

File No. 130825

Committee Item No. 4

Board Item No. 11

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: Budget and Finance Committee

Date: 09/11/2013

Board of Supervisors Meeting

Date: September 17, 2013

Cmte Board

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| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Motion |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Resolution |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Ordinance |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Legislative Digest |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Budget and Legislative Analyst Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Legislative Analyst Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Youth Commission Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Introduction Form |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | MOU |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Grant Information Form |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Grant Budget |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Subcontract Budget |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Contract/Agreement |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Form 126 – Ethics Commission |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Award Letter |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Application |
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OTHER

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Completed by: Victor Young

Date September 6, 2013

Completed by: Victor Young

Date 9/12/13

1 [Apply For, Accept, and Expend Fund - Transportation Security Administration Other
2 Transaction Agreement - Not to Exceed \$59,429,406]

3 **Resolution approving the Airport Commission's negotiation and execution of an Other**
4 **Transaction Agreement with the Transportation Security Administration for the**
5 **Terminal 1 Checked Baggage Inspection System Modernization Program for a five-year**
6 **term in an amount not to exceed \$59,429,406 and approving the acceptance and**
7 **expenditure of Federal funds.**

8
9 WHEREAS, The United States Congress passed the Aviation and Transportation
10 Security Act, which requires all checked baggage to be screened; and

11 WHEREAS, The Congress has allocated funds for the Transportation Security
12 Administration (TSA) to fund a Recapitalization Program for the purpose of funding the
13 modernization of the TSA's Explosive Detection Systems (EDS) equipment and Checked
14 Baggage Inspection Systems (CBIS) in select US airports; and

15 WHEREAS, The TSA has determined that the San Francisco International Airport
16 (Airport) Terminal 1 EDS equipment is at the end of its service life and the CBIS areas are
17 obsolete; and

18 WHEREAS, The TSA has notified the Airport that the Terminal 1 CBIS Modernization
19 Program is eligible for federal funding; and

20 WHEREAS, The Airport Commission proposes to negotiate and execute an Other
21 Transaction Agreement (OTA) with the TSA to set forth terms and conditions by which the
22 TSA will reimburse the Airport for 100% of the estimated cost for design and construction of
23 the Terminal 1 CBIS Modernization Program, in an amount not to exceed \$59,429,406; and

24 WHEREAS, This agreement does not require an Annual Salary Ordinance (ASO)
25 amendment; and

1 WHEREAS, The OTA terms prohibit including indirect costs in federal funding budget;
2 and

3 WHEREAS, The Airport Commission adopted Resolution 13-0179 on August 13, 2013,
4 authorizing the execution of the OTA with the TSA, and accepting and expending these
5 federal funds; and

6 WHEREAS, Under San Francisco Administrative Code Section 10.170-1, the
7 acceptance and expenditure of federal, state, or other grant funds in the amount of \$100,000
8 or more is subject to the approval by resolution of the Board of Supervisors; and

9 WHEREAS, Under San Francisco Charter Section 9.118, contracts entered into by a
10 department, board or commission having anticipated revenue to the City and County of one
11 million dollars or more are subject to approval of the Board of Supervisors by resolution; now,
12 therefore, be it

13 RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby approves the negotiation and
14 execution by the Airport Commission of an Other Transaction Agreement with the
15 Transportation Security Administration for full reimbursement of the Terminal 1 CBIS
16 Modernization Program in an amount not to exceed \$59,429,406; and, be it

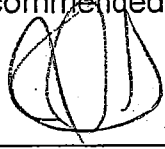
17 FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby approves the Airport
18 Commission's acceptance and expenditure of such federal funds; and, be it

19 FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby waives inclusion of
20 indirect costs in the federal funding budget; and, be it

21 FURTHER RESOLVED, That this resolution constitutes the approval required under
22 San Francisco Charter Section 9.118 and San Francisco Administrative Code Section 10.170-
23 1, as applicable; and, be it

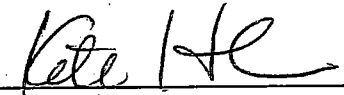
1 FURTHER RESOLVED, That the actions of the officers, agents and employees of the
2 Airport Commission to carry out the purposes and intents of this Resolution taken prior to the
3 adoption of this Resolution are ratified, approved and confirmed.

4
5
6 Recommended:

7 
8 _____

9 Department Head

Approved:



Mayor

Approved:



For
Controller

TO: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
FROM: Jean Caramatti, Airport Commission Secretary
DATE: August 27, 2013
SUBJECT: Accept and Expend Resolution for Subject Grant
GRANT TITLE: Transportation Security Administration (TSA)
Terminal 1 Checked Baggage Inspection System

Attached please find the original and 4 copies of each of the following:

- Proposed grant resolution; original signed by Department, Mayor, Controller
- Proposed contract or loan; including a copy of the contract or loan agreement
- Grant information form, including disability checklist
- Grant budget
- Grant application
- Letter of Intent or grant award letter from funding agency
- n/a* Ethics Form SFEC-126 (per Ethics Commission-not required for Federal agencies)
- Other (Explain):

Special Timeline Requirements:

The OTA must be approved by September 20, 2013

Departmental representative to receive a copy of the adopted resolution:

Name: Cathy Widener, Government Affairs Administrator

Phone: 650-821-5023

Interoffice Mail Address:

Certified copy required Yes

No

(Note: certified copies have the seal of the City/County affixed and are occasionally required by funding agencies. In most cases ordinary copies without the seal are sufficient).

File Number: _____
(Provided by Clerk of Board of Supervisors)

Grant Resolution Information Form
(Effective July 2011)

Purpose: Accompanies proposed Board of Supervisors resolutions authorizing a Department to accept and expend grant funds.

The following describes the grant referred to in the accompanying resolution:

1. Grant Title: Terminal 1 Checked Baggage Inspection System Modernization Program Other Transaction Agreement (OTA)

2. Department: Airport

3. Contact Person: Reuben Hallili Telephone: (650) 821-7803

4. Grant Approval Status (check one):

Approved by funding agency

Not yet approved

5. Amount of Grant Funding Approved or Applied for: \$59,429,406

6a. Matching Funds Required: \$

b. Source(s) of matching funds (if applicable): N/A

7a. Grant Source Agency: Transportation Security Administration (TSA)

b. Grant Pass-Through Agency (if applicable):

8. Proposed Grant Project Summary:

The TSA has established a Recapitalization Program for the purpose of funding the modernization of the Explosive Detection Systems (EDS) equipment and Checked Baggage Inspection Systems (CBIS) in US Airports. The TSA has determined that the Terminal 1 EDS equipment is at the end of its service life and the CBIS areas are obsolete. The TSA has requested the Airport to work in collaboration to execute an Other Transaction Agreement (OTA) that will fund 100% of the eligible design and facility modifications associated with Terminal 1 EDS and CBIS systems. This will be a two phase effort.

The construction phase requires the Airport to comply with TSA standards and the project involves the modification to or construction of Airport terminal building infrastructure to recapitalize the TSA EDS systems located within the Checked Baggage Inspection System (CBIS). Terminal modifications included required changes to baggage conveyor components, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, structural, and telecommunications infrastructure to provide for the installation of Explosive Detection Equipment (EDS) within the baggage screening area, Explosive Trace Detection (ETD) equipment in the Checked Baggage Resolution areas, and the installation of applicable CBIS hardware and software for use with the checked baggage in-line baggage screening system. The objective of the Project is to enhance Airport security and baggage screening capabilities and throughput.

9. Grant Project Schedule, as allowed in approval documents, or as proposed:

Start-Date: September 2013

End-Date: December 2018

10a. Amount budgeted for contractual services:

b. Will contractual services be put out to bid? Yes

c. If so, will contract services help to further the goals of the Department's Local Business Enterprise (LBE) requirements?

d. Is this likely to be a one-time or ongoing request for contracting out? One-time

11a. Does the budget include indirect costs? Yes No

b1. If yes, how much? \$

b2. How was the amount calculated?

c1. If no, why are indirect costs not included?

Not allowed by granting agency To maximize use of grant funds on direct services

Other (please explain):

c2. If no indirect costs are included, what would have been the indirect costs?

12. Any other significant grant requirements or comments: None

****Disability Access Checklist***(Department must forward a copy of all completed Grant Information Forms to the Mayor's Office of Disability)**

13. This Grant is intended for activities at (check all that apply):

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing Site(s) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing Structure(s) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing Program(s) or Service(s) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rehabilitated Site(s) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rehabilitated Structure(s) | <input type="checkbox"/> New Program(s) or Service(s) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Site(s) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Structure(s) | |

14. The Departmental ADA Coordinator or the Mayor's Office on Disability have reviewed the proposal and concluded that the project as proposed will be in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all other Federal, State and local disability rights laws and regulations and will allow the full inclusion of persons with disabilities. These requirements include, but are not limited to:

1. Having staff trained in how to provide reasonable modifications in policies, practices and procedures;
2. Having auxiliary aids and services available in a timely manner in order to ensure communication access;
3. Ensuring that any service areas and related facilities open to the public are architecturally accessible and have been inspected and approved by the DPW Access Compliance Officer or the Mayor's Office on Disability Compliance Officers.

If such access would be technically infeasible, this is described in the comments section below:

Comments: It is understood that this improvement is in the Terminal's ground-level secure working area of the baggage processing operation & is not accessible to the public or to the general employee population except for those involved in the physical processing & movement of baggage by hand & vehicle.

Departmental ADA Coordinator or ~~Mayor's Office of Disability~~ Reviewer:

JORGE GARCIA

(Name)

SENIOR ARCHITECT / SFO ADA COORDINATOR

(Title)

Date Reviewed: 8.22.2013


(Signature Required)

Department Head or Designee Approval of Grant Information Form:

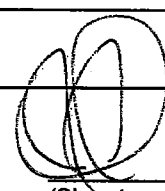
John L. Martin

(Name)

Airport Director

(Title)

Date Reviewed: _____


(Signature Required) LF

**Transportation Security Administration
Terminal 1 Checked Baggage Inspection System Modernization Program
Other Transaction Agreement
San Francisco International Airport**

AWARD NUMBER

HSTS04-13-H-CT1140	\$ 59,429,406
(TSA Funding Provided is at 100%)	

CURRENT WORKING ESTIMATE COSTS

Baggage Handling System/Check Baggage Inspection System Construction	\$ 33,151,000
Contingency	\$ 10,800,000
Insurance and Bond	\$ 2,275,972
Soft Costs*	<u>\$ 13,202,434</u>
Total Estimated Costs	<u>\$ 59,429,406</u>

* Includes Project Management, Construction Management, Design Fees, etc.



San Francisco International Airport

MEMORANDUM

August 13, 2013

TO: AIRPORT COMMISSION
 Hon. Larry Mazzola, President
 Hon. Linda S. Crayton, Vice President
 Hon. Eleanor Johns
 Hon. Richard J. Guggenlime
 Hon. Peter A. Stern

FROM: Airport Director

SUBJECT: Authorization for the Airport to Enter Into an Other Transaction Agreement with the Transportation Security Administration for Reimbursement of Construction Services for the Terminal 1 Checked Baggage Inspection System Modernization Program

DIRECTOR'S RECOMMENDATION: AUTHORIZE THE AIRPORT TO ENTER INTO AN OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENT WITH THE TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION SERVICES FOR THE TERMINAL 1 CHECKED BAGGAGE INSPECTION SYSTEM MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.

Executive Summary

The Airport proposes to enter into an Other Transaction Agreement (OTA) with the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) for reimbursement of construction services for the Terminal 1 Checked Baggage Inspection System Modernization Program. The OTA is in an amount not to exceed \$92,471,000.

Background

The TSA has established a Recapitalization Program for the purpose of funding the modernization of the Explosive Detection Systems (EDS) equipment and Checked Baggage Inspection Systems (CBIS) in select US Airports. The TSA has determined that the Terminal 1 EDS equipment is at the end of its service life and the CBIS areas are obsolete. The TSA has requested the Airport to work in collaboration to execute an Other Transaction Agreement (OTA) that will fund 100% of the eligible design and facility modifications associated with Terminal 1 EDS and CBIS systems. This will be a two phase effort. Phase 1 is to execute a Design OTA and Phase 2 is to execute a Facility Modification OTA for construction.

On March 4, 2013 under Resolution No. 13-0047, the Commission authorized the Design OTA in an amount not to exceed \$3,290,800. Under a separate Commission item, staff is requesting Commission approval to modify and increase the Design OTA amount to \$6,427,000.

THIS PRINT COVERS CALENDAR ITEM NO. _____

AIRPORT COMMISSION CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

EDWIN M. LEE
MAYOR

LARRY MAZZOLA
PRESIDENT

LINDA S. CRAYTON
VICE PRESIDENT

ELEANOR JOHNS

RICHARD J. GUGGENHIME

PETER A. STERN

JOHN L. MARTIN
AIRPORT DIRECTOR

The Phase 2 Construction Services OTA requires the Airport to comply with standards established in the TSA Planning Guidelines and Design Standards (PGDS) Version 4.1. The project involves the modification to or construction of Airport terminal building infrastructure to recapitalize the TSA EDS systems located within the Checked Baggage Inspection System (CBIS). Terminal modifications included required changes to baggage conveyor components, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, structural, and telecommunications infrastructure to provide for the installation of Explosive Detection Equipment (EDS) within the baggage screening area, Explosive Trace Detection (ETD) equipment in the Checked Baggage Resolution areas, and the installation of applicable CBIS hardware and software for use with the checked baggage in-line baggage screening system. The objective of the Project is to enhance Airport security and baggage screening capabilities and throughput.

TSA and the Airport negotiated the terms of the OTA to define roles and responsibilities for the implementation, and develop a budget and funding plan for proceeding with the work. TSA and the Airport agreed that the estimated construction services cost of the Program is \$92,471,000. Airport's baggage handling system design consultant team (HNTB and Swanson Rink) developed this construction cost estimate based on their 30% design documents. The TSA agrees to reimburse the Airport 100% of the allowable, allocable and reasonable costs of the construction services, not to exceed a total reimbursement of \$92,471,000. The Airport will request Board of Supervisors authorization to accept and expend TSA OTA funds for the cost of the Program.

The upcoming EDS and CBIS construction work will be performed as part of the upcoming Terminal 1 Redevelopment Program (T1 Program). The estimated completion date of the EDS/CBIS related work of the T1 Program is September 2018. The OTA will remain in effect until December 2018.

Recommendation

Based on the above, I recommend that the Commission authorize the Director to execute an Other Transaction Agreement with the Transportation Security Administration for 100% reimbursement of the design of the Terminal 1 Checked Baggage Inspection System Modernization Program, in an amount not to exceed \$92,471,000.

John L. Martin
Airport Director

Prepared by: Ivar Satero
Airport Deputy Director
Design, Construction & Technology

Attachment

AIRPORT COMMISSION
CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
RESOLUTION NO. 13-0179

AUTHORIZATION FOR THE AIRPORT TO ENTER INTO AN OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENT WITH THE TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION OF THE TERMINAL 1 CHECKED BAGGAGE INSPECTION SYSTEM MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.

WHEREAS, the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) has established a Recapitalization Program for the purpose of funding the modernization of the TSA's Explosive Detection Systems (EDS) equipment and Checked Baggage Inspection Systems (CBIS) in select U.S. Airports; and

WHEREAS, the TSA has determined that the Terminal 1 EDS equipment is at the end of its service life and the CBIS areas are obsolete; and

WHEREAS, the TSA has requested the Airport work in collaboration to execute an Other Transaction Agreement (OTA) that will fund 100% of the eligible design and construction associated with Terminal 1 EDS and CBIS systems; and

WHEREAS, TSA and SFO staffs negotiated an OTA to define roles and responsibilities for the implementation and develop a budget and funding plan for construction services; and

WHEREAS, TSA and SFO staffs agreed to a total estimated construction cost of \$92,471,000 for the Phase 2 Construction OTA; and

WHEREAS, the amount to be reimbursed under the OTA is not to exceed \$92,471,000, equal to 100% of the total amount; and

WHEREAS, the upcoming EDS and CBIS construction work will be performed as part of the upcoming Terminal 1 Redevelopment Program; and

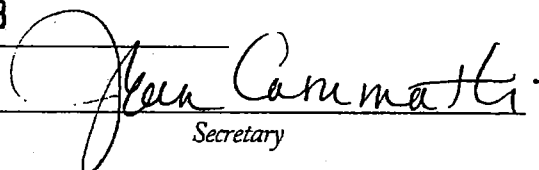
WHEREAS, the construction OTA will remain in effect until December 2018 through the construction phase; now, therefore, be it:

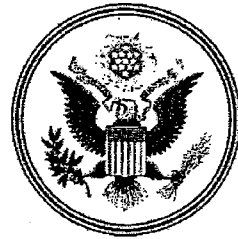
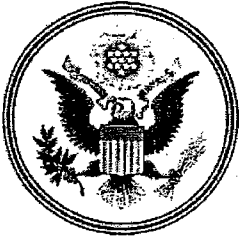
RESOLVED, that this Commission authorizes the Director to execute, with the approval of the Board of Supervisors, an Other Transaction Agreement with the Transportation Security Administration for 100% reimbursement of construction costs for the Terminal 1 Checked Baggage Inspection System Modernization Program under the TSA's Recapitalization Program, in an amount not to exceed \$92,471,000.

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the Airport Commission

at its meeting of

AUG 12 2013


Secretary



OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENT

BETWEEN

**DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION**

AND

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

RELATING TO

**SAN FRANCISCO INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT (SFO)
Checked Baggage Recapitalization Screening Construction Services Project**

Negotiated by the TSA pursuant to
Aviation and Transportation Security Act, Pub. L. 107-71, 115 Stat. 597
49 U.S.C. §114(m)(1) and 106(l)(6).

HSTS04-13-H-CT1140

ARTICLE I – PARTIES

The parties to this Other Transaction Agreement (OTA) are the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Transportation Security Administration (TSA) and the City and County of San Francisco (City or Authority) as owner and operator of San Francisco International Airport (SFO or Airport). The TSA and the Authority agree to cooperate in good faith and to perform their respective obligations in executing the purpose of this OTA.

ARTICLE II – LEGAL AUTHORITY

This OTA is entered into under the authority of the Aviation and Transportation Security Act, Pub. L. 107-71, 115 Stat. 597, specifically 49 U.S.C. § 114(m)(1) and 106(l)(6), which authorizes other transaction agreements.

ARTICLE III – SCOPE

The purpose of this OTA is to set forth the terms and conditions, as well as establish the respective cost-sharing obligations of the TSA and the Authority with respect to the design, engineering and construction-related services necessary to implement the construction of the TSA recapitalization and optimization project design submitted by the Authority and reviewed by TSA pursuant to the TSA Planning Guidelines and Design Standards (PGDS) Version 4.1 found at:

<http://www.tsa.gov/research-center/airport-checked-baggage-guidance-materials>

This Project undertaken by the Authority involves the modification to or construction of the Airport terminal building infrastructure to recapitalize and optimize the TSA EDS systems located within the Checked Baggage Inspection System (CBIS). Terminal modifications include required changes to baggage conveyor components, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, structural, and telecommunications infrastructure to provide for the installation of Explosive Detection Equipment (EDS) within the baggage screening area, Explosive Trace Detection (ETD) equipment in the Checked Baggage Resolution areas, and the installation of applicable CBIS hardware and software for use with a checked baggage in-line baggage screening system. The objective of the Project is to enhance Airport security and baggage screening capabilities and throughput.

This OTA also includes design services for 70% and 100% drawings and specifications that will be submitted to TSA for review in accordance with the published TSA PGDS Version 4.1. This OTA does not include design services for the 30% design deliverable. The City will be responsible for developing various cost-effective solutions to replace fifteen (15) Explosive Detection System (EDS) machines currently located in Terminal 1 of the Airport, while minimizing the impact to operations and reducing the number of EDS by using higher throughput technology units (as appropriate). The solutions that the City proposes should be based upon a baggage screening rate derived from the current baggage screening rate and a projected, future screening rate. Solutions based upon such a combined current and future rate will allow the TSA to consider all cost factors available when making its decision of the optimal solution.

ARTICLE IV – COST SHARING AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

1. **Capital Costs:** The estimated cost of the Project (Total Project Cost) relates to the activities to modify the airport terminal building infrastructure and the baggage handling system (BHS) to support the installation and operation of the EDS and ETD equipment. It does not include the costs of acquisition, delivery or installation of the EDS and ETD equipment itself. TSA will be solely responsible for the acquisition, delivery, installation, and testing of the EDS and ETD equipment at the designated Project location(s). The Total Project Cost includes the cost for the construction effort and the design effort for 70% and 100% design deliverables, but does not include the cost for the 30% design deliverable. All work performed by the Authority pursuant to this OTA shall be accomplished in accordance with the TSA PGDS v. 4.1.

2. The cost of the security-related portion of the Project has been determined to be \$59,429,406.00 (CBIS Project Costs).

A. **Recapitalization and Optimization:** TSA agrees to reimburse the Authority for 100% of the allowable, allocable, and reasonable CBIS Project Costs specifically related to the **Recapitalization and Optimization** scope of effort that is estimated at \$59,429,406.

B. **Total:** The CBIS Project Cost for Recapitalization and Optimization includes design and construction management in addition to construction costs. This OTA is not to exceed a total reimbursement of \$59,429,406.00 (TSA Reimbursement Limit).

3. TSA will determine allowable and allocable costs in accordance with the OMB Circular A-87 “Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments” codified at 2 C.F.R. Part 225 (together with Appendices A – D) and Appendix F of the TSA PGDS. TSA will reimburse the Authority on an actual expense basis supported by one or more invoices submitted by the Authority in accordance with Article X “Payment.” The parties understand and agree that all Project costs in excess of the TSA Reimbursement Limit of \$59,429,406, as well as any costs that are inconsistent with OMB A-87 and the guidance set forth in the TSA PGDS, shall be borne solely by the Authority unless otherwise agreed by the TSA in a written modification in accordance with this Article IV and Article XIII “Changes and/or Modifications.” Should the TSA reimbursements of \$59,429,406, as adjusted pursuant to Article XIII, represent more than 100% percent of the final allowable and allocable, and reasonable CBIS Project Costs for the **Recapitalization and Optimization** scope of effort, the Authority will refund TSA sufficient funds such that TSA’s total reimbursement will equal no more than 100% of the final allowable, allocable and reasonable CBIS Project Costs for the **Recapitalization and Optimization** scope of effort.

4. All costs requested for reimbursement must satisfy the requirements of both TSA’s PDGS v. 4.1 and OMB Circular A-87. In general, the costs for which TSA will provide reimbursement under this OTA are limited to those costs associated with the CBIS area, the Checked Baggage Resolution Area (CBRA), and EDS network equipment room (if applicable to the CBIS Project) as defined in TSA’s PDGS. Appendix F of the TSA’s PDGS provides guidance regarding the reimbursable costs for TSA CBIS Projects.

A. Examples of costs commonly considered reimbursable under this OTA include:

- Soft cost allowances consisting of Design Fees, Project Management, Construction Management, Escalation, Design Contingency and Construction Contingency
- Construction Costs:
 - Demolition (airport building or BHS components related to the CBIS area.)
 - BHS infrastructure upgrades, platforms, catwalks located within the CBIS screening area.
 - BHS: The BHS portion located within the CBIS screening area, including redesign and upgrading of conveyors to support the integration of the EDS screening system.
 - Conveyor redesign and upgrade within the CBIS screening area.
 - Build out of the EDS network equipment room
 - Acoustical treatment in the CBRA area.
 - Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning (HVAC) to maintain equipment and employee environmental requirements for CBIS, CBRA and EDS network equipment room.
 - Electrical and communications infrastructure (cabling, control panels) and basic lighting fixtures for the CBIS and CBRA.
 - Telephone systems/pager systems for TSA CBIS screening area.
 - Basic architectural finishes.

Identification of cost classifications herein does not create any obligation on TSA's part beyond the requirements found in OMB Circular A-87 and TSA's PDGS v. 4.1.

- B. Examples of costs not considered reimbursable include, but are not limited to:
- Exterior Building Shell.
 - Baggage make-up carousels or outbound sortation systems.
 - Maintenance, repair parts or spare parts (other than spare parts which are initially provided by the Original Equipment Manufacturer during the installation of new equipment) for airport terminal improvements including the baggage handling conveyor components installed under this Project.
 - Manual encoding consoles or stations.
 - Employee break rooms, administrative office space and restrooms not intended for the sole use of TSA staff.
 - Architecturally pleasing enhancements.
 - Extended warranties beyond one (1) year.

5. Change Orders shall not be considered authorization to exceed the TSA Reimbursement Limit unless the Authority submits to the TSA Contracting Officer and Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) prior written notification of the expected impact to the CBIS Project Cost and the corresponding impact to the TSA Reimbursement Limit, and the TSA Contracting Officer agrees in writing to the proposed Change Order, including the proposed increase to the CBIS Project Cost and the TSA Reimbursement Limit. The Authority may not use the TSA contingency funds provided for the Project, as identified by TSA as part of this OTA, without prior written approval from the TSA Contracting Officer.

ARTICLE V: PROJECT RESPONSIBILITIES

The primary Project responsibilities of the TSA and the Authority are outlined below. In addition to primary Project Responsibilities, specific technical responsibilities for the two parties are contained in Appendix B, "Project and Acceptance Testing Requirements", attached hereto and incorporated by reference into this OTA. The Project will be overseen by the Authority, except for those portions of the Project that are TSA's sole responsibility as set forth in this OTA.

A. TSA Responsibilities

1. Provide the TSA's PGDS, as well as the EDS equipment specification upon request from the Airport.
2. Advise as to the type of EDS equipment to be provided at each Project design phase submission.
3. Furnish, deliver, install and test the EDS and ETD equipment.
4. Provide EDS Original Equipment Manufacturer Technical Support Advisory Services to the Airport regarding installation, integration and networking of the EDS units into the BHS.
5. Provide the CBIS System Specific Test Plan (SSTP) to the Airport for the commissioning, coordination and testing of the CBIS. See PGDS Appendix D for testing details. See Appendix B for further specifics relating to the TSA testing portion of the Project.
6. Establish and conduct the Integrated Site Acceptance Testing (ISAT) for the in-line CBIS performance capabilities with joint support from the Airport.
7. Review and approve ISAT results before the in-line CBIS is certified as ready for operational use.
8. Provide training for Transportation Security Officer personnel on the EDS equipment.
9. Evaluate the in-line CBIS in operation for 30 days after substantial use begins.
10. Review and consider requested changes submitted by the Airport to the CBIS design. Any changes in scope or associated costs must be approved in accordance with Article XIII "Changes and/or Modifications".
11. Provide maintenance, repair, and refurbishment to all TSA EDS and ETD equipment throughout its life cycle at no cost to the Authority.
12. Review and concur with the Recapitalization Project design, plans, and specifications for 70% and 100% design packages for the installation of the replacement EDS units in the CBIS based upon the recommendations and guidelines in the TSA PGDS in effect at the time of execution of this OTA.

B. Authority/Airport Responsibilities

1. Except for the responsibilities of the TSA, as outlined above, the CBIS Project will be managed and overseen by the Authority. The Authority, acting through such contractors as it may engage, will provide the engineering and design services, as well as the associated construction and baggage handling system contractors, necessary for successful completion of the Project. The Authority will provide oversight of such contractor(s) to ensure the Project conforms to the TSA endorsed design, PGDS criteria and is completed within the prescribed costs and schedule identified and incorporated herein as Appendix C.

2. CBIS designs should be OSHA compliant; adhere to the applicable EDS and ETD installation and integration guide specifications; and should comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local building regulations. Provisions will be made in the CBIS design that will allow TSA and its contractor's full ingress to and egress from the CBIS area for the installation, operation, testing, maintenance, and repair of the EDS and ETD equipment.
3. Obtain all necessary construction licenses, insurance permits and approvals.
4. The Authority shall deliver a firm EDS delivery schedule requirement date to TSA no later than 60 days after construction contract award. This schedule will be reviewed and approved by TSA based on OEM EDS delivery schedules. If project cannot meet the acceptance date, the Authority will be responsible for the safekeeping of the EDS in a secure and climate controlled environment until such time the system(s) can be installed at the agreed upon site. The Authority will be solely responsible for any damages and or extra startup costs associated with or that occur during this delay.
5. Ensure the Project site will be ready to accommodate the installation of the EDS units when delivered. Project site preparation includes, but is not limited to, BHS modifications, mechanical, heating, electrical site preparation, including infrastructure to protect electrical or fiber optic cables, environmental controls, and any other airport terminal infrastructure work required to support the operational environment of the EDS and ETD units.
6. Facilitate the installation of the EDS units by providing a clear path during rigging and EDS installation, and provide sufficient space to allow for initial deployment activities (such as uncrating the device).
7. Provide three (3) feet of maintenance access space around the equipment so that spare parts may be removed and replaced.
8. Once installed, provide reasonable measures to protect the EDS and ETD equipment from harm, theft, and water intrusion in the screening area.
9. Prior to TSA ISAT Testing, it shall be the Authority /Airport's responsibility to exercise due diligence to protect and insure the EDS equipment from damage due to ongoing construction or weather.
10. The Airport shall provide for personnel, assistance, equipment and support services to jointly execute the Test Readiness Review (TRR) and ISAT leading to the commissioning and acceptance of the CBIS. Support will include but not be limited to:
 - a. Test bag laydown and storage areas secure and protected from the elements.
 - b. Baggage handlers for test bag staging, induction and retrieval during testing and commissioning including personnel and equipment necessary to move test bags between staging and ISAT areas.
 - c. Ensure representatives of the Baggage Handling System Contractor (BHSC), and System Programmer(s) are on site to run the CBIS during ISAT and resolve deficiencies found during testing.
 - d. Airport badging required for TSA contractor ISAT team members shall be executed in a timely manner such that no greater than two (2) trips to the airport are necessary to complete all badging requirements to be issued and receive an airport badge. Should this requirement not be met, the Airport/ILDT shall provide all escorts necessary to allow the TSA ISAT Team to conduct the ISAT and follow-on live operations run-in observation.

- e. Provide TSA and their Contractors full and complete most recent documentation of the project to include "approved for Construction" sets of the mechanical, electrical and controls drawings and control descriptions, see Appendix B for details.
11. Perform and bear all cost of the operation, maintenance and repairs for the airport terminal installed property such as the baggage handling conveyor system, including the conveyors in the baggage screening matrix, heating, air conditioning, electrical and mechanical infrastructure in support of this Project.
12. Submit monthly milestone and project progress status reports by the 10th of each month to the TSA Contracting Officer's Representative (COR)/Regional Deployment Coordinator (RDC), TSA Site Lead Contractor and TSA Contracting Officer. Specific requirements for the content of the monthly project status report are identified in Appendix D.
13. CBIS designs and construction shall meet all requirements of the TSA Security Technology Integrated Program (STIP) Data Requirements for Checked Baggage Systems as shown in Appendix E. The Airport shall provide all deliverables required in the STIP Data Requirements to the TSA COR/RDC.
14. Receive concurrence from TSA at each stage of the design review in order to proceed to the next design review stage.
15. Provide a budgetary construction cost estimate with the 70% and 100% design reviews for the Project.
16. Ensure the EDS OEM site planning, installation, integration and networking guidelines are incorporated into the design to ensure operational, maintenance and environmental specifications are met.
17. As part of the design, provide reasonable measures to protect the EDS and ETD equipment from harm, theft, and water intrusion in the screening area.
18. Incorporate heating, ventilation, air conditioning into the design as well as OSHA requirements for those spaces occupied by TSA personnel.

For additional clarification regarding roles and responsibilities see Appendix B.

C. Operation and Maintenance Costs

It is understood and agreed that the EDS and ETD security screening equipment are and will at all times remain the property of the TSA. TSA will maintain, repair, and refurbish the EDS and ETD units at no cost to the Authority.

Except for the EDS and ETD security screening equipment owned by the TSA and separately provided for use at the Airport, the Authority shall own and have title to all airport terminal building improvements made in accordance with this OTA such as heating, ventilation, air conditioning, electrical and mechanical infrastructure, baggage handling conveyor systems and controls, or other assets which are acquired and installed under this OTA in support of this Project. It will remain the responsibility of the Authority, its contractors or lessees acting through such agents as it may use, to maintain, repair and or replace such airport property to sustain the operational environment of the EDS and ETD security screening equipment. Title to all airport terminal building improvements that were purchased or reimbursed using Federal funds for this Project, shall become the property of the Authority, whether purchased with TSA or the Authority's funds.

D. Deliverables

Appendix E identifies other required deliverables to be submitted by the Authority and/or Airport.

ARTICLE VI - EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERM

The term of this OTA shall be from the date of execution of the OTA until five years from the date of execution, unless earlier terminated by the parties pursuant to Article XV "Termination" as provided herein or extended by mutual agreement pursuant to Article XIII "Changes and/or Modifications", in order to allow the Authority time to submit a final invoice, close out the Project, and address any other issues. The Authority agrees to work with TSA to close this OTA within six (6) months of completion of the Project including successful ISAT acceptance testing and operational run-in of the in-line CBIS.

The Authority will establish and provide to the TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator (RDC) and TSA CO, within 30 days of execution of this OTA, Project Milestones that allow objective measurement of progress toward completion. TSA maintains the right to identify any additional Project Milestones to be tracked by the Authority.

ARTICLE VII - ACCEPTANCE AND TESTING

TSA will deem the Design Project complete upon review and concurrency of the 100% design submittal package for the Authority. The 100% design submittal package must conform to the TSA PGDS Version 4.1, where feasible.

TSA will deem the CBIS-related portion of the Project complete upon successful results of the TSA ISAT (Integrated Site Acceptance Test) as conducted by the TSA independent Acceptance Test Contractor and successful completion of the 30-day Operational Run-In period. TSA ISAT will evaluate the CBIS against the TSA PGDS version stated in this OTA as well as assess and comment on functional and performance differences to the most current version of the PGDS version published at the time of ISAT.

Successful completion of Project requires the correction of CBIS deficiencies identified during the TSA ISAT as documented in the Quick Look Report (QLR) and as followed up at the end of the Operational Run-In period in the Test Summary Report (TSR). TSA will release the funds retained pursuant to Article X only after the CBIS has passed the ISAT test and Operational Run-In period and the deficiencies have been corrected. Additional details are contained in Appendix C, "Project and Acceptance Testing Requirements"

ARTICLE VIII - AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

The authorized representative for each party shall act on behalf of that party for all matters related to this OTA. Each party's authorized representative may appoint one or more personnel to act as an authorized representative for any administrative purpose related to this OTA, provided written notice of such appointment is made to the other party to this OTA. The authorized representatives for the parties are as follows:

A. TSA Points of Contact:

Contracting Officer's Representative/Regional Deployment Coordinator:

Shahzan Akber

Mail Stop TSIF #32

Transportation Security Administration

1 Post Office Road

Washington, DC 20528-6032

Phone: 571-227-5645

E-Mail: Shahzan.Akber@tsa.dhs.gov

Contracting Officer:

Kerry Toscano

701 South 12th Street

Arlington, VA 20598-6025

Phone: 571-227-4932

E-Mail: Kerry.Toscano@dhs.gov

Only the TSA Contracting Officer (CO) shall have the authority to bind the Federal government with respect to scope of work, funding and liability. The TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator (RDC) is also the TSA Contracting Officer Representative (COR) and is responsible for the technical administration of this OTA and technical liaison with the Authority. The TSA COR is not authorized to change the scope of work, to make any commitment or otherwise obligate the TSA, or authorize any changes which affect the liability of the TSA such as amount or level of funding.

The Authority must notify the TSA CO and COR in the event that any TSA employee or TSA contracted agent takes any action that may be interpreted by the Authority as direction which could increase the Project costs and could cause the Authority to seek reimbursement from TSA in excess of the TSA's total reimbursement liability as defined in Articles IV and IX of this OTA.

B. Authority/Airport Points of Contact:

The Authority/Airport Point of Contact for all correspondence is:

Greg McCarthy

Project Manager

San Francisco International Airport

Design, Construction, & Technology

Phone: 650-821-5204

E-Mail: Greg.McCarthy@flysf.com

ARTICLE IX - FUNDING AND LIMITATIONS

TSA will provide funding to the Authority in an amount not to exceed \$59,429,406.00 (TSA Reimbursement Limit). Funds in the amount of \$59,429,406.00 are hereby obligated and made

available for payment for performance of this OTA. Expenses incurred in executing the work identified herein are chargeable to:

PR: 2113203CT1140

Accounting Line: 5CF12XB010D2013SWE044GE013723006200622CTO-5903001518010000-251B-TSA DIRECT-DEF. TASK-D

Amount: \$59,429,406.00

In the event of termination or expiration of this OTA, any TSA funds that have not been spent or incurred for allowable expenses prior to the date of termination and are not reasonably necessary to cover allowable and allocable costs as of the date of termination will be returned and/or de-obligated from this OTA. TSA's liability to make payments to the Authority is limited to the funds obligated and available for payment hereunder, including written modifications to this OTA.

Under no circumstances will TSA be responsible to reimburse the Authority/Airport for profit or the general costs of government. The Authority may recover the allowable direct costs of the Authority personnel performing work necessary under this OTA, as well as the allowable and allocable costs of the contractors hired by the Authority to perform the necessary work under this OTA. Profit and overhead costs for the Authority contractors performing work on the Project are allowable costs. Submission of a cost allocation plan is required to address any indirect costs, to include the Authority/Airport employees, who work on multiple activities that will result in a request for reimbursement under this OTA. TSA will not be responsible for costs incurred by the Authority/Airport, its contractors or agents to perform work not in compliance with the TSA requirements in this OTA. The TSA CO has the right to recoup any payments made to the Authority/Airport if the TSA CO determines that the invoices exceed the actual costs incurred, or if the work substantially deviates from the TSA approved CBIS design requirements for the Project pursuant to this OTA.

TSA will reimburse only for allowable, allocable and reasonable costs in accordance with the OMB Circular No. A-87 in effect on the Effective Date of the OTA (codified at 2 C.F.R. Part 225) and the allowable/not-allowable costs identified in Appendix F of TSA's PGDS v 4.1.

ARTICLE X – PAYMENT

The United States Coast Guard Finance Center performs the payment function on behalf of the TSA. For purposes of submission to the Coast Guard Finance Center, the City must submit a completed Summary Invoice. Registration in the System for Award Management (SAM) is mandatory for invoice payment. To obtain information regarding SAM, please refer to <https://www.sam.gov/portal/public/SAM/>.

Invoices for reimbursable expenses will be submitted every thirty (30) days, as expenses are incurred. For periods in which the City has not incurred a reimbursable expense, an invoice is not required. Expenses are considered to accrue on the date that the Authority is invoiced from a contractor, sub-contractor, supplier, or provider of services. Reimbursement by TSA is conditioned upon submission to TSA of an invoice identifying the Project costs that have been

incurred and paid. The TSA will make its best effort to make payment to the Authority within 120 days from receipt of each properly prepared invoice for reimbursement of incurred Project costs.

Ten percent (10%) of all submitted costs identified by TSA as allowable, allocable and reasonable shall be retained by TSA until completion of the Project, and shall only be reimbursed to the Authority upon successful completion of all of its obligations under this OTA, including, completed system documentation submitted to TSA and successful completion of all testing as required in Article VII of this OTA.

In the event that an invoice for reimbursable expenses is not received by the TSA within a twelve (12) month period, the TSA reserves the right to terminate the OTA per Article XV "Termination."

The TSA reimbursement process consists of two steps.

Step 1 – Summary Invoice Submittal to the U.S. Coast Guard Finance Center for Payment, and at a minimum should contain the following information:

- (1) Other Transaction Agreement Number
- (2) Invoice Number and Invoice Date
- (3) Complete Business Name and Remittance Address
- (4) Point of Contact with address, telephone, fax and e-mail address
- (5) Tax Identification Number and DUN's Number
- (6) Dollar Amount of Reimbursement requested
- (7) Signature of the City's authorized representative and the following certification language: *"This is to certify that the services set forth herein were performed during the period stated and that the incurred costs billed were actually expended for the Project."*

The Summary Invoice may be submitted by standard mail or by electronic transmission to the following address(s):

Mailing Address: TSA Commercial Invoices
 USCG Finance Center
 P.O. Box 4111
 Chesapeake, VA 23327

Email: FIN-SMB-TSAINVOICES@uscg.mil

Step 2 – Submission of Summary Invoice and Supporting Documentation
 Submittal to TSA for Approval of Payment:

The TSA CO and the COR are required to review and the TSA CO will approve all invoices prior to payment. To aid in this review, the Authority shall provide a copy of the Summary Invoice along with all receipts, contractor pay requests and other supporting information which specify the vendor, services provided, and products delivered as well as the appropriate documentation that the Authority has paid these

obligations. The Authority should provide this supporting information simultaneously with Step 1 to expedite the payment process.

The Support Documentation should contain the following items:

- Summary Invoice from Step 1
- An executive summary project overview with the first invoice
- A summary spreadsheet providing a categorized breakdown of the amount invoiced
- Signed, approved and legible copies of each individual contractor's invoice to include schedules of values scope of work
 - Copies of contracts and change orders that provide support for the actual work being invoiced
 - Vendor and subcontractor invoices with specific details about services provided
 - Rationale for all allocations or unusual calculations or assumptions
 - Copies of subcontractor's invoices if listed on a prime contractor's invoice as a single amount (copies of timesheets and detailed backup not required if descriptions are clear and specific)
- Proof of payment by the Authority for each invoice in the form of copies of check/warrants, bank wire transfers, or accounting systems transactions

The Summary Invoice and supporting documentation may be submitted by email or mail via CD or paper documents to the below addresses. The final closeout invoice should include proof that all required deliverables have been provided.

TSA Contracting Officer's Representative
 Shahzan Akber
 Transportation Security Administration
 TSA Systems Integration Facility
 1 Post Office Way
 Washington, D.C. 20528-6032
 Mail Stop TSA TSIF - #32
 Email: OSTCBD@tsa.dhs.gov

TSA Contracting Officer
 C/O Mr. Henry Edquist
 Faithful & Gould
 1725 Duke Street, Suite #200
 Alexandria, VA 22314
 Phone: 571-403-8777
 Email: Henry.Edquist@fgould.com

Upon completion of the review of the supporting documentation for the Summary Invoice, the TSA CO and the TSA RDC/COR will advise the Coast Guard Finance Center regarding payment of the Summary Invoice.

TSA may pay any charges due under this OTA by electronic funds transfer, check, or other means.

ARTICLE XI - AUDITS

The Federal Government, including the Comptroller General of the United States, has the right to examine or audit relevant financial records for a period not to exceed three (3) years after expiration of the terms of this OTA. The Authority and its contractors must maintain an established accounting system that complies with generally accepted accounting principles.

Records related to disputes arising out of this OTA shall be maintained and made available until such disputes have been resolved. As used in this paragraph, "records" includes books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of whether such items are in written form, in the form of computer data, or in any other form related to this OTA.

The Authority shall maintain all records and other evidence sufficient to reflect costs claimed to have been incurred or anticipated to be incurred directly or indirectly in performance of this OTA. The TSA CO or the authorized representative of the TSA CO shall have the right to examine and audit those records at any time, or from time to time. The right of examination shall include inspection at all reasonable times at the offices of the Authority or at the offices of the Authority's contractor(s) responsible for the Construction Project. The Authority will be required to submit cost or pricing data and supporting information in connection with any invoice relating to this OTA if requested by the TSA CO.

This Article XI shall not be construed to require the Authority or its contractors or subcontractors to create or maintain any record that they do not maintain in the ordinary course of business pursuant to a provision of law, provided that those entities maintain records which conform to generally accepted accounting practices.

The Authority shall insert a clause containing the terms of Article XI – Audits in all of its contracts and subcontracts under this OTA that exceed \$100,000.00 (One Hundred Thousand Dollars).

ARTICLE XII – REQUIRED FEDERAL PROCUREMENT PROVISIONS

Competition in the award of contracts or procurements resulting from this Project is strongly encouraged and the Authority should promote competition to the maximum extent practicable. The Authority may follow its local procurement requirements for this OTA. The Authority agrees to include in its contract(s) a provision that the Authority's designs and work for this Construction Project are required to comply with the TSA's PGDS Version 4.1, where feasible.

ARTICLE XIII – CHANGES AND/OR MODIFICATIONS

Changes and modifications to this OTA shall be in writing and signed by the TSA CO and duly executed by the authorized representative of Authority. Any modification shall cite to this OTA and shall state the exact nature of the change and/or modification. No oral statement by any person shall be interpreted as modifying or otherwise affecting the terms of this OTA. The properly signed written modification shall be attached to this OTA and thereby becomes a part of this OTA.

ARTICLE XIV – DISPUTES

When possible, disputes will be resolved by informal discussion between the parties. All disputes arising under or related to this OTA shall be resolved under this Article. Disputes, as used in this OTA, mean a written demand or written assertion by one of the parties seeking, as a matter of right, the adjustment or interpretation of OTA terms, or other relief arising under this OTA. The dispute shall be made in writing and signed by a duly authorized representative of the

Authority or the TSA. At a minimum, a dispute under this OTA shall include a statement of facts, adequate supporting data and a request for relief. In the event that the parties are unable to resolve any disagreement through good faith negotiations, the dispute will be reviewed and adjudicated by the TSA Assistant Secretary or his or her designee. If a party disagrees with the decision of the TSA Assistant Secretary or his or her designee, they may pursue other available legal remedies.

ARTICLE XV – TERMINATION

In addition to any other termination rights provided by this OTA, either party may terminate this OTA at any time prior to its expiration date, with or without cause, and without incurring any liability or obligation to the terminated party (other than payment of amounts due and performance of obligations accrued, in each case on or prior to the termination date) by giving the other party at least thirty (30) days prior written notice of termination. Upon receipt of a notice of termination, the receiving party shall take immediate steps to stop the accrual of any additional obligations that might require payment.

In the event of termination or expiration of this OTA, any TSA funds that have not been spent or incurred for allowable expenses prior to the date of termination and are not reasonably necessary to cover termination expenses will be returned and/or de-obligated from this OTA.

ARTICLE XVI – CONSTRUCTION OF THE AGREEMENT

This OTA is an “other transaction” issued under 49 U.S.C. § 106(l) and 114(m)(1) and is not a procurement contract, grant or cooperative agreement. Nothing in this OTA shall be construed as incorporating by reference or implication any provision of Federal acquisition law or regulation. It is not intended to be, nor shall it be construed as creation of a partnership, corporation, or other business entity between the parties.

Each party acknowledges that all parties hereto participated equally in the negotiation and drafting of this OTA and any amendments thereto, and that, accordingly, this OTA shall not be construed more stringently against one party than against the other.

This OTA constitutes the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements, understandings, negotiations and discussions, whether oral or written, of the parties.

In the event that any Article and/or parts of this OTA are determined to be void or otherwise invalid or unenforceable, such Article or portions thereof shall lapse. No such lapse will affect the rights, responsibilities, and obligations of the parties under this OTA, except as provided therein. If either party determines that such lapse has or may have a material effect on the performance of the OTA, such party shall promptly notify the other party, and shall negotiate in good faith a mutually acceptable amendment to the OTA if appropriate to address the effect of the lapse.

ARTICLE XVII - PROTECTION OF INFORMATION

The parties agree that they shall take appropriate measures to protect all proprietary, privileged,

confidential, or otherwise Sensitive Security Information (SSI) that may come into their possession as a result of this OTA.

A. RELEASE OF TECHNICAL DATA

No Sensitive Security Information (SSI), as defined in 49 CFR Parts 15 and 1520, concerning the scope of this OTA, shall be published or released to the public without prior written approval of the TSA Assistant Secretary or his or her designee. Guidance regarding SSI may be found in Appendix G, Checked Baggage Screening Equipment Sensitive Security Information Identification Guide”, of the TSA PGDS.

B. RECORDS AND RELEASE OF INFORMATION

All Sensitive Security Information (SSI), as defined in 49 CFR Part 1520, shall be handled in accordance with TSA policies and regulations. All employees, contractors, and subcontractors assigned to work under this OTA are subject to the provisions of 49 CFR Part 1520, Protection of Sensitive Security Information, because they act for, or carry out duties for, or on behalf of the TSA. SSI may not be disclosed except in accordance with the provisions of that rule or where TSA otherwise approves.

C. MEDIA

Neither the Authority, nor its contractors shall include in its publicity or public affairs activities related to the subject matter of this OTA any SSI unless written approval has been received from the TSA Office of Security Capabilities or the TSA Office of Strategic Communication and Public Affairs. The purpose of this provision is to preclude the inadvertent release of SSI to the general public.

ARTICLE XVIII - SURVIVAL OF PROVISIONS

The following provision of this OTA shall survive the termination of this OTA: Article IV – Cost Sharing and Other Responsibilities; Article IX – Funding and Limitations; Article XI – Audits; Article XII – Required Federal Procurement Provisions; Article XIV – Disputes, Article XVII – Protection of Information and Article XVIII – Survival of Provisions.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have entered into this Agreement by their duly authorized officers this ____ day of _____, 2013.

**U. S. Department of Homeland Security
Transportation Security Administration**

**City and County of San Francisco Airport
Commission**

**Kerry Toscano
TSA Contracting Officer**

Date

Date

Authorized by Airport Commission

Resolution No. _____

Adopted:

Attest: _____

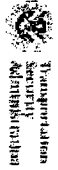
Approved as to Form

By: _____

Appendix A TSA Planning Guidelines and Design Standards Deliverables Checklist

Figure 2-4
DELIVERABLES CHECKLIST

PROJECT PHASE DELIVERABLES	SECTION	SECTION	SECTION	SECTION
Pre-Design Phase Preliminary Alternatives Analysis Report Preferred Alternatives Analysis Report Schematic Design Phase Basis of Design Report Detailed Program Requirements High-Level Flow-Based Modeling Assumptions and Results Preliminary Concept Plans Planning and Constructability Technical Memoranda ROM Estimate of Probable Construction and O&M Costs Stakeholder Review and Approval Documentation Preliminary Project Schedule	2.2.1			
Detailed Design Phase 30% Design Submittals Updated Basis of Design Report Operational Standards Assessment Preliminary Plans Cross Sections Description of Operations Baggage and Data Flow Charts Table of Contents for CBS Screening Equipment Installation Statistics Outline of Requested Capabilities Stakeholder Review and Approval Documentation 30% Estimate of Probable Construction and O&M Costs Preliminary Phasing Schedule Concept Manual EDS Equipment List 70% Design Submittals Updated Basis of Design Report Updated Operational Standards Assessment 70% Design Drawings Cross Sections	2.2.2 2.2.2.1			
Detailed Design Phase (continued) 70% Design Submittals (continued) Description of Operations Preliminary Contingency Plan 70% Specifications Draft Site Specific Configuration Management Plan Stakeholder Review and Approval Documentation 70% Estimate of Probable Construction and O&M Costs Phasing Schedule Carrier/ Mailbox Updated EDS Equipment List 100% Design Submittals Bid Documents Final Description of Operations Contingency Plans Project Specifications Final Site Specific Configuration Management Plan Stakeholder Review and Approval Documentation Final Estimate of Probable Construction and O&M Costs Final Phasing Schedule Updated EDS Equipment List Operational Training Materials and Documentation Construction Phase Changes to Approved 100% Design Submittals Construction Schedule Courtesy Copies of Shop and Installation Drawings Testing and Commissioning Phase Per-ISAT Documentation NSAT Documentation Project Closeout Phase As-built CBS Documentation Submittal Final Copy of the PLC Program with Drawings Final Copy of Operator Reserve Procedures	2.2.3 2.2.3.3	2.2.4 2.2.5 2.2.6		



Transportation Security Administration
Planning Guidelines and Design Standards
for Checked Baggage Inspection Systems

Appendix B

Project and Acceptance Testing Requirements

Scope: TSA support for the in-line Checked Baggage Inspection System (CBIS) solution will encompass design, construction and commissioning to support the in-line CBIS.

A. TSA responsibilities with regard to the Project are listed below in sections 1.1 to 1.7 . Many responsibilities are delegated to TSA contractors such as the EDS Original Equipment (OEM) Manufacturer, TSA Site Lead Contractor, and TSA Acceptance Test Contractor but ultimate responsibility resides with TSA.

1.1 EDS PLACEMENT

If applicable, TSA will ship, rig and install EDS machines and associated EDS screening equipment, to include any necessary ETD screening equipment, in their respective operational locations within the CBIS Project location. TSA, through the EDS OEM or other TSA contractors, shall be responsible for coordinating and integrating activities regarding placement of EDS equipment with the local TSA Point of Contact and Airport Point of Contact.

1.2 INSTALLATION SUPPORT

1.2.1 Project Management

As applicable, the TSA Site Lead Contractor and the EDS OEM shall be responsible for providing technical support throughout the entire period of performance during the installation Project. The OEM shall be responsible for all labor, materials, equipment, and support services required for planning, managing, and supervising all items related to the installation of the EDS units and associated ancillary equipment.

1.2.2 Technical Support

TSA will provide technical support to the Project through existing TSA contracts with the EDS OEM, TSA Site Lead Contractor, and TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor.

- The identified TSA Site Lead Contractor should be included in all relevant CBIS planning/project meetings relevant to TSA contributions to the Project. Project schedules and updates should be provided to the TSA Site Lead Contractor to ensure TSA has timely and sufficient notice of deliverable dates. The TSA Site Lead Contractor will assess the project progress against the project schedule and approved design to advise TSA of issues related to cost, schedule and/or performance impacts to the in-line project.
- The EDS OEM shall provide technical consultations to the TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator (RDC), TSA Site Lead Contractor, TSA Acceptance Test Lead, TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor and Airport regarding Project efforts that may include, but are not limited to: teleconferences; reviews of drawings and specifications; and exchanges of technical documentation such as specifications, manuals, and guides.
- TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor shall support ISAT of the CBIS (the EDS units, BHS and the integration between them) and will develop relevant CBIS test plans and reports that will be shared with the Airport.

- Support for the development and execution of the TSA Other Transaction Agreement in place between TSA and the Authority will be provided by TSA Office of Acquisition.
- Oversight and coordination of technical aspects of the Project will be provided by the TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator.
- Local TSA personnel shall support coordination of issues between TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator (RDC) and the Airport as directed by the Federal Security Director (FSD).

1.2.3 Commissioning Services

TSA, through the EDS OEM and its other TSA contractors, shall be responsible for all labor, materials, equipment, and support services needed to assemble, power up, configure, and install the EDS machines into the required operational condition. The EDS OEM shall provide technical support, documentation, and installation of the EDS units and the associated local Baggage Viewing Stations (BVS) after confirmation that all pre-installation requirements have been met. The EDS OEM shall coordinate with the TSA RDC, TSA Site Lead Contractor, TSA Acceptance Test Lead, and the Airport to perform system testing.

1.3 Acceptance Testing

Mandatory testing for this system includes Site Acceptance Testing (SAT) for the EDS units following installation; pre-Integrated Site Acceptance Testing following the integration of the EDS units with the BHS is affirmed through a Test Readiness Review (TRR) and Test Readiness Notice (TRN); and Integrated Site Acceptance Testing (ISAT) is conducted prior to TSA acceptance of the CBIS system for operational use. TSA may elect to oversee BHS pre-ISAT conduct to confirm readiness of the system and conduct the TRR within the timeline of the ISAT to reduce the overall testing timeline. See the following table for minimum lead time requirements for testing activities.

Table 1. ISAT Timeline

Lead Times for ISAT (Days Prior to projected test date)	Activity	Responsible Parties
Site Initiation or ≥ 180 days from ISAT	Site Survey Data Collection Checklist provided to the ILDT to complete to support the ISAT Site Specific Test Plan (SSTP) development.	TSA RDC, TSA Site Lead Contractor
≥ 120 days	<p>Completed Site Survey Data Collection Checklist and supporting site documentation received by TSA Acceptance Test Contractor from TSA Site Lead Contractor, to include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any and All Approved Request for Variance (RFV) • Basis of Design Report • Sample BHS & CBIS Reports for all PGDS required Reports • BHS & EDS Network Diagrams and Server Architecture • Local Procedures for Fail-Safe, E-Stop, Jam Clearing and IQ Test Conduct • Airport/Airline Bag Induction/Hygiene Procedures • BHS Specifications • Controls Description and/or Description of Operation (if both exist then provide both) • Fail-safe and/or E-Stop Zone Drawings • BHS Mechanical Plan and Elevation Drawings from Natural Induction Locations to & through the CBIS, CBRA and Make-up Locations with Conveyors labeled, Plan View Drawings and Electrical Drawings of the BHS/CBIS with Control Station & Photoeye Locations and labeling. All drawings will be "Approved for Construction" by the Airport and not Pre-Bid or Bid Use Only versions. • At least 1 Plan/OverView Drawing that shows the entire CBIS in a single view • Conveyor Motor Manifest to include not less than (Conveyor Name, Phase, Conveyor Type, Degree of Turn, Degree 	ILDT, TSA Site Lead Contractor

	<p>of Incline/Decline, Length, Speed in FPM, Motor HP, Control Type (VFD yes/no), Brake Type, Motor Type, drive Type, FLA Rating).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Installation & Commissioning Phasing Plan Narrative and Phasing Plan Drawings • Construction and Testing Schedule(s) 	
≥90 days	<p>On-site Site Survey Meeting held. to conduct initial test coordination and review the draft SSTP. This visit will allow the TSA Acceptance Test Contractor to tour the site, review the draft SSTP with the ILDT, coordinate logistics and manpower and initiate the SIDA badge application process, if required. TSA Site Lead Contractor coordinates schedule with the ILDT and TSA's Acceptance Test Contractor.</p>	<p>ILDT, TSA RDC, TSA Site Lead Contractor, TSA Acceptance Test Contractor</p>
≥45 days	<p>Final SSTP Review Meeting between the TSA Acceptance Test Contractor and the ILDT to review the final SSTP, include any other approved RFV, verify logistics & manpower, and review specific tests to be performed. <u>Any requests for variance from the SSTP testing requirements must be delivered in writing to the TSA RDC prior to this meeting for review and response.</u> This is the last chance for the ILDT to disclose any test standards that cannot be met in writing and formally justify exemption from test criteria. Any final revisions to the SSTP will be made and distributed to the ILDT and RDC prior to test execution.</p>	<p>ILDT, TSA Site Lead Contractor, TSA Acceptance Test Contractor, TSA RDC</p>
Typically 14 days to 1 day	<p>TSA Acceptance Test Contractor will ship test articles to the ILDT. The ILDT receives the test articles and stores in a secure and weather protected laydown area as agreed to by the ILDT and TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor in the Final SSTP Review Meeting.</p>	<p>ILDT, TSA Acceptance Test Contractor</p>
≥11 business days	<p>CBIS pre-testing - The ILDT conducts pre-testing. The TSA Site Lead contractor will provide oversight of CBIS pre-testing to validate the Test Readiness Notification (TRN) to the TSA RDC and Acceptance Test</p>	<p>ILDT, TSA Site Lead Contractor</p>

	<p>Team. The ILDT delivers internal pre-ISAT test results to the TSA Site Lead Contractor and the Site and TRR readiness confirmation letter to the TSA RDC and Acceptance Test Team. Upon successful review, the TSA Site Lead Contractor is deployed to the site within 7 days.</p> <p>Note: TSA may combine TRN with CBIS pre-testing and/or conduct TRR as a subset of ISAT</p>	
≥7 business days	<p>TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor or Site Lead Contractor initiates & performs the TRR.</p> <p>Note: TRR Performance by Acceptance Testing Contractor will be a subset of overall ISAT duration and permit passed tests to be credited toward ISAT completion. TRR failure will result in 2 week moratorium.</p>	ILDT, TSA Site Lead Contractor
≥3 business days	<p>When notice of successful TRR is completed and delivered to the TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor via a TRN no later than COB Wednesday (5:00 p.m. EST), ISAT deployment will occur the following Monday. If delivered any time Thursday through Sunday, the TSA Test Team deployment will occur on the second Monday.</p>	TSA Site Lead Contractor, TSA Acceptance Test Contractor
1 business days	<p>TSA Acceptance Test Contractor travel day (normally Monday)</p>	TSA Acceptance Test Contractor
Test start	<p>TSA Acceptance Test Contractor travel day (normally Monday) with mobilization activities and an in-brief meeting with ILDT on the next business day. Prior to start of testing, TSA Acceptance Test Contractor will accept PLC code from TSA Site Lead Contractor or ILDT prior to the start of testing. TSA Acceptance Test Contractor and ILDT will work together to perform ISAT and collect BHS and EDS performance documentation. Prior to departing the site, an Out-brief meeting will be held for all site stakeholders.</p>	ILDT, TSA Acceptance Test Contractor, TSA Site Lead Contractor
≤2 business days after ISAT complete	<p>QLR is submitted by the TSA Test Acceptance Contractor to the TSA Acceptance Test Lead and RDC for review</p>	TSA Acceptance Test Contractor, TSA Acceptance

	and approval	Test Lead, TSA RDC
X business days after QLR receipt	TSA conducts ISAT review board based on QLR results to determine readiness of CBIS to enter Live Operations and Bag Screening or whether to return CBIS to ILDT for correction of deficiencies prior to Live Operations	TSA RDC, TSA Acceptance Test Lead,
5 business days after ISAT review board decision	QLR is distributed by the TSA Deployment RDC	TSA RDC
For 30+ days from start of substantial use	The TSA Acceptance Test Contractor remotely monitors system performance during live operations run-in period and observes system on-site for 3+ days	ILDT, TSA Acceptance Test Contractor, TSA Test Lead
5 business days following completion of data collection and onsite observation for run-in	The TSA Acceptance Test Contractor provides a Test Summary Report (TSR) to the TSA Acceptance Test Lead and RDC for review and approval.	TSA Acceptance Test Contractor, TSA RDC, TSA Acceptance Test Lead
5 business days	RDC distributes TSA approved TSR to ILDT	ILDT, TSA RDC

1.3.1. Site Acceptance Testing (SAT)

The EDS OEM shall coordinate and conduct SAT testing on the EDS machines in the presence of a TSA designated government witness. The EDS OEM shall implement and coordinate testing by issuing a Test Readiness Notification (TRN) at least 7 days prior to the scheduled Acceptance testing. Passing SAT results are required prior to final integration of EDS to the BHS and to certify equipment readiness for operational use in screening baggage. In the event that the TSA supplied EDS units cannot meet SAT test requirements, TSA will ensure that any EDS machine defects are corrected or that the EDS unit is replaced.

1.3.2. Site Specific Test Plan Development (SSTP)

TSA has arranged for its Acceptance Test Contractor to develop a SSTP based on testing criteria outlined in the TSA PGDS Appendix D. The Draft SSTP will be based on the Airport's responses to a Site Planning Checklist to be completed ≥ 120 days in advance of ISAT. The Final SSTP shall be delivered to the Airport between 60 and 30 days in advance of projected ISAT start-up. The ILDT and TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor will conduct review meetings of the Draft SSTP and Final SSTP per schedule in Table 1, Section 1.3 of this OTA prior to ISAT. Any requests for deviation from the SSTP testing requirements must be delivered in writing through a RFV to the TSA RDC and Acceptance Test Lead prior to this Final SSTP meeting for review and response.

The TSA RDC and TSA Acceptance Test Lead will review/evaluate any requests for phased testing (e.g. non-consecutive testing activities requiring multiple TSA Test Team trips). Such

requests must be supported by compelling justification and submitted in writing through a RFV to the TSA RDC and TSA Acceptance Test Lead during the design process and well in advance of SSTP development. Programming or mechanical changes made before ISAT (typically during Contractor pre-testing) must be documented and provided to the TSA RDC and TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor. Once a system enters TRR, no variances will be permitted to the testing criteria.

1.3.3. Integrated Site Acceptance Testing (ISAT)

Scheduling and Coordination: Construction schedule including the ISAT start date(s) and duration(s) shall be shared with the TSA Site Lead Contractor, TSA RDC, TSA Acceptance Test Lead and TSA Acceptance Test Contractor through weekly and monthly meetings and reports upon submission of the SSTP checklist to ensure all stakeholders maintain schedule awareness. This schedule shall be distributed each time changes are made to the ISAT start date and/or duration. Changes made to the schedule within two weeks of the planned ISAT start date may relieve the TSA of the obligation to begin testing within three business days of the TRR. In this situation, the ISAT start date could depend on TSA's testing workload and resource allocation.

Test Results and Reports:

Testing results will be shared in hard copy format with the Airport from the RDC through the local TSA Point of Contact. Test results will identify security, efficiency and safety concerns. There are four (4) possible test outcomes:

- **Meets PGDS Criteria** – The system under test meets CBIS design and PGDS criteria.
- **Minor Defects Found** – The system under test had no security failures and performance deficiencies would not impede system performance and staffing levels.
- **Major Defects Found** – The system under test had no security failures but performance deficiencies would be detrimental to system performance and/or staffing levels.
- **Fail** – The system under test produced security failures and/or deficiencies that would be excessively detrimental to system performance and staffing levels.

In the event of a failed ISAT result, TSA reserves the right to defer any subsequent re-tests for a period of at least 30 days.

1.4 INTEGRATION SERVICES

1.4.1. BHS Support

The EDS OEM shall assist the Authority's contractor to establish digital and serial communication for the EDS units. Once communication between devices has been established, the EDS OEM shall provide the following support and integration services.

- Assist the BHS contractor to obtain efficient EDS operation.
- Provide on-site Integration Engineer Support Services to facilitate the entire integration effort with the BHS.
- Be available to support system testing and validation conducted by internal or external organizations including the Integrated Site Acceptance Test (ISAT) and pre-ISAT Project testing and throughout the planning phases including the issuance of the ISAT TRN and TRR.

- During initial Live Operations Run-In , provide system performance documentation and technical assistance as requested by TSA, TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor and/or the ILDT.

1.4.2. Software and Hardware

Following SAT and throughout the integration effort, the EDS OEM shall install and test the required software and hardware to allow for digital and serial communication between the EDS and the BHS PLC if required. Functionality of the EDS BHS interface hardware and software shall be verified by the EDS OEM at the interface box prior to working with the Airport BHS contractor to ensure a proper operating PLC interface and to avoid delays.

1.5 SYSTEM NETWORKING

1.5.1 Network Infrastructure

The EDS OEM shall provide required patch cables and miscellaneous hardware to interface between network patch panel and EDS OEM supplied networking components.

1.5.2 Network Services

The EDS OEM shall provide: training for TSA staff; coordination and support for TSA and testing certification; and resources to conduct installation, testing, and initial operational support for networking. No other network may interface with the networked airport screening solution. The implemented assigned network for operation shall be an isolated, stand-alone network.

1.6. TRAINING

TSA will provide training for TSA screening staff on the operation of the EDS and ETD equipment.

1.7. MAINTENANCE

Upon successful completion of SAT testing for each unit, TSA will maintain and repair the EDS and ETD units throughout their lifecycles.

B. AUTHORITY'S RESPONSIBILITIES with regard to the Project are listed below in sections 2.1 to 2.5 listed below.

2.0 DESIGN

The Authority will undertake design of a baggage screening system in accordance with the TSA PGDS to meet the needs of the Airport and TSA FSD. The Authority shall submit all applicable design requirements to the TSA RDC for review and as further defined in Chapter 2 of PGDS Version 4.1. The Authority shall respond to TSA design review comments promptly and in writing prior to the start of the next design phase for the CBIS Project.

2.1 EDS PLACEMENT

If applicable, the Authority shall ensure that the Project site will be ready to accommodate the installation of the EDS and associated equipment. The Authority shall provide adequate protection to the EDS machines and to the airport infrastructure during any and all EDS movements. The Authority shall coordinate with the EM to integrate all activities regarding placement of EDS equipment. The Authority shall provide reasonable measures to protect the EDS and ETD equipment from damage in the screening area.

2.1.1 Site Readiness and Storage

The Authority shall confirm site readiness to receive EDS units to the TSA Site Lead Contractor no later than 10 business days prior to requested delivery date. Site readiness shall address availability of temporary or permanent power; removal of obstacles to the rigging path; and adequacy of physical environmental conditions within the delivery area that meet EDS OEM standards for protecting the EDS units. The Authority shall provide secure storage for the EDS units and any ancillary screening equipment if site conditions at the time of delivery do not provide adequate protection. The Authority shall provide secure storage space for hardware associated with EDS integration and multiplexing until it can be installed by EDS OEM Integration Support Staff. Failure to meet these minimum requirements may result in reallocation of equipment to other sites, thus affecting the airport's overall project schedule.

2.1.2 Rigging Services

The Authority will be responsible for providing rigging path verification, ingress path, and/or structural analysis. If required, the Airport will remove and replace any walls, windows, glass, doors, or other physical barriers in support of rigging activities.

2.2 INSTALLATION SUPPORT

2.2.1 Power Requirements

The Authority will provide terminations to the EDS for electrical power. The Authority will be responsible for providing all infrastructure power requirements including separate metering. If applicable, the Authority will design and install all power requirements to terminal locations within the Checked Baggage Resolution Areas and at EDS locations. The Authority will provide cabling from terminations to EDS equipment. The Authority shall attest to the availability of power supply to adequately support the EDS and associated equipment in accordance with OEM specifications and be liable for damage to this equipment resulting from intentional deviations to accepted power supply conditions.

2.2.2 Commissioning Services

The Authority will be responsible for obtaining all other infrastructures not mentioned in Section 2.2.1 to support EDS operations and maintenance.

2.3 INTEGRATION SERVICES

The Authority shall ensure that the BHS Contractor coordinates with EDS OEM in support of integration activities (e.g. installation and testing the required software and hardware to allow for digital and serial communication between the EDS and the BHS PLC) as needed. Terminations to the EDS for BHS PLC communication shall be performed by the Authority.

2.4 NETWORKING

2.4.1. Network Infrastructure

The Authority will design and install all communication conduit, fiber, etc. as required by the EDS OEM's design criteria for the EDS and EDS networking system, including but not limited to connectivity of Checked Baggage Resolution Areas, TSA network control room, and BHS Control Room as required. Exact parameters will be reviewed at Project start-up by TSA.

The Authority will provide cabling and network patch panels in TSA control rooms, ETD search areas, and the TSA network room as determined by the network design conducted in conjunction with the Authority. The EDS OEM shall provide required patch cables and miscellaneous hardware to interface between network patch panel and EDS OEM-supplied networking components. The Authority will provide all electrical outlets to support installation and operation of a fully multiplexed explosive detection system.

2.4.2. Network Services

No other network may interface with the networked airport screening solution. The implemented assigned network for operation shall be an isolated, stand-alone network.

2.5. ACCEPTANCE - TESTING SUPPORT

The Project schedule shall allow for sufficient time to conduct mandatory testing of the EDS units after installation and integration. The Project schedule shall also factor in minimum lead times for notification of readiness for testing (7 days for SAT; 3 days for TRR; and at least 3 business days for ISAT). The Authority shall identify operational windows in time in which testing activities can be accomplished. Testing activities will be scheduled for normal 8-hour business days (Monday-Friday) and should not include holidays.

Testing activities shall also be scheduled such that test articles shall not be comingled either physically with Live Passenger Bags on existing or new screening systems or their electronic screening images shall not appear on consoles being used for Live Passenger Bag screening. Use of temporary networks or phased testing to accommodate the separation of Live Bags and Test Articles must be approved in writing through a RFV in advance of TRR/ISAT by the TSA RDC and TSA Acceptance Test Lead.

Requests for overtime or multiple shifts are discouraged and will only be considered based on compelling justification. The TSA RDC and TSA Acceptance Test Lead will review/evaluate any requests for phased testing (e.g. non-consecutive testing activities requiring multiple test team trips). Such requests must be in writing supported by compelling justification and submitted to the TSA RDC well in advance of SSTP development. Programming or mechanical changes made before ISAT (typically during Contractor pre-testing or TRR) must be documented and provided to the TSA RDC and Acceptance Test Contractor.

2.5.1 Site Specific Test Plan (SSTP)

The Authority shall ensure that information needed to develop an accurate SSTP is provided to TSA Test Acceptance Lead at the earliest opportunity, but no later than 120 days prior to the requested testing date. Required documentation includes:

- Completed Site Survey Data Collection Checklist
- Any and All Approved Request for Variance (RFV)
- Basis of Design Report
- Sample BHS & CBIS Reports for all PGDS required Reports
- BHS & EDS Network Diagrams and Server Architecture
- Local Procedures for Fail-Safe, E-Stop, Jam Clearing and IQ Test Conduct
- Airport/Airline Bag Induction/Hygiene Procedures
- BHS Specifications
- Controls Description and/or Description of Operation (if both exist then provide both)
- Fail-safe and/or E-Stop Zone Drawings
- BHS Mechanical Plan and Elevation Drawings from Natural Induction Locations to & through the CBIS, CBRA and Make-up Locations with Conveyors labeled Plan View Drawings and Electrical Drawings of the BHS/CBIS with Control Station & Photoeye Locations and labeling. All drawings will be "Approved for Construction" by the Airport and not Pre-Bid or Bid Use Only versions.
- At least 1 Plan/Overview Drawing that shows the entire CBIS in a single view
 - Conveyor Motor Manifest to include not less than (Conveyor Name, Phase, Conveyor Type, Degree of Turn, Degree of Incline/Decline, Length, Speed in FPM, Motor HP, Control Type (VFD yes/no), Brake Type, Motor Type, drive Type, FLA Rating).
 - Installation & Commissioning Phasing Plan Narrative and Phasing Plan Drawings
- Construction and Testing Schedules provided through weekly and monthly meetings and reports prior to ISAT.

All drawings shall be clearly visible and readable when plotted on Arch D Size Stock. All documents shall be submitted electronically (e.g. text documents in MS Word or PDF and drawings in AutoCAD [.dwg] or PDF.)

Any system constraints that will prevent compliance with TSA testing and performance criteria must be disclosed in writing to TSA as far in advance as possible to allow for evaluation of applicable waivers. Any restrictions on system availability and accessibility for testing shall be disclosed. Cutover plans including any phasing plans that will affect the TSA Acceptance Test Contractor's ability to test the full system from ticket counters and curbside inductions (if applicable) through the outbound/sortation system shall also be disclosed to allow for the development of an accurate SSTP. Cutover plans that will result in multiple testing phases shall also be presented to the TSA RDC in writing for review and approval prior to the Test Coordination Meeting and no later than 30 days prior to ISAT.

The Authority will have the opportunity to review and comment on SSTP in advance of testing. Comments and/or questions should be directed to the TSA RDC and the TSA Site Lead Contractor.

2.5.2. Test Readiness Report (TRR)

This pre-ISAT activity is conducted by TSA Site Lead Contractor in coordination with the Authority (typically the BHS Contractor.) The purpose of this testing activity is to assure TSA of site readiness for ISAT and is a precursor for TSA authorization for TSA Acceptance Test

Contractor to deploy. The Authority will be provided TRR data sheets by the TSA Site Lead Contractor. BHS/CBIS configuration and operation shall be in final form intended for bag screening operations. Unless mutually agreed to, changes/improvements to BHS/CBIS between TRR and ISAT are not authorized. The Authority must address security and efficiency defects found during TRR and be prepared to implement mutually agreed upon corrective actions prior to ISAT.

Required input from the Project Team will include:

Functional Testing Documentation: Testing authentication must be clearly reported and show every test with bag ID and declared status on printed EDS FDRS (Field Data Reports) and on the printed Critical Tracking PEC Report (as required in PGDS Section 7.2.14) resulting bag destination. Ledger forms should show test date, type of test, identification of bag destination location, and ID number of the bags arriving at that location. These reports should be organized and indexed in an electronic media/file or loose-leaf binder(s)

- Each test shall conclude with an indication of successfully passing the required criteria of BHS specification and testing criteria and if conflict or failure exists, then so indicate with an explanation.
- Presentation of completed testing and TRR required documentation to TSA Site Lead not less than 7 business days prior to anticipated Pre-ISAT date is required.

System Mixed Bag Test and System Throughput Test Observation: Sufficient numbers of test bags (no less than 100 test bags per EDS) will be utilized to “stress” the BHS/CBIS as would occur during peak operating times. Test bag set profile should be similar to the TSA Acceptance Test Contractor’s test bag profile.

- A real-time observation by TSA Site Lead Contractor of a global BHS/CBIS System Mixed Bag Test and System Throughput Test using clear and suspect bags is required.
- All EDS equipment must be operational.
- All baggage entry points must be utilized.

The TSA Site Lead Contractor or Acceptance Testing Contractor performs the TRR. If successful, a Test Readiness Notice is issued to the TSA RDC and the TSA Acceptance Test Contractor for ISAT deployment. If delivered by COB Monday through Wednesday (5:00 p.m. EST), ISAT deployment will occur the following Monday. If delivered any time Thursday through Sunday, ISAT deployment will occur on the second Monday. If changes are made to the system following TRR without prior coordination with TSA, ISAT testing shall be postponed pending submission of documentation for review and evaluation by TSA and its Acceptance Test Contractor (see paragraph 2.5.7)

2.5.3. Logistical Support Needs: The Authority shall identify and provide any logistical or support needs that will impact TRR and ISAT testing, to include:

- any process needed to obtain sufficient baggage tags should the system use IATA baggage tracking mechanisms, pier tags should the system use pier tags, or blank bag tags if the system does not use IATA baggage tracking mechanisms; Quantities of tags needed will be coordinated during the Site Survey Meeting and the SSTP review Meetings

- any process needed to obtain sufficient baggage tubs/totes (typically 20 per installed EDS)
- any process needed to obtain sufficient bag transportation devices (tugs, totes, carts, etc.) needed to move test articles in and around the CBIS, CBRA, laydown area and sort/claim devices
- any process needed to obtain safety training and/or General Contractor access for TSA Acceptance Test Contractor, as required”
- any process needed to obtain airport badges/access for TSA Acceptance Test Contractor personnel; and/or personnel escorts. Airport SIDA Badging Process shall not require more than 2 trips of test team personnel to the site, 1 work week maximum duration each, to obtain SIDA badges including fingerprinting, SIDA Training, testing, issuing and pickup.
- availability of BHSC and BHS Programmer to operate BHS during ISAT and provide support for ISAT Testing and diagnostic activities (BHS reports, investigations, and explanations to questions from the TSA Acceptance Test Contractor)
- provide baggage handling support for testing activities including bag loading, unloading, transport, fault recovery, during ISAT and TRR including movement between test and laydown/storage areas; and
- availability of support for delivery and secure and weather protected storage of TSA Acceptance Contractor test bags for ISAT (100 bags per EDS contained in 2 LD3s per 100 bags.)

2.5.4. ISAT Testing: The TSA Acceptance Test Contractor will meet with the Authority between 30 and 45 days prior to testing to coordinate the conduct of ISAT testing. The TSA Acceptance Test Lead and the Authority will finalize details relating to the scheduling and duration of the testing. (Generally allow one day of travel for ISAT Testing Team in and out; one day for Site Mobilization; one day per EDS Spur Line; one day per System Level Test (Dieback, Mixed Bag Sortation and Throughput; one day for demobilization and cleanup). It is recommended to schedule one to two additional days for unforeseen testing delays or contingences.

2.5.5. Test Results and Reports

The Airport shall report corrective actions to be applied and the timeline associated with deficiency corrections. Corrective actions shall address all defects identified in the TRR/TRN (pre-ISAT) or QLR (ISAT). TSA is not obligated to accept or operate a baggage screening system that does not meet the minimum test standards.

2.5.6. Operational Run-In

The Run-In period will extend for a minimum of 30 days from the start of substantial operations with cutover of substantial input and output lines. This period of time shall be discussed and agreed to by all parties during the SSTP development process, and reconfirmed at the completion of the ISAT. Substantial Operations shall normally be defined as when the CBIS is processing 85% or greater of its normal (not peak) operational daily load of “checked bags or luggage” for the time period at hand (i.e. not based on future dates of operation). This period shall also be dependent on resolution of deficiencies found during testing and Run-In. Once a week during the Run-In period, the Airport or their authorized representatives shall forward electronic

versions of all CBIS Reports required by PGDS Chapter 7, Section 7.2.14. to the TSA Acceptance Testing Contractor. After receipt, review and analysis of at least 21 days of performance data, TSA and their Acceptance Test Contractor will deploy to the site in either the 4th or 5th week of Substantial Live Operations to physically verify closure of open deficiencies, and assess observe system operation against the data reported. The ILDT or their Contractors will also pull and provide the PLC Code for the same PLCs as provided at ISAT start. Based on the data analysis and physical observations, a recommendation will be made to TSA via a Test Summary Report (TSR) to end the Run-In period, extend the Run-In period, and/or change the operational status of the CBIS.

2.5.7. Post Commissioning Activities:

The TSA Site Lead Contractor will conduct 30-day operational run-in observations of the system following successful ISAT testing.

The Airport shall provide the TSA RDC a written response outlining corrective actions that will be taken due to outstanding deficiencies, issues, and action items identified in the Quick Look Report (QLR) and Test Summary Report within two (2 weeks of receipt of the QLR or TSR.

For the continued and secure operation of the CBIS, all changes to the BHS system that impact the CBIS operation during and after its initial commissioning must be reviewed, evaluated, and endorsed by TSA before they are implemented by the Airport. The Post-ISAT changes procedure must be provided in accordance with PGDS Appendix D. The procedure is to be followed for all changes to CBIS systems other than those required for normal routine and periodic maintenance/repairs to the BHS system. The Airport responsible for the BHS system shall assemble an information package for submittal to TSA RDC which includes the following minimum information.

- Written description of all proposed physical and programming changes to the BHS and CBIS system(s)
- Reason for proposed change(s)
- Anticipated impact to system operation (e.g. increased throughput, lowered tracking losses, elimination of bag jams)
- Drawings showing affected areas
- Any potential security, tracking or efficiency impacts, including impacts on TSA manpower or operations
- Testing procedures
- Proposed date of changes

A CBIS Configuration Change Request Form will be provided by TSA. This package shall be delivered to the local TSA FSD who shall review the package. The local TSA FSD shall add any comments he/she may have and forward the form to the following email address: OSTCBD@dhs.gov.

The TSA will review and analyze the efficacy and impact of these changes to determine if it may be necessary for TSA to re-certify the CBIS system(s). Once the review has been completed, TSA shall notify the local TSA FSD and the Airport with the TSA recommendation and testing requirements for the system changes,

APPENDIX C
Milestone Schedule

Design & Construction Services Milestones	[Dates to be included]
Project Validated / Notice to Proceed (NTP)	
Design OTA Awarded	
Facility Modification OTA Awarded	
Pre-Design Deliverables Submitted	
Pre-Design Deliverables Approved	
Schematic Design Deliverables Submitted	
Schematic Design Deliverables Approved	
30% TSA Design Deliverables Submitted	
30% TSA Design Deliverables Approved	
70% TSA Design Deliverables Submitted	
70% TSA Design Deliverables Approved	
100% TSA Design Deliverables Submitted	
Final Construction Drawings Approved	
Facility Modification NTP (if applicable)	
Facility Modification Progress Meetings (reoccurring)	
Facility Modification Substantially Complete (if applicable)	
Site Assessment and Survey Report Submitted	
Site Installation Plan (SIP) Submitted	
SIP Approved	
EDS Delivered and Placed	
Site Acceptance Test (SAT) Passed	
Integrated Site Acceptance Test (iSAT) Test Readiness Review Complete (if applicable)	
iSAT Passed (if applicable)	
EDS Installation/Networking Start	
EDS Installation/Networking Finish	
EDS Decommissioned (if applicable)	
EDS Removal Start (if applicable)	
EDS Removal Finish (if applicable)	
Live Bag Screening (LBS) Start	
Record Dwgs / CAD As-Built Submitted	
TSA Final Sign-off of Project	
Final Invoice Submitted	
Project Completion Notification Submitted	
Project Finish / Contract Closeout	

APPENDIX D, SCHEDULE OF DELIVERABLES

The following deliverables are required to be submitted by the Authority:

Item	Submitted To:	Frequency or Due Date
Design: 70% and 100% to include detailed construction cost estimate	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator	In accordance with the TSA PGDS, version.4.1
EDS Delivery Schedule	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator	NLT 30 Days after Construction Contract Award
Schedule of Values (Design, Construction, Baggage Handling Contracts)	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator TSA Contracting Officer	Within 30 days after execution of the TSA Agreement or upon issuing Notice to Proceed to Contractor. To be updated on a monthly basis and submitted with the monthly report.
Copies of the Design and related Construction Contracts and Change Orders	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator TSA Contracting Officer	Upon contract award. Change Orders affecting the CBIS Project require advance TSA approval.
Monthly Milestone and Project Status Report	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator TSA Contracting Officer TSA Site Lead Contractor	By the 10 th of each month. Electronic submission is requested if feasible.
Quarterly Project Financial Statement	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator TSA Contracting Officer FinanceConfirm@tsa.dhs.gov	Quarterly upon execution of the OTA.
Summary report of Small Business/Disadvantage Business Enterprises utilization Report	TSA Contracting Officer	By September 30 th each year and upon completion of the Project via email
CONSTRUCTION PHASE		
Mechanical and Electrical Shop Drawings	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator TSA Site Lead Contractor	Upon completion by the Authority
Close Out Process		
Close Out Process – Correction of testing deficiencies	Close Out Report submitted to TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator and TSA Site Lead Contractor	Airport responses within (2) weeks of receipt of QLR and TSR to address noted CBIS
Final Copy of PLC program and software disaster recovery	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator	No later than 30 days after commissioning of system(s)

procedure in electronic format.		
As Built Drawings in electronic format, .dwg (AutoCAD) or comparable format to include final description of operations; mechanical layouts, including belt speeds in CAD and PDF file format.	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator	No later than 30 days after 30-day operational run-in period
Overview of drawings of the Matrix/Node, Resolution Room, OSR Room as applicable. dwg (AutoCAD) or comparable format	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator	30 days after 30-day operational run-in period
Final Invoice	TSA Regional Deployment Coordinator TSA CO	No later than 90 days after final sign-off of system by TSA Deployment Manager, following successful operational run-in period and start of live bag screening
POST COMMISSIONING CHANGES		
CBIS Changes after Commissioning	OSTCBD@dhs.gov	See Post Commissioning Requirements, Appendix B, paragraph 2.5.7

The Monthly Milestone and Project Report are to be submitted by the 10th of each month. A draft Monthly report template will be submitted via separate correspondence. The Monthly Milestone and Project Report shall address the following:

- a. Actual start and/or finish dates for updated/completed activities.
- b. Remaining duration, required to complete each activity started, or scheduled to start, but not completed
- c. The Project's progress to include Project Percent Completion; cost incurred and invoiced to date; a forecast the Project completion date and final costs; as well as monthly schedule and budget variances throughout the Project.
- d. Percentage for completed and partially completed activities.
- e. Any CO approved changes including but not limited to new activities, deleted activities, activity duration changes, and change in logic relationships between activities.
- f. Status date for the schedule update.
- g. A statement that identifies and describes any current or anticipated delays that includes the following information: identification of the delayed activity by description and activity code; type of delay; cause of the delay; effect of the delay on other activities, milestones, and completion dates; identification of actions needed to avoid or mitigate the delay.
- h. Summary of cost incurred and invoiced to date.

- i. Description of lessons learned
- j. Construction Schedule in both PDF and "live"/usable format to depict the critical path, baseline and actual date information; predecessors/successors and shall be broken down to a minimum of three (3) WBS levels where applicable.

The construction schedule will be used for all planned TSA activities (delivery of equipment, scheduling of testing, etc).

APPENDIX E

STIP DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CHECKED BAGGAGE SYSTEMS

The TSA HQ Office of Information Technology (OIT) and Security Technology Integrated Program (STIP) require STIP-enabled transportation security equipment (TSE) to have specific connections to securely and reliably network the equipment. Multiple parties play a role in this portion of Checked Baggage Inspection System (CBIS) specification and execution.

Roles and Responsibilities for Implementing STIP

As CBISs are recapitalized or optimized, the project owner's contractor will provide new telecommunications outlets and cables as needed to support new technology. If a CBIS reconfiguration is initiated as part of a recapitalization/optimization, safety effort, new technology deployment or any other CBIS redesign initiative, the CBIS contractor will be responsible for restoring the previous state of connectivity ("make whole"), including development of the scope of work (SOW). Implementation in the field will occur via the CBIS contractor. A working group, or Integrated Local Design Team (ILDT) must be formed consisting of representatives from the Airport Authority, FSD staff, OSC, OIT and STIP. The group should meet immediately via conference call once it has been determined that a CBIS is going to be recapitalized or optimized. This action will ensure that ALL aspects of the CBIS redesign have been identified and assigned to a specific group for action and funding. The ILDT will organize the working group members, develop, review and approve the SOW. The OIT Field Regional Manager (FRM) shall always be consulted when a CBIS redesign is initiated and will provide the necessary routing information to ensure the checked baggage systems are appropriately cabled to a networked TSA IT cabinet.

The IMAC Process

The IMAC Process is the mechanism by which TSA OIT will procure and install IT hardware (e.g. network switch) following the IT infrastructure build-out of a CBIS contractor. The OSC Regional Deployment Manager (RDM) shall be responsible for engaging OIT at project initiation and including the respective regional Field Relations Manager (FRM) throughout the construction process.

The IMAC process takes between 30 and 45 days and needs to be initiated to complete the following tasks:

- Procurement, configuration and shipment of IT hardware
- Installation of IT hardware
- Patch cabling of checked baggage equipment
- Validation of network connectivity for checked baggage equipment
- Validations of STIP EM sever registration for checked baggage equipment.

It is imperative to engage each team member as early as possible in order to avoid any gaps in IT services.

Specific Design Standards and Requirements

Two modular jacks consisting of a flush-mounted telecommunications outlet box plus/minus 10 feet from the equipment are required. Even though one is redundant, both terminations should be connected using Cat5e or Cat6 4-pair 100 ohm unshielded twisted pair (UTP) or screened twisted pair (ScTP) cable and terminated on the patch panel in the closest TSA IT cabinet. The data cable type should be based on the existing conditions at the Checked Baggage Inspection System (CBIS). The purpose of this connectivity is so that TSA HQ can review statistical data over the network from screening equipment for a particular airport and time period without having to go to the site.

Installation and/or relocation of Cat5e/Cat6 data cabling will meet or exceed the specifications listed in the TSA Structured Cabling System Guidelines dated July 2012 [Attached]. This document will be provided by the TSA to the ILDT.

In addition, the following requirements should be met:

- All ETDs and stand-alone EDSs will have 1 “dual telecommunications outlet”.
- It is assumed that when a multiplex server is present, connectivity to TSANet will terminate at the multiplex server cabinet, therefore connectivity to TSANet for each EDS is not required.
- All core drilling will support a minimum of 4 “modular jacks”.
- All new fiber installations will be multimode fibers, either multimode fiber, either 50/125 or 62.5/125 micron fibers or 50/125 or 62.5/125 micron fibers, six-strand bundles enclosed in inner duct.
- All cabinet installations require 2 110v 20A service.
- All cabinet installations will meet the local seismic rating requirements and can be floor/bracket mounted.
- All cabling outside of TSA controlled space must be in Rigid Metal Tubing (RMT) conduit. Any deviance will must be approved through existing RFV procedures.
- All newly installed and existing data jacks and associated patch panels must comply with TSA’s approved scheme [see provided TSA Structured Cabling System Guidelines dated July 2012].
- Provide TSA completed Data Capture Sheet [Attached] and cable certification paperwork prior to established I-Sat date.

Figure 1 illustrates all of the equipment that must be connected to the Main Distribution Frame (MDF)/Intermediate Distribution Frame (IDF) IT cabinet for a stand-alone CBIS configuration. When the EDS are in a stand-alone configuration, each EDS must be connected to the patch panel.

Figure 1
STAND-ALONE CBIS CONFIGURATION

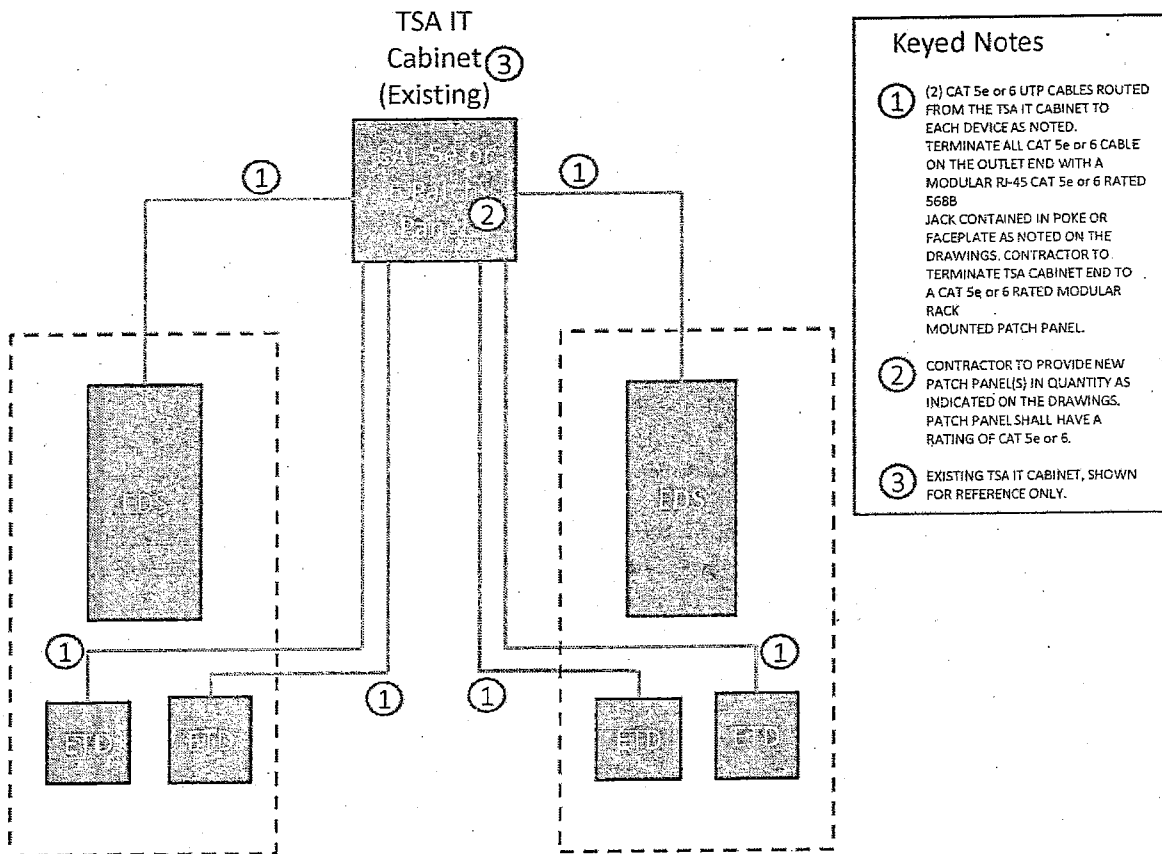
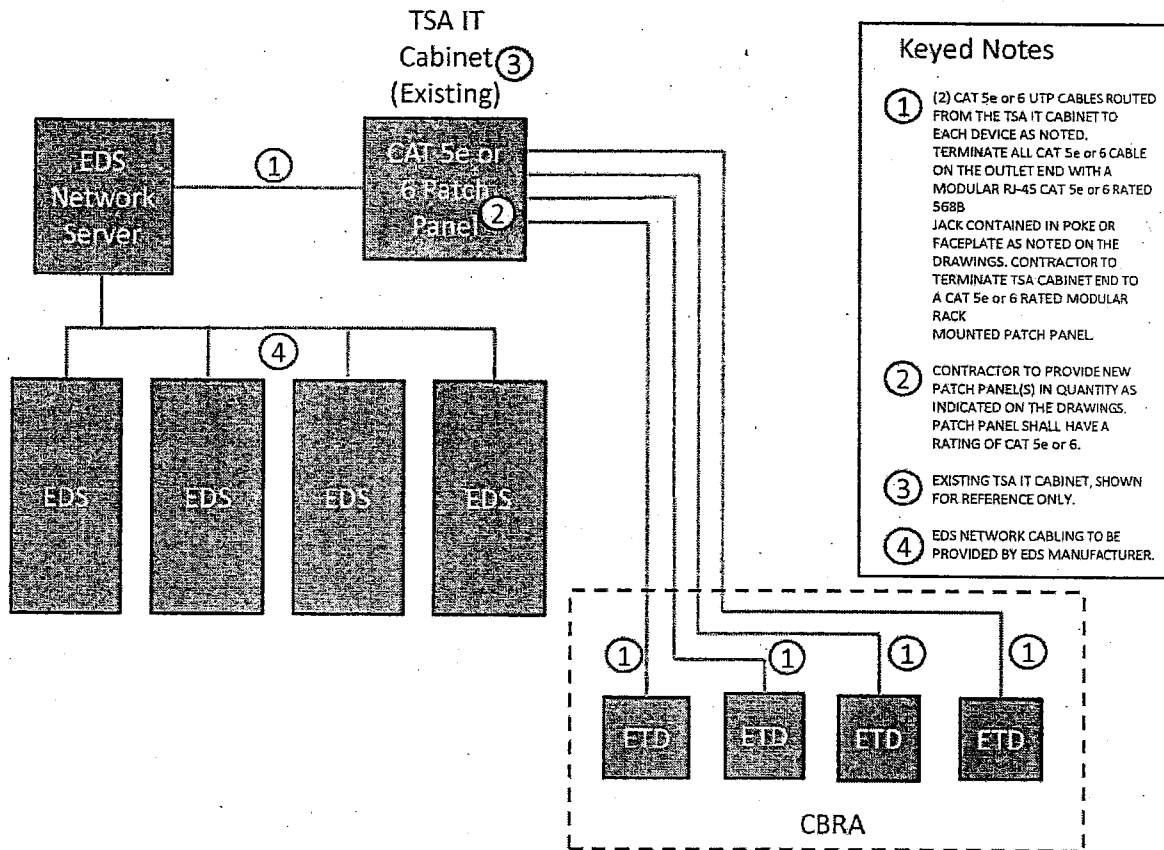


Figure 2 illustrates all of the equipment that must be connected to the IDF IT cabinet for a CBIS where the EDS machines are already networked together. When the EDS machines are networked together (i.e., MUX, NEDS, etc.), the connection only needs to be made to the EDS Network Server(s).

Figure 2
NETWORKED CBIS CONFIGURATION



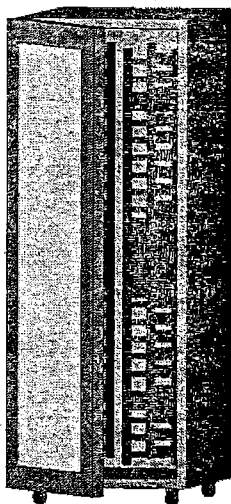
At a minimum, the following guidelines should be considered when designing a new CBIS or reconfiguring an existing CBIS.

- If an existing TSA IT cabinet is within 295 feet of the CBIS:
 - Verify that the existing switches have sufficient open ports to accommodate the required number of drops
 - Notify TSA OIT FRM if the existing switch capacity will not accommodate the required number of drops so that additional equipment can be procured.
 - Punch down cabling from the individual CBIS devices in the patch panel of the IT cabinet

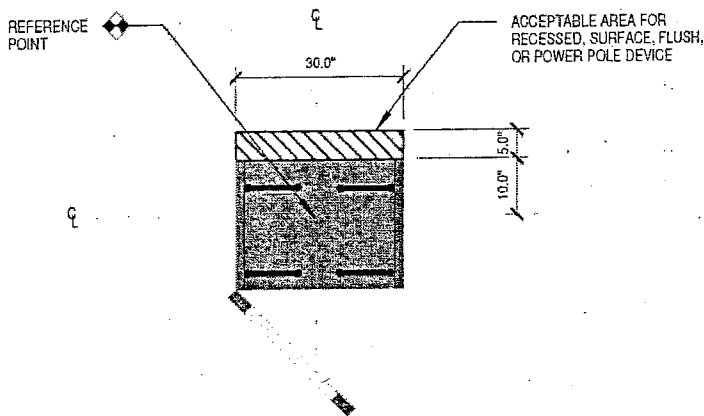
- If there is no IT cabinet within 295 feet of the CBIS:
 - Install an appropriate IT cabinet. Refer to **Figure 3** for the IT cabinet specifications
 - Run fiber optic cable from the IT cabinet to an existing TSA IT cabinet
 - Notify TSA OIT FRM so that additional equipment can be procured.
 - Punch down cabling from the individual CBIS devices in the patch panel of the IT cabinet
 - Initiate IMAC group to install jumper cables from the patch panel to the switch and activate port

Figure 3
IT CABINET

IT Cabinet	Size 24H 24.0"H x 17.3"W x 36.0"D Weight: 87 lbs Size 36H 36.0"H x 27.3"W x 36.0"D Weight: 124 lbs Size 48H 48.0"H x 27.3"W x 36.0"D Weight: 151 lbs Size 60H 60.0"H x 27.3"W x 36.0"D Weight: 249 lbs Size 72H 72.0"H x 27.3"W x 36.0"D Weight: 274 lbs	1 or more per checkpoint depending on size	For 24H, 36H and 48H: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dedicated • 30A, 125V, 3KVA/Cabinet • 2 Pole, 3-Wire Grounding • NEMA 1E-30R Receptacle • 3KVA UPS • 6' power cord from the IT cabinet to the receptacle For 60H and 72H: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dedicated • 30A, 208V, 6KVA/Cabinet • 2 Pole, 3-Wire Grounding • NEMA 1E-30R Receptacle • 6KVA UPS • 6' power cord from the IT cabinet to the receptacle 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Size patch panels to accommodate all TSA data outlets at the checkpoint plus 100% spares, minimum • Size gigabit network switch to accommodate all data outlets in checkpoint plus 100% • Provide a minimum of four port single mode fiber optic cable from IT cabinet to the TSA main distribution frame. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 30" front and rear access is required • These cabinets will receive all data communication lines from the SSCP, so the cabinet should be located as close to the SSCP as possible, but in a secure location. Careful consideration needs to be given to the IT cabinet location because the exhaust fan for cooling can be loud when located in a confined space with TSA or airport personnel. • Equipment racks can be loaded into the cabinet from the front of the trays at the location where the cabinet is installed. Although not required, side access would improve rack accessibility and TSA personnel mobility around the cabinet • Refer to Program of Requirements dated July 2005, Section III-D for labeling, cable management and administration of IT cabinets. • Refer to Program of Requirements dated July 2005, Section III-D for acceptance testing of IT circuits. • Wall-mounted cabinets are an option in some instances, but must adhere to all applicable local codes and standards. Recommend consultation with the Field Regional Manager (FRM) when considering a wall-mounted alternative.
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Isometric View



PLAN VIEW

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR
SAN FRANCISCO



EDWIN M. LEE
MAYOR

TO: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
FROM: *pm* Mayor Edwin M. Lee *EL*
RE: Apply For, Accept and Expend – Federal Funding from Transportation Security Administration under Other Transaction Agreement - \$59,429,406
DATE: September 3, 2013

Attached for introduction to the Board of Supervisors is the resolution approving the Airport Commission's negotiation and execution of an Other Transaction Agreement with the Transportation Security Administration for the Terminal 1 Checked Baggage Inspection System Modernization Program in an amount not-to-exceed \$59,429,406.00, and approving the acceptance and expenditure of federal funds.

I request that this item be calendared in Budget and Finance Committee on September 11th, 2013.

Should you have any questions, please contact Jason Elliott (415) 554-5105.

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