1 11 <del>C</del> 110. 231033	File	No.	231033
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Committee Item	No.	2	
Board Item No.	4		

# **COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: Land Use and Transportation Date: Dec. 11, 2023					
Board of Supervisors Meeting: Date: Jan. 9, 2024					
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	Ordinance				
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	Budget and Legislative Analyst R	Report			
	Youth Commission Report				
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	Committee Report Request Memo – December 7, 2023				
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Prepared by:	John Carroll D	ate:	Dec	8, 2023	
		_		1, 2023	
Prepared by:		ate: _		,	

1	[Planning Code - Landmark Designation - Chata Gutierrez Murai]
2	
3	Ordinance amending the Planning Code to designate Chata Gutierrez Mural, located
4	at 3175-24th Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041, as a Landmark
5	consistent with the standards set forth in Article 10 of the Planning Code; affirming the
6	Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act;
7	and making public necessity, convenience, and welfare findings under Planning Code,
8	Section 302, and findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority
9	policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1.
10	NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.
11	Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> .  Deletions to Codes are in <u>strikethrough italics Times New Roman font</u> .
12	Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font.  Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.  Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code
13	subsections or parts of tables.
14	
15	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
16	
17	Section 1. CEQA and Land Use Findings.
18	(a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this
19	ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources
20	Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
21	Supervisors in File No. 231033 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board of
22	Supervisors affirms this determination.
23	(b) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, the Board of Supervisors finds that the
24	proposed landmark designation of "La Rumba No Para: The Chata Gutierrez Mural
25	(hereinafter Chata Gutierrez Mural), located at 3175 24th Street, Assessor's Parcel Block

- No. 6519, Lot No. 041, will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in Historic Preservation Commission Resolution No. 1347, recommending approval of the proposed designation, which is incorporated herein by reference.
  - (c) On September 20, 2023, the Historic Preservation Commission, in Resolution No. 1347, adopted findings that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the City's General Plan and with the eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. The Board adopts these findings as its own.

- Section 2. General Findings.
- (a) On March 21, 2023, the Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 142-23, initiating landmark designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural as a San Francisco Landmark pursuant to Section 1004.1 of the Planning Code. The Resolution was enacted on March 28, 2023 without the Mayor's signature. Said resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in Board File No. 230300.
- (b) Pursuant to Charter Section 4.135, the Historic Preservation Commission has authority "to recommend approval, disapproval, or modification of landmark designations and historic district designations under the Planning Code to the Board of Supervisors."
- (c) Planning Department Preservation staff prepared a Landmark Designation Fact Sheet for Chata Gutierrez Mural. All preparers meet the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards for historic preservation program staff, as set forth in Code of Federal Regulations Title 36, Part 61, Appendix A. The report was reviewed for accuracy and conformance with the purposes and standards of Article 10 of the Planning Code.
- (d) The Historic Preservation Commission, at its regular meeting of September 20, 2023, reviewed Planning Department staff's analysis of the historical significance of Chata

Gutierrez Mural set forth in the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet dated September 13, 2023.

- (e) On September 20, 2023, after holding a public hearing on the proposed designation, and having considered the specialized analyses prepared by Planning Department staff, and the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet, the Historic Preservation Commission recommended designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural as a landmark under Article 10 of the Planning Code by Resolution No. 1347. Said resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board in Board File No. 231033.
- (f) The Board of Supervisors hereby finds that Chata Gutierrez Mural has a special character and special historical, architectural, and aesthetic interest and value, and that its designation as a Landmark will further the purposes of and conform to the standards set forth in Article 10 of the Planning Code. In doing so, the Board hereby incorporates by reference the findings of the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet.

Section 3. Designation.

Pursuant to Section 1004.3 of the Planning Code, Chata Gutierrez Mural, located at 3175 24<sup>th</sup> Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 01765192, Lot No. 041, is hereby designated as a San Francisco Landmark under Article 10 of the Planning Code. Appendix A to Article 10 of the Planning Code is hereby amended to include this property.

Section 4. Required Data.

(a) The description, location, and boundary of the Landmark site consists of those portion(s) of the west (side) elevation of the building on City parcel at 3175 24<sup>th</sup> Street, in Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041, occupied by the Chata Gutierrez Mural, measuring 22-feet by 28-feet, painted on the west-facing exterior wall of a two-story-over-basement residential building, in San Francisco's Mission District.

1	(b) The characteristics of the Landmark that justify its designation are described and
2	shown in the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet and other supporting materials contained in
3	Planning Department Record Docket No. 2023-003506DES. The Chata Gutierrez Mural,
4	painted in 2015 by Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez and other artists, depicts the late Chata
5	Gutierrez, radio station KPOO's first Latina DJ and host of Bay Area's longest-running Latin
6	music program, surrounded by dancers and conga players. The Chata Gutierrez Mural, a
7	tribute to a cultural icon of the Latinx community, is a cultural asset that has a significant
8	association with the Mission District's Pan-Latino community, and celebrates the Latin Music
9	Movement, a significant and vibrant part of San Francisco's cultural heritage. In addition, the
10	Chata Gutierrez Mural is representative of the Community Art Movement, or Mission
11	Muralismo, a distinctive mode of expression within the Mission District, which is internationally
12	known for its rich collection of murals.
13	(c) The particular features that shall be preserved, or replaced in-kind as determined
14	necessary, are those shown in photographs and described in the Landmark Designation Fact
15	Sheet, which can be found in Planning Department Record Docket No. 2023-003506DES,
16	and which are incorporated in this designation by reference as though fully set forth.
17	Specifically, the following features are character-defining and shall be preserved or replaced
18	in kind:
19	(1) All those physical features of the exterior west (side) wall associated with
20	the structural support, construction, and visual depiction and expression of the Chata
21	Gutierrez Mural, including:
22	(A) The size, shape, form, and materials of the mural;
23	(B) Combination of paints, pigments, and other materials that form the

(C) Configuration of exterior wall where the mural is located.

mural; and

24

1	
2	Section 5. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after
3	enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the
4	ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board
5	of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.
6	
7 8	APPROVED AS TO FORM: DAVID CHIU, City Attorney
9 10	By: /s/ Peter R. Miljanich PETER R. MILJANICH Deputy City Attorney
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## **LEGISLATIVE DIGEST**

[Planning Code - Landmark Designation - Chata Gutierrez Mural]

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to designate Chata Gutierrez Mural, located at 3175-24th Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041, as a Landmark consistent with the standards set forth in Article 10 of the Planning Code; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making public necessity, convenience, and welfare findings under Planning Code, Section 302, and findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1.

## **Existing Law**

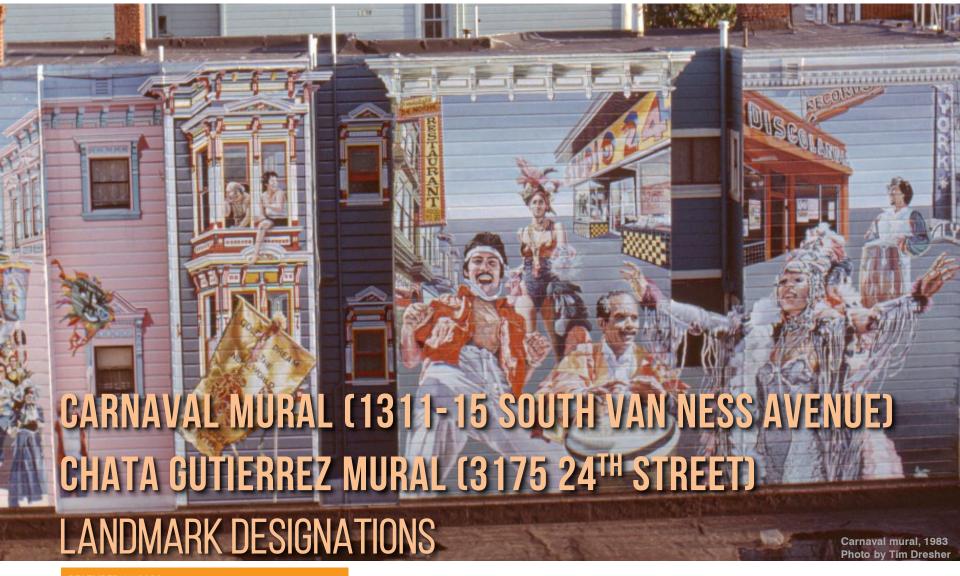
Under Article 10, Section 1004 of the Planning Code, the Board of Supervisors may, by ordinance, designate an individual structure that has special character or special historical, architectural or aesthetic interest or value as a City landmark. Unless prohibited by state law, once a structure has been named a landmark, any construction, alteration, removal or demolition for which a City permit is required necessitates a Certificate of Appropriateness from the Historic Preservation Commission. (Planning Code § 1006; Charter of the City and County of San Francisco, § 4.135.) Thus, landmark designation generally affords a high degree of protection to historic and architectural structures of merit in the City. There are currently more than 300 individual landmarks in the City under Article 10, in addition to structures and districts in the downtown area that are protected under Article 11. (See App. A to Article 10.)

### Amendments to Current Law

This ordinance amends the Planning Code to add a new historic landmark to the list of individual landmarks under Article 10: "La Rumba No Para": The Chata Gutierrez Mural (Chata Gutierrez Mural), located at 3175 24th Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041. The Chata Gutierrez Mural depicts the late Chata Gutierrez, radio station KPOO's first Latina DJ and host of Bay Area's longest-running Latin music program, surrounded by dancers and conga players. The Chata Gutierrez Mural, a tribute to a cultural icon of the Latinx community, is a cultural asset that has a significant association with the Mission District's Pan-Latino community, and celebrates the Latin Music Movement, a significant and vibrant part of San Francisco's cultural heritage. The Chata Gutierrez Mural is also representative of the Community Art Movement, or Mission Muralismo, a distinctive mode of expression within the Mission District, which is internationally known for its rich collection of murals. As required by Section 1004, the ordinance lists the particular features that shall be preserved, or replaced in-kind, as determined necessary.

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BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Page 1



DECEMBER 11, 2023 BOS - LAND USE & TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

M. Pilar LaValley, LEED AP Senior Preservation Planner pilar.lavalley@sfgov.org







Chata Gutierrez mural, 2015 3175 24th Street Board File No. 231033





The Carnaval mural as restored in 2014. (Lou Dematteis via MissionLocal)

Carnaval mural 1311-15 South Van Ness Avenue BOS File No. 231023









# LANDMARK RESOLUTION RECOMMENDATION RESOLUTION NO. 1347

**HEARING DATE: SEPTEMBER 20, 2023** 

**Record No.:** 2023-003506DES

**Project Address**: Chata Gutierrez Mural (3175 24<sup>th</sup> Street)

**Zoning**: 24<sup>th</sup>-Mission NCT (Neighborhood Commercial Transit)

Calle 24 Special Use District 55-X Height and Bulk District

**Cultural District**: Calle 24 Latino **Block/Lot**: 6519/041

Broingt Connects CE Diameira

**Project Sponsor:** SF Planning Department

49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400

San Francisco, CA 94103

**Property Owner:** Virgina Ramos Est of

2306 Center Avenue Martinez, CA 94553

**Staff Contact**: Pilar LaValley (628-652-7372)

pilar.lavalley@sfgov.org

RESOLUTION TO RECOMMEND TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS LANDMARK DESIGNATION OF CHATA GUTIERREZ MURAL (ON WEST (SIDE) ELEVATION OF 3175  $24^{TH}$  STREET), ASSESSOR'S PARCEL BLOCK NO. 6519, LOT NO. 041, AS LANDMARK NO. XXX CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES AND STANDARDS OF ARTICLE 10

- 1. WHEREAS, on March 14, 2023, Supervisor Ronen introduced a Resolution under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter "Board") File No. 230300 to initiate the Landmark designation process for Chata Gutierrez Mural (on west (side) elevation of 3175 24<sup>th</sup> Street), Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041; and
- 2. WHEREAS, on March 21, 2023, the Board voted unanimously to adopt the Resolution to initiate Landmark Designation, and on March 28, 2023, Resolution No. 142-23 became effective (Board File No. 230300) without the Mayor's signature; and
- 3. WHEREAS, on May 23, 2023, the Board of Supervisors voted unanimously to adopt Resolution No. 286-23 (Board File No. 230583) to extend the prescribed time within which the Historic Preservation Commission may render it's decision by 90 days, for a total of 180 days, or until October 10, 2023; and

- 4. WHEREAS, Department Staff, who meet the Secretary of Interior's Professional Qualification Standards, prepared the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet for Chata Gutierrez Mural, which was reviewed for accuracy and conformance with the purposes and standards of Article 10; and
- 5. WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission, at its regular meeting of September 20, 2023, reviewed Department staff's analysis of Chata Gutierrez Mural's artistic and cultural significance pursuant to Article 10 as part of the Landmark Designation Executive Summary, dated September 13, 2023, and recommended Landmark designation through this Resolution; and
- 6. WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission finds that the nomination of Chata Gutierrez Mural as a Landmark is in the form prescribed by the Historic Preservation Commission and contains supporting historic, architectural, and/or cultural documentation; and
- 7. WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission finds that the Chata Gutierrez Mural is eligible for local designation as it is a cultural asset that has a significant association with the Mission District's Pan-Latino community, celebrating a cultural icon of the Latinx community and the Latin Music Movement, significant and vibrant parts of San Francisco's cultural heritage; and
- 8. WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission finds that designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural is also appropriate as it has high artistic value and is representative of the Community Art Movement, or Mission Muralismo, a distinctive mode of expression within the Mission District, which is internationally known for its rich collection of murals; and
- 9. WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission finds that Chata Gutierrez Mural meets two of the Historic Preservation Commission's four priority areas for designation: Underrepresented property types (object) and Underrepresented racial, ethnic, and social groups (Latinx). Specifically, the Chata Gutierrez Mural is significant for its association with Latinx community and Mission District. Several properties associated with Latinx history and culture are among the City's landmarks but remain underrepresented among designated buildings and sites. Other Landmark's with Latinx associations includes Mission Cultural Center for Latino Arts (2868 Mission Street, Landmark No. 303), Casa Sanchez (2778 24th Street, Landmark No. 296), Our Lady of Guadalupe Church (906 Broadway, Landmark 204), and Mission Dolores (Misión San Francisco de Asis) (320 Dolores Street, Landmark No. 1); and
- 10. WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission finds that designation of Carnaval Mural advances the objectives outlined in Historic Preservation Commission (HPC) Resolution No. 1127, adopted in 2020, otherwise called *Centering Preservation Planning on Racial and Social Equity*, which states goals for how the Commission and the Planning Department can develop proactive strategies to address structural and institutional racism and center their work and resource allocation on racial and social equity, focused on preservation; and
- 11. WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission finds that the Chata Gutierrez Mural meets the eligibility requirements of Section 1004 of the Planning Code and warrants consideration for Article 10 landmark designation; and



- 12. WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission finds that the boundaries and the list of character-defining features, as identified in the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet, should be considered for preservation under the proposed landmark designation as they relate to the mural's artistic and cultural significance and retain historical integrity; and
- 13. WHEREAS, the proposed designation is consistent with the General Plan priority policies pursuant to Planning Code, Section 101.1 and furthers Priority Policy No. 7, which states that landmarks and historic buildings be preserved, and will serve the public necessity, convenience and welfare pursuant to Planning Code, Section 302; and
- 14. WHEREAS, the Department has determined that landmark designation is exempt from environmental review, pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15308 (Categorical Exemption Class Eight), as an action taken by a regulatory agency for the protection of the environment; and

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Historic Preservation Commission hereby recommends to the Board of Supervisors approval of landmark designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural (on west (side) elevation of 3175 24<sup>th</sup> Street), Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041 consistent with the purposes and standards of Article 10 of the Planning Code.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Historic Preservation Commission at its meeting on September 20, 2023.

Jonas P Ionin Digitally signed by Jonas P Ionin Date: 2023.09.26 09:18:19 -07'00'

Jonas P. Ionin

Commission Secretary

AYES: Vergara, Wright, Foley, Nageswaran, Matsuda

NOES: None

ADOPTED: September 20, 2023





October 6, 2023

Ms. Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors Honorable Supervisor Ronen **Board of Supervisors** City and County of San Francisco City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102 Via email only

Re: **Transmittal of Planning Department Case Number 2023-003506DES** Chata Gutierrez Mural (3175 24th Street) Landmark Designation

BOS File No. 230300

Dear Ms. Calvillo and Supervisor Ronen,

On March 21, 2023, the Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 142-23 initiating landmark designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural. On May 23, 2023, the Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 286-23 extending by 90 days the prescribed time within which the Historic Preservation Commission may respond to the landmark designation initiation.

On September 20, 2023, the San Francisco Historic Preservation Commission (hereinafter "HPC") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider a draft ordinance to landmark the Chata Gutierrez Mural (on west exterior wall of 3175 24th Street), Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041. At the hearing, the HPC voted to <u>approve</u> a resolution to recommend landmark designation pursuant to Article 10 of the Planning Code.

The proposed landmark designation is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") as a Class 8 Categorical Exemption.

Please find attached documents related to the HPC's action. Also attached is an electronic copy of the proposed ordinance and Legislative Digest, drafted by Deputy City Attorney Peter Miljanich. If you have any questions or require further information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Aaron D. Starr

Manager of Legislative Affairs

Cc: Peter Miljanich, City Attorney's Office

Ana Herrera, Legislative Aide

Alisa Somera, Office of the Clerk of the Board John Carroll, Office of the Clerk of the Board

Rich Sucre, Planning Department, Deputy Director of Current Planning

Pilar LaValley, Planning Department

board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org

bos.legislation@sfgov.org.

### Attachments:

Draft Article 10 Landmark Designation Ordinance – Chata Gutierrez Mural (PDF)
Planning Department Recommendation Executive Summary, dated September 13, 2023
Article 10 Landmark Designation Fact Sheet – Chata Gutierrez Mural
CEQA Determination

### Included with this electronic transmittal:

Historic Preservation Commission Resolution No. 1347 (PDF)
Draft Article 10 Landmark Designation Ordinance – Chata Gutierrez Mural (Word)
Legislative Digest for Chata Gutierrez Mural (Word)



1	[Planning Code - Landmark Designation - Chata Gutierrez Mural]
2	
3	Ordinance amending the Planning Code to designate Chata Gutierrez Mural, located at
4	3175 24 <sup>th</sup> Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041, as a Landmark
5	consistent with the standards set forth in Article 10 of the Planning Code; affirming the
6	Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act;
7	and making public necessity, convenience, and welfare findings under Planning Code,
8	Section 302, and findings of consistency with the General Plan and the eight priority
9	policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1.
10	NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.
11	Additions to Codes are in single-underline italics Times New Roman font.  Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italics Times New Roman font.  Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font.
12	Board amendment additions are in <u>additioned Arial font.</u> Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.  Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code
13	subsections or parts of tables.
14	
15	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
16	
17	Section 1. CEQA and Land Use Findings.
18	(a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this
19	ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources
20	Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
21	Supervisors in File No and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board of
22	Supervisors affirms this determination.
23	(b) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, the Board of Supervisors finds that the
24	proposed landmark designation of "La Rumba No Para: The Chata Gutierrez Mural
25	(hereinafter Chata Gutierrez Mural), located at 3175 24th Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No.

1	6519, Lot No. 041, will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons
2	set forth in Historic Preservation Commission Resolution No, recommending
3	approval of the proposed designation, which is incorporated herein by reference.
4	(c) On September 20, 2023, the Historic Preservation Commission, in Resolution No.
5	, adopted findings that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are
6	consistent, on balance, with the City's General Plan and with the eight priority policies of
7	Planning Code Section 101.1. The Board adopts these findings as its own.
8	
9	Section 2. General Findings.
10	(a) On March 21, 2023, the Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 142-23,
11	initiating landmark designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural as a San Francisco Landmark
12	pursuant to Section 1004.1 of the Planning Code. The Resolution was enacted on March 28,
13	2023 without the Mayor's signature. Said resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
14	Supervisors in Board File No. 230300.
15	(b) Pursuant to Charter Section 4.135, the Historic Preservation Commission has
16	authority "to recommend approval, disapproval, or modification of landmark designations and
17	historic district designations under the Planning Code to the Board of Supervisors."
18	(c) Planning Department Preservation staff prepared a Landmark Designation Fact
19	Sheet for Chata Gutierrez Mural. All preparers meet the Secretary of the Interior's
20	Professional Qualification Standards for historic preservation program staff, as set forth in
21	Code of Federal Regulations Title 36, Part 61, Appendix A. The report was reviewed for
22	accuracy and conformance with the purposes and standards of Article 10 of the Planning
23	Code.
24	(d) The Historic Preservation Commission, at its regular meeting of September 20,
25	2023, reviewed Planning Department staff's analysis of the historical significance of Chata

1 Gutierrez Mural set forth in the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet dated September 13, 2023. 2 (e) On September 20, 2023, after holding a public hearing on the proposed 3 designation, and having considered the specialized analyses prepared by Planning Department staff, and the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet, the Historic Preservation 4 5 Commission recommended designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural as a landmark under Article 10 of the Planning Code by Resolution No. \_\_\_\_\_. Said resolution is on file with the Clerk 6 7 of the Board in Board File No. \_\_\_\_\_. 8 (f) The Board of Supervisors hereby finds that Chata Gutierrez Mural has a special 9 character and special historical, architectural, and aesthetic interest and value, and that its designation as a Landmark will further the purposes of and conform to the standards set forth 10 in Article 10 of the Planning Code. In doing so, the Board hereby incorporates by reference 11 12 the findings of the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet. 13 14 Section 3. Designation. Pursuant to Section 1004.3 of the Planning Code, Chata Gutierrez Mural, located at 15 3175 24th Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 01765192, Lot No. 041, is hereby designated 16 17 as a San Francisco Landmark under Article 10 of the Planning Code. Appendix A to Article 10 18 of the Planning Code is hereby amended to include this property. 19 20 Section 4. Required Data. (a) The description, location, and boundary of the Landmark site consists of those 21 portion(s) of the west (side) elevation of the building on City parcel at 3175 24th Street, in 22 23 Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041, occupied by the Chata Gutierrez Mural,

measuring 22-feet by 28-feet, painted on the west-facing exterior wall of a two-story-over-

basement residential building, in San Francisco's Mission District.

24

1	(b) The characteristics of the Landmark that justify its designation are described and
2	shown in the Landmark Designation Fact Sheet and other supporting materials contained in
3	Planning Department Record Docket No. 2023-003506DES. The Chata Gutierrez Mural,
4	painted in 2015 by Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez and other artists, depicts the late Chata
5	Gutierrez, radio station KPOO's first Latina DJ and host of Bay Area's longest-running Latin
6	music program, surrounded by dancers and conga players. The Chata Gutierrez Mural, a
7	tribute to a cultural icon of the Latinx community, is a cultural asset that has a significant
8	association with the Mission District's Pan-Latino community, and celebrates the Latin Music
9	Movement, a significant and vibrant part of San Francisco's cultural heritage. In addition, the
10	Chata Gutierrez Mural is representative of the Community Art Movement, or Mission
11	Muralismo, a distinctive mode of expression within the Mission District, which is internationally
12	known for its rich collection of murals.
13	(c) The particular features that shall be preserved, or replaced in-kind as determined
14	necessary, are those shown in photographs and described in the Landmark Designation Fact
15	Sheet, which can be found in Planning Department Record Docket No. 2023-003506DES,
16	and which are incorporated in this designation by reference as though fully set forth.
17	Specifically, the following features are character-defining and shall be preserved or replaced
18	in kind:
19	(1) All those physical features of the exterior west (side) wall associated with
20	the structural support, construction, and visual depiction and expression of the Chata
21	Gutierrez Mural, including:
22	(A) The size, shape, form, and materials of the mural;
23	(B) Combination of paints, pigments, and other materials that form the
24	mural; and

(C) Configuration of exterior wall where the mural is located.

1	
2	Section 5. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after
3	enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the
4	ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board
5	of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.
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7 8	APPROVED AS TO FORM: DAVID CHIU, City Attorney
9 10	By: /s/ Peter R. Miljanich PETER R. MILJANICH Deputy City Attorney
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49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400 San Francisco, CA 94103 628.652.7600 www.sfplanning.org

# LANDMARK DESIGNATION RECOMMENDATION EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

**HEARING DATE: SEPTEMBER 20, 2023** 

**Record No.:** 2023-003506DES

**Project Address**: Chata Gutierrez Mural (3175 24<sup>th</sup> Street)

**Zoning**: 24<sup>th</sup>-Mission NCT (Neighborhood Commercial Transit)

55-X Height and Bulk District

Calle 24 Special Use District

**Cultural District**: Calle 24 Latino **Block/Lot**: 6519/041

**Project Sponsor:** SF Planning Department

49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400

San Francisco, CA 94103

**Property Owner:** Virgina Ramos Est of

2306 Center Avenue Martinez, CA 94553

**Staff Contact**: Pilar LaValley (628-652-7372)

pilar.lavalley@sfgov.org

**Environmental** 

**Review:** Categorical Exemption

**Recommendation:** Recommend Landmark Designation to Board of Supervisors

# **Property Description**

The Chata Gutierrez mural, also known as "La Rumba No Para: The Chata Gutierrez Mural," was painted in 2015 by lead artist, Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez. Gonzalez painted the mural in collaboration with Precita Eyes "Walls of Respect" Youth Mural Project artists Max Marttila, Fred Alvarado, youth artists Juliette Flores, Jesus Rodriguez, Jordan Marlow, Nick Winstead, Precita volunteer artists and others. The 28-foot by 22-foot mural is located on the west (side) elevation of a two-story-over-basement residential building.

Chata Gutierrez is the central figure in the mural. The design of the mural uses Aztec and Pre-Columbian motifs as background imagery to reflect Gutierrez's Chicana/Mexican American heritage. The mural depicts Gutierrez's love for Salsa, Afro-Cuban and Caribbean music by incorporating Puerto Rican Plena and Cuban Rumba dancer dancing to the music of the Rumbero conga players based on documented traditions and history of the conga players in the 60's and 70's in the Mission District's Dolores Park. The conga players included in the mural were (from left to right) John Santos, a music historian and a Latin Jazz recording artist, Oscar Soltero a musician that played in the salsa group Avance, Raul Rekow & Karl Perazzo both musicians with Carlos Santana and Annette Aguilar & Richard "Bandido" Segovia, musicians with Latin Rock band named "Bandido." The mural was painted on the wall of a building owned by Virginia Ramos, aka the "Tamale Lady," in the Mission District.

This mural is dedicated to Micaela "Chata" Gutierrez as a tribute to her 40 years working as an advocate for Latin Music on public radio, an advocacy that exposed generations of listeners to this music. Gutierrez was the first Latina Disc Jockey for KPOO 85.5 FM, hosting the program "Con Clave" for over 40 years. Con Clave showcased Gutierrez's knowledge of Latin ethnomusicology and culture. She gave a voice to the Mission District's Latinos by using her media platform to talk about police brutality, poverty, unemployment, and education at a time when Latinos were fighting to gain a political voice. Her work as an advocate for Latin music is why "Today's Latin music is part of public radio." She interviewed many recording artists such as Tito Puente, Mongo Santamaria, and Eddie Palmieri. Con Clave featured both interviews and performances of local Latin musicians.

# **Project Description**

The item before the Historic Preservation Commission is consideration of a Resolution to Recommend Article 10 landmark designation of Carnaval Mural to the Board of Supervisors under Article 10 of the Planning Code, Section 1004.2. The pending Landmark designation was initiated by the Board of Supervisors.

On March 14, 2023, Supervisor Ronen introduced a proposed Resolution under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter "Board") File No. 230300 to initiate the Landmark designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural. On March 21, 2023, the Board voted unanimously to approve the Resolution, and on March 28, 2023, without the Mayor's signature, Resolution No. 142-23 initiating landmark designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural became effective.

On May 23, 2023, the Board of Supervisors voted unanimously to adopt Resolution No. 286-23 (Board File No. 230583) to extend the prescribed time within which the Historic Preservation Commission may render it's decision by 90 days, for a total of 180 days, or until October 10, 2023.

# **Compliance With Planning Code**

The proposed project is in compliance with all other provisions of the Planning Code.

### Article 10 of the Planning Code.

The executive summary and analysis under review was prepared by Department preservation staff, who meet the Secretary of the Interior's professional qualifications. The Department has determined that the subject property meets the requirements for eligibility as an individual landmark pursuant to Article 10 of the Planning Code. The



justification for its inclusion is explained in detail in the attached Landmark Designation Fact Sheet, and briefly in this Executive Summary.

Significance: The Chata Gutierrez Mural, painted in 2015 by Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez and other artists, depicts the late Chata Gutierrez, radio station KPOO's first Latina DJ and host of Bay Area's longest-running Latin music program, surrounded by dancers and conga players. The Chata Gutierrez Mural, a tribute to a cultural icon of the Latinx community, is a cultural asset that has a significant association with the Mission District's Pan-Latino community, and celebrates the Latin Music Movement, a significant and vibrant part of San Francisco's cultural heritage. In addition, the Chata Gutierrez Mural is representative of the Community Art Movement, or Mission Muralismo, a distinctive mode of expression within the Mission District, which is internationally known for its rich collection of murals.

Underrepresented Landmark Types: The proposed landmark designation meets two of the Historic Preservation Commission's four priority areas for designation: Underrepresented racial, ethnic, and social groups (Latinx) and Underrepresented property types (object). Specifically, the Chata Gutierrez Mural is significant for its association with Latinx community and Mission District. Several properties associated with Latinx history and culture are among the City's landmarks but remain underrepresented among designated buildings and sites. Other Landmark's with Latinx associations includes Mission Cultural Center for Latino Arts (2868 Mission Street, Landmark No. 303), Casa Sanchez (2778 24th Street, Landmark No. 296), Our Lady of Guadalupe Church (906 Broadway, Landmark 204), and Mission Dolores (Misión San Francisco de Asis) (320 Dolores Street, Landmark No. 1).

**Integrity:** Chata Gutierrez Mural retains integrity.

**Draft Character-Defining Features:** Proposed character-defining features of Chata Gutierrez Mural are:

- (1) All those physical features, of the exterior north (side) wall associated with the structural support, construction, and visual depiction and expression of the Chata Gutierrez Mural, including:
  - (A) The size, shape, form, and materials of the mural;
  - (B) Combination of paints, pigments, and other materials that form the mural; and
  - (C) Configuration of exterior wall and lightwells where the mural is located.

**Boundaries of the Landmark:** The proposed Landmark consists of those portion(s) of the west (side) elevation of the building at 3175 24<sup>th</sup> Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041, occupied by the Chata Gutierrez Mural, measuring 28-feet by 22-feet.

# **Racial and Social Equity Analysis**

On July 15, 2020, the San Francisco Historic Preservation Commission adopted Resolution No. 1127 centering Preservation Planning on racial and social equity. Understanding the benefits, burdens, and opportunities to advance racial and social equity that proposed Preservation Planning documents provide is part of the Department's Racial and Social Equity Initiative. This is also consistent with the Mayor's Citywide Strategic Initiatives for equity and accountability and with the Office of Racial Equity, which required all Departments to conduct this analysis.



The proposed landmark designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural makes no substantive policy changes to the Planning Code or the Planning Department's procedures. The proposed landmark designation advances racial and social equity by expanding the representation of Latino history in the city's landmark program.

Staff does not foresee any direct or unintended negative consequences from the proposed landmark designation.

# **Public / Neighborhood Input**

Chata Gutierrez Mural has been documented as a cultural heritage asset of the Calle 24 Latino Cultural District. Representatives of the San Francisco Latino Historic Society prepared this documentation, and the organization supports landmark designation.

To date, staff have received no public comments about the designation.

### **Issues & Other Considerations**

- Property owner input:
  - o On August 31, 2023, the Department sent mailed notice to the property owner(s) regarding the landmark designation recommendation hearing scheduled for September 20, 2023.
- Calle 24 Latino Cultural District: The mural is on a property located within the Calle 24 Latino Cultural District, established to preserve, enhance and advocate for Latino cultural continuity, vitality, and community in San Francisco's touchstone Latino Cultural District and the greater Mission neighborhood. The Calle 24 Latino Cultural District encompasses the area between 22nd Street, Potrero Avenue, Cesar Chavez Street, and Mission Street. The district boasts the largest collection of murals in the city and hosts a multitude of events that enliven the neighborhood with history, spirituality, and community throughout the year.
- Calle 24 Special Use District (SUD): The Calle 24 Special Use District is intended to preserve the prevailing neighborhood character of the Calle 24 Latino Cultural District while accommodating new uses and recognizing the contributions of the Latino community to the neighborhood and San Francisco. The Calle 24 SUD is specifically established to, amongst other goals: Preserve and enhance the unique character of the Calle 24 Special Use District and recognize Latino cultural heritage through contextual architectural design, storefront size, signage, streetscape enhancements, artwork, and other elements of the built environment. The proposed landmark designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural would be consistent with the Special Use District.



### **Environmental Review Status**

The Planning Department has determined that actions by regulatory agencies for protection of the environment (specifically in this case, landmark designation) are exempt from environmental review, pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15308 (Class Eight-Categorical).

### **Basis for Recommendation**

The Department **recommends** that the Historic Preservation Commission initiate the landmark designation of Chata Gutierrez Mural as it meets the provisions of Article 10 of the Planning Code regarding Landmark Designation. The Chata Gutierrez Mural, a tribute to a cultural icon of the Latinx community, is a cultural asset that has a significant association with the Mission District's Pan-Latino community, and celebrates the Latin Music Movement, a significant and vibrant part of San Francisco's cultural heritage. In addition, the Chata Gutierrez Mural is representative of the Community Art Movement, or Mission Muralismo, a distinctive mode of expression within the Mission District, which is internationally known for its rich collection of murals.

### **Attachments**

Draft Resolution – Recommending Landmark Designation

Exhibit A – Draft Landmark Designation Ordinance – Chata Gutierrez Mural

Exhibit B – Landmark Designation Fact Sheet for Chata Gutierrez Mural

Exhibit C – Chata Gutierrez Mural History, Social Heritage Form, prepared by San Francisco Latino Historical Society

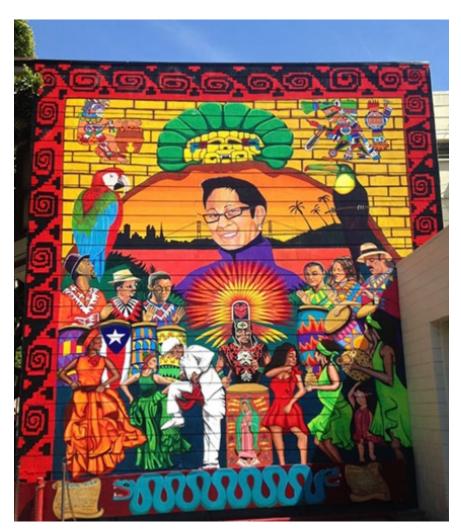
Exhibit D – Maps and Context Images

Exhibit E – Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 142-23





# **ARTICLE 10 LANDMARK DESIGNATION FACT SHEET**



La Rumba No Para: The Chata Gutierrez Mural <u>General 2 — Carlos Kookie Gonzalez (cgonzalezmurals.com)</u>

Historic Name:	Chata Gutierrez mural; La Rumba No Para: The Chata Gutierrez Mural
Address:	3175 24 <sup>th</sup> Street (west elevation)
Block/ Lot(s):	6519/041

Parcel Area:	2,121 square feet
Zoning:	24 <sup>th</sup> -Mission NCT (Neighborhood Commercial Transit) Calle 24 SUD (Special Use District) 55-X
Year Painted:	2015
Artist:	Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez (lead artist) in collaboration with Precita Eyes "Walls of Respect" Youth Mural Project artists Max Marttila, Fred Alvarado, youth artistis Juliette Flores, Jesus Rodriguez, Jordan Marlow, Nick Winstead, Precita Eyes volunteer artists and others
Prior Historic Studies/Other Designations:	South Mission Historic Resource Survey: DPR Form A, 3175-81 24 <sup>th</sup> Street, prepared by Galvin Preservation Associates, 3/27/2008. Property identified in adopted survey as ineligible for California Register. Mural had not yet been painted at time of this survey.
Prior HPC Actions:	None

Significance Criteria:	Events: Associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.  Architecture/Design: Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction, and/or represents the work of a master.
Period of Significance:	The period of significance for <i>Chata Gutierrez mural</i> is 2015 when the mural was painted.
Statement of Significance:	The Chata Gutierrez Mural, painted in 2015 by Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez and other artists, depicts the late Chata Gutierrez, radio station KPOO's first Latina DJ and host of Bay Area's longest-running Latin music program, surrounded by dancers and conga players. The Chata Gutierrez Mural, a tribute to a cultural icon of the Latinx community, is a cultural asset that has a significant association with the Mission District's Pan-Latino community, and celebrates the Latin Music Movement, a significant and vibrant part of San Francisco's cultural heritage. In addition, the Chata Gutierrez Mural is representative of the Community Art Movement, or Mission Muralismo, a distinctive mode of expression within the Mission District, which is internationally known for its rich collection of murals.
Assessment of Integrity:	The seven aspects of integrity as defined by the National Park Service (NPS) and the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) are location, design, materials, workmanship, setting, feeling, and association.   The Chata Gutierrez Mural, painted in 2015 by Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez and Precita Eyes Youth Mural Project artists, retains a high degree of integrity to convey its artistic and cultural significance. The mural retains integrity of location, design, association, workmanship, setting, feeling, and materials.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation," National Register Bulletin, U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, 1995, 44.



Character-Defining Features:	Specifically, the following features are character-defining and shall be preserved or replaced in kind:
	(1) All those physical features, of the exterior west (side) wall associated
	with the structural support, construction, and visual depiction and
	expression of the Chata Gutierrez Mural, including:
	(A) The size, shape, form, and materials of the mural;
	(B) Combination of paints, pigments, and other materials that
	form the mural; and
	(C) Configuration of exterior wall where the mural is located.

# **Summary Statement of Significance**

The Chata Gutierrez Mural, painted in 2015 by Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez and other artists, depicts the late Chata Gutierrez, radio station KPOO's first Latina DJ and host of Bay Area's longest-running Latin music program, surrounded by dancers and conga players. The Chata Gutierrez Mural, a tribute to a cultural icon of the Latinx community, is a cultural asset that has a significant association with the Mission District's Pan-Latino community, and celebrates the Latin Music Movement, a significant and vibrant part of San Francisco's cultural heritage. In addition, the Chata Gutierrez Mural is representative of the Community Art Movement, or Mission Muralismo, a distinctive mode of expression within the Mission District, which is internationally known for its rich collection of murals.

# **Property Description and History**

The Chata Gutierrez Mural, also known as La Rumba No Para: The Chata Gutierrez Mural, is a mural painted in 2015 by lead artist Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez with assistance from Precita Eyes "Walls of Respect" Youth Mural Project artists Max Marttila, Fred Alvarado, youth artists Juliette Flores, Jesus Rodriguez, Jordan Marlow, Nick Winstead, Precita Eyes volunteers and others. The mural, roughly 22-feet wide by 28-feet tall, occupies part of the west (side) elevation of a one-story-over-basement residential flats building at 3175 24<sup>th</sup> Street. The building, constructed circa 1904, is located in the Mission District.

3175 24<sup>th</sup> Street is a two-story over raised ground floor, wood frame, multi-family residential flats building.<sup>2</sup> The rectangular-plan building is clad in scored stucco on the primary façade and has channel dropped wood siding on the secondary facade. It is capped by a flat roof. The primary façade fronts 24th Street and has 3 bays, two angled and a central rectangular bay. The primary entry is framed by four Ionic pilasters with an entablature, with paneling inside the entry recess. Typical fenestration consists of double-hung wood-sash windows set in bays and sliding aluminum-sash windows with molded surrounds. Entrances include fully-glazed wood doors with molded door surrounds and glazed transoms, as well as a hinged wood garage door. Architectural features include extended block modillions at the cornice at the roofline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Building description from Department of Parks and Recreation (DPR) Form A: Primary Record for 3175-81 24<sup>th</sup> Street, prepared by Galvin Preservation Associates as part of the Eastern Neighborhoods Mission Survey, 3/27/2008. The survey form does not include a description of the Chata Gutierrez mural.



The following description of *The Chata Gutierrez Mural* is from the Social Heritage Inventory Record for The Chata Gutierrez Mural, prepared by Anne Cervantes and Alan Martinez (February 21, 2023), which is attached for reference:<sup>3</sup>

This mural is dedicated to Micaela "Chata" Gutierrez as a tribute to her 40 years working as an advocate for Latin Music on public radio, an advocacy that exposed generations of listeners to this music.

Chata Gutierrez is the central figure in the mural. The lead artist, Carlos Gonzalez, used Aztec and Pre-Columbian motifs as background imagery to reflect Chata's Chicana/Mexican American heritage. He captured her love for Salsa, Afro-Cuban and Caribbean music by incorporating Puerto Rican Plena and Cuban Rumba dancers dancing to the music of the Rumbero conga players.

In the mural, Gonzalez documented the traditions and history of the conga players in the 60's and 70's in the Mission District's Dolores Park. These conga players went on and established their music careers. The conga players included in the mural were (from left to right) John Santos, a music historian and a Latin Jazz recording artist, Oscar Soltero, a musician that played in the salsa group Avance, Raul Rekow & Karl Perazzo, both musicians with Carlos Santana, and Annette Aguilar & Richard "Bandido" Segovia, musicians with Latin Rock band "Bandido."

The mural was painted on the wall of a building owned by Virginia Ramos, aka the "Tamale Lady," in the Mission District. Her condition for using her building wall for the mural was to include her logo, the Virgin surrounded by tamales.

Completed in 2015, the mural honoring Chata Gutierrez, who was an "inspiration of strength and cultural pride for Latinos and Latinas," "aims to showcase Gutierrez's cultivation of heritage" in the Mission. 4 Community fundraisers and California Art Council provided funding for the installation. Design of the mural was based on a poster created by Kookie Gonzalez and used in a 2009 fundraising campaign to support the ill Gutierrez, who passed away in 2013 following a 12-year battle with liver cancer. 5

Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez grew up in the Mission District and describes himself as a "kid from the street and mostly self-taught" as an artist. Gonzalez studied at SF State, obtaining a degree in Ethnic Studies. While attending SF State in the 1980s, he was a member of La Raza students, and he protested along with this organization for multiple causes, including solidarity in El Salvador and fighting for migrant farm workers. Following graduation, Gonzalez began a career as a probation officer, retiring from a 25-year law enforcement career in 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez Solo Exhibition at SIY Gallery website at Straight Da La Misión – Siy Gallery



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Social Heritage Inventory Record for The Chata Gutierrez Mural, prepared by Anne Cervantes and Alan Martinez (February 21, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> "Mission Hero Chata Gutierrez to be Remembered: Fundraising for Mural Underway," *SF Weekly*, March 4, 2014. https://www.sfweekly.com/archives/mission-hero-chata-gutierrez-to-be-remembered-fundraising-for-mural-underway/article a93b3ff7-b356-5556-86bd-4146feb726a3.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> "Mission Hero Chata Gutierrez to be Remembered: Fundraising for Mural Underway," *SF Weekly*, March 4, 2014. https://www.sfweekly.com/archives/mission-hero-chata-gutierrez-to-be-remembered-fundraising-for-mural-underway/article\_a93b3ff7-b356-5556-86bd-4146feb726a3.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Carlos Kookie Gonzalez website at <u>Carlos Kookie Gonzalez (cgonzalezmurals.com)</u>

In his youth, Gonzalez was sentenced to community service, which he fulfilled by working with muralists, quickly falling in love with the craft. While at SF State, Gonzalez continued his training as a muralist by apprenticing with renown veteran muralists such as Chuy Campusano, Ray Patlán, and Michael Ríos. While working in law enforcement, Gonzalez also worked on private art commissions and corporate and community murals.

Gonzalez's murals in the Mission District include: *Inspire to Aspire* (1986) at 22<sup>nd</sup> and South Van Ness (not extant); *El Flechador* (1990) at 24<sup>th</sup> and Alabama; *Y Tu, Y Yo, Y Cesar* (1995) at 24<sup>th</sup> and York (not extant); *Education is Liberation* (2015) at SF Juvenile Probation Department; Mission Cultural Center Mural Restoration (2017) at 2868 Mission Street; *Boneyard Luv* (2021) at Lucky Alley. Gonzalez continues to work on private commissions and community murals in the Mission.

# Events: Associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.

La Rumba No Para: The Chata Gutierrez Mural, painted in 2015 by lead artist Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez, is The Chata Gutierrez Mural, painted in 2015 by Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez and other artists, depicts the late Chata Gutierrez, radio station KPOO's first Latina DJ and host of Bay Area's longest-running Latin music program, surrounded by dancers and conga players. The Chata Gutierrez Mural, a tribute to a cultural icon of the Latinx community, is a cultural asset that has a significant association with the Mission District's Pan-Latino community, and celebrates the Latin Music Movement, a significant and vibrant part of San Francisco's cultural heritage. The mural is evocative of the history and the rich culture of the Mission District with imagery that demonstrates strong associations with San Francisco's Latino arts community, especially Latin music and culture.

The Social Heritage Form for the Chata Gutierriz mural, prepared by Anne Cervantes and Alan Martinez, notes that the mural is dedicated to Micaela "Chata" Gutierrez as a tribute to her 40 years working as an advocate for Latin Music on public radio, an advocacy that exposed generations of listeners to this music.

Gutierrez was the first Latina Disc Jockey for KPOO 85.5 FM, hosting the program "Con Clave" for over 40 years. Con Clave showcased Gutierrez's knowledge of Latin ethnomusicology and culture. She gave a voice to the Mission District's Latinos by using her media platform to talk about police brutality, poverty, unemployment, and education at a time when Latinos were fighting to gain a political voice. Her work as an advocate for Latin music is why "Today's Latin music is part of public radio." She interviewed many recording artists such as Tito Puente, Mongo Santamaria, and Eddie Palmieri. Con Clave featured both interviews and performances of local Latin musicians.

Micaela "Chata" Gutierrez (1953-2013), a San Francisco native, was a "...salsa DJ legend and Mission District icon who fought for recognition — and pure enjoyment — of Latin music via the KPOO and KPFA airwaves." Over 40 years, Gutierrez's radio programs "racked up loyal fans and accolades, including the local Tom Donahue Radio

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Courtney Quirin, "Mission Latin Radio Legend Chata Gutierrez, 1953-2013," Mission Local (December 17, 2013) at <a href="https://missionlocal.org/2013/12/latin-radio-legend-chata-gutierrez-1953-2013/">https://missionlocal.org/2013/12/latin-radio-legend-chata-gutierrez-1953-2013/</a>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez Solo Exhibition at SIY Gallery website at <u>Straight Da La Misión – Siy Gallery</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Carlos "Kookie" Gonzalez Solo Exhibition at SIY Gallery website at <u>Carlos Kookie Gonzalez (cgonzalezmurals.com)</u>

Award in 1977 and was voted "Best Salsa Radio Show" in 2000 by *SF Weekly*." In addition to the unpaid radio work, Gutierrez also worked as an ornamental plasterer to subsidize her work on public radio. Among other projects, she worked on the renovation of San Francisco City Hall after the 1989 earthquake.

The Chata Gutierrez mural honors Gutierrez, a "...fierce revolutionary [and] pioneer of Latin music in the 70s as the Latino community struggled to carve out an identity in San Francisco," and celebrates the history San Francisco Latin Music Movement (1960-1999) by depicting San Francisco musicians of various nationalities, representing Latinidad- the Pan-Latino political and cultural movement.

It was during this time period that cultural, music & art institutions and parades were established in the Mission District and the 24th Street corridor. As part of this cultural movement, Discolandia, a record store and the Latino ticket master were champions of Latin Music and they held events for musicians to promote their records.

The Chata Mural commemorates and celebrates the history of the Latin Music of the Mission District while being located IN the Mission District. The Mission District was the cradle for the birth of Latin Rock with Santana and others.<sup>13</sup>

*Nuestra Historia: San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement (Draft: April 2023)* describes the Latin Music Movement context that is celebrated in the Chata Gutierrez Mural:

The politicization of the Latino community in San Francisco during the late 1960s coincided with new wave of musicians who fused a variety of influences into what was termed "Latin Rock." Most famed among the performers was Carlos Santana, who was born in Mexico and spent his teenage years in the Mission District. At that time, the neighborhood was home to an emergent drumming scene inspired by Latin percussionists such as Armando Peraza and Mongo Santamaria. Many drumming sessions took place at Dolores Park, which influenced students at Mission High, including Santana and his contemporaries in a band called The Malibus (later renamed Malo). One of Santana's biggest hits, "Oye Como Va" (1970) was in fact an adaptation of a song by Tito Puente.

Latin rock music proved hugely popular among patrons of both rock and Latin clubs in the city, attracting a diverse fan base and transcending a number of musical genres. Following in the footsteps of commercial success by Santana and Malo, other groups formed in the 1970s including Sapo and Azteca. The latter was formed by brothers Coke and Pete Escovedo, and Escovedo's daughter, Sheila, later became the internationally famous artists, Sheila E. (See Part III-F: Music & the Performing Arts.)<sup>14</sup>

The Latino Historic Context Statement also describes the context of the Latin Music Movement, which Chata Gutierrez promoted and supported in her radio programs:

During the 1960s, a range of musicians and musical influences—as well as the availability of psychedelic drugs—led to the creation of a new genre of music popularly called the "San Francisco Sound." It

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Jonathan Lammers with Carlos Cordova, Nuestra Historia: San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement (Draft: April 2023), 147-148.



<sup>11</sup> Ibid.

<sup>12</sup> Ibid

<sup>13</sup> Anne Cervantes and Alan Martinez, The Chata Gutierrez Mural, Social Heritage Form, prepared for Calle 24 Latino Cultural District (2/21/2023).

included White performers such as the Grateful Dead, Big Brother and the Holding Company, and the Jefferson Airplane. But an important subset of the genre was "Latin rock," sometimes called "Mission-style Latin rock" or Latin soul music."

This new brand of rock 'n' roll combined elements of jazz, psychedelic rock, Motown R&B, Latin jazz, Afro-Cuban percussion, blues guitar, and the "Nueva Ola" sounds of the Latin American rock 'n' roll scene. Dramatically influenced by the city's hippie and psychedelic rock cultures of the 1960s, it was also shaped by social movements of the era like Black Power, the anti-war movement, the Student movement, and a rising Chicano/Raza consciousness.

The origins of Latin rock in San Francisco are most closely associated with the Mission District, which by the 1960s had overtaken North Beach as the city's primary Latino neighborhood. The Mission contained a diverse Latino population that included Chicanos/Mexicans, Central Americans, Puerto Ricans, Cubans, Peruvians, and other Latino working class and immigrant populations. Budding Latin rock musicians were inspired by the music of their parents and the sounds around them, including "traditional Mexican rancheras, Central American cumbias, Puerto Rican mambos and Argentine boleros co-mingling with good old rock and roll."

The trailblazing bands of the new sound, The Aliens, The Malibus (later renamed Malo), and the Santana Blues Band, all had connections to Mission High School students in the 1960s. Other Latin rock bands to come out of San Francisco included Azteca, Sapo, and Soul Sacrifice (later Dakila).

Instrumental in promoting the new San Francisco Sound were local youth, radio stations, and dance clubs. Record stores like Música Latina in the Mission and Music 5 on Market Street carried local releases, while area radio stations like KALX in Berkeley and KPOO in San Francisco were among the first to broadcast the new sound over the airwaves, expanding the genre's audience beyond the Mission District. <sup>15</sup>

Architecture/Design: Embody the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction, or that represent the work of a master, or that possess high artistic values.

Chata Gutierrez Mural, painted in 2015, presents a documentation of the history and the rich culture of the Mission District. The mural is significant for its association with Latinx and Chicanx arts communities, specifically Latin Music Movement, and is illustrative of the evolution of the Latino or Chicano visual arts in the 21<sup>st</sup> century. For these reasons, the Chata Gutierrez Mural is representative of the Community Art Movement, or Mission Muralismo, a distinctive mode of expression within the Mission District, which is internationally known for its rich collection of murals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Nuestra Historia: San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III-F (Draft: April 2023), 440-441.



*Nuestra Historia* notes that the earliest community murals were completed around 1970 in various locations around the city. Within a short time, however, efforts of Galería de la Raza, and the growing influence of the Chicano mural movement, shifted the locus of mural activity to the Mission District.<sup>16</sup>

The earliest documented community murals in the Mission were painted on the interiors and/or exteriors of important Latino community organizations by groups of artists. Several were supported financially by the Galería de la Raza, which was founded in 1970.

An inventory of murals prepared for the Calle 24 Latino Cultural District notes that

[s]tarting in 1970, the Galería de la Raza promoted the installation of murals on Victorian buildings, consider blight, as a way of "beautifying the neighborhood" with the financial support of the SF Art Commission's Neighborhood Arts Program. The mural movement provided art venues for Latino artists, that were excluded from the SF art scene, brought art to the community and created a highly visible local continuity with the culture and artistic history of the Americas.

The Chata Gutierrez mural is one of over 690 murals in San Francisco's Mission District, with an estimate of 100 murals adjacent or fronting Calle 24 Latino Cultural District.

Nuestra Historia: San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement (Draft: April 2023) states that the "essential threads of Latino muralism as it exists today in San Francisco can be traced to the rise of the Mexican Mural Movement during the 1920s" and that Diego Rivera's "impact on the [San Francisco Art Institute] was vital and long lasting" providing a "cadre of local artists trained in fresco and mural painting." In his book, San Francisco Bay Area Murals: Communities Create Their Muses: 1904-1997, Timothy W. Drescher is even more explicit on these connections, stating that "Diego Rivera significantly influenced San Francisco muralists" with technical and stylistic aspects being passed on to later generations as "New Deal artists watched him paint in person, and sometimes worked as his assistants" while "subsequent muralists learned about his murals...by visiting the walls." The Mission mural or community mural movement also includes many artists and organizers who were students at SFAI or worked with other artists trained by Rivera: some examples include Emmy Lou Packard and collaborations with younger generation of Mission artists, including: Michael Rios and Chuy Campusano during the painting of their Homage to Siqueiros; Luis Cervantes and Precita Eyes Muralists; Galería de la Raza and one of its initial co-directors René Yañez; Los Muejeres Muralistas and its three founders, Patricia Rodriguez, Graciela Carrillo, Irene Perez, and Consuelo Mendez.

Following their studies at SFAI, several Latino artists established galleries that nurtured contemporary visual arts in the Mission. Among the most influential as relates to muralism were Galería de la Raza, New Mission Gallery, and Precita Eyes Muralists. New Mission Gallery was established in 1962 by Luis Cervantes, Ernie Palamino, and Joe White (Cervantes and Palamino both studied as SFAI) and is credited as being "the first contemporary visual arts gallery in the Mission District." In 1977, Luis Cervantes and his partner, Susan (Kelk) Cervantes founded

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Cary Cordova, *The Heart of the Mission, Latino Art and Politics in San Francisco*, (Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 2017), 51. Quoted in *Nuestra Historia, San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III* (Draft: April 2023), 490.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Nuestra Historia, San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III (Draft: April 2023), 502.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Nuestra Historia: San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III (Draft: April 2023), 478.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Nuestra Historia: San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III (Draft: April 2023), 482.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Timothy W. Drescher, San Francisco Bay Area Murals: Communities Create Their Muses: 1904-1997 (St. Paul: Pogo Press, 1998), 10.

Precita Eyes Muralists another influential element in the Mission District's community mural movement. In addition to workshops and tours, Precita Eyes has coordinated the creation of many collaborative works in San Francisco and has become a national leader in promoting community-based models of mural making. <sup>21</sup> Galería de la Raza, <sup>22</sup> a cultural center "formed to cultivate Chicano art and share it with a wider audience," <sup>23</sup> has been very influential on the modern development of Latino visual arts. Its existence and early successes shifted the locus of mural activity in San Francisco to center on the Mission District and it has been important in promoting works associated with the community mural movement. <sup>24</sup>

While muralism as developed and practiced by Mexican artists during the 1920s Mexican Mural Movement enjoyed a surge in popularity during the 1930s and 1940s through the Federal Works Programs of the New Deal, murals as an art form in the United States did not be became widespread until during the Chicano movement of the 1960s and 1970s. <sup>25</sup> In his essay on Latino arts in the American Latino Theme Study, Tomás Ybarra-Frausto notes that American Latino artists in the 1930s were aware of Rivera and the other Mexican artists of the Mexican Mural Movement and that their "passionate defense of mural art and formal explorations with diverse forms of public art directly influenced many Latino artists and seeded the ground for muralism as a major Latino genre during the Civil Rights era." <sup>26</sup> Further, muralism in particular was "one of the most widely known visual art forms that arose out of the Chicano movement."

In their introduction to *Signs From The Heart: California Chicano Murals*, Eva Sperling Cockcroft and Holly Barnet-Sánchez describe the relationship between the Civil Rights movement, Chicano Muralism, and community art movement as follows:

The Civil Rights Movement, known among Mexican-Americans as the Chicano Movement or "el movimiento" ... Along with the demonstrations, strikes, and marches of the political movement came an explosion of cultural expression. ... As was the case after the Mexican Revolution, the Civil Rights Movement inspired a revival of muralism. However, this new mural movement differed in many important ways from the Mexican one. It was not sponsored by a successful revolutionary government, but came out the struggle by the people themselves against the "status quo." Instead of well-funded projects in government buildings, these new murals were located in the barrios and ghettos of the inner cities, where oppressed people lived. They served as an inspiration for struggle, a way of reclaiming a cultural heritage, or even as a means of developing self-pride. Perhaps most significantly, these murals were not the expression of an individual vision. Artists encouraged local residents to join them in discussing the content, and often, in doing the actual painting. ...techniques were developed that would allow non-artists working with a professional to design and paint their own murals. This element of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> California Office of Historic Preservation, *Latinos in Twentieth Century California: National Register of Historic Places Context Statement* (Sacramento: California State Parks, 2015), 59.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Ibid, 44

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> On August 17, 2016, the 24th Street site of Galería de la Raza/Studio 24 Building was added to the Landmark Designation Work Program as part of the Planning Department's San Francisco Sites of Civil Rights Project. On April 3, 2019, the Historic Preservation Commission recommended to the Board of Supervisors to landmark this resource. The process remains underway.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> California Office of Historic Preservation, *Latinos in Twentieth Century California: National Register of Historic Places Context Statement* (Sacramento: California State Parks, 2015), 59.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Nuestra Historia, San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III (Draft: April 2023), 496.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> California Office of Historic Preservation, *Latinos in Twentieth Century California: National Register of Historic Places Context Statement* (Sacramento: California State Parks, 2015), 59.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Tomás Ybarra-Frausto, "A Panorama of Latino Arts," American Latino Theme Study, National Park Service, 2018. Accessed via <a href="https://nps.gov/articles/latinothemearts.htm">https://nps.gov/articles/latinothemearts.htm</a>.

community participation, the placement of murals on exterior walls in the community itself, and the philosophy of community input...characterized the new muralism.<sup>28</sup>

Cockcroft and Barnet-Sánchez go on to note that in California, which quickly became the locus of the community mural movement with more murals than any other region of the country, the "...early level of support for murals was directly related to the impact of the massive Chicano mobilization of "el movimiento"..."<sup>29</sup> Although murals from this period were painted throughout the state, San Diego, Los Angeles, and San Francisco were the major sites where this art form was expressed.

*Nuestra Historia: San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement (Draft)* conveys a similar context for the Chicano Mural Movement:

The Chicano Movement, or *El Movimiento*, first evolved in the U.S. southwest and encompassed a broad set of issues affecting persons of Mexican origin or descent, including the restoration of land grants, worker's rights, political representation, and improved access to employment and education. Chicano and other Latino artists of the period actively engaged in the movement, committing their artistic skills to social justice and helping the movement flourish.<sup>30</sup> As related by Josie S. Talamantez, author of the successful National Register of Historic Places Nomination for Chicano Park in San Diego:

Murals became the artistic vehicle of choice for educating a large illiterate populace about ideals of a new society and the virtues and evils of the past. Murals had the advantage of making direct appeals; they provided a near-perfect organizing tool that had specific cultural antecedents and precedence in the cultural and revolutionary tradition of Mexico.<sup>31</sup>

In San Francisco, Nuestra Historia continues, the

Chicano Mural Movement...was unique in that it was absorbed into a broader cultural vision that encompassed a pan-Latino sense of community. This was the result of a number of factors, including the pioneering influences of Diego Rivera and other Mexican muralists, as well as the creative foment of the Beat Movement during the 1950s. The essential crucible, however, arrived in the 1960s, when various threads including the Chicano Movement, the Student Movement, and Third World ideology began to fuse. With the Mission District as its epicenter, a new visual art, sometimes called Mission Muralismo, continued to evolve during the 1970s and 1980s, when it assumed increasing identification with revolutionary movements in Central and South America.<sup>32</sup>

The Pan-Latino identity that was formed in the Mission District was steeped in the concept of La Raza (The Race). This term as used in northern California typically refers to the region's mix of people from Mexico, Chicanos, Central and South Americans, and persons from the Caribbean and Brazil. Art

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Nuestra Historia, San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III (Draft: April 2023), 500.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Eva Sperling Cockcroft and Holly Barnet-Sánchez, eds., *Signs From The Heart: California Chicano Murals* (Albuquerque, NM: University of New Mexico Press in association with Social and Public Art Resource Center, Venice, CA, 1993), 9-10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Eva Sperling Cockcroft and Holly Barnet-Sánchez, eds., *Signs From The Heart: California Chicano Murals* (Albuquerque, NM: University of New Mexico Press in association with Social and Public Art Resource Center, Venice, CA, 1993), 10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Tomás Ybarra-Frausto, "A Panorama of Latino Arts," American Latino Theme Study, National Park Service, 2018. Quoted in *Nuestra Historia, San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III,* Draft: April 2023, 499.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Josie S. Talamantez, "Chicano Park and the Chicano Park Murals: A National Register Nomination," 6. Quoted in *Nuestra Historia, San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III* (Draft: April 2023), 499-500.

historian Cary Cordova, whose scholarship heavily informs this section, observes that La Raza is an expressly inclusive concept. "The term's emphasis on people, rather than nation, spurred its popularity, as did its implicit incorporation of all indigenous people of the Americas." In San Francisco, works which flowed from this sense of communal identity encompassed a broad range of visual arts expression, including murals, posters, collages, and other works.

The use of murals as symbolic representations of social struggles that transcend race and ethnicity has also been described as the Community Mural Movement. Timothy Drescher, author of *San Francisco Bay Area Murals: Communities Create Their Muses: 1904-1994*, offers a helpful definition of community murals:

Community murals may be painted by groups of individuals, but they are always closely related to those who live or work near them. The relationship of community artworks to their communities is dynamic, intimate, extended and reciprocal.<sup>34</sup>

In this sense, the Chicano Mural Movement / Community Mural Movement has and continues to have a profound effect on the visual language and texture of the Mission District, as well as San Francisco as a whole.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Timothy Dresser, San Francisco Bay Area Murals: Communities Create Their Muses: 1904-1947 (St. Paul: Pogo Press, 1994), 12. Quoted in Nuestra Historia, San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III (Draft: April 2023), 501.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Cary Cordova, The Heart of the Mission, Latino Art and Politics in San Francisco, (Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 2017), 64. Quoted in *Nuestra Historia, San Francisco Latino Historic Context Statement: Part III* (Draft: April 2023), 500-501.

# **Photos**



Chata Gutierrez mural under construction, 2015.

Source: General 2 — Carlos Kookie Gonzalez (cgonzalezmurals.com)





Chata Gutierrez mural under construction, 2015.

Source: <u>General 2 — Carlos Kookie Gonzalez (cgonzalezmurals.com)</u>



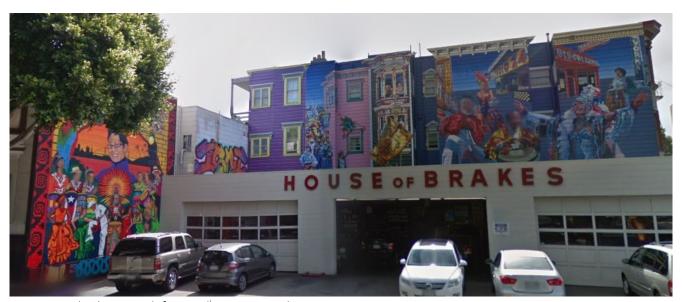


https://www.precitaeyes.org/la-rumba-no-para.html





Google Streetview, looking south from 24<sup>th</sup> Street, August 2014.



Streetview, looking south from 24<sup>th</sup> Street, October 2015



State of California - The Resources Agency	Primary #		
DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION	HRI #		
PRIMARY RECORD	CHR Status Code:		
Other Listings  Review Code	Reviewer Date		
Page 1 of 2 Resource Name or #: (Assign	ed by recorder) 3175 - 3181 24TH ST		
P1. Other Identifier:			
*P2. Location: ☐ Not for Publication ☑ Unrestricted *a. County: San Francisco			
*b. USGS Quad: San Francisco North, CA Date: 19	<u>95                                    </u>		
<b>c. Address:</b> 3175 - 3181 24TH ST	City: San Francisco ZIP 94110		
d. UTM Zone: Easting: Northing	g:		
e. Other Locational Data: Assessor's Parcel Number 6519			
*P3a. Description: (Describe resource and major elements. Include d	esign, materials, condition, alterations, size, setting, and boundaries)		
3175 - 3181 24th Street is located on a 42.5' x 50' rectangular lot on the south side of 24th Street, between Shotwell Street and South Van Ness Avenue. Built in 1905, 3175 - 3181 24th Street is a 2-story over a ground floor, wood frame, residential flats building designed in a style consistent with the Edwardian period with Classical Revival elements. The rectangular-plan building, clad in scored stucco on the primary façade and channel drop wood siding on the secondary facade, is capped by a flat roof. The foundation is not visible. The primary façade faces north and includes 3 structural bays. Typical fenestration consists of double-hung wood-sash windows set in angled bays and sliding aluminum-sash windows with molded surrounds. Entrances include fully-glazed wood doors with molded door surrounds and glazed transoms, as well as a hinged wood garage door. The primary entry includes a recessed porch with lonic pilasters and an entry hood. Architectural and site features include dentils, extended block modillions, and a cornice at the roofline.			
The building appears to be in good condition.			
*P3b. Resource Attributes: (List attributes and codes) HP3. M	ultiple Family Property		
*P4. Resources Present: ✓ Building ☐ Structure ☐ Object ☐			
P5a. Photo	P5b. Description of Photo:		
PSa. FIIOto	View looking southwest at primary façade. 3/20/2008		
	*P6. Date Constructed/Age:		
	✓ Historic □ Prehistoric □ Both		
	1905 SF Assessor's Office		
	*P7. Owner and Address		
	RECHTER NAIDES L		
	2840 FLEETWOOD DR 2840 FLEETWOOD DR		
	SAN BRUNO CA		
	*P8. Recorded By:		
	Galvin Preservation Assoc. (JK/CD) 1611 S. Pacific Coast Hwy Ste. 104 Redondo Beach, CA 90277  *P9. Date Recorded: 3/27/2008		
	*P10. Survey Type:		
*P11. Report Citation: (Cite survey report and other sources, or enter Eastern Neighborhoods Mission Survey	r "None") Reconnaissance		
*Attachments: ☐ NONE ☐ Location Map ☐ Sketch Map ☑ Co	ntinuation Sheet		
☐ Archaeological Record ☐ District Record ☐ Linear Feature	Record  Milling Station Record  Rock Art Record		
☐ Artifact Record ☐ Photograph Record ☐ Other (list):			

DPR 523 A (1/95) \*Required Information

State of California - The Resources Agency
DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION
CONTINUATION SHEET

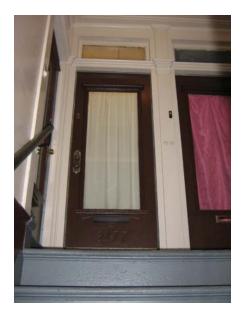
Primary #	
HRI#	
Trinomial	

Page 2 of 2 Resource Name or #: (Assigned by recorder) 3175 - 3181 24TH ST

\*Recorded By: Galvin Preservation Assoc. (JK/CD) \*Date Recorded: March 2008 ✓ Continuation ☐ Update



View looking southeast at upper level of primary façade. Source: Page and Turnbull



View looking south at primary entranceway. Source: Page and Turnbull

DPR 523 L (1/95) \*Required Information

#### SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

# SOCIAL HERITAGE INVENTORY RECORD

Resource Name: CHATA MURAL: LA RUMBA NO PARA District: Mission District, D9

Prepared By: Anne Cervantes and Alan Martinez Date: 02/21/2023

Location:

a. Address:Block:Lot:b. Neighborhood:c. City:3175-3181 24th Street6519041Mission DistrctSan Francisco

Type of Resource

a. Tangible: Site X Building Object

b. X Organization/Institution Business X Cultural X Traditional Art/Craft/Practice
 Type of Use:

Active/Inactive: Active

Description (attach continuation sheets if needed):

# "LA RUMBA NO PARA: THE CHATA GUTIERREZ" MURAL

• SF Latino Historic Period: Economic, Political, & Cultural Empowerment (1960-1999)
In 2015 the "La Rumba No Para: The Chata Gutierrez Mural" (22'w x 28'h), was painted on the West wall of the Edwardian building located at 3175-81 24th Street. This mural is dedicated to Micaela "Chata" Gutierrez as a tribute to her 40 years working as an advocate for Latin Music on public radio, an advocacy that exposed generations of listeners to this music.

#### **Chata Gutierrez**

As the first Latina Disc Jockey for KPOO 85.5 FM, Chata Gutierrez hosted the program "Con Clave" for over 40 years. Con Clave showcased Gutierrez's knowledge of Latin ethnomusicology and culture. She gave a voice to the Mission District's Latinos by using her media platform to talk about police brutality, poverty, unemployment and education at a time when the Latinos were fighting to gain a political voice. Her work as an advocate for Latin music is why "Today's Latin music is part of public radio". She interviewed many recording artists such as Tito Puente, Mongo Santamaria and Eddie Palmieri. Con Clave featured both interviews and performances of local Latin musicians. Gutierrez was a San Francisco native who worked as an ornamental plasterer to subsidize her work on public radio. Among other projects, she worked on the renovation of San Francisco City Hall after the 1989 earthquake.

#### The Mural

The mural was painted in 2015. The lead artist was Carlos "Cookie" Gonzalez, a conga player. He worked in collaboration with "Walls of Respect" Youth Mural Project artists Max Marttila, Fred Alvarado, youth artists Juliette Flores, Jesus Rodriguez, Jordan Marlow, Nick Winstead, Precita volunteer artists and others.

Chata Gutierrez is the central figure in the mural. Carlos Gonzalez used Aztec and Pre-Columbian motifs as background imagery to reflect Chata's Chicana/Mexican American heritage. He captured her love for Salsa, Afro-Cuban and Caribbean music by incorporating Puerto Rican Plena and Cuban Rumba dancer dancing to the music of the Rumbero conga players. Carlos "Cookie" documented the traditions and history of the conga players in the 60's and 70's in the Mission District's Dolores Park. These conga players went on and established their music careers. The conga players included in the mural were (from left to right) John Santos, a music historian and a Latin Jazz recording artist, Oscar Soltero a musician that played in the salsa group Avance, Raul Rekow & Karl Perazzo both musicians with Carlos Santana and Annette Aguilar & Richard "Bandido" Segovia, musicians with Latin Rock band named "Bandido". The mural was painted on the wall of a building owned my Virginia Ramos aka the "Tamale Lady" in the Mission District. Her condition for using her building wall for the mural was to include her logo, the Virgin surrounded by tamales, as seen in

Cultural/Social<br/>Affiliation:XLatino-American CultureJapanese-American CultureJewish-American CultureAfrican-American CultureChinese- American CultureFilipino-American Culture

#### Resource Photograh

Photo: Precita Eyes Mural Archives

Record #
SH Code:





Other

# Social Heritage Criteria: A,B,C 2

- A Resources that are associated with historical events that have made a significant contribution to the social or cultural heritage of the area.
- B Resources that are, or are associated with, persons, organizations, institutions or businesses that are significant to the social or cultural heritage of the area.
- C Resources that are valued by a cultural group for their design, aesthetic or ceremonial qualities, such as:
  - 1) Embodiment of the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or style of architecture that represents the social or cultural heritage of the area.
  - 2) Representation of the work of a master architect, landscape architect, gardener, artist or craftsperson significant to the social or cultural heritage of the area
  - 3) Association with the traditional arts, crafts, or practices significant to the social or cultural heritage of the area.
  - 4) Association with public ceremonies, festivals and other cultural gatherings significant to the social or cultural heritage of the area.
- D Archaeological resources that have the potential to yield information important to the social or cultural heritage of the area.

### **Period of Significance:** Select appropriate code(s):

	1. Post World War II (1946-1960) Latino Neighborhood & migration from Latino Quarters & South of Market	2. Latino Economic, Political, & Cultural Empowerement (1960-1999)	3. Cultural Affirmation & Resistence to Displacement (2000-2020)
а	Latino business displaced from the Latino Quarters and South of Market	Poltical Organizing against Redevelopment in the Mission and the new BART stations in the Mission (1960-1970)	Community organizing against market rate housing developments.
b		War on Poverty and the rise of a Laino voice in politics	Creation of a Calle 24 Latino Cultural District
С		Chicano Mural & Latino Rock Movement	Pan Latino Mural Movement continues
d		Cultural Festivals & Parades (1979-present)	
е	Other:	Other:	Other:

Sources: Quote: Emiliano Echeverria, a cohost and close friend, Mission Local, Courtney Quirin, 12/17/2013, Carlos Gonzalez Oral History (AMC) 01/01/2023, 02/19/23-02/20/23, http://latinalista.com/communitystories/west/mural-honors-legacy-of-mission-hero-chata-gutierrez,https://www.precitaeyes.org/la-rumba-no-para.html

# Recommended Treatment:

# SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

# SOCIAL HERITAGE INVENTORY RECORD

Record #
SH Code:

Resource Name: District: MISSION DISTRICT 9

Prepared By: Anne Cervantes & Alan Martinez Date: \_ Feburary 21, 2023

#### Description (Continued):

# "LA RUMBA NO PARA: THE CHATA GUTIERREZ" MURAL

The Chata mural celebrates the history San Francisco Latin Music Movement (1960-1999) by depicting San Francisco musicians of various nationalities, representing Latinidad- the Pan-Latino political and cultural movement. It was during this time period that cultural, music & art institutions and parades were established in the Mission District and the 24th Street corridor. As part of this cultural movement, Discolandia, a record store and the Latino ticket master were champions of Latin Music and they held events for musicians to promote their records. Art & Cultural Institutions such as Belle de Artes, Mission Cultural Center, Galeria de la Raza, the mural movement were established during the "ECONOMIC, POLITICAL & CULTURAL EMPOWERMENT (1960-1999) HISTORIC PERIOD.

# The Context of the Mural

The mural gains power and significance by being located adjacent to the Carnaval Mural and by virtue of the Brake Shop being a single story, both of these murals are highly visible. It is also important that The Chata Mural commemorates and celebrates the history of the Latin Music of the Mission District while being located IN the Mission District. The Mission District was the cradle for the birth of Latin Rock with Santana and others. The Carnaval Mural commemorates cultural icons that include businesses and cultural institutions such as Guadalajara de Noche, Studio 24/Galeria de la Raza, Discolandia, the York Theater (Brava), and Mission Cultural Center for Latino Arts. These businesses and institutions were and are the anchors of Calle 24 Latino Cultural District and the SF Pan-Latino enclave in the Mission District. The Brake Shop business was owned by a the Borgue family for two generations and allowed the community to use the parking lot for demonstrations against evictions, community concerts, and vendors.

#### The Building

"Built before the reconstruction era, the Edwardian architectural style became popular with the "Beaux Arts" with the 1893 Chicago's Work Columbian Exposition, 1893 in San Francisco." South Mission Historic Resource Survey. Built in the 1880's, 3175-81 24th Street is a multi-family residential flat building. It is a two-story over ground floor, wood frame structure designed in a style consistent with the Edwardian period with Classical Revival elements. The rectangular-plan building is clad in scored stucco on the primary façade and has channel dropped wood siding on the secondary facade. It is capped by a flat roof. The primary façade fronts 24th Street and has 3 bays, two angled and a central rectangular bay. The primary entry is framed by four Ionic pilasters with an entablature, with paneling inside the entry recess. Typical fenestration consists of double-hung wood-sash windows set in bays and sliding aluminum-sash windows with molded surrounds. Entrances include fully-glazed wood doors with molded door surrounds and glazed transoms, as well as a hinged wood garage door. Architectural features include extended block modillions at the cornice at the roofline. The building appears to be in good condition. Resource present per DPR Report 6519-041. Even though this building, water tap records, 07/10/1904, it may be considered part of the Reconstruction Era residences and may meet CRHR Criterion 1 with a building associated with a historic event. This building may meet CRHR Criterion 3& 4.

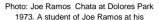




Photo: Luis Gutierrez



Photo: Stephanie Eby October 15, 2015 Mural











Left to Right: Photo - Joaquin Torres, Photo- Laura Yanow, Photo- Annette Aguilar, Photo-Gato K. Rivera





# **CEQA Exemption Determination**

# PROPERTY INFORMATION/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Address			Block/Lot(s)	
3175 24TH ST			6519041	
Case No.			Permit No.	
2023-003506PRJ				
Ad	dition/	☐ Demolition (requires HRE for	New	
Alt	eration	Category B Building)	Construction	
-	=	Planning Department approval.		
		Chata Gutierrez Mural - 3175-24th Street (BOS F	ile No. 230300), pursuant to Section	
1004. 	2 of the Planning C	ode.		
STEP	1: EXEMPTION TY	/PE		
		etermined to be exempt under the California En	vironmental Quality Act (CEQA).	
	nojoot nao acon a		in commental quanty riot (0_25).	
	Class 1 - Existing	g Facilities. Interior and exterior alterations; addit	ions under 10,000 sq. ft.	
	Class 3 - New Co	onstruction. Up to three new single-family resider	nces or six dwelling units in one building;	
		e structures; utility extensions; change of use unde	er 10,000 sq. ft. if principally permitted or	
	with a CU.			
$  \Box  $		<b>Development.</b> New Construction of seven or mo	re units or additions greater than 10,000	
	•	the conditions described below: consistent with the applicable general plan desig	nation and all applicable general plan	
		s with applicable zoning designation and regulation	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	•	I development occurs within city limits on a projec		
	-	ounded by urban uses.		
	. ,	te has no value as habitat for endangered rare or	·	
		ne project would not result in any significant effect	s relating to traffic, noise, air quality, or	
	water quality.	pe adequately served by all required utilities and p	nublic services	
	• •	ENTAL PLANNING USE ONLY	vabile services.	
	Other	by Regulatory Agencies for Protection of the Env	ironment (CEOA Guidelines 15308)	
	Ciass o - Actions	by inegulatory Agencies for Protection of the Env	moniment (OEQA Guidelines 19306).	
$  \square  $		Exemption (CEQA Guidelines section 15061(b)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	there is no possib	oility of a significant effect on the environment. <b>FO</b>	R ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING USE ONLY	

STEP 2: ENVIRONMENTAL SCREENING ASSESSMENT TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

	Air Quality: Would the project add new sensitive receptors (specifically, schools, day care facilities, hospitals, residential dwellings, and senior-care facilities within an Air Pollution Exposure Zone? Does the project have the potential to emit substantial pollutant concentrations (e.g. use of diesel construction equipment, backup diesel generators, heavy industry, diesel trucks, etc.)? (refer to The Environmental Information tab on the <a href="https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/">https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/</a> )
	Hazardous Materials: If the project site is located on the Maher map or is suspected of containing hazardous materials (based on a previous use such as gas station, auto repair, dry cleaners, or heavy manufacturing, or a site with underground storage tanks): Would the project involve 50 cubic yards or more of soil disturbance - or a change of use from industrial to residential?  Note that a categorical exemption shall not be issued for a project located on the Cortese List if box is checked, note below whether the applicant has enrolled in or received a waiver from the San Francisco Department of Public Health (DPH) Maher program, or if Environmental Planning staff has determined that hazardous material effects would be less than significant. (refer to The Environmental Information tab on the <a href="https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/">https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/</a> )
	<b>Transportation:</b> Does the project involve a child care facility or school with 30 or more students, or a location 1,500 sq. ft. or greater? Does the project have the potential to adversely affect transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle safety (hazards) or the adequacy of nearby transit, pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities?
	<b>Archeological Resources:</b> Would the project result in soil disturbance/modification greater than two (2) feet below grade in an archeological sensitive area or eight (8) feet in a non-archeological sensitive area? If yes, archeology review is required.
	Subdivision/Lot Line Adjustment: Does the project site involve a subdivision or lot line adjustment on a lot with a slope average of 20% or more? (refer to The Environmental Information tab on the https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/) If box is checked. Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.
	Average Slope of Parcel = or > 25%, or site is in Edgehill Slope Protection Area or Northwest Mt.  Sutro Slope Protection Area: Does the project involve any of the following: (1) New building construction, except one-story storage or utility occupancy, (2) horizontal additions, if the footprint area increases more than 50%, or (3) horizontal and vertical additions increase more than 500 square feet of new projected roof area? (refer to The Environmental Planning tab on the <a href="https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/">https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/</a> ) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is likely required and Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.
	Seismic Hazard: Landslide or Liquefaction Hazard Zone:  Does the project involve any of the following: (1) New building construction, except one-story storage or utility occupancy, (2) horizontal additions, if the footprint area increases more than 50%, (3) horizontal and vertical additions increase more than 500 square feet of new projected roof area, or (4) grading performed at a site in the landslide hazard zone? (refer to The Environmental tab on the <a href="https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/">https://sfplanninggis.org/pim/</a> ) If box is checked, a geotechnical report is required and Environmental Planning must issue the exemption.
Com	ments and Planner Signature (optional): Don Lewis

# STEP 3: PROPERTY STATUS - HISTORIC RESOURCE TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER **PROPERTY IS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:** (refer to Property Information Map) Category A: Known Historical Resource. GO TO STEP 5. Category B: Potential Historical Resource (over 45 years of age). GO TO STEP 4. Category C: Not a Historical Resource or Not Age Eligible (under 45 years of age). GO TO STEP 6. STEP 4: PROPOSED WORK CHECKLIST TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER Check all that apply to the project. 1. Change of use and new construction. Tenant improvements not included. 2. Regular maintenance or repair to correct or repair deterioration, decay, or damage to building. 3. Window replacement that meets the Department's Window Replacement Standards. Does not include storefront window alterations. 4. Garage work. A new opening that meets the Guidelines for Adding Garages and Curb Cuts, and/or replacement of a garage door in an existing opening that meets the Residential Design Guidelines. 5. Deck, terrace construction, or fences not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way. 6. Mechanical equipment installation that is not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way. 7. **Dormer installation** that meets the requirements for exemption from public notification under *Zoning* Administrator Bulletin No. 3: Dormer Windows. 8. Addition(s) that are not visible from any immediately adjacent public right-of-way for 150 feet in each direction; does not extend vertically beyond the floor level of the top story of the structure or is only a П single story in height; does not have a footprint that is more than 50% larger than that of the original building; and does not cause the removal of architectural significant roofing features. Note: Project Planner must check box below before proceeding. Project is not listed. GO TO STEP 5. Project does not conform to the scopes of work. GO TO STEP 5. Project involves four or more work descriptions. GO TO STEP 5. Project involves less than four work descriptions. GO TO STEP 6. STEP 5: ADVANCED HISTORICAL REVIEW TO BE COMPLETED BY PRESERVATION PLANNER Check all that apply to the project. 1. Reclassification of property status. (Attach HRER Part I) П Reclassify to Category C Reclassify to Category A a. Per HRER (No further historic review) b. Other (specify): 2. Project involves a known historical resource (CEQA Category A) as determined by Step 3 and conforms entirely to proposed work checklist in Step 4. 3. Interior alterations to publicly accessible spaces that do not remove, alter, or obscure character defining features. 4. Window replacement of original/historic windows that are not "in-kind" but are consistent with existing historic character. 5. Façade/storefront alterations that do not remove, alter, or obscure character-defining features.

	6. <b>Raising the building</b> in a manner that does not remove, alter features.	r, or obscure character-defining	
	7. <b>Restoration</b> based upon documented evidence of a building's photographs, plans, physical evidence, or similar buildings.	s historic condition , such as historic	
	8. Work consistent with the Secretary of the Interior Standards (Analysis required):	for the Treatment of Historic Properties	
	9. <b>Work compatible</b> with a historic district (Analysis required):		
	10. Work that would not materially impair a historic resource (	Attach HRER Part II).	
	Note: If ANY box in STEP 5 above is checked, a Pres	ervation Planner MUST sign below.	
	Project can proceed with exemption review. The project has been reviewed by the Preservation Planner and can proceed with exemption review. GO TO STEP 6.		
Comments (optional): Landmark designation - no physical work			
Preservation Planner Signature: Pilar Lavalley			
STEP 6: EXEMPTION DETERMINATION TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER			
No further environmental review is required. The project is exempt under CEQA. There are no unusual circumstances that would result in a reasonable possibility of a significant effect.			
	unusual circumstances that would result in a reasonable pos	ssibility of a significant effect.	
	Project Approval Action:  Board of Supervisor approval of landmark designation	Signature:	

Project Approval Action:	Signature:
Board of Supervisor approval of landmark designation	Pilar Lavalley
	08/29/2023
link, clicking the "More Details" link under the project's environme the "Related Documents" link.	ntal record number (ENV) and then clicking on
Once signed and dated, this document constitutes an exemption p	·
he SF Admin Code. Per Chapter 31, an appeal of an exemption of	·
filed within 30 days after the Approval Action occurs at a noticed public hearing, or within 30 days after posting on	
the Planning Department's website a written decision or written no	tice of the Approval Action, if the approval is not

#### STEP 7: MODIFICATION OF A CEQA EXEMPT PROJECT

#### TO BE COMPLETED BY PROJECT PLANNER

In accordance with Chapter 31 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, when a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) exempt project changes after the Approval Action and requires a subsequent approval, the Environmental Review Officer (or his or her designee) must determine whether the proposed change constitutes a substantial modification of that project. This checklist shall be used to determine whether the proposed changes to the approved project would constitute a "substantial modification" and, therefore, be subject to additional environmental review pursuant to CEQA.

# **MODIFIED PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

Modified Project Description:			
DET	ERMINATION IF PROJECT O	CONSTITUTES SUBSTANTIAL MODIFICATION	
Com	pared to the approved project, we	ould the modified project:	
	Result in expansion of the building envelope, as defined in the Planning Code;		
	Result in the change of use that would require public notice under Planning Code Sections 311 or 312;		
	Result in demolition as defined under Planning Code Section 317 or 19005(f)?		
	Is any information being presented that was not known and could not have been known at the time of the original determination, that shows the originally approved project may no longer qualify for the exemption?		
If at I	If at least one of the above boxes is checked, further environmental review is required		
DET	ERMINATION OF NO SUBSTAN	ITIAL MODIFICATION	
	The proposed modification would not result in any of the above changes.		
If this box is checked, the proposed modifications are exempt under CEQA, in accordance with prior project approval and no additional environmental review is required. This determination shall be posted on the Planning Department website and office and mailed to the applicant, City approving entities, and anyone requesting written notice. In accordance with Chapter 31, Sec 31.08j of the San Francisco Administrative Code, an appeal of this determination can be filed to the Environmental Review Officer within 10 days of posting of this determination.			
Planı	ner Name:	Date:	

# **BOARD of SUPERVISORS**



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

# **MEMORANDUM**

		MEMORANDUM
Ε	ate:	October 25, 2023
Т	o:	Planning Department/Planning Commission
F	rom:	John Carroll, Assistant Clerk, Land Use and Transportation Committee
S	ubject:	Board of Supervisors Legislation Referral - File No. 231033 Planning Code - Landmark Designation - Chata Gutierrez Mural
		CEQA clearanice under a Class 8 Catex issued on 8/29/2023 (2023-003506PRJ)  nia Public Resources Code, Sections 21000 et seq.)  Ordinance / Resolution  Ballot Measure
	(Planni	Iment to the Planning Code, including the following Findings:  In a Code, Section 302(b): 90 days for Planning Commission review)  In a Planning Code, Section 101.1 Planning Code, Section 302
		Iment to the Administrative Code, involving Land Use/Planning Rule 3.23: 30 days for possible Planning Department review)
	General Plan Referral for Non-Planning Code Amendments (Charter, Section 4.105, and Administrative Code, Section 2A.53) (Required for legislation concerning the acquisition, vacation, sale, or change in use of City property; subdivision of land; construction, improvement, extension, widening, narrowing, removal, or relocation of public ways, transportation routes, ground, open space, buildings, or structures; plans for public housing and publicly-assisted private housing; redevelopment plans; development agreements; the annual capital expenditure plan and six-year capital improvement program; and any capital improvement project or long-term financing proposal such as general obligation or revenue bonds.)	
	Histori	c Preservation Commission  Landmark (Planning Code, Section 1004.3)  Cultural Districts (Charter, Section 4.135 & Board Rule 3.23)  Mills Act Contract (Government Code, Section 50280)  Designation for Significant/Contributory Buildings (Planning Code, Article 11)

Please send the Planning Department/Commission recommendation/determination to John Carroll at john.carroll@sfgov.org.

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# NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING LAND USE AND TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Land Use and Transportation Committee of the City and County of San Francisco will hold a public hearing to consider the following hearing matter and said public hearing will be held as follows, at which time all interested parties may attend and be heard:

Date:

Monday, December 11, 2023

Time:

1:30 p.m.

Location:

Legislative Chamber, Room 250, located at City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco. CA

Subject:

File No. 231033. Ordinance amending the Planning Code to designate Chata Gutierrez Mural, located at 3175-24th Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041, as a Landmark consistent with the standards set forth in Article 10 of the Planning Code; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making public necessity, convenience, and welfare findings under Planning Code, Section 302, and findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight

priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1.

In accordance with Administrative Code, Section 67.7-1, persons who are unable to attend the hearing on this matter may submit written comments prior to the time the hearing begins. These comments will be added to the official public record in this matter and shall be brought to the attention of the Board of Supervisors. Written comments should be addressed to Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board, City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244, San Francisco, CA, 94102 or sent via email (bos@sfgov.org). Information relating to this matter is available with the Office of the Clerk of the Board or the Board of Supervisors' Legislative Research Center (https://sfbos.org/legislative-research-center-lrc). Agenda information relating to this matter will be available for public review on Friday, December 8, 2023.

For any questions about this hearing, please contact the Assistant Clerk for the Land Use and Transportation Committee:

John Carroll (john.carroll@sfgov.org ~ (415) 554-4445)

Angela Calvillo

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors City and County of San Francisco

jec:bjj:ams



# **MYRNA MELGAR**

DATE: December 6, 2023

TO: Angela Calvillo

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

FROM: Supervisor Myrna Melgar, Chair, Land Use and Transportation Committee

RE: Land Use and Transportation Committee

**COMMITTEE REPORTS** 

Pursuant to Board Rule 4.20, as Chair of the Land Use and Transportation Committee, I have deemed the following matters are of an urgent nature and request them be considered by the full Board on Tuesday, December 12, 2023, as Committee Reports:

File No. 230704	Planning Code - Fleet Charging Locations and Parcel Delivery Service Sponsor: Chan
File No. 231033	<b>Planning Code - Landmark Designation - Chata Gutierrez Mural</b> Sponsor: Ronen
File No. 231034	<b>Planning Code - Landmark Designation - Carnaval Mural</b> Sponsor: Ronen
File No. 231258	<b>Planning and Subdivision Codes, Zoning Map - Housing Production</b> Sponsors: Mayor; Engardio
File No. 230706	Planning Code - Eliminating Public Art Requirement for 100% Affordable Housing Projects Sponsor: Dorsey
File No. 230863	Planning Code - Exceptions from Limits on Conversion of Production, Distribution and Repair, Institutional Community, and Arts Activities Uses in Eastern Neighborhood Plans Areas Sponsor: Dorsey

These matters will be heard in the Land Use and Transportation Committee at a Regular Meeting on Monday, December 11, 2023, at 1:30 p.m.

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# MEMORANDUM

# LAND USE AND TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

SAN FRANCISCO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

TO: Supervisor Myrna Melgar, Chair

Land Use and Transportation Committee

FROM: John Carroll, Assistant Clerk

DATE: December 11, 2023

SUBJECT COMMITTEE REPORT, BOARD MEETING

Tuesday, December 12, 2023

The following file should be presented as COMMITTEE REPORT during the Board meeting on Tuesday, December 12, 2023. This ordinance was acted upon during the Land Use and Transportation Committee meeting on Monday, December 11, 2023, at 1:30 p.m., by the votes indicated.

BOS Item No. 43 File No. 231033

# [Planning Code - Landmark Designation - Chata Gutierrez Mural]

Ordinance amending the Planning Code to designate Chata Gutierrez Mural, located at 3175-24th Street, Assessor's Parcel Block No. 6519, Lot No. 041, as a Landmark consistent with the standards set forth in Article 10 of the Planning Code; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making public necessity, convenience, and welfare findings under Planning Code, Section 302, and findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1.

# RECOMMENDED AS COMMITTEE REPORT

Vote: Supervisor Myrna Melgar – Aye Supervisor Dean Preston – Aye Supervisor Aaron Peskin – Aye

Cc: Board of Supervisors
Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board
Alisa Somera, Legislative Deputy
Anne Pearson, Deputy City Attorney