

Addendum

Sustainability Plan

Members of the DET Program have been at the forefront in efforts supporting public safety and social services agencies on behalf of CCSF in response to Governor Edmund Brown's Realignment Plan and the associated Community Corrections legislation Assembly Bill 109 (AB 109) and Assembly Bill 117, which shifted responsibility for a significant number of state parolees to community-based supervision in local jurisdictions, and expanded the number of felonies served in jail rather than state prison. In effect, Realignment shifts responsibility for all non-violent, non-serious, non-sex felonies to the local level. During the first eight months of Public Safety Realignment, implemented in October 2011, the San Francisco Adult Probation has served over 400 clients. The Community Corrections Partnership Executive Committee (CCPEC) is the leadership body that makes CCSF's realignment recommendations and provides oversight for the implementation of the Public Safety Realignment Act. CCPEC members include: Jeff Adachi, Public Defender, Barbara Garcia, Director, Department of Public Health, George Gascón, District Attorney, Ross Mirkirimi, Sheriff, Wendy Still, Adult Probation (Chair), Gregory Suhr, Chief, Police Department, and there is a vacant seat to be designated by the Presiding Judge of the San Francisco Superior Court.

Not only does the DET Program work in step with the CCPEC's City and County of San Francisco Public Safety Realignment & Post-Release Community Supervision 2012 Implementation Plan, it builds upon CCSF's commitment to multi-jurisdictional partnerships. The work of the DET Program complements CCPEC's Realignment Plan. Like CCPEC, the DET Program has created meaningful collaboration among criminal justice partners, as well

as other non-traditional public safety partners such as the Department of Public Health and Human Services Agency.

CCSF is committed to offering a continuum of services for individuals under its supervision, which includes much of the wrap around support offered through the DET model, including, pre-release planning, legal counsel, substance abuse treatment, mental health services, medical care treatment, housing assistance job readiness and placement, and specialized supervision. The support of CCSF allows the DET model to continue over the next fiscal year as the DSC identifies creative ways to maximize the use of existing community resources and supports.

Last fall, the DSC met and discussed their direct roles with San Francisco's Realignment Plan and their efforts that support the DET population. One complementary effort includes the recent development of the Child Abuse Intervention Program (CAIP), which includes the development of a Child Abuse Intervention program whose members include DSC members as well as Bay Area Legal Aid, Commission and Department on the Status of Women, Department of Child Support Services, Domestic Violence Consortium, First 5 San Francisco, Human Services Agency-Family and Children's Services, San Francisco Child Abuse Prevention Center and WOMAN, Inc. CAIP includes a year-long treatment program for perpetrators of child abuse, includes a curriculum, certification procedures, referral processes, communication protocols and evaluation tools.

Additional new local efforts that complement the work of DET model includes 1) the Adult Probation Department's Community Assessment and Services Center, a one-stop hub for supervision, social services, which includes housing referrals, employment, benefits, treatment, mental health, substance prevention and intervention services, and general support

for clients; 2) San Francisco District Attorney's Office's establishment of the Sentencing Commission, a body that advises local and state sentencing policy reforms; and 3) the Sheriff's Department and Adult Probation Department's development of the Reentry Pod in the county jail, which will offer pre-release assessments and reentry services to the population sentenced under realignment and improve transition to Adult Probation. Additional complementary efforts of the DET and CCPEC's Realignment Plan include 1) evidence-based treatment services; 2) the implementation of COMPAS and; 3) Adult Probation Department's Arrest Protocol.

While the collective and individual work of the DSC relates directly to the CCPEC Realignment Plan, the DSC will continue to meet and discuss additional activities to be undertaken to facilitate the sustainability of the DET program using local support and resources and identify gaps in services. Currently the DET model is being supported by CCSF as each partner continues to individually allocate a percentage of matching resources to support the ongoing work of DET.

With local support from CCSF, the DSC is making sustainability an explicit goal in the enforcement of state and local controlled substances laws. The DSC seeks to enhance current projects that have identified gaps in services that includes, but is not limited to support for 1) gender-specific services, such as Women's Reentry Pod, In-Custody Treatment Programs for Women, and Out-of-Custody Program for Women; 2) age-specific services, such as the newly piloted efforts include Post-Release Community Supervision with Transitional Age Youth (18-25 year old); and 3) existing projects for the Warrant Services Unit, Post-Release Program for Prevention, Housing and Residential Drug Treatment Programs, Pre-trial Electronic Monitoring; 5-Keys Charter School and ITRP.

Continued ADA Byrne funding is critical for CCSF's success and further reduction in ADA funding would increase recidivism rates and be counterintuitive to the successes that have been accomplished. CCSF continues to identify challenges presented with Realignment including higher than expected numbers of offenders returning to local supervision. Realignment has also impacted the work of partners including the District Attorney's Office. As drug felonies are among the non-violent, non-serious, non-sex felonies now handled exclusively at the local level, the SFDA's Office long term involvement in the handling of these cases will increase, increasing the SFDA's overall workload. The DET Program is currently doing more work with fewer resources and if funding diminishes further DET success levels will be impacted.