1	[Repeal Mandatory Minimums.]
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3	Resolution urging the United States Congress to repeal support HR 1978 in repealing
4	Mandatory Minimum Federal sentencing guidelines.
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6	WHEREAS, Mandatory Minimum Federal sentencing guidelines suffer from a lack of
7	flexibility in sentencing, resulting in the imposition of unreasonable sentences; and,
8	WHEREAS, Chief Justice William Rehnquist has said that mandatory minimum
9	sentencing statues are "perhaps a good example of the law of unintended consequences;"
10	and,
11	WHEREAS, Mandatory minimums are not applied uniformly and have a
12	disproportionate impact on non-white offenders; and,
13	WHEREAS, There is a growing body of research indicating that mandatory minimums
14	are not achieving goals of reducing crime or drug availability; and,
15	WHEREAS, The expansion of the prison system as a result of longer sentences and
16	incarceration for non-violent offenses has been at great public expense, \$3.4 billion in prison
17	construction in 1997 alone; and,
18	WHEREAS, The cost of incarcerating one prisoner is over \$20,000, and over a million
19	prisoners in the United States, more than half of all prisoners, are imprisoned for non-violent
20	offenses;
21	WHEREAS, There are many people currently incarcerated as a result of existing
22	mandatory minimum statues whose sentences should be revisited; now, therefore, be it
23	RESOLVED, That the United States Congress should repeal support HR 1978 in
24	repealing Mandatory Minimum Sentencing, and grant relief to prisoners already sentenced
25	under the guidelines; and, be it

1	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall forward a
2	copy of this resolution to San Francisco's Congressional delegation, Representatives Pelos
3	and Lantos and Senators Feinstein and Boxer, the Black Congressional Caucus, and Latino
4	Congressional Caucus.
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