonds. And so, except in cases involving certain older general obligation bonds, the general rule is that landlords may pass through to tenants up to 50% of the change in property taxes that landlords may pay as a result of the bonds.
- (b) Since approximately 2006, the City has followed a general obligation bond debt management policy that seeks to prevent City general obligation bonds from resulting in an

- increase to the property tax rate from the prior year. By and large this policy has achieved that aim, and yet, the City has been authorizing passthroughs based on the costs of individual bonds in isolation and without regard to the policy and whether those bond issuances actually resulted in any property tax increase. If landlords and tenants are to share the burden of property tax increases that result from general obligation bond debt, so too should they equally benefit from the City's debt management policies.
 - (c) A further issue is that because landlords have the right to set the initial rent at the start of a new tenancy, landlords already have the opportunity when they set the rent to cover their existing property tax costs. If these costs are priced into the starting rent, then allowing a passthrough of these costs creates a potential for double recovery, and moreover the City's debt management policy has helped keep the property tax rate relatively stable despite subsequent bonds. As a result, it is fair and consistent with the purpose of the passthrough for the passthrough to only cover property tax increases that arose after the tenant's move-in due to general obligation bonds, which are not already included in the rent. In the case of tenants who moved in before the City adopted its debt management policy, it is appropriate to measure the change in property tax rate relative to the property tax rate in 2005.
 - (d) The City's failure to account for these factors has led to a growing and unintended disparity. As noted above, the intent of the general obligation bond passthrough was to allow landlords to pass through up to 50% of any increases in the property tax rate that resulted from the bonds. But since 2005-2006, the portion of the property tax rate that corresponds to these bonds has risen about 18%, compared to a 216% increase in the tenant passthrough rate. And the passthrough rates consider bonds whose costs may already have been priced into a tenant's starting rent, in any event.
 - (e) For the foregoing reasons, the Board of Supervisors finds it is necessary and in the public interest to update the Rent Ordinance to ensure it reflects the reality of the City's

1	debt management policy and the true intent of the general obligation bond passthrough. To
2	ensure fairness, the Board finds that this update should occur prospectively as of July 1,
3	2024, without affecting or impairing the validity of any passthroughs imposed prior to that
4	date.

Section 2. Article VII of Chapter 2 of the Administrative Code is hereby amended by revising Section 2.40, to read as follows:

SEC. 2.40. INCLUSION OF LANDLORD PASSTHROUGH LANGUAGE.

Any proposal for bonded indebtedness submitted pursuant to this Article <u>VII</u> shall include, as a provision of the ordinance submitting such proposal to the voters, language incorporating and authorizing the <u>50 percent</u> passthrough of the change in a landlord's property tax resulting from the repayment of such indebtedness as provided in Administrative Code Section 37.3(a)(6).

* * * *

Section 3. Article V of the Municipal Elections Code is hereby amended by revising Section 520, to read as follows:

SEC. 520. CONTROLLER'S FINANCIAL ANALYSIS.

(a) The Controller shall prepare an impartial financial analysis of each measure submitted to the voters. The Controller's financial analysis shall include the amount of any increase or decrease in the cost of City and County government. The Controller's financial analysis shall also include the effect of the measure upon the tax rate.

For any general obligation bond measure placed on the ballot, the Controller's financial analysis shall include an explanation of the City's legal debt limit, as well as the impact of the proposed bond measure on that limit. The Controller's financial analysis for a

1 general obligation bond measure placed on the ballot, including general obligation bond

2 measures submitted by the San Francisco Unified School District or San Francisco

Community College District, also shall include an explanation of the 50 percent passthrough of

the change in a landlord's property tax resulting from the repayment of such indebtedness

provided in Administrative Code Section 37.3(a)(6), and an explanation estimate of the impact of

that passthrough <u>as it relates to under</u> the proposed bond measure.

* * * *

Section 4. Chapter 37 of the Administrative Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 37.2. and 37.3, to read as follows:

SEC. 37.2. DEFINITIONS.

12 * * *

(q) **Rent Increases.** Any additional monies demanded or paid for rent as defined in item (p) above, or any reduction in housing services without a corresponding reduction in the monies demanded or paid for rent; provided, however, that *passthroughs of the following cost increases do not constitute rent increases*: (1) where the landlord has been paying the tenant's utilities and the cost of those utilities increases, *the landlord's passing through to the tenant of such increased costs pursuant to this Chapter does not constitute a rent increase*; (2) where *the landlord is passing through to the tenant the there has been a*-change in the landlord's property tax attributable to a general obligation bond *approved by the voters between November 1, 1996 and November 30, 1998, or after November 14, 2002, the landlord's passing through to the tenant of such increased costs* in accordance with *this Chapter (see as*-Section 37.3(a)(6)) does not constitute a rent increase; (3) where there has been a change in the landlord's property tax attributable to a San Francisco Unified School District or San Francisco Community College District general obligation bond approved by the voters after November 1, 2006, the landlord's passing through to the tenant of such increased costs in

1	accordance with this Chapter (see Section 37.3(a)(6)) does not constitute a rent increase; and, (4); and
2	(3) where the landlord is passing through to the tenant where water bill charges are attributable to
3	water rate increases resulting from issuance of water revenue bonds authorized at the
4	November 5, 2002 election, the landlord's passing through to the tenant of such increased costs in
5	accordance with this Chapter (see Section 37.3(a)(5)(B)) does not constitute a rent increase.
6	* * * *
7	
8	SEC. 37.3. RENT LIMITATIONS.
9	(a) Rent Increase Limitations for Tenants in Occupancy. Landlords may impose
10	rent increases upon tenants in occupancy only as provided below and as provided by
11	subsections 37.3(d) and 37.3(g):
12	* * * *
13	(6) Property Tax.
14	(A) Effective July 1, 2024, aA landlord may impose increases based upon a
15	100% passthrough of the change in the landlord's property tax resulting from the repayment of
16	general obligation bonds of the City and County of San Francisco approved by the voters
17	between November 1, 1996, and November 30, 1998; a 50% passthrough of the change in the
18	landlord's property tax resulting from the repayment of general obligation bonds of the City and
19	County of San Francisco approved by the voters after November 14, 2002; and as provided in Section
20	37.2(q).
21	— A landlord may impose increases based upon a 50% passthrough of the change in the
22	landlord's property tax resulting from the repayment of San Francisco Unified School District
23	or San Francisco Community College District general obligation bonds approved by the voters
24	after November 1, 2006. General obligation bonds that meet the criteria set forth in the previous
25	sentence are referred to herein as "Eligible Bonds;" provided, however, that a general obligation bond

1	approved after December 20, 2000 may qualify as an Eligible Bond only if the passthrough was
2	disclosed and approved by the voters. The City and County of San Francisco, San Francisco Unified
3	School District, and San Francisco Community College District are referred to collectively as "the
4	Issuing Entities."
5	To pass through the change in property tax resulting from the repayment of Eligible Bonds, the
6	landlord shall calculate said change relative to the amount that the property tax rate increased due to
7	the repayment of Eligible Bonds since each tenancy commenced, or 2005, whichever is later ("the Base
8	Year"), as set forth in subsection (a)(6)(B). The amount of such increases shall be determined for each
9	tax year as follows:
10	(B)(A) The Controller and the Board of Supervisors will first determine the
11	percentage of the property tax rate, if any, in each tax year attributable to the general obligation
12	bonds of any of the Issuing Entities ("the General Obligation Bond Factor") for each and repayable
13	within such tax year. The passthrough rate for an individual tenant (the "Tenant Passthrough Rate")
14	shall be based on the amount that the General Obligation Bond Factor for the current year has
15	increased since the tenant's Base Year; and the degree to which said increase, if any, is attributable to
16	Eligible Bonds, as measured by the ratio of debt service for the Eligible Bonds compared to the total
17	debt service attributable to general obligation bonds of the Issuing Entities. The resulting figure shall
18	then be discounted to reflect the specific percentage passthroughs for each of the Eligible Bonds as
19	specified in subsection (A). The Controller shall prepare and annually update a form to help landlords
20	and tenants calculate the Tenant Passthrough Rates. The Controller's authority to interpret and
21	administer this calculation shall be liberally construed to further the purposes of this subsection (a)(6).
22	$\underline{(C)(B)}$ To calculate the amount of increased property tax that the landlord
23	can pass through to a tenant in any given year, the landlord shall divide This percentage shall be
24	multiplied by the total amount of the net taxable value as of November 1 of the applicable tax
25	year by the total number of all units in the property, including commercial units; and shall multiply the

1	<u>resulting figure by the applicable Tenant Passthrough Rate</u> . The result is the dollar amount of
2	increased property taxes for that tax year for a particular property attributable to the repayment
3	of the general obligation bonds Eligible Bonds that the landlord may pass through to the tenant.
4	(D)(C) The dollar amount calculated under subsection (a)(6) $(C)(B)$ shall
5	be divided by the total number of all units in each property, including commercial units. That figure
6	shall also be discounted to reflect the percentage passthrough that the voters authorized, as applicable
7	specifically, in the case of the 50% passthroughs authorized for general obligation bonds of the City
8	and County of San Francisco approved by the voters after November 14, 2002 and general obligation
9	bonds of the San Francisco Unified School District or San Francisco Community College District
10	approved by the voters after November 1, 2006, the figure shall be divided by two. The figure shall
11	then be divided by the total number of months that the passthrough may apply pursuant to
12	subsection (a)(6) $\underline{(E)(D)}$ (i), to determine the monthly per unit costs for that tax year of the
13	repayment of general obligation bonds.
14	$\underline{(E)(D)}$ Landlords may pass through to each unit in a particular property
15	the dollar amount calculated under subsections (a)(6)(A) $\underline{-(D)}$, $\underline{-(D)}$, $\underline{-(B)}$, and $\underline{-(C)}$, as provided in this
16	subsection (a)(6) $(E)(D)$.
17	(i) If a passthrough is imposed on or before December 31, 2020, it shall
18	apply only for the 12-month period after it is imposed. Starting January 1, 2021, aAll passthroughs
19	shall apply for the same number of months covered by the property tax bills used in the
20	passthrough calculation, and the calculation may not be based on tax bills issued more than
21	three years prior to the year in which the passthrough was imposed.
22	(ii) The landlord shall give affected tenants notice of the
23	passthrough as provided by applicable notice of rent increase provisions of this Chapter 37,
24	including but not limited to Section 37.3(b)(3). The passthroughs may be imposed at any time
25	in the calendar year, provided that the landlord serves notice of such passthrough to be

effective on the anniversary date of each tenant's occupancy of the property. The passthroughs shall not become a part of a tenant's base rent. The amount of each passthrough imposed pursuant to this subsection (a)(6) may vary from year-to-year, depending on the amount calculated by the Controllerunder subsections (a)(6)(A), (B), and (C). A landlord may impose the passthroughs described in this subsection (a)(6) for a particular tax year only with respect to those tenants who were residents of a particular property on November 1 of the applicable tax year. A landlord shall not impose a passthrough pursuant to this subsection (a)(6) if the landlord has filed for or received Board approval for a rent increase under Section 37.8(e)(4) for increased operating and maintenance expenses in which the same increase in property taxes due to the repayment of general obligation bonds was included in the comparison year cost totals.

(a)(6) may file a financial hardship application with the Board, and the Board may grant the tenant complete or partial relief from *that part of* the passthrough *that is attributable to general obligation bonds approved by the voters on or after November 5, 2019*. The standards and procedures for the financial hardship application shall be as set forth in Sections 37.7(h)-(i).

(G)(F) The Board will have available a form which explains how to calculate the passthrough. Landlords must provide to tenants, on or before the date that notice is served on the tenant of a passthrough permitted under this subsection (a)(6), a copy of the completed form. Landlords shall provide their tenants the This—completed forms shall be provided in addition to the Notice of Rent Increase required under Section 37.3(b), and shall file copies of the completed forms with the Board. Where a tenant alleges that a landlord has imposed a charge which exceeds the limitations set forth in this subsection (a)(6), the tenant may petition for a hearing under the procedures provided by Section 37.8. In such a hearing, the landlord shall have the burden of proving the accuracy of the calculation that is the basis for

1	the increase. Any tenant petitions challenging such a passthrough must be filed within one
2	year of the effective date of the passthrough.
3	(H)(G) The Board and the Controller may amend their its rules and
4	regulations as necessary to implement this \S subsection (a)(6).
5	* * * *
6	
7	Section 5. Effective and Operative Dates.
8	(a) This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs
9	when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not
10	sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the
1	Mayor's veto of the ordinance.
12	(b) This ordinance shall become operative on its effective date or on July 1, 2024,
13	whichever is later.
14	
15	Section 6. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
16	intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
17	numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
18	Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment
19	additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under
20	the official title of the ordinance.
21	
22	Section 7. Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of
23	this ordinance, or any application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid
24	or unconstitutional by a decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not

affect the validity of the remaining portions or applications of the ordinance. The Board of

25

1	Supervisors hereby declares that it would have passed this ordinance and each and every
2	section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, and word not declared invalid or
3	unconstitutional without regard to whether any other portion of this ordinance or application
4	thereof would be subsequently declared invalid or unconstitutional
5	
6	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
7	DAVID CHIU, City Attorney
8	By: /s/
9	MANU PRADHAN Deputy City Attorney
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LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Administrative, Municipal Elections Codes - General Obligation Bond Passthroughs]

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to provide that the general obligation bond passthrough from landlords to tenants shall be calculated based on the amount the property tax rate has increased due to general obligation bonds since the tenant's move-in date or 2005, whichever is later; and to allow tenants to seek relief from general obligation bond passthroughs based on financial hardship.

Existing Law

The Rent Ordinance limits rent increases on residential tenants, but allows landlords to "pass through" to their tenants a portion of the change in the property taxes that is the result of the repayment of certain categories of general obligation bonds ("Eligible Bonds"). Specifically, landlords can pass through 100% of the change in property tax resulting from bonds issued by the City between 1996-98; 50% of the change resulting from bonds issued by the City after 2002; and 50% of the change resulting from bonds issued by the San Francisco Unified School District or the San Francisco Community College District after 2006. The Controller calculates a Citywide passthrough rate each year, based on the amount of the property tax rate in that year that is attributable to Eligible Bonds. Landlords can use the passthrough rate to determine the amount of property tax costs they can pass through to their tenants.

A tenant who has received a passthrough may file a financial hardship application with the Rent Board as to that part of the passthrough that is attributable to Eligible Bonds approved on or after November 5, 2019.

Amendments to Current Law

The ordinance would modify how the Controller calculates the tenant passthrough rates. Rather than use a standard passthrough rate for all tenants based on the aggregate cost of the Eligible Bonds under repayment, landlords would identify a specific passthrough rate for each tenant. Each tenant's passthrough rate would be based on a comparison of how much the portion of the property tax rate that pays for general obligation bonds of the three bondissuing entities (the "General Obligation Bond Factor") had increased between the current year, and the year that tenant moved into the unit or 2005, whichever is later ("the Base Year"). If the current year's General Obligation Bond Factor was not higher than it was in the tenant's Base Year, then there would be no increase to pass through to that tenant. But if the General Obligation Bond Factor had increased since the tenant's Base Year, the landlord could pass through to that tenant the portion of the increase that was attributable to Eligible Bonds, in the specific percentages authorized for each of the different categories of Eligible Bonds. The Controller would prepare and annually update a form to help landlords and tenants calculate the tenant passthrough rates. These changes would take effect on July 1, 2024, and would not affect prior years' passthroughs.

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Also, the ordinance would allow tenants to seek relief based on financial hardship as to passthroughs associated with all Eligible Bonds, not just Eligible Bonds issued on or after November 5, 2019.

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BOARD of SUPERVISORS



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MEMORANDUM

TO: Greg Wagner, City Controller

Christina Varner, Executive Director, Rent Board

FROM: Victor Young, Assistant Clerk

Victor Young

DATE: May 8, 2024

SUBJECT: LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Rules Committee received the following proposed legislation:

File No. 240174

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to provide that the general obligation bond passthrough from landlords to tenants shall be calculated based on the amount the property tax rate has increased due to general obligation bonds since the tenant's move-in date or 2005, whichever is later; and to allow tenants to seek relief from general obligation bond passthroughs based on financial hardship.

If you have comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to Victor Young at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102 or by email at: victor.young@sfgov.org.

cc. Tood Rydstrom, Office of the Controller



March 19, 2024

Supervisor Hillary Ronen 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place City Hall Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: File 240174, Assigned to Rules, Bond Pass-Throughs to Tenants

Dear Supervisor Ronen,

I am writing to seek your support and request your co-sponsorship of this legislation to update and reform the Rent Law's provision for Pass-Through of Property Tax Increases due to the passage of G.O. Bonds.

Since fiscal year 2005-2006, the City has adhered to the Capital Plan mandate that the issuance of new G.O. Bonds be staggered and timed with the retirement of existing G.O. Bonds, in order to accomplish the goal of not raising property taxes. This policy is routinely touted in the materials urging voters to adopt G.O. Bonds. We tell the voters that their vote for the G.O. Bonds will not raise property taxes.

Meanwhile, the antiquated provision in the Rent Law has been producing significant Pass-Throughs for Property Tax Increases, ostensibly due to the passage of those same G.O. Bonds, when in fact those property tax increases do not exist.

The legislation I am writing to you about will update the relevant Rent Law pass-through provision to reflect the "No Property Tax Increase" policy. City and County G.O. Bonds that adhere to the Capital Plan, and therefore do not result in a property tax increase, will, by the same token, not result in a Pass-Through.

The existing Rent Law provision is based on what was a bit of a "one-off" solution originally addressing just two G.O. Bonds, first in 1996 and then in 1998. The formula is an inexact approximation that resulted, among other things, in tenants paying for property tax increases that occurred before their tenancy even started. The passage of time has magnified the inaccuracy of the original provision, with increased significance as the discrepancy has grown. The adoption of the Capital Plan beginning in Fiscal Year 2005/06 has made this clear, as the City approves and issues G.O. Bonds, without raising property taxes, while tenants pay a Pass-Through for an increase in property taxes that no longer exists.



The legislation provides that the G.O. Bond Pass-Through will be calculated based upon the amount the Property Tax Rate has increased due to general obligation bonds after the tenant's move-in date, or 2005, whichever is later.

The result will be that the City's G.O. Bonds issued pursuant to the Capital Plan's "No Property Tax Increase" provision, will not result in a pass-through to tenants.

Other provisions of the legislation will allow tenants to seek relief based on financial hardship, and to require landlords to file a copy of their Pass-Through worksheet with the Rent Board, a process that mimics one already in place for certain Utility Pass-Throughs. The legislation will not result in a significant increase in work load for the Rent Board.

My request is that you consider supporting the legislation by joining as a co-sponsor.

Sincerely,

Mitchell Omerberg
Director