

File No. 260665

Committee Item No. 7

Board Item No. 71

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: Rules Committee

Date July 20, 2026

Board of Supervisors Meeting

Date July 28, 2026

Cmte Board

☒	☐	Motion
☐	☐	Resolution
☐	☐	Ordinance
☐	☐	Legislative Digest
☐	☐	Budget and Legislative Analyst Report
☐	☐	Youth Commission Report
☐	☐	Introduction Form
☒	☐	Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report
☐	☐	Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)
☐	☐	Grant Information Form
☐	☐	Grant Budget
☐	☐	Subcontract Budget
☐	☐	Contract/Agreement
☐	☐	Form 126 - Ethics Commission
☐	☐	Award Letter
☐	☐	Application
☒	☐	Form 700
☒	☐	Information/Vacancies (Boards/Commissions)
☐	☐	Public Correspondence

OTHER (Use back side if additional space is needed)

☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____

Completed by: Victor Young Date July 16, 2026

Completed by: _____ Date _____

1 [Mayoral Reappointment, Board of Appeals - John Trasvina]

2
3 **Motion approving the Mayoral nomination for the reappointment of John Trasvina to**
4 **the Board of Appeals, for a term ending July 1, 2030.**

5
6 WHEREAS, Pursuant to Charter, Section 4.106, Mayor Daniel Lurie has submitted a
7 communication notifying the Board of Supervisors of the nomination for the reappointment of
8 John Trasvina to the Board of Appeals, received by the Clerk of the Board on June 5, 2026;
9 and

10 WHEREAS, The Board of Supervisors, by Motion No. M02-80 established a process to
11 review the Mayor's nomination to the Board of Appeals; now, therefore, be it

12 MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby approves the Mayor's nomination for
13 the reappointment of John Trasvina, seat 4, succeeding himself, to the Board of Appeals, for
14 the unexpired portion of a four-year term ending July 1, 2030.



Notice of Nomination

June 5, 2026

San Francisco Board of Supervisors
City Hall, Room 244
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Pursuant to Charter §4.106, of the City and County of San Francisco, I make the following nomination:

John Trasvina (Seat 4), for the Board of Appeals for a four-year term ending July 1, 2030.

I am confident that Mr. Trasvina will continue to serve our community well. Attached are his qualifications to serve, which demonstrate how his nomination represents the communities of interest, neighborhoods, and diverse populations of the City and County of San Francisco.

Should you have any questions about this nomination, please contact my Director of Appointments, Andre Adeyemi, at 415-554-4000.

All my best,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "D. Lurie", written over a horizontal line.

Daniel Lurie
Mayor, City and County of San Francisco

John Trasviña

John Trasviña has devoted his professional and personal life to public and community service in California and nationally. A San Francisco native, John is a graduate of Lowell High School, Harvard University and Stanford Law School. He currently serves as President of the San Francisco Board of Appeals and is a member of the American Bar Association Standing Committee on Public Education. President Biden appointed him to be Principal Legal Advisor to the Director of Immigration & Customs Enforcement at the U.S. Department of Homeland Security. He served from January 20 through September, 2021. Previously, he was California Executive Director of Generation Citizen, a national non-profit organization promoting middle and high school civics instruction and youth civic engagement.

President Obama appointed John to be Assistant Secretary for Fair Housing & Equal Opportunity in the U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development (HUD). President Clinton appointed John to be Special Counsel for Immigration Related Unfair Employment Practices at the U.S. Department of Justice. He was confirmed unanimously by the U.S. Senate for both appointments. Previously, he was general counsel and staff director for the U.S. Senate Judiciary Subcommittee on the Constitution.

In community service, he was President & General Counsel of the Mexican American Legal Defense & Educational Fund (MALDEF), Vice President of the Hispanic National Bar Association and chair of the National Hispanic Leadership Agenda, a coalition of 29 national and regional organizations that develops a national policy platform in U.S. presidential elections. He also served as a member of the San Francisco Elections Commission, Redistricting Task Force and chaired the Voting Rights Subcommittee of the Citizens Advisory Committee on Elections. He now advises the UC Law San Francisco's Center on Race, Immigration, Citizenship & Equality (RICE).

As an educator, he was Dean of the University of San Francisco School of Law and taught immigration law and policy at Stanford Law School. Until joining the Biden Administration, he was President of the Lowell High School Alumni Association and Vice Chair of California Law Pathways (to diversify the legal profession). Over his career, he has been honored for his civil rights work by leading organizations in the Latino, Asian American and African American communities.

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS
COVER PAGE
A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Date Initial Filing Received

Filing Official Use Only

 E-Filed
 03/27/2026
 11:07:46

 Filing ID:
 216392166

Please type or print in ink.

NAME OF FILER (LAST) (FIRST) (MIDDLE)

Trasvina, John

1. Office, Agency, or Court

Agency Name (Do not use acronyms)

City and County of San Francisco

Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable

Your Position

Board of Appeals

Member

► If filing for multiple positions, list below or on an attachment. (Do not use acronyms)

Agency: Position:

2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box)☐ State☐ Judge (Supreme, Appellate, Superior Court), Retired Judge, Pro Tem Judge, or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)☐ Multi-County☐ County of☐ City of☒ Other City & County of San Francisco**3. Type of Statement (Check at least one box)**☒ **Annual:** The period covered is January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025.☐ **Leaving Office:** Date Left ____/____/_____
(Check one circle below.)

-or-

The period covered is ____/____/_____, through December 31, 2025.

☐ The period covered is January 1, 2025, through the date of leaving office.

-or-

☐ The period covered is ____/____/_____, through the date of leaving office.☐ **Assuming Office:** Date assumed ____/____/____☐ **Candidate:** Date of Election _____ and office sought, if different than Part 1: _____**4. Schedule Summary (required)**

► Total number of pages including this cover page: 7

Schedules attached☒ **Schedule A-1 - Investments** – schedule attached☒ **Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions** – schedule attached☒ **Schedule A-2 - Investments** – schedule attached☐ **Schedule D - Income – Gifts** – schedule attached☐ **Schedule B - Real Property** – schedule attached☒ **Schedule E - Income – Gifts – Travel Payments** – schedule attached☐ **Attachment 700-P - Prospective Employment (87200 Filers Only)** – schedule attached-or- ☐ **None - No reportable interests on any schedule****5. Verification**
 MAILING ADDRESS STREET CITY STATE ZIP CODE
 (Business or Agency Address Recommended - Public Document)

San Francisco

CA

94103

DAYTIME TELEPHONE NUMBER

EMAIL ADDRESS

()

I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete. I acknowledge this is a public document.

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

 Date Signed 03/27/2026
 (month, day, year)

 Signature John Trasvina
 (File the originally signed paper statement with your filing official.)

SCHEDULE A-1**Investments****Stocks, Bonds, and Other Interests**

(Ownership Interest is Less Than 10%)

*Investments must be itemized.**Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.***CALIFORNIA FORM 700**
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

Trasvina, John

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

Cisco Systems

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

Technology

FAIR MARKET VALUE

☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000 ☒ \$10,001 - \$100,000
☐ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ☐ Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

☒ Stock ☐ Other _____ (Describe)
☐ Partnership ☐ Income Received of \$0 - \$499
☐ Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 ____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

Oracle Corp

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

Technology

FAIR MARKET VALUE

☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000 ☒ \$10,001 - \$100,000
☐ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ☐ Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

☒ Stock ☐ Other _____ (Describe)
☐ Partnership ☐ Income Received of \$0 - \$499
☐ Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 ____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

GE Aerospace

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

Aviation/aerospace component manufacturing

FAIR MARKET VALUE

☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000 ☒ \$10,001 - \$100,000
☐ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ☐ Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

☒ Stock ☐ Other _____ (Describe)
☐ Partnership ☐ Income Received of \$0 - \$499
☐ Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 ____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

Intel Corp

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

Technology

FAIR MARKET VALUE

☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000 ☒ \$10,001 - \$100,000
☐ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ☐ Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

☒ Stock ☐ Other _____ (Describe)
☐ Partnership ☐ Income Received of \$0 - \$499
☐ Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 ____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

GE Vernova

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

Global Energy

FAIR MARKET VALUE

☒ \$2,000 - \$10,000 ☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000
☐ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ☐ Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

☒ Stock ☐ Other _____ (Describe)
☐ Partnership ☐ Income Received of \$0 - \$499
☐ Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 ____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

Microsoft Corp

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

Technology

FAIR MARKET VALUE

☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000 ☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000
☒ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ☐ Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

☒ Stock ☐ Other _____ (Describe)
☐ Partnership ☐ Income Received of \$0 - \$499
☐ Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 ____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

Comments: _____

SCHEDULE A-2

Investments, Income, and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

(Ownership Interest is 10% or Greater)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name
Trasvina, John

▶ 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST

John Trasvina

Name

San Francisco, CA 94131

Address (Business Address Acceptable)

Check one

☐ Trust, go to 2 ☒ Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

Consulting

FAIR MARKET VALUE**IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:**☒ \$0 - \$1,999☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000☐ Over \$1,000,000
 ____/____/25
 ACQUIRED

 ____/____/25
 DISPOSED
NATURE OF INVESTMENT
☐ Partnership ☒ Sole Proprietorship ☐ _____ Other
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION Consultant**▶ 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST**

Name

Address (Business Address Acceptable)

Check one

☐ Trust, go to 2 ☐ Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS**FAIR MARKET VALUE****IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:**☐ \$0 - \$1,999☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000☐ Over \$1,000,000
 ____/____/25
 ACQUIRED

 ____/____/25
 DISPOSED
NATURE OF INVESTMENT
☐ Partnership ☐ Sole Proprietorship ☐ _____ Other

YOUR BUSINESS POSITION _____

▶ 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)☐ \$0 - \$499☒ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ \$500 - \$1,000☐ OVER \$100,000☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000**▶ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)**☐ None or ☒ Names listed below

California Democratic Party

▶ 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)☐ \$0 - \$499☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ \$500 - \$1,000☐ OVER \$100,000☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000**▶ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)**☐ None or ☐ Names listed below**▶ 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST**

Check one box:

☐ INVESTMENT☐ REAL PROPERTY
 Name of Business Entity, if Investment, or
 Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property

 Description of Business Activity or
 City or Other Precise Location of Real Property
FAIR MARKET VALUE**IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:**☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000☐ Over \$1,000,000
 ____/____/25
 ACQUIRED

 ____/____/25
 DISPOSED
NATURE OF INTEREST
☐ Property Ownership/Deed of Trust ☐ Stock ☐ Partnership

☐ Leasehold _____ Yrs. remaining ☐ Other _____

☐ Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached
▶ 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST

Check one box:

☐ INVESTMENT☐ REAL PROPERTY
 Name of Business Entity, if Investment, or
 Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property

 Description of Business Activity or
 City or Other Precise Location of Real Property
FAIR MARKET VALUE**IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:**☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000☐ Over \$1,000,000
 ____/____/25
 ACQUIRED

 ____/____/25
 DISPOSED
NATURE OF INTEREST
☐ Property Ownership/Deed of Trust ☐ Stock ☐ Partnership

☐ Leasehold _____ Yrs. remaining ☐ Other _____

☐ Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached

Comments: _____

SCHEDULE C

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name Trasvina, John

▶ 1. INCOME RECEIVED

NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME

Microsoft Corporation

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

Redmond, WA 98052

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

Technology

YOUR BUSINESS POSITION

n/a

GROSS INCOME RECEIVED ☐ No Income - Business Position Only☐ \$500 - \$1,000☒ \$1,001 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ OVER \$100,000

CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED

☐ Salary ☐ Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
(For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)☐ Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use
Schedule A-2.)☐ Sale of _____
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)☐ Loan repayment☐ Commission or ☐ Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more

(Describe)

☒ Other Stock Dividend

(Describe)

▶ 1. INCOME RECEIVED

NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME

Generation Citizen

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

New York, NY 10005

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

Non-profit educational organization

YOUR BUSINESS POSITION

Senior Advisor

GROSS INCOME RECEIVED ☐ No Income - Business Position Only☐ \$500 - \$1,000☒ \$1,001 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ OVER \$100,000

CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED

☐ Salary ☐ Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
(For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)☐ Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use
Schedule A-2.)☐ Sale of _____
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)☐ Loan repayment☐ Commission or ☐ Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more

(Describe)

☒ Other Consultant compensation

(Describe)

▶ 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

* You are not required to report loans from a commercial lending institution, or any indebtedness created as part of a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:

NAME OF LENDER*

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER

HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

☐ \$500 - \$1,000☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ OVER \$100,000

INTEREST RATE

TERM (Months/Years)

_____% ☐ None

SECURITY FOR LOAN

☐ None☐ Personal residence☐ Real Property _____

Street address

City

☐ Guarantor _____☐ Other _____

(Describe)

Comments: _____

SCHEDULE C

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name Trasvina, John

▶ 1. INCOME RECEIVED

NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME

California Democratic Party

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

Sacramento, CA 95811

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

Political Party

YOUR BUSINESS POSITION

Ombudsperson

GROSS INCOME RECEIVED ☐ No Income - Business Position Only☐ \$500 - \$1,000☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000☒ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ OVER \$100,000

CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED

☐ Salary ☐ Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
(For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)☐ Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use
Schedule A-2.)☐ Sale of _____
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)☐ Loan repayment☐ Commission or ☐ Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more

(Describe)

☒ Other Consultant compensation
(Describe)**▶ 1. INCOME RECEIVED**

NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME

Oracle Corp

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

Austin, TX 78741

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

Technology

YOUR BUSINESS POSITION

GROSS INCOME RECEIVED ☐ No Income - Business Position Only☒ \$500 - \$1,000☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ OVER \$100,000

CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED

☐ Salary ☐ Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
(For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)☐ Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use
Schedule A-2.)☐ Sale of _____
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)☐ Loan repayment☐ Commission or ☐ Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more

(Describe)

☒ Other Stock Dividend
(Describe)**▶ 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD**

* You are not required to report loans from a commercial lending institution, or any indebtedness created as part of a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:

NAME OF LENDER*

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER

HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

☐ \$500 - \$1,000☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ OVER \$100,000

INTEREST RATE

TERM (Months/Years)

_____% ☐ None

SECURITY FOR LOAN

☐ None☐ Personal residence☐ Real Property _____

Street address

City

☐ Guarantor _____☐ Other _____

(Describe)

Comments: _____

SCHEDULE C

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name Trasvina, John

▶ 1. INCOME RECEIVED

NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME

The Voice of San Francisco

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

San Francisco, CA 94123

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

Media

YOUR BUSINESS POSITION

Writer

GROSS INCOME RECEIVED ☐ No Income - Business Position Only☐ \$500 - \$1,000 ☒ \$1,001 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000 ☐ OVER \$100,000

CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED

☐ Salary ☐ Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
(For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)☐ Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use
Schedule A-2.)☐ Sale of _____
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)☐ Loan repayment☐ Commission or ☐ Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more

(Describe)

☒ Other Piecework compensation
(Describe)**▶ 1. INCOME RECEIVED**

NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

YOUR BUSINESS POSITION

GROSS INCOME RECEIVED ☐ No Income - Business Position Only☐ \$500 - \$1,000 ☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000 ☐ OVER \$100,000

CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED

☐ Salary ☐ Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
(For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)☐ Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use
Schedule A-2.)☐ Sale of _____
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)☐ Loan repayment☐ Commission or ☐ Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more

(Describe)

☐ Other _____
(Describe)**▶ 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD**

* You are not required to report loans from a commercial lending institution, or any indebtedness created as part of a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:

NAME OF LENDER*

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER

HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

☐ \$500 - \$1,000☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000☐ OVER \$100,000

INTEREST RATE

TERM (Months/Years)

_____% ☐ None

SECURITY FOR LOAN

☐ None ☐ Personal residence☐ Real Property _____

Street address

City

☐ Guarantor _____☐ Other _____

(Describe)

Comments: _____

SCHEDULE E

Income – Gifts

Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

Trasvina, John

- Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the “501(c)(3)” box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization or the “Speech” box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. Per Government Code Section 89506, these payments may not be subject to the gift limit. However, they may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.
- For gifts of travel, provide the travel destination.

NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)

Chinese American Women in Action

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

CITY AND STATE

Naperville, IL 60563

☒ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

 DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$ 1,500.00
 (If gift)

MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift **-or-** ☒ Income

☒ Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel

☐ Other - Provide Description

If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

CITY AND STATE

☐ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

 DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$
 (If gift)

MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift **-or-** ☐ Income

☐ Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel

☐ Other - Provide Description

If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

CITY AND STATE

☐ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

 DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$
 (If gift)

MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift **-or-** ☐ Income

☐ Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel

☐ Other - Provide Description

If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

CITY AND STATE

☐ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

 DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$
 (If gift)

MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift **-or-** ☐ Income

☐ Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel

☐ Other - Provide Description

If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
Comments:



BOARD OF APPEALS

The below listed summary of seats, term expirations and membership information shall serve as notice of vacancies, upcoming term expirations, and information on currently held seats, appointed by the Board of Supervisors. Appointments by other bodies are listed, if available.

Seat numbers listed as "VACANT" are open for immediate appointment. However, you are able to submit applications for all seats and your application will be maintained for one year, in the event that an unexpected vacancy or opening occurs.

MEMBERSHIP AND SEAT QUALIFICATIONS

Seat #	Appointing Authority	Seat Holder	Term Ending	Qualification
1	BOS President	VACANT	7/1/28	Must be a nominee of the President of the Board of Supervisors and approved by the Board of Supervisors. Term: 4-years.
2	BOS President	Robin Abad Ocubillo	7/1/26	Must be a nominee of the President of the Board of Supervisors and approved by the Board of Supervisors. Term: 4-years.
3	Mayor	Jose Lopez	7/1/28	Must be a nominee of the Mayor and approved by the Board of Supervisors. Term: 4-years.
4	Mayor	John Trasvina	7/1/26	Must be a nominee of the Mayor and approved by the Board of Supervisors. Term: 4-years.
5	Mayor	Rebecca Saroyan	7/1/28	Must be a nominee of the Mayor and approved by the Board of Supervisors. Term: 4-years.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS (BOS) APPLICATION FORMS AVAILABLE HERE

- English - https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application.pdf
- 中文 - https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_CHI.pdf
- Español - https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_SPA.pdf
- Filipino - https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_FIL.pdf

Applications and other documents may be submitted to BOS-Appointments@sfgov.org.

(For seats appointed by other Authorities please contact the Board / Commission / Committee / Task Force (see below) or the appointing authority directly.)

FORM 700 FILING REQUIREMENT

Pursuant to the Board of Supervisors Rules of Order all applicants applying for this body must complete and submit, with their application, a copy (**not original**) of a Statement of Economic Interests (Form 700). Applications will not be considered if a copy of Form 700 is not received.

FORM 700 AVAILABLE HERE (Required)
<https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html>

THE APPLICATION PROCESS

Please Note: Depending upon the posting date, a vacancy may have already been filled. To determine if a vacancy for this Commission is still available, or if you require additional information, please call the Rules Committee Clerk at (415) 554-5184.

Next Steps: Applicants who meet minimum qualifications will be contacted by the Rules Committee Clerk once the Rules Committee Chair determines the date of the hearing. Members of the Rules Committee will consider the appointment(s) at the meeting and applicant(s) may be asked to state their qualifications. The appointment of the individual(s) who is recommended by the Rules Committee will be forwarded to the Board of Supervisors for final approval.

The Board of Appeals consists of five (5) members, two (2) nominated by the President of the Board of Supervisors, and three (3) members nominated by the Mayor. Each nomination of the Mayor and the President of the Board of Supervisors is subject to approval by the Board of Supervisors. If the Board fails to act on the nomination within 60 days from the date the nomination is transmitted to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, the nominee shall be deemed approved.

In order to stagger the terms, the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall determine by lot which two (2) of the three (3) Mayoral appointees shall serve an initial two-year term, and which one of the two (2) appointees of the President of the Board of Supervisors shall serve an initial two-year term. The remaining appointees shall serve four-year terms. All subsequent terms shall be four years.

The Board of Appeals, a quasi-judicial panel, decides appeals of permits, variances, zoning determinations and other department actions at public hearings.

Holdover Limit: Holdover tenure of commissioners is limited to 60 days after their terms expire.
(Charter § 4.101.5.)

Authority: Charter, Section 4.106 (Prop D. Election March 5, 2002); and Motion No. 02-80.

Sunset Date: None

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julie.rosenberg@sfgov.org

Updated: March 12, 2026



Gender Analysis of
San Francisco Commissions and Boards
2023



London N. Breed
Mayor

City and County of San Francisco
Department on the Status of Women



Dear Honorable Mayor London Breed and Board of Supervisors:

Please find attached the 2023 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards Report. We are pleased to share that under Mayor Breed's leadership, the representation of women, people of color, and women of color in policy bodies continues to increase.

The Department wishes to emphasize three areas of consideration for future reports.

These areas were identified as key opportunities to increase response rates from sitting members, expand efforts to ensure most members identify with the categories presented in the survey questions and deepen insights into the diversity of our policy bodies.

First, integrating the survey for this report with the Form 700 process could enhance participation efforts. Coordination between the Department, the San Francisco Ethics Commission, and the Director of Boards and Commissions could develop a more systematic approach to data collection and establish a centralized data repository for crucial demographic information.

Second, the Department recommends a more unified and expansive approach to addressing race and ethnicity in surveys. This approach should include groups that the U.S. Census Bureau's current racial classifications overlook. For example, the Census presently directs individuals of Middle Eastern or North African origin to identify as White. However, by offering more nuanced racial and ethnic categories, members can see their identities better represented, and an additional understanding of member diversity can be gained. Revising categories to include a broader range of sexual orientations could similarly enhance our insights.

Third, this survey offers a unique opportunity to illuminate potential barriers to service on policy bodies by expanding the survey questions and, for example, collecting information about policy board members' socioeconomic status and whether they have dependents. Such questions may provide additional information about likely factors that prevent more diverse policy bodies. These three areas of consideration offer pathways to advance the Department's charge in assessing the diversity of the City's Commissions and Boards.

That said, this 2023 report offers important insights into the current make-up and diversity of San Francisco's policy bodies. Overall, policy bodies have a larger percentage of women, members of the LGBTQIA+ community, and veterans than the general San Francisco population. The rate of women of color and people with disabilities appointed to policy bodies is nearly equal to the general population. Fiscal year 2022-2023 saw the highest representation of women on policy bodies since the Department on the Status of Women started collecting data in 2009. Women of color have the highest representation of appointees to date.

Black and African American women and men are notably well-represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women are nine percent of appointees compared to two

percent of the general San Francisco population. Black men are five percent of appointees compared to three percent of the general San Francisco population. Additionally, almost 1-in-4 appointees who responded to the survey question identify as same-gender loving, bisexual, or some other sexual orientation than heterosexual.

While San Francisco continues to make strides in diversity, there is still work to do to achieve parity of representation for Latinx and Asian groups in appointed positions overall, as well as people of color and women of color on commissions overseeing the largest budgets. The Department applauds Mayor Breed for remaining committed to diversifying policy body appointments across all diverse categories, including for positions of influence and authority.

Thank you to the Department staff who worked on this report and to members of the Commission on the Status of Women for their ongoing advocacy for intersectional gender equity efforts.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kim Ellis", with a stylized flourish at the end.

Kimberly Ellis, J.D.
Director of the Department on the Status of Women

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Executive Summary

In 2008, San Francisco voters approved a City Charter Amendment (section 4.101) establishing as City policy for the membership of Commissions and Boards to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population and appointing officials to be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates. Additionally, it requires the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2023 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards Report (2023 Gender Analysis Report) evaluates the representation of the following groups across appointments to San Francisco policy bodies:

- Women
- People of color
- Sexual orientation and gender identity
- People with disabilities
- Veterans

The report includes policy bodies such as task forces, committees, and Advisory Bodies, in addition to Commissions and Boards.

This year, data was collected from 99 policy bodies and a total of 685 members, generally appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors. The policy bodies surveyed for the 2023 Gender Analysis Report fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney¹. The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory functions whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The report comprehensively examines policy bodies and appointees, considering them as a whole and separately by the two categories.

Several changes were made to the survey questions for the 2023 Gender Analysis Report. Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity (SOGI) categories were aligned with the latest classifications used by the Office of Transgender Initiatives. The classification of veteran status was reverted to its 2019 form to include only individuals who have served in the military and armed forces.

The overall number of policy bodies that submitted data increased compared to 2021 and the total number of individual members who participated in the survey was almost double those in 2021.

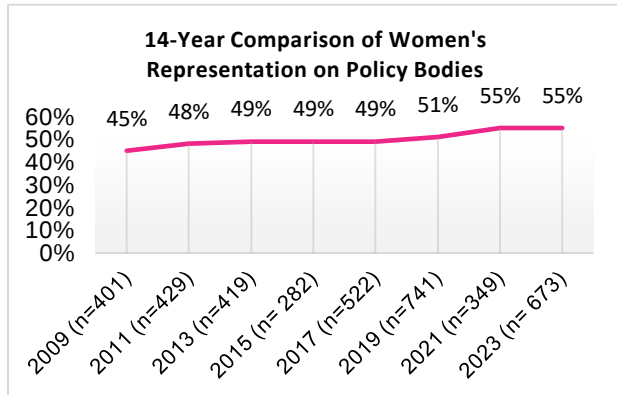
¹ San Francisco Administrative Code 4.101

https://codelibrary.amlegal.com/codes/san_francisco/latest/sf_charter/0-0-0-52865

Key Findings

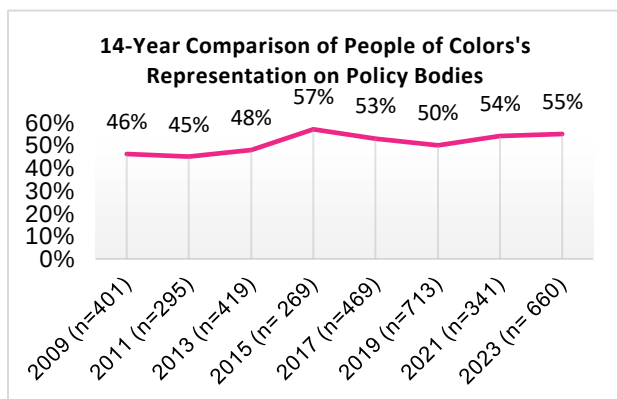
Gender

- Women's representation on policy bodies is 55%, above parity with the San Francisco female population of 49%.
- 2023 saw no change in the overall representation of women since our 2021 report.



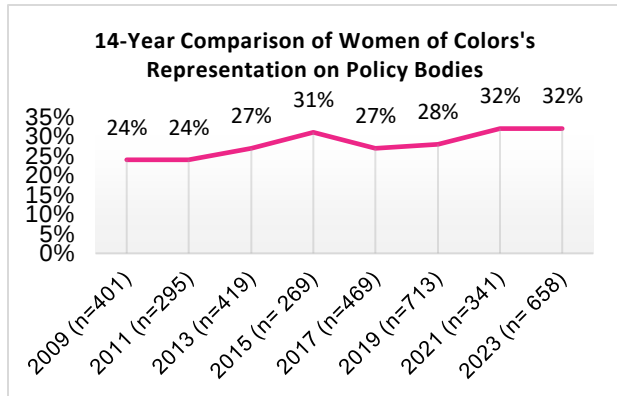
Race and Ethnicity

- The representation of people of color on policy bodies is 55%. Comparatively, in San Francisco, 62% of the population are people of color.
- The overall representation of people of color has increased by one percent since our 2021 report, however, this is still below the 57% reported in 2015.
- As found in previous reports, Latinx and Asian groups are underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies as compared to the population. Latinx individuals are 16% of the population but make up only 8% of appointees. Asian individuals are 31% of the population but make up only 20% of appointees, a marked decrease from the 26% share in our previous report. Some of this decrease can be attributed to an increased rate of those reporting "Two or More Races" and the inclusion of an "Other" category for the Race/Ethnicity question.



Race and Ethnicity by Gender

- On the whole, women of color are 32% of the San Francisco population and 32% of appointees. This is the same as our previous report but represents a large increase from the pre-pandemic period.
- Meanwhile, men of color are underrepresented at 23% of appointees compared to 33% of the San Francisco population.



- Both White women and men are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies. White women are 23% of appointees compared to 17% of the San Francisco population. White men are 22% of appointees compared to 20% of the population.
- Black and African American women and men are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women comprise nine percent of appointees compared to two percent of the population, and Black men comprise five percent of appointees compared to three percent of the population.
- Latinx men and women are underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies. Latinx women are eight percent of the San Francisco population but five percent of appointees, and Latinx men are seven percent of the population but three percent of appointees.
- Asian men and women are also underrepresented on San Francisco policy boards. Asian women are 18% of the San Francisco population but 12% of appointees, and Asian men are 16% of the population but eight percent of appointees.

Additional Demographics

- 76% of appointees identified as straight/heterosexual, 16% identified as gay/lesbian/same gender loving, six percent of respondents identified as bisexual, and two percent as some other sexual orientation.
- 11% identified as having one or more disabilities, which is just at parity of the 11% of the adult population with a disability status in San Francisco.
- Four percent of respondents said they have served in the military, representative of the four percent of San Franciscans who have served.

Proxies for Influence: Budget and Authority

- Although women are just over half of all appointees (55%), they have a higher representation in those Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets (63%) while women of color are underrepresented in these same boards.
- Although still underrepresented relative to the San Francisco population, there is a larger percentage of people of color on Commissions and Boards with the smallest budgets, and to a lesser degree, boards with the largest budgets.
- The percentage of total women is slightly larger on Advisory Bodies than Commissions and Boards. Women are 58% of appointees on Advisory Bodies and 56% of appointees on Commissions and Boards.

Demographics of Respondents Compared to the San Francisco Population

	Women	People of Color	Women of Color	LGBTQIA+	Disability Status	Veteran Status
San Francisco Population	48%	66%	33%	5%-15%	11%	3%
Total Appointees	55%	55%	32%	24%	11%	4%
10 Largest Budgeted Commissions and Boards	63%	58%	36%	8%	-	-
10 Smallest Budgeted Commissions and Boards	57%	64%	41%	3%	-	-
Commissions and Boards	56%	55%	33%	26%	8%	4%
Advisory Bodies	58%	53%	33%	27%	18%	4%

I. Introduction

Inspired by the fourth U.N. World Conference on Women in Beijing, San Francisco became the first city in the world to adopt a local ordinance reflecting the principles of the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW), an international bill of rights for women. The CEDAW Ordinance was passed unanimously by the San Francisco Board of Supervisors and signed into law by Mayor Willie L. Brown, Jr. on April 13, 1998². In 2002, the CEDAW Ordinance was revised to address the intersection of race and gender and incorporate reference to the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination. The Ordinance requires the City to take proactive steps to ensure gender equity and specifies "gender analysis" as a preventive tool to identify and address discrimination.

In 2007, the Department on the Status of Women conducted the first gender analysis to evaluate the number of women appointed to City Commissions and Boards. The findings of this analysis informed a City Charter Amendment developed by the Board of Supervisors for the June 2008 election. This City Charter Amendment (see Footnote 1) was overwhelmingly approved by voters and made it City policy that:

- The membership of Commissions and Boards is to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population.
- Appointing officials are urged to support these candidates' nomination, appointment, and confirmation.
- The Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2023 Gender Analysis Report examines the representation of women, people of color, gender and sexual orientation, people with disabilities, and veteran status of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. As was the case for the 2019 and 2021 Gender Analysis Reports, this year's analysis involved increased outreach to policy bodies compared to previous analyses limited to Commissions and Boards. As a result, the data collection and analysis examine a more diverse and expansive layout of City policy bodies. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney. The first category, "Commissions and Boards," comprises policy bodies with decision-making authority whose members must submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission³. The second category, "Advisory Bodies," consists of policy bodies with advisory functions whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. A detailed description of the methodology and limitations can be found on page 19.

² San Francisco Administrative Code 33A.1
https://codelibrary.amlegal.com/codes/san_francisco/latest/sf_admin/0-0-0-59871

³ San Francisco Campaign and Governmental Code of Conduct Section 3.1-103
https://codelibrary.amlegal.com/codes/san_francisco/latest/sf_campaign/0-0-0-979

II. Findings

San Francisco's diversity is reflected in the overall population of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. The analysis in this report includes data from 99 policy bodies, of which 925 of the 1160 seats are filled, leaving 20% (235) vacant. Of the 925 non-vacant seats, we received responses from 685 individuals (a 74% response rate). This represents a much higher participation rate than our 2021 report, almost double the number of respondents. As outlined below in Figure 1, slightly more than half of appointees are women and people of color, 32% are women of color, 24% identify as LGBTQIA+⁴, 11% have a disability, and four percent are veterans. Each question in our survey allowed respondents to decline to answer. Therefore, sample sizes (n) vary for each category.

Figure 1: Summary Data of Policy Body Demographics, 2023

Appointee Demographics	Percentage of Appointees
Women (n=673)	Women- 55%
People of Color (n=660)	People of Color- 55%
Women of Color (n=658)	Women of Color- 32%
Sexual Orientation (n=641)	LGBTQIA+ -24%
People with Disabilities (n=647)	People with Disabilities-11%
Veteran Status (n=670)	Veteran Status-4%

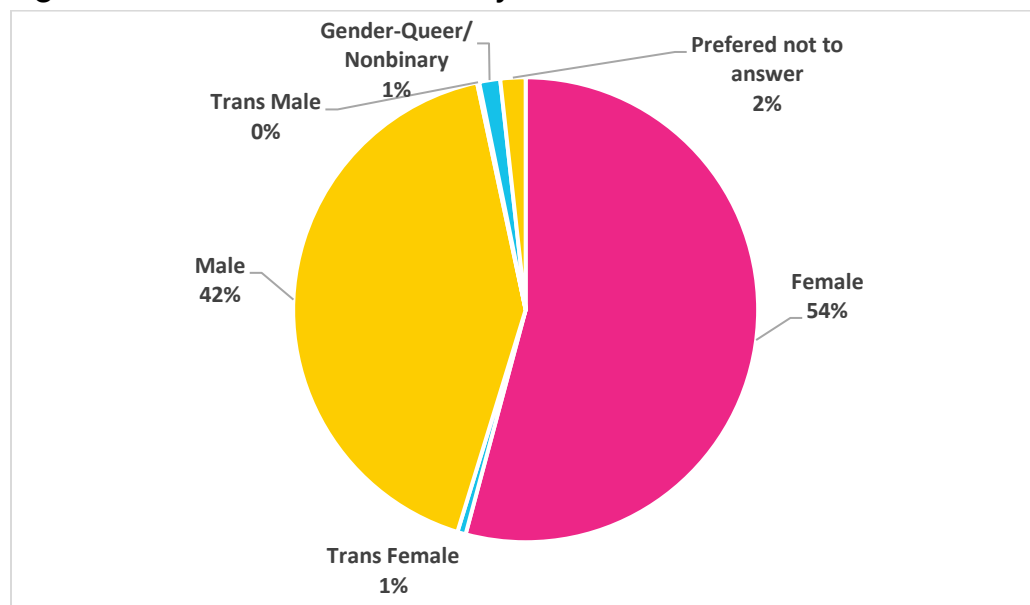
The following sections present comprehensive data analysis comparing previous years, detailing the variables of gender, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, disability status, veteran status, and policy body characteristics of budget size, decision-making authority, and appointment authority.

A. Gender

Information on gender identity was collected from 673 individuals out of 685 respondents. On San Francisco policy bodies, 55% (375) of policy board members identified as women, including four who identified as trans women. Of the 673 individuals who provided gender identity information, 43% (288) identified as male, including one who identified as a trans man. Further, 1.5% (10) identified as gender-queer or nonbinary. Figure 2 shows a breakdown of the gender identities of our sample.

⁴ We use LGBTQIA+ to refer to the broader community. Limitations in the data collection process prevented a more robust analysis of the diverse identities that are included in this umbrella term.

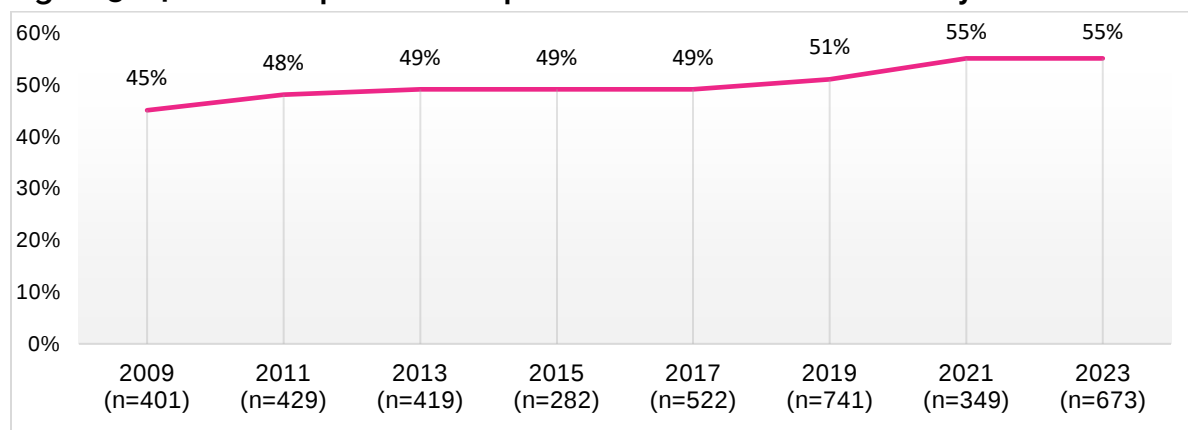
Figure 2: Gender Identities of Policy Members



At 55%, the percentage of women represented in San Francisco's policy bodies is above parity compared to the San Francisco female population of 48%. This is similar to previously reported numbers. The representation of women remained stable at 49% from 2013 until 2017, with a slight increase to 51% in 2019, and increasing again to 55% in 2021. Our previous report had to conclude that the increase in representation from 2019 to 2021 may have been due to the low participation in the 2021 survey. However, the replication of that level of representation in this report provides much stronger evidence that the representation of women in City policy bodies has gone up considerably.

Figure 3 shows a 14-year comparison, which demonstrates that the representation of women appointees has gradually increased since 2009 by a total of 10 percentage points and has remained stable over the last two reports.

Figure 3: 14-Year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies



Figures 4 and 5 show the policy bodies with the highest and lowest percent of women⁵. For these figures, policy bodies were only evaluated if they had at least a 75% response rate, as we cannot speak confidently on the composition of agencies where individuals did not respond. This analysis includes both Commissions and Boards and Advisory Bodies.

Figure 4 showcases the 10 Commissions and Boards with the highest representation of women appointees as compared to 2021. The Commission on the Status of Women is currently comprised of all women appointees. This finding has been consistent for the Commission on the Status of Women since 2015. The Commission on Investment and Infrastructure and the Early Childhood Community Oversight and Advisory Committee are also comprised entirely of women.

Figure 4: Policy Bodies with the Highest Percentage of Women, 2023 Compared to 2021

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	Active Seats	2021 Percent*
Commission on the Status of Women	100%	100%	6	100%
Commission on Investment and Infrastructure	100%	100%	4	50%
Early Childhood Community Oversight and Advisory Committee	100%	89%	8	-
Dignity Fund Oversight and Advisory Committee	89%	82%	11	-
Children and Families First Commission	88%	100%	9	75%
Elections Commission	86%	100%	7	60%
Recreation and Park Commission	86%	100%	7	-
Mental Health SF Implementation Working Group	86%	78%	9	-
Health Commission	83%	100%	6	71%
Port Commission	83%	86%	7	60%

*This column shows the percent of women in 2021. Policy bodies with less than a 50% response rate in 2021 were marked as "-".

Figure 5 shows the 12 policy bodies with the lowest percentage of women. The Board of Appeals and Board of Examiners have the lowest representation (among boards with more than a 75% response rate). Both policy bodies have no members who identify as women. The Board of Examiners has not had any female representation since at least 2019, the year we began collecting data on the board. There are five policy bodies whose membership is between 14% and 29% women, and five boards with one-third of their members identifying as women.

⁵ This encompasses respondents who selected Female or Trans Female.

Figure 5: Policy Bodies with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2023 Compared to 2021

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	Active Seats	2021 Percent*
Board of Appeals	0%	100%	5	40%
Board of Examiners	0%	100%	10	0%
Cannabis Oversight Committee	14%	100%	7	-
Urban Forestry Council	18%	100%	11	-
Airport Commission	20%	100%	5	40%
Police Commission	29%	100%	7	20%
Retirement Board	29%	100%	7	14%
Assessment Appeals Board	33%	100%	16	-
Health Services Board	33%	100%	7	14%
Sunshine Ordinance Task Force	33%	100%	11	56%
Market and Octavia Community Advisory Committee	33%	86%	7	-
Capital Planning Committee	33%	82%	9	-

*This column shows the percent of women in 2021. Policy bodies with less than a 50% response rate in 2021 were marked as "-".

B. Sexual Orientation

Sexual orientation data was collected from 641 participants, or 94% of the surveyed appointees. Figure 6 shows that among the appointees who responded to this question, 16% identify as Lesbian/Gay, six percent identify as Bisexual, two percent identify as an "Other" sexual orientation, and 76% identify as Straight/Heterosexual. Comparison of San Francisco's policy boards to the general San Francisco population is difficult, given limited data.

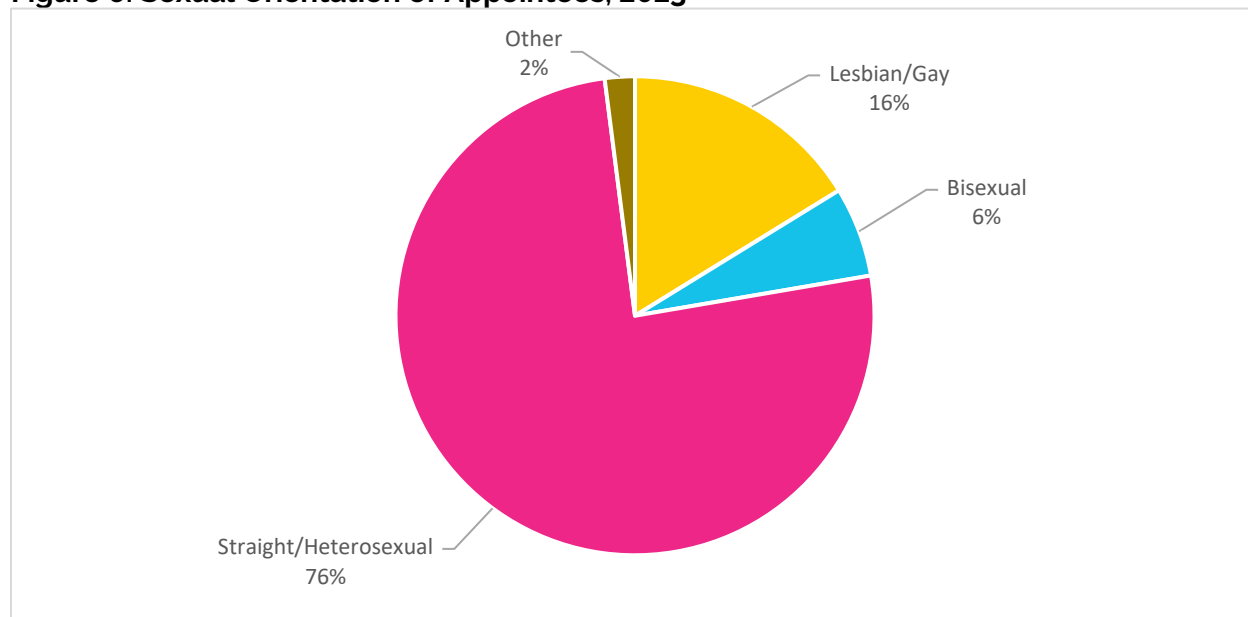
Recent research estimates the California LGBT population is 5.1%⁶. The LGBTQ population of the San Francisco and greater Bay Area ranks highest of U.S. cities at 6.2%⁷. Additionally, a 2006 survey found that 15.4% of adults in the San Francisco metropolitan area identify as LGB⁸. Therefore, compared to available San Francisco, greater Bay Area, and national data, the LGBTQ community is well represented on San Francisco policy bodies.

⁶ Flores, Andrew R. and Kerith J. Conron, "Adult LGBT Population in the United States, 2023," <https://williamsinstitute.law.ucla.edu/publications/adult-lgbt-pop-us/>

⁷ Gary J. Gates and Frank Newport, "San Francisco Metro Area Ranks Highest in LGBT Percentage," GALLUP (March 20, 2015) https://news.gallup.com/poll/182051/san-francisco-metro-area-ranks-highest-lgbtpercentage.aspx?utm_source=Social%20Issues&utm_medium=newsfeed&utm_campaign=tiles.

⁸ Gary J. Gates, "Same Sex Couples and the Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual Population: New Estimates from the American Community Survey," The Williams Institute on Sexual Orientation Law and Public Policy, UCLA School of Law (2006).

Figure 6: Sexual Orientation of Appointees, 2023

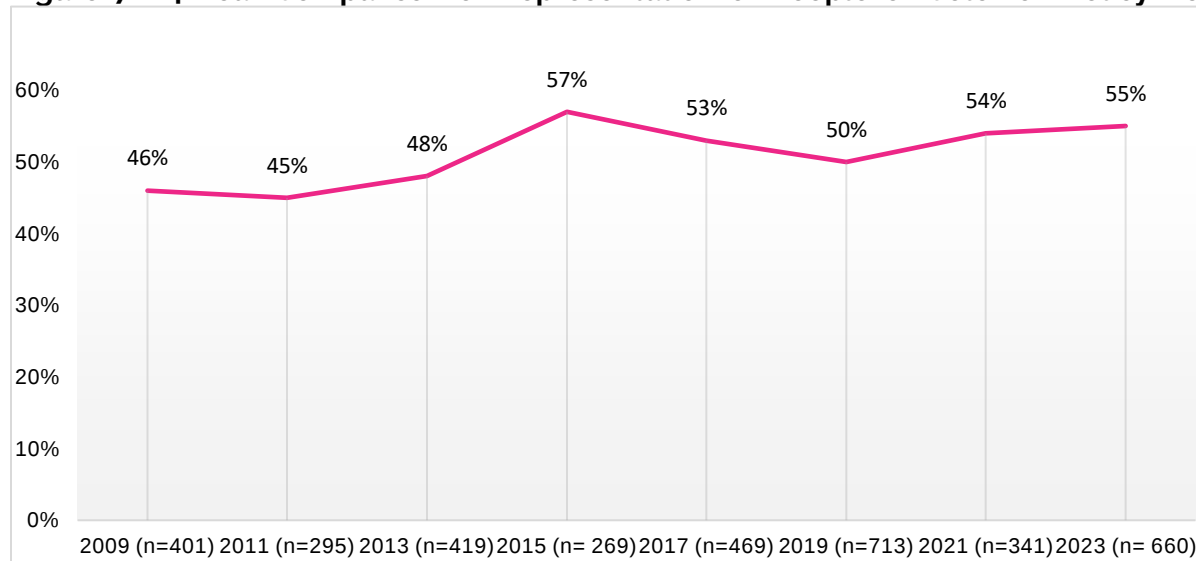


C. Race and Ethnicity

Data on racial and ethnic identity was collected from 660 participants, or 96% of the surveyed appointees, with 25 respondents (4%) preferring not to answer. Although 55% of respondents identify as a race or ethnicity other than White or Caucasian, people of color are still underrepresented compared to the San Francisco population⁹ of 66%. It should be noted that the percentage of people of color has grown over time. In 2020 about 63% of the population was listed as non-White. As seen in Figure 7, the representation of people of color has increased by nine percent since 2009, but not linearly. The representation of people of color increased from 2009 to 2015, then decreased until 2019, and has increased in our last two reports. The highest reported share of people of color was 57% in 2015, though it should be noted that this was a small sample.

⁹ Bureau, US Census. "American Community Survey 5-Year Data (2009-2022)." Census.Gov, 26 Jan. 2024, www.census.gov/data/developers/data-sets/acs-5year.html.

Figure 7: 14-Year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies

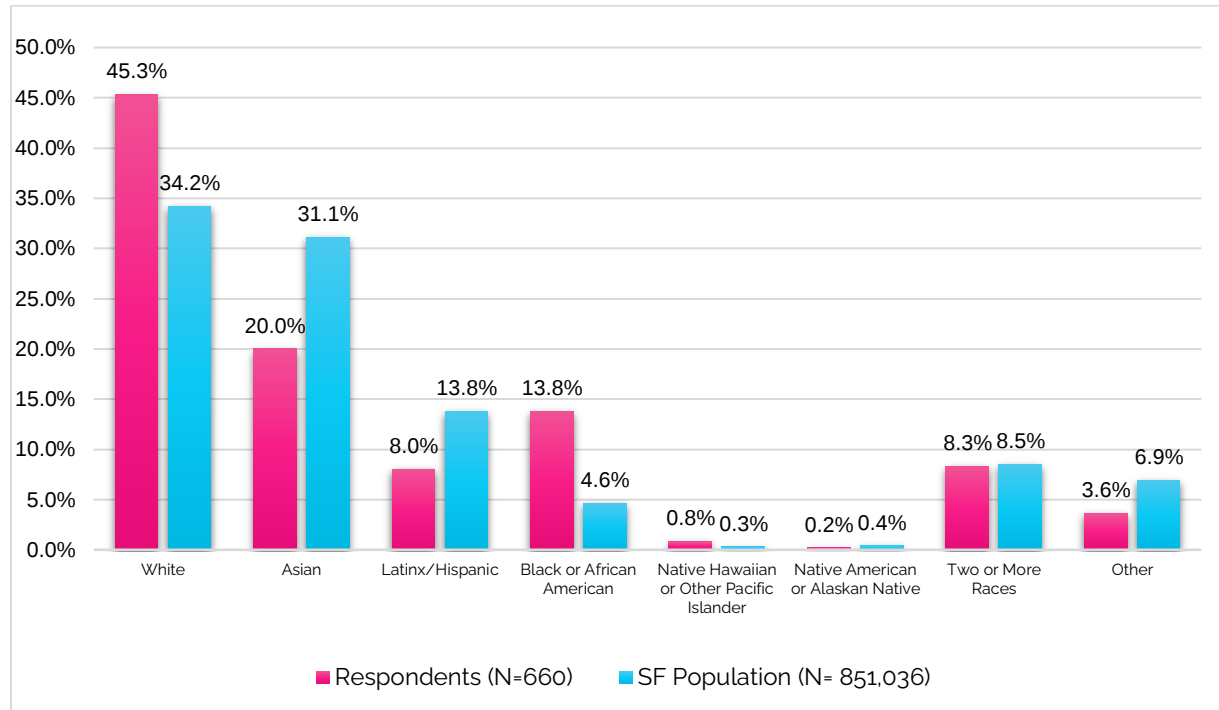


The racial and ethnic breakdown of policy body members compared to the San Francisco population is shown in Figure 8. Population data uses 5-year estimates from the 2022 American Communities Survey¹⁰. This analysis reveals an underrepresentation and an overrepresentation in San Francisco policy bodies for certain racial and ethnic groups. Nearly half of all appointees are White, an overrepresentation of about 12 percentage points. Our previous reports have found a similar disparity¹¹. The Black community is represented on policy bodies at 13.8% compared to being only 4.6% of the population of San Francisco. This level of representation has increased since 2021, when Black representation was about 11%, but about the same as 2019 (which had a much more substantial sample size).

¹⁰ Ibid

¹¹ Our 2021 report listed the White population as about 40% of the population, when Census data suggests it would have been about 34%. When correcting for this, the disparity described above is similar from 2021 to 2023.

Figure 8: Race/Ethnicity of Respondents Compared to San Francisco Population, 2023



Considerably underrepresented racial and ethnic groups on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population are individuals who identify as Asian, Latinx/Hispanic, or some other race. While the Asian population is 31% of the San Francisco population, they make up 20% of appointees. This represents a six percent decrease from the Asian representation reported in 2021, but a two percent increase from the representation reported in 2019 (our last report with a similar sample size). While Latinx individuals are about 14% of the SF population they were only eight percent of respondents, an almost seven percent disparity. This disparity is similar to previously reported data.

The representation of Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islanders, Native American or Alaskan Natives, and those who identify with two or more races are close to parity with their shares of the population.

Taken together, our data shows persistent disparities in the racial and ethnic composition of San Francisco's policy bodies. In general Whites and Black/African Americans are over-represented, while Asian, Latinx/Hispanic, and other races are underrepresented. While the specific levels of representation have changed, the level of disparity has remained roughly consistent since data collection began.

The following figures illustrate Commissions and Boards with the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. As shown in Figure 9, the Ethics Commission and Refuse Rate Board have the highest representation of people of color at 100%, with a 100% response rate. However, it should be noted that the Refuse Rate Board only comprises two members at the time of the survey, with the third seat on their board being vacant.

Figure 9: Commission and Boards with Highest Percentage of People of Color, 2023 Compared to 2021

Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate	Active Seats	2021 Percent*
Ethics Commission	100%	100%	4	25%
Refuse Rate Board	100%	100%	2	-
Immigrant Rights Commission	93%	100%	15	50%
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committees.	88%	100%	6	-
Shelter Monitoring Committee	86%	100%	8	-
Sheriff's Department Oversight Board	86%	100%	7	-
Commission on the Status of Women	83%	100%	6	86%
Youth Commission	83%	100%	17	71%
Citizen's Committee on Community Development	80%	100%	5	50%
Commission on Investment and Infrastructure	80%	100%	4	33%
Local Agency Formation Commission	80%	100%	5	50%

*This column shows the percent of women in 2021. Policy bodies with less than a 50% response rate in 2021 were marked as "-".

Figure 10 shows the policy bodies with the lowest representation of people of color. There were no boards above the 75% response rate threshold that had no people of color. The Fine Arts Museum Board of Trustees has the lowest representation of people of color at 13%, followed by the Commission on Animal Control and Welfare at 14% and the Urban Forestry Council at 18%.

Figure 10: Commissions and Boards with the Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2023 Compared to 2021

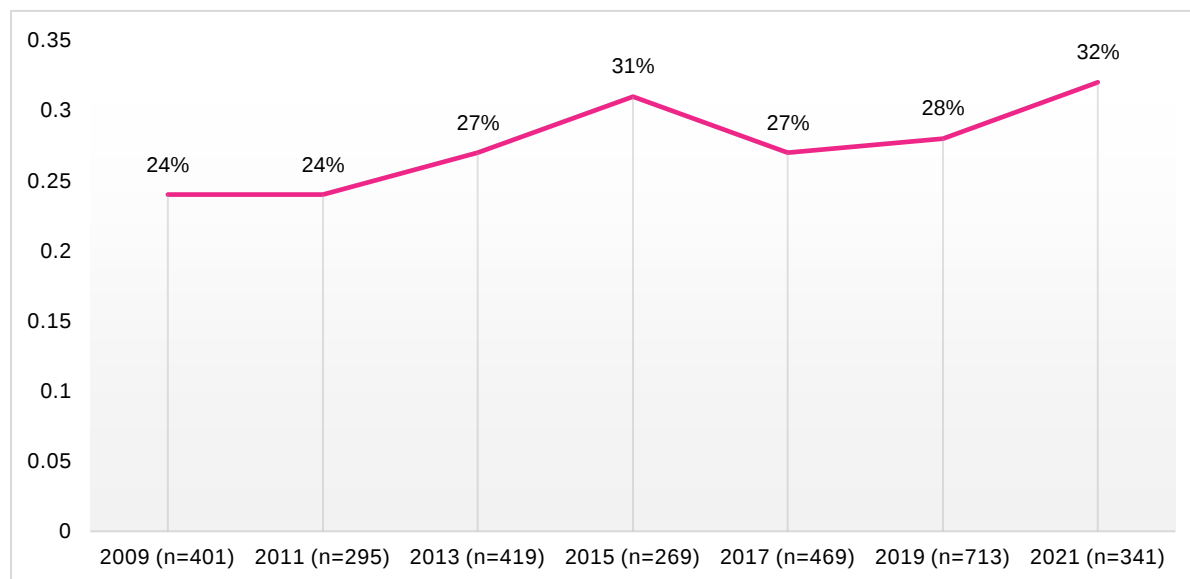
Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate*	Active Seats	2021 Percent*
Fine Arts Museum Board of Trustees	13%	100%	8	-
Commission of Animal Control and Welfare	14%	100%	7	-
Urban Forestry Council	18%	100%	9	-
Capital Planning Committee	22%	81%	11	-
Elections Commission	29%	100%	7	40%
Shelter Grievance Advisory Committee	30%	78%	9	-
War Memorial Board of Trustees	33%	91%	11	-
Dignity Fund Oversight and Advisory Committee	33%	81%	11	-
Market and Octavia Community Advisory Committee	33%	86%	7	-
Port Commission	33%	86%	7	40%
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	33%	100%	4	25%

*This column shows the percent of women in 2021. Policy bodies with less than a 50% response rate in 2021 were marked as "-".

D. Race and Ethnicity by Gender

This report also examines the representation of race and gender simultaneously. Women of color are represented in about 32% of seats and make up about 32% of the population¹², at parity. The representation of women of color has generally increased over time since our first report in 2009. Conversely, men of color are underrepresented, making up about 23% of policy board members while being about 33% of the San Francisco population. Figure 11 shows the levels of representation for women of color since 2009.

Figure 11: 14-year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies



Figures 12 and 13 present the breakdown for policy board members and the San Francisco population¹³ by race, ethnicity, and gender. White men and White women are overrepresented, holding 22% and 23% of appointments, respectively, compared to 20% and 17% of the population. Black men and Black women are also overrepresented, but more acutely. Black men make up five percent of the policy board members and three percent of the population, and Black women make up nine percent of the policy board members and two percent of the population. Characterizing these as overrepresentations is inaccurate given the representation of Black or African American people on policy bodies has been consistent over the years, while the Black population in San Francisco has declined over the same period.

Asian men and women are underrepresented, with Asian women making up 12% of policy board members compared to 17% of the population, while Asian men comprise eight percent of policy board members and 15% of the population, representing the highest disparity in our data. Latinx/Hispanic men and women are also underrepresented. Latinx/Hispanic men are three percent of policy board members while being seven percent of the population and their female counterparts are five percent of policy board members while making up 6.5% of the population.

¹² Bureau, US Census. "American Community Survey 5-Year Data (2009-2022)." Census.Gov, 26 Jan. 2024, www.census.gov/data/developers/data-sets/acs-5year.html.

¹³ Ibid.

Figure 12: Appointees by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2023

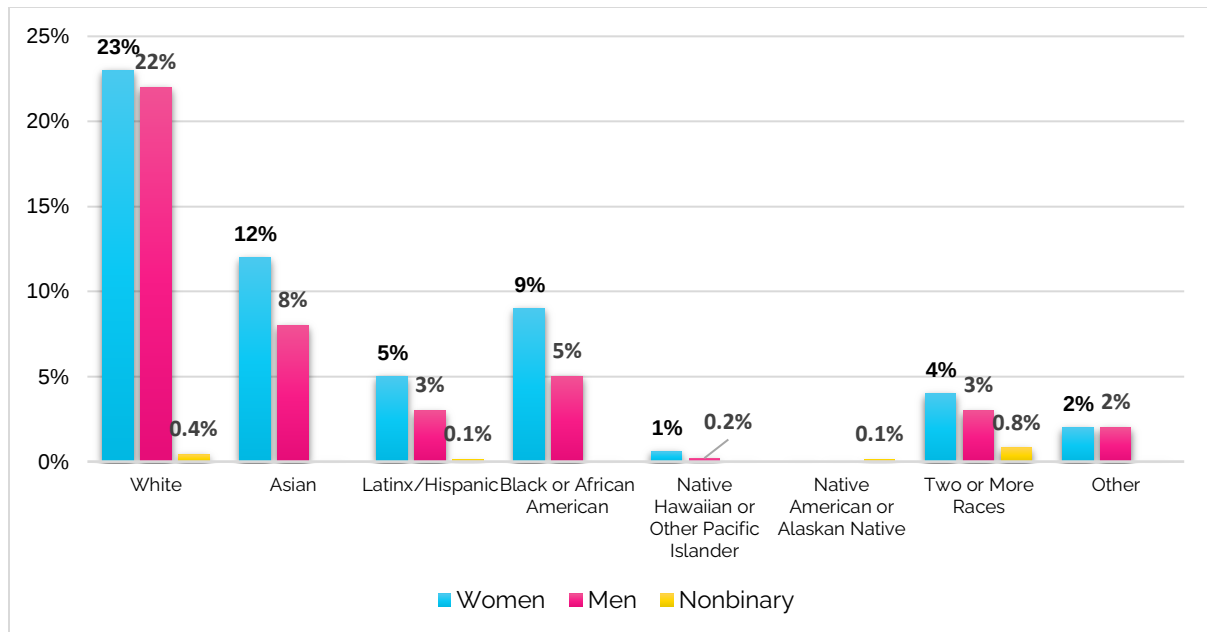
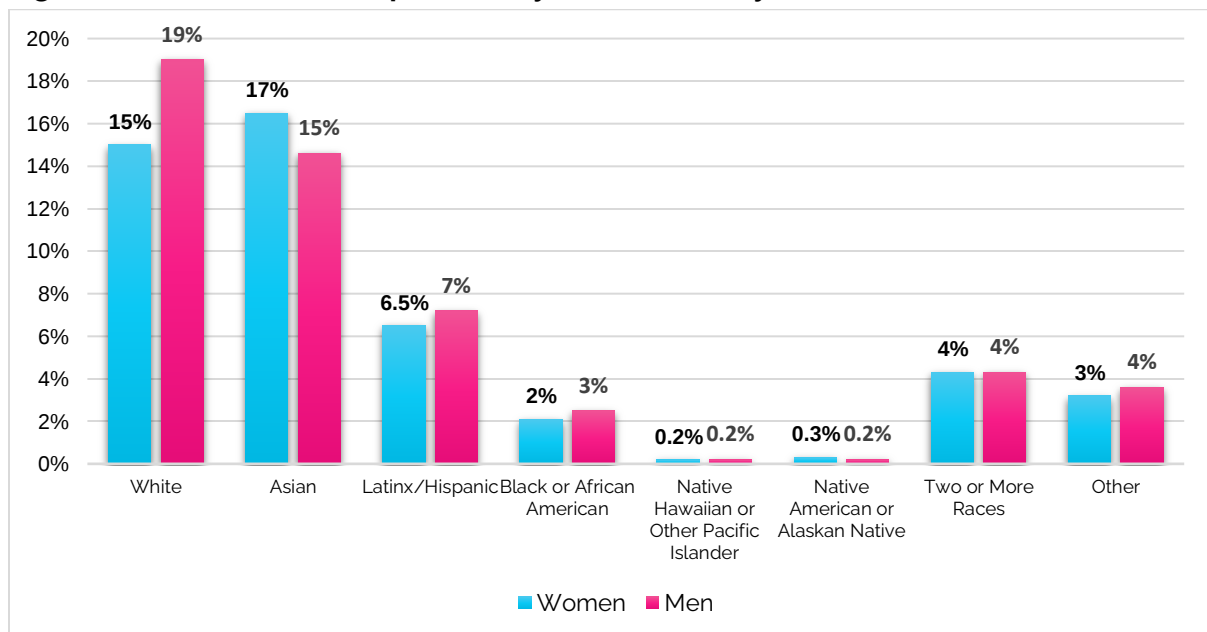


Figure 13: San Francisco Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2022 ACS 5-Year Estimates

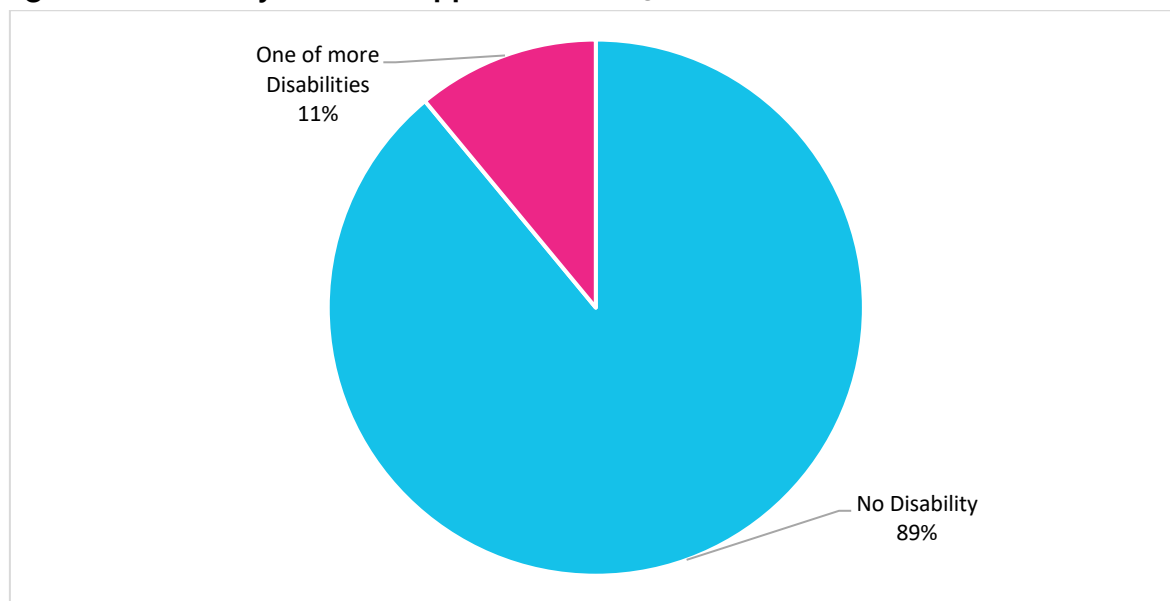


E. Disability Status

Data on disability status was obtained from 647 of our 685 respondents, with a response rate of about 94%. Figure 14 shows about 11% of those who responded to the survey reported having one or more disabilities, mirroring the 11% of the San Francisco population¹⁴ living with a disability. Therefore, our data suggested that those with disabilities are represented relative to their population size. Further, our data shows that policy board members who are disabled are more likely to be female.

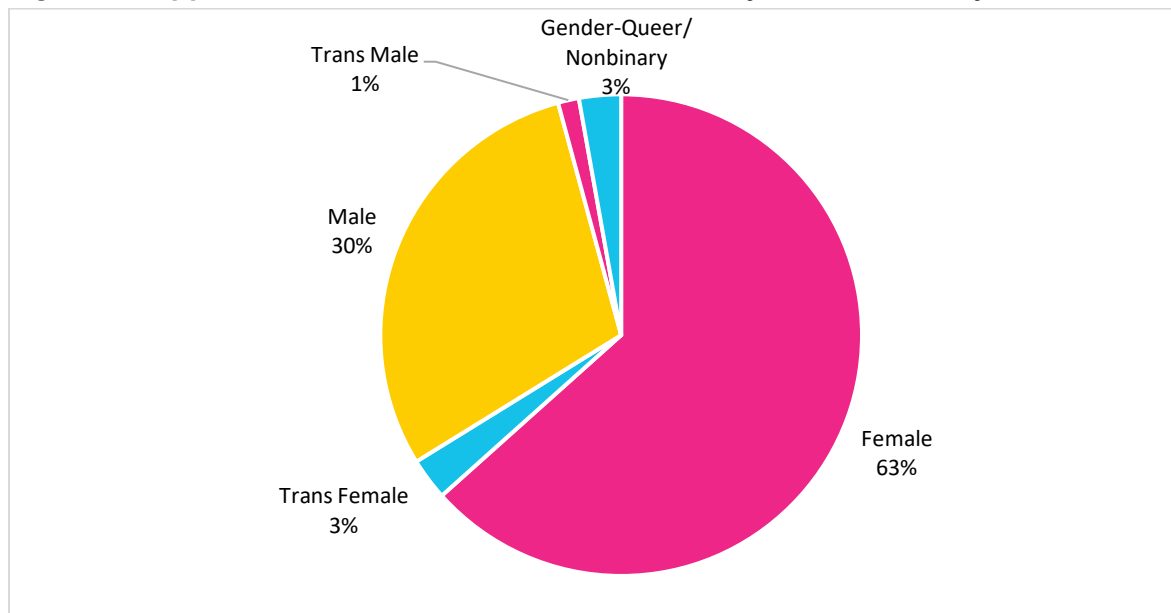
Figure 15 shows that of those with one or more disabilities, 63% are women, 30% are men, three percent are trans women, one percent are trans men, and three percent are gender-queer/nonbinary individuals.

Figure 14: Disability Status of Appointees, 2023



¹⁴ Bureau, US Census. "American Community Survey 5-Year Data (2009-2022)." Census.Gov, 26 Jan. 2024, www.census.gov/data/developers/data-sets/acs-5year.html.

Figure 15: Appointees with One or More Disabilities by Gender Identity, 2023



F. Veteran Status

Overall, approximately 2.7% of the adult population in San Francisco have served in the military¹⁵. Out of 685 who participated in the survey, 670 (98%) provided information on their veteran status¹⁶.

Of the policy board members who responded to this question, 3.7% served in the military. Figure 16 shows the breakdown of veteran status in our data. This level of representation is slightly above parity with the share of the population; however, this also represents a decrease in the level of representation described in our previous reports¹⁷.

¹⁵ Bureau, US Census. "American Community Survey 5-Year Data (2009-2022)." Census.Gov, 26 Jan. 2024, www.census.gov/data/developers/data-sets/acs-5year.html.

¹⁶ For the 2023 report, veteran status was reverted to its 2019 form to include only individuals who have served in the military and armed forces. This decision was driven primarily by the desire to maintain comparability across previous reports. Future reports should consider adding a second question measuring whether respondents have close family members who are in the military or have served. Such an approach would maintain comparability and collect military service prevalence among appointees.

¹⁷ Compared to previous reports, it is important to note that our 2021 report included both veterans and close family members of veterans, inflating their percentage by necessity. The 3.7% in our current data is still lower than other reports that only included veterans.

Figure 16: Policy Board Member with Military Service, 2023

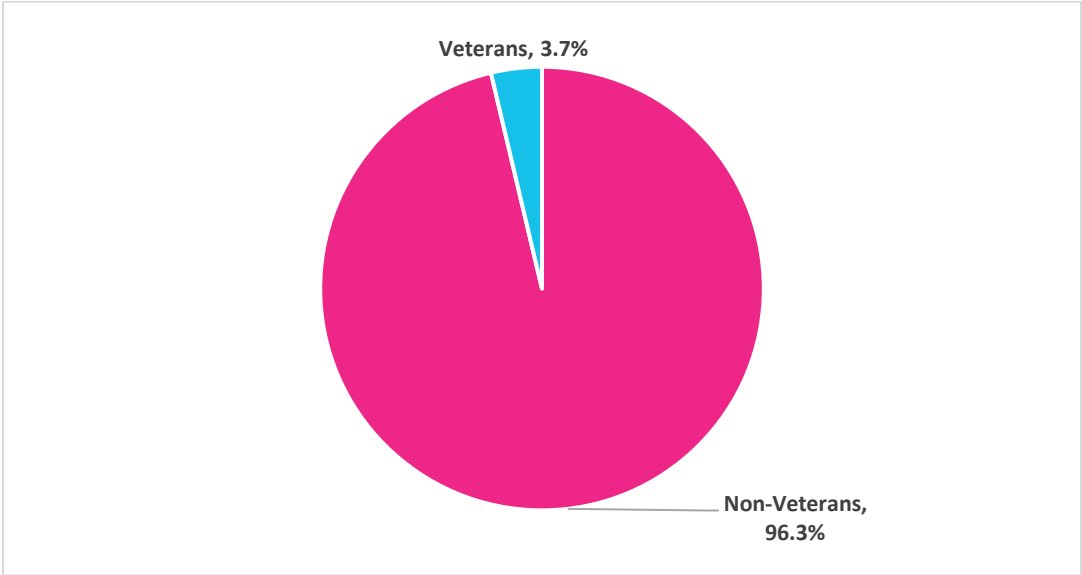
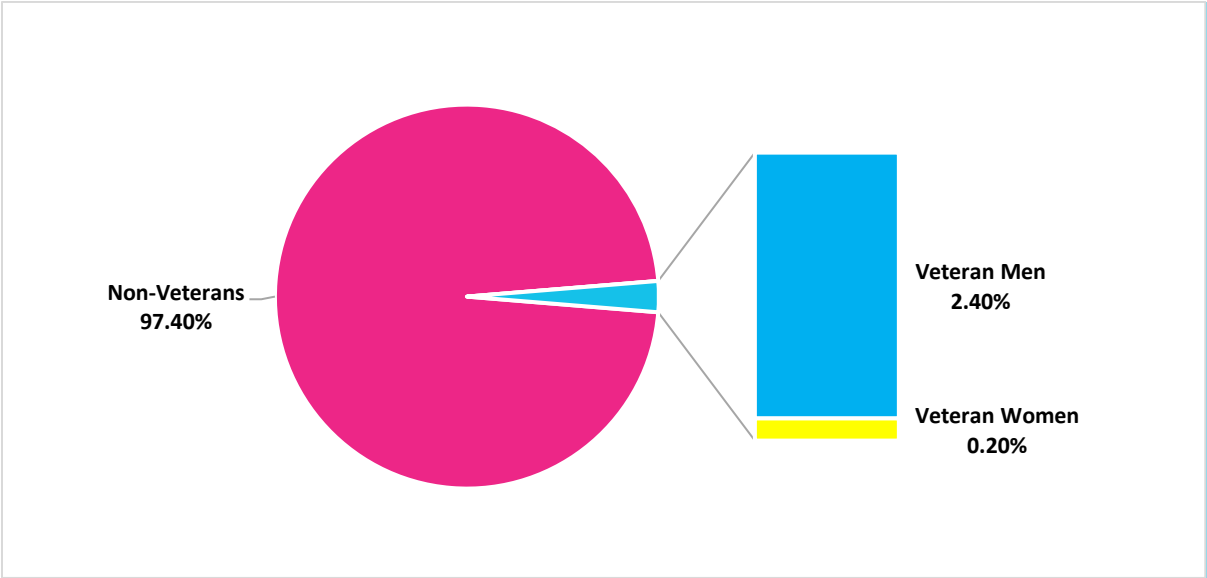


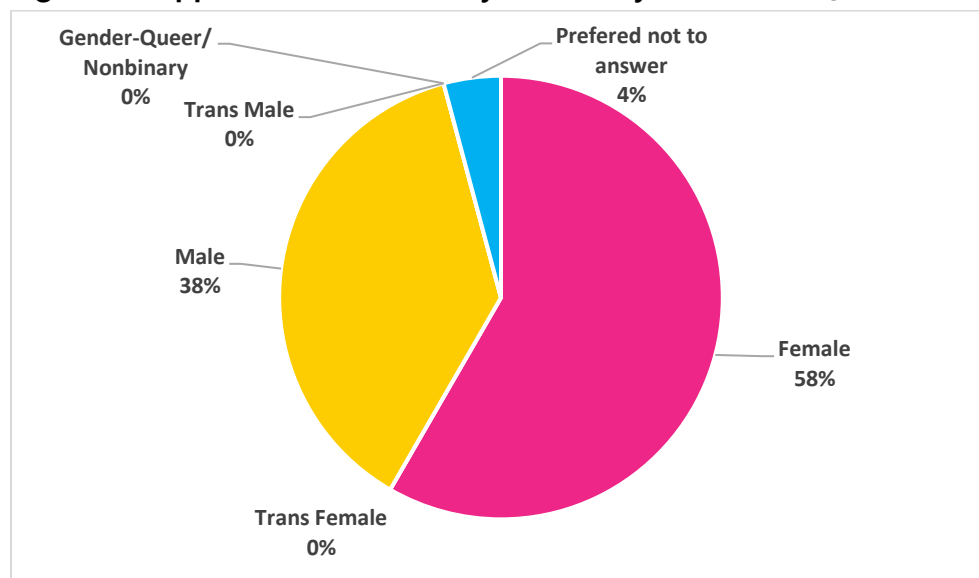
Figure 17 shows the breakdown of the adult San Francisco population and the breakdown of the veteran population by gender. Figure 18 shows the breakdown of gender identities among those who are veterans. We can see that the vast majority of veterans in the population are male, the opposite of what our data shows. Men comprise 42% and women make up 58% of the total number of veteran policy board members. No respondents with veteran status were from any other gender identity.

Figure 17: San Francisco Adult Population with Military Service by Gender*



** This graph fails to identify nonbinary individuals with military experience, as data was not collected for that population. However, this graph highlights the gender disparity amongst male and female veterans, with only 0.2% of 2.6% identifying as women.*

Figure 18: Appointees with Military Service by Gender, 2023



G. Policy Bodies by Budget

This 2023 Gender Analysis Report examines the demographic representativeness of policy bodies by budget size, as a proxy for influence. This report will examine all reporting policy bodies in this section, regardless of response rate. Figure 19 shows the representation of women, people of color, and women of color in these policy bodies.

Overall, appointees from the 10 **largest** budgeted policy bodies are 63% women, 58% people of color, and 36% women of color. In contrast, appointees from the 10 **smallest** budgeted policy bodies are 57% women, 64% people of color, and 41% women of color. While women are better represented in the higher-budgeted bodies, people and women of color are more strongly represented in the lower-budgeted bodies.

Figure 19: Percent of Women, People of Color, and Women of Color on Commissions and Boards with Largest and Smallest Budgets in 2023

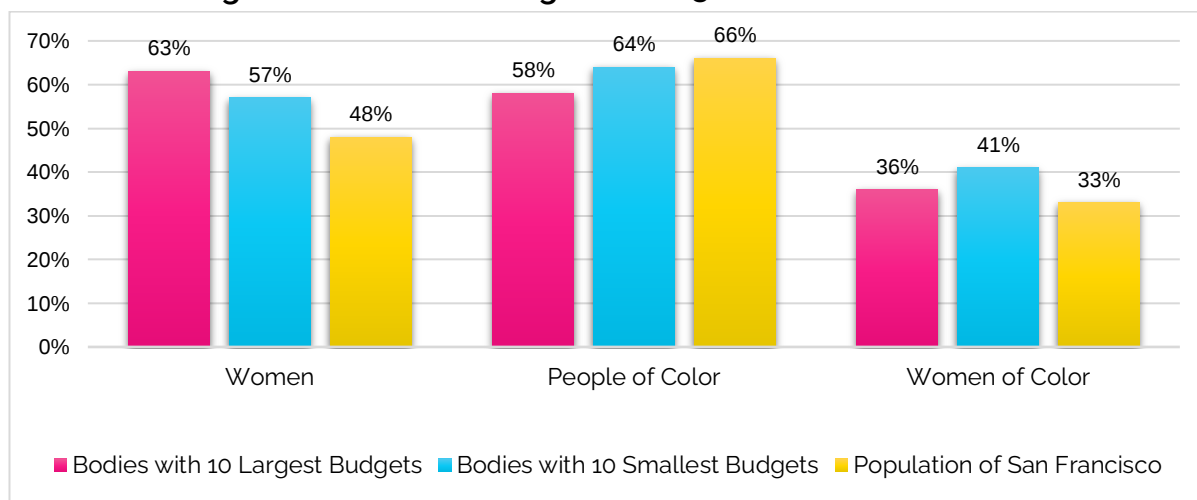


Figure 20: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Largest Budgets, 2023

Policy Body	FY20-21 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	Response Rate	Women	People of Color	Women of Color
Health Commission	\$2.20B	7	6	100%	83%	66%	50%
Public Utilities Commission	\$1.65B	5	5	100%	60%	60%	40%
Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors	\$1.47B	7	7	100%	71%	71%	57%
Health Authority	\$1.37B	19	13	15%	100%	100%	100%
Airport Commission	\$1.02B	5	5	100%	20%	60%	0%
Commission on Investment and Infrastructure	\$717M	5	4	100%	100%	80%	80%
Homelessness Oversight Commission	\$672M	7	7	100%	57%	43%	30%
Human Services Commission	\$624M	5	5	100%	40%	40%	0%
Fire Commission	\$499B	5	5	100%	80%	50%	25%
Recreation and Park Commission	\$368M	7	7	43%	85%	43%	43%
Total	\$10.5B	72	64	84%	63%	58%	36%

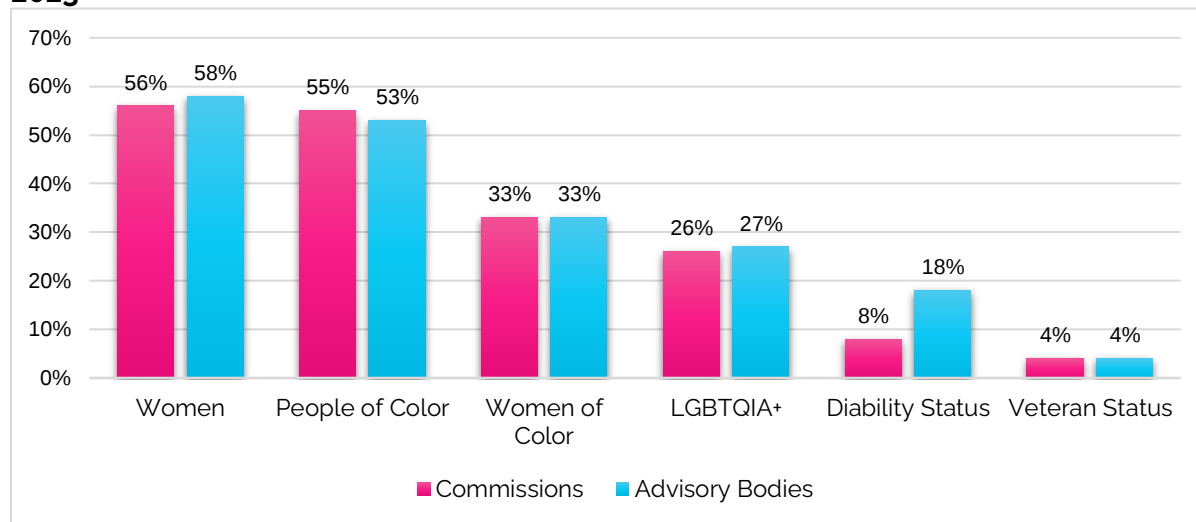
Figure 21: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Smallest Budgets, 2023

Policy Body	FY20-21 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	Response Rate	Women	People of Color	Women of Color
Civil Service Commission	\$1.51M	5	5	100%	100%	75%	66%
Film Commission	\$1.25M	11	11	82%	56%	67%	44%
Board of Appeals	\$1.20M	5	5	100%	0%	40%	0%
SOMA Community Stabilization Fund Community Advisory Committee	\$1.00M	7	5	20%	0%	0%	0%
Local Agency Formation Commission	\$550,477	7	5	100%	80%	80%	80%
Youth Commission	\$444,847	17	17	100%	82%	82%	76%
Public Works Commission	\$250,000	5	4	100%	40%	40%	0%
Sanitation and Streets Commission	\$250,000	5	4	50%	50%	0%	0%
Retiree Health Care Trust Fund Board	\$111,000	5	5	20%	100%	100%	100%
Residential Users Appeal Board	\$90,000	3	2	50%	0%	0%	0%
Total	\$6.7M	70	63	72%	57%	64%	41%

H. Comparison of Commission and Board and Advisory Body Demographics

The comparison of the two policy body categories in this section provides another proxy for influence. Commissions and Boards whose members file disclosures of economic interest have greater decision-making authority in San Francisco than Advisory Bodies whose members do not file similar disclosures. Commissions have a higher percentage of people of color than Advisory Bodies but lower percentages of women, women of color, LGBTQIA+ people, and disabled people.

Figure 22: Demographics of Appointees on Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies, 2023



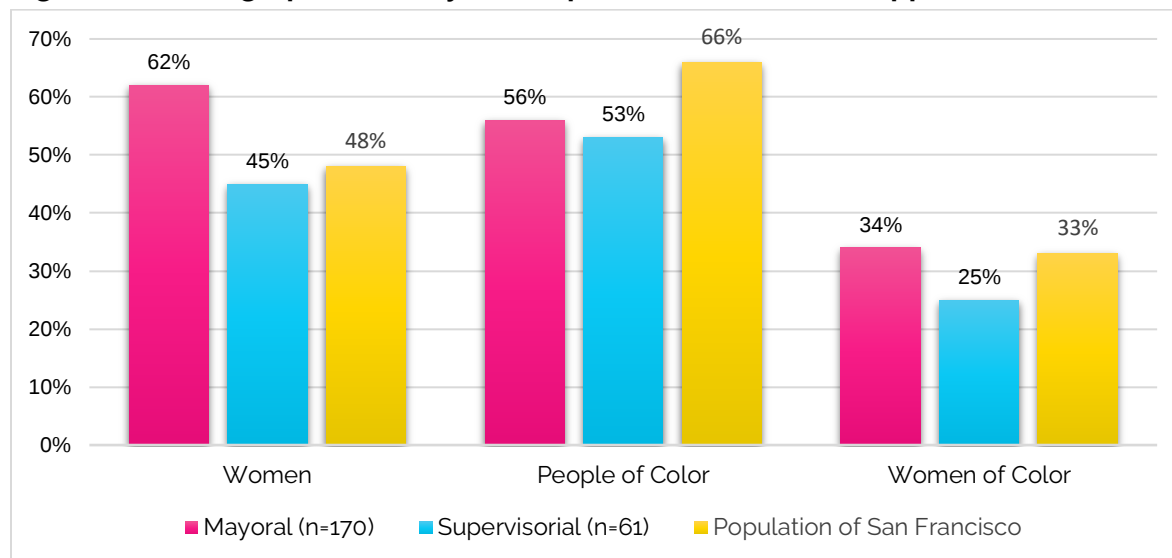
I. Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees

This section analyzes the demographic compositions of mayoral and supervisorial-appointed policy bodies. For this analysis, mayoral boards are those boards entirely composed of mayoral appointments, and supervisorial boards are those composed entirely of supervisorial appointments. We do not have individual appointment information for boards of mixed appointments, though future reports should consider additional data collection efforts to determine individual-level appointment types. An important caveat of the following data analysis is that far more boards are comprised of mayoral appointments than supervisorial appointments. As the total number of supervisorial appointments in this analysis is low, any findings concerning the demographic composition of supervisorial appointments may be a relic of the limited number of observations. This is especially important to note because the demographic composition shown in our analysis shows supervisorial appointments as being far less diverse than in previous years, suggesting that the true nature of the data is likely more diverse than our data suggests.

Figure 23 compares the representation of women, people of color, and women of color for appointments made by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and the population of San Francisco. Mayoral appointments are more diverse and consist of more women, people of color, and women of color compared to Supervisorial appointments. Mayoral appointments include 62% women, 56% people of color, and 34% women of color, while Supervisorial appointments are 45% women, 53% people of color, and 25% women of color. As noted above, the low diversity shown for supervisorial appointments may be due to a relatively

small amount of data. However, previous reports have indicated that this disparity may also be partly due to the appointment selection process for each authority. The 11-member Board of Supervisors only sees applicants for specific bodies through the 3-member Rules Committee or by designees stipulated in legislation (e.g., “renter,” “landlord,” “consumer advocate”). In contrast, the Mayor typically can take total appointments into account during selections and can, therefore, better address gaps in diversity.

Figure 23: Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees, 2023



III. Methodology and Limitations

This report focuses on City and County of San Francisco Commissions, Boards, task forces, councils, and committees that have the majority of members appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and have jurisdiction limited to the City. The 2023 Gender Analysis Report reflects data from the policy bodies that provided information to the Department on the Status of Women through digital or paper survey¹⁸. Following initial email outreach, policy bodies were contacted three to five times via email and phone. All possible measures were taken to obtain accurate and complete data.

Participation rates for this report exceeded our 2021 report, with the highest participation of Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies to date. We requested data from 130 policy bodies and received responses from 99, covering 685 policy board members. Comparatively, the 2021 Gender Analysis Report received data from 92 policy bodies and 349 policy body members.

Data elements such as a Commissioner or Board member's gender identity, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, disability status, and veteran status were collected on a *voluntary* basis. As a result, some responses were incomplete or unavailable but were included to the extent possible.

¹⁸ Our previous 2021 report used an all-online participation format that significantly decreased participation, due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Given the primary objective of this report, surfacing patterns of underrepresentation, every attempt has been made to reflect accurate and complete information. Data for some policy bodies was incomplete, and all appointees who responded were included in the total demographic categories.

To ensure that low response rates did not distort our analysis, we established response rate thresholds in examinations of policy boards with the highest or lowest representation of specific groups. It should be noted that for policy bodies with a small number of members, the change of a single individual greatly impacts the percentages of demographic categories. This should be kept in mind when interpreting these percentages and any changes over time.

While this report's survey had a higher level of participation than our 2021 report, missing data is still the biggest limitation. Given this limitation, ensuring participation from all policy bodies could significantly improve or further efforts to address underrepresentation. Some methods of guaranteeing participation include surveying all appointees during their initial onboarding training with the City, as well as relying on more paper/in-person survey outreach for future reports.

The surveyed policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney document entitled List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute¹⁹. This document separates San Francisco policy bodies into two different categories. The first category includes Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category encompasses Advisory Bodies whose members do not submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. Depending on the analysis criteria in each section of this report, the surveyed policy bodies and appointees are either examined comprehensively as a whole or examined separately in the two categories designated by the Office of the City Attorney.

Data from the U.S. Census American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates provides a comparison to the San Francisco population. Figure 25 in the Appendix displays these population estimates by race/ethnicity and gender.

¹⁹ "List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, <https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf>, (August 25, 2017).

IV. Conclusion

Since the first Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards in 2009, the representation of women appointees on San Francisco policy bodies has gradually increased. The 2023 Gender Analysis Report finds that the percentage of women appointees is 55%, which is above parity with the population of women in San Francisco.

When appointee demographics are analyzed by gender and race, the representation of women of color is 32%, which mirrors the data in our 2021 report and roughly matches the San Francisco population. Most notably underrepresented are individuals identifying as Asian, making up 31% of the San Francisco population but only 20% of appointees. Similarly, Latinx-identifying individuals, who make up 14% of the population, are only eight percent of appointees. Additionally, men of color are underrepresented at 23% of appointees relative to their San Francisco population of 33%.

Furthermore, when analyzing the demographic composition of larger and smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards, women of color are roughly at parity on Commissions and Boards with both the largest and smallest budgets. Women comprise 63% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies compared to their population of 48%, and women of color comprise 36% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, with the San Francisco population at 33%. Comparatively, women are 57% of total appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies, and women of color are 41% of appointees. However, the representation of people of color is seven percentage points higher on smaller budgeted policy bodies than on larger budgeted policy bodies. People of color make up 58% of appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies and 64% of appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies. The San Francisco population of people of color exceeds these percentages at 66%.

In addition to using budget size as a proxy for influence, this report analyzed the demographic characteristics of appointees on Commissions and Boards who file disclosures of economic interest and have decision-making authority and appointees on Advisory Bodies who do not file economic interest disclosures. Women, women of color, people of color, LGBTQIA+ populations, and veterans are evenly represented across both Commissions and Boards and Advisory Bodies. Individuals with disabilities, however, have more robust representation within Advisory Bodies than Commissions and Boards. Women comprise a slightly higher percentage of Advisory Bodies appointees than Commissions and Boards.

The 2023 Gender Analysis Report found satisfactory representation of LGBTQIA+ individuals on San Francisco policy bodies. Of the appointees who provided LGBTQIA+ identity information, 24% identified as LGBTQIA+, with the largest subset identifying as gay or lesbian (16%). Eight percent of appointees from the largest budgeted policy bodies identify as LGBTQIA+, and three percent from the smallest budgeted bodies. There was also a similar representation of LGBTQIA+ appointees between Commissions and Boards (26%) and Advisory Bodies (27%).

The representation of appointees with disabilities in Commissions and Boards is 18%, more than double the representation in Advisory Bodies (8%). Veterans are adequately represented on San Francisco policy bodies at 3.7%, compared to the veteran population of 2.7%, and are evenly represented between Commissions and Boards and Advisory Bodies.

This report is intended to advise the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and other appointing authorities as they select appointments to the City and County of San Francisco policy bodies. In the spirit of the 2008 City Charter Amendment, which establishes this biennial Gender Analysis Report requirement and the importance of diversity on San Francisco policy bodies, efforts to address gaps in diversity and inclusion should remain at the forefront when making appointments to accurately reflect the population of San Francisco.

The San Francisco Department on the Status of Women would like to thank the various policy body members, Commission secretaries, and Department staff who graciously assisted in collecting demographic data and providing information about their respective policy bodies, particularly former Department Intern Liliana Pacheco for the data collection and analysis of this report.

Appendix I

Figure 24: Policy Body Demographics, 2023

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY22-23 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Access Appeals Commission	5	5	-	0%	0%	0%	60%
African American Reparations Advisory Committee	15	15	-	83%	67%	83%	40%
Airport Commission	5	5	\$1,017,000,000	20%	0%	60%	100%
Arts Commission	15	15	\$42,741,948	60%	43%	64%	100%
Asian Art Commission	27	22	-	42%	25%	50%	55%
Assessment Appeals Board	24	16	-	33%	7%	43%	100%
Bayview Hunters Point Citizens Advisory Committee	12	7	-	25%	25%	100%	57%
Behavioral Health Commission	17	10	-	60%	60%	100%	50%
Board of Appeals	5	5	\$1,195,116	0%	0%	40%	100%
Board of Examiners	13	10	-	0%	0%	44%	100%
Board of Supervisors	11	11	\$23,600,000	36%	18%	36%	100%
Building Inspection Commission	7	6	\$92,844,927	57%	29%	43%	117%
Cannabis Oversight Committee	9	7	-	14%	14%	71%	100%
Capital Planning Committee	11	11	\$159,000,000	33%	11%	22%	82%
Children and Families First Commission	9	8	\$27,305,805	88%	57%	71%	100%
Children, Youth and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	11	6	\$333,011,845	75%	63%	88%	133%
Citizen Committee on Community Development	9	5	\$36,000,000	40%	40%	80%	100%
Citizens General Obligation Bond Oversight Committee	9	6	-	40%	0%	40%	100%
Civil Service Commission	5	5	\$1,511,609	80%	50%	75%	100%
Code Advisory Committee	17	17	-	0%	0%	25%	47%
Commission of Animal Control and Welfare	7	7	-	57%	0%	14%	100%
Commission on Investment and Infrastructure	5	4	\$717,300,000	100%	80%	80%	125%
Commission on the Environment	7	7	\$35,349,283	43%	43%	71%	100%

Figure 24: Policy Body Demographics, 2023, Continued

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY22-23 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Commission on the Status of Women	7	6	\$14,434,165	100%	80%	83%	100%
Committee on City Workforce Alignment	17	17	-	60%	60%	91%	65%
Committee on Information Technology	18	16	\$27,000,000	56%	22%	44%	56%
Community Corrections Partnership	13	12	-	20%	20%	60%	42%
Dignity Fund Oversight and Advisory Committee	11	11	-	89%	22%	33%	82%
Disability and Aging Commission	8	8	\$365,000,000	75%	38%	63%	100%
Early Childhood Community Oversight and Advisory Committee	9	9	\$27,305,805	100%	71%	71%	89%
Eastern Neighborhoods Community Advisory Committee	11	8	-	50%	50%	63%	100%
Elections Commission	7	7	\$24,000,000	86%	29%	29%	100%
Entertainment Commission	7	7	-	50%	33%	67%	100%
Ethics Commission	5	4	\$7,586,853	67%	67%	100%	100%
Family Violence Council	28	28	-	77%	31%	38%	46%
Film Commission	11	11	\$1,250,000	63%	50%	75%	82%
Fine Arts Museums Board of Trustees	62	8	-	38%	13%	13%	100%
Fire Commission	5	5	\$498,585,516	80%	25%	50%	100%
Food Security Task Force	20	18	-	80%	38%	63%	56%
Free City College Oversight Committee	15	13	-	63%	43%	57%	62%
Health Authority	19	13	\$1,373,782,524	100%	100%	100%	15%
Health Commission	7	6	\$2,200,000,000	83%	33%	67%	100%
Health Service Board	7	7	\$14,200,000	33%	20%	40%	100%
Homelessness Oversight Commission	7	7	\$672,000,000	57%	14%	43%	100%
Housing Conservatorship Working Group	12	8	-	75%	0%	25%	50%
Housing Stability Fund Oversight Board	11	9	-	0%	0%	100%	11%
Human Rights Commission	11	10	\$15,120,673	40%	40%	70%	100%
Human Services Commission	5	5	\$624,500,000	40%	0%	40%	100%
Immigrant Rights Commission	15	15	-	60%	50%	93%	100%
Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council	20	18	-	80%	33%	47%	83%

Figure 24: Policy Body Demographics, 2023, Continued

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY22-23 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Juvenile Probation Commission	7	7	-	57%	14%	57%	100%
Local Agency Formation Commission	7	5	\$550,477	80%	80%	80%	100%
Market and Octavia Community Advisory Committee	9	7	-	33%	17%	33%	86%
Mayor's Disability Council	11	5	-	100%	0%	0%	40%
Mental Health SF Implementation Working Group	13	9	-	86%	43%	43%	78%
Mission Bay Citizen's Advisory Committee	13	7	-	80%	40%	40%	71%
Municipal Green Building Task Force	20	20	-	63%	38%	50%	40%
Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors	7	7	\$1,472,363,382	71%	57%	71%	100%
Municipal Transportation Agency Citizens Advisory Council	15	14	-	42%	17%	50%	86%
Our City, Our Home Oversight Committee	9	7	-	80%	40%	40%	71%
Oversight Board (to the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City and County of San Francisco)	7	6	-	80%	50%	50%	83%
Paratransit Coordinating Council Executive Committee	38	21	-	75%	50%	75%	19%
Park, Recreation, And Open Space Advisory Committee	24	17	-	58%	42%	58%	71%
Planning Commission	7	7	\$60,000,000	50%	50%	100%	29%
Police Commission	7	7	-	29%	14%	71%	100%
Port Commission	7	7	\$193,700,000	83%	33%	33%	86%
Public Utilities Commission	5	5	\$1,651,537,786	60%	40%	60%	100%
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	7	4	-	67%	33%	33%	125%
Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee	7	5	-	50%	50%	50%	100%
Public Works Commission	5	4	\$250,000	40%	0%	40%	125%
Recreation and Park Commission	7	7	\$367,800,000	86%	43%	43%	100%
Reentry Council	25	22	-	55%	36%	64%	100%
Refuse Rate Board	3	2	-	50%	50%	100%	100%
Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Board	10	10	\$16,294,283	50%	17%	50%	60%
Residential Users Appeal Board	3	2	\$900	0%	0%	0%	50%
Retiree Health Care Trust Fund Board	5	5	\$110,000	100%	100%	100%	20%

Figure 24: Policy Body Demographics, 2023, Continued

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY22-23 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Retirement Board	7	7	-	29%	29%	57%	100%
San Francisco Reinvestment Working Group	9	9	-	25%	0%	75%	44%
Sanitation and Streets Commission	5	4	\$250,000	50%	0%	0%	50%
Sentencing Commission	13	13	-	46%	15%	62%	100%
Shelter Grievance Advisory Committee	15	9	-	57%	14%	29%	78%
Shelter Monitoring Committee	12	8	-	75%	71%	86%	100%
Sheriff's Department Oversight Board	7	7	-	43%	43%	86%	100%
Small Business Commission	7	5	-	75%	50%	75%	80%
SOMA Community Stabilization Fund Community Advisory Committee	7	5	\$1,000,000	0%	0%	0%	20%
South of Market Community Planning Advisory Committee	11	7	-	20%	0%	20%	71%
State Legislation Committee	7	7	-	40%	25%	50%	71%
Street Artists and Craftsmen Examiners Advisory Committee	5	5	-	100%	50%	50%	40%
Sugary Drinks Distributor Tax Advisory Committee	16	16	-	71%	57%	86%	44%
Sunshine Ordinance Task Force	11	9	-	33%	22%	44%	100%
Sweatfree Procurement Advisory Group	11	6	-	50%	25%	25%	67%
Treasure Island Development Authority Board of Directors	7	7	\$31,333,345	33%	0%	0%	43%
Treasure Island/Yerba Buena Island Citizens Advisory Board	25	9	-	50%	0%	0%	44%
Urban Forestry Council	15	11	-	18%	0%	18%	100%
Veterans Affairs Commission	13	11	-	100%	0%	0%	9%
War Memorial Board of Trustees	11	11	\$19,236,764	50%	30%	30%	91%
Workforce Investment Board	28	27	\$4,250,713	57%	21%	43%	52%
Youth Commission	17	17	\$444,847	82%	76%	82%	100%

Figure 25: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2022*

Race/Ethnicity	Total		Male		Female	
	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent
San Francisco County, California	851,036	-	412,924	49%	438,093	51%
White, non-Hispanic or Latino	325,900	34%	179,461	19%	146,439	15%
Asian	296,122	31%	139,015	15%	157,107	17%
Hispanic or Latinx	131,517	14%	69,384	7%	62,133	7%
Some Other Race	65,487	7%	34,703	4%	30,784	3%
Black or African American	44,058	5%	24,026	3%	20,032	2%
Two or More Races	80,858	8%	41,270	4%	39,588	4%
Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander	3,312	0.5%	1,763	0.2%	1,549	0.2%
Native American and Alaska Native	4,725	0.5%	2,781	0.3%	1,944	0.2%

San Francisco Population estimates come from the 2022 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, chart B01001. The racial estimates use Census subpopulation charts. Please note that the subpopulations added together are larger than the estimated population size. This is primarily due to potential double counts for ethnicities and races (the only category that does not include overlap is the White population, which is specifically White non-Hispanics).

Survey Questions

1. "What is your gender identity?" and could select from the following:
 - Male
 - Female
 - Trans Male
 - Trans Female
 - Gender Queer/ Non-Binary
 - Other (no respondents selected other)
 - Prefer not to say
2. "What is your race/ethnicity?" and could select one of the following options²⁰:
 - Asian (alone)
 - Black/African American (alone)
 - Latinx/Hispanic
 - Native American/American Indian or Alaska Native (alone)
 - Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (alone)
 - Other (alone)
 - White/ Caucasian (alone)
 - Two or More Races
 - Prefer not to say
3. "What is your sexual orientation?"
 - Bisexual
 - Gay/ Lesbian/ Same-Gender Loving
 - Questioning/ Unsure
 - Straight/Heterosexual
 - Other
 - Prefer not to say
4. "Do you have one or more disabilities?"
 - Yes
 - No
 - Prefer not to say
5. "Have you ever served in the military of any country?"
 - Yes
 - No
 - Prefer not to say

²⁰ Note that respondents were instructed to select either Latinx/Hispanic or a racial category and to choose the category that best fits their identity. This eliminates any double counting issues, and in this analysis, we considered those who responded as White as White, not Latinx/Hispanic.



City and County of San Francisco
Department on the Status of Women



London N. Breed
Mayor

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This report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website:

<https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports>.

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