

## **LEGISLATIVE DIGEST**

[Planning Code - Single- and Two-Family Home Bonus Program]

**Ordinance amending the Planning Code to create a density bonus program in RH-1 (Residential, House, One-Family) and RH-2 (Residential, House, Two-Family) zoning districts; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.**

### Existing Law

Currently, residential buildings in single-family and two-family residential districts (RH-1 and RH-2) are limited to one or two units, respectively. Residential buildings must comply with Planning Code provisions including the Residential Design Guidelines, and are generally limited to a height of 35 feet.

### Amendments to Current Law

This ordinance would create a density bonus program to allow up to four units in RH-1 and RH-2 districts if the project sponsor enters into a regulatory agreement requiring that at least one unit in a three-unit building, or two units in a four-unit building, be affordable to households earning up to 110% of area median income if the units are rental units, and 140% if the units are owned units. Eligible projects would be allowed additional density, zoning modifications to rear yard, dwelling unit exposure and open space, and would be limited by the heights as set forth in the Planning Code's Zoning Maps (generally 40 feet), as well as other minor modifications granted by the Planning Director. Projects would be reviewed and approved by the Planning Department under a new approval process. Projects would be required to comply with the Residential Design Guidelines, except for Section IV of the RDGs that address Building Scale and Form, and Building Scale at the Mid Block Open Space.

The ordinance would be adopted pursuant to Senate Bill 10 (2021).

### Background Information

This ordinance would allow additional density and other Planning Code modifications if units are affordable to middle-income households. Senate Bill 10, effective January 1, 2022, allows cities to adopt ordinances rezoning parcels for up to 10 units without review under CEQA.