

#### ETHICS COMMISSION REGULATIONS CONCERNING CAMPAIGN FINANCE

Approved by Ethics Commission: 4/12/24

Draft Regulation Amendments to San Francisco Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code Section 1.100 et seq

. . .

#### Regulation 1.108-4: Bank Account Location.

For the purposes of Section 1.108, "an office of a bank located in the City and County of San Francisco" includes the office of any bank that is authorized to do business in the City and County of San Francisco. Accounts may be established online, over the telephone, or at a physical office located outside of the City and County of San Francisco, as long as the bank is authorized to do business in the City and County of San Francisco.

. . .

# Regulation 1.112-2: Electronic Campaign Disclosure – <u>Electronic Signatures Verification</u>.

- (a) Signature Verification Cards
  - (1) In order to submit an electronically-signed campaign finance disclosure statement, the person signing the disclosure statement must have filed a Form SFEC-112a with the Ethics Commission to verify his or her signature.
  - (2) The Form SFEC-112a must be signed in the presence of staff of the Ethics Commission during the Commission's regular business hours, or delivered to the Commission with an original signature notarized by a notary public.
  - (3) Any individual who signs Form SFEC-112a in the presence of Ethics Commission staff must present valid photo identification issued by a governmental agency, such as a San Francisco City ID, a California ID or driver's license, or a passport.
  - (4) The Ethics Commission shall issue a Signer ID and PIN Code to any person who presents a validly completed Form SFEC-112a.
  - (5) The person who receives the PIN Code is responsible for all documents signed using the PIN Code.

Example: A candidate receives a Signer ID and PIN Code from the Ethics



Commission. The candidate discloses the PIN Code to the treasurer who uses it to sign and file the candidate committee's campaign disclosure forms. The candidate is still responsible for the contents of the campaign disclosure form that is filed with the Ethics Commission.

#### (a) Electronic Signatures

Documents bearing an electronic signature will be treated the same as signed paper documents for the purposes of applicable State and local law. Electronic documents are signed under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California. The candidate, treasurer, or other identified signatory is responsible for signing their documents electronically and assumes any liability that results from delegating their electronic signature to another person.

## (b) Requirements for Electronic Filing (1) Required Electronic Filing

Any committee required to file electronic statements under Section 1.112(b) must first file Form SFEC-112b with the Ethics Commission. The Form SFEC-112b may be used to identify those with the authority to sign electronically on behalf of another person.

#### (b) (2) Voluntary Electronic Filing

Any person or committee who voluntarily opts to file electronic statements under Section 1.112(c) must first file Form SFEC-112b with the Ethics Commission. Thereafter, the person shall be subject to all requirements set forth in Section 1.112 and the regulations thereunder. The Form SFEC-112b may be used to identify those with the authority to sign electronically on behalf of another person.

(c) Any campaign finance disclosure statement that must be filed electronically and that lacks all electronic signatures of the required signers is not deemed filed and may subject the responsible parties to late filing fees, in addition to any other penalty under the Code.



## Regulation 1.126-7: Contributor Information.

A candidate will meet the due diligence requirements of the contribution ban in section 1.126 if the contributor to the candidate certifies under penalty of perjury, in writing, including in electronic format, to the candidate that the following is true:

I am not a City contractor, or a director, officer, greater than 10% owner, or subcontractor of a City contractor, whose contract required the approval of the [list any City elective office the candidate currently holds, the City elective office the candidate is currently seeking, and any state agency on whose board an appointee of the candidate serves] within the last twelve months or whose current bid or proposal will require such approval.

. . .

### Regulation 1.126-9: Hosting Home or Office Fundraisers.

Notwithstanding the definition of "contribution" set forth in the Political Reform Act, for the purpose of Section 1.126, a payment made by an occupant of a home or office for costs related to any meeting or fundraising event held in the occupant's home or office is a contribution, regardless of the value, as is the value of the use of the home or office as a fundraising event venue.

. . .

# Regulation 1.127-3: Contributions by Persons with a Financial Interest in a Land Use Matter – Contributor Attestation.

A candidate will meet the due diligence requirements of section 1.127(c) if the contributor certifies <u>under penalty of perjury</u>, in writing, including in electronic format, to the candidate at the time the contribution is made that the following is true:

I do not have a financial interest in a land use matter, as defined in Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code section 1.127(a) (which excludes my primary residence), that is currently pending before the Board of Appeals, Board of Supervisors, Building Inspection Commission, Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure, Historic Preservation Commission, Planning Commission, Port Commission, or Treasure Island Development Authority Board of Directors, nor have I had a financial interest in any such land use matter for which any of these boards or commissions has rendered a final decision or ruling within the last twelve months.



#### Regulation 1.127-4: Hosting Home or Office Fundraisers.

Notwithstanding the definition of "contribution" set forth in the Political Reform Act, for the purpose of Section 1.127, a payment made by an occupant of a home or office for costs related to any meeting or fundraising event held in the occupant's home or office is a contribution, regardless of the value, as is the value of the use of the home or office as a fundraising event venue.

. . .

#### Regulation 1.142-6: Certification.

- (a) Executive Director's Determination.
- (1) The Executive Director shall determine whether to certify a candidate no later than 30 days after the candidate submits the documents required under sections 1.142(a) and 1.142(b).
- (2) Any candidate who files Form SFEC-142(a) indicating an intent to participate in the public financing program but who fails to file Form SFEC-142(b) by the 70th day before the election is ineligible to participate in the public financing program and the Executive Director shall notify the candidate that he or she is ineligible.
- (3) The Executive Director may take whatever steps he or she deems necessary to determine whether to certify a candidate including, but not limited to, reviewing the materials submitted by a candidate, auditing a candidate's records, and interviewing a candidate's contributors. In addition, the Executive Director may require any candidate to file Form SFEC-152 in order to determine whether a candidate who seeks public financing is opposed by another candidate pursuant to section 1.140(b)(3) or 1.140(c)(3).
- (4) The Executive Director may not review a Form SFEC-142(b) filed by a candidate unless and until the candidate has filed a Form SFEC-142(a) indicating an intent to participate in the public financing program. (5) The Executive Director may not review a Form SFEC-142(b) filed by a candidate if the candidate has failed to file the Form SFEC 142(b) by the deadline established by Section 1.142(b) or, for resubmissions, the deadline established by Section 1.142(f).
- (b) Conditional Certification.
- (1) The Executive Director may conditionally certify a candidate for the Board of Supervisors in order to comply with the 30-day requirement set forth in subsection (a) of this regulation and subsection (c) of section 1.142. The Executive Director may issue a conditional certification if a candidate for the Board of Supervisors has satisfied every requirement for certification except the requirement that the candidate be opposed by another candidate who has either established eligibility to receive public financing, or has received contributions or made expenditures which in the aggregate equal or



exceed \$105,000. A candidate who has received a conditional certification shall be eligible to begin to receive public financing at any time after the Executive Director determines that the candidate is opposed by another candidate who has either established eligibility to receive public financing, or has received contributions or made expenditures which in the aggregate equal or exceed \$105,000. A conditional certification, by itself, does not establish that a candidate is eligible to receive public funds.

(2) The Executive Director may conditionally certify a candidate for the Mayor in order to comply with the 30-day requirement set forth in subsection (a) of this regulation and subsection (c) of section 1.142. The Executive Director may issue a conditional certification if a candidate for Mayor has satisfied every requirement for certification except the requirement that the candidate be opposed by another candidate who has either established eligibility to receive public financing, or has received contributions or made expenditures which in the aggregate equal or exceed \$50,000. A candidate who has received a conditional certification shall be eligible to begin to receive public financing at any time after the Executive Director determines that the candidate is opposed by another candidate who has either established eligibility to receive public financing, or has received contributions or made expenditures which in the aggregate equal or exceed \$50,000. A conditional certification, by itself, does not establish that a candidate is eligible to receive public funds.

#### Regulation 1.170-1: Provision of Documents.

The Ethics Commission may specify and require the method by which evidence, records, documents, and information is provided for audits and investigations, including in electronic format. Failure to provide evidence, records, documents, or information in the format specified by the Ethics Commission constitutes withholding such materials.

#### Regulation 1.170-2: Provision of Documents.

<u>Failure to provide evidence, records, documents, or information requested pursuant to a subpoena from the Ethics Commission, or to provide a timely response to a subpoena, constitutes withholding of such materials.</u>