

1 [Initiative Ordinance - Business and Tax Regulations, Administrative Codes - Excise Tax on  
2 Keeping Commercial Property Vacant]

3 **Motion ordering submitted to the voters at an election to be held on March 3, 2020, an**  
4 **Ordinance amending the Business and Tax Regulations Code and Administrative Code**  
5 **to impose an excise tax on persons keeping ground floor commercial space in certain**  
6 **neighborhood commercial districts and certain neighborhood commercial transit**  
7 **districts vacant, to fund assistance to small businesses; increasing the City's**  
8 **appropriations limit by the amount collected under the tax for four years from March 3,**  
9 **2020; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California**  
10 **Environmental Quality Act.**

11  
12 MOVED, That the Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated  
13 in this ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public  
14 Resources Code Sections 2100 *et seq.*). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the  
15 Board of Supervisors in File No. \_\_\_\_\_ and is incorporated herein by reference. The  
16 Board affirms this determination; and be it further

17  
18 MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby submits the following ordinance to the  
19 voters of the City and County of San Francisco, at an election to be held on March 3, 2020.

20  
21 **Ordinance amending the Business and Tax Regulations Code and Administrative Code**  
22 **to impose an excise tax on persons keeping ground floor commercial space in certain**  
23 **neighborhood commercial districts and certain neighborhood commercial transit**  
24 **districts vacant, to fund assistance to small businesses; increasing the City's**  
25 **appropriations limit by the amount collected under the tax for four years from March 3,**

1 **2020; and affirming the Planning Department’s determination under the California**  
2 **Environmental Quality Act.**

3  
4 NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain font.  
5 **Additions to Codes** are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*.  
6 **Deletions to Codes** are in ~~*strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*~~.  
7 **Asterisks (\* \* \* \*)** indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or  
8 parts of tables.

9 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

10 Section 1. Pursuant to Articles XIII A and XIII C of the Constitution of the State of  
11 California, this ordinance shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the City and County of  
12 San Francisco at the March 3, 2020, municipal election.

13 Section 2. The Business and Tax Regulations Code is hereby amended by adding  
14 Article 29, consisting of Sections 2901 through 2911, to read as follows:

15  
16 **ARTICLE 29: VACANCY TAX ORDINANCE**

17  
18 **SEC. 2901. SHORT TITLE.**

19 *This Article 29 shall be known as the “Vacancy Tax Ordinance,” and the tax it imposes shall be*  
20 *known as the “Vacancy Tax.”*

21  
22 **SEC. 2902. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.**

23 *(a) San Francisco’s neighborhood commercial districts prioritize street-level, customer-facing*  
24 *businesses as a means of stimulating a bustling, pedestrian-friendly urban environment. Retail*

1 storefronts are the building blocks of neighborhood vitality, encouraging people to stroll through San  
2 Francisco's streets, sidewalks, parks, and other open spaces, and inviting them in.

3 (b) San Francisco residents and visitors have an interest in preserving the vitality of  
4 commercial corridors in these districts. Vacant storefronts in otherwise vibrant neighborhood  
5 commercial districts degrade the urban environment and reduce the quality of life in those  
6 neighborhoods, leading to blight and crime, particularly when storefronts stay empty for extended  
7 periods of time. Further, the resulting blight negatively impacts other small businesses in the area by  
8 discouraging foot traffic and eroding the character and uniqueness of San Francisco's diverse  
9 neighborhoods and communities.

10 (c) Retail vacancies may occur when property owners are performing tenant improvements for  
11 prospective tenants, while actively seeking a new commercial tenant, or following a disaster requiring  
12 wholesale rehabilitation of a structure. These temporary vacancies reflect a property owner's desire  
13 to maintain the active retail storefront environment of San Francisco's neighborhood commercial  
14 corridors and to continue contributing to the surrounding community.

15 (d) But in other instances, retail vacancies occur when a property owner or landlord fails to  
16 actively market a vacant retail storefront to viable commercial tenants and/or fails to offer the property  
17 at a reasonable rate. Retail vacancies may persist as property owners and landlords hold storefronts  
18 off of the market for extended periods of time or refuse to offer the space for a reasonable market rate.

19 (e) The purpose of the Vacancy Tax is to stimulate the rehabilitation of long-term retail  
20 vacancies, and, in turn, to reinvigorate commercial corridors and stabilize commercial rents, thereby  
21 allowing new small businesses to open and existing small businesses to thrive.

22 (f) By dedicating proceeds from the Vacancy Tax to the Small Business Assistance Fund, the  
23 Vacancy Tax will also assist small businesses and provide relief to those small businesses adversely  
24 affected by blight, crime, and other negative impacts caused by vacant storefronts in San Francisco.

1 **SEC. 2903. DEFINITIONS.**

2 Unless otherwise defined in this Article 29, the terms used in this Article shall have the  
3 meanings given to them in Article 6 of the Business and Tax Regulations Code, as amended from time  
4 to time. For purposes of this Article, the following definitions shall apply:

5 “Affiliate” means a person under common majority ownership or common control with any  
6 other person, whether that ownership or control is direct or indirect. An Affiliate includes but is not  
7 limited to a person that majority owns or controls any other person or a person that is majority owned  
8 or controlled by any other person.

9 “Building Permit Application Period” means the period following the date that an application  
10 for a building permit for repair, rehabilitation, or construction with respect to Taxable Commercial  
11 Space in a building or structure is filed with the City through the date the Department of Building  
12 Inspection or its successor agency grants or denies that application, but not to exceed one year.  
13 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if more than one building permit application is filed by or on  
14 behalf of one or more persons in the Taxpayer’s Group for the same Taxable Commercial Space, the  
15 Building Permit Application Period shall mean only the applicable period following the date the first  
16 application is filed with the City by or on behalf of anyone in the Taxpayer’s Group.

17 “Conditional Use Application Period” means the 183-day period following the date that a  
18 complete application for a conditional use permit for use of Taxable Commercial Space is filed with the  
19 City, but if the Planning Commission or its successor agency does not grant or deny that application  
20 within 183 days, the Conditional Use Application Period means the period following the date that the  
21 application is filed through December 31 of the year in which the date 183 days from the application  
22 filing date falls. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if more than one complete conditional use  
23 permit application is filed by or on behalf of one or more persons in the Taxpayer’s Group for the same  
24 Taxable Commercial Space, the Conditional Use Application Period shall mean only the applicable  
25

1 period following the date the first complete application is filed with the City by or on behalf of anyone  
2 in the Taxpayer's Group.

3 "Construction Period" means the one-year period following the date that the City issues a  
4 building permit for repair, rehabilitation, or construction with respect to Taxable Commercial Space in  
5 a building or structure, provided that if the City issues multiple building permits to or for the benefit of  
6 one or more persons in the Taxpayer's Group for the same Taxable Commercial Space, the One-Year  
7 Construction Period shall mean only the one-year period following the issuance of the first building  
8 permit to or for the benefit of anyone in the Taxpayer's Group.

9 "Disaster Period" means the two-year period following the date that Taxable Commercial  
10 Space was severely damaged and made uninhabitable or unusable due to fire, natural disaster, or other  
11 catastrophic event.

12 "Frontage" means the number of linear feet of Taxable Commercial Space that is adjacent or  
13 tangent to a Public Right of Way, rounded to the nearest foot.

14 "Public Right of Way" means the dedicated public alleys, boulevards, courts, lanes, roads,  
15 sidewalks, spaces, streets, and ways within the City, which are under the permitting jurisdiction of the  
16 Department of Public Works.

17 "Related Person" means a spouse or domestic partner, child, parent, or sibling (these latter  
18 three relationships including biological, adoptive, and "step" relationships; and the sibling  
19 relationship also including half-siblings).

20 "Residential Real Estate" means real property where the primary use of or right to use the  
21 property is for the purpose of dwelling, sleeping or lodging other than as part of the business activity of  
22 accommodations. For purposes of this Article 29, "accommodations" means the activity of providing  
23 lodging or short-term accommodations for travelers, vacationers, or others, including the business  
24 activity described in code 721 of the North American Industry Classification System as of November 6,  
25 2012.

1 “Taxable Commercial Space” means the ground floor of any building or structure, or the  
2 ground floor of any portion of a building or structure, where such ground floor (1) is adjacent or  
3 tangent to a Public Right of Way, (2) is located in one of the “Named Neighborhood Commercial  
4 Districts” or “Named Neighborhood Commercial Transit Districts” listed in Section 201 of the  
5 Planning Code, as those districts exist on March 3, 2020, and irrespective of whether those districts are  
6 expanded, narrowed, eliminated, or otherwise modified subsequent to that date, and (3) is not  
7 Residential Real Estate.

8 “Taxpayer’s Group” means for each taxpayer, with respect to each Taxable Commercial  
9 Space, the taxpayer, any current or former co-owner or co-tenant of the taxpayer, and any Related  
10 Person or Affiliate of the taxpayer or the taxpayer’s current or former co-owner or co-tenant.

11 “Vacant” means unoccupied, uninhabited, or unused for more than 182 days, whether  
12 consecutive or nonconsecutive, in a tax year. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, a person shall  
13 not be considered to have kept a building or structure Vacant during the Building Permit Application  
14 Period, Construction Period, Disaster Period, and/or Conditional Use Application Period if that  
15 Building Permit Application Period, Construction Period, Disaster Period, and/or Conditional Use  
16 Application Period applies to that person for that Taxable Commercial Space. In determining whether  
17 a person has kept Taxable Commercial Space Vacant, days within the Building Permit Application  
18 Period, Construction Period, Disaster Period, and Conditional Use Application Period shall be  
19 disregarded if that Building Permit Application Period, Construction Period, Disaster Period, and/or  
20 Conditional Use Application Period applies to that person for that Taxable Commercial Space.

21  
22 **SEC. 2904. IMPOSITION OF TAX.**

23 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Article 29, for the purposes described in Section 2907,  
24 the City imposes an annual Vacancy Tax on keeping Taxable Commercial Space Vacant.

25 (b) The tax on keeping Taxable Commercial Space Vacant in a tax year shall be as follows:

1                   (1) For the 2021 tax year, \$250 per linear foot of Frontage.

2                   (2) For the 2022 tax year, \$250 per linear foot of Frontage for Taxable Commercial  
3 Space that has not been kept Vacant by any person in the 2021 tax year and \$500 per linear foot of  
4 Frontage for Taxable Commercial Space that has been kept Vacant by any person in the 2021 tax year.

5                   (3) For the 2023 tax year and subsequent tax years:

6                                 (A) \$250 per linear foot of Frontage for Taxable Commercial Space that has not  
7 been kept Vacant by any person in the immediately preceding tax year;

8                                 (B) \$500 per linear foot of Frontage for Taxable Commercial Space that has  
9 been kept Vacant by any person in the immediately preceding tax year but not kept Vacant by any  
10 person in the tax year immediately preceding that tax year; and

11                                (C) \$1,000 per linear foot of Frontage for all situations in which neither  
12 subsection (3)(A) nor subsection (3)(B) of this Section 2904 applies.

13                   (c) The Vacancy Tax shall be payable by: (1) the owner or owners of the Taxable Commercial  
14 Space kept Vacant, provided that the Taxable Commercial Space is not leased; (2) the lessee or lessees,  
15 and not the owner, of the Taxable Commercial Space kept Vacant, if that Taxable Commercial Space is  
16 leased but not subleased; and (3) the sublessee or sublessees, and not the owner or sublessor, of the  
17 Taxable Commercial Space kept Vacant, if that Taxable Commercial Space is subleased. Not more  
18 than one tax shall be imposed under this Section 2904 by reason of multiple liable owners, lessees, or  
19 sublessees. If there are multiple liable owners, lessees, or sublessees, each such person shall be jointly  
20 and severally liable for the Vacancy Tax.

21                   (d) A person shall be liable for the Vacancy Tax only if that person has kept Taxable  
22 Commercial Space Vacant in a tax year. A person shall be deemed to have kept Taxable Commercial  
23 Space Vacant in a tax year if that person and all Related Persons and Affiliates of that person,  
24 individually or collectively, have kept that Taxable Commercial Space Vacant for more than 182 days  
25 in that tax year.

1 **SEC. 2905. EXEMPTIONS AND EXCLUSIONS.**

2 (a) For only so long as and to the extent that the City is prohibited from imposing the Vacancy  
3 Tax, any person upon whom the City is prohibited under the Constitution or laws of the State of  
4 California or the Constitution or laws of the United States from imposing the Vacancy Tax shall be  
5 exempt from the Vacancy Tax.

6 (b) Any organization that is exempt from income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the  
7 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall be exempt from the Vacancy Tax.

8 (c) The City shall not be exempt from the Vacancy Tax.

9  
10 **SEC. 2906. ADMINISTRATION.**

11 Except as otherwise provided under this Article 29, the Vacancy Tax shall be administered  
12 pursuant to Article 6 of the Business and Tax Regulations Code.

13  
14 **SEC. 2907. DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS; EXPENDITURE OF PROCEEDS.**

15 (a) All monies collected under the Vacancy Tax Ordinance shall be deposited to the credit of  
16 the Small Business Assistance Fund (“Fund”), established in Administrative Code Section 10.100-334.  
17 The Fund shall be maintained separate and apart from all other City funds and shall be subject to  
18 appropriation. Any balance remaining in the Fund at the close of any fiscal year shall be deemed to  
19 have been provided for a special purpose within the meaning of Charter Section 9.113(a) and shall be  
20 carried forward and accumulated in the Fund for the purposes described in subsection (b).

21 (b) Subject to the budgetary and fiscal provisions of the Charter, monies in the Small Business  
22 Assistance Fund shall be appropriated on an annual or supplemental basis and used exclusively for the  
23 following purposes:

24 (1) To the Tax Collector and other City Departments, for administration of the Vacancy  
25 Tax and administration of the Fund.



1                   (2) Refunds of any overpayments of the Vacancy Tax, including any related penalties,  
2 interest, and fees.

3                   (3) All remaining amounts to provide funding to assist the maintenance and operation  
4 of small businesses in the City.

5                   (c) Commencing with a report filed no later than February 15, 2023, covering the fiscal year  
6 ending on June 30, 2022, the Controller shall file annually with the Board of Supervisors, by  
7 February 15 of each year, a report containing the amount of monies collected in and expended from the  
8 Small Business Assistance Fund during the prior fiscal year, the status of any project required or  
9 authorized to be funded by this Section 2907, and such other information as the Controller, in the  
10 Controller's sole discretion, shall deem relevant to the operation of this Article 29.

11  
12 **SEC. 2908. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO THE TAX COLLECTOR.**

13                   The Department of Public Works, the Department of Building Inspection, and the Office of  
14 Economic Workforce Development shall provide technical assistance to the Tax Collector, upon the  
15 Tax Collector's request, to administer the Vacancy Tax.

16  
17 **SEC. 2909. AMENDMENT OF ORDINANCE.**

18                   The Board of Supervisors may amend or repeal this Article 29 by ordinance by a two-thirds  
19 vote and without a vote of the people except as limited by Articles XIII A and XIII C of the California  
20 Constitution.

21  
22 **SEC. 2910. SEVERABILITY.**

23                   (a) Except as provided in Section 2910(b), if any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase,  
24 or word of this Article 29, or any application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held to be  
25 invalid or unconstitutional by a decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not

1 affect the validity of the remaining portions or applications of this Article. The People of the City and  
2 County of San Francisco hereby declare that, except as provided in Section 2910(b), they would have  
3 adopted this Article 29 and each and every section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, and word not  
4 declared invalid or unconstitutional without regard to whether any other portion of this Article or  
5 application thereof would be subsequently declared invalid or unconstitutional.

6 (b) If the imposition of the Vacancy Tax in Section 2904 is held in its entirety to be facially  
7 invalid or unconstitutional in a final court determination, the remainder of this Article 29 shall be void  
8 and of no force and effect, and the City Attorney shall cause it to be removed from the Business and Tax  
9 Regulations Code.

10  
11 **SEC. 2911. SAVINGS CLAUSE.**

12 No section, clause, part, or provision of this Article 29 shall be construed as requiring the  
13 payment of any tax that would be in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States or of the  
14 Constitution or laws of the State of California.

15  
16 Section 3. Chapter 10 of the Administrative Code is hereby amended by adding  
17 Section 10.100-334 to Article XIII, to read as follows:

18  
19 **SEC. 10.100-334. SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE FUND.**

20 (a) Establishment of Fund. The Small Business Assistance Fund (“Fund”) is established as a  
21 category four fund as defined in Section 10.100-1 of the Administrative Code, and shall receive all  
22 taxes, penalties, interest, and fees collected from the Vacancy Tax imposed under Article 29 of the  
23 Business and Tax Regulations Code.

1           (b) Use of Fund. Subject to the budgetary and fiscal provisions of the Charter, monies in the  
2 Fund shall be used exclusively for the purposes described in Section 2907(b) of Article 29 of the  
3 Business and Tax Regulations Code.

4           (c) Administration of Fund. As stated in Section 2907(c) of Article 29 of the Business and Tax  
5 Regulations Code, commencing with a report filed no later than February 15, 2023, covering the fiscal  
6 year ending June 30, 2022, the Controller shall file annually with the Board of Supervisors, by  
7 February 15 of each year, a report containing the amount of monies collected in and expended from the  
8 Fund during the prior fiscal year, the status of any project required or authorized to be funded by  
9 Section 2907, and such other information as the Controller, in the Controller's sole discretion, deems  
10 relevant to the operation of Article 29.

11  
12           Section 4. Appropriations Limit Increase. Pursuant to California Constitution  
13 Article XIII B and applicable laws, for four years from March 3, 2020, the appropriations limit  
14 for the City shall be increased by the aggregate sum collected by the levy of the tax imposed  
15 under this ordinance.

16  
17           Section 5. Effective and Operative Dates. The effective date of this ordinance shall be  
18 ten days after the date the official vote count is declared by the Board of Supervisors. This  
19 ordinance shall become operative on January 1, 2021.

20  
21 APPROVED AS TO FORM:  
22 DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

23 By: \_\_\_\_\_  
24       KERNE H. O. MATSUBARA  
25       Deputy City Attorney

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