

File No. 260864

Committee Item No. 1

Board Item No. _____

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: Rules Committee

Date July 27, 2026

Board of Supervisors Meeting

Date _____

Cmte Board

☒	☐	Motion
☐	☐	Resolution
☐	☐	Ordinance
☐	☐	Legislative Digest
☐	☐	Budget and Legislative Analyst Report
☐	☐	Youth Commission Report
☐	☐	Introduction Form
☒	☐	Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report
☐	☐	Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)
☐	☐	Grant Information Form
☐	☐	Grant Budget
☐	☐	Subcontract Budget
☐	☐	Contract/Agreement
☐	☐	Form 126 - Ethics Commission
☐	☐	Award Letter
☐	☐	Application
☒	☐	Form 700
☒	☐	Information/Vacancies (Boards/Commissions)
☐	☐	Public Correspondence

OTHER (Use back side if additional space is needed)

☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
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☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____

Completed by: Victor Young Date July 23, 2026

Completed by: _____ Date _____

1 [Presidential Appointment, Planning Commission - Joel Koppel]

2
3 **Motion approving/rejecting the President of the Board of Supervisors Rafael**
4 **Mandelman's nomination for the appointment of Joel Koppel to the Planning**
5 **Commission, term ending July 1, 2030.**
6

7 WHEREAS, Pursuant to Charter, Section 4.105, the President of the Board of
8 Supervisors has submitted a communication notifying the Board of Supervisors of the
9 nomination for the appointment of Joel Koppel to the Planning Commission, received by the
10 Clerk of the Board on July 21, 2026; and

11 WHEREAS, Each nomination to the Planning Commission by the President of the
12 Board of Supervisors is subject to a public hearing and vote within 60 days, and if the Board
13 fails to act on the nomination within this timeframe the nominee shall be deemed approved;
14 now, therefore, be it

15 MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby rejects/approves the President's
16 nomination for the appointment of Joel Koppel, seat 3, succeeding Gilbert Williams, term
17 expired, to the Planning Commission, for the unexpired portion of a four-year term ending July
18 1, 2030.
19
20
21
22
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24
25

President, Board of Supervisors
District 8



City and County of San Francisco

RAFAEL MANDELMAN

MEMORANDUM

To: Rules Committee Clerk

From: Maeve Skelly, Legislative Aide to President Mandelman

Date: July 21, 2026

Subject: Appointment by President Mandelman

Please be advised that President Rafael Mandelman has selected Joel Koppel to be appointed to the Planning Commission.

This appointment will fill seat #3.

Thank you for your attention to this request.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "RfM", with a stylized, flowing script.

Rafael Mandelman,
President, San Francisco Board of Supervisors

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

Application for Boards, Commissions, Committees, & Task Forces

Name of Board/Commission/Committee/Task Force: PLANNING COMMISSION

Seat # (Required - see Vacancy Notice for qualifications): BOARD SEAT

Full Name: JOEL KOPPEL

[Redacted] SF CA Zip Code: 94122

[Redacted] Occupation: ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR

[Redacted] Work Phone: _____ Employer: SF ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR ASSOC.

Business Address: 555 GOWATH ST. SF CA Zip Code: 94102

Business Email: joelk@sfeca.org Home Email: [Redacted]

Pursuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(2), Boards and Commissions established by the Charter must consist of residents of the City and County of San Francisco who are 18 years of age or older (unless otherwise stated in the code authority). For certain appointments, the Board of Supervisors may waive the residency requirement.

Resident of San Francisco: Yes ☒ No ☐ If No, place of residence: _____

18 Years of Age or Older: Yes ☒ No ☐

Pursuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(1), please state how your qualifications represent the communities of interest, neighborhoods, and the diversity in ethnicity, race, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, types of disabilities, and any other relevant demographic qualities of the City and County of San Francisco:

REPRESENT CONSTRUCTION, AND BUSINESS COMMUNITY
TIES WITH IRISH AND CHINESE CONTRACTORS ALSO
TIES WITH LGBT COMMUNITY AS WELL
BOMA/CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SUPPORT AS WELL

RECEIVED 9/13
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
SAN FRANCISCO
2026 JUN 12 AM10:19

Business and/or Professional Experience:

VERSED IN ALL THINGS PLANNING / DBI
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING / CONSTRUCTION
ALL THINGS DOWNTOWN REHABILITATION

Civic Activities:

PREVIOUS PLANNING COMMISSIONER 2016-2024

Have you attended any meetings of the body to which you are applying? Yes ☒ No ☐

An appearance before the Rules Committee may be required at a scheduled public hearing, prior to the Board of Supervisors considering the recommended appointment. Applications should be received ten (10) days prior to the scheduled public hearing.

Date: 6/12/26 Applicant's Signature (required): 
(Manually sign or type your complete name.
NOTE: By typing your complete name, you are hereby consenting to use of electronic signature.)

Please Note: Your application will be retained for one year. Once completed, this form, including all attachments, become public record.

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY:

Appointed to Seat #: _____ Term Expires: _____ Date Vacated: _____

2025-2026 Statement of Economic Interests



Form 700

A Public Document

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Helpful Resources

- Video Tutorials
- Reference Pamphlet
- Excel Version
- FAQs
- Gift and Travel Fact Sheet for State and Local Officials

California Fair Political Practices Commission

1102 Q Street, Suite 3050 • Sacramento, CA 95811

Email Advice: advice@fppc.ca.gov

Toll-free advice line: 1 (866) ASK-FPPC • 1 (866) 275-3772

Telephone: (916) 322-5660 • Website: www.fppc.ca.gov

December 2025

Quick Start Guide
Detailed instructions begin on page 3.

WHEN IS THE ANNUAL STATEMENT DUE?

- March 2 – Elected State Officers, Judges (Supreme, Appellate, Superior Court), Retired Judges, Pro Tem Judges, Court Commissioners, State Board and Commission members listed in Government Code Section 87200
- April 1 – Most other filers

WHERE DO I FILE?

Most people file the Form 700 with their agency. Certain filers are required to file electronically with the FPPC. (See next page). If you're not sure where to file your Form 700, contact your filing officer or the person who asked you to complete it.

ITEMS TO NOTE!

- The Form 700 is a public document.
- Only filers serving in active military duty may receive an extension on the filing deadline.
- You must also report interests held by your spouse or registered domestic partner.
- Your agency's conflict of interest code will help you to complete the Form 700. You are encouraged to get your conflict of interest code from the person who asked you to complete the Form 700.

NOTHING TO REPORT?

Mark the "No reportable interests" box on Part 4 of the Cover Page, and submit only the signed Cover Page. Please review each schedule carefully!

Schedule	Common Reportable Interests	Common Non-Reportable Interests
A-1: Investments	Stocks, including those held in an IRA or 401K. Each stock must be listed.	Insurance policies, government bonds, diversified mutual funds, funds similar to diversified mutual funds.
A-2: Business Entities/Trusts	Business entities, sole proprietorships, partnerships, LLCs, corporations and trusts. (e.g., Form 1099 filers).	Savings and checking accounts, cryptocurrency, and annuities.
B: Real Property	Rental property in filer's jurisdiction, or within two miles of the boundaries of the jurisdiction.	A residence used exclusively as a personal residence (such as a home or vacation property).
C: Income	Non-governmental salaries. Note that filers are required to report only half of their spouse's or partner's salary.	Governmental salary (from school district, for example).
D: Gifts	Gifts from businesses, vendors, or other contractors (meals, tickets, etc.).	Gifts from family members.
E: Travel Payments	Travel payments from third parties (not your employer).	Travel paid by your government agency.

Note: Like reportable interests, non-reportable interests may also create conflicts of interest and could be grounds for disqualification from certain decisions.

QUESTIONS?

- advice@fppc.ca.gov
- (866) 275-3772 Mon-Thurs, 9-11:30 a.m.

E-FILEING ISSUES?

- If using your agency's system, please contact technical support at your agency.
- If using FPPC's e-filing system, write to form700@fppc.ca.gov.

What to Know

What's New

Gift Limit Increase

The gift limit increased to **\$630** for calendar years **2025** and **2026**. The gift limit in calendar year 2024 was \$590.

Required Electronic Filing for FPPC (Section 87500) Filers

Certain candidates and officials specified in Section 87500 are now required to file their Form 700 electronically using the FPPC's e-filing system. Filers for the offices listed under Section 87500 should contact the FPPC at form700@fppc.ca.gov to obtain their login and password information.

Reporting Prospective Employment

Effective January 1, 2026, Section 87200 Filers must report any arrangement for prospective employment on attachment Form 700-P. Attachment Form 700-P is filed electronically via the FPPC's e-filing portal. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16, for more information.)

Who must file:

- Elected and appointed officials and candidates listed in Government Code Section 87200
- Employees, appointed officials, and consultants filing pursuant to a conflict of interest code ("code filers"). **Obtain your disclosure categories, which describe the interests you must report, from your agency;** they are not part of the Form 700
- Candidates running for local elective offices that are designated in a conflict of interest code (e.g., county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, and water board members)

Exception:

- Candidates for a county central committee are not required to file the Form 700
- Employees in newly created positions of existing agencies

For more information, see Reference Pamphlet, page 3, at www.fppc.ca.gov.

Where to file:

Code Filers — State and Local Officials, Employees, and Consultants Designated in a Conflict of Interest Code:

File with your agency, board, or commission unless otherwise specified in your agency's code (e.g., Legislative staff files directly with FPPC). In most cases, the agency, board, or commission will retain the statements.

Members of Newly Created Boards and Commissions: File with your agency or with your agency's code reviewing body pursuant to Regulation 18754.

Employees in Newly Created Positions of Existing Agencies: File with your agency or with your agency's code reviewing body. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 3.)

Multi-County Agencies, Boards, Commissions: File with your agency, board, or commission unless otherwise specified in your agency's code. Please review your agency's conflict of interest code as some multi-county offices are required to file electronically with the FPPC. In most cases, the agency, board, or commission will retain the statements.

87200 State Filers, for offices not specified in Section 87500, file as follows: File with your agency, board, or commission unless otherwise specified in your agency's code. Please review your agency's conflict of interest code as some 87200 state offices are required to file electronically with the FPPC. In most cases, the agency, board, or commission will retain the statements.

87200.5 Filers — Groundwater Sustainability Agency:

Members of the Board of Directors and Executives (e.g., Executive Director, General Manager, or other equivalent position) file electronically with the FPPC.

Officials and Candidates Specified in Section 87500, FPPC

Filers: The Act requires that the following officeholders and candidates for the positions listed below file electronically using the FPPC's e-filing system.

- Statewide elected officers and candidates for statewide elective office. (For a complete list of statewide elected officers please see Reference Pamphlet, Page 6.)
- Members and candidates for the Legislature and State Board of Equalization
- Designated employees of the Legislature directed to file with the FPPC by the house of the Legislature by which they are employed
- Members of the Public Utilities Commission, State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, or California Coastal Commission
- Members of a state licensing or regulatory board, bureau, or commission
- Members of the Fair Political Practices Commission
- Appointed members to a state board, commission, or similar multimember body of the state if the FPPC has been designated as the filing officer in the conflict of interest code of the respective board, commission, or body. (Please contact your agency for a copy of your agency's conflict of interest code.)
- Designated employees of more than one joint powers insurance agency who elect to file a multiagency statement pursuant to Section 87350
- Judges (Supreme, Appellate, Superior Court), Retired Judges, Pro Tem Judges, court commissioners, or candidates for judge
- Officeholder or candidate for the office of district attorney, county counsel, county treasurer, or county board of supervisors
- Officeholder or candidate for the office of city council member, city treasurer, city attorney, or mayor
- County chief administrative officer, city manager, or if there is no city manager, the chief administrative officer
- County or city planning commissioner
- Head of a local government agency or member of a local government board or commission, if the FPPC has been designated as the filing officer in the conflict of interest code of the respective agency, board, or commission. (Please contact your agency for a copy of your agency's conflict of interest code.)
- A public official who manages public investments

Candidates, for offices not listed in Section 87500 above, file as follows:

- County offices (e.g., candidates running for local elective office that are designated in a conflict of interest code): File with your county elections official.
- City offices (e.g., candidates running for local elective office that are designated in a conflict of interest code): File with your City Clerk.
- Multi-county offices: File with your county elections official with whom you file your declaration of candidacy.

What to Know Continued

How to file:

The Form 700 is available at www.fppc.ca.gov. Additional PDF schedules of Form 700 are available on the FPPC's website. Form 700 schedules are also available in Excel format. Filers should always check with their filing officer to see if their agency requires a particular filing method. All statements are signed under penalty of perjury and must be verified by the filer. See Regulation 18723.1(c) for filing instructions for copies of expanded statements. Depending on your agency's requirements, statements can be required to be filed in the following formats:

Wet Signature ➡ Each Statement must have a handwritten "wet" signature. Wet signature statements can be filed either by hand delivery or mail.

Digital Signature ➡ Each statement must be signed with a verified digital signature via the filer's agency email address *if permitted by the filing officer*. The statement must be sent by email as a PDF with the digital signature affixed to the document. (See Regulations 18104 and 18757, as well as FPPC's Filing with a Digital Signature Fact Sheet for additional guidance).

Electronic Signature ➡ Each statement must be signed with a secure electronic signature submitted using an approved electronic filing system. Filers must be duly authorized by their filing officer to file electronically under Government Code Section 87500.2.

When to file:

Annual Statements

➡ March 2, 2026

- Elected State Officers
- Judges (Supreme, Appellate, Superior Court), Retired Judges, Pro Tem Judges, and Court Commissioners
- State Board and State Commission Members listed in Government Code Section 87200

➡ April 1, 2026

- Most other filers

Individuals filing under conflict of interest codes in city and county jurisdictions should verify the annual filing date with their filing official or filing officer.

Statements postmarked by the filing deadline are considered filed on time.

Statements of 30 pages or less may be emailed or faxed by the deadline as long as the originally signed paper version is sent by first class mail to the filing official within 24 hours.

Assuming Office and Leaving Office Statements

Most filers file within 30 days of assuming or leaving office or within 30 days of the effective date of a newly adopted or amended conflict of interest code.

Exception:

If you assumed office between October 1, 2025, and December 31, 2025, and filed an assuming office statement, you are not required to file an annual statement until March 1, 2027, or April 1, 2027, whichever is applicable. The annual statement will cover the day after you assumed office through December 31, 2026. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 7, for additional exceptions.)

Candidate Statements

File no later than the final filing date for the declaration of candidacy or nomination documents. A candidate statement is not required if you filed an assuming office or annual statement for the same jurisdiction within 60 days before filing a declaration of candidacy or other nomination documents.

Certain candidates listed in Government Code Section 87500, FPPC Filers, are required to file their candidate statement electronically via the FPPC's e-filing system. Please refer to Page 3, Where to File section, for the list of offices required to file electronically with FPPC. Filers for the offices listed under Section 87500 should contact the FPPC at form700@fppc.ca.gov to obtain their login and password information.

Late Statements

There is no provision for filing deadline extensions unless the filer is serving in active military duty. (See page 20 for information on penalties and fines.)

Amendments

Statements may be amended at any time. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised. It is not necessary to amend the entire filed form. The amended schedule(s) is attached to your original filed statement. Obtain amendment schedules at www.fppc.ca.gov. Filers authorized to file electronically amend their statements using their agency's electronic filing system. *Note:* If you are a candidate or officeholder listed under Government Code Section 87500, FPPC Filers, then you must amend your statements electronically using the FPPC's e-filing system.

Types of Statements

Assuming Office Statement:

If you are a newly appointed official or are newly employed in a position designated, or that will be designated, in a state or local agency's conflict of interest code, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in or otherwise authorized to serve in the position. If you are a newly elected official, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in.

- Report: Investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you assumed the office or position must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed the office or position.

For positions subject to confirmation by the State Senate or the Commission on Judicial Appointments, your assuming office date is the date you were appointed or nominated to the position.

- Example: Maria Lopez was nominated by the Governor to serve on a state agency board that is subject to state Senate confirmation. The assuming office date is the date Maria's nomination is submitted to the Senate. Maria must report investments, interests in real property, and business positions Maria holds on that date, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to that date.

If your office or position has been added to a newly adopted or newly amended conflict of interest code, use the effective date of the code or amendment, whichever is applicable.

- Report: Investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the effective date of the code or amendment must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the effective date of the code or amendment.

Annual Statement:

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025. If the period covered by the statement is different than January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025, (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024 or you are combining statements), you must specify the period covered.

- Investments, interests in real property, business positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the period covered by the statement must be reported. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless you are required to report the acquisition or disposition of an interest that did not occur in 2025.
- If your disclosure category changes during a reporting period, disclose under the old category until the effective date of the conflict of interest code amendment and disclose under the new disclosure category through the end of the reporting period.

Leaving Office Statement:

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2025, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position. If the period covered differs from January 1, 2025, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024, or you are combining statements), the period covered must be specified. The reporting period can cover parts of two calendar years.

- Report: Investments, interests in real property, business positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the period covered by the statement. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless you are required to report the acquisition or disposition of an interest that did not occur in 2025.

Candidate Statement:

If you are filing a statement in connection with your candidacy for state or local office, investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date of filing your declaration of candidacy must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date of filing your declaration of candidacy is reportable. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B.

Candidates running for local elective offices (e.g., county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, or water district board members) must file candidate statements, as required by the conflict of interest code for the elected position. The code may be obtained from the agency of the elected position.

Amendments:

If you discover errors or omissions on any statement, file an amendment as soon as possible. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised; it is not necessary to refile the entire form. Obtain amendment schedules from the FPPC website at www.fppc.ca.gov.

Note: Once you file your statement, you may not withdraw it. All changes must be noted on amendment schedules.

Expanded Statement:

If you hold multiple positions subject to reporting requirements, you may be able to file an expanded statement for each position, rather than a separate and distinct statement for each position. The expanded statement must cover all reportable interests for all jurisdictions and list all positions on the Form 700 or on an attachment for which it is filed. The rules and processes governing the filing of an expanded statement are set forth in Regulation 18723.1.

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS
COVER PAGE
A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Date Initial Filing Received
Filing Official Use Only

Please type or print in ink.

NAME OF FILER (LAST) (FIRST) (MIDDLE)

1. Office, Agency, or Court

Agency Name (Do not use acronyms)

Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable

Your Position

► If filing for multiple positions, list below or on an attachment. (Do not use acronyms)

Agency: Position:

2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box)

State

Judge (Supreme, Appellate, Superior Court), Retired Judge, Pro Tem Judge, or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)

Multi-County

County of

City of

Other

3. Type of Statement (Check at least one box)

Annual: The period covered is January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025.

Leaving Office: Date Left / /
(Check one circle below.)

-or-

The period covered is / /, through December 31, 2025.

The period covered is January 1, 2025, through the date of leaving office.

-or-

Assuming Office: Date assumed / /

The period covered is / /, through the date of leaving office.

Candidate: Date of Election and office sought, if different than Part 1:

4. Schedule Summary (required)

► Total number of pages including this cover page:

Schedules attached

Schedule A-1 - Investments – schedule attached

Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions – schedule attached

Schedule A-2 - Investments – schedule attached

Schedule D - Income – Gifts – schedule attached

Schedule B - Real Property – schedule attached

Schedule E - Income – Gifts – Travel Payments – schedule attached

Attachment 700-P - Prospective Employment (87200 Filers Only) – schedule attached

-or- **None - No reportable interests on any schedule**

5. Verification

MAILING ADDRESS STREET CITY STATE ZIP CODE
(Business or Agency Address Recommended - Public Document)

DAYTIME TELEPHONE NUMBER

EMAIL ADDRESS

()

I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete. I acknowledge this is a public document.

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date Signed (month, day, year)

Signature (File the originally signed paper statement with your filing official.)

Instructions

Cover Page

Enter your name, mailing address, and daytime telephone number in the spaces provided. **Because the Form 700 is a public document, you may list your business/office address instead of your home address.**

Part 1. Office, Agency, or Court

- Enter the name of the office sought or held, or the agency or court. Consultants must enter the public agency name rather than their private firm's name. (Examples: State Assembly; Board of Supervisors; Office of the Mayor; Department of Finance; Hope County Superior Court).
- Indicate the name of your division, board, or district, if applicable. (Examples: Division of Waste Management; Board of Accountancy; District 45). **Do not use acronyms.**
- Enter your position title. (Examples: Director; Chief Counsel; City Council Member; Staff Services Analyst).
- If you hold multiple positions (i.e., a city council member who also is a member of a county board or commission) you may be required to file separate and distinct statements with each agency. To simplify your filing obligations, in some cases you may instead complete a single expanded statement and file it with each agency.
 - The rules and processes governing the filing of an expanded statement are set forth in Regulation 18723.1. To file an expanded statement for multiple positions, enter the name of each agency with which you are required to file and your position title with each agency in the space provided. **Do not use acronyms.** Attach an additional sheet if necessary. Complete one statement disclosing all reportable interests for all jurisdictions. Then file the expanded statement with each agency as directed by Regulation 18723.1(c).

If you assume or leave a position after a filing deadline, you must complete a separate statement. For example, a city council member who assumes a position with a county special district after the April annual filing deadline must file a separate assuming office statement. In subsequent years, the city council member may expand their annual filing to include both positions.

Example:

Brian Bourne is a city council member for the City of Lincoln and a board member for the Camp Far West Irrigation District – a multi-county agency that covers the Counties of Placer and Yuba. The City is located within Placer County. Brian may complete one expanded statement to disclose all reportable interests for both offices and list both positions on the Cover Page. Brian will file the expanded statement with each the City and the District as directed by Regulation 18723.1(c).

Part 2. Jurisdiction of Office

- Check the box indicating the jurisdiction of your agency and, if applicable, identify the jurisdiction. Judges, judicial candidates, and court commissioners have statewide jurisdiction. All other filers should review the Reference Pamphlet, page 14, to determine their jurisdiction.
- If your agency is a multi-county office, list each county in which your agency has jurisdiction.

- If your agency is not a state office, court, county office, city office, or multi-county office (e.g., school districts, special districts and JPAs), check the “other” box and enter the county or city in which the agency has jurisdiction.

Example:

This filer is a member of a water district board with jurisdiction in portions of Yuba and Sutter Counties.

1. Office, Agency, or Court	
Agency Name (Do not use acronyms) Feather River Irrigation District	
Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable N/A	Your Position Board Member
► If filing for multiple positions, list below or on an attachment. (Do not use acronyms)	
Agency: N/A	Position:
2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box)	
☐ State	☐ Judge or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)
☒ Multi-County Yuba & Sutter Counties	☐ County of
☐ City of	☐ Other

Part 3. Type of Statement

Check at least one box. The period covered by a statement is determined by the type of statement you are filing. If you are completing a 2025 annual statement, **do not** change the pre-printed dates to reflect 2026. Your annual statement is used for reporting the **previous year's** economic interests. Economic interests for your annual filing covering January 1, 2026, through December 31, 2026, will be disclosed on your statement filed in 2027. See Reference Pamphlet, page 4.

Combining Statements: Certain types of statements for the same position may be combined. For example, if you leave office after January 1, but before the deadline for filing your annual statement, you may combine your annual and leaving office statements. File by the earliest deadline. Consult your filing officer or the FPPC.

Part 4. Schedule Summary

- Complete the Schedule Summary after you have reviewed each schedule to determine if you have reportable interests.
- Enter the total number of completed pages including the cover page and either check the box for each schedule you use to disclose interests; **or** if you have nothing to disclose on any schedule, check the “No reportable interests” box. Please **do not** attach any blank schedules.

Part 5. Verification

Complete the verification by signing the statement and entering the date signed. Each statement must have an original “wet” signature unless filed with a secure electronic signature. (See page 4 above.) All statements must be signed under penalty of perjury and be verified by the filer pursuant to Government Code Section 81004. See Regulation 18723.1(c) for filing instructions for copies of expanded statements.

When you sign your statement, you are stating, under penalty of perjury, that it is true and correct. Only the filer has authority to sign the statement. An unsigned statement is not considered filed and you may be subject to late filing penalties.

SCHEDULE A-1

Investments

Stocks, Bonds, and Other Interests

(Ownership Interest is Less Than 10%)

Investments must be itemized.

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____
(Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____
(Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____
(Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____
(Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____
(Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____
(Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

Comments: _____

Instructions – Schedules A-1 and A-2 Investments

“Investment” means a financial interest in any business entity (including a consulting business or other independent contracting business) that is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or that has done business during the previous two years in your agency’s jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more at any time during the reporting period. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)

Reportable investments include:

- Stocks, bonds, warrants, and options, including those held in margin or brokerage accounts and managed investment funds (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)
- Sole proprietorships
- Your own business or your spouse’s or registered domestic partner’s business (See Reference Pamphlet, page 9, for the definition of “business entity.”)
- Your spouse’s or registered domestic partner’s investments even if they are legally separate property
- Partnerships (e.g., a law firm or family farm)
- Investments in reportable business entities held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16.)
- If you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and dependent children together had a 10% or greater ownership interest in a business entity or trust (including a living trust), you must disclose investments held by the business entity or trust. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 17, for more information on disclosing trusts.)
- Business trusts

You are not required to disclose:

- Government bonds, diversified mutual funds, certain funds similar to diversified mutual funds (such as exchange traded funds) and investments held in certain retirement accounts. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.) (Regulation 18237)
- Bank accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposits
- Cryptocurrency
- Insurance policies
- Annuities
- Commodities
- Shares in a credit union
- Government bonds (including municipal bonds)

Reminders

- Do you know your agency’s jurisdiction?
- Did you hold investments at any time during the period covered by this statement?
- Code filers – your disclosure categories may only require disclosure of specific investments.

- Retirement accounts invested in non-reportable interests (e.g., insurance policies, mutual funds, or government bonds) (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16.)
- Government defined-benefit pension plans (such as CalPERS and CalSTRS plans)
- Certain interests held in a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 17.)

Use Schedule A-1 to report ownership of less than 10% (e.g., stock). Schedule C (Income) may also be required if the investment is not a stock or corporate bond. (See second example below.)

Use Schedule A-2 to report ownership of 10% or greater (e.g., a sole proprietorship).

To Complete Schedule A-1:

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

- Disclose the name of the business entity. Do not use acronyms for the name of the business entity, unless it is one that is commonly understood by the public.
- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity (e.g., pharmaceuticals, computers, automobile manufacturing, or communications).
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your investment during the reporting period. If you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement, indicate the fair market value on the filing date or the date you took office, respectively. (See page 21 for more information.)
- Identify the nature of your investment (e.g., stocks, warrants, options, or bonds).
- An acquired or disposed of date is only required if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of the investment interest during the reporting period. The date of a stock dividend reinvestment or partial disposal is not required. Generally, these dates will not apply if you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement.

Examples:

Frank Byrd holds a state agency position. Frank’s conflict of interest code requires full disclosure of investments. Frank must disclose stock holdings of \$2,000 or more in any company that is located in or does business in California, as well as those stocks held by Frank’s spouse or registered domestic partner and dependent children.

Alice Lance is a city council member. Alice has a 4% interest, worth \$5,000, in a limited partnership located in the city. Alice must disclose the partnership on Schedule A-1 and income of \$500 or more received from the partnership on Schedule C.

SCHEDULE A-2
Investments, Income, and Assets
of Business Entities/Trusts
(Ownership Interest is 10% or Greater)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name _____

► 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	
Name _____	
Address (Business Address Acceptable) _____	
Check one Trust, go to 2 Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2	
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	
FAIR MARKET VALUE	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$0 - \$1,999	_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
\$2,000 - \$10,000	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
\$10,001 - \$100,000	
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
Over \$1,000,000	
NATURE OF INVESTMENT	
Partnership Sole Proprietorship	_____ Other
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION _____	

► 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)	
\$0 - \$499	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$500 - \$1,000	OVER \$100,000
\$1,001 - \$10,000	

► 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)	
None or Names listed below	

► 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	
Check one box:	
INVESTMENT	REAL PROPERTY
Name of Business Entity, if Investment, or Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property _____	
Description of Business Activity or City or Other Precise Location of Real Property _____	
FAIR MARKET VALUE	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$2,000 - \$10,000	_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
\$10,001 - \$100,000	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
Over \$1,000,000	
NATURE OF INTEREST	
Property Ownership/Deed of Trust	Stock Partnership
Leasehold _____	Other _____
Yrs. remaining	
Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached	

► 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	
Name _____	
Address (Business Address Acceptable) _____	
Check one Trust, go to 2 Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2	
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	
FAIR MARKET VALUE	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$0 - \$1,999	_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
\$2,000 - \$10,000	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
\$10,001 - \$100,000	
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
Over \$1,000,000	
NATURE OF INVESTMENT	
Partnership Sole Proprietorship	_____ Other
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION _____	

► 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)	
\$0 - \$499	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$500 - \$1,000	OVER \$100,000
\$1,001 - \$10,000	

► 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)	
None or Names listed below	

► 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	
Check one box:	
INVESTMENT	REAL PROPERTY
Name of Business Entity, if Investment, or Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property _____	
Description of Business Activity or City or Other Precise Location of Real Property _____	
FAIR MARKET VALUE	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$2,000 - \$10,000	_____/_____/25 _____/_____/25
\$10,001 - \$100,000	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	
Over \$1,000,000	
NATURE OF INTEREST	
Property Ownership/Deed of Trust	Stock Partnership
Leasehold _____	Other _____
Yrs. remaining	
Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached	

Comments: _____

Instructions – Schedule A-2

Investments, Income, and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

Use Schedule A-2 to report investments in a business entity (including a consulting business or other independent contracting business) or trust (including a living trust) in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and your dependent children, together or separately, had a 10% or greater interest, totaling \$2,000 or more, during the reporting period and which is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or which has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.) A trust located outside your agency's jurisdiction is reportable if it holds assets that are located in or doing business in the jurisdiction. Do not report a trust that contains non-reportable interests. For example, a trust containing only your personal residence not used in whole or in part as a business, your savings account, and some municipal bonds, is not reportable.

Also report on Schedule A-2 investments and real property held by that entity or trust if your pro rata share of the investment or real property interest was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period.

To Complete Schedule A-2:

Part 1. Disclose the name and address of the business entity or trust. If you are reporting an interest in a business entity, check "Business Entity" and complete the box as follows:

- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your investment during the reporting period.
- If you initially acquired or entirely disposed of this interest during the reporting period, enter the date acquired or disposed.
- Identify the nature of your investment.
- Disclose the job title or business position you held with the entity, if any (i.e., if you were a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or held any position of management). A business position held by your spouse is not reportable.

Part 2. Check the box indicating **your pro rata** share of the **gross** income received **by** the business entity or trust. This amount includes your pro rata share of the **gross** income **from** the business entity or trust, as well as your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes.

Part 3. Disclose the name of each source of income that is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or that has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction, as follows:

- Disclose each source of income and outstanding loan **to the business entity or trust** identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the **gross** income (including your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share) to the business entity or trust from that source was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12, for examples.) Income from governmental sources may be reportable if not considered salary. See Regulation 18232. Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.
- Disclose each individual or entity that was a source of commission income of \$10,000 or more during the reporting period through the business entity identified in Part 1. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 9.)

You may be required to disclose sources of income located outside your jurisdiction. For example, you may have a client who resides outside your jurisdiction who does business on a regular basis with you. Such a client, if a reportable source of \$10,000 or more, must be disclosed.

Mark "None" if you do not have any reportable \$10,000 sources of income to disclose. Phrases such as "various clients" or "not disclosing sources pursuant to attorney-client privilege" are not adequate disclosure. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15, for information on procedures to request an exemption from disclosing privileged information.)

Part 4. Report any investments or interests in real property held or leased **by the entity or trust** identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the interest held was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period. Attach additional schedules or use FPPC's Form 700 Excel spreadsheet if needed.

- Check the applicable box identifying the interest held as real property or an investment.
- If investment, provide the name and description of the business entity.
- If real property, report the precise location (e.g., an assessor's parcel number or address).
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your interest in the real property or investment during the reporting period. (Report the fair market value of the portion of your residence claimed as a tax deduction if you are utilizing your residence for business purposes.)
- Identify the nature of your interest.
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property or investment during the reporting period.

SCHEDULE B
Interests in Real Property
(Including Rental Income)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name _____

► ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS

CITY _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$2,000 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 / /25 / /25
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INTEREST

Ownership/Deed of Trust

Easement

Leasehold _____

Yrs. remaining

Other _____

IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED

\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000

SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.

None

► ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS

CITY _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$2,000 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 / /25 / /25
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INTEREST

Ownership/Deed of Trust

Easement

Leasehold _____

Yrs. remaining

Other _____

IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED

\$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000

SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.

None

* You are not required to report loans from a commercial lending institution made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:

NAME OF LENDER*

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER

INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)

_____% None

HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000

Guarantor, if applicable

NAME OF LENDER*

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER

INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)

_____% None

HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000

Guarantor, if applicable

Comments: _____

Instructions – Schedule B

Interests in Real Property

Report interests in real property located in your agency's jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more any time during the reporting period. Real property is also considered to be "within the jurisdiction" of a local government agency if the property or any part of it is located within two miles outside the boundaries of the jurisdiction or within two miles of any land owned or used by the local government agency. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)

Interests in real property include:

- An ownership interest (including a beneficial ownership interest)
- A deed of trust, easement, or option to acquire property
- A leasehold interest (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)
- A mining lease
- An interest in real property held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16.)
- An interest in real property held by a business entity or trust in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and your dependent children together had a 10% or greater ownership interest (Report on Schedule A-2.)
- Your spouse's or registered domestic partner's interests in real property that are legally held separately by him or her

You are not required to report:

- A residence, such as a home or vacation cabin, used exclusively as a personal residence (However, a residence in which you rent out a room or for which you claim a business deduction may be reportable. If reportable, report the fair market value of the portion claimed as a tax deduction.)
- Some interests in real property held through a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 17.)
 - **Please note:** A non-reportable property can still be grounds for a conflict of interest and may be disqualifying.

To Complete Schedule B:

- Report the precise location (e.g., an assessor's parcel number or address) of the real property.
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your interest in the property (regardless of what you owe on the property).
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property during the reporting period.
- Identify the nature of your interest. If it is a leasehold, disclose the number of years remaining on the lease.

Reminders

- Income and loans already reported on Schedule B are not also required to be reported on Schedule C.
- Real property already reported on Schedule A-2, Part 4 is not also required to be reported on Schedule B.
- Code filers – do your disclosure categories require disclosure of real property?

- If you received rental income, check the box indicating the gross amount you received.
- If you had a 10% or greater interest in real property and received rental income, list the name of the source(s) if your pro rata share of the gross income from any single tenant was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period. If you received a total of \$10,000 or more from two or more tenants acting in concert (in most cases, this will apply to married couples), disclose the first and last name of each tenant. Otherwise, mark "None."
- Loans from a private lender that total \$500 or more and are secured by real property may be reportable. **Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.**

When reporting a loan:

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Describe the lender's business activity.
- Disclose the interest rate and term of the loan. For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period. The term of a loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was established.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Identify a guarantor, if applicable.

If you have more than one reportable loan on a single piece of real property, report the additional loan(s) on Schedule C.

Example:

Allison Gande is a city planning commissioner. During the reporting period, Allison received rental income of \$12,000, from a single tenant who rented property owned in the city's jurisdiction. If Allison received \$6,000 each from two tenants, the tenants' names would not be required because no single tenant paid her \$10,000 or more. A married couple is considered a single tenant.

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS 4600 24th Street	
CITY Sacramento	
FAIR MARKET VALUE ☐ \$2,000 - \$10,000 ☐ \$10,001 - \$100,000 ☒ \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ☐ Over \$1,000,000	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: ____/____/XX ACQUIRED ____/____/XX DISPOSED
NATURE OF INTEREST ☐ Ownership/Deed of Trust ☐ Easement ☐ Leasehold Yrs. remaining: _____ Other: _____	
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED ☐ \$0 - \$499 ☐ \$500 - \$1,000 ☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000 ☒ \$10,001 - \$100,000 ☐ OVER \$100,000	
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more. ☐ None Henry Wells	
NAME OF LENDER* Sophia Petroillo	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) 2121 Blue Sky Parkway, Sacramento	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER Restaurant Owner	
INTEREST RATE 8 % ☐ None	TERM (Months/Years) 15 Years
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD ☐ \$500 - \$1,000 ☐ \$1,001 - \$10,000 ☒ \$10,001 - \$100,000 ☐ OVER \$100,000	
☐ Guarantor, if applicable	
Comments:	

CALIFORNIA FORM

700

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

CALIFORNIA FORM

700

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

► 1. INCOME RECEIVED

NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	
ADDRESS <i>(Business Address Acceptable)</i>	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$500 - \$1,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	No Income - Business Position Only \$1,001 - \$10,000 OVER \$100,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	
Salary	Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.)
Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use Schedule A-2.)	
Sale of _____ <i>(Real property, car, boat, etc.)</i>	
Loan repayment	
Commission or	Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more
<i>(Describe)</i>	
Other _____ <i>(Describe)</i>	

* You are not required to report loans from a commercial lending institution, or any indebtedness created as part of a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:

INTEREST RATE _____ TERM (Months/Years) _____

_____ % None _____

SECURITY FOR LOAN

None _____ Personal residence _____

Real Property _____
_____ *Street address*

_____ *City*

Guarantor _____

Other _____
(Describe)

FPPC Form 700 - Schedule C (2025/2026)
advice@fppc.ca.gov • 866-275-3772 • www.fppc.ca.gov
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Instructions – Schedule C

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Income Other Than Gifts and Travel Payments)

Reporting Income:

Report the source and amount of gross income of \$500 or more you received during the reporting period. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes and includes loans other than loans from a commercial lending institution. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.) You must also report the source of income to your spouse or registered domestic partner if your community property share was \$500 or more during the reporting period.

The source and income must be reported only if the source is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.) Reportable sources of income may be further limited by your disclosure category located in your agency's conflict of interest code.

Reporting Business Positions:

You must report your job title with each reportable business entity even if you received no income during the reporting period. Use the comments section to indicate that no income was received.

Commonly reportable income and loans include:

- Salary/wages, per diem, and reimbursement for expenses including travel payments provided by your employer
- Community property interest (50%) in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's income - **report the employer's name and all other required information**
- Income from investment interests, such as partnerships, reported on Schedule A-1
- Commission income not required to be reported on Schedule A-2 (See Reference Pamphlet, page 9.)
- Gross income from any sale, including the sale of a house or car (Report your pro rata share of the total sale price.)
- Rental income not required to be reported on Schedule B
- Prizes or awards not disclosed as gifts
- Payments received on loans you made to others
- An honorarium received prior to becoming a public official (See Reference Pamphlet, page 11.)
- Incentive compensation (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)

Reminders

- Code filers – your disclosure categories may not require disclosure of all sources of income.
- 87200 Filers – if reporting prospective employment, use attachment Form 700-P available on the FPPC's e-filing portal. Do not use Schedule C to report prospective employment.
- If you or your spouse or registered domestic partner are self-employed, report the business entity on Schedule A-2.
- Do not disclose on Schedule C income, loans, or business positions already reported on Schedules A-2 or B.

You are not required to report:

- Salary, reimbursement for expenses or per diem, or social security, disability, or other similar benefit payments received by you or your spouse or registered domestic partner from a federal, state, or local government agency.
- Stock dividends and income from the sale of stock unless the source can be identified.
- Income from a PERS retirement account.

(See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)

To Complete Schedule C:

Part 1. Income Received/Business Position Disclosure

- Disclose the name and address of each source of income or each business entity with which you held a business position.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the amount of gross income received.
- Identify the consideration for which the income was received.
- For income from commission sales, check the box indicating the gross income received and list the name of each source of commission income of \$10,000 or more. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 9.) **Note: If you receive commission income on a regular basis or have an ownership interest of 10% or more, you must disclose the business entity and the income on Schedule A-2.**
- Disclose the job title or business position, if any, that you held with the business entity, even if you did not receive income during the reporting period.

Part 2. Loans Received or Outstanding During the Reporting Period

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the lender is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Disclose the interest rate and the term of the loan.
 - For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period.
 - The term of the loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was entered into.
- Identify the security, if any, for the loan.

SCHEDULE D

Income – Gifts

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE <table><tr><th>DATE (mm/dd/yy)</th><th>VALUE</th><th>DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)</th></tr><tr><td> </td><td>\$ </td><td> </td></tr><tr><td> </td><td>\$ </td><td> </td></tr><tr><td> </td><td>\$ </td><td> </td></tr></table>	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)		\$			\$			\$		▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym) ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE <table><tr><th>DATE (mm/dd/yy)</th><th>VALUE</th><th>DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)</th></tr><tr><td> </td><td>\$ </td><td> </td></tr><tr><td> </td><td>\$ </td><td> </td></tr><tr><td> </td><td>\$ </td><td> </td></tr></table>	DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)		\$			\$			\$	
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Comments:

Instructions – Schedule D

Income – Gifts

A gift is anything of value for which you have not provided equal or greater consideration to the donor. A gift is reportable if its fair market value is \$50 or more. In addition, multiple gifts totaling \$50 or more received during the reporting period from a single source must be reported.

It is the acceptance of a gift, not the ultimate use to which it is put, that imposes your reporting obligation. Except as noted below, you must report a gift even if you never used it or if you gave it away to another person.

If the exact amount of a gift is unknown, you must make a good faith estimate of the item's fair market value. Listing the value of a gift as "over \$50" or "value unknown" is not adequate disclosure. In addition, if you received a gift through an intermediary, you must disclose the name, address, and business activity of both the donor and the intermediary. You may indicate an intermediary either in the "source" field after the name or in the "comments" section at the bottom of Schedule D.

Commonly reportable gifts include:

- Tickets/passes to sporting or entertainment events
- Tickets/passes to amusement parks
- Parking passes not used for official agency business
- Food, beverages, and accommodations, including those provided in direct connection with your attendance at a convention, conference, meeting, social event, meal, or like gathering
- Rebates/discounts not made in the regular course of business to members of the public without regard to official status
- Wedding gifts (See Reference Pamphlet, page 17)
- An honorarium received prior to assuming office (You may report an honorarium as income on Schedule C, rather than as a gift on Schedule D, if you provided services of equal or greater value than the payment received. See Reference Pamphlet, page 11.)
- Transportation and lodging (See Schedule E.)
- Forgiveness of a loan received by you

Reminders

- Gifts from a single source are subject to a \$630 limit for calendar years 2025 and 2026. The gift limit in calendar year 2024 was \$590. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 11.)
- Code filers – you only need to report gifts from reportable sources.

You are not required to disclose:

- Gifts that were not used and that, within 30 days after receipt, were returned to the donor or delivered to a charitable organization or government agency without being claimed by you as a charitable contribution for tax purposes
- Gifts from your spouse or registered domestic partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, and certain other family members (See Regulation 18942 for a complete list.). The exception does not apply if the donor was acting as an agent or intermediary for a reportable source who was the true donor.
- Gifts of similar value exchanged between you and an individual, other than a lobbyist registered to lobby your state agency, on holidays, birthdays, or similar occasions
- Gifts of informational material provided to assist you in the performance of your official duties (e.g., books, pamphlets, reports, calendars, periodicals, or educational seminars)
- A monetary bequest or inheritance (However, inherited investments or real property may be reportable on other schedules.)
- Personalized plaques or trophies with an individual value of less than \$250
- Campaign contributions
- Up to two tickets, for your own use, to attend a fundraiser for a campaign committee or candidate, or to a fundraiser for an organization exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The ticket must be received from the organization or committee holding the fundraiser.
- Gifts given to members of your immediate family if the source has an established relationship with the family member and there is no evidence to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you. (See Regulation 18943.)
- Free admission, food, and nominal items (such as a pen, pencil, mouse pad, note pad or similar item) available to all attendees, at the event at which the official makes a speech (as defined in Regulation 18950(b)(2)), so long as the admission is provided by the person who organizes the event.
- Any other payment not identified above, that would otherwise meet the definition of gift, where the payment is made by an individual who is not a lobbyist registered to lobby the official's state agency, where it is clear that the gift was made because of an existing personal or business relationship unrelated to the official's position and there is no evidence whatsoever at the time the gift is made to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you.

To Complete Schedule D:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym), address, and, if a business entity, the business activity of the source.
- Provide the date (month, day, and year) of receipt, and disclose the fair market value and description of the gift.

SCHEDULE E
Income – Gifts
Travel Payments, Advances,
and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name _____

- Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the “501(c)(3)” box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization or the “Speech” box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. Per Government Code Section 89506, these payments may not be subject to the gift limit. However, they may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.
- For gifts of travel, provide the travel destination.

▶ NAME OF SOURCE <i>(Not an Acronym)</i>
ADDRESS <i>(Business Address Acceptable)</i>
CITY AND STATE
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$_____ <i>(If gift)</i>
▶ MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description _____
▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination _____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE <i>(Not an Acronym)</i>
ADDRESS <i>(Business Address Acceptable)</i>
CITY AND STATE
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$_____ <i>(If gift)</i>
▶ MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description _____
▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination _____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE <i>(Not an Acronym)</i>
ADDRESS <i>(Business Address Acceptable)</i>
CITY AND STATE
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$_____ <i>(If gift)</i>
▶ MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description _____
▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination _____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE <i>(Not an Acronym)</i>
ADDRESS <i>(Business Address Acceptable)</i>
CITY AND STATE
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$_____ <i>(If gift)</i>
▶ MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description _____
▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination _____

Comments: _____

Instructions – Schedule E

Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

Travel payments reportable on Schedule E include advances and reimbursements for travel and related expenses, including lodging and meals.

Gifts of travel may be subject to the gift limit. In addition, certain travel payments are reportable gifts, but are not subject to the gift limit. To avoid possible misinterpretation or the perception that you have received a gift in excess of the gift limit, you may wish to provide a specific description of the purpose of your travel. (See the FPPC fact sheet entitled "Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel, and Loans" to read about travel payments under section 89506(a).)

You are not required to disclose:

- Travel payments received from any state, local, or federal government agency for which you provided services equal or greater in value than the payments received, such as reimbursement for travel on agency business from your government agency employer.
- A payment for travel from another local, state, or federal government agency and related per diem expenses when the travel is for education, training or other inter-agency programs or purposes.
- Travel payments received from your employer in the normal course of your employment that are included in the income reported on Schedule C.
- A travel payment that was received from a nonprofit entity exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) for which you provided equal or greater consideration, such as reimbursement for travel on business for a 501(c)(3) organization for which you are a board member.

Note: Certain travel payments may not be reportable if reported via email on Form 801 by your agency.

To Complete Schedule E:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym) and address of the source of the travel payment.
- Identify the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box to identify the payment as a gift or income, report the amount, and disclose the date(s).
 - **Travel payments are gifts** if you did not provide services that were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose gifts totaling \$500 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement.

When reporting travel payments that are gifts, you must provide a description of the gift, the **date(s)** received, and the **travel destination**.

- **Travel payments are income** if you provided services that were equal to or greater in value than the

payments received. You must disclose income totaling \$500 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement. You have the burden of proving the payments are income rather than gifts. When reporting travel payments as income, you must describe the services you provided in exchange for the payment. You are not required to disclose the date(s) for travel payments that are income.

Example:

City council member MaryClaire Chandler is the chair of a 501(c)(6) trade association, and the association pays for MaryClaire's travel to attend its meetings. Because MaryClaire is deemed to be providing equal or greater consideration for the travel payment by virtue of serving on the board, this payment may be reported as income. Payments for MaryClaire to attend other events for which they are not providing services are likely considered gifts.

Note that the same payment from a 501(c)(3) would NOT be reportable.

Example:

Mayor Kim travels to China on a trip organized by China Silicon Valley Business Development, a California nonprofit, 501(c)(6) organization. The Chengdu Municipal People's Government pays for Mayor Kim's airfare and travel costs, as well as meals and lodging during the trip. The trip's agenda shows that the trip's purpose is to promote job creation and economic activity in China and in Silicon Valley, so the trip is reasonably related to a governmental purpose.

Thus, Mayor Kim must report the gift of travel, but the gift is exempt from the gift limit. In this case, the travel payments are not subject to the gift limit because the source is a foreign government and because the travel is reasonably related to a governmental purpose. (Section 89506(a)(2).) Note that Mayor Kim could be disqualified from participating in or making decisions about The Chengdu Municipal People's Government for 12 months. Also note that if China Silicon Valley Business Development (a 501(c)(6) organization) paid for the travel costs rather than the governmental organization, the payments would be subject to the gift limits. (See the FPPC fact sheet, Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel and Loans, at www.fppc.ca.gov.)

▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
Health Services Trade Association	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
1230 K Street, Suite 610	
CITY AND STATE	
Sacramento, CA	
☐ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
Association of Healthcare Workers	
DATE(S):	AMT: \$ 550.00
(If gift)	
▶ MUST CHECK ONE: ☐ Gift -or- ☒ Income	
☐ Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	
☒ Other - Provide Description Travel reimbursement for board meeting.	
▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination	

▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	
Chengdu Municipal People's Government	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
2 Caoshi St. CaoShiJie, Qingyang Qu, Chengdu Shi,	
CITY AND STATE	
Sichuan Sheng, China, 610000	
☐ 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
DATE(S):	AMT: \$ 3,874.38
(If gift)	
▶ MUST CHECK ONE: ☒ Gift -or- ☐ Income	
☐ Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	
☒ Other - Provide Description Travel reimbursement for trip to China.	
▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination	
Sichuan Sheng, China	

Restrictions and Prohibitions

The Political Reform Act (Gov. Code Sections 81000-91014) requires most state and local government officials and employees to publicly disclose their economic interests including personal assets and income. The Act's conflict of interest provisions also disqualify a public official from taking part in a governmental decision if it is reasonably foreseeable that the decision will have a material financial effect on these economic interests as well as the official's personal finances and those of immediate family. (Gov. Code Sections 87100 and 87103.) The Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC) is the state agency responsible for issuing the attached Statement of Economic Interests, Form 700, and for interpreting the Act's provisions.

Gift Prohibition

Gifts received by most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are subject to a limit. In 2025-2026, the gift limit increased to \$630 from a single source during a calendar year. The gift limit in calendar year 2024 was \$590.

Additionally, state officials, state candidates, and certain state employees are subject to a \$10 limit per calendar month on gifts from lobbyists and lobbying firms registered with the Secretary of State. See Reference Pamphlet, page 11.

State and local officials and employees should check with their agency to determine if other restrictions apply.

Disqualification

Public officials are, under certain circumstances, required to disqualify themselves from making, participating in, or attempting to influence governmental decisions that will affect their economic interests. This may include interests they are not required to disclose. For example, a personal residence is often not reportable, but may be grounds for disqualification. Specific disqualification requirements apply to 87200 filers (e.g., city councilmembers, members of boards of supervisors, planning commissioners, etc.). These officials must publicly identify the economic interest that creates a conflict of interest and leave the room before a discussion or vote takes place at a public meeting. For more information, consult Government Code Section 87105, Regulation 18707, and the Guide to Recognizing Conflicts of Interest page at www.fppc.ca.gov.

Honorarium Ban

Most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are prohibited from accepting an honorarium for any speech given, article published, or attendance at a conference, convention, meeting, or like gathering. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 11.)

Loan Restrictions

Certain state and local officials are subject to restrictions on loans. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)

Post-Governmental Employment

There are restrictions on representing clients or employers before former agencies. The provisions apply to elected state officials, most state employees, local elected officials, county chief administrative officers, city managers, including the chief administrator of a city, and general managers or chief administrators of local special districts and JPAs. The FPPC website has fact sheets explaining the provisions.

Late Filing

The filing officer who retains originally-signed or electronically filed statements of economic interests may impose on an individual a fine for any statement that is filed late. The fine is \$10 per day up to a maximum of \$100. Late filing penalties may be reduced or waived under certain circumstances.

Persons who fail to timely file their Form 700 may be referred to the FPPC's Enforcement Division (and, in some cases, to the Attorney General or district attorney) for investigation and possible prosecution. In addition to the late filing penalties, a fine of up to \$5,000 per violation may be imposed.

For assistance concerning reporting, prohibitions, and restrictions under the Act:

- Email questions to advice@fppc.ca.gov.
- Call the FPPC toll-free at (866) 275-3772.

Form 700 is a Public Document Public Access Must Be Provided

Statements of Economic Interests are public documents. The filing officer must permit any member of the public to inspect and receive a copy of any statement.

- Statements must be available as soon as possible during the agency's regular business hours, but in any event not later than the second business day after the statement is received. Access to the Form 700 is not subject to the Public Records Act procedures.
- No conditions may be placed on persons seeking access to the forms.
- No information or identification may be required from persons seeking access.
- Reproduction fees of no more than 10 cents per page may be charged.

Questions and Answers

General

- Q. What is the reporting period for disclosing interests on an assuming office statement or a candidate statement?
- A. On an assuming office statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you assumed office. In addition, you must disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed office.

On a candidate statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you file your declaration of candidacy. You must also disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you file your declaration of candidacy.

- Q. I hold two other board positions in addition to my position with the county. Must I file three statements of economic interests?
- A. Yes, three are required. However, you may instead complete an expanded statement listing the county and the two boards on the Cover Page or an attachment as the agencies for which you will be filing. Disclose all reportable economic interests in all three jurisdictions on the expanded statement. File the expanded statement for your primary position providing an original “wet” signature unless filed with a secure electronic signature. (See page 4 above.) File copies of the expanded statement with the other two agencies as required by Regulation 18723.1(c). Remember to complete separate statements for positions that you leave or assume during the year.
- Q. I am a department head who recently began acting as city manager. Should I file as the city manager?
- A. Yes. File an assuming office statement as city manager. Persons serving as “acting,” “interim,” or “alternate” must file as if they hold the position because they are or may be performing the duties of the position.

- Q. My spouse and I are currently separated and in the process of obtaining a divorce. Must I still report my spouse’s income, investments, and interests in real property?
- A. Yes. A public official must continue to report a spouse’s economic interests until such time as dissolution of marriage proceedings is final. However, if a separate property agreement has been reached prior to that time, your estranged spouse’s income may not have to be reported. Contact the FPPC for more information.
- Q. As a designated employee, I left one state agency to work for another state agency. Must I file a leaving office statement?
- A. Yes. You may also need to file an assuming office statement for the new agency.

Investment Disclosure

- Q. I have an investment interest in shares of stock in a company that does not have an office in my jurisdiction. Must I still disclose my investment interest in this company?
- A. Probably. The definition of “doing business in the jurisdiction” is not limited to whether the business has an office or physical location in your jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)
- Q. My spouse and I have a living trust. The trust holds rental property in my jurisdiction, our primary residence, and investments in diversified mutual funds. I have full disclosure. How is this trust disclosed?
- A. Disclose the name of the trust, the rental property and its income on Schedule A-2. Your primary residence and investments in diversified mutual funds registered with the SEC are not reportable.
- Q. I am required to report all investments. I have an IRA that contains stocks through an account managed by a brokerage firm. Must I disclose these stocks even though they are held in an IRA and I did not decide which stocks to purchase?
- A. Yes. Disclose on Schedule A-1 or A-2 any stock worth \$2,000 or more in a business entity located in or doing business in your jurisdiction.

Questions and Answers Continued

- Q. The value of my stock changed during the reporting period. How do I report the value of the stock?
- A. You are required to report the highest value that the stock reached during the reporting period. You may use your monthly statements to determine the highest value. You may also use the entity's website to determine the highest value. You are encouraged to keep a record of where you found the reported value. Note that for an assuming office statement, you must report the value of the stock on the date you assumed office.
- Q. I am the sole owner of my business, an S-Corporation. I believe that the nature of the business is such that it cannot be said to have any "fair market value" because it has no assets. I operate the corporation under an agreement with a large insurance company. My contract does not have resale value because of its nature as a personal services contract. Must I report the fair market value for my business on Schedule A-2 of the Form 700?
- A. Yes. Even if there are no *tangible* assets, intangible assets, such as relationships with companies and clients are commonly sold to qualified professionals. The "fair market value" is often quantified for other purposes, such as marital dissolutions or estate planning. In addition, the IRS presumes that "personal services corporations" have a fair market value. A professional "book of business" and the associated goodwill that generates income are not without a determinable value. The Form 700 does not require a precise fair market value; it is only necessary to check a box indicating the broad range within which the value falls.
- Q. I own stock in IBM and must report this investment on Schedule A-1. I initially purchased this stock in the early 1990s; however, I am constantly buying and selling shares. Must I note these dates in the "Acquired" and "Disposed" fields?
- A. No. You must only report dates in the "Acquired" or "Disposed" fields when, during the reporting period, you initially purchase a reportable investment worth \$2,000 or more or when you dispose of the entire investment. You are not required to track the partial trading of an investment.
- Q. On last year's filing I reported stock in Encoe valued at \$2,000 - \$10,000. Late last year the value of this stock fell below and remains at less than \$2,000. How should this be reported on this year's statement?
- A. You are not required to report an investment if the value was less than \$2,000 during the **entire** reporting period. However, because a disposed date is not required for stocks that fall below \$2,000, you may want to report the stock and note in the "comments" section that the value fell below \$2,000. This would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.
- Q. We have a Section 529 account set up to save money for our son's college education. Is this reportable?
- A. If the Section 529 account contains reportable interests (e.g., common stock valued at \$2,000 or more), those interests are reportable (not the actual Section 529 account). If the account contains solely mutual funds, then nothing is reported.

Income Disclosure

- Q. I reported a business entity on Schedule A-2. Clients of my business are located in several states. Must I report all clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2, Part 3?
- A. No, only the clients located in or doing business on a regular basis in your jurisdiction must be disclosed.
- Q. I believe I am not required to disclose the names of clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2 because of their right to privacy. Is there an exception for reporting clients' names?
- A. Regulation 18740 provides a procedure for requesting an exemption to allow a client's name not to be disclosed if disclosure of the name would violate a legally recognized privilege under California or Federal law. This regulation may be obtained from our website at www.fppc.ca.gov. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)

Questions and Answers

Continued

Q. I am sole owner of a private law practice that is not reportable based on my limited disclosure category. However, some of the sources of income to my law practice are from reportable sources. Do I have to disclose this income?

A. Yes, even though the law practice is not reportable, reportable sources of income to the law practice of \$10,000 or more must be disclosed. This information would be disclosed on Schedule C with a note in the "comments" section indicating that the business entity is not a reportable investment. The note would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.

Q. I am the sole owner of my business. Where do I disclose my income - on Schedule A-2 or Schedule C?

A. Sources of income to a business in which you have an ownership interest of 10% or greater are disclosed on Schedule A-2. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 9.)

Q. My spouse is a partner in a four-person firm where all of their business is based on their own billings and collections from various clients. How do I report my community property interest in this business and the income generated in this manner?

A. If your spouse's investment in the firm is 10% or greater, disclose 100% of your spouse's share of the business on Schedule A-2, Part 1 and 50% of your spouse's income on Schedule A-2, Parts 2 and 3. For example, a client of your spouse's must be a source of at least \$20,000 during the reporting period before the client's name is reported.

Q. How do I disclose my spouse's or registered domestic partner's salary?

A. Report the name of the employer as a source of income on Schedule C.

Q. I am a doctor. For purposes of reporting \$10,000 sources of income on Schedule A-2, Part 3, are the patients or their insurance carriers considered sources of income?

A. If your patients exercise sufficient control by selecting you instead of other doctors, then your patients, rather than their insurance carriers, are sources of income to you. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)

Q. I received a loan from my grandfather to purchase my home. Is this loan reportable?

A. No. Loans received from family members are not reportable.

Q. Many years ago, I loaned my parents several thousand dollars, which they paid back this year. Do I need to report this loan repayment on my Form 700?

A. No. Payments received on a loan made to a family member are not reportable.

Real Property Disclosure

Q. During this reporting period we switched our principal place of residence into a rental. I have full disclosure and the property is located in my agency's jurisdiction, so it is now reportable. Because I have not reported this property before, do I need to show an "acquired" date?

A. No, you are not required to show an "acquired" date because you previously owned the property. However, you may want to note in the "comments" section that the property was not previously reported because it was used exclusively as your residence. This would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.

Q. I am a city manager, and I own a rental property located in an adjacent city, but one mile from the city limit. Do I need to report this property interest?

A. Yes. You are required to report this property because it is located within 2 miles of the boundaries of the city you manage.

Q. Must I report a home that I own as a personal residence for my daughter?

A. You are not required to disclose a home used as a personal residence for a family member unless you receive income from it, such as rental income.

Q. I am a co-signer on a loan for a rental property owned by a friend. Since I am listed on the deed of trust, do I need to report my friend's property as an interest in real property on my Form 700?

A. No. Simply being a co-signer on a loan for property does not create a reportable interest in that real property.

Questions and Answers Continued

Gift Disclosure

- Q. If I received a reportable gift of two tickets to a concert valued at \$100 each, but gave the tickets to a friend because I could not attend the concert, do I have any reporting obligations?
- A. Yes. Since you accepted the gift and exercised discretion and control of the use of the tickets, you must disclose the gift on Schedule D.
- Q. Julia and Jared Benson, a married couple, want to give a piece of artwork to a county supervisor. Is each spouse considered a separate source for purposes of the gift limit and disclosure?
- A. Yes, each spouse may make a gift valued at the gift limit during a calendar year. For example, during 2025 the gift limit was \$630, so the Bensons may have given the supervisor artwork valued at no more than \$1,260. The supervisor must identify Jared and Julia Benson as the sources of the gift.
- Q. I am a Form 700 filer with full disclosure. Our agency holds a holiday raffle to raise funds for a local charity. I bought \$10 worth of raffle tickets and won a gift basket valued at \$120. The gift basket was donated by Doug Brewer, a citizen in our city. At the same event, I bought raffle tickets for, and won a quilt valued at \$70. The quilt was donated by a coworker. Are these reportable gifts?
- A. Because the gift basket was donated by an outside source (not an agency employee), you have received a reportable gift valued at \$110 (the value of the basket less the consideration paid). The source of the gift is Doug Brewer and the agency is disclosed as the intermediary. Because the quilt was donated by an employee of your agency, it is not a reportable gift.
- Q. My agency is responsible for disbursing grants. An applicant (501(c)(3) organization) met with agency employees to present its application. At this meeting, the applicant provided food and beverages. Would the food and beverages be considered gifts to the employees? These employees are designated in our agency's conflict of interest code and the applicant is a reportable source of income under the code.
- A. Yes. If the value of the food and beverages consumed by any one filer, plus any other gifts received from the same source during the reporting period total \$50 or more, the food and beverages would be reported using the fair market value and would be subject to the gift limit.
- Q. I received free admission to an educational conference related to my official duties. Part of the conference fees included a round of golf. Is the value of the golf considered informational material?
- A. No. The value of personal benefits, such as golf, attendance at a concert, or sporting event, are gifts subject to reporting and limits.



PLANNING COMMISSION

The below listed summary of seats, term expirations and membership information shall serve as notice of vacancies, upcoming term expirations, and information on currently held seats, appointed by the Board of Supervisors. Appointments by other bodies are listed, if available.

Seat numbers listed as "VACANT" are open for immediate appointment. However, you are able to submit applications for all seats and your application will be maintained for one year, in the event that an unexpected vacancy or opening occurs.

Membership and Seat Qualifications

Seat #	Appointing Authority	Seat Holder	Term Ending	Qualification
1	BOS	Maria Theresa Imperial	7/1/28	Nominated by the President of the Board of Supervisors; subject to the approval of the Board of Supervisors. Term: 4-years
2	BOS	Kathrin Moore	7/1/26	
3	BOS	Gilbert Williams	7/1/26	
4	Mayor	Sean McGarry	7/1/28	Nominated by the Mayor; subject to the approval of the Board of Supervisors. Term: 4-years
5	Mayor	Lydia So	6/30/26	
6	Mayor	Amy Campbell	7/1/28	
7	Mayor	Derek Braun	6/30/26	

Each nomination made by the President of the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor is subject to approval by the Board of Supervisors and subject to a public hearing and vote within 60 days. If the Board fails to act on the nomination within 60 days of the date the nomination is transmitted to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, the nominee shall be deemed approved.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS (BOS) APPLICATION FORMS AVAILABLE HERE

- English - https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application.pdf
- 中文 - https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_CHI.pdf
- Español - https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_SPA.pdf
- Filipino - https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_FIL.pdf

(For seats appointed by other Authorities please contact the Board / Commission / Committee / Task Force (see below) or the appointing authority directly.)

FORM 700 FILING REQUIREMENT

Pursuant to the Board of Supervisors Rules of Order all applicants applying for this body must complete and submit, with their application, a copy (**not original**) of a Statement of Economic Interests (Form 700). Applications will not be considered if a copy of Form 700 is not received.

FORM 700 AVAILABLE HERE (Required)

<https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html>

THE APPLICATION PROCESS

Please Note: Depending upon the posting date, a vacancy may have already been filled. To determine if a vacancy for this Commission is still available, or if you require additional information, please call the Rules Committee Clerk at (415) 554-5184.

Next Steps: Applicants who meet minimum qualifications will be contacted by the Rules Committee Clerk once the Rules Committee Chair determines the date of the hearing. Members of the Rules Committee will consider the appointment(s) at the meeting and applicant(s) may be asked to state their qualifications. The appointment of the individual(s) who is recommended by the Rules Committee will be forwarded to the Board of Supervisors for final approval.

The Planning Commission consists of seven (7) voting members.

The President of the Board of Supervisors shall nominate three (3) members to the commission.

The Mayor shall nominate four (4) members to the commission.

Each nomination of the President of the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor is subject to the approval of the Board of Supervisors, and shall be the subject of a public hearing and vote within 60 days. If the Board fails to act on the nomination within 60 days of the date the nomination is transmitted to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, the nominee shall be deemed approved.

The mission of the City Planning Department is to guide the orderly and prudent use of land, in both the natural and built environment, with the purpose of improving the quality of life and embracing the diverse perspectives of those who live in, work in, and visit San Francisco. The Commission shall periodically recommend to the Board of Supervisors for approval or rejection proposed amendments to the General Plan.

Report: The Commission shall periodically recommend to the Board of Supervisors for approval or rejection proposed amendments to the General Plan.

Holdover Limit: Holdover tenure of commissioners is limited to 60 days after their terms expire. (Charter § 4.101.5.)

Authority: Charter Section 4.105 (Prop D; March 5, 2002 Election)

Sunset Date: None

Contact: Jonas Ionin, Secretary
Planning Commission
1650 Mission Street, Suite 400
San Francisco, CA 94103
(415) 558-6309
jonas.ionin@sfgov.org

Updated: December 22, 2025



Gender Analysis of
San Francisco Commissions and Boards
2023



London N. Breed
Mayor

City and County of San Francisco
Department on the Status of Women



Dear Honorable Mayor London Breed and Board of Supervisors:

Please find attached the 2023 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards Report. We are pleased to share that under Mayor Breed's leadership, the representation of women, people of color, and women of color in policy bodies continues to increase.

The Department wishes to emphasize three areas of consideration for future reports.

These areas were identified as key opportunities to increase response rates from sitting members, expand efforts to ensure most members identify with the categories presented in the survey questions and deepen insights into the diversity of our policy bodies.

First, integrating the survey for this report with the Form 700 process could enhance participation efforts. Coordination between the Department, the San Francisco Ethics Commission, and the Director of Boards and Commissions could develop a more systematic approach to data collection and establish a centralized data repository for crucial demographic information.

Second, the Department recommends a more unified and expansive approach to addressing race and ethnicity in surveys. This approach should include groups that the U.S. Census Bureau's current racial classifications overlook. For example, the Census presently directs individuals of Middle Eastern or North African origin to identify as White. However, by offering more nuanced racial and ethnic categories, members can see their identities better represented, and an additional understanding of member diversity can be gained. Revising categories to include a broader range of sexual orientations could similarly enhance our insights.

Third, this survey offers a unique opportunity to illuminate potential barriers to service on policy bodies by expanding the survey questions and, for example, collecting information about policy board members' socioeconomic status and whether they have dependents. Such questions may provide additional information about likely factors that prevent more diverse policy bodies. These three areas of consideration offer pathways to advance the Department's charge in assessing the diversity of the City's Commissions and Boards.

That said, this 2023 report offers important insights into the current make-up and diversity of San Francisco's policy bodies. Overall, policy bodies have a larger percentage of women, members of the LGBTQIA+ community, and veterans than the general San Francisco population. The rate of women of color and people with disabilities appointed to policy bodies is nearly equal to the general population. Fiscal year 2022-2023 saw the highest representation of women on policy bodies since the Department on the Status of Women started collecting data in 2009. Women of color have the highest representation of appointees to date.

Black and African American women and men are notably well-represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women are nine percent of appointees compared to two

percent of the general San Francisco population. Black men are five percent of appointees compared to three percent of the general San Francisco population. Additionally, almost 1-in-4 appointees who responded to the survey question identify as same-gender loving, bisexual, or some other sexual orientation than heterosexual.

While San Francisco continues to make strides in diversity, there is still work to do to achieve parity of representation for Latinx and Asian groups in appointed positions overall, as well as people of color and women of color on commissions overseeing the largest budgets. The Department applauds Mayor Breed for remaining committed to diversifying policy body appointments across all diverse categories, including for positions of influence and authority.

Thank you to the Department staff who worked on this report and to members of the Commission on the Status of Women for their ongoing advocacy for intersectional gender equity efforts.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kim Ellis", with a stylized flourish at the end.

Kimberly Ellis, J.D.
Director of the Department on the Status of Women

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Executive Summary

In 2008, San Francisco voters approved a City Charter Amendment (section 4.101) establishing as City policy for the membership of Commissions and Boards to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population and appointing officials to be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates. Additionally, it requires the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2023 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards Report (2023 Gender Analysis Report) evaluates the representation of the following groups across appointments to San Francisco policy bodies:

- Women
- People of color
- Sexual orientation and gender identity
- People with disabilities
- Veterans

The report includes policy bodies such as task forces, committees, and Advisory Bodies, in addition to Commissions and Boards.

This year, data was collected from 99 policy bodies and a total of 685 members, generally appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors. The policy bodies surveyed for the 2023 Gender Analysis Report fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney¹. The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory functions whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The report comprehensively examines policy bodies and appointees, considering them as a whole and separately by the two categories.

Several changes were made to the survey questions for the 2023 Gender Analysis Report. Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity (SOGI) categories were aligned with the latest classifications used by the Office of Transgender Initiatives. The classification of veteran status was reverted to its 2019 form to include only individuals who have served in the military and armed forces.

The overall number of policy bodies that submitted data increased compared to 2021 and the total number of individual members who participated in the survey was almost double those in 2021.

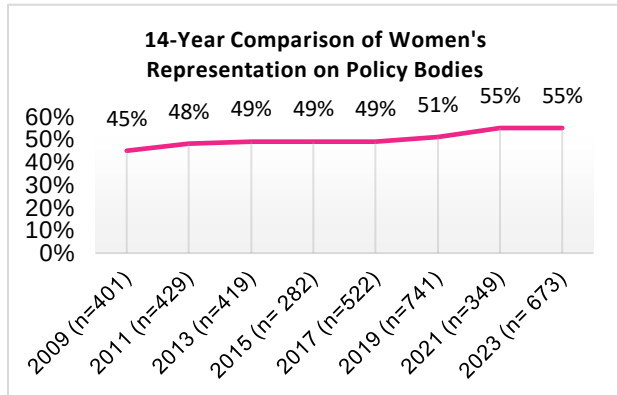
¹ San Francisco Administrative Code 4.101

https://codelibrary.amlegal.com/codes/san_francisco/latest/sf_charter/0-0-0-52865

Key Findings

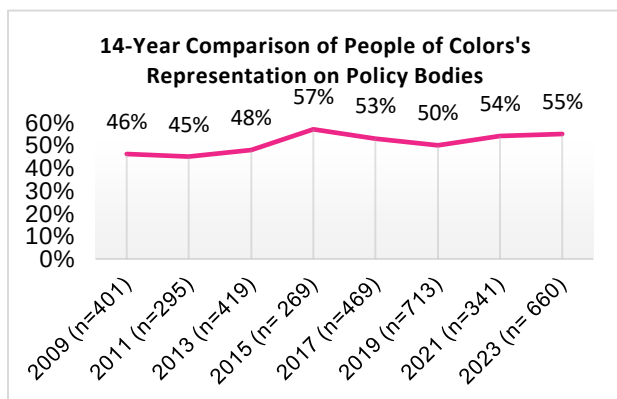
Gender

- Women's representation on policy bodies is 55%, above parity with the San Francisco female population of 49%.
- 2023 saw no change in the overall representation of women since our 2021 report.



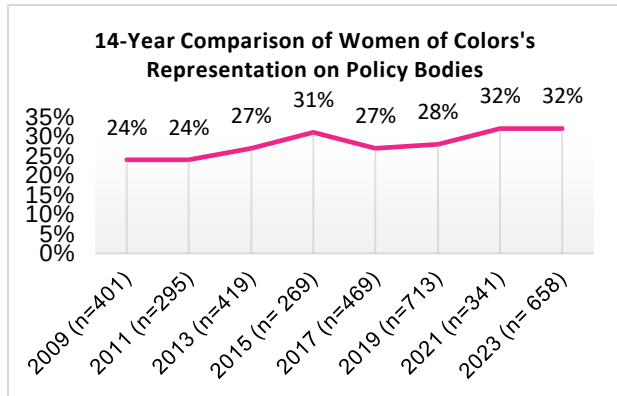
Race and Ethnicity

- The representation of people of color on policy bodies is 55%. Comparatively, in San Francisco, 62% of the population are people of color.
- The overall representation of people of color has increased by one percent since our 2021 report, however, this is still below the 57% reported in 2015.
- As found in previous reports, Latinx and Asian groups are underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies as compared to the population. Latinx individuals are 16% of the population but make up only 8% of appointees. Asian individuals are 31% of the population but make up only 20% of appointees, a marked decrease from the 26% share in our previous report. Some of this decrease can be attributed to an increased rate of those reporting "Two or More Races" and the inclusion of an "Other" category for the Race/Ethnicity question.



Race and Ethnicity by Gender

- On the whole, women of color are 32% of the San Francisco population and 32% of appointees. This is the same as our previous report but represents a large increase from the pre-pandemic period.
- Meanwhile, men of color are underrepresented at 23% of appointees compared to 33% of the San Francisco population.



- Both White women and men are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies. White women are 23% of appointees compared to 17% of the San Francisco population. White men are 22% of appointees compared to 20% of the population.
- Black and African American women and men are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women comprise nine percent of appointees compared to two percent of the population, and Black men comprise five percent of appointees compared to three percent of the population.
- Latinx men and women are underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies. Latinx women are eight percent of the San Francisco population but five percent of appointees, and Latinx men are seven percent of the population but three percent of appointees.
- Asian men and women are also underrepresented on San Francisco policy boards. Asian women are 18% of the San Francisco population but 12% of appointees, and Asian men are 16% of the population but eight percent of appointees.

Additional Demographics

- 76% of appointees identified as straight/heterosexual, 16% identified as gay/lesbian/same gender loving, six percent of respondents identified as bisexual, and two percent as some other sexual orientation.
- 11% identified as having one or more disabilities, which is just at parity of the 11% of the adult population with a disability status in San Francisco.
- Four percent of respondents said they have served in the military, representative of the four percent of San Franciscans who have served.

Proxies for Influence: Budget and Authority

- Although women are just over half of all appointees (55%), they have a higher representation in those Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets (63%) while women of color are underrepresented in these same boards.
- Although still underrepresented relative to the San Francisco population, there is a larger percentage of people of color on Commissions and Boards with the smallest budgets, and to a lesser degree, boards with the largest budgets.
- The percentage of total women is slightly larger on Advisory Bodies than Commissions and Boards. Women are 58% of appointees on Advisory Bodies and 56% of appointees on Commissions and Boards.

Demographics of Respondents Compared to the San Francisco Population

	Women	People of Color	Women of Color	LGBTQIA+	Disability Status	Veteran Status
San Francisco Population	48%	66%	33%	5%-15%	11%	3%
Total Appointees	55%	55%	32%	24%	11%	4%
10 Largest Budgeted Commissions and Boards	63%	58%	36%	8%	-	-
10 Smallest Budgeted Commissions and Boards	57%	64%	41%	3%	-	-
Commissions and Boards	56%	55%	33%	26%	8%	4%
Advisory Bodies	58%	53%	33%	27%	18%	4%

I. Introduction

Inspired by the fourth U.N. World Conference on Women in Beijing, San Francisco became the first city in the world to adopt a local ordinance reflecting the principles of the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW), an international bill of rights for women. The CEDAW Ordinance was passed unanimously by the San Francisco Board of Supervisors and signed into law by Mayor Willie L. Brown, Jr. on April 13, 1998². In 2002, the CEDAW Ordinance was revised to address the intersection of race and gender and incorporate reference to the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination. The Ordinance requires the City to take proactive steps to ensure gender equity and specifies "gender analysis" as a preventive tool to identify and address discrimination.

In 2007, the Department on the Status of Women conducted the first gender analysis to evaluate the number of women appointed to City Commissions and Boards. The findings of this analysis informed a City Charter Amendment developed by the Board of Supervisors for the June 2008 election. This City Charter Amendment (see Footnote 1) was overwhelmingly approved by voters and made it City policy that:

- The membership of Commissions and Boards is to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population.
- Appointing officials are urged to support these candidates' nomination, appointment, and confirmation.
- The Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2023 Gender Analysis Report examines the representation of women, people of color, gender and sexual orientation, people with disabilities, and veteran status of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. As was the case for the 2019 and 2021 Gender Analysis Reports, this year's analysis involved increased outreach to policy bodies compared to previous analyses limited to Commissions and Boards. As a result, the data collection and analysis examine a more diverse and expansive layout of City policy bodies. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney. The first category, "Commissions and Boards," comprises policy bodies with decision-making authority whose members must submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission³. The second category, "Advisory Bodies," consists of policy bodies with advisory functions whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. A detailed description of the methodology and limitations can be found on page 19.

² San Francisco Administrative Code 33A.1

https://codelibrary.amlegal.com/codes/san_francisco/latest/sf_admin/0-0-0-59871

³ San Francisco Campaign and Governmental Code of Conduct Section 3.1-103

https://codelibrary.amlegal.com/codes/san_francisco/latest/sf_campaign/0-0-0-979

II. Findings

San Francisco's diversity is reflected in the overall population of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. The analysis in this report includes data from 99 policy bodies, of which 925 of the 1160 seats are filled, leaving 20% (235) vacant. Of the 925 non-vacant seats, we received responses from 685 individuals (a 74% response rate). This represents a much higher participation rate than our 2021 report, almost double the number of respondents. As outlined below in Figure 1, slightly more than half of appointees are women and people of color, 32% are women of color, 24% identify as LGBTQIA+⁴, 11% have a disability, and four percent are veterans. Each question in our survey allowed respondents to decline to answer. Therefore, sample sizes (n) vary for each category.

Figure 1: Summary Data of Policy Body Demographics, 2023

Appointee Demographics	Percentage of Appointees
Women (n=673)	Women- 55%
People of Color (n=660)	People of Color- 55%
Women of Color (n=658)	Women of Color- 32%
Sexual Orientation (n=641)	LGBTQIA+ -24%
People with Disabilities (n=647)	People with Disabilities-11%
Veteran Status (n=670)	Veteran Status-4%

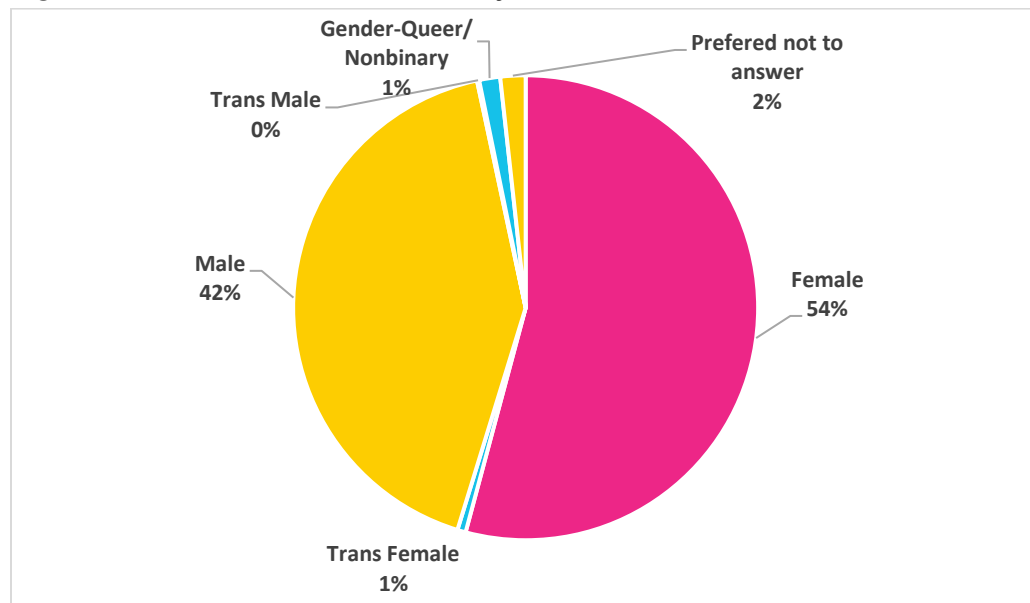
The following sections present comprehensive data analysis comparing previous years, detailing the variables of gender, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, disability status, veteran status, and policy body characteristics of budget size, decision-making authority, and appointment authority.

A. Gender

Information on gender identity was collected from 673 individuals out of 685 respondents. On San Francisco policy bodies, 55% (375) of policy board members identified as women, including four who identified as trans women. Of the 673 individuals who provided gender identity information, 43% (288) identified as male, including one who identified as a trans man. Further, 1.5% (10) identified as gender-queer or nonbinary. Figure 2 shows a breakdown of the gender identities of our sample.

⁴ We use LGBTQIA+ to refer to the broader community. Limitations in the data collection process prevented a more robust analysis of the diverse identities that are included in this umbrella term.

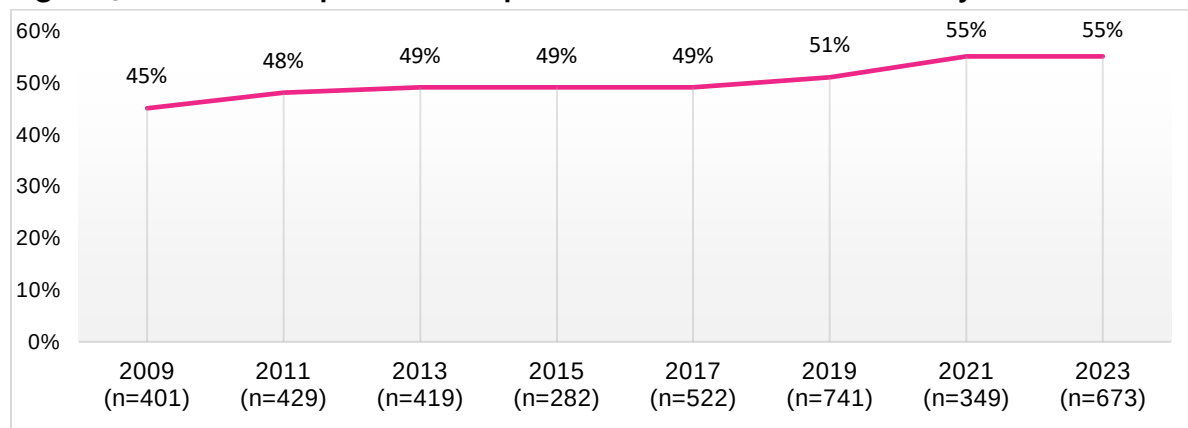
Figure 2: Gender Identities of Policy Members



At 55%, the percentage of women represented in San Francisco's policy bodies is above parity compared to the San Francisco female population of 48%. This is similar to previously reported numbers. The representation of women remained stable at 49% from 2013 until 2017, with a slight increase to 51% in 2019, and increasing again to 55% in 2021. Our previous report had to conclude that the increase in representation from 2019 to 2021 may have been due to the low participation in the 2021 survey. However, the replication of that level of representation in this report provides much stronger evidence that the representation of women in City policy bodies has gone up considerably.

Figure 3 shows a 14-year comparison, which demonstrates that the representation of women appointees has gradually increased since 2009 by a total of 10 percentage points and has remained stable over the last two reports.

Figure 3: 14-Year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies



Figures 4 and 5 show the policy bodies with the highest and lowest percent of women⁵. For these figures, policy bodies were only evaluated if they had at least a 75% response rate, as we cannot speak confidently on the composition of agencies where individuals did not respond. This analysis includes both Commissions and Boards and Advisory Bodies.

Figure 4 showcases the 10 Commissions and Boards with the highest representation of women appointees as compared to 2021. The Commission on the Status of Women is currently comprised of all women appointees. This finding has been consistent for the Commission on the Status of Women since 2015. The Commission on Investment and Infrastructure and the Early Childhood Community Oversight and Advisory Committee are also comprised entirely of women.

Figure 4: Policy Bodies with the Highest Percentage of Women, 2023 Compared to 2021

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	Active Seats	2021 Percent*
Commission on the Status of Women	100%	100%	6	100%
Commission on Investment and Infrastructure	100%	100%	4	50%
Early Childhood Community Oversight and Advisory Committee	100%	89%	8	-
Dignity Fund Oversight and Advisory Committee	89%	82%	11	-
Children and Families First Commission	88%	100%	9	75%
Elections Commission	86%	100%	7	60%
Recreation and Park Commission	86%	100%	7	-
Mental Health SF Implementation Working Group	86%	78%	9	-
Health Commission	83%	100%	6	71%
Port Commission	83%	86%	7	60%

*This column shows the percent of women in 2021. Policy bodies with less than a 50% response rate in 2021 were marked as "-".

Figure 5 shows the 12 policy bodies with the lowest percentage of women. The Board of Appeals and Board of Examiners have the lowest representation (among boards with more than a 75% response rate). Both policy bodies have no members who identify as women. The Board of Examiners has not had any female representation since at least 2019, the year we began collecting data on the board. There are five policy bodies whose membership is between 14% and 29% women, and five boards with one-third of their members identifying as women.

⁵ This encompasses respondents who selected Female or Trans Female.

Figure 5: Policy Bodies with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2023 Compared to 2021

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	Active Seats	2021 Percent*
Board of Appeals	0%	100%	5	40%
Board of Examiners	0%	100%	10	0%
Cannabis Oversight Committee	14%	100%	7	-
Urban Forestry Council	18%	100%	11	-
Airport Commission	20%	100%	5	40%
Police Commission	29%	100%	7	20%
Retirement Board	29%	100%	7	14%
Assessment Appeals Board	33%	100%	16	-
Health Services Board	33%	100%	7	14%
Sunshine Ordinance Task Force	33%	100%	11	56%
Market and Octavia Community Advisory Committee	33%	86%	7	-
Capital Planning Committee	33%	82%	9	-

*This column shows the percent of women in 2021. Policy bodies with less than a 50% response rate in 2021 were marked as "-".

B. Sexual Orientation

Sexual orientation data was collected from 641 participants, or 94% of the surveyed appointees. Figure 6 shows that among the appointees who responded to this question, 16% identify as Lesbian/Gay, six percent identify as Bisexual, two percent identify as an "Other" sexual orientation, and 76% identify as Straight/Heterosexual. Comparison of San Francisco's policy boards to the general San Francisco population is difficult, given limited data.

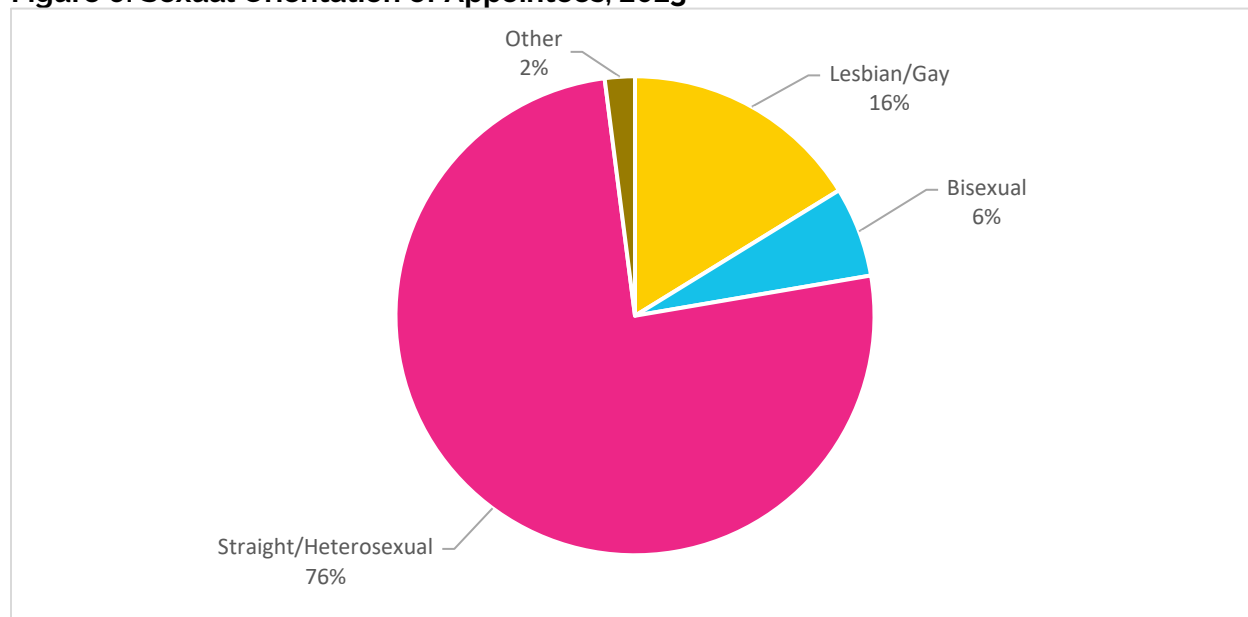
Recent research estimates the California LGBT population is 5.1%⁶. The LGBTQ population of the San Francisco and greater Bay Area ranks highest of U.S. cities at 6.2%⁷. Additionally, a 2006 survey found that 15.4% of adults in the San Francisco metropolitan area identify as LGB⁸. Therefore, compared to available San Francisco, greater Bay Area, and national data, the LGBTQ community is well represented on San Francisco policy bodies.

⁶ Flores, Andrew R. and Kerith J. Conron, "Adult LGBT Population in the United States, 2023," <https://williamsinstitute.law.ucla.edu/publications/adult-lgbt-pop-us/>

⁷ Gary J. Gates and Frank Newport, "San Francisco Metro Area Ranks Highest in LGBT Percentage," GALLUP (March 20, 2015) https://news.gallup.com/poll/182051/san-francisco-metro-area-ranks-highest-lgbtpercentage.aspx?utm_source=Social%20Issues&utm_medium=newsfeed&utm_campaign=tiles.

⁸ Gary J. Gates, "Same Sex Couples and the Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual Population: New Estimates from the American Community Survey," The Williams Institute on Sexual Orientation Law and Public Policy, UCLA School of Law (2006).

Figure 6: Sexual Orientation of Appointees, 2023

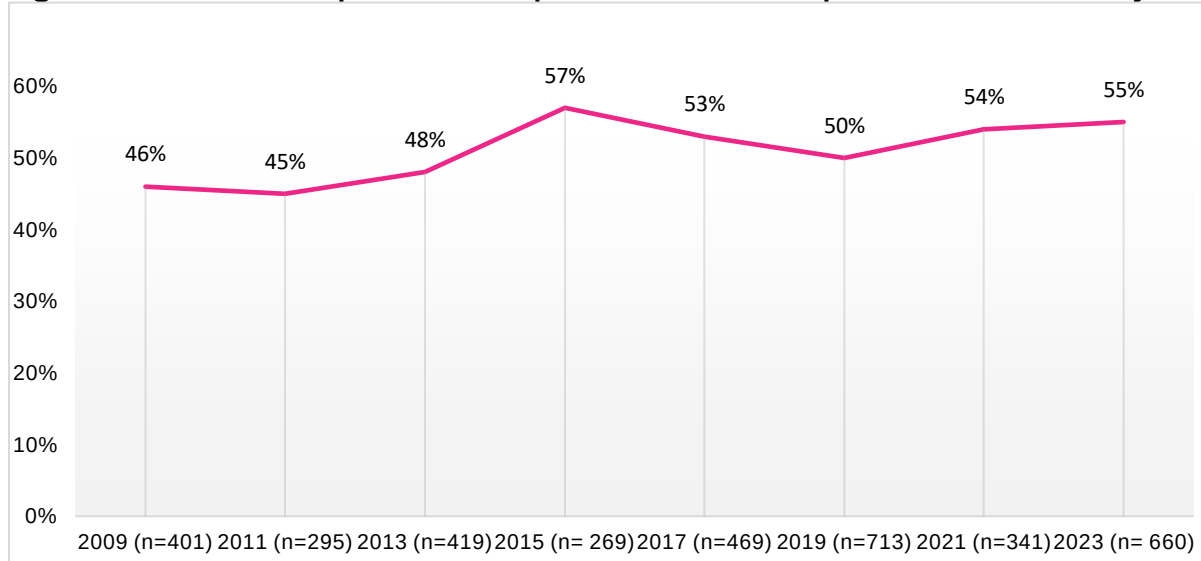


C. Race and Ethnicity

Data on racial and ethnic identity was collected from 660 participants, or 96% of the surveyed appointees, with 25 respondents (4%) preferring not to answer. Although 55% of respondents identify as a race or ethnicity other than White or Caucasian, people of color are still underrepresented compared to the San Francisco population⁹ of 66%. It should be noted that the percentage of people of color has grown over time. In 2020 about 63% of the population was listed as non-White. As seen in Figure 7, the representation of people of color has increased by nine percent since 2009, but not linearly. The representation of people of color increased from 2009 to 2015, then decreased until 2019, and has increased in our last two reports. The highest reported share of people of color was 57% in 2015, though it should be noted that this was a small sample.

⁹ Bureau, US Census. "American Community Survey 5-Year Data (2009-2022)." Census.Gov, 26 Jan. 2024, www.census.gov/data/developers/data-sets/acs-5year.html.

Figure 7: 14-Year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies

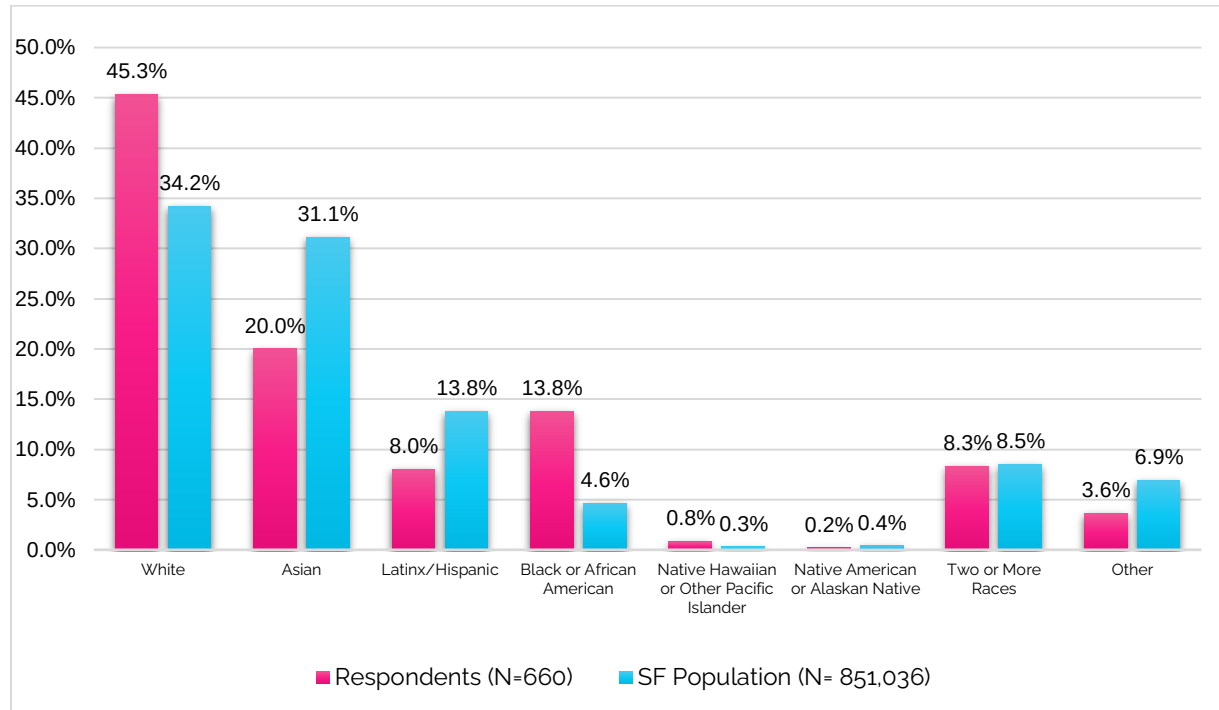


The racial and ethnic breakdown of policy body members compared to the San Francisco population is shown in Figure 8. Population data uses 5-year estimates from the 2022 American Communities Survey¹⁰. This analysis reveals an underrepresentation and an overrepresentation in San Francisco policy bodies for certain racial and ethnic groups. Nearly half of all appointees are White, an overrepresentation of about 12 percentage points. Our previous reports have found a similar disparity¹¹. The Black community is represented on policy bodies at 13.8% compared to being only 4.6% of the population of San Francisco. This level of representation has increased since 2021, when Black representation was about 11%, but about the same as 2019 (which had a much more substantial sample size).

¹⁰ Ibid

¹¹ Our 2021 report listed the White population as about 40% of the population, when Census data suggests it would have been about 34%. When correcting for this, the disparity described above is similar from 2021 to 2023.

Figure 8: Race/Ethnicity of Respondents Compared to San Francisco Population, 2023



Considerably underrepresented racial and ethnic groups on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population are individuals who identify as Asian, Latinx/Hispanic, or some other race. While the Asian population is 31% of the San Francisco population, they make up 20% of appointees. This represents a six percent decrease from the Asian representation reported in 2021, but a two percent increase from the representation reported in 2019 (our last report with a similar sample size). While Latinx individuals are about 14% of the SF population they were only eight percent of respondents, an almost seven percent disparity. This disparity is similar to previously reported data.

The representation of Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islanders, Native American or Alaskan Natives, and those who identify with two or more races are close to parity with their shares of the population.

Taken together, our data shows persistent disparities in the racial and ethnic composition of San Francisco's policy bodies. In general Whites and Black/African Americans are over-represented, while Asian, Latinx/Hispanic, and other races are underrepresented. While the specific levels of representation have changed, the level of disparity has remained roughly consistent since data collection began.

The following figures illustrate Commissions and Boards with the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. As shown in Figure 9, the Ethics Commission and Refuse Rate Board have the highest representation of people of color at 100%, with a 100% response rate. However, it should be noted that the Refuse Rate Board only comprises two members at the time of the survey, with the third seat on their board being vacant.

Figure 9: Commission and Boards with Highest Percentage of People of Color, 2023 Compared to 2021

Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate	Active Seats	2021 Percent*
Ethics Commission	100%	100%	4	25%
Refuse Rate Board	100%	100%	2	-
Immigrant Rights Commission	93%	100%	15	50%
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committees.	88%	100%	6	-
Shelter Monitoring Committee	86%	100%	8	-
Sheriff's Department Oversight Board	86%	100%	7	-
Commission on the Status of Women	83%	100%	6	86%
Youth Commission	83%	100%	17	71%
Citizen's Committee on Community Development	80%	100%	5	50%
Commission on Investment and Infrastructure	80%	100%	4	33%
Local Agency Formation Commission	80%	100%	5	50%

*This column shows the percent of women in 2021. Policy bodies with less than a 50% response rate in 2021 were marked as "-".

Figure 10 shows the policy bodies with the lowest representation of people of color. There were no boards above the 75% response rate threshold that had no people of color. The Fine Arts Museum Board of Trustees has the lowest representation of people of color at 13%, followed by the Commission on Animal Control and Welfare at 14% and the Urban Forestry Council at 18%.

Figure 10: Commissions and Boards with the Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2023 Compared to 2021

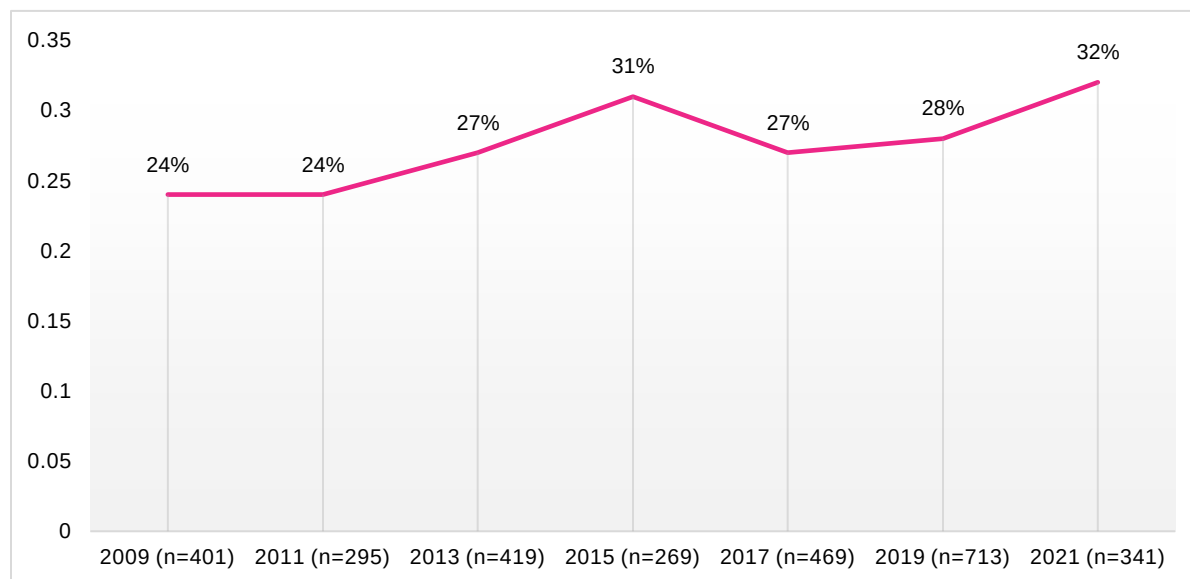
Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate*	Active Seats	2021 Percent*
Fine Arts Museum Board of Trustees	13%	100%	8	-
Commission of Animal Control and Welfare	14%	100%	7	-
Urban Forestry Council	18%	100%	9	-
Capital Planning Committee	22%	81%	11	-
Elections Commission	29%	100%	7	40%
Shelter Grievance Advisory Committee	30%	78%	9	-
War Memorial Board of Trustees	33%	91%	11	-
Dignity Fund Oversight and Advisory Committee	33%	81%	11	-
Market and Octavia Community Advisory Committee	33%	86%	7	-
Port Commission	33%	86%	7	40%
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	33%	100%	4	25%

*This column shows the percent of women in 2021. Policy bodies with less than a 50% response rate in 2021 were marked as "-".

D. Race and Ethnicity by Gender

This report also examines the representation of race and gender simultaneously. Women of color are represented in about 32% of seats and make up about 32% of the population¹², at parity. The representation of women of color has generally increased over time since our first report in 2009. Conversely, men of color are underrepresented, making up about 23% of policy board members while being about 33% of the San Francisco population. Figure 11 shows the levels of representation for women of color since 2009.

Figure 11: 14-year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies



Figures 12 and 13 present the breakdown for policy board members and the San Francisco population¹³ by race, ethnicity, and gender. White men and White women are overrepresented, holding 22% and 23% of appointments, respectively, compared to 20% and 17% of the population. Black men and Black women are also overrepresented, but more acutely. Black men make up five percent of the policy board members and three percent of the population, and Black women make up nine percent of the policy board members and two percent of the population. Characterizing these as overrepresentations is inaccurate given the representation of Black or African American people on policy bodies has been consistent over the years, while the Black population in San Francisco has declined over the same period.

Asian men and women are underrepresented, with Asian women making up 12% of policy board members compared to 17% of the population, while Asian men comprise eight percent of policy board members and 15% of the population, representing the highest disparity in our data. Latinx/Hispanic men and women are also underrepresented. Latinx/Hispanic men are three percent of policy board members while being seven percent of the population and their female counterparts are five percent of policy board members while making up 6.5% of the population.

¹² Bureau, US Census. "American Community Survey 5-Year Data (2009-2022)." Census.Gov, 26 Jan. 2024, www.census.gov/data/developers/data-sets/acs-5year.html.

¹³ Ibid.

Figure 12: Appointees by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2023

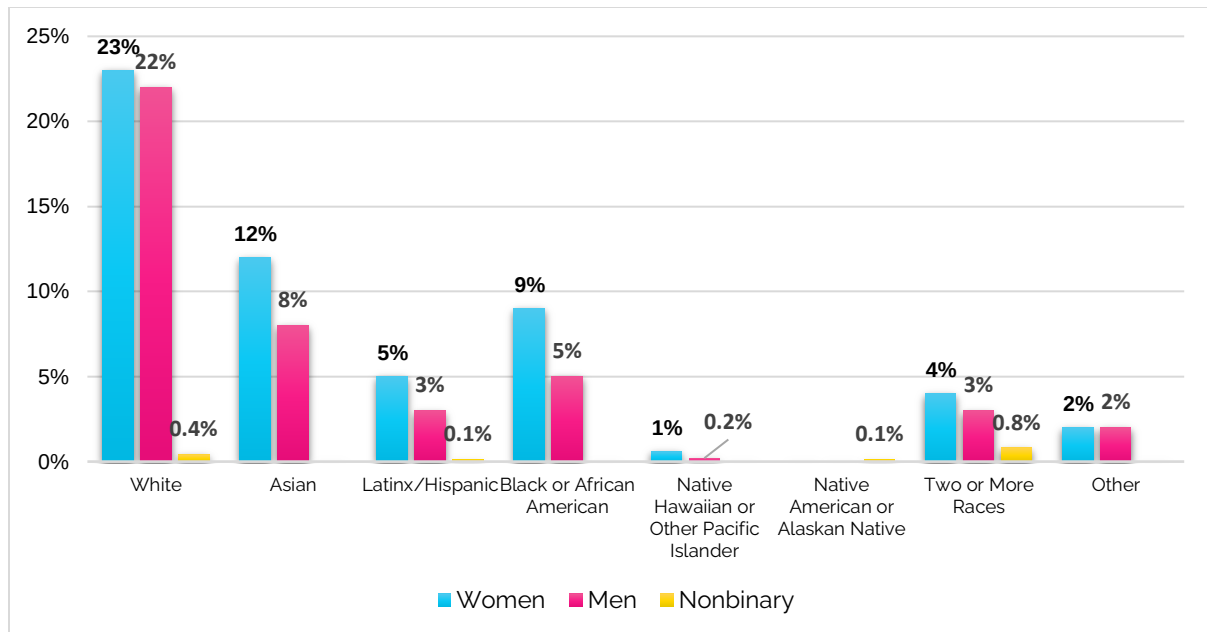
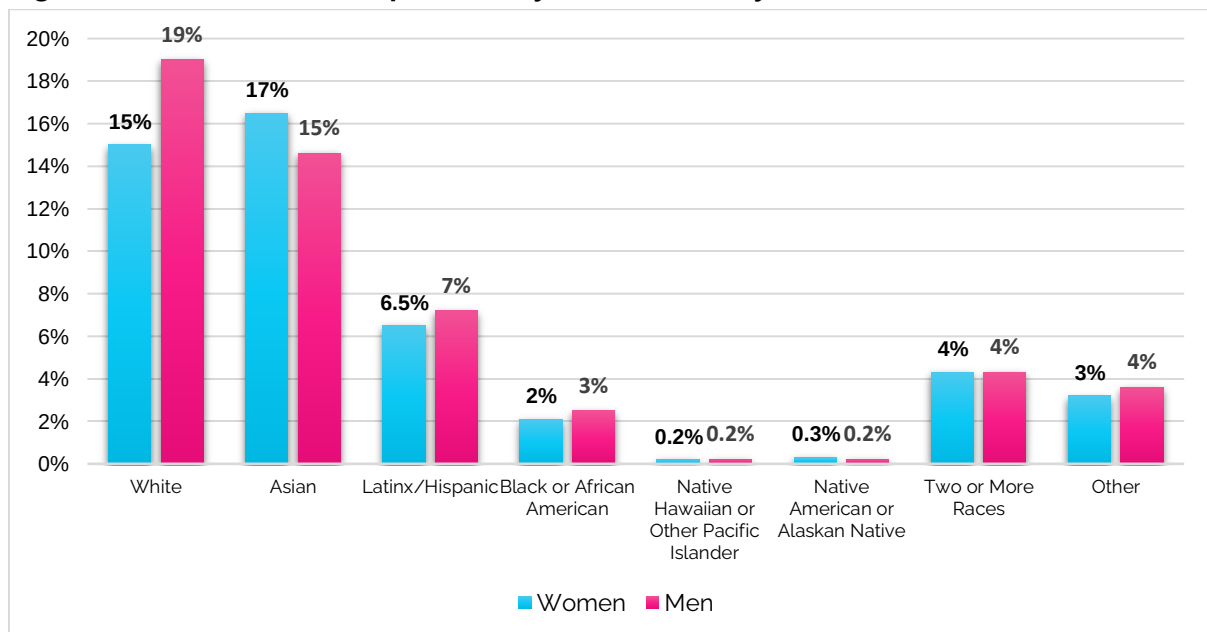


Figure 13: San Francisco Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2022 ACS 5-Year Estimates

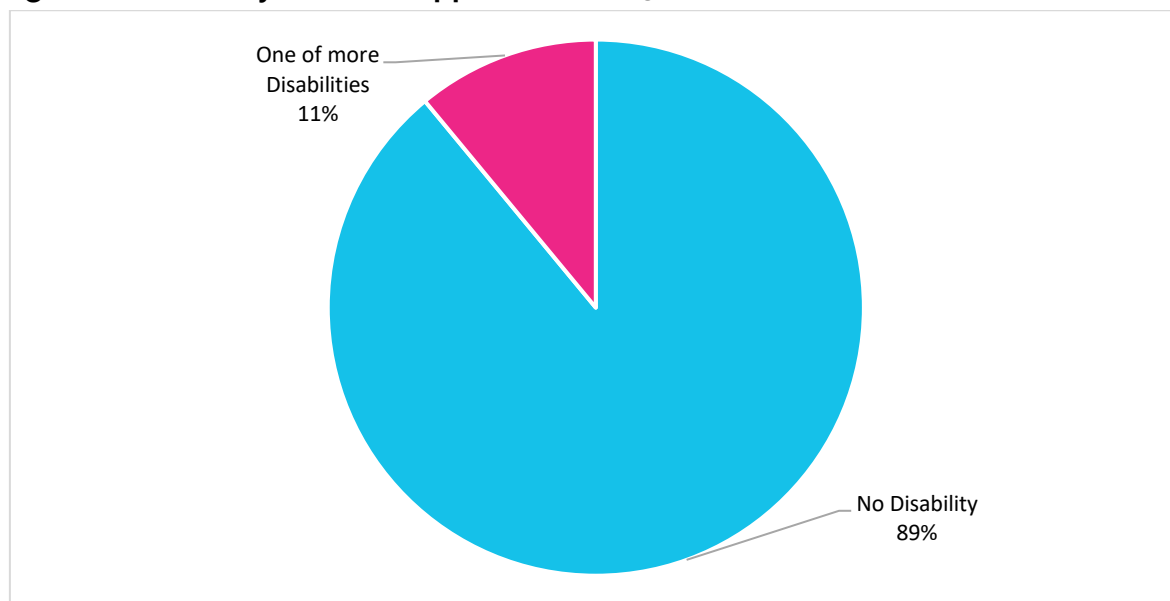


E. Disability Status

Data on disability status was obtained from 647 of our 685 respondents, with a response rate of about 94%. Figure 14 shows about 11% of those who responded to the survey reported having one or more disabilities, mirroring the 11% of the San Francisco population¹⁴ living with a disability. Therefore, our data suggested that those with disabilities are represented relative to their population size. Further, our data shows that policy board members who are disabled are more likely to be female.

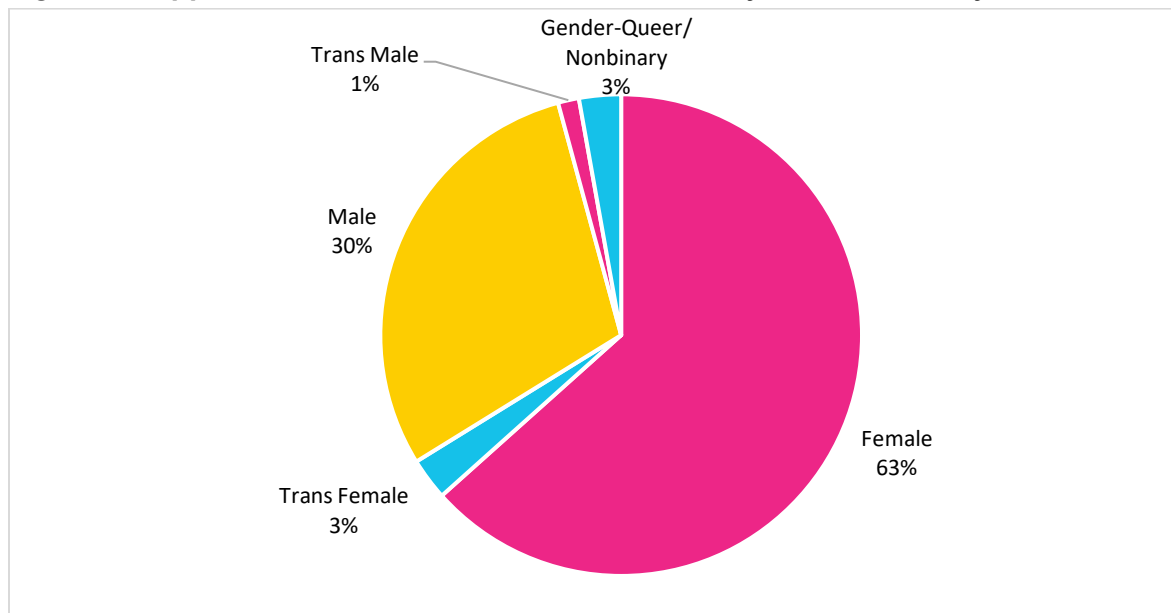
Figure 15 shows that of those with one or more disabilities, 63% are women, 30% are men, three percent are trans women, one percent are trans men, and three percent are gender-queer/nonbinary individuals.

Figure 14: Disability Status of Appointees, 2023



¹⁴ Bureau, US Census. "American Community Survey 5-Year Data (2009-2022)." Census.Gov, 26 Jan. 2024, www.census.gov/data/developers/data-sets/acs-5year.html.

Figure 15: Appointees with One or More Disabilities by Gender Identity, 2023



F. Veteran Status

Overall, approximately 2.7% of the adult population in San Francisco have served in the military¹⁵. Out of 685 who participated in the survey, 670 (98%) provided information on their veteran status¹⁶.

Of the policy board members who responded to this question, 3.7% served in the military. Figure 16 shows the breakdown of veteran status in our data. This level of representation is slightly above parity with the share of the population; however, this also represents a decrease in the level of representation described in our previous reports¹⁷.

¹⁵ Bureau, US Census. "American Community Survey 5-Year Data (2009-2022)." Census.Gov, 26 Jan. 2024, www.census.gov/data/developers/data-sets/acs-5year.html.

¹⁶ For the 2023 report, veteran status was reverted to its 2019 form to include only individuals who have served in the military and armed forces. This decision was driven primarily by the desire to maintain comparability across previous reports. Future reports should consider adding a second question measuring whether respondents have close family members who are in the military or have served. Such an approach would maintain comparability and collect military service prevalence among appointees.

¹⁷ Compared to previous reports, it is important to note that our 2021 report included both veterans and close family members of veterans, inflating their percentage by necessity. The 3.7% in our current data is still lower than other reports that only included veterans.

Figure 16: Policy Board Member with Military Service, 2023

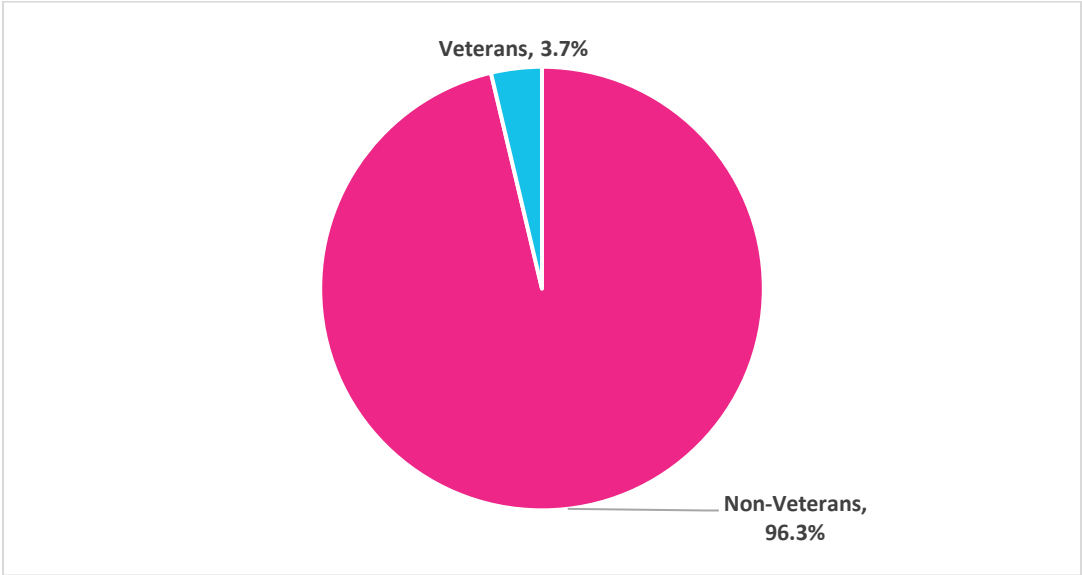
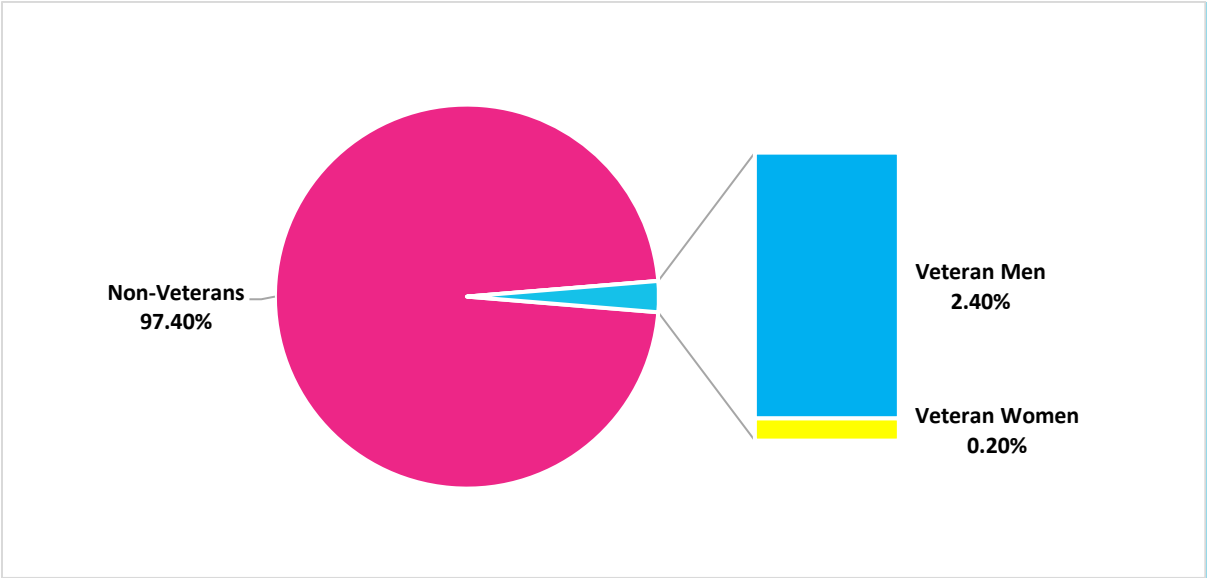


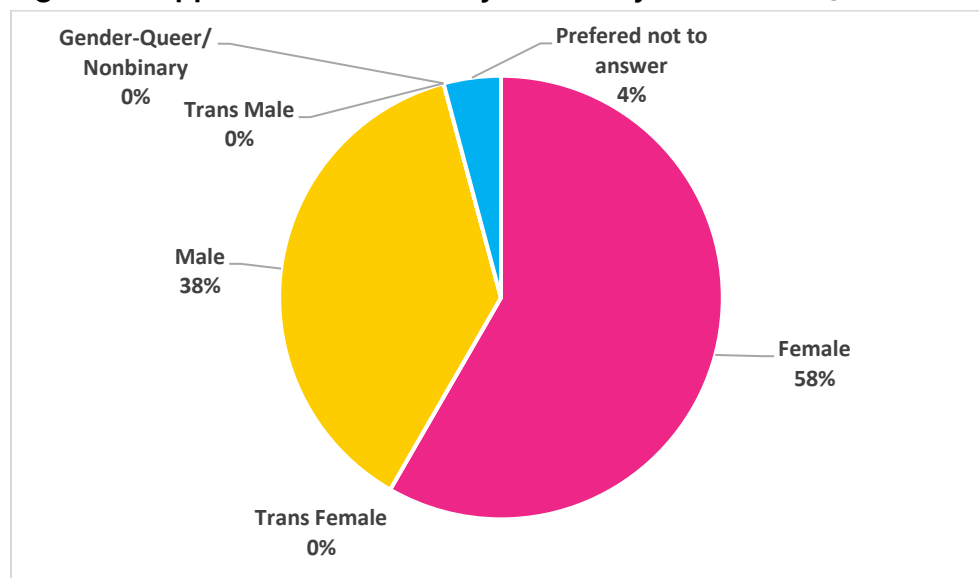
Figure 17 shows the breakdown of the adult San Francisco population and the breakdown of the veteran population by gender. Figure 18 shows the breakdown of gender identities among those who are veterans. We can see that the vast majority of veterans in the population are male, the opposite of what our data shows. Men comprise 42% and women make up 58% of the total number of veteran policy board members. No respondents with veteran status were from any other gender identity.

Figure 17: San Francisco Adult Population with Military Service by Gender*



** This graph fails to identify nonbinary individuals with military experience, as data was not collected for that population. However, this graph highlights the gender disparity amongst male and female veterans, with only 0.2% of 2.6% identifying as women.*

Figure 18: Appointees with Military Service by Gender, 2023



G. Policy Bodies by Budget

This 2023 Gender Analysis Report examines the demographic representativeness of policy bodies by budget size, as a proxy for influence. This report will examine all reporting policy bodies in this section, regardless of response rate. Figure 19 shows the representation of women, people of color, and women of color in these policy bodies.

Overall, appointees from the 10 **largest** budgeted policy bodies are 63% women, 58% people of color, and 36% women of color. In contrast, appointees from the 10 **smallest** budgeted policy bodies are 57% women, 64% people of color, and 41% women of color. While women are better represented in the higher-budgeted bodies, people and women of color are more strongly represented in the lower-budgeted bodies.

Figure 19: Percent of Women, People of Color, and Women of Color on Commissions and Boards with Largest and Smallest Budgets in 2023

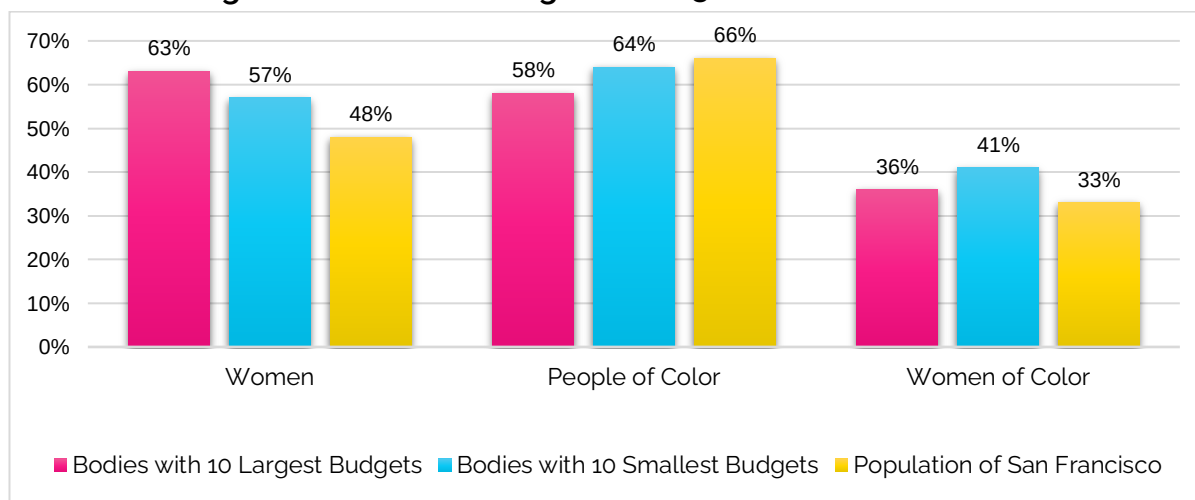


Figure 20: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Largest Budgets, 2023

Policy Body	FY20-21 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	Response Rate	Women	People of Color	Women of Color
Health Commission	\$2.20B	7	6	100%	83%	66%	50%
Public Utilities Commission	\$1.65B	5	5	100%	60%	60%	40%
Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors	\$1.47B	7	7	100%	71%	71%	57%
Health Authority	\$1.37B	19	13	15%	100%	100%	100%
Airport Commission	\$1.02B	5	5	100%	20%	60%	0%
Commission on Investment and Infrastructure	\$717M	5	4	100%	100%	80%	80%
Homelessness Oversight Commission	\$672M	7	7	100%	57%	43%	30%
Human Services Commission	\$624M	5	5	100%	40%	40%	0%
Fire Commission	\$499B	5	5	100%	80%	50%	25%
Recreation and Park Commission	\$368M	7	7	43%	85%	43%	43%
Total	\$10.5B	72	64	84%	63%	58%	36%

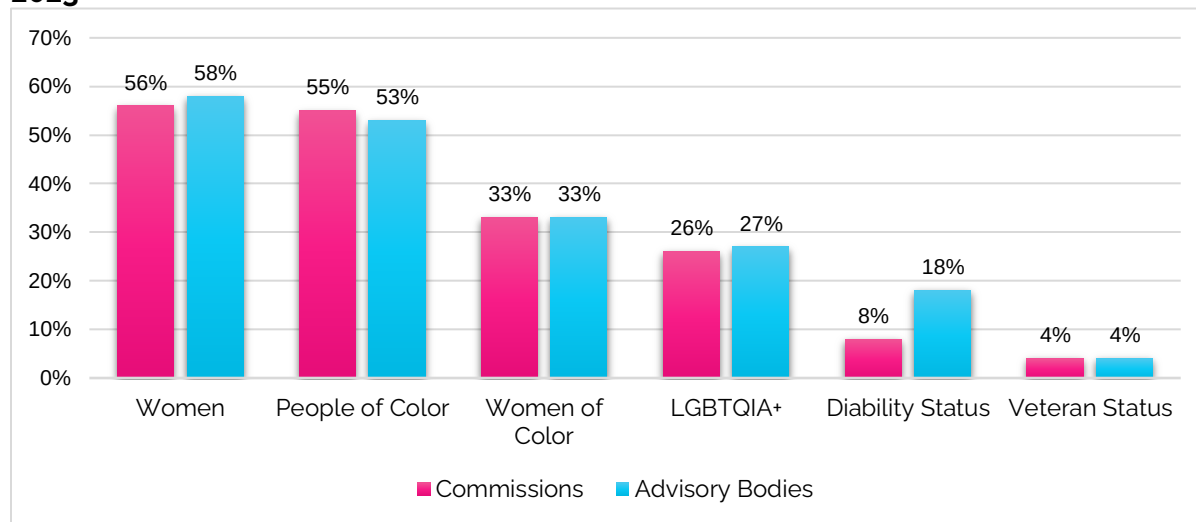
Figure 21: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Smallest Budgets, 2023

Policy Body	FY20-21 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	Response Rate	Women	People of Color	Women of Color
Civil Service Commission	\$1.51M	5	5	100%	100%	75%	66%
Film Commission	\$1.25M	11	11	82%	56%	67%	44%
Board of Appeals	\$1.20M	5	5	100%	0%	40%	0%
SOMA Community Stabilization Fund Community Advisory Committee	\$1.00M	7	5	20%	0%	0%	0%
Local Agency Formation Commission	\$550,477	7	5	100%	80%	80%	80%
Youth Commission	\$444,847	17	17	100%	82%	82%	76%
Public Works Commission	\$250,000	5	4	100%	40%	40%	0%
Sanitation and Streets Commission	\$250,000	5	4	50%	50%	0%	0%
Retiree Health Care Trust Fund Board	\$111,000	5	5	20%	100%	100%	100%
Residential Users Appeal Board	\$90,000	3	2	50%	0%	0%	0%
Total	\$6.7M	70	63	72%	57%	64%	41%

H. Comparison of Commission and Board and Advisory Body Demographics

The comparison of the two policy body categories in this section provides another proxy for influence. Commissions and Boards whose members file disclosures of economic interest have greater decision-making authority in San Francisco than Advisory Bodies whose members do not file similar disclosures. Commissions have a higher percentage of people of color than Advisory Bodies but lower percentages of women, women of color, LGBTQIA+ people, and disabled people.

Figure 22: Demographics of Appointees on Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies, 2023



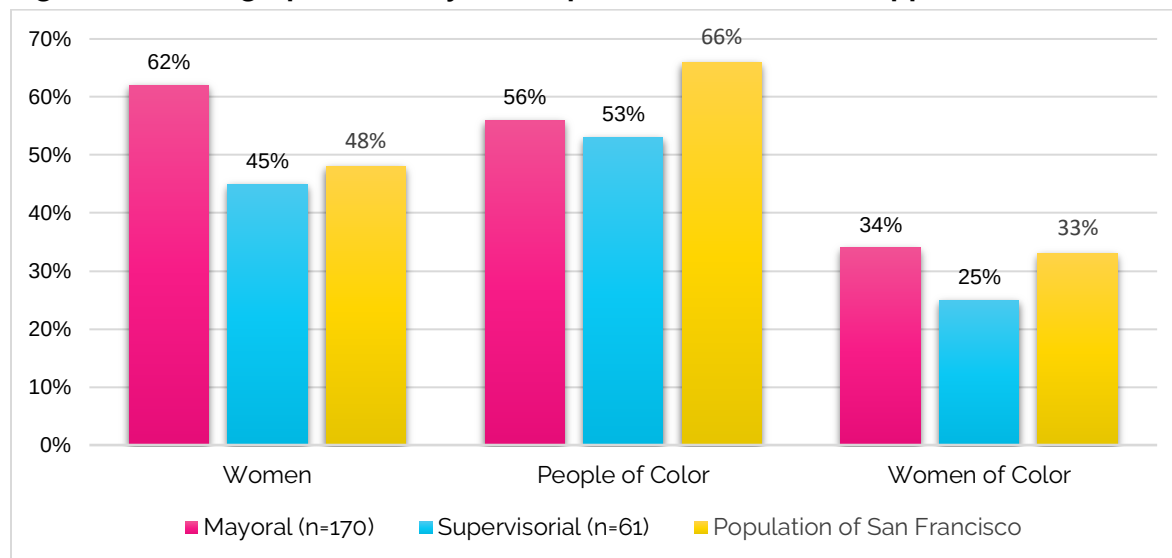
I. Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees

This section analyzes the demographic compositions of mayoral and supervisorial-appointed policy bodies. For this analysis, mayoral boards are those boards entirely composed of mayoral appointments, and supervisorial boards are those composed entirely of supervisorial appointments. We do not have individual appointment information for boards of mixed appointments, though future reports should consider additional data collection efforts to determine individual-level appointment types. An important caveat of the following data analysis is that far more boards are comprised of mayoral appointments than supervisorial appointments. As the total number of supervisorial appointments in this analysis is low, any findings concerning the demographic composition of supervisorial appointments may be a relic of the limited number of observations. This is especially important to note because the demographic composition shown in our analysis shows supervisorial appointments as being far less diverse than in previous years, suggesting that the true nature of the data is likely more diverse than our data suggests.

Figure 23 compares the representation of women, people of color, and women of color for appointments made by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and the population of San Francisco. Mayoral appointments are more diverse and consist of more women, people of color, and women of color compared to Supervisorial appointments. Mayoral appointments include 62% women, 56% people of color, and 34% women of color, while Supervisorial appointments are 45% women, 53% people of color, and 25% women of color. As noted above, the low diversity shown for supervisorial appointments may be due to a relatively

small amount of data. However, previous reports have indicated that this disparity may also be partly due to the appointment selection process for each authority. The 11-member Board of Supervisors only sees applicants for specific bodies through the 3-member Rules Committee or by designees stipulated in legislation (e.g., “renter,” “landlord,” “consumer advocate”). In contrast, the Mayor typically can take total appointments into account during selections and can, therefore, better address gaps in diversity.

Figure 23: Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees, 2023



III. Methodology and Limitations

This report focuses on City and County of San Francisco Commissions, Boards, task forces, councils, and committees that have the majority of members appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and have jurisdiction limited to the City. The 2023 Gender Analysis Report reflects data from the policy bodies that provided information to the Department on the Status of Women through digital or paper survey¹⁸. Following initial email outreach, policy bodies were contacted three to five times via email and phone. All possible measures were taken to obtain accurate and complete data.

Participation rates for this report exceeded our 2021 report, with the highest participation of Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies to date. We requested data from 130 policy bodies and received responses from 99, covering 685 policy board members. Comparatively, the 2021 Gender Analysis Report received data from 92 policy bodies and 349 policy body members.

Data elements such as a Commissioner or Board member's gender identity, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, disability status, and veteran status were collected on a *voluntary* basis. As a result, some responses were incomplete or unavailable but were included to the extent possible.

¹⁸ Our previous 2021 report used an all-online participation format that significantly decreased participation, due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Given the primary objective of this report, surfacing patterns of underrepresentation, every attempt has been made to reflect accurate and complete information. Data for some policy bodies was incomplete, and all appointees who responded were included in the total demographic categories.

To ensure that low response rates did not distort our analysis, we established response rate thresholds in examinations of policy boards with the highest or lowest representation of specific groups. It should be noted that for policy bodies with a small number of members, the change of a single individual greatly impacts the percentages of demographic categories. This should be kept in mind when interpreting these percentages and any changes over time.

While this report's survey had a higher level of participation than our 2021 report, missing data is still the biggest limitation. Given this limitation, ensuring participation from all policy bodies could significantly improve or further efforts to address underrepresentation. Some methods of guaranteeing participation include surveying all appointees during their initial onboarding training with the City, as well as relying on more paper/in-person survey outreach for future reports.

The surveyed policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney document entitled List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute¹⁹. This document separates San Francisco policy bodies into two different categories. The first category includes Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category encompasses Advisory Bodies whose members do not submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. Depending on the analysis criteria in each section of this report, the surveyed policy bodies and appointees are either examined comprehensively as a whole or examined separately in the two categories designated by the Office of the City Attorney.

Data from the U.S. Census American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates provides a comparison to the San Francisco population. Figure 25 in the Appendix displays these population estimates by race/ethnicity and gender.

¹⁹ "List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, <https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf>, (August 25, 2017).

IV. Conclusion

Since the first Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards in 2009, the representation of women appointees on San Francisco policy bodies has gradually increased. The 2023 Gender Analysis Report finds that the percentage of women appointees is 55%, which is above parity with the population of women in San Francisco.

When appointee demographics are analyzed by gender and race, the representation of women of color is 32%, which mirrors the data in our 2021 report and roughly matches the San Francisco population. Most notably underrepresented are individuals identifying as Asian, making up 31% of the San Francisco population but only 20% of appointees. Similarly, Latinx-identifying individuals, who make up 14% of the population, are only eight percent of appointees. Additionally, men of color are underrepresented at 23% of appointees relative to their San Francisco population of 33%.

Furthermore, when analyzing the demographic composition of larger and smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards, women of color are roughly at parity on Commissions and Boards with both the largest and smallest budgets. Women comprise 63% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies compared to their population of 48%, and women of color comprise 36% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, with the San Francisco population at 33%. Comparatively, women are 57% of total appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies, and women of color are 41% of appointees. However, the representation of people of color is seven percentage points higher on smaller budgeted policy bodies than on larger budgeted policy bodies. People of color make up 58% of appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies and 64% of appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies. The San Francisco population of people of color exceeds these percentages at 66%.

In addition to using budget size as a proxy for influence, this report analyzed the demographic characteristics of appointees on Commissions and Boards who file disclosures of economic interest and have decision-making authority and appointees on Advisory Bodies who do not file economic interest disclosures. Women, women of color, people of color, LGBTQIA+ populations, and veterans are evenly represented across both Commissions and Boards and Advisory Bodies. Individuals with disabilities, however, have more robust representation within Advisory Bodies than Commissions and Boards. Women comprise a slightly higher percentage of Advisory Bodies appointees than Commissions and Boards.

The 2023 Gender Analysis Report found satisfactory representation of LGBTQIA+ individuals on San Francisco policy bodies. Of the appointees who provided LGBTQIA+ identity information, 24% identified as LGBTQIA+, with the largest subset identifying as gay or lesbian (16%). Eight percent of appointees from the largest budgeted policy bodies identify as LGBTQIA+, and three percent from the smallest budgeted bodies. There was also a similar representation of LGBTQIA+ appointees between Commissions and Boards (26%) and Advisory Bodies (27%).

The representation of appointees with disabilities in Commissions and Boards is 18%, more than double the representation in Advisory Bodies (8%). Veterans are adequately represented on San Francisco policy bodies at 3.7%, compared to the veteran population of 2.7%, and are evenly represented between Commissions and Boards and Advisory Bodies.

This report is intended to advise the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and other appointing authorities as they select appointments to the City and County of San Francisco policy bodies. In the spirit of the 2008 City Charter Amendment, which establishes this biennial Gender Analysis Report requirement and the importance of diversity on San Francisco policy bodies, efforts to address gaps in diversity and inclusion should remain at the forefront when making appointments to accurately reflect the population of San Francisco.

The San Francisco Department on the Status of Women would like to thank the various policy body members, Commission secretaries, and Department staff who graciously assisted in collecting demographic data and providing information about their respective policy bodies, particularly former Department Intern Liliana Pacheco for the data collection and analysis of this report.

Appendix I

Figure 24: Policy Body Demographics, 2023

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY22-23 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Access Appeals Commission	5	5	-	0%	0%	0%	60%
African American Reparations Advisory Committee	15	15	-	83%	67%	83%	40%
Airport Commission	5	5	\$1,017,000,000	20%	0%	60%	100%
Arts Commission	15	15	\$42,741,948	60%	43%	64%	100%
Asian Art Commission	27	22	-	42%	25%	50%	55%
Assessment Appeals Board	24	16	-	33%	7%	43%	100%
Bayview Hunters Point Citizens Advisory Committee	12	7	-	25%	25%	100%	57%
Behavioral Health Commission	17	10	-	60%	60%	100%	50%
Board of Appeals	5	5	\$1,195,116	0%	0%	40%	100%
Board of Examiners	13	10	-	0%	0%	44%	100%
Board of Supervisors	11	11	\$23,600,000	36%	18%	36%	100%
Building Inspection Commission	7	6	\$92,844,927	57%	29%	43%	117%
Cannabis Oversight Committee	9	7	-	14%	14%	71%	100%
Capital Planning Committee	11	11	\$159,000,000	33%	11%	22%	82%
Children and Families First Commission	9	8	\$27,305,805	88%	57%	71%	100%
Children, Youth and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	11	6	\$333,011,845	75%	63%	88%	133%
Citizen Committee on Community Development	9	5	\$36,000,000	40%	40%	80%	100%
Citizens General Obligation Bond Oversight Committee	9	6	-	40%	0%	40%	100%
Civil Service Commission	5	5	\$1,511,609	80%	50%	75%	100%
Code Advisory Committee	17	17	-	0%	0%	25%	47%
Commission of Animal Control and Welfare	7	7	-	57%	0%	14%	100%
Commission on Investment and Infrastructure	5	4	\$717,300,000	100%	80%	80%	125%
Commission on the Environment	7	7	\$35,349,283	43%	43%	71%	100%

Figure 24: Policy Body Demographics, 2023, Continued

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY22-23 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Commission on the Status of Women	7	6	\$14,434,165	100%	80%	83%	100%
Committee on City Workforce Alignment	17	17	-	60%	60%	91%	65%
Committee on Information Technology	18	16	\$27,000,000	56%	22%	44%	56%
Community Corrections Partnership	13	12	-	20%	20%	60%	42%
Dignity Fund Oversight and Advisory Committee	11	11	-	89%	22%	33%	82%
Disability and Aging Commission	8	8	\$365,000,000	75%	38%	63%	100%
Early Childhood Community Oversight and Advisory Committee	9	9	\$27,305,805	100%	71%	71%	89%
Eastern Neighborhoods Community Advisory Committee	11	8	-	50%	50%	63%	100%
Elections Commission	7	7	\$24,000,000	86%	29%	29%	100%
Entertainment Commission	7	7	-	50%	33%	67%	100%
Ethics Commission	5	4	\$7,586,853	67%	67%	100%	100%
Family Violence Council	28	28	-	77%	31%	38%	46%
Film Commission	11	11	\$1,250,000	63%	50%	75%	82%
Fine Arts Museums Board of Trustees	62	8	-	38%	13%	13%	100%
Fire Commission	5	5	\$498,585,516	80%	25%	50%	100%
Food Security Task Force	20	18	-	80%	38%	63%	56%
Free City College Oversight Committee	15	13	-	63%	43%	57%	62%
Health Authority	19	13	\$1,373,782,524	100%	100%	100%	15%
Health Commission	7	6	\$2,200,000,000	83%	33%	67%	100%
Health Service Board	7	7	\$14,200,000	33%	20%	40%	100%
Homelessness Oversight Commission	7	7	\$672,000,000	57%	14%	43%	100%
Housing Conservatorship Working Group	12	8	-	75%	0%	25%	50%
Housing Stability Fund Oversight Board	11	9	-	0%	0%	100%	11%
Human Rights Commission	11	10	\$15,120,673	40%	40%	70%	100%
Human Services Commission	5	5	\$624,500,000	40%	0%	40%	100%
Immigrant Rights Commission	15	15	-	60%	50%	93%	100%
Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council	20	18	-	80%	33%	47%	83%

Figure 24: Policy Body Demographics, 2023, Continued

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY22-23 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Juvenile Probation Commission	7	7	-	57%	14%	57%	100%
Local Agency Formation Commission	7	5	\$550,477	80%	80%	80%	100%
Market and Octavia Community Advisory Committee	9	7	-	33%	17%	33%	86%
Mayor's Disability Council	11	5	-	100%	0%	0%	40%
Mental Health SF Implementation Working Group	13	9	-	86%	43%	43%	78%
Mission Bay Citizen's Advisory Committee	13	7	-	80%	40%	40%	71%
Municipal Green Building Task Force	20	20	-	63%	38%	50%	40%
Municipal Transportation Agency Board of Directors	7	7	\$1,472,363,382	71%	57%	71%	100%
Municipal Transportation Agency Citizens Advisory Council	15	14	-	42%	17%	50%	86%
Our City, Our Home Oversight Committee	9	7	-	80%	40%	40%	71%
Oversight Board (to the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City and County of San Francisco)	7	6	-	80%	50%	50%	83%
Paratransit Coordinating Council Executive Committee	38	21	-	75%	50%	75%	19%
Park, Recreation, And Open Space Advisory Committee	24	17	-	58%	42%	58%	71%
Planning Commission	7	7	\$60,000,000	50%	50%	100%	29%
Police Commission	7	7	-	29%	14%	71%	100%
Port Commission	7	7	\$193,700,000	83%	33%	33%	86%
Public Utilities Commission	5	5	\$1,651,537,786	60%	40%	60%	100%
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	7	4	-	67%	33%	33%	125%
Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee	7	5	-	50%	50%	50%	100%
Public Works Commission	5	4	\$250,000	40%	0%	40%	125%
Recreation and Park Commission	7	7	\$367,800,000	86%	43%	43%	100%
Reentry Council	25	22	-	55%	36%	64%	100%
Refuse Rate Board	3	2	-	50%	50%	100%	100%
Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Board	10	10	\$16,294,283	50%	17%	50%	60%
Residential Users Appeal Board	3	2	\$900	0%	0%	0%	50%
Retiree Health Care Trust Fund Board	5	5	\$110,000	100%	100%	100%	20%

Figure 24: Policy Body Demographics, 2023, Continued

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY22-23 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Retirement Board	7	7	-	29%	29%	57%	100%
San Francisco Reinvestment Working Group	9	9	-	25%	0%	75%	44%
Sanitation and Streets Commission	5	4	\$250,000	50%	0%	0%	50%
Sentencing Commission	13	13	-	46%	15%	62%	100%
Shelter Grievance Advisory Committee	15	9	-	57%	14%	29%	78%
Shelter Monitoring Committee	12	8	-	75%	71%	86%	100%
Sheriff's Department Oversight Board	7	7	-	43%	43%	86%	100%
Small Business Commission	7	5	-	75%	50%	75%	80%
SOMA Community Stabilization Fund Community Advisory Committee	7	5	\$1,000,000	0%	0%	0%	20%
South of Market Community Planning Advisory Committee	11	7	-	20%	0%	20%	71%
State Legislation Committee	7	7	-	40%	25%	50%	71%
Street Artists and Craftsmen Examiners Advisory Committee	5	5	-	100%	50%	50%	40%
Sugary Drinks Distributor Tax Advisory Committee	16	16	-	71%	57%	86%	44%
Sunshine Ordinance Task Force	11	9	-	33%	22%	44%	100%
Sweatfree Procurement Advisory Group	11	6	-	50%	25%	25%	67%
Treasure Island Development Authority Board of Directors	7	7	\$31,333,345	33%	0%	0%	43%
Treasure Island/Yerba Buena Island Citizens Advisory Board	25	9	-	50%	0%	0%	44%
Urban Forestry Council	15	11	-	18%	0%	18%	100%
Veterans Affairs Commission	13	11	-	100%	0%	0%	9%
War Memorial Board of Trustees	11	11	\$19,236,764	50%	30%	30%	91%
Workforce Investment Board	28	27	\$4,250,713	57%	21%	43%	52%
Youth Commission	17	17	\$444,847	82%	76%	82%	100%

Figure 25: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2022*

Race/Ethnicity	Total		Male		Female	
	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent
San Francisco County, California	851,036	-	412,924	49%	438,093	51%
White, non-Hispanic or Latino	325,900	34%	179,461	19%	146,439	15%
Asian	296,122	31%	139,015	15%	157,107	17%
Hispanic or Latinx	131,517	14%	69,384	7%	62,133	7%
Some Other Race	65,487	7%	34,703	4%	30,784	3%
Black or African American	44,058	5%	24,026	3%	20,032	2%
Two or More Races	80,858	8%	41,270	4%	39,588	4%
Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander	3,312	0.5%	1,763	0.2%	1,549	0.2%
Native American and Alaska Native	4,725	0.5%	2,781	0.3%	1,944	0.2%

San Francisco Population estimates come from the 2022 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, chart B01001. The racial estimates use Census subpopulation charts. Please note that the subpopulations added together are larger than the estimated population size. This is primarily due to potential double counts for ethnicities and races (the only category that does not include overlap is the White population, which is specifically White non-Hispanics).

Survey Questions

1. "What is your gender identity?" and could select from the following:
 - Male
 - Female
 - Trans Male
 - Trans Female
 - Gender Queer/ Non-Binary
 - Other (no respondents selected other)
 - Prefer not to say
2. "What is your race/ethnicity?" and could select one of the following options²⁰:
 - Asian (alone)
 - Black/African American (alone)
 - Latinx/Hispanic
 - Native American/American Indian or Alaska Native (alone)
 - Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (alone)
 - Other (alone)
 - White/ Caucasian (alone)
 - Two or More Races
 - Prefer not to say
3. "What is your sexual orientation?"
 - Bisexual
 - Gay/ Lesbian/ Same-Gender Loving
 - Questioning/ Unsure
 - Straight/Heterosexual
 - Other
 - Prefer not to say
4. "Do you have one or more disabilities?"
 - Yes
 - No
 - Prefer not to say
5. "Have you ever served in the military of any country?"
 - Yes
 - No
 - Prefer not to say

²⁰ Note that respondents were instructed to select either Latinx/Hispanic or a racial category and to choose the category that best fits their identity. This eliminates any double counting issues, and in this analysis, we considered those who responded as White as White, not Latinx/Hispanic.



City and County of San Francisco
Department on the Status of Women



London N. Breed
Mayor

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Department on the Status of Women

This report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website:

<https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports>.

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