SCARD OF SUPERPATTERSON & O'NEILL, PC

2024 MAR -8 PM 4:59

235 Montgomery Street, Suite 950 San Francisco, CA 94104 Telephone: (415) 907-9110 www.pattersononeill.com

March 8, 2024

VIA EMAIL

President Aaron Peskin and Supervisors 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Re: Appeal of CEQA Exemption Determination 72 Harper Street (Case No. 2023-002706ENV)

Dear President Peskin and Supervisors:

Our office represents Krishna Ramamurthi, Tusi Chowdhury, and David Garofoli, owners of neighboring properties adjacent to the proposed project at 72 Harper Street. The project site is developed with a modest two-story over garage Queen Anne Cottage built in 1905 that is approximately 2,096 square feet. The applicant proposes to expand the existing building with a vertical addition measuring 44 feet from the curb, which will tower over the existing façade and mimic the historical gable roof design.

We submit this letter pursuant to Administrative Code § 31.16(e) to appeal the Exemption Determination for the project at 72 Harper Street (Case No. 2020-005176ENV). The Exemption Determination violates the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") because the Planning Department failed to adequately study whether the project will have a significant adverse impact on historic resources, did not determine whether the project meets the Secretary of Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties, and failed to adequately study whether the project is located in an eligible historic district. Due to these deficiencies, the appellants respectfully request the Board reverse the Exemption Determination; and direct the Planning Department to conduct further environmental review.

The CEQA Guidelines state that an Exemption "shall not be used for a project which may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource." (See CEQA Guidelines § 15300.2(f).) Courts are clear that the failure to adequately discuss potential impacts is a procedural error, and the "omission of required information constitutes a failure to proceed in the manner required by law." (Sierra Club v. County of Fresno (2018) 6 Cal.5th 502.) Procedural failures must be overturned in order to "scrupulously enforce all legislatively mandated CEQA requirements." (Citizens of Goleta Valley v. Board of Supervisors (1990) 52 Cal.3d 553, 564.)

Moreover, the "foremost principle under CEQA is that the Legislature intended the act to be interpreted in such manner as to afford the fullest possible protection to the environment

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within the reasonable scope of the statutory language." (Laurel Heights Improvement Assn. v. Regents of University of California (1988) 47 Cal.3d 376, 390.) To that end, an exemption shall not be used if there is a "fair argument" that the proposed project may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource. (See Valley Advocates v. City of Fresno (2008) 160 Cal.App.4th 1039, 1072.)

The Exemption Determination in this case is not legally adequate because the Planning Department failed to adequately analyze the potential impacts to historic resources, and there is a fair argument that the project may cause a substantial adverse change to a historic resource. The Exemption Determination found that the existing building qualifies as a historic resource, yet still found the project exempt without even conducting a Historic Resource Evaluation. The project sponsor also acknowledged that existing home is a historic resource, and even submitted an Historic Resource Evaluation application that demonstrated the existing home has distinct architectural features that have generally remained largely unchanged since the building was first constructed in 1905.

Despite receiving an application for a Historic Resource Evaluation, the Planning Department failed to complete a Historic Resource Evaluation Response. The Exemption simply says "addition visible but compatible with existing structure" and "entry sequence change meets standard and no impacts to potential remaining CFDs [character defining features]." This analysis is wholly inadequate. The analysis states "no impacts to potential" character defining features, without even conducting an analysis to identify what the character defining features of the property actually are. The analysis also states that the "change meets standards," presumably referring to the Secretary of Interior's Standards, yet the Planning Department did not complete a Historic Resource Evaluation to analyze the project against the standards. The Planning Department could not possibly determine that the project meets the Secretary of Interior's Standards for protecting the character defining features of historic properties when the Department never identified the features in the first place.

Moreover, the project is located in an area known as Fairmount Heights that was developed by the Fairmount Homestead Association shortly after the Civil War in the 1860s. The neighborhood contains many century-old modest cottages that reflect the neighborhood's historic blue-collar demographic. The Planning Department did not evaluate at all whether the surrounding area could be eligible as a historic district, nor identify any potential character defining features of the surrounding properties. The Planning Department's complete omission of any analysis or information on the potential impacts to a an eligible historic district or surrounding historic properties was a procedural error, and therefore the Exemption Determination must be overturned.

Finally, there is a fair argument that the project may cause a substantial adverse change to a historic resource. Secretary of Interior Standard 9 requires that any new additions to a historic structure must not destroy the "spatial relationships that characterize the property" and any new work must be "differentiated from the old" and "compatible with the historic materials, features, size, scale and proportion, and massing to protect the integrity of the property and its environment." Rather than being differentiated from the old as required by the standards, the new addition mimics the original architectural features with faux historic features. Moreover, the new addition towers over the original roof form, and is completely out of scale and proportion with

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the mass of the existing modest home. The addition fails to reflect the property's history as a post-Civil War era home for working class San Franciscans.

The Exemption Determination for this project violates CEQA. The project's potential impacts to historic resources were not adequately identified or evaluated, which constitutes a failure to proceed in the manner required by law. This project, which includes an addition that towers over and mimics the original historic features, substantially impacts the character defining features of this historic 1905 cottage. The Board should therefore reverse the Exemption Determination and direct the Planning Department to conduct further review of potential impacts to historic resources.

Very truly yours,

PATTERSON & O'NEILL, PC

Brian J. O'Neill

Ryan J. Patterson





49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400 San Francisco, CA 94103 628.652.7600 www.sfplanning.org

CEQA^SExemption Determination

PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

			Block/Lot(s)	
72 HARPER ST (ADU) Case No.			6652010	
			Permit No.	
2023	3-002706ENV			
A	ddition/	Demolition (requires HRE for	New	
	Iteration	Category B Building)	Construction	
Proje 3 sto exca	ect description for ry rear addition, cor vated rear yard ligh	Planning Department approval. nvert 1st fl to adu, elevate portion of roof, interior let court, re-build front steps in kind to met egress of, new fixtures fitting & finishes throughout.	partition changes on all floors, construct	
	MPTION TYPE project has been de	etermined to be exempt under the California En	vironmental Quality Act (CEQA).	
	Class 1 - Existing Facilities. (CEQA Guidelines section 15301) Interior and exterior alterations; additions under 10,000 sq. ft.			
	Class 3 - New Construction. (CEQA Guidelines section 15303) Up to three new single-family residences or six dwelling units in one building; commercial/office structures; utility extensions; change of use under 10,000 sq. ft. if principally permitted or with a CU.			
	additions greater (a) The project is policies as well a (b) The proposed substantially surr (c) The project sit (d) Approval of th water quality.	Development. (CEQA Guidelines section 15332) New than 10,000 sq. ft. and meets the conditions described consistent with the applicable general plan designs with applicable zoning designation and regulation development occurs within city limits on a project ounded by urban uses. The has no value as habitat for endangered rare or the project would not result in any significant effect the adequately served by all required utilities and project.	cribed below: Ination and all applicable general plan ions. It site of no more than 5 acres Ithreatened species. Is relating to traffic, noise, air quality, or	
	Other		Y	
		Exemption (CEQA Guidelines section 15061(b)	(3)). It can be seen with certainty that	

ENV	IRONMENTAL SCREENING ASSESSMENT
Cor	nments:
wou	ology and Soils: A preliminary geotechnical report was prepared by Frank Lee & Associates (dated 7/18/2023), firming that the proposed project is on a site subject to 25 percent slope. The project's structural drawings ald be reviewed by the building department, where it would be determined if further geotechnical review and anical reports are required.
	neological Resources: The department's staff archeologist conducted preliminary archeological review on 2/2023 and determined that no CEQA-significant archeological resources are expected within project- affected s.
Plar	nner Signature: Don Lewis
PRO	PERTY STATUS - HISTORIC RESOURCE
PROF	PERTY IS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
	Category A: Known Historical Resource.
	Category B: Potential Historical Resource (over 45 years of age).
	Category C: Not a Historical Resource or Not Age Eligible (under 45 years of age).
PRO	POSED WORK CHECKLIST
Check	call that apply to the project.
	Change of use and new construction. Tenant improvements not included.
	Regular maintenance or repair to correct or repair deterioration, decay, or damage to building.
	Window replacement that meets the Department's Window Replacement Standards.
	Garage work. A new opening that meets the Guidelines for Adding Garages and Curb Cuts, or replacement of a garage door in an existing opening that meets the Residential Design Guidelines.
	Deck, terrace construction, or fences not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way.
	Mechanical equipment installation that is not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way.
	Dormer installation that meets the requirements for exemption from public notification under <i>Zoning Administrator Bulletin No. 3: Dormer Windows</i> .
	Addition(s) not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way for 150 feet in each direction; or does not extend vertically beyond the floor level of the top story of the structure, or does not cause the removal of architectural significant roofing features.
	Façade or storefront alterations that do not remove, alter, or obscure character -defining features.
	Restoration based upon documented evidence of a building's historic condition, such as historic photographs, plans, physical evidence, or similar buildings.
Note:	Project Planner must check box below before proceeding.
	Project is not listed.
	Project involves scope of work listed above.

AD'	VANCED HISTORICAL REVIEW
Chec	k all that apply to the project.
	Reclassification of property status. (Attach HRER Part relevant analysis; requires Principal Preservation Planner approval) Reclassify to Category A Reclassify to Category C Lacks Historic Integrity Lacks Historic Significance
	Project involves a known historical resource (CEQA Category A)
	Project does not substantially impact character-defining features of a historic resource (see Comments)
	Project is compatible, yet differentiated, with a historic resource.
	Project consistent with the Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties
	Note: If ANY box above is checked, a Preservation Planner MUST sign below.
	Project can proceed with EXEMPTION REVIEW. The project has been reviewed by the Preservation Planner and can proceed with exemption review.
Additio	ents by Preservation Planner: n visible, but compatible with existing structure. Entry sequence change meets standards and no impacts to all remaining CDFs.
Preser	vation Planner Signature: Elizabeth Gordon Jonckheer
EXE	MPTION DETERMINATION
	No further environmental review is required. The project is exempt under CEQA. There are no unusual circumstances that would result in a reasonable possibility of a significant effect.

No further environmental review is required. The project is exempt under CEQA. There are no unusual circumstances that would result in a reasonable possibility of a significant effect.				
Project Approval Action:	Signature:			
Building Permit	Ashley Lindsay 12/14/2023			
If Discretionary Review before the Planning Commission is requested, the Discretionary Review hearing is the Approval Action for the				
Supporting documents are available for review on the San Francisco Property Information Map, which can be accessed at https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/ . Individual files can be viewed by clicking on the Planning Applications link, clicking the "More Details" link under the project's environmental record number (ENV) and then clicking on the "Related Documents" link. Once signed and dated, this document constitutes an exemption pursuant to CEQA Guidelines and Chapter 31 of the SF Admin Code. Per Chapter 31, an appeal of an exemption determination to the Board of Supervisors shall be filed within 30 days after the Approval Action occurs at a noticed public hearing, or within 30 days after posting on the Planning Department's website a written decision or written notice of the Approval Action, if the approval is not				

March 8, 2024

Re: 72 Harper Street, Block/Lot 6652/010, Case No. 2023-002706ENV Appeal of CEQA Determination

To Whom It May Concern:

We hereby authorize the attorneys of Patterson & O'Neill, PC to file an appeal on our behalf of the environmental determination for Building Permit Application No. 202303163798 for the property at 72 Harper Street.

Signed,	
Existura Ramamurthi	
By: Krishna Ramamurthi	
David Garofoli	
By: David Garafoli	
DocuSigned by:	140
By: Tusi Chowdhury	

PATTERSON & O'NEILL, PC

235 Montgomery Street, Suite 950 San Francisco, CA 94104 Telephone: (415) 907-9110 Facsimile: (415) 907-7704

www.pattersononeill.com

March 8, 2024

Office of the Clerk of the Board 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102

Re:

Appeal of CEQA Exemption Determination 72 Harper Street (Case No. 2023-002706ENV)

Dear Clerk,

Please find enclosed a check in the amount of \$729.00 for the appeal filing fee in the above-referenced matter.

Please be advised that the filing will be submitted electronically by emailing the appeal filing with supporting documents to bos.legislation@sfgov.org and that this payment is being sent prior to the filing.

Sincerely,

Devon J. Bolla

Paralegal

Encl.

Check in the amount of \$729.00 made payable to the San Francisco Planning Department.

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2024 MAR -8 PM 4: 59

BY W

Careful Attorney Services PO Box 420475	90-78/1211	10-	475
San Francisco CA 94142 415-865-5464		DATE 3/8/24	
FOF Sanfrancisco Plannin	g Department	\$ 72	1.00
Bank of the West 295 Bush St SF CA 94104	ine exacting -		DOLLARS
Case # 2023-002706ENV	STATE N ANGEL	Void after 90 Days	MB
117174	₂ 6/A1 Q3,	AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE	