

File No. 251003

Committee Item No. 2

Board Item No. _____

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: Public Safety and Ngbh Services

Date: May 28, 2026

Board of Supervisors Meeting:

Date: _____

Cmte Board

☐	☐	Motion
☐	☐	Resolution
☒	☐	Ordinance – Ver2
☐	☐	Legislative Digest- Ver2
☐	☐	Budget and Legislative Analyst Report
☐	☐	Youth Commission Report
☒	☐	Introduction Form
☐	☐	Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report
☐	☐	MOU
☐	☐	Grant Information Form
☐	☐	Grant Budget
☐	☐	Subcontract Budget
☐	☐	Contract / DRAFT Mills Act Agreement
☐	☐	Form 126 – Ethics Commission
☐	☐	Award Letter
☐	☐	Application
☒	☐	Public Correspondence

OTHER

☒	☐	<u>FYI Referral 102925</u>
☒	☐	<u>PAM Transfer 110325</u>
☒	☐	<u>FYI Referral 032426</u>
☒	☐	<u>Referral YC 040126</u>
☒	☐	<u>D6 Ltr 050426</u>
☒	☐	<u>YC Response 050626</u>
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____
☐	☐	_____

Prepared by: Monique Crayton

Date: May 22, 2026

Prepared by: _____

Date: _____

Prepared by: _____

Date: _____

[Administrative Code - Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing]

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing (“PSH”) that prohibits on-site illicit drug use among residents (“Drug-Free PSH”) to meet the demand of people experiencing homelessness who prefer such a residential option; bar the City from funding new Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that prohibits evictions on the basis of drug use alone (“Drug-Tolerant PSH”), except where operation of the housing as Drug-Free PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding, or the Board of Supervisors has waived the funding prohibition based on specific findings; and require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing (“HSH”) to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in either Drug-Tolerant PSH or Drug-Free PSH and report on the survey findings and HSH’s strategies to meet PSH residents’ demands.

NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain Arial font.
Additions to Codes are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*.
Deletions to Codes are in *~~striketrough italics Times New Roman font~~*.
Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font.
Board amendment deletions are in ~~striketrough Arial font~~.
Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

1 Section 1. The Administrative Code is hereby amended by adding Chapter 12K,
2 consisting of Sections 12K.1 through 12K.7, to read as follows:

3
4 **CHAPTER 12K: PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING; DRUG-FREE PERMANENT**
5 **SUPPORTIVE HOUSING**
6

7 **SEC. 12K.1. FINDINGS.**

8 (a) Permanent Supportive Housing (“PSH”) plays a significant role in San Francisco’s
9 response to homelessness by combining affordable housing assistance with voluntary support services
10 intended to address the myriad needs of chronically homeless people, including families with children,
11 seniors, and persons with chronic disabilities. These support services are intended to build independent
12 living and tenancy skills, and connect people with community-based health care, treatment, and
13 employment services.

14 (b) With few exceptions, San Francisco’s PSH sites currently adhere to the drug-tolerant
15 policies reflected in California’s current implementation of the “Core Components of Housing First,”
16 as set forth in California Welfare and Institutions Code Section 8255. These policies apply to state-
17 funded PSH, and provide that “use of alcohol or drugs in and of itself, without other lease violations, is
18 not a reason for eviction,” and that supportive services must be “informed by a harm-reduction
19 philosophy that recognizes drug and alcohol use and addiction as a part of tenants’ lives.” Some – but
20 not all – of San Francisco’s PSH is state-funded, and subject to the state’s current Housing First
21 mandates. To the extent locally funded PSH in San Francisco adheres to drug-tolerant provisions,
22 however, it does so as a voluntary policy choice subject to revision by the Board of Supervisors.

1 (c) The near universality of drug-tolerant policies in San Francisco’s PSH portfolio fails to
2 serve the needs of many PSH residents seeking to stabilize their lives as they exit homelessness.
3 This is especially true for those residents who are in recovery or seeking to recover from substance use
4 disorders (“SUDs”), but it is similarly true for those supportive housing residents not in recovery who
5 would prefer to avoid the myriad harms and risks associated with living in a residential community
6 where the use of illicit drugs is expressly tolerated.

7 (d) Moreover, many of the externalities that arise from residents’ illicit drug use overburden
8 the City’s public health and public safety resources because of elevated acuity and drug-related
9 behavioral health challenges, diminishing San Franciscans’ confidence in their city government’s
10 response to homelessness overall. According to data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner,
11 between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than
12 in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street. Drug-related behaviors and associated
13 lawlessness lead to public nuisances that routinely rob law-abiding PSH residents and neighbors of the
14 quiet enjoyment of their own residences and neighborhoods. Just one PSH facility alone generated 654
15 police calls for service in a single year — averaging nearly two calls per day. A sample of 15 PSH sites
16 showed 5,872 police calls for service during that same time frame.

17 (e) Drug-Free PSH operates as a residential community free of illicit drug use, avoiding the
18 multitude of negative externalities of illicit drugs that bedevil many Drug-Tolerant PSH sites in San
19 Francisco. As compared to Drug-Tolerant PSH, drug-free housing options would also better support
20 individuals exiting homelessness who are in recovery from addiction or alcoholism as well as those at
21 elevated risks to develop SUDs. The 2025 Homelessness Needs Assessment, published by the Our City,
22 Our Home Oversight Committee in accordance with Business and Tax Regulations Code Section

1 2810(e)(2)(B), reported that 53% of single adults and 28% of families served through HSH's housing
2 programs had substance use or mental health disorders.

3 (f) As of March 2026, the choices afforded to program participants are insufficiently prioritized
4 in San Francisco's current operation of PSH. More Drug-Free PSH options would add an important
5 new choice for PSH residents exiting homelessness, and would broaden the City's array of evidence-
6 based solutions to more effectively address homelessness and substance use disorders that are so
7 visible on City streets. By removing barriers to drug-free options for formerly unhoused persons and
8 honoring the choice of some PSH residents who would prefer to live in a drug-free residential
9 community, the policies advanced in this Chapter 12K would better serve many PSH residents, who
10 include families with children, seniors, and individuals at all stages of recovery from SUDs and at
11 heightened risk of suffering harms associated with illicit drug use.

12
13 **SEC. 12K.2. DEFINITIONS.**

14 For purposes of this Chapter 12K, the following definitions apply:

15 "City" means the City and County of San Francisco.

16 "Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing" or "Drug-Free PSH" means Site-Based PSH
17 where on-site illicit drug use is prohibited and is grounds for eviction, provided that participation in
18 Medication-Assisted-Treatment, administered by a licensed healthcare provider in accordance with
19 applicable laws and medical guidance, shall not be deemed illicit drug use.

20 "Drug-Tolerant Permanent Supportive Housing" or "Drug-Tolerant PSH" means Site-Based
21 PSH where the use of illicit drugs, without any other lease violation, is not a basis for eviction, and
22 applicants are accepted regardless of their sobriety or use of substances, completion of treatment, or

1 participation in recovery services.

2 “Illicit drug use” means the use of a controlled or regulated substance in a manner that is
3 unlawful under state or federal law, including use without a valid prescription or outside the scope of
4 lawful medical or other legally permitted use, regardless of whether the substance itself may be
5 lawfully possessed or used under other circumstances.

6 “PSH Resident Survey” means the survey described in Section 12K.5.

7 “Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing” or “Site-Based PSH” means subsidized rental
8 housing where 100% of the units are for individuals and households with a history of homelessness, in
9 a building that is owned or master leased by the City or a non-profit organization funded by the City,
10 that imposes no time limit on occupancy, and provides supportive services to help residents maintain
11 housing.

12 “Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing Portfolio” means the total number of Site-Based
13 PSH units that are operated or funded by the City at a given time.

14
15 **SEC. 12K.3. DECLARATION OF POLICY.**

16 It shall be City policy to expand the availability of Drug-Free PSH to meet the demand from
17 individuals in need of Site-Based PSH who prefer that option as an alternative to Drug-Tolerant PSH.
18 The goal of this policy is to promote long-term housing stability and minimize returns to homelessness.

19
20 **SEC. 12K.4. USE OF CITY FUNDS FOR DRUG-TOLERANT PERMANENT**
21 **SUPPORTIVE HOUSING PROHIBITED EXCEPT WHERE DRUG-FREE HOUSING MODEL**
22 **CONFLICTS WITH LAW OR FUNDING CONDITION.**

1 (a) Except as stated in subsections (c) and (d) of this Section 12K.4, the City shall not expend
2 funds for any contract, grant agreement, or loan agreement to increase the City's Site-Based
3 Permanent Supportive Housing Portfolio unless the contract, grant agreement, or loan agreement
4 would exclusively fund Drug-Free PSH.

5 (b) The prohibition set forth in subsection (a) includes, but is not limited to: (1) entering into a
6 grant agreement to fund an organization to provide services or operations for new Drug-Tolerant PSH,
7 (2) entering into a grant agreement to subsidize operations and/or rents for new Drug-Tolerant PSH,
8 and (3) entering into a loan agreement for the development and construction of any new Drug-Tolerant
9 PSH.

10 (c) The prohibition set forth in subsection (a) shall not apply to any contract, grant agreement,
11 or loan agreement for Site-Based PSH where operation of such Site-Based PSH as Drug-Free PSH
12 would be prohibited by law or in conflict with applicable conditions of funding.

13 (d) The Board of Supervisors may waive the prohibition set forth in subsection (a) by resolution
14 only if the Board makes the following findings:

15 (1) Such waiver is necessary to meet the demand for Drug-Tolerant PSH as determined
16 by the PSH Resident Survey conducted under section 12K.5, or is otherwise determined by the Board to
17 be in the public interest; and

18 (2) Waiver is recommended by either the Department of Homelessness and
19 Supportive Housing ("HSH") or the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development; and

20 (3) The sponsoring Department has committed to entering into a Good Neighbor
21 Agreement with the housing operator intended to address anticipated neighborhood concerns.

1 **SEC. 12K.5. MEASURING DEMAND FOR DRUG-TOLERANT AND DRUG-FREE**

2 **PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING.**

3 (a) Within six months of the effective date of the ordinance in Board File No. 251003 enacting
4 this Chapter 12K, HSH shall, in collaboration with the Controller's Office, conduct a survey of PSH
5 residents to assess their interest in living in Drug-Free PSH as an alternative to Drug-Tolerant PSH
6 ("PSH Resident Survey"). The survey instrument shall explain the drug-related policies that apply in
7 each type of housing.

8 (b) Within one month of the completion of the PSH Resident Survey, HSH and the Controller's
9 Office shall prepare a report summarizing the results of the survey and shall submit the report to the
10 Board of Supervisors, along with a resolution for the Board to acknowledge receipt of the survey
11 report.

12 (c) Within three months of the completion of the PSH Resident Survey, HSH shall prepare a
13 report describing the strategies it intends to implement to meet the demand measured in the PSH
14 Resident Survey for Drug-Free PSH and Drug-Tolerant PSH, in accordance with Section 12K.3, and
15 shall submit that report to the Board of Supervisors together with a resolution for the Board to
16 acknowledge its receipt.

17
18 **SEC. 12K.6. RULES AND REGULATIONS.**

19 HSH, in consultation with the Department of Public Health, shall promulgate rules and
20 regulations to carry out the provisions of this Chapter 12K, that:

21 (a) Establish standards for Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing operators that:

22 (1) Prohibit the use of illicit drugs on the premises;

1 (2) Provide that a single relapse or instance of illicit drug use may not be treated as an
2 automatic cause for eviction or termination from a program, but that participants be offered relapse
3 support; and

4 (3) Provide that an operator may seek to terminate a resident's tenancy when a
5 participant's behavior substantially disrupts or impacts the welfare of the community in which the
6 participant resides;

7 (b) Reaffirm HSH's commitment to use its best efforts to provide alternative housing or shelter
8 to an individual who is living in Drug-Free PSH, where such individual is at risk of eviction, or is
9 discharged from the program.

10 (c) HSH shall submit such rules and regulations to the Board of Supervisors prior to the
11 implementation of any new Drug-Free PSH site.

12
13 **SEC. 12K.7. UNDERTAKING FOR THE GENERAL WELFARE.**

14 In enacting and implementing this Chapter 12K, the City is assuming an undertaking only to
15 promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an
16 obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach
17 proximately caused injury.

18
19 Section 2. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective at 12:00 a.m. on the

20 ///

21 ///

22 ///

31st day after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:
DAVID CHIU, City Attorney

By: _____/S/_____
ANNE PEARSON
Deputy City Attorney

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

(Substituted - 3/17/26)

[Administrative Code - Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing]

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing (“PSH”) that prohibits on-site illicit drug use among residents (“Drug-Free PSH”) to meet the demand of people experiencing homelessness who prefer such a residential option; bar the City from funding new Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that prohibits evictions on the basis of drug use alone (“Drug-Tolerant PSH”), except where operation of the housing as Drug-Free PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding, or the Board of Supervisors has waived the funding prohibition based on specific findings; and require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing (“HSH”) to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in either Drug-Tolerant PSH or Drug-Free PSH and report on the survey findings and HSH’s strategies to meet PSH residents’ demands.

Existing Law

Currently, there is no law requiring or prohibiting the City from funding any model of permanent supportive housing.

Amendments to Current Law

The proposed ordinance would state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing that prohibits on-site illicit drug use (“Drug-Free PSH”) to meet the demand from individuals who prefer that option as an alternative to Permanent Supportive Housing that prohibits eviction on the basis of on-site illicit drug use (“Drug-Tolerant PSH”). The goal of this policy is to promote long-term housing stability and minimize returns to homelessness.

The ordinance would also prohibit the City from funding new Site-Based Drug-Tolerant Permanent Supportive Housing except:

- Where operation of the new housing as Drug-Free PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding; or
- Where the Board of Supervisors waives the prohibition on funding by resolution based on findings that such waiver is necessary to meet the demand for Drug-Tolerant PSH; the waiver is recommended by HSH or the Mayor’s Office of Housing and Community Development; and the sponsoring department has committed to enter into a Good Neighbor Agreement with the housing operator.

The ordinance would require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in Drug-Free PSH, and submit a report to the Board of Supervisors summarizing their findings and plans to meet demand.

Background Information

This ordinance is a substitute of the ordinance in Board File No. 25-1003, which was introduced on October 7, 2025.

Permanent Supportive Housing plays a significant role in San Francisco's response to homelessness by combining affordable housing assistance with voluntary support services intended to address the myriad needs of chronically homeless people, including families with children, seniors, and persons with chronic disabilities. These support services are intended to build independent living and tenancy skills, and connect people with community-based health care, treatment, and employment services.

With few exceptions, San Francisco's PSH sites adhere to the drug-tolerant policies reflected in California's current implementation of the "Core Components of Housing First," as set forth in California Welfare and Institutions Code Section 8255. These policies apply to state-funded PSH, and provide that "use of alcohol or drugs in and of itself, without other lease violations, is not a reason for eviction," and that supportive services must be "informed by a harm-reduction philosophy that recognizes drug and alcohol use and addiction as a part of tenants' lives." Some – but not all – of San Francisco's PSH is state-funded, and subject to the state's current Housing First mandates.

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Shireen McSpadden, Director, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing
Daniel Tsai, Director, Department of Public Health

FROM: John Carroll, Assistant Clerk, Land Use and Transportation Committee

DATE: October 29, 2025

SUBJECT: LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Land Use and Transportation Committee has received the following proposed legislation, introduced by Supervisor Dorsey on October 7, 2025.

File No. 251003

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing ("PSH") for people experiencing homelessness that supports abstinence by prohibiting illegal drug use on-site or emphasizing abstinence ("Drug-Free and Recovery-Oriented Supportive Housing"); prohibiting the City from funding Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that bars evictions on the basis of drug use alone ("Drug-Tolerant Housing") except where operation of the funded housing as Drug-Free and Recovery-Oriented Supportive Housing would conflict with standards imposed by law or as a condition of other funding; and requiring the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in Drug-Free and Recovery-Oriented Supportive Housing, and submitting a report to the Board of Supervisors summarizing the summary findings.

If you have comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102 or by email at: john.carroll@sfgov.org.

cc:

Offices of Chair Melgar and Supervisor Dorsey
Dylan Schneider, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing
Emily Cohen, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing
Bridget Badasow, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing
Dr. Naveena Bobba, Department of Public Health
Sneha Patil, Department of Public Health

President, District 8
BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-6968
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 544-5227

RAFAEL MANDELMAN

PRESIDENTIAL ACTION

Date: 11/3/25

To: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

Madam Clerk,
Pursuant to Board Rules, I am hereby:

☐ Waiving 30-Day Rule (Board Rule No. 3.23)

File No.

(Primary Sponsor)

Title.

☒ Transferring (Board Rule No 3.3)

File No.

251003

Dorsey

(Primary Sponsor)

Title.

Administrative Code - Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing

From: Land Use & Transportation

Committee

To: Public Safety & Neighborhood Services

Committee

☐ Assigning Temporary Committee Appointment (Board Rule No. 3.1)

Supervisor:

Replacing Supervisor:

For:

(Date)

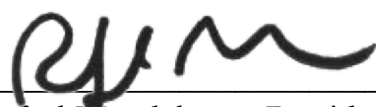
(Committee)

Meeting

Start Time:

End Time:

Temporary Assignment: ☒ Partial ☐ Full Meeting


Rafael Mandelman, President
Board of Supervisors

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Shireen McSpadden, Director, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing
Daniel Tsai, Director, Department of Public Health

FROM: Monique Crayton, Assistant Clerk, Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee

DATE: March 24, 2026

SUBJECT: LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee has received the following proposed legislation, substituted by Supervisor Dorsey on March 17 2026.

File No. 251003 (Substituted)

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing ("PSH") that prohibits on-site illicit drug use among residents ("Drug-Free PSH") to meet the demand of people experiencing homelessness who prefer such a residential option; bar the City from funding new Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that prohibits evictions on the basis of drug use alone ("Drug-Tolerant PSH"), except where operation of the housing as Drug-Free PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding, or the Board of Supervisors has waived the funding prohibition based on specific findings; and require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing ("HSH") to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in either Drug-Tolerant PSH or Drug-Free PSH and report on the survey findings and HSH's strategies to meet PSH residents' demands.

If you have comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102 or by email at: monique.crayton@sfgov.org.

cc:

Office of Chair Dorsey

Dylan Schneider, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing

Emily Cohen, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing

Bridget Badasow, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing

Dr. Naveena Bobba, Department of Public Health

Sneha Patil, Department of Public Health

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Joy Zhan, Interim Director, Youth Commission

FROM: Monique Crayton, Assistant Clerk,
Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee

DATE: April 1, 2026

SUBJECT: LEGISLATIVE MATTER INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee has received the following ordinance request, introduced by Supervisor Matt Dorsey on March 17, 2026. This item is being referred for comment and recommendation.

File No. 251003

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing ("PSH") that prohibits on-site illicit drug use among residents ("Drug-Free PSH") to meet the demand of people experiencing homelessness who prefer such a residential option; bar the City from funding new Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that prohibits evictions on the basis of drug use alone ("Drug-Tolerant PSH"), except where operation of the housing as Drug-Free PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding, or the Board of Supervisors has waived the funding prohibition based on specific findings; and require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing ("HSH") to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in either Drug-Tolerant PSH or Drug-Free PSH and report on the survey findings and HSH's strategies to meet PSH residents' demands.

Please return this cover sheet with the Commission's response to Monique Crayton, Assistant Clerk, Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee.

RESPONSE FROM YOUTH COMMISSION Date: _____

_____ No Comment
_____ Recommendation Attached

Chairperson, Youth Commission

C: Office of Chair Dorsey

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Joy Zhan, Interim Director, Youth Commission

FROM: Monique Crayton, Assistant Clerk,
Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee

DATE: April 1, 2026

SUBJECT: LEGISLATIVE MATTER INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee has received the following ordinance request, introduced by Supervisor Matt Dorsey on March 17, 2026. This item is being referred for comment and recommendation.

File No. 251003

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing ("PSH") that prohibits on-site illicit drug use among residents ("Drug-Free PSH") to meet the demand of people experiencing homelessness who prefer such a residential option; bar the City from funding new Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that prohibits evictions on the basis of drug use alone ("Drug-Tolerant PSH"), except where operation of the housing as Drug-Free PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding, or the Board of Supervisors has waived the funding prohibition based on specific findings; and require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing ("HSH") to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in either Drug-Tolerant PSH or Drug-Free PSH and report on the survey findings and HSH's strategies to meet PSH residents' demands.

Please return this cover sheet with the Commission's response to Monique Crayton, Assistant Clerk, Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee.

RESPONSE FROM YOUTH COMMISSION Date: 05/05/2026

 No Comment
X Recommendation Attached

Gabrielle Listana

Chairperson, Youth Commission



YOUTH COMMISSION MEMORANDUM

TO: Board of Supervisors

CC: Monique Crayton, Assistant Clerk
Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board
Alisa Somera, Legislative Deputy Director

FROM: 2025-2026 Youth Commission

DATE: Tuesday, May 5, 2026

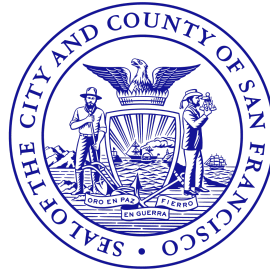
RE: SUBJECT: YOUTH COMMISSION LEGISLATION REFERRED 04/01/26

At the Youth Commission's in-person meeting on Monday, May 4, 2026, the Commission discussed and took action on BOS File No. 251003:

1. The Youth Commission negatively recommends this legislation to the full Board of Supervisors and the Mayor's Office with a vote of 12 ayes, 2 nays, and 3 absent.
2. The Youth Commission supports the increased options of permanent supportive housing and the expansion of sober housing.
3. The Youth Commission has the following concerns regarding the legislation:
 - Due to the fiscal analysis and the fiscal constraints of the City, there is the possibility of pitting resources against each other, which could halt future permanent supportive housing development.
 - There is a lack of an outline of how people would be evicted and a lack of uniformity of eviction criteria, since the Commission wants better protections for tenants.
4. In its current legislative form as of May 4, 2026, while the Youth Commission sees the benefit of the legislation and letting young people access sober living options, the Commission hopes to see the legislation improved to address the concerns above.

Please do not hesitate to contact Youth Commissioners or Youth Commission staff at (415) 554-7112 with any questions. Thank you.

City and County
of San Francisco



Board of Supervisors
Member, District 6

MATT DORSEY

麥德誠

May 4, 2026

Hon. Connie Chan, District 1
Hon. Stephen Sherrill, District 2
Hon. Danny Sauter, District 3
Hon. Alan Wong, District 4
Hon. Bilal Mahmood, District 5

Hon. Myrna Melgar, District 7
Hon. Rafael Mandelman, District 8
Hon. Jackie Fielder, District 9
Hon. Shamann Walton, District 10
Hon. Chyanne Chen, District 11

SAN FRANCISCO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
City Hall, Room 244
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, Calif. 94102-4689

Transmitted via email to: Board.of.Supervisors@sfgov.org

**Rebuttal to the San Francisco Marin Medical Society's 'Oppose Unless Amended'
letter regarding the Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation, File No. 251003**

Dear Colleagues,

As you may be aware, the San Francisco Marin Medical Society (SFMMS) on April 21, 2026 submitted an "Oppose Unless Amended" letter¹ regarding legislation I authored (File No. 251003) to expand Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing, or PSH, citywide.

Going back more than a decade, I've had many occasions to stand with this organization on the public health priorities we shared, including efforts while I served on former City Attorney Dennis Herrera's executive staff to help defend San Francisco's enforcement of

¹ San Francisco Marin Medical Society letter Re: Ordinance 251003 (Dorsey) Position: Oppose Unless Amended, April 21, 2026, <https://acrobat.adobe.com/id/urn:aaid:sc:us:03442291-856f-4ea9-9d69-2320b6d021f1>.

health warnings on ads for sugary beverages;² as a private-sector campaign strategist who helped lead the convincing, come-from-behind defeat of a 2019 ballot measure by Juul Labs that sought to preserve e-cigarette sales and repeal city restrictions on flavored tobacco;³ as a supervisor in 2024 to pass legislation I authored requiring that all retail pharmacies stock sufficient quantities of buprenorphine citywide;⁴ and most recently to enact a groundbreaking "Recovery First" ordinance that established a self-directed and healthy life, free from illicit drug use, as the primary goal of San Francisco's drug policy.⁵

While I appreciate SFMMS's decision to weigh in on a legislative priority that Board President Rafael Mandelman and I have been working on for the better part of two years, I was surprised and disappointed to see such an unexpectedly sweeping set of demands for amendments just 48 hours before the legislation's April 23, 2026 hearing.

Far more disappointing to me, however, was that SFMMS's eleventh hour engagement — *on a topic it had never before raised with me until two weeks prior* — advanced material mischaracterizations of my legislation that, if left unaddressed, risk misleading Board members and the public about its intent and effect if enacted. Indeed, in key respects, SFMMS critiques the proposed ordinance for doing the *exact opposite* of what it actually does. Beyond these misrepresentations, too, SFMMS proposes problematic policy changes I would strongly oppose as either antithetical to the legislation's intent, unsupported by facts or evidence, or needlessly duplicative of existing law.

I offer this rebuttal letter to set the record straight.

² "Big Soda falls flat: Herrera beats back motion by American Beverage Association to preliminarily enjoin San Francisco from enforcing health warnings on fixed ads for sugary beverages," City Attorney Dennis Herrera News Release, May 17, 2016, <https://sfcityattorney.org/big-soda-falls-flat/>.

³ "Juul dominates SF ballot measure spending, shelling out \$4.3 million to defend vaping" by Catherine Ho, *San Francisco Chronicle*, August 19, 2019, <https://www.sfchronicle.com/business/article/Juul-dominates-SF-ballot-measure-spending-14339354.php>.

⁴ San Francisco Marin Medical Society letter Re: Buprenorphine Ordinance, File No. 240502, (Dorsey) Position: Support, <https://acrobat.adobe.com/id/urn:aaid:sc:US:46c3e27f-c91b-4c61-82e5-05a421abab88>.

⁵ "Dorsey to amend 'Recovery First' legislation to win backing from the S.F. Marin Medical Society; Legislation would prioritize long-term remission from Substance Use Disorder — 'free from illicit drug use,' through process of recovery — as S.F.'s primary goal," Office of Supervisor Matt Dorsey, April 24, 2025, <https://acrobat.adobe.com/id/urn:aaid:sc:US:0ce48c9d-954a-4f8a-a687-cee2a291ee58>

Summary of the Proposed Drug-Free Supportive Housing Ordinance

The Drug-Free Supportive Housing Ordinance⁶ I’ve proposed is a modest, targeted, incremental, and forward-looking policy reform that would add much-needed flexibility to address the structural imbalance in San Francisco’s PSH portfolio by introducing and expanding a housing model that is almost entirely absent now: Drug-Free PSH.

It would accomplish this in three ways:

- **First**, it would require that all new city-funded Permanent Supportive Housing be illicit-drug-free — with the same lease rules governing evictions for the use of illicit drugs as all standard residential leases in San Francisco. (See Sec. 12K.4.)
- **Second**, it would require a survey of PSH residents *themselves* to ask which option they would prefer as PSH options scale up in years to come: whether to live in a “drug-tolerant” or “drug-free” residential community. (See Sec. 12K.5.)
- **Third**, it would establish as city policy San Francisco’s intent to ultimately meet the demand of what PSH residents *themselves* want in terms of drug-tolerant or drug-free residential communities. (See Sec. 12K.3.)

Importantly, there is nothing novel about illicit-drug-free housing, which reflects longstanding lease provisions that are standard under California and local law, and which currently govern approximately 240,000 residential tenancies across San Francisco. Only PSH leases — *and PSH leases uniquely among all other residential tenancies citywide* — expressly include provisions that prohibit evictions for the use of illicit drugs on site.

As with all standard residential leases, Drug-Free PSH would prohibit unlawful activity on the premises — including the use of illicit drugs — while permitting *lawful* conduct that includes the use of such legal intoxicants as alcohol or marijuana. In this respect, the proposed ordinance would merely extend to new implementations of city-funded PSH the

⁶ File No. 251003, “Administrative Code - Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing” (Dorsey) Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco, <https://sfgov.legistar.com/View.ashx?M=F&ID=15325376&GUID=08D77728-1F83-4632-A3A0-9EE7B8F3EDF4>.

very same baseline residential expectations that protect the rights of tenants throughout the private residential rental market in San Francisco and throughout California.

In short, the defining ethos of this proposed legislation is to *center the choices of Permanent Supportive Housing residents themselves*. My legislation seeks to move city policy beyond the ill-informed and frankly arrogant presumption that everyone in Permanent Supportive Housing is an active drug user — and that all PSH residents deserve a tenancy standard substantively below that of other residential tenants in San Francisco.

I think that’s unfair, and this rigidly inflexible status quo is what my legislation aims to fix.

SFMMS’s Letter is at Odds with Nationally Recognized Addiction Medicine Experts

Although SFMMS acknowledges that it represents local physicians “of every medical specialty and mode of practice,” its opposition makes no representation that it reflects any specialized expertise in the realm of addiction medicine beyond the summary recitation of “Housing First” principles it outlines.

By contrast, supporters of the Drug-Free Housing legislation I’ve proposed include two of the nation’s most widely recognized experts in addiction medicine.

Keith Humphreys, PhD., endorses the Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation.

- Dr. Humphreys is the Esther Ting Memorial Professor of Psychiatry at Stanford University School of Medicine. He served in President Obama’s White House as senior policy advisor in the Office of National Drug Control Policy, is a senior research career scientist in the Veterans Administration, and is a nationally sought-after expert on drug addiction and its effect on public health and safety.
- Dr. Humphreys’s letter of support⁷ noted that “drug-free housing options particularly benefit people struggling with their use of methamphetamine,

⁷ Keith Humphries, Ph.D., Stanford University School of Medicine, letter Re: Drug-Free Housing, File #251003 (Dorsey) Position: Support, April 22, 2026, <https://acrobat.adobe.com/id/urn:aaid:sc:us:c09de162-2d24-4a35-9220-3101ec7c35e7>.

fentanyl, and other drugs,” citing a DePaul University study of individuals in substance-free settings “with a pro-recovery culture” that reported “double the rate of abstaining from substance use,” with a 50 percent greater likelihood to have a job than those residing in non-sober settings.

- Dr. Humphreys added: “Under current California law, it is unfortunately not legal to use state housing dollars to create drug-free housing options that would yield benefits like this. The only option San Francisco therefore has is what this proposal offers, namely using local funds to support such therapeutic living environments. I believe that doing so will greatly aid people who are seeking recovery from addiction and I therefore respectfully urge you to support this proposal.”

Dr. Anna Lembke endorses the Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation.

- Dr. Lembke is the Medical Director of Addiction Medicine at Stanford University School of Medicine, where she also serves as a professor and program director of the Stanford Addiction Medicine Fellowship. Her 2016 book, “Drug Dealer, MD — How Doctors Were Duped, Patients Got Hooked, and Why It’s So Hard to Stop” won praise from the *New York Times* as one of the top five books to help understand the opioid epidemic. Her 2021 book, “Dopamine Nation: Finding Balance in the Age of Indulgence,” is an international bestseller that examines the neuroscience of addiction and the wisdom of abstinence-based recovery traditions.
- Dr. Lembke’s email of support ⁸ expressed gratitude to me “from the bottom of my heart for the good and important work you are doing,” adding: “It strikes me as simple common sense that people would want to live in a place where illicit drug use is prohibited, especially women and families with young children, whether or not they’re in recovery. Illicit drug use is closely linked to violence, crime, and trauma. People living on the street are seeking and deserve not just housing, but safe housing.”

⁸ Dr. Anna Lembke, Medical Director of Addiction Medicine, Stanford University School of Medicine, Re: San Francisco legislation: “Drug-Free Supportive Housing Ordinance,” May 1, 2026, <https://acrobat.adobe.com/id/urn:aaid:sc:US:e5284025-f9ba-4d92-9faa-6b4998fea992>.

SFMMS Would Exclude Families With Children from Drug-Free Supportive Housing

Among the contentions in its counterproposal I found surprising, SFMMS's dismissive exclusion of "families seeking a less disorderly living environment" from the likely benefits of a drug-free supportive housing option was one I would least have predicted.

In SFMMS's reimagination of the legislation I have proposed, this "set of individuals" — *families with children!* — would "likely be best served by housing with diligent property management," yet denied the choice of an alternative to the exclusively drug-tolerant standard contemplated in California's implementation of "Housing First."

SFMMS then seeks to wholly re-define Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing in a manner that would be strictly limited to individuals or families "in recovery" or seeking recovery services, noting that this set of individuals "would need diligent property management combined with recovery services, which require a different set of resources, staffing, and coordination with the health care system, among other considerations."

While I don't disagree with the notion that individuals and families in recovery or who seek recovery services should have access to them, the legislation as currently proposed is, *again*, intentionally designed to make voluntary residential choice (and not a medical diagnosis) the standard by which PSH residents might access a drug-free alternative.

I strongly disagree with SFMMS that families with children should be excluded from a drug-free supportive housing alternative, if that's the option that would choose. Indeed, whatever else we supervisors may disagree about on topics of drug policy, housing, or homelessness services, I would hope we could find broad agreement that families exiting homelessness face circumstances and sensitivities that deserve far better than solely "diligent property management" within explicitly drug-tolerant residential communities.

'Drug-Free Supportive Housing' is NOT 'Sober Housing' or 'Recovery Housing'

Although SFMMS urges this Board of Supervisors to amend the ordinance in a manner that would limit its benefits to those diagnosed with Substance Use Disorders (SUDs), the Drug-Free Supportive Housing option contemplated in the proposed legislation is not

intended to be “sober housing.” Neither is it designed to be a “Recovery Residence” (as defined by AB 1556⁹) or a “Supportive-Recovery Residence” (as defined by AB 255¹⁰). Rather, it is intended to offer PSH residents a wholly voluntary choice — whatever their circumstances may be — to access an alternative to the solely drug-tolerant housing model now available to them.

The proposed ordinance is intentionally designed to make voluntary residential choice — *and not a clinical diagnosis* — the standard for which PSH residents could seek a new drug-free option.

To be sure, individuals in recovery from SUDs would likely benefit from a new drug-free PSH option as an alternative to the mandatory drug-tolerant rules governing virtually all PSH units citywide — as would families with children, seniors and others our PSH portfolio was designed to serve. Accordingly, these vulnerable populations were referenced in the legislation’s findings; but it was never to suggest that drug-free options be limited to them.

SFMMS Misrepresents the Drug-Free Supportive Housing Ordinance as Inflexible

Despite an “Oppose Unless Amended” position that, by definition, argues to retain an inflexible status quo as the preferred alternative to my proposal as written, SFMMS argues without evidence that my legislation “goes against [the] principle of flexibility.”

This representation is patently false.

In truth, it is the *current system* that’s wholly inflexible. San Francisco’s PSH portfolio is virtually *entirely* governed by drug-tolerant policies rooted in state Housing First core components¹¹ — whether legally required as a condition of funding or not — and there are no meaningful drug-free options available today for PSH residents in San Francisco.

⁹ California Assembly, Assembly Bill 1556 (Haney), 2025–2026 Regular Session, https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=202520260AB1556.

¹⁰ California Assembly, Assembly Bill 255 (Haney), 2025–2026 Regular Session, https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=202520260AB255.

¹¹ California Welfare and Institutions Code § 8255(b), “Core Components of Housing First,” https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displayText.xhtml?lawCode=WIC&division=8.&title=&part=&chapter=6.5.&article=

However, a new drug-free option is not the *only* way my proposed Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation would add flexibility to the currently inflexible, “one-size-fits-all” status quo that SFMMS evidently prefers. The proposed legislation would additionally maximize flexibility over existing city policy in the following ways, by ensuring...

- That not a single dollar in state funding to add more Drug-Tolerant PSH models would be delayed or prohibited. (See Sec. 12K.4 (c))
- That even blended or braided funding schemes that *include* Housing-First-encumbered state funding with city dollars be exempted. (See Sec. 12K.4 (c))
- And that waivers from the ordinance's restrictions, if found broadly “in the public interest,” are possible by resolution by a simple majority vote. (See Sec. 12K.4 (d))

In other words, the ordinance doesn't solely introduce a second lane to what is currently a one-lane system; it goes above and beyond in other ways to facilitate unfettered state funding for PSH, and to ensure maximum flexibility for any unforeseen eventuality.

So, SFMMS's charge of inflexibility is not a difference of opinion; it is flatly incorrect.

SFMMS Baselessly Alleges Obstacles to Housing and Needed Services

Escalating even more outrageously on its factually unsupported “Parade of Horribles” my legislation would purportedly risk, SFMMS leans in with some particularly absurd showstoppers that insultingly presume some dark ulterior motive to restrict funding as “the main reason this ordinance was introduced.” To the contrary, Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing — exactly as the legislation is entitled — is the main reason this ordinance was introduced. As SFMMS wrote...

Mandating exclusive funding for recovery housing, and creating obstacles to override that mandate, reduces the City's ability to meet other housing needs as they arise (e.g., mental health housing, veterans housing, or housing for those who are unable or unwilling to discontinue substance use). Presumably restrictive funding policy is the main reason this ordinance was introduced. San Francisco should not make the same mistake of creating another restricted funding source. SFMMS agrees that, due to current circumstances, a prioritization of funding for recovery housing is appropriate, but does not

agree with creating obstacles to the City's ability to use its own housing funding in the most appropriate manner identified at any given point in time.

SFMMS's above-cited claims aren't just overstated; they are flatly contradicted by the plain text of the ordinance itself. Resting on a fictional premise that simply does not exist in the legislation, SFMMS advances scorched-earth arguments here I would expect from a negative campaign ad or political rival — but not from a good-faith policymaking partner.

First, leaving aside the fact that the legislation doesn't apply to "recovery housing" *at all*, there is nothing in the proposed ordinance "mandating exclusive funding for recovery housing" in the rigid, inflexible way SFMMS states. As outlined previously, the Drug-Free Supportive Housing proposal expressly preserves flexibility in two separate and meaningful ways: (1) it allows funding for drug-tolerant housing wherever required by law or funding conditions (see Sec. 12K.4 (c)); and (2) it authorizes the Board of Supervisors, by a simple majority vote, to waive the funding preference whenever doing so is in the public interest and supported by the relevant departments (see Sec. 12K.4 (d)).

That is not rigidity — it is a thoughtful, responsibly crafted policy preference paired with explicit, built-in override authority.

Second, SFMMS offers no evidence whatsoever — none — that this ordinance would reduce housing production or impair the City's ability to fund other housing needs. That omission is telling. The legislation does not reduce funding levels, redirect existing appropriations, or eliminate any funding source. It simply establishes a standard residential lease condition as a requirement for how local dollars are spent within a portion of the City's portfolio as a routine and necessary function of policymaking. To leap from that to claims about reduced production or impaired system capacity is factually unsupported and irresponsible.

Third, the SFMMS position ignores a central reality the ordinance is designed to address: San Francisco already operates under a de facto monopoly of drug-tolerant PSH, driven in large part by state Housing First requirements to which city-funded PSH adheres voluntarily — even while having long had the legal option to do otherwise.

Again, the legislation does not “reduce” flexibility — it introduces it, for the first time, by creating a meaningful alternative using local funds where the City actually has discretion. SFMMS’s position effectively defends the status quo while labeling any deviation from it as “inflexible,” which turns the concept on its head.

Finally, the suggestion that prioritizing drug-free housing somehow crowds out mental health housing, veterans housing, or other needs is a false tradeoff. Drug-Free PSH is not a separate population silo: it is a housing model that likely can and will serve many of the same individuals, including those with co-occurring SUDs or mental health issues. The ordinance explicitly contemplates a mixed portfolio aligned with resident demand, and informed by a required citywide survey. ~~OBJ~~As drafted, this legislation creates a data-driven allocation framework; not a constraint on it.

In short, SFMMS is warning of harms that the ordinance does not create, while ignoring the flexibility it plainly offers. Its claim that this measure would undermine housing production or constrain funding decisions is unsupported by the text, unsupported by evidence, and, I hope, unpersuasive to your consideration of SFMMS’s position.

The Legislation Doesn’t Undermine ‘Housing First,’ But Adjusts For Its Limitations

In the context of the proposed ordinance, SFMMS invokes Housing First as a settled, consistently interpreted, and uniformly successful model for which there should be no amendment or alternative.

In fact, Housing First is neither consistently interpreted nor uniformly successful, and I am mystified why a public health advocacy organization would dismiss evidence from the legislation’s findings — that PSH in San Francisco accounts for fully 26 percent of overdose fatalities citywide, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street — and yet support retaining the status quo over a modestly incremental effort to extend the option of a drug-free residential lease provision to PSH residents who choose it. (Importantly, again, SFMMS’s position on this legislation is not “Support If Amended,” but “Oppose Unless Amended” — meaning it advocates for a preferred status quo over the proposed legislation, rather than mere neutrality.)

First, California's implementation of Housing First in 2016¹² defied guidance from the Obama Administration's Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) the prior year, which strongly encouraged the inclusion of recovery housing models "so long as entry into the program is based on the choice of the program participant." As the 2015 HUD Recovery Housing Policy Brief¹³ noted:

HUD strongly encourages CoC's ["Continuums of Care"] to adopt a system-wide Housing First orientation that removes barriers whenever possible and that addresses the housing needs of people at all stages of recovery. When operated in a manner consistent with this guidance, Recovery Housing might not be in conflict with this approach so long as entry into the program is based on the choice of the program participant. [Emphasis added.]

Second, even leading experts in addiction policy have informed this debate that Housing First has *not* been uniformly successful for all the residents it endeavors to serve. As noted by Dr. Keith Humphreys in his letter of support for the legislation¹⁴ I've proposed, a review by the National Academies of Sciences found no evidence that Housing First programs help in reducing substance use.

These distinctions matter.

My proposed ordinance would *not* dismantle Housing First. It would leave it intact where it is required, and it wouldn't undo it wherever it is already implemented. What it *would* do is acknowledge that a single, harm-reduction-only model is insufficient to meet the full range of needs in our PSH population, particularly given that many PSH residents have substance use or mental health challenges. Adding a drug-free option is not a rejection of Housing First. It is a recognition of limitations that would be informed by data on residential choices.

¹² California Senate, Senate Bill 1380 (Mitchell) Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, 2015-2016 Regular Session, https://leginfo.ca.gov/faces/billTextClient.xhtml?bill_id=201520160SB1380.

¹³ U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Recovery Housing Policy Brief, December 2015, <https://acrobat.adobe.com/id/urn:aaid:sc:us:c09de162-2d24-4a35-9220-3101ec7c35e7>.

¹⁴ Keith Humphreys, Ph.D., Stanford University School of Medicine, letter Re: Drug-Free Housing, File #251003 (Dorsey) Position: Support, April 22, 2026, <https://acrobat.adobe.com/id/urn:aaid:sc:us:c09de162-2d24-4a35-9220-3101ec7c35e7>.

Section 12K.4 Is a Deliberate Policy Correction, Not an Arbitrary Constraint

SFMMS proposes wholly deleting Section 12K.4, which governs the use of City funds. This would effectively eliminate the ordinance's operational mechanism. The purpose of Section 12K.4 is to ensure that local funding is used to address an unmet need — namely, the absence of drug-free housing options — while preserving...

- Legal compliance with state and federal funding rules; and
- Board discretion through a waiver process based on findings.

Without this provision, the City would simply continue its existing funding patterns, and the “choice” the ordinance seeks to create would remain largely theoretical.

Eviction and Relapse Protections Are Built In

SFMMS raises concerns about eviction practices and proposes writing highly prescriptive procedural requirements into the legislation. It would do so in a way that, in my view, reflects exigencies more appropriate to the SUD-restricted approach SFMMS seeks in its “gut-and-amend” recommended amendments, and that should be left to departmental experts in developing rules and regulations.

As written, the ordinance already provides important guardrails on some of what SFMMS seeks:

- A single relapse is not grounds for automatic eviction. (See Sec. 12K.6 (a)(2))
- Residents must be offered relapse support. (See Sec. 12K.6 (a)(2))
- Eviction is tied to behavior that disrupts the community, not mere use alone. (See Sec. 12K.6 (a)(3))
- HSH must use its best efforts to provide alternative housing or shelter for any individual at risk of displacement for illicit drug use. (See Sec. 12K.6 (b))

In its wholesale reimagination of the Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation, SFMMS's proposal would layer on prescriptive clinical requirements that would be more

appropriate to licensed treatment programs than for a housing model based on standard, non-PSH residential leases in San Francisco and elsewhere. The likely result would be to deter providers from participating and to limit the scalability of Drug-Free PSH.

Beyond the fact that SFMMS’s proposed changes to this section reflect half-baked public policy, I think we also recognize as elected policymakers that it is a generally sound lawmaking practice to avoid overly prescriptive elements when assigning rulemaking responsibilities to those with relevant expertise, as Section 12K.6 of the proposed legislation does with the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing (HSH) in consultation with the Department of Public Health (PDH).

I would welcome SFMMS’s advocacy and participation in the rulemaking process, of course. In addition, we as members of the Board of Supervisors will have ample opportunity to review and provide feedback on the rules and regulations “prior to the implementation of any new Drug-Free PSH site,” given Section 12K.6 of the legislation, which will require HSH to submit its rules and regulations to the Board.

SFMMS’s Equity and Oversight Amendment Betrays Its Ignorance of Existing Law

Lastly, SFMMS expressed reasonable concerns “about the historic pattern of eviction disproportionately affecting marginalized communities” in its request for specific additions to the legislation that would monitor eviction patterns in Drug-Free PSH.

Common sense, of course, would suggest such worthwhile metrics be compiled for the full panoply of shelter and supportive housing services HSH provides — rather than solely for a discrete category of Drug-Free PSH, which would be likely to start out small and take years to build out.

Fortunately, more than a decade ago, San Francisco already enacted the “Tenant Eviction Annual Reports Ordinance” (S.F. Admin. Code § 20.500),¹⁵ which together with HSH’s

¹⁵ San Francisco Administrative Code, Article XIV: Tenant Eviction Annual Reports, added by Ord. 11-15, File No. 141122, App. 2/2/2015, Eff. 3/4/2015, https://codelibrary.amlegal.com/codes/san_francisco/latest/sf_admin/0-0-0-50453.

Home by the Bay Plan¹⁶ and Home by the Bay Equity Analysis¹⁷ already does what SFMMS now seeks to legislate anew.

No one doubts the value of monitoring homeless services for inequitable outcomes, of course, including in Drug-Free Supportive Housing, if enacted. In the unlikely circumstance that existing law somehow prevented HSH from assessing outcomes in Drug-Free PSH, that would more properly be addressed as a clean-up amendment to S.F. Admin. Code § 20.500.

I have asked the City Attorney for guidance on whether updates to HSH’s tenant eviction equity analyses would be advised if the proposed legislation passes; I have asked that this guidance be shared with the full board and Mayor’s Office before Tuesday’s vote.

Conclusion

At its core, SFMMS’s position is not whether drug-free supportive housing should exist. SFMMS agrees it should. Rather, its stated opposition is rooted in its belief that Drug-Free PSH be strictly medicalized — supporting *only* “individuals and families in recovery or seeking to recover from substance use disorders (‘SUDs’)” — rather than reflecting voluntary choices PSH residents may wish to make for themselves or their families.

Indeed, SFMMS’s proposed amendments would effectively redefine Drug-Free PSH into a legal synonym for “Recovery Residence,” as currently contemplated under pending state legislation.¹⁸ While I strongly support expanding funding to Recovery-Supportive PSH models, that is far more complex than what the proposed ordinance coming up on a vote on first reading Tuesday seeks to accomplish.

¹⁶ “Home by the Bay: An Equity-Driven Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness in San Francisco, 2023 – 2028,” City and County of San Francisco, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing, https://www.sf.gov/sites/default/files/2024-08/Home-by-the-Bay-Single_Page-Layout.pdf.

¹⁷ “Home by the Bay Equity Analysis: Executive Summary,” City and County of San Francisco, HSH, Nov. 2025, https://media.api.sf.gov/documents/Equity_Analysis_-_Executive_Summary.pdf.

¹⁸ California Assembly, Assembly Bill 1556 (Haney), 2025–2026 Regular Session, https://leginfo.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=202520260AB1556.

Rebuttal to the San Francisco Marin Medical Society's 'Oppose Unless Amended' letter
regarding the proposed Drug-Free Supportive Housing ordinance, File No. 251003
Page 15 of 16

As stated earlier, the defining ethos of the Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation is to center the choices of PSH residents themselves, and to move city policy beyond ill-informed and arrogant presumptions that all PSH residents deserve a drug-tolerant tenancy standard substantively different from that of all other residential tenants.

It's about basic fairness.

I am happy to answer any questions your or your legislative staffers may have before you vote tomorrow and (hopefully) next week on second reading. I hope this modest, thoughtfully crafted and incremental effort to create drug-free options in San Francisco's PSH portfolio will earn your support.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'matt dorsey', with a long vertical line extending downwards from the end of the signature.

MATT DORSEY

Rebuttal to the San Francisco Marin Medical Society's 'Oppose Unless Amended' letter
regarding the proposed Drug-Free Supportive Housing ordinance, File No. 251003
Page 16 of 16

Cc: Dr. Heyman Oo,
Chair, Advocacy and Policy Committee
San Francisco Marin Medical Society
Heyman.Oo@ucsf.edu

Adam Francis,
Senior Director of Advocacy and Policy
San Francisco Marin Medical Society
AFrancis@sfmms.org

Kunal Modi,
Office of Mayor Daniel Lurie
Chief of Health, Homelessness, and Family Services
Kunal.Modi@sfgov.org

Angela Calvillo,
Clerk of the Board
San Francisco Board of Supervisors
Angela.Calvillo@sfgov.org

Brad Russi,
Deputy City Attorney
Office of City Attorney David Chiu
Brad.Russi@sfcityatty.org

From: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
To: [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); [Carroll, John \(BOS\)](#); [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Cc: [Somera, Alisa \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: File No. 251003 - 28 Letters
Date: Thursday, May 14, 2026 12:02:54 PM
Attachments: [251003 28 letters.pdf](#)

Hello,

Please see attached 28 letters previously sent to the Supervisors regarding File No. 251003.

Thank you,

Richard Lagunte
Office of the Clerk of the Board
San Francisco Board of Supervisors
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102
Voice (415) 554-5184 | Fax (415) 554-5163
bos@sfgov.org | www.sf.gov/sfbos

Pronouns: he, him, his

***Disclosures:** Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.*

From: Board of Supervisors (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Sent: Tuesday, May 12, 2026 12:41 PM
To: BOS-Supervisors <bos-supervisors@sfgov.org>; BOS-Legislative Aides <bos-legislative_aides@sfgov.org>
Cc: Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; Mchugh, Eileen (BOS) <eileen.e.mchugh@sfgov.org>; Ng, Wilson (BOS) <wilson.l.ng@sfgov.org>; Somera, Alisa (BOS) <alisa.somera@sfgov.org>; BOS-Operations <bos-operations@sfgov.org>; Board of Supervisors (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>
Subject: File No. 251003 - 28 Letters

Dear Supervisors,

Please see attached 28 letters from members of the public and various organizations regarding:

File No. 251003 - Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing (“PSH”) that prohibits on-site illicit drug use among residents (“Drug-Free PSH”) to meet the demand of people experiencing homelessness who prefer such a residential option; bar the City from funding new Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that prohibits evictions on the basis of drug use alone (“Drug-Tolerant PSH”), except where operation of the housing as Drug-Free PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding, or the Board of Supervisors has waived the funding prohibition based on specific findings; and require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing (“HSH”) to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in either Drug-Tolerant PSH or Drug-Free PSH and report on the survey findings and HSH’s strategies to meet PSH residents’ demands.

Regards,

Richard Lagunte

Office of the Clerk of the Board – Operations Division

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

Voice (415) 554-7709 | Fax (415) 554-5163

richard.lagunte@sfgov.org | www.sf.gov/sfbos

Pronouns: he, him, his

Disclosures: *Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.*

From: [Adam Francis](#)
To: [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [DorseyStaff \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#)
Cc: [Oo, Heyman \(UCSF\)](#); [Modi, Kunal \(MYR\)](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [RUSSI, BRAD \(CAT\)](#); [Thongsavat, Adam \(MYR\)](#); [Conrad Amenta](#)
Subject: RE: Rebuttal to SFMMS opposition to Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 4, 2026 3:15:25 PM
Attachments: [SFMMS Response on Ordinance 251003 \(Dorsey\) 2026.pdf](#)

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Hello All,

Please see a response from the San Francisco Marin Medical Society attached.

Thank you,

Adam Francis

Senior Director, Advocacy and Policy

San Francisco Marin Medical Society

Phone: 415.561.0850 ext. 200

www.sfmms.org

From: Dorsey, Matt (BOS) <matt.dorsey@sfgov.org>
Sent: Monday, May 4, 2026 7:50 AM
To: Board of Supervisors (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>; Chan, Connie (BOS) <connie.chan@sfgov.org>; Sherrill, Stephen (BOS) <Stephen.Sherrill@sfgov.org>; Sauter, Danny (BOS) <Danny.Sauter@sfgov.org>; Wong, Alan (BOS) <alan.wong@sfgov.org>; Mahmood, Bilal (BOS) <bilal.mahmood@sfgov.org>; DorseyStaff (BOS) <DorseyStaff@sfgov.org>; Melgar, Myrna (BOS) <myrna.melgar@sfgov.org>; Mandelman, Rafael (BOS) <rafael.mandelman@sfgov.org>; Felder, Jackie (BOS) <Jackie.Felder@sfgov.org>; Walton, Shamann (BOS) <shamann.walton@sfgov.org>; Chen, Chyanne (BOS) <Chyanne.Chen@sfgov.org>
Cc: Oo, Heyman (UCSF) <Heyman.Oo@ucsf.edu>; Adam Francis <afrancis@sfmms.org>; Modi, Kunal (MYR) <kunal.modi@sfgov.org>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; RUSSI, BRAD (CAT) <Brad.Russi@sfcityatty.org>; Thongsavat, Adam (MYR) <adam.thongsavat@sfgov.org>
Subject: Rebuttal to SFMMS opposition to Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation (File No. 251003)

Dear Colleagues,

Please find attached my detailed rebuttal to the San Francisco Marin Medical Society's letter of opposition to the Expanding Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation (File No. 251003) that is up for a vote on first reading tomorrow.

Please note that two of the nation's leading experts in addiction medicine — Dr. Keith Humphreys and Dr. Anna Lembke, both of Stanford University's School of Medicine — have endorsed this legislation. As my letter explains, the sweeping last-minute amendments SFMMS has proposed are highly problematic for being ill-advised, antithetical to the legislation's intent, unsupported by facts or evidence, and needlessly duplicative of existing law.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me or my staff. I'm happy to discuss it.

Thanks so much for your consideration!

Best,
MATT DORSEY

Member, Board of Supervisors, District 6
CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
City Hall, Room 244
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, Calif. 94102
+ 1 (415) 554-7970

May 4, 2026

San Francisco Board of Supervisors
City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: Ordinance 251003 (Dorsey) Response

Dear San Francisco Board of Supervisors:

The San Francisco Marin Medical Society (SFMMS) represents more than 3,500 physicians of every medical specialty and mode of practice in San Francisco and Marin Counties and is a component society of the California Medical Association. Many of our physician members work in community clinics, hospitals, treatment centers, and emergency rooms, and are experts in addiction medicine and behavioral health. They continue to save lives and help in the recovery journeys of countless individuals struggling with substance use disorders and homelessness. Additionally, SFMMS has presented conferences on substance use disorders (SUD) and addiction for years, co-sponsored with UCSF and the San Francisco Department of Public Health. UCSF has renowned programs in training, treating, and researching SUD and addiction. These physician experts and their colleagues inform and determine SFMMS policies and positions on legislation, including proposed amendments, based on extensive experience, education, and training.

SFMMS recognizes that Supervisor Dorsey is addressing serious and complex issues pertaining to substance use disorders in San Francisco. SFMMS has worked closely with the Supervisor on related ordinance, and our physicians stood proudly next to Mayor Lurie when the Supervisor's "Recovery First" ordinance was signed into law. Supporting Housing First principles does not have to be in direct conflict with the goal of adding and prioritizing sober-living options in San Francisco. This false dichotomy unnecessarily pits advocates with the same goal – helping people overcome their substance use disorders – against one another. In that spirit, SFMMS remains focused on core aspects of this ordinance, which we continue to believe can be improved. To that end, SFMMS feels compelled to clarify its position so that our proposed amendments might be considered in the same spirit in which they were offered.

"Oppose Unless Amended" is a routine position to take based on the contents of a bill. It does not indicate an intransigence or unwillingness to reach compromise, or that the organization is opposed to the concept of the bill and all of its provisions. If specific areas of the bill were appropriately addressed, the organization would remove its Opposition and possibly Support the bill's passage. Unfortunately, there are aspects of the current version of the Drug-Free Housing ordinance to which SFMMS must object if not changed. The most pressing of which are:

- 1) SFMMS believes if an individual is evicted from housing based solely on their addiction to and use of an illicit substance, the language of the bill should ensure that this individual is not at risk of a return to homelessness as a result of that eviction.
- 2) SFMMS believes, at a time of constrained funding and access to supportive housing, the city should prioritize drug-free housing but not create new obstacles or be restrictive in funding for supportive housing.

While there are other provisions in the legislation that SFMMS would like to see changed, the two policy issues above are of significant importance. Of note, the Mayor's sponsored state bill, AB 1556 (Haney), contains language that appropriately addresses these issues, explicitly protecting evicted tenants and providing flexibility in funding, which is why SFMMS has adopted a Support position on AB 1556. SFMMS' proposed amendments were intended to add similar minimum requirements to the Supervisor's ordinance.

An individual with a substance use disorder evicted from housing because of relapses should be moved to a setting with *more* intensive services. The ordinance as currently written does not contain minimum guardrails that, at the very least, would ensure that the evicted individual is not relegated to an undetermined setting with less support and possibly homelessness. An amendment to create this minimum protection seems both reasonable and in keeping with the goals of the administration, and should not be left to an indeterminate process.

Supervisor Dorsey rightly points out that funding for drug-free and recovery housing is restricted at the State level. SFMMS agrees that this type of housing should be prioritized in San Francisco and has worked to support State legislation that would create flexibility in funding. This call for change is based on the belief that San Francisco needs to offer a range of housing best suited for an individual or family's needs. It seems inconsistent that the ordinance as currently written works against that principle of flexibility, designating city funds to only one purpose and creating obstacles to adjust that requirement.

We appreciate the partnership of our legislators, and continue to be available to Supervisor Dorsey, staff and members of the Board of Supervisors, and any government official or organization who might want more information about our positions and the evidence-based rationale behind them.

Sincerely,
Heyman Oo, MD
Chair, Advocacy and Policy Committee
San Francisco Marin Medical Society

CC: Angela Cavillo, Clerk to the Board of Supervisors
Kunal Modi, Office of Mayor Daniel Lurie, Chief of Health, Homelessness, and Family Services
Brad Russi, Deputy City Attorney

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Thursday, May 7, 2026 12:16:09 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

David Shields

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Thursday, May 7, 2026 10:06:11 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Jacob Blair

94102

From: [Anne Richards](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, May 7, 2026 10:22:03 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Sincerely,

Anne Richards
District 8 Resident

Anne Richards
annierichards@proton.me
117 Sanchez St
San Francisco, California 94114-1301

From: [Anne Richards](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, May 7, 2026 10:22:04 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Sincerely,

Anne Richards
District 8 Resident

Anne Richards
annierichards@proton.me
117 Sanchez St
San Francisco, California 94114-1301

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 8:21:55 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Hugo Mercado

94103

From: [Calvin Fiske](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 8:40:51 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Calvin Fiske
calvinfiske715@gmail.com
454 S VAN NESS AVE
San Francisco, California 94103

From: [Calvin Fiske](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 8:40:52 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Calvin Fiske
calvinfiske715@gmail.com
454 S VAN NESS AVE
San Francisco, California 94103

From: [Andy Simionas](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 9:46:45 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Andy Simionas
andysimionas@gmail.com
1839 Fulton
San Francisco , California 94117

From: [Andy Simionas](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 9:46:45 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Andy Simionas
andysimionas@gmail.com
1839 Fulton
San Francisco , California 94117

From: [Joey Tillapaugh](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 9:57:21 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Joey Tillapaugh
joeytillapaugh@gmail.com
646 ASHBURY ST
SAN FRANCISCO, California 94117

From: [Lily Crawford](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 10:03:56 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Lily Crawford
lilymcrawford22@gmail.com
954 POTRERO AVE
San Francisco, California 94110

From: ellumun@gmail.com
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 10:11:14 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

ellumun@gmail.com

109 valleyview way

South San Francisco , California 94080

From: [Ann Krabbenschmidt](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 10:23:37 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Ann Krabbenschmidt
akrabbenschmidt@gmail.com
364 30th ave
San Francisco , California 94121

From: [Wren Murphy](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 5:19:13 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Wren Murphy
ldevonnemurphy@gmail.com
190 Paloma Ave
Pacifica , California 94044

From: [Cole Rothman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 11:51:48 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Cole Rothman
colenator14@gmail.com
1215 pacific Ave
San Francisco , California 94109

From: [Monica Berini](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Saturday, May 9, 2026 7:51:44 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I love in D11, and I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Monica Berini
mbsaysdotherrightthing@protonmail.com
651A Morse
San Francisco , 9412

From: [Jotform](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); info@drugfreesidewalks.org
Subject: Re: Support Drug-Free Housing Ordinance (File #251003) - Walter Garrison
Date: Saturday, May 9, 2026 10:18:40 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Walter Garrison

From: [Luca Nelson](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Saturday, May 9, 2026 2:52:07 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Luca Nelson
luca.c.nelson@gmail.com
2315 Mission St
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Saturday, May 9, 2026 4:18:11 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Thiago Esteves Marinho

94102

From: [Dimitry Yakoushkin](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Sunday, May 10, 2026 2:20:27 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Dimitry Yakoushkin
dimitry.multi@gmail.com
29 Ford St
San Francisco, California 94114

From: [Kristin Tieche](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 1:46:00 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Kristin Tieche
ktieche@gmail.com
2277 Fulton Street
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [Kristin Tieche](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 1:46:07 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Kristin Tieche
ktieche@gmail.com
2277 Fulton Street
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [Steve Hong](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 2:24:01 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Steve Hong
steveandcathy@gmail.com
P.O. Box 210774
San Francisco , California 94121

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 3:32:00 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Steffan Ammons

94102

From: [Kendal Peirce](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 6:41:24 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Kendal Peirce
kepeirce@gmail.com
1666 Page St, Apt B
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 7:59:41 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Lorena Hernández

94102

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 10:17:57 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

David Lovell

94110

From: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
To: [BOS-Supervisors](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Cc: [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [Mchugh, Eileen \(BOS\)](#); [Ng, Wilson \(BOS\)](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [De Asis, Edward \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Operations](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); [Carroll, John \(BOS\)](#); [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: File No. 251003 - 2 Letters
Date: Thursday, May 14, 2026 12:01:08 PM
Attachments: [251003 2 letters.pdf](#)

Dear Supervisors,

Please see attached 2 letters, from members of the public, regarding:

File No. 251003 - Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing (“PSH”) that prohibits on-site illicit drug use among residents (“Drug-Free PSH”) to meet the demand of people experiencing homelessness who prefer such a residential option; bar the City from funding new Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that prohibits evictions on the basis of drug use alone (“Drug-Tolerant PSH”), except where operation of the housing as Drug-Free PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding, or the Board of Supervisors has waived the funding prohibition based on specific findings; and require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing (“HSH”) to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in either Drug-Tolerant PSH or Drug-Free PSH and report on the survey findings and HSH’s strategies to meet PSH residents’ demands.

Regards.

Richard Lagunte
Office of the Clerk of the Board
San Francisco Board of Supervisors
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102
Voice (415) 554-5184 | Fax (415) 554-5163
bos@sfgov.org | www.sf.gov/sfbos

Pronouns: he, him, his

Disclosures: *Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.*

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Tuesday, May 12, 2026 4:02:32 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Michael Lata

94114

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, May 13, 2026 2:23:25 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Lillyana Lonzanida

94110

Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Jacob Blair

94102

Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Hugo Mercado

94103

Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

David Shields

From: [Cal Lorenz](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Wednesday, May 6, 2026 2:17:51 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Cal Lorenz
calderlorenz@gmail.com
2415 Folsom Street
San Francisco , California 94110

From: [Nayeli Maxson Velazquez](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, May 5, 2026 10:13:59 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Nayeli Maxson Velazquez
nayelimax@gmail.com
474 sanchez st
san francisco, California 94114

From: [Piper Alldredge](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, May 5, 2026 7:45:39 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Piper Alldredge
piper.alldredge@gmail.com
3947 Mission St
San Francisco, California 94112

From: [Amy Hecht](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, May 5, 2026 6:48:52 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Amy Hecht
amy@finefolks.org
44 Cumberland st
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Audrey Fisher](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, May 5, 2026 1:05:28 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Audrey Fisher
audreyfisher961@gmail.com
550 Church St
San Francisco, California 94114

From: [Kevin Liu](#)
To: [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comments (Bundle of Two): Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Tuesday, May 5, 2026 1:38:55 PM
Attachments: [image.png](#)
[Public Comments - Drug-Free Housing Ordinance.pdf](#)

Dear Supervisor Mahmood and the entire Board of Supervisors,

Please see the attached file for two letters from TNDC residents addressing the ordinance "Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing."

Kindly,

Kevin Liu, RD, MPH (he/him pronouns)
Overdose Prevention Outreach Coordinator
Community Organizing Office
Phone: 415-967-6771 | Email: kliu@tndc.org



210 Golden Gate Ave, San Francisco, CA 94102

At TNDC, we believe that everyone deserves to thrive. We support tenants and community members in building transformative communities through Homes, Health, and Voice. Together, we can build a future with economic and racial equity. Join us at tndc.org/

From: [Aria C](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, May 5, 2026 3:34:11 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Aria C
atctedatc@gmail.com
1140 Harrison Street
san francisco, 94103



COALITION ON HOMELESSNESS

May 5, 2026

San Francisco Board of Supervisors
City Hall, Room 244
1 Dr. Carlton Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Rebuttal to the Matt Dorsey Rebuttal to San Francisco Marin Medical Society, File 251003

Dear Supervisors,

I wanted to take this opportunity to clarify statements made by Supervisor Dorsey regarding his legislation in his rebuttal.

We can and should do sober housing, have done sober housing and simply need to recognize that by doing so we don't want to drive up evictions. Diversifying our PSH is a great idea. Intentional sober housing should be designed to succeed for the individual – not just the person who doesn't have a SUD but also for those who do. They should be allowed to go to a program and return to housing. That is NOT allowed the way the legislation is currently written, as it mandates eviction on second return to use. Evictions are expensive, take months and anyway why in the world would we want more of them?

From the beginning, there has been multiple efforts to collaborate with Supervisor Dorsey on this legislation, and I have made multiple unsuccessful attempts to meet with his office to both clarify the intent of this legislation, and to modify the language.

First, on several occasions verbally and in writing the Supervisor has said there are good guard rails in the legislation regarding eviction. However, the legislation creates a new form of PSH that *literally is defined as evicting based on drug use*. He correctly notes that already illicit substances are banned in all leases. He then incorrectly notes that evicting for illicit substances is explicitly prohibited in PSH leases. Addendum A of leases clearly prohibit use of illicit drugs and alcohol in common areas, but no language protects drug use. There is a soft suggestion in legal text to provide alternative housing, which is contradicted by the definition and the limited exclusion of a single relapse.

Supervisor Dorsey also notes that he is centering the choices of PSH residents. However, his legislation calls for a survey AFTER the ban takes place. Nowhere in this process have PSH residents been consulted in a meaningful way. *If they were, Supervisor Dorsey would have likely found, as we have, that the small portion of PSH residents who support sober housing, and would like to move into it, overwhelmingly oppose evicting for drug use, and would prefer scattered site sober housing.*

Dorsey says this legislation is needed because Sober Housing is not allowed and then says it is allowed by naming 1174 Folsom Street. In his letter, he quotes Dr. Humphreys who incorrectly asserts that it is currently illegal to use state dollars for drug free housing. In fact, the California Interagency Council on Homelessness released [these guidelines](#) proceeding Governor Newsom stating that indeed yes state dollars can be used on drug free or sober housing.

In addition, the legislation bans new funding on non-sober housing. This unnecessarily creates obstacles for backfilling Trump HUD cuts, and for projects in the pipeline. Yes, the board can require an extra step to do a resolution to override this. The board can also just amend the legislation now to fix what will be more red tape later.

In these days of discarding and disrespecting expertise, except those few cherry-picked voices outside the mainstream who happen to agree, it is especially important to honor science and the experience of those living and working on these issues daily. No need to get stuck. Working together will improve this legislation, and working together could have avoided any conflict to start with. Building consensus is how we get to best of both worlds.

Please amend this legislation.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'JFR', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Jennifer Friedenbach
Executive Director

May 4, 2026

San Francisco Board of Supervisors
City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: Ordinance 251003 (Dorsey) Response

Dear San Francisco Board of Supervisors:

The San Francisco Marin Medical Society (SFMMMS) represents more than 3,500 physicians of every medical specialty and mode of practice in San Francisco and Marin Counties and is a component society of the California Medical Association. Many of our physician members work in community clinics, hospitals, treatment centers, and emergency rooms, and are experts in addiction medicine and behavioral health. They continue to save lives and help in the recovery journeys of countless individuals struggling with substance use disorders and homelessness. Additionally, SFMMMS has presented conferences on substance use disorders (SUD) and addiction for years, co-sponsored with UCSF and the San Francisco Department of Public Health. UCSF has renowned programs in training, treating, and researching SUD and addiction. These physician experts and their colleagues inform and determine SFMMMS policies and positions on legislation, including proposed amendments, based on extensive experience, education, and training.

SFMMMS recognizes that Supervisor Dorsey is addressing serious and complex issues pertaining to substance use disorders in San Francisco. SFMMMS has worked closely with the Supervisor on related ordinance, and our physicians stood proudly next to Mayor Lurie when the Supervisor's "Recovery First" ordinance was signed into law. Supporting Housing First principles does not have to be in direct conflict with the goal of adding and prioritizing sober-living options in San Francisco. This false dichotomy unnecessarily pits advocates with the same goal – helping people overcome their substance use disorders – against one another. In that spirit, SFMMMS remains focused on core aspects of this ordinance, which we continue to believe can be improved. To that end, SFMMMS feels compelled to clarify its position so that our proposed amendments might be considered in the same spirit in which they were offered.

"Oppose Unless Amended" is a routine position to take based on the contents of a bill. It does not indicate an intransigence or unwillingness to reach compromise, or that the organization is opposed to the concept of the bill and all of its provisions. If specific areas of the bill were appropriately addressed, the organization would remove its Opposition and possibly Support the bill's passage. Unfortunately, there are aspects of the current version of the Drug-Free Housing ordinance to which SFMMMS must object if not changed. The most pressing of which are:

- 1) SFMMMS believes if an individual is evicted from housing based solely on their addiction to and use of an illicit substance, the language of the bill should ensure that this individual is not at risk of a return to homelessness as a result of that eviction.
- 2) SFMMMS believes, at a time of constrained funding and access to supportive housing, the city should prioritize drug-free housing but not create new obstacles or be restrictive in funding for supportive housing.

While there are other provisions in the legislation that SFMMS would like to see changed, the two policy issues above are of significant importance. Of note, the Mayor's sponsored state bill, AB 1556 (Haney), contains language that appropriately addresses these issues, explicitly protecting evicted tenants and providing flexibility in funding, which is why SFMMS has adopted a Support position on AB 1556. SFMMS' proposed amendments were intended to add similar minimum requirements to the Supervisor's ordinance.

An individual with a substance use disorder evicted from housing because of relapses should be moved to a setting with *more* intensive services. The ordinance as currently written does not contain minimum guardrails that, at the very least, would ensure that the evicted individual is not relegated to an undetermined setting with less support and possibly homelessness. An amendment to create this minimum protection seems both reasonable and in keeping with the goals of the administration, and should not be left to an indeterminate process.

Supervisor Dorsey rightly points out that funding for drug-free and recovery housing is restricted at the State level. SFMMS agrees that this type of housing should be prioritized in San Francisco and has worked to support State legislation that would create flexibility in funding. This call for change is based on the belief that San Francisco needs to offer a range of housing best suited for an individual or family's needs. It seems inconsistent that the ordinance as currently written works against that principle of flexibility, designating city funds to only one purpose and creating obstacles to adjust that requirement.

We appreciate the partnership of our legislators, and continue to be available to Supervisor Dorsey, staff and members of the Board of Supervisors, and any government official or organization who might want more information about our positions and the evidence-based rationale behind them.

Sincerely,
Heyman Oo, MD
Chair, Advocacy and Policy Committee
San Francisco Marin Medical Society

CC: Angela Cavillo, Clerk to the Board of Supervisors
Kunal Modi, Office of Mayor Daniel Lurie, Chief of Health, Homelessness, and Family Services
Brad Russi, Deputy City Attorney

April 21, 2026

Supervisor Matt Dorsey
City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: Ordinance 251003 (Dorsey)
Position: Oppose Unless Amended

Dear Supervisor Dorsey:

The San Francisco Marin Medical Society (SFMMS), representing more than 3,500 physicians of every medical specialty and mode of practice in San Francisco and Marin Counties, has adopted an Oppose Unless Amended position on Ordinance 251003 – Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). While SFMMS agrees with the goal of adding and prioritizing sober-living options in the city’s PSH portfolio, we have several concerns with the ordinance as currently drafted.

Defining Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing

The ordinance’s findings indicate that the type of housing to be funded would be for two different populations that have two very different sets of needs:

- 1) Unhoused individuals and families seeking a less disorderly living environment.
- 2) Unhoused individuals in recovery or seeking recovery services.

The first set of individuals would likely be best served by housing with diligent property management. The second set would need diligent property management combined with recovery services, which require a different set of resources, staffing, and coordination with the health care system, among other considerations. To simplify our input, SFMMS has focused its amendments on addressing the needs of individuals suffering or recovering from SUDs who seek to live in Drug-Free PSH.

As such, SFMMS requests that SEC. 12K.2. DEFINITIONS be amended to read:

“Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing” or “Drug-Free PSH” means Site-Based PSH that supports individuals and families in recovery or seeking to recover from substance use disorders (“SUDs”), prohibits the use of illicit drugs, and where multiple instances of on-site illicit drug use in combination with a stated goal of not reducing use is grounds for eviction.

“Illicit drug use” means the use of a controlled or regulated substance in a manner that is unlawful under state or federal law, including use without a valid prescription or outside the scope of lawful medical or other legally permitted use, regardless of whether the substance itself may be lawfully possessed or used under other circumstances. Participation in Medication-Assisted-Treatment, administered by a licensed healthcare provider in accordance with applicable laws and medical guidance, shall not be deemed illicit drug use.

This includes deleting the definition of “Drug Tolerant” housing here and throughout the ordinance.

Prioritizing and Funding Drug-Free PSH

Longstanding state and county homeless policy adheres to the “Housing First” principle, which prioritizes moving people off the streets and into permanent, stable living situations, and using that as a foundation to improve the health of individuals struggling with substance use or other mental health conditions. This strategy is based on [decades of strong research and data](#) as to its effectiveness. In these settings, the use of alcohol or drugs in and of itself is not an allowable reason for eviction without other lease violations (such as disturbing neighbors, damaging property, etc.). Because of this policy, California and other potential funders of supportive housing have set strict limitations on the type of housing their funds can be used to support.

SFMMS shares your belief that “Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing” is worthy of funding and that Drug-Free PSH would be beneficial to current and future residents seeking to stabilize their lives as they exit homelessness, particularly those who are in recovery or seeking to recover from SUDs. SFMMS also supports a wide array of treatment, services, and housing options for those that need them. To that end, SFMMS supported California Assembly Bill 255 (Haney) in 2025, and Assembly Bill 1556 this year – both aimed at creating flexibility to fund recovery oriented supportive housing at the state level.

Ordinance 251003, however, goes against that principle of flexibility. Mandating exclusive funding for recovery housing, and creating obstacles to override that mandate, reduces the City’s ability to meet other housing needs as they arise (e.g., mental health housing, veterans housing, or housing for those who are unable or unwilling to discontinue substance use). Presumably restrictive funding policy is the main reason this ordinance was introduced. San Francisco should not make the same mistake of creating another restricted funding source. SFMMS agrees that, due to current circumstances, **a prioritization of funding for recovery housing is appropriate**, but does not agree with creating obstacles to the City’s ability to use its own housing funding in the most appropriate manner identified at any given point in time.

As such, SFMMS requests that SEC. 12K.4 be deleted, and SEC. 12K.3 be amended to read:

It shall be City policy to expand the availability of, and prioritize City funding for, Drug-Free PSH to meet the demand from individuals in need of Site-Based PSH who prefer that option. The goal of this policy is to promote long-term housing stability, and minimize returns to homelessness and substance use.

Rules and Regulations For Evictions and PSH Operators

SFMMS is also concerned about the process and justification for removing individuals from Drug-Free PSH, particularly related to an individual with an SUD. SFMMS appreciates the changes made in the current draft of the ordinance, but does not believe enough clarity has been provided as to the process of eviction, or the step-up in care an individual would need when in a health and housing crisis. At a very basic level, individuals with an SUD evicted from supportive housing because of relapses should be moved to a setting with more intense services, not relegated to an unknown setting with less support and possibly homelessness. As currently written, the ordinance fails to ensure this important outcome, and does not require the process necessary to ensure a vulnerable individual does not fall through the cracks.

As such, SFMMS requests that Sec 12k.6(a) be amended to read:

(4) Stipulate that an operator may not evict an individual based solely on substance use until new housing or a residential treatment placement has been secured; and

5) Establish minimum action requirements when a documented use of illicit drugs by a tenant occurs, including:

i) A qualified behavioral health provider conducts a standardized assessment to establish whether a tenant has a diagnosis of a substance use disorder;

ii) Documenting and implementing a care plan that includes the tenant's goals with their substance use;

iii) In the event the tenant's goals are no longer remission and abstinence from substance use, assist the tenant in transitioning to new housing.

(b) Establish processes and policies for a tenant's transition away from Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing, including:

1) That the tenant maintains at least the same level of access to case management and support as was received in Drug-Free PSH;

2) Individuals are not evicted until they have a confirmed shelter bed placement or alternate PSH site or another location of the individual's choosing.

3) In the event that the alternate placement is not to the individual's satisfaction, a good faith attempt should be made to accommodate the tenant's needs, with re-entry back into the coordinated entry assessment queue as a last resort.

Monitoring Eviction Patterns in Drug-Free PSH

Lastly, SFMMS is concerned about the historic pattern of eviction disproportionately affecting marginalized communities. As such, SFMMS requests that a Section be added that states:

(a) HSH shall annually compile and publish a report that includes statistics related to evictions from Drug-Free PSH.

(b) Based on the findings and analysis of that report, HSH shall institute policy changes, if necessary, to ensure people of color or marginalized groups are not disproportionately affected by such evictions.

In addition to the issues described above and which SFMMS seeks to address in its proposed amendments, there are several other remaining questions and concerns:

- What will enforcement of "Drug-Free" policies look like in these new settings?
- Does Drug-Free PSH prohibit offsite substance use and how is that addressed?
- How will a person be monitored and determined to be using illicit drugs?
- How will "demand" for this type of housing be defined and continuously evaluated?

Should you have any questions about these proposed amendments, please do not hesitate to contact Adam Francis, Senior Director of Advocacy and Policy (afrancis@sfmmsf.org). As always, we greatly appreciate your efforts on this matter, as well as your openness to continued dialogue as we work through these complicated important issues.

Sincerely,
Heyman Oo, MD
Chair, Advocacy and Policy Committee
San Francisco Marin Medical Society

CC: San Francisco Board of Supervisors
Angela Cavillo, Clerk to the Board of Supervisors

From: [Iris Bucchioni](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Sunday, January 11, 2026 12:52:38 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Iris Bucchioni

Email irismvbucchioni@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Iris Bucchioni

From: [Kate English](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Saturday, January 10, 2026 10:23:31 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Kate English

Email kenglish1775@comcast.net

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Kate English

From: [tam tam](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, January 9, 2026 2:46:41 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent tam tam

Email tamsfo12@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery. It is a failed misguided enabling policy that wastes taxpayer money & is a cruel ineffective recovery hoax

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond

funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you, Tam

tam tam

From: [tam tam](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, January 9, 2026 2:43:29 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent tam tam

Email tamsfo12@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. A "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse. It is a failed policy that enables drug abuse at the expense of tax payers & persons in recovery. It is a lie without proved validity.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond

funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio & need to eliminate ineffective "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

tam tam

From: [Karen Schwartz](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, January 9, 2026 1:57:36 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Karen Schwartz

Email kielygomes@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Karen Schwartz

From: [Holly Dungan](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, January 9, 2026 9:05:43 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Holly Dungan

Email hollydungan@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Holly Dungan

From: [Patricia Stanton](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, January 9, 2026 1:52:35 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Patricia Stanton

Email pstanton1224@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Patricia Stanton

From: [Leslie Koelsch](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, January 9, 2026 1:12:20 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Leslie Koelsch

Email koelsch1886@comcast.net

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Leslie Koelsch

From: [Lorna Walker](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, January 8, 2026 9:49:31 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Lorna Walker

Email sf.lorna@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Lorna Walker

From: [Frances Hochschild](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, January 8, 2026 9:21:35 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Frances Hochschild

Email fhochschild@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Frances Hochschild

From: [Amy Murphy](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, January 8, 2026 8:35:28 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Amy Murphy

Email ammurphy1@dons.usfca.edu

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Amy Murphy

From: [Tamara Sokolov](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, January 8, 2026 8:28:23 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Tamara Sokolov

Email tsokolov@hotmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing

First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Tamara Sokolov



COALITION ON HOMELESSNESS

December 12, 2025

Supervisor Matt Dorsey
Chair, Public Safety Committee
City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton Goodlet Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: 251003- Expanding Drug Free Permanent Supportive Housing – Oppose as currently written

Dear Supervisor Dorsey,

This letter is in regards to your legislation, file 251003- Expanding Drug Free Permanent Supportive Housing. The Coalition on Homelessness organizes homeless people to create permanent solutions to homelessness while protecting the human rights of those forced to remain on the streets. We fully support attempts to diversify the system to meet the varied needs of our unhoused community members. The push to have more recovery housing options is laudable, as recovering from an addiction disorder is commonly a difficult and individually unique journey with many starts and stops. There are many people living in Supportive Housing that would benefit from recovery support, and many more who are seeking both housing and recovery and would like intentional housing options that are recovery friendly, such as sober living, scattered site housing or site based supportive housing with enhanced recovery services such as trauma therapy. Unfortunately, this legislation misses the mark and will not achieve that, instead pitting models against each other and hampering the flexibility the city needs to create as many forms of housing as possible.

Standard language in leases is the prohibition of illegal activity already, so the legislation creates confusion for supportive housing providers. Illegal drug use, smoking and drinking in common areas are already prohibited. Meanwhile, the inside of

housing units is private and not surveilled.

PSH is neither drug tolerant nor drug free, it is designed to be low barrier so all unhoused people who may need additional support due to health and behavioral health issues can thrive and the basic dignity of a home. The third category, Supportive Recovery, would not evict for drug use, and would have enhanced recovery services, following Housing First guidelines and could be created without the need for legislation.

The legal text creates new categories of supportive housing, using stigmatizing language. Stigma acts as a deterrent to seeking help for drug addiction and increases overdose rates.

Negatively Impact Pipeline and Ability to Backfill Federal Funding Losses

This legislation would negatively impact housing in the pipeline by putting confusing requirements on it. All homeless housing has braided funding - no PSH site-based buildings are from a single source of funds, but from various state, federal and local sources. The bill would impact locally funded strands, thus potentially negatively impacting the entire project.

In addition, we are set to lose federal funding for housing, with the potential loss of HUD and other housing resources. This legislation will create a complication in utilizing new funding to backfill the potential losses, as well as DSHS is about to issue new contracts for all homeless housing projects. It is unclear if this will be considered new funding and may negatively impact flexibility in this process.

System is short beds and units in every category

The legislation only calls for an expansion of “drug free supportive housing” and “supportive recovery” housing, without recognizing the fact that thousands of households are on the waitlist for and in need of PSH.

Ninety-seven percent of Permanent Supportive Housing residents are successfully housed. It is not designed for all homeless people; some unhoused people may need more support, for example someone with dementia may need board and care, while a working homeless person may just need a housing subsidy for extremely low-income housing. However, we simply do not have enough PSH to meet the specific category of unhoused people who need it and are many thousand units short.

Adding “supportive recovery housing”, typically called “step down” housing or “sober living” to our continuum *is needed*. We have both sober living buildings that are publicly and privately funded in San Francisco, but we are far short of meeting the need. Many individuals graduate from treatment programs onto the streets. We also need more PSH and we need more treatment, and we need more step-down housing. We also need housing tailored to higher acuties such as Board and Cares, and Co-ops. The different

models should not be pitted against each other, and this legislation does just that by calling for one, without recognizing the need for more of the other.

Impact on family and domestic violence

The legislation does not address families with children who have a parent who experiences a recurrence of use, likely putting the whole family in eviction proceedings, involvement with Child Protective Services, and loss of home.

Driving up Homelessness

The legislation calls for support to move out under recovery housing, but does not detail how that would work. It calls for evictions under Sober housing which will simply drive up street homelessness, and thus increase acuity related to addiction disorders. Homelessness drives up rates of substance use disorders.

Substance Use Disorder (SUD) is a chronic, treatable condition, and continued or intermittent use of drugs is part of the reality of the disorder. National data show that recurrence of use is often part of the recovery journey, and not a failure of treatment. It can take years and multiple engagements in treatment to achieve sustained remission; risk for meeting SUD criteria can remain elevated for several more years after that. Shame, discharge, and disconnection increase risk for overdose, incarceration, and disengagement from care.

Legal and Operational Issues

The legislation creates legal and practical issues with evicting people for what they are doing in the privacy of their own homes. The system has been set up to address that by having long-term one- to two-year step-down or recovery housing programs where people are living independently but within an accountable and supportive recovery community. This form of housing certainly needs expanding but does not need to do so at expense of PSH. Both are needed.

Omits Alcoholism

The legislation strangely omits alcohol in the recovery housing model. Alcoholism is not only the most common form of addiction, it is also intertwined with other forms of substance addiction, as many individuals with SUDs are poly substance users. Good recovery programs are comprehensive in their approach, looking at all forms of harm associated with substance use but also underlying issues driving the addiction.

Conflates Substance Use with Addictive Disorders

The legislation is also misguided in that it conflates all substance use with addictive disorders. Many substance users are casual users and do not suffer from addiction. Addiction is a medical diagnosis that can require medically assisted treatment, and/or other forms of treatment. It is not a good use of city dollars to set up a program for people suffering from an SUD, serving people who do not have a diagnosable SUD, given the scarce resources available to treat SUD.

No Sunset Date

The legislation has no sunset date, so when needs change, this legislation will remain banning the expansion of the very successful Permanent Supportive Housing model. Program design through legislation is problematic because program design is meant to be nimble responding to changing needs and landscapes.

Fails to Include Overdose Prevention Strategies

The legislation attacks PSH for the high number of fatal overdoses but does nothing to ensure prevention of overdoses in these same programs that disproportionately serve individuals with SUDs. There is no requirement for overdose training, emergency call buttons, naloxone distribution, buddy systems, or any other proven effective intervention.

Data gathering post passage

The legislation requires a survey that would take place after legislation is passed not before. It also can prove to be biased if it is surveying PSH tenants without recovery needs about the recovery needs of others.

Fails to take into account what formerly homeless people in recovery are calling for

Many people in recovery are getting on with their lives but may still need a housing subsidy given the high cost of rents. They would like to access scattered site housing, or they are in supportive housing and would like to get a “moving-on” subsidy to move into the private market. This allows people the flexibility to live in areas outside of the central city and move away from places where they used substances in the past, but allow them to stay in San Francisco. In addition, the existing supportive housing programs need richer services as the acuties of tenants have sharply risen, including those with dual disorders. The legislation fails to identify this large need.

While we have many critiques, we believe this legislation can be amended to resolve most of these issues. We will be providing suggestions for these changes throughout the legislative process and look forward to working collaboratively with your office. Only by working together can we solve these pressing issues.

Thank you for your consideration,

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'JFR', with a stylized, flowing script.

Jennifer Friedenbach
Executive Director

Educational Materials – SF Believes in Science

Yazıcı AB, Bardakçı MR. Factors Associated with Relapses in Alcohol and Substance Use Disorder. *Eurasian J Med*. 2023 Dec;55(1):S75-S81. doi: 10.5152/eurasianjmed.2023.23335. PMID: 39128053; PMCID: PMC11075040.

Dennis, M., Scott, CK., "Managing addiction as a chronic condition." *Addict Sci Clin Pract*. 2007 Dec;4(1):45-55. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2797101/>

Volkow, N.D. "Making Addiction Treatment More Realistic and Pragmatic: The Perfect Should Not be the Enemy of the Good," NIDA. January 4, 2022. <https://nida.nih.gov/about-nida/noras-blog/2022/01/making-addiction-treatment-more-realistic-pragmatic-perfect-should-not-be-enemy-good>

Volkow, N.D. "Advancing reduction of drug use as an endpoint in addiction treatment trials," NIDA. March 18, 2025. <https://nida.nih.gov/about-nida/noras-blog/2025/03/advancing-reduction-drug-use-endpoint-in-addiction-treatment-trials>

McCabe SE, West BT, Strobbe S, Boyd CJ. Persistence/recurrence of and remission from DSM-5 substance use disorders in the United States: Substance-specific and substance-aggregated correlates. *J Subst Abuse Treat*. 2018 Oct;93:38-48. doi: 10.1016/j.jsat.2018.07.012. Epub 2018 Jul 25. PMID: 30126540; PMCID: PMC6237097.

Plante, A., Peters, A., Johnson, M., Kelly, J., Parks, J., Ventrell, M., Ingoglia, C., & Rutherford, P. (2024). Issue Brief Series - Demystifying Relapse: A Recurrence in Symptoms. National Council for Mental Wellbeing. <https://www.thenationalcouncil.org/resources/demystifying-relapse/>

Ware OD, Geiger GR, Rivas VD, Macias Burgos MA, Nehme-Kotocavage L, Bautista TG. Risk of Relapse Following Discharge from Non-Hospital Residential Opioid Use Disorder Treatment: A Systematic Review of Studies Published from 2018 to 2022. *Subst Abuse Rehabil*. 2025 Apr 23;16:105-118. doi: 10.2147/SAR.S440214. PMID: 40297541; PMCID: PMC12035408.

Crapanzano KA, Hammarlund R, Ahmad B, Hunsinger N, Kullar R. The association between perceived stigma and substance use disorder treatment outcomes: a review. *Subst Abuse Rehabil*. 2018 Dec 27;10:1-12. doi: 10.2147/SAR.S183252. PMID: 30643480; PMCID: PMC6311321.

Welwean RA, Krieg O, Casey G, Thompson E, Fleetham D, Deering T, Rosen JG, Park JN. Evaluating the Impact of Brave Technology Co-op's Novel Drug Overdose Detection and Response Devices in North America: a Retrospective Study. *J Urban Health*. 2023 Oct;100(5):1043-1047. doi: 10.1007/s11524-023-00779-y. Epub 2023 Sep 5. PMID: 37670172; PMCID: PMC10618129.

Joseph G. Rosen, Michelle Olding, Neena Joshi, Stacy Castellanos, Emily Valadao, Lauren Hall, Laura Guzman, Ju Nyeong Park, Kelly R. Knight, "It's something we're connected to": Acceptability and adoption of overdose detection technologies implemented in San Francisco permanent supportive housing, *Journal of Substance Use and Addiction Treatment*, Volume 173, 2025, 209694, ISSN 2949-8759, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.josat.2025.209694>.

From: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
To: [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Cc: [BOS Legislation, \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: FW: Request for Amendments to Expanding Drug-Free Housing Ordinance
Date: Thursday, March 12, 2026 2:26:49 PM
Attachments: [image001.png](#)
[image002.png](#)
[image003.png](#)
[image004.png](#)
[image005.png](#)

Hi Monique,

I think this is for File No. 251003, in psns.

Best regards,

Jocelyn Wong

Legislative Clerk

San Francisco Board of Supervisors

1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163

jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org



Click [here](#) to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

The [Legislative Research Center](#) provides 24-hour access to Board of Supervisors legislation, and archived matters since August 1998.

***Disclosures:** Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information from these submissions. This means that personal information—including names, phone numbers, addresses and similar information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public may inspect or copy.*

From: Tam, Madison (BOS) <madison.r.tam@sfgov.org>

Sent: Thursday, March 12, 2026 11:23 AM

To: BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>; BOS-Operations <bos-operations@sfgov.org>

Cc: Crayton, Monique (BOS) <monique.crayton@sfgov.org>

Subject: FW: Request for Amendments to Expanding Drug-Free Housing Ordinance

Hello – can my response be included in the file for this legislation? Thanks!

Madison Tam 譚詩薇 | Legislative Director
Office of Supervisor Matt Dorsey, District 6

San Francisco City Hall, Room 284
Madison.R.Tam@sfgov.org | (415) 554-7970

From: Tam, Madison (BOS)
Sent: Thursday, March 12, 2026 11:22 AM
To: 'Cody Keene' <codykeene@dishsf.org>; Dorsey, Matt (BOS) <matt.dorsey@sfgov.org>; Dorsey, Matt (BOS) <matt.dorsey@sfgov.org>
Subject: RE: Request for Amendments to Expanding Drug-Free Housing Ordinance

Good morning Cody,

Thank you for sharing this letter. We appreciate the continued feedback and engagement of SHPN, HESPA, and the Coalition on Homelessness. We are taking your recommendations under advisement and are working with the City Attorney on amendments that make progress on the issues raised. We will be in touch when we have more updates to share.

Best,

Madison Tam 譚詩薇 | Legislative Director
Office of Supervisor Matt Dorsey, District 6
San Francisco City Hall, Room 284
Madison.R.Tam@sfgov.org | (415) 554-7970

From: Cody Keene <codykeene@dishsf.org>
Sent: Thursday, March 12, 2026 10:55 AM
To: Dorsey, Matt (BOS) <matt.dorsey@sfgov.org>; Dorsey, Matt (BOS) <matt.dorsey@sfgov.org>; Tam, Madison (BOS) <madison.r.tam@sfgov.org>
Subject: Request for Amendments to Expanding Drug-Free Housing Ordinance

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Supervisor Dorsey,

On behalf of the Supportive Housing Provider Network (SHPN), the Homeless Emergency Service Providers Association (HESPA), and the Coalition on Homelessness, we are writing to share the attached letter regarding the Expanding Drug-Free Housing ordinance.

We appreciate the Board of Supervisors' continued commitment to addressing homelessness and expanding a range of housing options that support stability and recovery for San Franciscans. As the City considers this ordinance, we respectfully request several

amendments to ensure recovery-oriented housing can be expanded without unintended impacts on permanent supportive housing or local funding flexibility, particularly in light of current federal funding uncertainty.

The attached letter outlines our perspective on recent federal Continuum of Care funding changes and proposes amendments that we believe will allow San Francisco to move recovery-oriented housing forward while preserving the strength and stability of the City's existing housing system.

We appreciate your consideration and would welcome the opportunity to discuss these recommendations further.

Thank you for your leadership and your continued work to address homelessness in San Francisco.

Sincerely,

Supportive Housing Provider Network (SHPN)
Homeless Emergency Service Providers Association (HESPA)
Coalition on Homelessness

Cody Keene

Public Policy Manager

(He/Him/His)

Delivering Innovation in Supportive Housing (DISH)

T: 415.535.4664

codykeene@dishsf.org



March 12th, 2026

City and County of San Francisco Board of Supervisors
1 Dr Carlton B. Goodlett Place
City Hall, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: Opportunity to move recovery housing forward with pending federal funding priorities

Dear Supervisors,

We appreciate the City and of San Francisco's continued focus on addressing homelessness and expanding housing options that meet the diverse needs of San Franciscans. We share the goal of ensuring people have access to housing models that support recovery, stability, and long-term well-being. We support the expansion of recovery housing and agree that a continuum of housing options, including recovery-oriented environments, are essential. At the same time, we want to ensure that one housing type is not moved forward at the expense of another housing type. Additionally, we want to avoid any unintended impacts on permanent supportive housing (PSH) as recovery-oriented housing is expanded during a period of federal funding uncertainty.

Congress recently passed legislation directing the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to release Continuum of Care (CoC) funding and establishing a minimum Tier 1 funding threshold of 60% in the Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO). While this directive provides important clarity, it represents a significant reduction from the prior Tier 1 threshold of approximately 87% nationally. For San Francisco, this change could result in a loss of approximately \$22 million in permanent supportive housing funding. This potential reduction introduces substantial financial uncertainty and underscores the importance of preserving local flexibility to sustain and protect San Francisco's permanent supportive housing portfolio.

These drastic funding changes have been seen across the federal government. Most recently, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) abruptly ended \$2 billion for behavioral health programs and services. While that funding was reinstated, the reality for local governments is that haphazard and significant federal policy and budget changes create too much uncertainty to hamstring local dollars. We also cannot only depend on legal remedies for these issues as such can be a luck of the draw. Accordingly, we request changes in the Expanding Drug-Free Housing legislation to ensure San

Francisco can use its resources effectively while moving recovery-oriented housing forward. We request these changes as amendments, which are described below.

1. Retitle drug-tolerant housing to low-barrier housing, drug-free housing to recovery-focused supportive housing, and recovery housing to recovery-focused transitional housing
2. Remove the total funding ban of low-barrier housing to allow local funding;
3. Expand recovery-oriented housing by implementing two pilots for recovery-focused supportive housing and recovery-focused transitional housing;
4. Ensure that evictions are for behavioral reasons versus relapse of substance use

We sincerely appreciate your consideration of these requests for the Expanding Drug-Free Housing ordinance. We believe that these provisions will allow San Francisco to better mitigate federal policy and funding shifts while locally advancing diverse housing options including recovery-oriented housing. Together, we can continue increasing and improving our housing system where recovery-housing is expanded in San Francisco.

In community,

Supportive Housing Provider Network (SHPN)

Homeless Emergency Service Providers Association (HESPA)

Coalition on Homelessness

From: [Eben Marsh](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 10:03:52 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Eben Marsh

Email ebenmarsh@hotmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Eben Marsh

From: [Mari Murayama](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 10:07:42 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Mari Murayama

Email mdmurayama@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Mari Murayama
District 1
San Francisco

Mari Murayama

From: [Calum Mackay](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 10:13:33 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Calum Mackay

Email CalumLMackay@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Calum Mackay

From: [Carmen Morrison](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 10:16:55 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Carmen Morrison

Email nas4us@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Carmen Morrison

From: [David Nolley](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 10:27:43 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent David Nolley
Email danolley@aol.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco. I take this position based upon my decades of professional relationships with California citizens as a California Licensed Psychologist specializing in Brain Injury Rehabilitation, some of my clients having experienced their brain injuries as the result of substance and/or alcohol abuse.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond

funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

David Nolley

From: [Usha and John Burns](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 10:32:34 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Usha and John Burns
Email Johnmburns48@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Usha and John Burns

From: [Marty Cerles Jr](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 10:32:43 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Marty Cerles Jr

Email martycerles@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Marty Cerles Jr

From: [J. Barry Gurdin](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 10:52:49 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent J. Barry Gurdin

Email gurdin@hotmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

J. Barry Gurdin

From: [Igor Yurinok](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 11:02:38 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Igor Yurinok

Email iyurinok@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Igor Yurinok

From: [Newton Butler](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 11:15:34 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Newton Butler

Email Louissf@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Newton Butler

From: [Newton Butler](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 11:17:51 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Newton Butler

Email Louissf@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Newton Butler

From: [richard.brandi](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 11:45:37 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent richard brandi

Email rbrandi@earthlink.net

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

richard brandi

From: [Machelle Burkstrand](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 11:51:39 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Machelle Burkstrand

Email mlburkstrand@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Machelle Burkstrand

From: [Sondra Halperin](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 12:00:44 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Sondra Halperin

Email plastique@kpobox.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Sondra Halperin

From: [Martha Ehmann Conte](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 12:02:50 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Martha Ehmann Conte
Email martha@ehmannconte.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Martha Ehmann Conte

From: [Patti McMahon](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 12:04:48 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Patti McMahon

Email pattired12@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Patti McMahon

From: [John McNamara](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 12:30:49 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent John McNamara

Email mcnamara229@hotmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

John McNamara

From: [Kate English](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 12:59:45 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Kate English

Email kenglish1775@comcast.net

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Kate English

From: [David Levy](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 1:13:41 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent David Levy

Email djlevy1@comcast.net

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

David Levy

From: [Amy Murphy](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 1:23:50 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Amy Murphy

Email ammurphy1@dons.usfca.edu

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Amy Murphy

From: [Dan Bowermaster](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 1:37:39 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Dan Bowermaster

Email scramboleer@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Dan Bowermaster

From: [Karen Breslin](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 2:35:55 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Karen Breslin

Email kbsmail@sbcglobal.net

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Karen Breslin

From: [Stephen Martin-Pinto](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 2:37:41 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Stephen Martin-Pinto

Email stephen@stephenmartinpinto.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Stephen Martin-Pinto

From: [Edward Sullivan](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 3:16:38 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Edward Sullivan

Email efsullyjr@aol.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Edward Sullivan

From: [Erik Sens](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 3:22:42 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Erik Sens

Email esens123@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Erik Sens

From: [Amanda Hoenigman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 4:23:42 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Amanda Hoenigman

Email amanda@hoenigman.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am just coming home from closing statements at the Hall of Justice where the defendant admitted on the stand that he is on meth every waking hour, and he steals in order to feed himself. He can spend his money on drugs and does not have to worry about paying rent because he lives in Supportive Housing.

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Amanda Hoenigman

From: [vince.hoenigman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 8:08:33 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent vince hoenigman

Email Vince@Citymark.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

vince hoenigman

From: [Emily Borowski](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 8:26:35 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Emily Borowski

Email ejborowski@icloud.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Emily Borowski

From: [Kevin Wallace](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 8:31:30 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Kevin Wallace

Email kevinwallace415@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Kevin Wallace

From: [Nathan Lang](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 8:47:39 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Nathan Lang

Email nathanlang@comcast.net

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Nathan Lang

From: [Jane Day](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, March 26, 2026 10:03:38 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Jane Day

Email janeday@earthlink.net

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Jane Day

From: [Spencer Camp](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, March 27, 2026 4:50:41 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Spencer Camp

Email hello@spencercamp.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Spencer Camp

From: [Stephanie Lehman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, March 27, 2026 7:51:36 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Stephanie Lehman

Email slehman21@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Stephanie Lehman

From: [Machelle Burkstrand](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, March 27, 2026 9:11:32 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Machelle Burkstrand

Email mlburkstrand@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Machelle Burkstrand

From: [Tracy Scruggs](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Friday, March 27, 2026 3:39:37 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Tracy Scruggs

Email tracy_scruggs@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Tracy Scruggs

From: [Desiree Maggiora Miles](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Saturday, March 28, 2026 12:09:41 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Desiree Maggiora Miles

Email desireemiles@msn.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.
Desiree Maggiora Miles

Desiree Maggiora Miles

From: [Esfir Shrayber](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Saturday, March 28, 2026 11:46:32 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Esfir Shrayber

Email to_fira@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Esfir Shrayber

From: [Ali Mandviwala](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Saturday, March 28, 2026 1:11:40 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Ali Mandviwala

Email samali48@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Ali Mandviwala

From: [Cynthia Brown](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Saturday, March 28, 2026 9:28:34 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Cynthia Brown

Email cymphany@hotmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Cynthia Brown

From: [Senta Tsantilis](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Sunday, March 29, 2026 9:01:34 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Senta Tsantilis

Email sptsantilis@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Senta Tsantilis

From: [Rebecca Saroyan](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Monday, March 30, 2026 3:14:37 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Rebecca Saroyan

Email rebecca.saroyan@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Rebecca Saroyan

From: [Andreas Mitchell](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 11:20:05 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Andreas Mitchell, MD, MPP, I'm a District 10 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

In my clinical practice as a primary care physician in the San Francisco safety net, I have cared for many patients with active substance use disorders who were fortunate enough to match into permanent supportive housing (PSH). In many cases, the stability offered by that housing set them on a path to managing their medical conditions, finding employment and eventually achieving recovery from their substance use disorder. But, they weren't ready for abstinence at the moment they entered housing, and if the only housing option offered included a threat of eviction for substance use, they would have ended up right back on the street.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing, **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery

housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Andreas Mitchell, MD, MPP

From: [Yang, Jae](#)
To: [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 11:28:02 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Paul Yang, and I am a District 7 resident who works in District 10. I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance on Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing.

I support expanding housing options that provide a supportive, sober environment for individuals who wish to recover from substance use. However, as currently written, this ordinance may have unintended consequences—namely, making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which could ultimately lead to higher rates of street homelessness and public drug use.

I am a physician at both UCSF and Zuckerberg San Francisco General Hospital, where I regularly care for patients experiencing homelessness and substance use disorders. Many of these patients express a desire to stop using substances and are connected to addiction care and harm reduction resources. However, they often face complex mental health and social challenges that contribute to relapse.

Clinical evidence shows that forced abstinence is often ineffective. While abstinence-based housing can be beneficial for some, recovery is not linear, and relapse is common. Housing models must account for this reality. Individuals should have access to safe, stable housing environments that support recovery—even if they relapse—rather than face eviction and return to homelessness.

Abstinence-only housing is also more resource-intensive and may result in high turnover, as residents who relapse are removed from programs. This disrupts continuity of care and undermines long-term recovery. Instead, we should ensure that housing models allow individuals to remain engaged in care and recovery, even when setbacks occur.

Rather than restricting funding for existing Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) models, I urge you to amend the ordinance to create a pilot program for recovery-focused housing. This approach would allow the City to evaluate the effectiveness of abstinence-based models without limiting funding for existing housing options or creating additional

barriers. A pilot program would expand housing solutions, rather than constrain them.

Additionally, the ordinance should include stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of eviction, they should be allowed to remain housed until alternative housing is secured. This should be a clear guarantee—not simply an aspiration—to prevent individuals from being displaced back onto the streets.

We all want residents to feel safe and supported in their housing. To achieve this, recovery housing must be voluntary, with individuals choosing it among multiple housing options. Tenants should feel safe disclosing relapse and seeking help without fear of eviction or homelessness.

With thoughtful amendments, this ordinance could support the development of effective, compassionate recovery housing that improves outcomes for individuals and strengthens our communities.

Sincerely,

Jae Hyun "Paul" Yang, MD

Internal Medicine

University of California, San Francisco

505 Parnassus Ave | San Francisco, CA 94143

jae.yang@ucsf.edu

Pronouns: he, him, his



From: [Katie Leiner](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 11:28:25 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Katie Leiner. I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I am an internal medicine resident at University of San Francisco and spend significant time working at the safety net hospital. Recently, I was working in the hospital on the cardiology service caring for a patient who has heart failure and uses methamphetamine. He shared with me that he would like to quit using methamphetamine; however, he continues to use it because he lives on the street and uses it to stay awake to make sure that he does not get assaulted on the street and so that he does not have his personal belongings stolen. If people are kicked out of their supportive housing after one instance of returning to use, they will be forced to live on the street. A person that returns to a little bit of use will then be at risk of using more because they are exposed to the elements on the street, like is the case with this patient. More use is worse for their personal health and also puts the general public at greater risk of being exposed to used needles and cookers on the open streets.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should

feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Katie Leiner

From: [Beth Griffiths](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 11:33:36 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Elizabeth Griffiths, I'm a District 8 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

As a primary care physician who cares for patients with substance use disorders (aka addiction), I have seen firsthand the importance of having choice in housing options. Some of my patients prefer and would benefit from drug-free housing, and I am in support of this option. However, some of my patients with addiction also are not ready for drug-free housing but need housing first to be able to recover from their addiction, which the evidence strongly supports. I am very concerned that if only drug-free housing were built then people would only be offered drug-free housing. This ordinance should require that people who come to the top of the list be offered a choice of both types of housing, allowing them a free choice. I am also concerned that if people feel pressured to choose drug-free housing or were overly optimistic about their chances of abstinence that they would then be using in secret—something that could lead to fatal overdose and worsening addiction. I have seen this firsthand in my work as a physician.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Elizabeth Griffiths, MD

From: [Yolanda C](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Cc: [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Dorsey Sober Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 1:14:55 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

I'm very disappointed at Supervisor Dorsey's proposed legislation. There are all kinds of reasons why people turn to drugs. Volunteering with Coalition on Homeless meeting, I am writing some things we would like to see changed.

People should not be evicted for using drugs just because they're poor and rely on government funded housing. Reminds me of early 1970s with Nixon's war on drugs fiasco.

File#251003 runs counter to San Francisco's progressive values.

I don't live in Supervisor Dorsey's district. As a resident of San Francisco, I am think of the poor. We should be able to live in our dwellings free from fear, free from want.

Respectfully,
Yolanda Catzalco

From: [Rick Girling](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 1:47:58 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

I have lived in SF for over 50 years and I can remember times when there were far fewer homeless folks on the streets. People could afford to pay rent and had a place to live, whether they used alcohol or other drugs.

My name is **R**ichard Girling, I'm a District 9 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Richard Girling

From: [Larry Ackerman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 3:34:50 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is **Larry Ackerman**, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

My late husband became addicted to meth and I and others spent years trying to get him into rehab. When he finally agreed and entered a program he had a relapse the first week and was kicked out of the house and program. This alienated him so much that he never returned to any kind of rehab and eventually overdosed. Thus I firmly believe that some people need a little leniency and not strict protocols as they slowly begin a new life.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Larry Ackerman

From: [Carrie Hamilton](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Monday, April 6, 2026 9:31:47 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is **Carrie Hamilton**, I'm a District **6** resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I am someone whose life was directly shaped by access to housing while navigating substance use and pregnancy. Years ago, I was a homeless mother—pregnant and caring for my three-year-old—while struggling with substance use. Every day was about survival. There was no space to heal, no safety to stabilize, and no way to focus on recovery while constantly worrying about where we would sleep.

Everything changed when I was able to enter a family shelter and then move into permanent housing. Having a safe place to live gave me the foundation I needed to continue my recovery journey. Housing didn't "fix" everything overnight, but it gave me stability, dignity, and the ability to show up for myself and my children. Recovery is not linear; it is a spiral. Without housing, that spiral becomes dangerous. With housing, it becomes manageable and hopeful.

Because I was housed, I was able to join the Homeless Prenatal Program's Community Health Worker training program. I went back to school and earned my Substance Use and Recovery Counseling certification, CADCII. Today, I work in the field supporting pregnant and parenting mothers with substance use disorders—women who are walking the same path I once walked.

From both my personal experience and my professional work, I know this: **housing is essential for recovery and for strengthening families.** When people lose housing because of their substance use struggles, it doesn't make them safer or healthier. It

makes them more traumatized, more vulnerable, and more disconnected from the very supports that help people heal.

Policies that threaten housing for people who use drugs do not reduce drug use. They increase homelessness, family instability, and public suffering. My story—and the stories of the clients I serve—show that when people are given a safe place to live, they can recover, parent safely, reconnect with community, and build a future.

Housing is not a reward for recovery.

Housing is the foundation that makes recovery possible.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Carrie Hamilton

Carrie Hamilton (she/her/them)

HPP Substance Use Coordinator/Counselor CADCI



carriehamilton@homelessprenatal.org

Office: 415.546.6756 ext.364

Client Intake line: 415.754.0581

Vonage: 707-602-7658

2500 18th Street | SF, CA 94110

Homelessprenatal.org

Confidentiality Notice: This e-mail is intended for the recipient only. If you receive this e-mail in error, you should notify the sender and destroy the e-mail immediately. Disclosure of the information contained herein could subject the disclosure to civil or criminal penalties under state and federal privacy laws. This e-mail is not a secured data transmission for Protected Health Information (PHI) as defined by the Healthcare Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and it is the responsibility of all parties involved to take all reasonable actions to protect this message from non-authorized disclosure.

From: [Edward Mason](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, April 9, 2026 11:40:36 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Edward Mason

Email zabredala3@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Edward Mason

From: [Fifi Holbrook](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Wednesday, April 8, 2026 4:42:33 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Fifi Holbrook

Email fifiholbrook@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Fifi Holbrook

From: [Machelle Burkstrand](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Wednesday, April 8, 2026 11:13:34 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Machelle Burkstrand

Email mlburkstrand@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Machelle Burkstrand

From: [Robin Morjikian](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Tuesday, April 7, 2026 7:22:30 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Robin Morjikian

Email rmorjikian@comcast.net

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Robin Morjikian

From: [James Wolf](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Tuesday, April 7, 2026 7:21:26 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent James Wolf

Email twolffamily@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

James Wolf

From: [Shari Jones](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Tuesday, April 7, 2026 7:20:03 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Shari Jones

Email sharihatch@yahoo.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Shari Jones

From: [Merwin, Madeline](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Monday, April 6, 2026 7:49:09 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Madeline Merwin , I'm a District 9 resident (in Potrero Hill), and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I work directly with patients who are in recovery and are medically recommended to continue use of their non-prescribed opioids in order to avoid withdrawal, prevent relapse, increase success of long-term sobriety, and meet them at their recovery goals. When stopping fentanyl use and transitioning to methadone, the federal government designates the maximum starting methadone dose at 50 mg. This roughly equates to less than a fourth of the amount of fentanyl most of my patients use per day. This means that if patients do not continue using their non-prescribed substances, they will go into horrific withdrawal and relapse returning to use.

Many of my patients also are focusing on stopping one substance at a time. They can only complete cessation of stimulants or opioids, voicing a need for more time to stop their other substances. By requiring residents to stop their use of all substances, this would SIGNIFICANTLY harm people seeking substance use treatment and prevent them from having safe transitional housing while in recovery.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Madeline Merwin, MD | she/her

Resident Physician, PGY-2

Obstetrics, Gynecology & Reproductive Sciences

University of California, San Francisco

UCSF sits upon the traditional unceded lands of the Ramaytush Ohlone peoples, who are the original inhabitants of the San Francisco Peninsula.

ramaytush.org | ramaytush.org/donate.html

From: [Carrie Hamilton](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Monday, April 6, 2026 9:31:46 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is **Carrie Hamilton**, I'm a District **6** resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I am someone whose life was directly shaped by access to housing while navigating substance use and pregnancy. Years ago, I was a homeless mother—pregnant and caring for my three-year-old—while struggling with substance use. Every day was about survival. There was no space to heal, no safety to stabilize, and no way to focus on recovery while constantly worrying about where we would sleep.

Everything changed when I was able to enter a family shelter and then move into permanent housing. Having a safe place to live gave me the foundation I needed to continue my recovery journey. Housing didn't "fix" everything overnight, but it gave me stability, dignity, and the ability to show up for myself and my children. Recovery is not linear; it is a spiral. Without housing, that spiral becomes dangerous. With housing, it becomes manageable and hopeful.

Because I was housed, I was able to join the Homeless Prenatal Program's Community Health Worker training program. I went back to school and earned my Substance Use and Recovery Counseling certification, CADCII. Today, I work in the field supporting pregnant and parenting mothers with substance use disorders—women who are walking the same path I once walked.

From both my personal experience and my professional work, I know this: **housing is essential for recovery and for strengthening families.** When people lose housing because of their substance use struggles, it doesn't make them safer or healthier. It

makes them more traumatized, more vulnerable, and more disconnected from the very supports that help people heal.

Policies that threaten housing for people who use drugs do not reduce drug use. They increase homelessness, family instability, and public suffering. My story—and the stories of the clients I serve—show that when people are given a safe place to live, they can recover, parent safely, reconnect with community, and build a future.

Housing is not a reward for recovery.

Housing is the foundation that makes recovery possible.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Carrie Hamilton

Carrie Hamilton (she/her/them)

HPP Substance Use Coordinator/Counselor CADCI



carriehamilton@homelessprenatal.org

Office: 415.546.6756 ext.364

Client Intake line: 415.754.0581

Vonage: 707-602-7658

2500 18th Street | SF, CA 94110

Homelessprenatal.org

Confidentiality Notice: This e-mail is intended for the recipient only. If you receive this e-mail in error, you should notify the sender and destroy the e-mail immediately. Disclosure of the information contained herein could subject the disclosure to civil or criminal penalties under state and federal privacy laws. This e-mail is not a secured data transmission for Protected Health Information (PHI) as defined by the Healthcare Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and it is the responsibility of all parties involved to take all reasonable actions to protect this message from non-authorized disclosure.

From: [Mahal Montes](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Sunday, April 5, 2026 5:34:54 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Mahal Montes, I'm a District 3 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I build community partnerships for the Institute on Aging in San Francisco and San Mateo counties. Time after time, I encounter clients who desperately need housing but cannot find subsidized options due to the scarcity of social housing available. A ban would squeeze the already lacking supply of affordable housing for folks with complex medical needs and histories of SUD.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing. This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Mahal

From: [Larry Ackerman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 3:34:45 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is **Larry Ackerman**, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

My late husband became addicted to meth and I and others spent years trying to get him into rehab. When he finally agreed and entered a program he had a relapse the first week and was kicked out of the house and program. This alienated him so much that he never returned to any kind of rehab and eventually overdosed. Thus I firmly believe that some people need a little leniency and not strict protocols as they slowly begin a new life.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Larry Ackerman

From: [Rick Girling](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 1:47:57 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

I have lived in SF for over 50 years and I can remember times when there were far fewer homeless folks on the streets. People could afford to pay rent and had a place to live, whether they used alcohol or other drugs.

My name is **R**ichard Girling, I'm a District 9 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Richard Girling

From: [Yolanda C](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Cc: [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Dorsey Sober Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 1:14:55 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

I'm very disappointed at Supervisor Dorsey's proposed legislation. There are all kinds of reasons why people turn to drugs. Volunteering with Coalition on Homeless meeting, I am writing some things we would like to see changed.

People should not be evicted for using drugs just because they're poor and rely on government funded housing. Reminds me of early 1970s with Nixon's war on drugs fiasco.

File#251003 runs counter to San Francisco's progressive values.

I don't live in Supervisor Dorsey's district. As a resident of San Francisco, I am think of the poor. We should be able to live in our dwellings free from fear, free from want.

Respectfully,
Yolanda Catzalco

From: [Beth Griffiths](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 11:33:34 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Elizabeth Griffiths, I'm a District 8 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

As a primary care physician who cares for patients with substance use disorders (aka addiction), I have seen firsthand the importance of having choice in housing options. Some of my patients prefer and would benefit from drug-free housing, and I am in support of this option. However, some of my patients with addiction also are not ready for drug-free housing but need housing first to be able to recover from their addiction, which the evidence strongly supports. I am very concerned that if only drug-free housing were built then people would only be offered drug-free housing. This ordinance should require that people who come to the top of the list be offered a choice of both types of housing, allowing them a free choice. I am also concerned that if people feel pressured to choose drug-free housing or were overly optimistic about their chances of abstinence that they would then be using in secret—something that could lead to fatal overdose and worsening addiction. I have seen this firsthand in my work as a physician.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Elizabeth Griffiths, MD

From: [Katie Leiner](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 11:28:31 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Katie Leiner. I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I am an internal medicine resident at University of San Francisco and spend significant time working at the safety net hospital. Recently, I was working in the hospital on the cardiology service caring for a patient who has heart failure and uses methamphetamine. He shared with me that he would like to quit using methamphetamine; however, he continues to use it because he lives on the street and uses it to stay awake to make sure that he does not get assaulted on the street and so that he does not have his personal belongings stolen. If people are kicked out of their supportive housing after one instance of returning to use, they will be forced to live on the street. A person that returns to a little bit of use will then be at risk of using more because they are exposed to the elements on the street, like is the case with this patient. More use is worse for their personal health and also puts the general public at greater risk of being exposed to used needles and cookers on the open streets.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should

feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Katie Leiner

From: [Yang, Jae](#)
To: [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 11:28:03 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Paul Yang, and I am a District 7 resident who works in District 10. I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance on Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing.

I support expanding housing options that provide a supportive, sober environment for individuals who wish to recover from substance use. However, as currently written, this ordinance may have unintended consequences—namely, making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which could ultimately lead to higher rates of street homelessness and public drug use.

I am a physician at both UCSF and Zuckerberg San Francisco General Hospital, where I regularly care for patients experiencing homelessness and substance use disorders. Many of these patients express a desire to stop using substances and are connected to addiction care and harm reduction resources. However, they often face complex mental health and social challenges that contribute to relapse.

Clinical evidence shows that forced abstinence is often ineffective. While abstinence-based housing can be beneficial for some, recovery is not linear, and relapse is common. Housing models must account for this reality. Individuals should have access to safe, stable housing environments that support recovery—even if they relapse—rather than face eviction and return to homelessness.

Abstinence-only housing is also more resource-intensive and may result in high turnover, as residents who relapse are removed from programs. This disrupts continuity of care and undermines long-term recovery. Instead, we should ensure that housing models allow individuals to remain engaged in care and recovery, even when setbacks occur.

Rather than restricting funding for existing Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) models, I urge you to amend the ordinance to create a pilot program for recovery-focused housing. This approach would allow the City to evaluate the effectiveness of abstinence-based models without limiting funding for existing housing options or creating additional

barriers. A pilot program would expand housing solutions, rather than constrain them.

Additionally, the ordinance should include stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of eviction, they should be allowed to remain housed until alternative housing is secured. This should be a clear guarantee—not simply an aspiration—to prevent individuals from being displaced back onto the streets.

We all want residents to feel safe and supported in their housing. To achieve this, recovery housing must be voluntary, with individuals choosing it among multiple housing options. Tenants should feel safe disclosing relapse and seeking help without fear of eviction or homelessness.

With thoughtful amendments, this ordinance could support the development of effective, compassionate recovery housing that improves outcomes for individuals and strengthens our communities.

Sincerely,

Jae Hyun "Paul" Yang, MD

Internal Medicine

University of California, San Francisco

505 Parnassus Ave | San Francisco, CA 94143

jae.yang@ucsf.edu

Pronouns: he, him, his



From: [Andreas Mitchell](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Public Comment: Please Improve File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 3, 2026 11:20:05 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Andreas Mitchell, MD, MPP, I'm a District 10 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

In my clinical practice as a primary care physician in the San Francisco safety net, I have cared for many patients with active substance use disorders who were fortunate enough to match into permanent supportive housing (PSH). In many cases, the stability offered by that housing set them on a path to managing their medical conditions, finding employment and eventually achieving recovery from their substance use disorder. But, they weren't ready for abstinence at the moment they entered housing, and if the only housing option offered included a threat of eviction for substance use, they would have ended up right back on the street.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing, **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery

housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Andreas Mitchell, MD, MPP

From: [Julie Paul](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Thursday, April 2, 2026 1:35:41 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Julie Paul

Email juliepaul164@gmail.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Julie Paul

April 10, 2026

City and County of San Francisco Supervisor Bilal Mahmood

1 Dr Carlton B. Goodlett Place

City Hall, Room 244

San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: Opportunity to move recovery housing forward with pending federal funding priorities

Dear Supervisors,

We appreciate the City and County of San Francisco's continued focus on addressing homelessness and expanding housing options that meet the diverse needs of San Franciscans, we share this goal. We support the expansion of recovery housing and agree that a continuum of housing options, including recovery-oriented environments, are essential. At the same time, we want to ensure that one housing type is not moved forward at the expense of another housing type. Additionally, we want to avoid any unintended impacts on permanent supportive housing (PSH) as recovery-oriented housing is expanded during a period of federal funding uncertainty.

Congress recently passed legislation directing the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to release Continuum of Care (CoC) funding and establishing a minimum Tier 1 funding threshold of 60% in the Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO). While this directive provides important clarity, it represents a significant reduction from the prior Tier 1 threshold of approximately 87% nationally. For San Francisco, this change could result in a loss of approximately \$22 million in permanent supportive housing funding. This potential reduction introduces substantial financial uncertainty and underscores the importance of preserving local flexibility to sustain and protect San Francisco's permanent supportive housing portfolio. It must also be said that housing first is a well-studied evidence-based practice that is essential to how we aim to tackle holes in the social safety

net in San Francisco. As stated earlier, we need every single tool available to us on the table, not less.

These drastic funding changes have been seen across the federal government. Most recently, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) abruptly ended \$2 billion for behavioral health programs and services. While that funding was reinstated, the reality for local governments is that haphazard and significant federal policy and budget changes create too much uncertainty to hamstring local dollars. We also cannot only depend on legal remedies for these issues as such can be a luck of the draw. Accordingly, we request changes in the Expanding Drug-Free Housing legislation to ensure San Francisco can use its resources effectively while moving recovery-oriented housing forward. We request these changes as amendments, which are described below.

1. Retitle drug-tolerant housing to low-barrier housing, drug-free housing to recovery-focused supportive housing, and recovery housing to recovery-focused transitional housing
2. Expand recovery-oriented housing by implementing two pilots for recovery-focused supportive housing and recovery-focused transitional housing;
3. Remove the total funding ban of low-barrier housing to allow local funding;
4. Ensure that no evictions are for recurrence of substance use.
5. Ensure that MAT/MOUD are all specifically permitted for use. Making sure to include these medications will help to ensure that people who are on their treatment journey will not be turned away.

We sincerely appreciate your consideration of these requests for the Expanding Drug-Free Housing ordinance. The changes asked for in item #1 are critical to ensuring that the language we use does not stand to create more stigma for housing that already exists. We believe that these provisions will allow San Francisco to better mitigate federal policy and funding shifts while locally advancing diverse housing options including recovery-oriented housing which we fully support. Together, we can continue increasing and improving our housing system where recovery-housing is expanded in San Francisco.

In community,

Treatment on Demand Coalition & Safer Inside Coaliton

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Elissa Stein

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Elizabeth Enos

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Peter Wu

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Dustin Miller

Dear Board of Supervisors,

Raise raise kids on Julian Ave between 15th & 16th st. We have all seen the worst of the worse when it comes to drug tolerant people running a muck on our streets. Rotten flesh, drug dealing, crack pimping, it is very dark to allow addicts to do whatever they want.

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Andrew Wickens

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San

Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.

Rumesha Ahmed Whitfield

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Joy Macdonald

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Lily Ho

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive

Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Odin Marin

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing

funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Joe Maloney

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Charlton Yu

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Julie Paul

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Jennifer Z Yan

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Olga Zubashko

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
George McNabb

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Susan Fisch

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Olga Zubashko

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Susan Fisch

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Charlton Yu

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Rich and Kim Gettings

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Matthew Murray

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Hana Beerman

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you!
Amanda Hoenigman

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Srinivasan Vijayaraghavan

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
John Porter

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Patricia Stanton

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Mahdi Rahimi

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Kwabena Agyeman

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Kirtee Mehta

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Marguerite Hutchinson

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Steven Lessard

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you,

Paul Trudeau

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Emanuel Evans

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Sierra Bura

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (file #251003).

Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner, highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy. Between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. This can be a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

Today we have over 15,000 PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by our City to be drug-free -

so that people who need PSH have options.

The last thing I want to see is people getting evicted to the streets. I appreciate that this ordinance has been written so that the City should work with people who relapse to get the right kind of housing for their situation.

Thank you for your consideration.

Lanier Coles



April 10, 2026

San Francisco Youth Commission
San Francisco City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 345
San Francisco, CA 94102-4532

Re: File No. 251003 — Administrative Code Amendment: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing

Honorable Chair and Members of the San Francisco Youth Commission,

Please accept this letter as formal public comment for the Commission’s next full meeting, which will revisit File No. 251003, an ordinance proposing amendments to the City’s Administrative Code regarding Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH).

We understand that this proposal is intended to address the serious drug crisis affecting San Francisco, and we also recognize that the ordinance excludes state funded PSH. However, as the state entity responsible for implementing Housing First, we offer this comment letter because Housing First is grossly mischaracterized in the findings of the local proposal.

Neither Housing First nor the California Interagency Council on Homelessness (Cal ICH) desires individuals or communities to suffer the very real costs of substance use. Our concern is not with the City’s goal of reducing harm, but with ensuring that policy decisions are grounded in accurate representations of evidence-based practice and the needs of the population served.

As the Executive Officer of Cal ICH, I offer the following comments to support accuracy in legislative findings and Housing First as an evidence-based practice, and ultimately, sound policy development.

1. Section 12K.1 FINDINGS (b) inaccurately characterizes Housing First

The findings state that California’s Housing First framework requires that “use of alcohol or drugs in and of itself, without other lease violations, is not a reason for eviction” and that services must be “informed by a harm reduction philosophy” (Sec. 12K.1(b)). While these quotations are accurate, the surrounding narrative implies that Housing First is synonymous with “drug tolerant” housing. It is not.

Housing First is an evidence-based practice focused on low-barrier entry and tenancy retention. It does not require permissive onsite drug environments, nor does it prohibit operators from



enforcing reasonable health and safety rules. The framing in the ordinance misrepresents the model and may lead to confusion about state requirements.

Because the findings section will guide future interpretation, it is important that it accurately reflects the intent and scope of Housing First as defined in California Welfare and Institutions Code § 8255.

2. Section 12K.1 (FINDINGS (b)) identifies provider level performance issues, not a failure of Housing First

The proposed ordinance asserts that “the near universality of drug tolerant policies...fails to serve the needs of many PSH residents” (Sec. 12K.1(c)) and cites examples of police calls for service and overdose deaths in PSH.

These concerns are significant. However, they do not demonstrate that Housing First is ineffective. Instead, they may reflect:

- variation in provider capacity,
- insufficient clinical staffing,
- gaps in oversight, or
- mismatches between resident needs and available service models.

It is also important to recognize that PSH serves individuals and families experiencing homelessness who have qualifying disabling conditions, including serious mental illness, chronic physical health conditions, and substance use disorders. Many residents are medically fragile, aging, or have long histories of trauma. As a result, calls for service may include not only behavioral health related incidents but also medical emergencies, welfare checks, mobility related injuries, and other health related needs that reflect the vulnerability of the population rather than the effectiveness of the housing model.

3. Concerns regarding Sec. 12K.2 (DEFINITIONS, lines 16–19)

The definition of Drug-Free PSH states that onsite illicit drug use “is grounds for eviction” (Sec. 12K.2, lines 16–19). The ordinance does not specify whether residents who relapse would be assisted in relocating to another PSH site or shelter, or whether they would simply be evicted without placement—potentially returning people to homelessness while in active relapse. Given that PSH eligibility requires disabling conditions, this omission raises significant concerns about resident safety and continuity of care of a vulnerable population.



Cal ICH encourages the Commission to ask the City to clarify:

- whether residents evicted for onsite use would be guaranteed alternative placement,
- how the City would prevent evictions directly into homelessness, and
- how relapse support would be operationalized for a population clinically expected to experience relapse.

4. The ordinance presumes unmet resident preference before the required survey is conducted

Section 12K.1(f) states that “the choices afforded to program participants are insufficiently prioritized in San Francisco’s current operation of PSH.” This conclusion is presented before the resident survey required under Section 12K.5 has been conducted.

The ordinance mandates that HSH “assess [residents’] interest in living in Drug-Free PSH as an alternative to Drug Tolerant PSH” (Sec. 12K.5(a)). Until those data are collected, it is premature to assert that resident choice is currently insufficiently prioritized.

Cal ICH supports the use of resident preference data to inform system design. However, the findings should avoid presupposing the outcome of a survey that has not yet occurred.

Conclusion

Cal ICH appreciates the Youth Commission’s role in reviewing legislation that ultimately affects its community. To ensure accuracy and alignment with state law, we respectfully recommend that the Commission consider in its comments back to the City:

- correcting the characterization of Housing First to avoid conflating it with permissive drug use environments,
- distinguishing provider level operational challenges from the Housing First model itself,
- requesting detailed information on the nature of calls for service, including medical aid calls that reflect resident vulnerability,
- seeking clarification on how evictions for onsite use would be handled for residents with disabling conditions, and
- avoiding assumptions about resident preference prior to completion of the required survey.



California Interagency Council on Homelessness

We remain available to provide technical assistance as the City continues to refine its PSH policies.

Sincerely,

Meghan Marshall

Meghan Marshall

Executive Officer

California Interagency Council on Homelessness

CC: Tomiquia Moss, Secretary, BCSH
Melinda Grant, Undersecretary, BCSH
Dhakshike Wickrema, Deputy Secretary of Homelessness, BCSH

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Mackil Brant Taylor, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

Prior to getting permanent housing, a lot of people were evicted or suspended from their housing, which led to relapse in terms of their drug use. Also, people who are released from custody should be able to access Housing First permanent housing and make their own choice to live a crime-free, drug-free life. Homelessness shows we have poor community healthcare.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Mackil Brant Taylor

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Taylor Smith, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I was homeless and an avid drug addict, people say, living on the street, but I like to say I was dying on the street, and I finally got sick and tired of being sick and tired, so I voluntarily admitted myself into detox, Joe Healey detox to be exact. The third day, my counselor asked me to come with him to his desk because I had a phone call, and it was a rep asking me if I was interested in housing. I have had a home here at Kelly Cullen Community since March 16, 2013, and it saved my life without a doubt. With this housing, I am not fighting for survival out on the streets and have been supported to stay sober. This housing works.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Taylor Smith

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is David Rodriguez, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I was homeless for over a decade. As a homeless patron I was sent to the mental ward between 10 to 15 times. I was housed in 2021. I was sent to the mental ward only once, and that was in the beginning. Housing gave me room to heal.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
David Rodriguez

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Miguel Garcia, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

My history is an alcohol problem. Now, I live at Kelly Cullen Community, and I'm OK now. I feel stable. The problem with being on the streets is that you struggle and the drugs surround you, so it is not hard to end up using the drugs. But when you have housing, the housing itself helps you stabilize and that can fix your drug problem; it also gives you just enough space from the drugs on the street.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Miguel Garcia

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Ray Orfiano, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

If I wasn't housed first, I wouldn't be alive today. In 2021, I was housed at Kelly Cullen Community with a severe alcohol problem, and if it wasn't for the social workers Clair and Tommy Dean checking in on me, I would not have been found when I was already half-dead. If it wasn't for them then sending me to the hospital for a two-year fight for my life and helping me keep my housing, I wouldn't be alive today. The Sober First model forces folks to be sober, and people don't want to be sober unless they make the decision for themselves to be sober.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Ray Orfiano

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Anthony Prater, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

This proposal will create more homelessness, and I myself have benefitted from such a program as Housing First. The 'first, house' approach has helped clean up San Francisco.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Anthony Prater

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Dennis Hughes, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I'm an anomaly. Don't drink, smoke, nor do drugs. Never have. But my Housing First building has helped me when I was homeless because of financial reasons. I was able to get a job as a security guard. I've had that job for 16 years. I also teach chess. Having this Housing First residency has helped me tremendously, and my neighbors in this building and I are part of a community here. I like the idea of Sober Housing, but I'm thinking about it in the context of it being a step up for someone like me that first got the benefits of Housing First. My neighbors have benefitted from our current housing. I've watched them do better with the aid of social workers. Don't take the option of Housing First away from those who could use the help. Don't take this option away.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Dennis Hughes

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Tim Coughlin, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I found "ok" housing and a social worker after being forced into 3 years of "homelessness" by my long-time friend "Roy," whom I lived with for 24 years. During my 3 years of homelessness, I lived in a tent. Most people that get housing through Housing First have been displaced. For instance, my neighbor used to live in the Fillmore; he struggles with his substance use and can be a disturbance to me sometimes as a result, and I believe he has a right to stay so that he can sleep and shower. In my case, I smoke tobacco, which makes my asthma worse, but I have housing and am able to control the asthma symptoms because of access to my own place to shower, free groceries from the 'produce drop' at my building, a social worker in the building, and connections with other tenants that help me access medications for my asthma as well as dental care. As for how I was originally displaced from housing, it was because Roy wouldn't pay the landlord of the condo we stayed at, which had a pool and access to a forest, since the price Roy was charged was way beyond the purchase price of the condo. Since Roy refused to pay, eventually the landlord summoned the police who asked him to walk NOW or be put in jail. "This cop is a powerless, hated hoodlum," Roy thought, and decided "No, I'll stay home." Next thing you know, Roy's in jail (and eventually died there), all our furniture is gone, and I had to leave.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Tim Coughlin

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Paul Isaacson, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

As a “no-anything” type of person, I would prefer there to be no use of anything addictive, and no smoking, at my residence. However, this should not take away from the reality that in order to make a vast improvement on the streets, there should be far more housing for everyone, especially those abusing any substance and want housing. I also question the financial risk this legislation may pose to current Housing First buildings, potentially destabilizing these buildings and directly impacting tenants like me. I wholeheartedly approve of the language of the amended legislation. We should expand housing by adding a pilot program for sober housing. And, of primary importance, are the phrases of the last page that tenants should “feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help” because they are not afraid of eviction. My model or analogy for Housing First is that it is like the paramedic’s priority of stabilizing the patient. Then, we should focus on adding more supportive services; for example, in my ideal world, with all the open land and buildings at the Presidio and other locations, we would encourage and incentivize Housing First tenants to get off the concrete and onto land and into the woods, with fresh air.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Paul Isaacson

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options. Please support this need by voting YES on Supervisor Dorsey's ordinance.

Thank you.
Jodi Klein

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.

Jeffrey Webb

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Tony Fox

San Francisco Board of Supervisors
City Hall
1 Dr Carlton B Goodlett Pl
San Francisco, CA 94102

April 20, 2026

Subject: MADAAD's Support for San Francisco's Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing Ordinance (File No. 251003)

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

We, the members of Mothers Against Drug Addiction & Deaths (MADAAD), write in strong support of the ordinance to expand Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

As Bay Area mothers of children who have struggled with addiction — some in recovery, some incarcerated, some homeless, and some whom we have lost — we are forever grateful to the frontline workers, doctors, nurses, and case managers who fight every day for those suffering on San Francisco's streets.

When someone makes the courageous decision to begin their recovery journey, the last thing San Francisco should do is undermine that effort by placing them in housing where active drug use by a neighbor can trigger relapse. Yet this is precisely what is happening today. The city and state invest extraordinary resources in permanent supportive housing, only to see residents' recoveries jeopardized by unlimited drug use within those taxpayer-funded units.

It doesn't have to be this way. San Francisco is free to direct its housing dollars toward drug-free environments. Under this ordinance, new city-funded PSH can be designated drug-free — giving people in recovery the stable foundation they need to truly heal and rebuild their lives.

We urge you to support this ordinance. Thank you for your leadership and your commitment to the people of San Francisco.

Respectfully,

Mothers Against Drug Addiction & Deaths (MADAAD)
Ellen Grantz

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Forrest Liu

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Ellie Yelding-Sloan

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Angela Tickler

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Danica Gutierrez

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Shane McKinney

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
kaaren Alvarado

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Amber Richmond

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Jane Weil

Dear Board of Supervisors,

First off, before I put my name on this letter that was well written and I agree wholeheartedly, I need to express my personal feelings as well as my personal experience. I know first hand the success that can be had from living a life free from active addiction. I support drug-free housing.

Secondly, the experience I have witnessed in my own building, whereas two units were rented out by organizations to help the homeless and both have resulted in very alarming situations for all the regular tenants in the building. These individuals have brought their addiction habits and destructive lifestyles directly into the lives of innocent tenants.

Continuing to enable addicts and providing housing just prolongs the misery and subject everyone else to this misery.

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.

David I Lewis

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

You wouldn't ask someone who is recovering from a broken leg to move to a 5th floor walkup but this is in effect what we're asking recovering folks to do by not providing sober housing for those who want it. Our current policy places obstacles in the path of their recovery.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Diana Helander

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Leilani Merrill

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I live and in the Tenderloin and work at Tenderloin Housing Clinic. I am also a member of the OFarrell Neighbors Group. I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Billy Allen

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Aaron Thomas



Keith Humphreys, Ph.D.
Esther Ting Memorial Professor
401 N. Quarry Road, Room C-305 (MC:5717)
Stanford University School of Medicine
Stanford, CA 94305-5717
KNH@Stanford.edu

April 22, 2026

Board of Supervisors
City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Re: Drug-Free Housing, File # 251003 — Position: Support

Dear Honorable Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors:

As someone who has studied addiction for over 35 years, served as the Senior Drug Policy Advisor in President Obama's White House, and currently volunteers in the Tenderloin, I am writing in support of this proposal to expand the availability of drug-free housing in San Francisco and to survey residents of publicly-supported housing on their housing preferences.

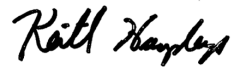
Housing First programs are important, particularly for people who suffer from serious mental illnesses such as schizophrenia. But a review of evidence by the National Academies of Science (<https://www.nationalacademies.org/projects/PGA-STS-15-01>) concluded they not reduce substance use which poses a challenge for people who are facing addiction.

In contrast, drug-free housing options particularly benefit people struggling with their use of methamphetamine, fentanyl, and other drugs. For example, a DePaul University study of individuals randomly assigned after addiction treatment either to Oxford House (a substance-free setting with a pro-recovery culture) or other forms of aftercare found that over the ensuing 2 years, Oxford House residents had double the rate of abstaining from substance use. and were 50% more likely to have a job.

Under current California law, it is unfortunately not legal to use state housing dollars to create drug-free housing options that would yield benefits like this. The only option San Francisco therefore has is what this proposal offers, namely using local funds

to support such therapeutic living environments. I believe that doing so will greatly aid people who are seeking recovery from addiction and I therefore respectfully urge you to support this proposal.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Keith Haydel". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized 'K' and a long, sweeping underline.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Angelo Sangiacomo

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Afshan Khan

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Giancarlo Sangiacomo

Supervisor Matt Dorsey

Chair, Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee

City Hall

1 Dr. Carlton Goodlett Place

San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: File 251003 – Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing – Oppose as Currently Written

Dear Supervisor Dorsey,

The Tenant Associations Coalition of San Francisco (TAC) and its affiliated tenant associations write regarding your legislation, File 251003 – Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing.

TAC is a grassroots coalition dedicated to protecting and expanding the rights of tenants across San Francisco, with a particular focus on vulnerable residents in supportive housing, SROs, and affordable housing programs. We strongly support efforts to diversify the city's housing and service system so it can better meet the varied and complex needs of people experiencing homelessness and those living in permanent supportive housing.

The goal of expanding recovery-oriented and sober housing options is laudable. Recovery from substance use disorder is a deeply personal and often nonlinear journey, with many starts and stops. Many current supportive housing residents would benefit from enhanced recovery supports, and many others actively seek intentional, recovery-friendly environments—whether through sober living, scattered-site housing, or site-based supportive housing with strengthened services such as trauma-informed therapy, peer support, and relapse-prevention resources.

Unfortunately, as currently written, this legislation misses the mark. Rather than expanding genuine choice and capacity, it risks pitting different housing models against one another and reducing the flexibility the City needs to develop the full range of housing options required to address homelessness effectively.

Standard lease language already prohibits illegal activity on the premises. Illegal drug use, as well as smoking and drinking in common areas, is already banned in supportive housing. The legislation as drafted creates unnecessary confusion for providers and operators while adding layers of bureaucracy that could slow down housing production and limit innovation in service delivery.

We urge you to reconsider the approach in File 251003. True solutions require a balanced, evidence-based strategy that preserves tenant protections, maintains housing stability as a foundation for recovery, and allows providers the flexibility to tailor models to individual needs—rather than imposing a one-size-fits-all framework that could lead to increased evictions and further destabilization.

We remain committed to working collaboratively with you and other stakeholders to develop policies that genuinely expand housing choice, support recovery where desired, and uphold the rights and dignity of all San Francisco tenants.

Thank you for your attention to this important matter. We would welcome the opportunity to discuss these concerns with you or your staff in greater detail. Sincerely,

Michael Nulty
Program Director

Tenant Associations Coalition of San Francisco
and its affiliated tenant associations

Tenant Associations Coalition of San Francisco

P.O. Box 420846;

San Francisco, CA 94142-0846

415-339-8327 Voice / 415-820-1565 Fax

<http://15thanniversarytac.blogspot.com/>

<http://tenantassociationscoalition.blogspot.com/>

<http://groups.yahoo.com/group/TenantAssociationsCoalition/>

Serving San Francisco since September, 1997

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Austen Woods

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is **Megan**, I'm a District 1 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.

Robert Mansfield

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.

Christopher Humphreys

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Doreen Horstin

April 22, 2026.

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors,

On behalf of the San Francisco Public Defender's Office, I am writing to oppose and express concerns regarding **File #251003**, the ordinance to expand drug-free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). While our office supports the goal of diversifying our city's supportive housing stock, we believe the ordinance, as currently drafted, risks harming our most vulnerable residents by increasing eviction rates among people who most need stability.

From our experience representing housing-insecure and unhoused clients, we know that secure housing is essential for stability and safety. While we agree that San Francisco should offer varied housing options, we are concerned that this ordinance prioritizes strict compliance over long-term stability—a shift that could inadvertently lead to a cycle of displacement for individuals in the middle of their recovery journey.

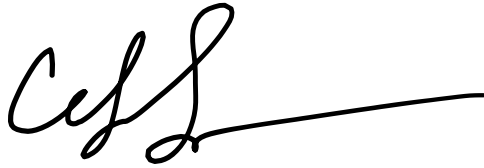
To mitigate these risks, we respectfully request that the ordinance be amended to provide **stronger, binding eviction protections**. If a tenant is at risk of losing their placement because they are still navigating their recovery, they must be allowed to remain in their unit until a move to an appropriate alternative placement is finalized. Currently, Section 12K.6.3b only "reaffirms a commitment to use best efforts" to provide alternative housing. This language offers no guarantee, leaving residents with the very real fear of returning to the streets. To be effective, the ordinance must move beyond a "commitment" and provide a **clear, binding guarantee of placement**. Research shows that homelessness exacerbates substance use disorders; we must ensure that an ordinance intended to support recovery does not instead drive people back into homelessness.

Our concerns are also rooted in the clinical reality of substance use disorder (SUD). As a chronic condition, intermittent use is often a part of the recovery process rather than a failure of treatment. It can take years of engagement to achieve sustained remission, and during that time, punitive measures like discharge and disconnection only increase the risk of overdose and incarceration. We must bear in mind that homelessness itself drives up rates of substance use disorders, which is not an outcome any of us wants.

Finally, we are concerned that this legislation risks creating confusion for supportive housing providers. Standard leases already prohibit illegal activity, as well as smoking and drinking in common areas; beyond these shared spaces, housing units are private, non-surveilled environments. We believe strongly that as a city, we need to increase the production of supportive and affordable housing, and we would not want to see our current or future pipeline impacted in a negative way.

Thank you for your consideration.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'CG', followed by a long horizontal line extending to the right.

Carolyn Goossen (she/her)
SF Policy Director
San Francisco Public Defender
carolyn.goossen@sfgov.org

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Javier Solorzano, I'm a District 5 resident, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

I lived in a shelter for 2.5 years. When I was there, I shared space with drug users. People who find themselves at a shelter are already stressed, and the drugs help with coping. At the shelter, you often are not able to rest properly, which leads to more suffering. At the shelter I was at, when people struggling with their substance use asked for housing, they were told that they “actually don’t want housing.” I did not see this to be the case. Drug users were at the shelter specifically hoping for more permanent housing, but they were de-prioritized for housing; people with disabilities and the elderly who don’t struggle with their substance use were prioritized instead for placement into housing. I got housing after 1 year. However, for drug users and other folks, I think 5-7 years is typical. It makes a lot of sense for people struggling with their substance use to get housing because it is how they heal. With housing, you feel a sense of belonging and ownership of your own space in a way that helps you see a path towards better health, as you are able to take care of your body, shower more often, sleep, feed yourself better, and feel secure; you are treated as a normal part of society. The more help that drug users can get, the better. Instead, what we are seeing is that help for them is getting cut, which only leads to a steeper road for people to get off the streets and not struggle with their substance use. Further, with Sober Housing leading to evictions for drug use after people have already gotten the housing, this leads to more stress, since folks know how hard it is to get housing in the first place.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Javier Solorzano

Dear Board of Supervisors,

My name is Kevin Liu, I'm a District 5 community worker at TNDC, and I am writing to share concerns about File #251003, the ordinance Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing. I support expanding housing that provides a supportive environment to recover from drug use or live in a sober environment if that is what someone prefers. However, the way this ordinance is currently written will create the unintended consequences of making it more difficult to fund deeply affordable housing and increasing evictions, which would lead to increased street homelessness and public drug use.

Tenants of Housing First in TNDC buildings let me know the importance of their housing, and I want to take this opportunity to urge you to listen deeply to them if, as a city, we want to solve problems. People had a *hard time* on the streets before getting housing due to the *stigma* against using substances to cope and the *hardship* of living without sleep and security. Often, my friends in Housing First LOST their "normal" housing first, which unmasked prior substance use problems or led to low-level crimes or mental health disturbances. So, could it be that Housing is what Heals? Instead of sending folks repeatedly to emergency rooms or jails, how about we provide housing? For residents, researchers, and practitioners like me, it's evident that Housing First heals, so this proposal will lead to more homelessness and substance use on the streets. Further, consider that for folks who DECIDE to get treatment and achieve sobriety, or have always been sober, they also want Housing First for themselves and their neighbors who are not sober. Despite the disturbances that those struggling with their substance use in Housing First may cause to their neighbors, these neighbors express that all folks have the right to stay, and that there is a need for more support for those that are struggling. For my friend with a former alcohol problem and my friend that uses tobacco, Housing First has saved their lives. The social workers and community support in their housing helped and continues to help. As another friend suggests, enhancing support may look like offering Housing First tenants access to Green Space to benefit folks mentally and spiritually, as many people may know firsthand from the pandemic. Finally, let's talk about forced sobriety, relapse, and eviction. Forced sobriety is already a tough spot, and with relapse being a PART of recovery, eviction should never be the response to relapse. Housing heals because it offers dignity, allowing folks to take care of their bodies, sleep, have security, shower more, and eat better. Also, when folks can take care of themselves, they feel normal and a sense of belonging; for as long as we live in a world that stigmatizes folks for having foundational needs, this sense of normality and belonging people get from Housing First is indispensable.

Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness.

The ordinance should also be amended to provide stronger eviction protections. If a tenant is at risk of being evicted, the tenant should be allowed to stay in housing until they can move into alternative housing. This will avoid increasing homelessness and forcing someone struggling with drug use out onto the street. The language in the ordinance should be stronger to ensure these protections - not just a commitment, but a promise that someone will be placed into alternative housing.

We all want people to feel comfortable in their housing, and in order to make that happen, we need to be intentional in the creation of a new type of recovery housing. Tenants should feel that they made a voluntary choice to be there because they had other housing types and chose this option. Tenants should feel safe in admitting that they relapsed and need help because they are not afraid of ending up back on the street. Amending the ordinance will produce an effective type of recovery housing that could be helpful and life-changing for tenants and communities.

Sincerely,
Kevin Liu

Dear Chair Dorsey and Members of the Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee,

My name is Curtis Bradford, and I am writing not from theory, ideology, or politics, but from lived experience.

I know what it means to struggle. I know what it means to lose my footing, to battle addiction, to live with shame, and to wonder whether life could ever become something steady, meaningful, and whole again. I also know what helped save me, and it was not rejection. It was not punishment. It was not being told I had to become perfect before I was worthy of safety.

What helped save my life was housing, stability, compassion, and the simple but profound truth that people need a safe place to land before they can truly begin to heal.

Supportive housing gave me that chance. Harm reduction gave me that chance. They created the space where recovery could become possible. They did not stand in the way of my recovery, they helped make it real.

Recovery is not something most people can build while being pushed from doorway to doorway, from shelter to street, from fear to fear. Recovery needs ground under it. It needs dignity. It needs consistency. It needs the kind of support that says, "You are still human, you are still valuable, and your life is still worth investing in, even now."

That approach saved me.

I was once homeless. I lived for many years in an SRO on disability. I know what it means to need affordable, supportive housing not as an abstract policy idea, but as a lifeline. Today, because people and systems did not give up on me, I have been clean and sober since January 10, 2011. Today I serve as Community Organizing Manager for a large Tenderloin CBO.. Today I help build resident leadership, community power, and civic participation in the Tenderloin and SoMa. Today I have a life filled with purpose, service, connection, and hope.

That life did not begin because someone demanded that I be fully healed before I could come inside. It began because I was allowed to survive long enough, safely enough, and with enough support, to find my way toward healing.

I support having recovery-focused housing options for people who want and need them. Choice matters. Sober housing has an important place in the continuum of care. But making sobriety a requirement for all new City-funded supportive housing is a dangerous mistake.

It misunderstands how recovery actually happens for many people. It turns housing from a platform for healing into a prize people must earn first. And for many of our most vulnerable neighbors, that will not lead to recovery, it will lead to more suffering, more instability, and more death.

The people I work with, and the community I come from, are not served by one-size-fits-all answers. People arrive with different histories, different traumas, different needs, and different stages of readiness. Real compassion means building a system large enough to hold that truth. Real public policy should widen the path to recovery, not narrow the doorway to housing.

I am living proof that supportive housing and harm reduction can save lives. I am living proof that a person's worst chapter does not have to be their final chapter. I am living proof that when we meet people with dignity instead of judgment, they can rise into lives of service, leadership, and love.

Please do not adopt a policy that would make it harder for people like me to get the foothold we need to survive and recover.

San Francisco should expand options, yes, including sober housing for those who want it, but it should not abandon the housing-first and harm-reduction principles that have helped so many people stay alive long enough to choose recovery.

My life is what can happen when the City chooses compassion over exclusion, support over stigma, and hope over fear.

Please reconsider File No. 251003 and work with community to draft amendments that really meet SF's residents' needs.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

Curtis Bradford

District 6 Resident

DOCTORS AGAINST OVERDOSES

SAN FRANCISCO

April 21, 2026

San Francisco Board of Supervisors
City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: *File #251003 - Position: Support* - Strong Support for Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing Legislation

Dear Members of the Board,

On behalf of Doctors Against Overdoses, I write to express our strong and unequivocal support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

This legislation addresses a fundamental gap in our current system—one that has real and measurable consequences. San Francisco's supportive housing model, while well-intentioned, has evolved into a system that offers too few viable options for individuals who are seeking recovery or who cannot stabilize in environments where ongoing illicit drug use is prevalent.

As a physician engaged in overdose prevention, I understand how profoundly environment influences outcomes. For many individuals, placement into settings where drug use is normalized is not simply suboptimal—it can actively undermine recovery, destabilize health, and increase the risk of overdose.

The absence of recovery-oriented housing options is not a neutral policy choice. It is a driver of continued instability and preventable harm.

Importantly, this legislation reflects a thoughtful and clinically grounded approach. It is not punitive. It explicitly recognizes that substance use disorder is a chronic,

relapsing condition, and includes safeguards such as support for relapse, the absence of automatic eviction for a single episode of use, and efforts to provide alternative housing when needed. It also requires the City to measure and respond to resident demand—an essential step in aligning policy with the needs of those it is intended to serve.

At the same time, available data underscores the urgency of expanding options. A substantial proportion of overdose deaths in San Francisco occur within Permanent Supportive Housing settings, highlighting that the current system is not adequately supporting all residents in achieving stability.

This legislation takes an important step toward correcting that imbalance by creating a voluntary, drug-free supportive housing option. It restores a basic principle that exists throughout the broader housing system: that individuals should be able to choose a residential environment that supports their safety, health, and personal goals.

We recognize and support the thoughtful concerns raised by the San Francisco Marin Medical Society (SFMMS). These concerns are not in opposition to this legislation—they are essential to its success. Implementation must ensure continuity of care, protection of medication-assisted treatment, and safe, structured transitions between housing settings.

From an overdose prevention perspective, expanding recovery-oriented housing options is not optional—it is necessary. Drug-free PSH should exist as part of a coordinated continuum of care that includes harm reduction, medical treatment, and other housing models. A single-model system cannot meet the complexity of substance use disorder.

San Francisco is confronting a public health crisis defined by overdose, instability, and fragmentation of care. Continuing to rely on a one-size-fits-all approach will not produce different results.

This legislation introduces needed balance, restores meaningful choice, and aligns housing policy more closely with clinical reality.

For these reasons, Doctors Against Overdoses strongly supports its passage.

Respectfully,

Laurence Wiener, MD
Founder, Doctors Against Overdoses
San Francisco

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Thursday, April 30, 2026 6:04:06 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

David Crane

94115

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Thursday, April 30, 2026 6:49:44 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Maya Hovey

94109

From: [Chirag Bhakta](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 30, 2026 8:09:51 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Chirag Bhakta
chiragthebhakta@gmail.com
1750 Lombard street
San Francisco, California 94123

From: [Jennifer Hausler](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 30, 2026 9:07:15 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors, especially my supervisor Rafael Mandeman,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

In solidarity with the people you oppress,

Jennifer Hausler

jenniferchausler@gmail.com

329 Church St

San Francisco, California 94114

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 12:16:46 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

David Troup

94114

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 12:20:12 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Sherial Heller

94108

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 1:32:59 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Karla Devine

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 1:36:44 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Kathy Price

94114

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 1:40:16 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Jeri Pliner

94122

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 1:41:21 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Patrick Cross

94116

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 1:42:02 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Herbert Stackhouse

94134

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 1:49:34 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

JAMES HIRSCH

94108

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 2:00:16 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Clifton Coleman

94103

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 2:53:18 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Michael Eisler

94118

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 3:41:01 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

JEFFREY NIGH

94127

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 3:47:44 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

David Nolley

94122

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 5:50:24 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Arlo Smith

94930

From: [Deirdre White](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 6:09:34 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Supervisor Shamann Walton,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Sincerely,
Deirdre White

Deirdre White
deirdrewhite@hotmail.com
2414 24th street
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 6:43:05 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Karen Schwartz

94114

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 6:45:30 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Linda Radler

94122

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 7:53:31 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Nicole Flowers

94109

From: [Sarah Wilson](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 8:16:56 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I am a 27-year resident of San Francisco and a 15-year resident of District 11. I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city

contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Sarah Wilson
sarahewilson@gmail.com
285 London St Apt 2
San Francisco, California 94112

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 9:17:29 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Han Myoung Park

94103

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 10:10:40 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Michael Barker

94123

From: [Ken Tray](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 10:12:47 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Ken Tray
ktray50@gmail.com
40 Virginia Ave
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 10:30:53 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Elmira Tap

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:10:16 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Robert Rutkowski

66605

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:12:10 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Steve Dalton

94102

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:13:44 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Emanuel Langit

94121

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:18:02 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Jennifer Stanley

94117

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:21:16 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Scott Jacques

94121

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:24:22 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Ditka Reiner

94109

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:26:20 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Brian Hill

94114

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:28:32 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Karen Breslin

94127

From: [Matthew Denney](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:30:21 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

For over three years, I worked as an attorney for the Homeless Action Center of Alameda County, helping vulnerable populations to access public benefits.

From this experience, I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for

lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Matthew Denney
matthewsdenney@gmail.com
1091 Bush St Apt 403
San Francisco, California 94109-6215

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:32:12 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

GLENN SAVAGE

94105

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:36:36 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Phyllis Ball

94114

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:38:46 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

John Owl

94102

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:39:38 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Thomas Nieland

78516

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:40:12 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Michel Suas

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:41:17 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Edward Sullivan

94116

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:51:51 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Jim Warshell

94102

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:59:10 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Henry Karnilowicz

94114

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 12:04:10 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Jane Weil

94103

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 12:11:22 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Christian Simonetti

94102

From: [James Galus](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 6:24:37 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

James Galus
jameshalus@gmail.com
134 Kingston street
San Francisco , California 94110

From: [Traci Mysliwiec](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 7:07:25 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

Please vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003).

It's cruel and will ultimately hurt more people than it will ever potentially help.

This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without

meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Traci Mysliwec
tracimysliwec@gmail.com
2528 Folsom St
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Ocean Coast](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 9:06:44 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Ocean Coast
anakhsulrama@gmail.com
22 S Park St Apt 208
San Francisco, California 94107

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 10:16:02 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Will Chang

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:07:12 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Julien DeFrance

94109

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:09:20 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Russell Davis

94127

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, April 29, 2026 11:09:43 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Paul McLain-Lugowski

94111

From: [Shanti Singh](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote NO: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 2:41:50 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

As a constituent and tenant advocate deeply personally impacted by familial substance abuse, I urge you to vote NO on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). I cannot emphasize enough that this is the kind of policy that would have left my own loved ones homeless and resourceless, and blocked their path to recovery had they been subject to it.

This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. Sober housing has impacted my family's lives in a positive way at critical moments of crisis. This is not a hypothetical for me.

But this proposal does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

There is a reason that San Francisco housing advocates who normally find each other on opposing sides of many issues are in agreement over the harm that this bill will cause to tenants in recovery and to the construction of permanently supportive housing in future. When we are stretching every dollar of scarce public investment we have toward our housing goals, we should not be making PSH harder to build.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution.

This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction,

homelessness, relapse, and possibly death.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Substance use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for for-cause eviction and lease enforcement.

This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system but will exacerbate its failures at considerable taxpayer expense. I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Shanti Singh

shanti.priyasingh@gmail.com

1441 Clay St., Apt. 10

San Francisco, California 94109

From: [Edward Parillon](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 7:17:29 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I have worked in affordable housing for over 10 years, including multiple supportive housing projects. Like many in my field, I have spent time looking at the data, and I've spent time working with staff at supportive housing buildings. I am not going to argue that the model is perfect, and I won't argue that there is no room for sober housing at all. But the data is **extremely clear**. Requiring affordable housing to evict residents for drug use will literally kill people. Supervisor Dorsey loves to say that 30% of overdoses take place in supportive housing. Where do the other 70% take place? The streets, where his policies will send many, many people.

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its

buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Edward Parillon
eparillon@gmail.com
54 tiffany avenue
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Nato Green](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 7:37:38 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Nato Green
natocomic@gmail.com
14 Winfield Street
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Mark Hogan](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 8:10:25 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

As an architect who has worked on supportive housing and transitional housing within the City of San Francisco I can see how desperately needed it is, especially now with so many cuts at the national level. While I understand the desire to provide sober options for some individuals this is an extremely misguided policy.

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Mark Hogan

mark.hogan@gmail.com

1213 24th Ave

San Francisco, California 94122-1614

From: [Stephen Woods](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 8:26:06 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Stephen Woods
saw@stephenwoods.net
2123 33rd Ave
San Francisco, California 94116

From: [scott.satterthwaite](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 8:42:13 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

scott satterthwaite
sattersaurus@gmail.com
1323 33rd ave
San Francisco, California 94122

From: [Zack Segall](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 9:13:28 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Zack Segall
zsega4161@pm.me
21 Bartlett St Apt B
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Cindy Changar](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 9:59:28 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Cindy Changar
cchangar@rocketmail.com
3 Richards cir
San francisco, California 94124

From: [Alex Lantsberg](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 10:09:13 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Alex Lantsberg
lantsberg@gmail.com
991 Innes Ave
San Francisco, California 94124

From: [Noah Lantsberg](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 10:13:09 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Sincerely, Noah

Noah Lantsberg
noah.lantsberg@gmail.com
991 Innes Ave
San Francisco, California 94124-2904

From: [Brittany Hewett](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 10:33:37 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Brittany Hewett
hewettb22@gmail.com
63 bronte st
San Francisco , California 94110

From: [Katherine Law](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 11:34:38 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Katherine Law
hauklaw@gmail.com
475 Bosworth St
San Francisco, California 94112

From: [Stephen Martin-Pinto](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Supporting Drug Free Housing
Date: Sunday, April 26, 2026 5:25:27 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Message to the Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie

From your constituent Stephen Martin-Pinto

Email stephen@stephenmartinpinto.com

Subject Supporting Drug Free Housing

Message: Dear Supervisors, Dr. Tsai, Mr. Modi, and Mayor Lurie,

I am writing to express my strong support for Supervisor Matt Dorsey's legislation to expand the availability of drug-free and recovery-oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) in San Francisco.

For too long, our city's approach to supportive housing has overlooked a vital segment of the unhoused population: those who are actively seeking or maintaining sobriety. Under the current "Housing First" framework, individuals in early recovery are frequently placed in environments where they are surrounded by the very substances and behaviors they are trying to escape. This lack of choice isn't just a policy gap, it is a barrier to life-saving recovery.

I support this legislation because:

Safety and Choice: Residents deserve the right to choose a living environment that supports their health goals. For many, a "drug-tolerant" building is not a bridge to stability, but a trigger for relapse.

Effective Use of Resources: By utilizing Prop 1 bond funds and other state resources specifically intended for recovery housing, we can expand our housing portfolio without taking away from existing "Housing First" programs.

Addressing the Overdose Crisis: With overdose deaths reaching record highs, we must provide every possible tool for long-term remission. Sober living environments are a proven component of successful recovery.

We cannot continue to offer a "one-size-fits-all" model for supportive housing. I urge you to vote YES on this ordinance to ensure that San Francisco provides a diverse range of housing options that honor and protect the hard work of recovery.

Thank you.

Stephen Martin-Pinto

From: [Lisa King](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, April 27, 2026 10:27:00 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Lisa King
lisakingsf@yahoo.com
656 Sweeny St.
San Francisco, California 94134

From: [Maxine Doogan](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 12:12:55 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Maxine Doogan
mistressmax@mindspring.com
2261 Market St #548
San Francisco, California 94114

From: crittel.o@gmail.com
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 12:14:24 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

crittel.o@gmail.com

145 Fell St, Apt. 303

San Francisco, California 94102

From: [sara foster](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 12:19:57 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

sara foster
sarafoster@me.com
3121 harrison street
san francisco, California 94110

From: [Larissa Petrucci](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 1:52:58 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Larissa Petrucci
Lpetrucci10@gmail.com
790 22nd Ave, Apt12
San francisco, California 94121

From: [Jennifer Keith](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 1:53:30 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Jennifer Keith
keith.jen@gmail.com
525 Precita Avenue
San Francisco , California 94110

From: [Steven Collari](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 1:54:33 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Steven Collari
stevenacollari@gmail.com
2010 Chestnut St, 307
San Francisco, California 94123

From: [Matthew Schaefer](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 1:55:01 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Matthew Schaefer
byrthfood@gmail.com
507 Dolores St.
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Shannon Perry](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 1:57:19 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Shannon Perry
soperry17@gmail.com
1386 Haight St
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [Jonathan Custodio](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 1:58:31 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Jonathan Custodio
jonfcustodio@gmail.com
174 Lowell Street
San Francisco, California 94112

From: [Monica Berini](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:01:16 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Monica Berini
mbsaysdotherrightthing@protonmail.com
651A Morse
San Francisco, California 94112

From: [Don Ino](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:02:24 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Don Ino
sfino7@yahoo.com
551 36th Ave
San Francisco, California 94121

From: [Alexander Turley](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:02:25 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Alexander Turley
alext1982@icloud.com
28 Willits St
Daly City, California 94014

From: [Young Kim](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:04:42 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Supervisor Myrna Melgar,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Young Kim
plums-07comment@icloud.com
307 Detroit Street
San Francisco, California 94131

From: [Brynne Burns](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:08:11 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Brynne Burns
brennankburns@gmail.com
231 Valley St Apt 4
San Francisco, California 94131

From: [Kristin Tieche](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:08:19 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Kristin Tieche
ktieche@gmail.com
2277 Fulton Street
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [David Stuart Stoller](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:10:28 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

David Stuart Stoller
bowmen.obscure_0e@icloud.com
811 Geary Street , Number 504
San Francisco, California 94109

From: [Rhona Mahony](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:11:37 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003).

I am a San Francisco voter, living in District .

This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without

meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Rhona Mahony
rmahony@protonmail.com
237 Cumberland St, Apt 11
San Francisco, 94114

From: [Jacob Zwiebach](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:11:54 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Jacob Zwiebach
jakezwiebach@gmail.com
1889 Oak St
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [brandon kayes](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:18:28 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

brandon kayes

brandonkayes@gmail.com

728 Cole St APT 5

San Francisco, California 94117-3937

From: [Peter O'Meara](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:27:03 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Peter O'Meara
peaomeara@gmail.com
375 21st Ave, Apt. 6
San Francisco, California 94121

From: [Dave McMahon](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:44:28 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Dave McMahon
davemcm21@gmail.com
1600 15th st #635
San Francisco, California 94103

From: [Starley Shade](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 2:53:43 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Starley Shade
starley.shade@gmail.com
397 Park Street
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Maya Woods-Arthur](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 3:10:03 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Maya Woods-Arthur
mayawoodsarthur@gmail.com
3178 16th St Apt 6
San Francisco, California 94103

From: [Benjamin Pankow](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Science says Housing First works - vote NO to expand Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 3:26:28 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Supervisor,

My name is Ben Pankow - I'm a San Francisco resident urging you to vote no on the ordinance "Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing." Permanent Supportive Housing is a core tenet of the evidence-backed "Housing First" approach to solving our homelessness and addiction crisis, and while affording the option for candidates to live in a sober environment is laudable, preventing building new PSH which does not mandate sobriety is counter effective and threatens to cut off the critical PSH pipeline.

To be clear - this policy will lead to more, not fewer, homeless San Franciscans. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents have stayed in their housing. Many of these residents are in the process of kicking addiction, but the stability offered by the PSH program enables them to get back on their feet and restore stability to their lives. The ordinance you are being asked to vote on will mandate that new PSH evict residents who use drugs, cutting short the stability they rely on.

Sober housing can and should be expanded without this unnecessary restriction on new PSH. Several PSH sites have enacted policies such as Episcopal Community Services' Narcan floor captain program that meaningfully reduce overdoses and keep residents safe. Rather than try to improve the PSH system, a lifeline for hundreds in our city, this ordinance cuts it off wholesale.

I ask you to vote no on this upcoming ordinance. Thank you for your time.

Benjamin Pankow
pankow.ben@gmail.com
950 Harrison St #114
San Francisco, California 94107-1075

From: [Erica Junghans](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 4:23:23 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Erica Junghans
ericajunghans72@gmail.com
1377 5th Avenue
San Francisco, California 94122

From: [Nathan Peers](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 4:41:01 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Nathan Peers
nbpeers@gmail.com
1003, Dolores st
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [regina islas](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 5:04:04 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless-precisely re-creating the problem it was intended to solve.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I urge your no vote on File No. 251003.

regina islas
regina.islas@gmail.com
105 Lake St, Apt 12
SF, California 94118

From: [Jotform](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); info@drugfreesidewalks.org
Subject: Re: Support Drug-Free Housing Ordinance (File #251003) - Afshan Khan
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 7:38:24 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Afshan Khan

From: [Ian Ward Comfort](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 23, 2026 11:07:20 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear supervisors, please vote NO on the Expanding Drug-Free PSH ordinance. Struggling San Franciscans need shelter before they need a paternalistic government agency scrutinizing their habits—to ensure they aren't using analgesic or recreational substances fully permitted in the wealthier parts of town. NO on File No. 251003!

Ian Ward Comfort
ian.comfort@gmail.com
1427 Larkin Street Apt. 3
San Francisco, California 94109-4741

From: [Michael S](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, April 24, 2026 3:08:26 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Michael S
michaelshi09@gmail.com
10 Cyril Magnin St
San Francisco, California 94102

From: [Jill Nicole Lederman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, April 24, 2026 7:22:36 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Jill Nicole Lederman
jnicolelederman@gmail.com
269 Andover St
San Francisco 94110, California 94110

From: [Nora Roman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, April 24, 2026 9:21:40 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

AS A RETIRED RN WHO WORKED FOR 40B YEARS WITH PEOPLE WITH ALL KINDS OF PROBLEMS INCLUDING ADDICTION, I KNOW THAT EVIDENCE BASED TREATMENT IS WHAT WORKS.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without

meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Nora Roman

noritaroman@gmail.com

68 Arnold Avenue,

San Francisco, California 94110-5913

From: [Jennifer Friedenbach](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOs\)](#)
Subject: File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing
Date: Friday, April 24, 2026 1:07:50 PM
Attachments: [New Redline to Drug-Free Housing.docx](#)
[HomelessnessCoalitionSF20260424.pdf](#)

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Supervisor,

Attached is a copy of our letter regarding File #251003 Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing, as well as the redline that the All Housing is Recovery Housing Coalition sent earlier.

We support recovery housing, and many of our members would benefit from this form of housing.

There are some slight modifications that the legislation needs to ensure success. Supportive housing providers and tenants, addiction experts have come to together not to kill this legislation but to collaborate to improve outcomes. Expertise and experience should matter- this is not about ideology, it is about positive results.

The amendments are quite reasonable:

- 1) **Don't evict for return to use.** The current language suggests an offer of alternative placement but does not require it, and refers to evicting for drug use. Instead have strong language that requires providers to allow tenants to transfer to other housing or allow folks to enter treatment and return. Recovery is a process and the expectation is that many people will return to use many times. Don't throw them out, that will only result in increased public drug use. Having evictions on individuals records is a huge barrier to ever being housed again, thus exacerbating homelessness. Eviction is a risk that will prevent tenants from being honest about their use with case workers and clinicians, and will discourage people from entering this type of housing.
- 2) **Don't ban funding for other forms of housing.** The language as written will negatively impact projects in the pipeline, and the ability to backfill federal reductions. It will add red tape for other forms of housing needed such as mental health focused housing, workforce housing and so forth. Rather than prohibiting the use of funds for current models of permanent supportive housing (PSH), **the ordinance should be amended to create a pilot program for recovery housing.** This would encourage an exploration and evaluation of this model, without restricting funding or creating more barriers for PSH. The current waiver language would create another hurdle. A pilot program is proactive and will generate an additive model that creates more housing, rather than creating restrictions on desperately needed housing for people experiencing homelessness. There may be other ways to achieve this goal, but the idea is to have legislation that proactively creates sober housing without hurting other models or restricting flexibility needed to address housing needs.

By working collaboratively, outcomes can be greatly improved, and good sound policy can be achieved. We hope you will support these modest amendments.

Jennifer Friedenbach (she/her)
jfriedenbach@cohsf.org
Coalition on Homelessness
280 Turk Street
San Francisco, CA 94102
(415) 346-3740
https://url.lavanan.click/v2/r01/____YXAzOnNmZHQyOmE8bzowZmEwM2U3MjQ1YTdmZjRkOOWQ5NGM3NDNmMWVnZTlyMDo3OjdmOWI6NTAzZTcxZj1ZmY4OGUxNjhiMDk2M2NiZGY1YjRlZDk3ZjRk4NTRhZjUJmM5MmZhZDk3ZTVlbnEzZW5kNWQ5Nzpzp0IQ6Tg
Twitter @TheCoalitionSF
Instagram coalitiononhomelessness
[Facebook](#)

[Donate now](#) to the Coalition on Homelessness!

"Permit yourself to change your mind when something is no longer working for you." - Nedra Glover Tawwab



COALITION ON HOMELESSNESS

December 12, 2025

Supervisor Matt Dorsey
Chair, Public Safety Committee
City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton Goodlet Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: 251003- Expanding Drug Free Permanent Supportive Housing – Oppose as currently written

Dear Supervisor Dorsey,

This letter is in regards to your legislation, file 251003- Expanding Drug Free Permanent Supportive Housing. The Coalition on Homelessness organizes homeless people to create permanent solutions to homelessness while protecting the human rights of those forced to remain on the streets. We fully support attempts to diversify the system to meet the varied needs of our unhoused community members. The push to have more recovery housing options is laudable, as recovering from an addiction disorder is commonly a difficult and individually unique journey with many starts and stops. There are many people living in Supportive Housing that would benefit from recovery support, and many more who are seeking both housing and recovery and would like intentional housing options that are recovery friendly, such as sober living, scattered site housing or site based supportive housing with enhanced recovery services such as trauma therapy. Unfortunately, this legislation misses the mark and will not achieve that, instead pitting models against each other and hampering the flexibility the city needs to create as many forms of housing as possible.

Standard language in leases is the prohibition of illegal activity already, so the legislation creates confusion for supportive housing providers. Illegal drug use, smoking and drinking in common areas are already prohibited. Meanwhile, the inside of

housing units is private and not surveilled.

PSH is neither drug tolerant nor drug free, it is designed to be low barrier so all unhoused people who may need additional support due to health and behavioral health issues can thrive and the basic dignity of a home. The third category, Supportive Recovery, would not evict for drug use, and would have enhanced recovery services, following Housing First guidelines and could be created without the need for legislation.

The legal text creates new categories of supportive housing, using stigmatizing language. Stigma acts as a deterrent to seeking help for drug addiction and increases overdose rates.

Negatively Impact Pipeline and Ability to Backfill Federal Funding Losses

This legislation would negatively impact housing in the pipeline by putting confusing requirements on it. All homeless housing has braided funding - no PSH site-based buildings are from a single source of funds, but from various state, federal and local sources. The bill would impact locally funded strands, thus potentially negatively impacting the entire project.

In addition, we are set to lose federal funding for housing, with the potential loss of HUD and other housing resources. This legislation will create a complication in utilizing new funding to backfill the potential losses, as well as DSHS is about to issue new contracts for all homeless housing projects. It is unclear if this will be considered new funding and may negatively impact flexibility in this process.

System is short beds and units in every category

The legislation only calls for an expansion of “drug free supportive housing” and “supportive recovery” housing, without recognizing the fact that thousands of households are on the waitlist for and in need of PSH.

Ninety-seven percent of Permanent Supportive Housing residents are successfully housed. It is not designed for all homeless people; some unhoused people may need more support, for example someone with dementia may need board and care, while a working homeless person may just need a housing subsidy for extremely low-income housing. However, we simply do not have enough PSH to meet the specific category of unhoused people who need it and are many thousand units short.

Adding “supportive recovery housing”, typically called “step down” housing or “sober living” to our continuum *is needed*. We have both sober living buildings that are publicly and privately funded in San Francisco, but we are far short of meeting the need. Many individuals graduate from treatment programs onto the streets. We also need more PSH and we need more treatment, and we need more step-down housing. We also need housing tailored to higher acuties such as Board and Cares, and Co-ops. The different

models should not be pitted against each other, and this legislation does just that by calling for one, without recognizing the need for more of the other.

Impact on family and domestic violence

The legislation does not address families with children who have a parent who experiences a recurrence of use, likely putting the whole family in eviction proceedings, involvement with Child Protective Services, and loss of home.

Driving up Homelessness

The legislation calls for support to move out under recovery housing, but does not detail how that would work. It calls for evictions under Sober housing which will simply drive up street homelessness, and thus increase acuity related to addiction disorders. Homelessness drives up rates of substance use disorders.

Substance Use Disorder (SUD) is a chronic, treatable condition, and continued or intermittent use of drugs is part of the reality of the disorder. National data show that recurrence of use is often part of the recovery journey, and not a failure of treatment. It can take years and multiple engagements in treatment to achieve sustained remission; risk for meeting SUD criteria can remain elevated for several more years after that. Shame, discharge, and disconnection increase risk for overdose, incarceration, and disengagement from care.

Legal and Operational Issues

The legislation creates legal and practical issues with evicting people for what they are doing in the privacy of their own homes. The system has been set up to address that by having long-term one- to two-year step-down or recovery housing programs where people are living independently but within an accountable and supportive recovery community. This form of housing certainly needs expanding but does not need to do so at expense of PSH. Both are needed.

Omits Alcoholism

The legislation strangely omits alcohol in the recovery housing model. Alcoholism is not only the most common form of addiction, it is also intertwined with other forms of substance addiction, as many individuals with SUDs are poly substance users. Good recovery programs are comprehensive in their approach, looking at all forms of harm associated with substance use but also underlying issues driving the addiction.

Conflates Substance Use with Addictive Disorders

The legislation is also misguided in that it conflates all substance use with addictive disorders. Many substance users are casual users and do not suffer from addiction. Addiction is a medical diagnosis that can require medically assisted treatment, and/or other forms of treatment. It is not a good use of city dollars to set up a program for people suffering from an SUD, serving people who do not have a diagnosable SUD, given the scarce resources available to treat SUD.

No Sunset Date

The legislation has no sunset date, so when needs change, this legislation will remain banning the expansion of the very successful Permanent Supportive Housing model. Program design through legislation is problematic because program design is meant to be nimble responding to changing needs and landscapes.

Fails to Include Overdose Prevention Strategies

The legislation attacks PSH for the high number of fatal overdoses but does nothing to ensure prevention of overdoses in these same programs that disproportionately serve individuals with SUDs. There is no requirement for overdose training, emergency call buttons, naloxone distribution, buddy systems, or any other proven effective intervention.

Data gathering post passage

The legislation requires a survey that would take place after legislation is passed not before. It also can prove to be biased if it is surveying PSH tenants without recovery needs about the recovery needs of others.

Fails to take into account what formerly homeless people in recovery are calling for

Many people in recovery are getting on with their lives but may still need a housing subsidy given the high cost of rents. They would like to access scattered site housing, or they are in supportive housing and would like to get a “moving-on” subsidy to move into the private market. This allows people the flexibility to live in areas outside of the central city and move away from places where they used substances in the past, but allow them to stay in San Francisco. In addition, the existing supportive housing programs need richer services as the acuties of tenants have sharply risen, including those with dual disorders. The legislation fails to identify this large need.

While we have many critiques, we believe this legislation can be amended to resolve most of these issues. We will be providing suggestions for these changes throughout the legislative process and look forward to working collaboratively with your office. Only by working together can we solve these pressing issues.

Thank you for your consideration,

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'JFR', with a stylized, flowing script.

Jennifer Friedenbach
Executive Director

Educational Materials – SF Believes in Science

Yazıcı AB, Bardakçı MR. Factors Associated with Relapses in Alcohol and Substance Use Disorder. *Eurasian J Med.* 2023 Dec;55(1):S75-S81. doi: 10.5152/eurasianjmed.2023.23335. PMID: 39128053; PMCID: PMC11075040.

Dennis, M., Scott, CK., "Managing addiction as a chronic condition." *Addict Sci Clin Pract.* 2007 Dec;4(1):45-55. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2797101/>

Volkow, N.D. "Making Addiction Treatment More Realistic and Pragmatic: The Perfect Should Not be the Enemy of the Good," NIDA. January 4, 2022. <https://nida.nih.gov/about-nida/noras-blog/2022/01/making-addiction-treatment-more-realistic-pragmatic-perfect-should-not-be-enemy-good>

Volkow, N.D. "Advancing reduction of drug use as an endpoint in addiction treatment trials," NIDA. March 18, 2025. <https://nida.nih.gov/about-nida/noras-blog/2025/03/advancing-reduction-drug-use-endpoint-in-addiction-treatment-trials>

McCabe SE, West BT, Strobbe S, Boyd CJ. Persistence/recurrence of and remission from DSM-5 substance use disorders in the United States: Substance-specific and substance-aggregated correlates. *J Subst Abuse Treat.* 2018 Oct;93:38-48. doi: 10.1016/j.jsat.2018.07.012. Epub 2018 Jul 25. PMID: 30126540; PMCID: PMC6237097.

Plante, A., Peters, A., Johnson, M., Kelly, J., Parks, J., Ventrell, M., Ingoglia, C., & Rutherford, P. (2024). Issue Brief Series - Demystifying Relapse: A Recurrence in Symptoms. National Council for Mental Wellbeing. <https://www.thenationalcouncil.org/resources/demystifying-relapse/>

Ware OD, Geiger GR, Rivas VD, Macias Burgos MA, Nehme-Kotocavage L, Bautista TG. Risk of Relapse Following Discharge from Non-Hospital Residential Opioid Use Disorder Treatment: A Systematic Review of Studies Published from 2018 to 2022. *Subst Abuse Rehabil.* 2025 Apr 23;16:105-118. doi: 10.2147/SAR.S440214. PMID: 40297541; PMCID: PMC12035408.

Crapanzano KA, Hammarlund R, Ahmad B, Hunsinger N, Kullar R. The association between perceived stigma and substance use disorder treatment outcomes: a review. *Subst Abuse Rehabil.* 2018 Dec 27;10:1-12. doi: 10.2147/SAR.S183252. PMID: 30643480; PMCID: PMC6311321.

Welwean RA, Krieg O, Casey G, Thompson E, Fleetham D, Deering T, Rosen JG, Park JN. Evaluating the Impact of Brave Technology Co-op's Novel Drug Overdose Detection and Response Devices in North America: a Retrospective Study. *J Urban Health.* 2023 Oct;100(5):1043-1047. doi: 10.1007/s11524-023-00779-y. Epub 2023 Sep 5. PMID: 37670172; PMCID: PMC10618129.

Joseph G. Rosen, Michelle Olding, Neena Joshi, Stacy Castellanos, Emily Valadao, Lauren Hall, Laura Guzman, Ju Nyeong Park, Kelly R. Knight, "It's something we're connected to": Acceptability and adoption of overdose detection technologies implemented in San Francisco permanent supportive housing, *Journal of Substance Use and Addiction Treatment*, Volume 173, 2025, 209694, ISSN 2949-8759, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.josat.2025.209694>.

22

[Administrative Code - Expanding ~~Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented Permanent Supportive Housing]

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of ~~Site-Based~~Recovery-Oriented Permanent Supportive Housing (“PSH”) ~~that prohibits on-site illicit drug use among residents (“Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented PSH”) to meet the demand of people experiencing homelessness who prefer such a residential option; ~~bar the City from funding new Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that prohibits evictions on the basis of drug use alone (“Drug-Tolerant~~Low-barrier PSH”), starting with the creation of a pilot recovery oriented model, except where operation of the housing as ~~Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding, or the Board of Supervisors has waived the funding prohibition based on specific findings; and require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing (“HSH”) to survey residents of Site-Based PSH with Substance Use Disorders to assess their interest in living in either ~~Drug-Tolerant~~Low-barrier PSH or ~~Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented PSH and report on the survey findings and HSH’s strategies to meet PSH residents’ demands.

NOTE:

Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.
 Additions to Codes are in single-underline italics Times New Roman font.
 Deletions to Codes are in ~~strikethrough italics Times New Roman font~~.
 Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font.
 Board amendment deletions are in ~~strikethrough Arial font~~.
 Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code

1 subsections or parts of tables.

2 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

3
4 Section 1. The Administrative Code is hereby amended by adding Chapter 12K,
5 consisting of Sections 12K.1 through 12K.7, to read as follows:
6

7 **CHAPTER 12K: PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING; ~~RECOVERY-ORIENTED~~**
8 **~~DRUG-FREE~~RECOVERY-ORIENTED PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING PILOT**
9

10 **SEC. 12K.1. FINDINGS.**

11 *(a) Permanent Supportive Housing ("PSH") plays a significant role in San Francisco's*
12 *response to homelessness by combining affordable housing assistance with voluntary support services*
13 *intended to address the myriad needs of chronically homeless people, including families with children,*
14 *seniors, and persons with chronic disabilities. These support services are intended to build independent*
15 *living and tenancy skills, and connect people with community-based health care, treatment, and*
16 *employment services.*

17 *(b) With few exceptions, San Francisco's PSH sites currently adhere to the ~~drug-tolerant~~low-*
18 *barrier policies reflected in California's current implementation of the "Core Components of Housing*
19 *First," as set forth in California Welfare and Institutions Code Section 8255. These policies apply to*
20 *state-funded PSH, and provide that "use of alcohol or drugs in and of itself, without other lease*
21 *violations, is not a reason for eviction," and that supportive services must be "informed by a harm-*
22 *reduction philosophy that recognizes drug and alcohol use and addiction as a part of tenants' lives."*

1 Some – but not all – of San Francisco’s PSH is state-funded, and subject to the state’s current Housing
2 First mandates. To the extent locally funded PSH in San Francisco adheres to ~~drug-tolerant/low-barrier~~
3 provisions, however, it does so as a voluntary policy choice subject to revision by the Board of
4 Supervisors.

5 (c) The near universality of ~~drug-tolerant/low-barrier~~ policies in San Francisco’s PSH portfolio
6 fails to –serve the needs of many PSH residents seeking to stabilize their lives as they exit
7 homelessness. This is especially true for those residents who are in recovery or seeking to recover
8 from substance use disorders (“SUDs”), but it is similarly true for those supportive housing residents
9 not in recovery who would prefer to avoid the myriad harms and risks associated with living in a
10 residential community where the use of illicit drugs is expressly tolerated.

11 (d) Moreover, many of the externalities that arise from residents’ illicit drug use overburden
12 the City’s public health and public safety resources because of elevated acuity and drug-related
13 behavioral health challenges, diminishing San Franciscans’ confidence in their city government’s
14 response to homelessness overall. ~~According to data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner,~~
15 ~~between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than~~
16 ~~in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street. Drug-related behaviors and associated~~
17 ~~lawlessness lead to public nuisances that routinely rob law-abiding PSH residents and neighbors of the~~
18 ~~quiet enjoyment of their own residences and neighborhoods. Just one PSH facility alone generated 654~~
19 ~~police calls for service in a single year — averaging nearly two calls per day. A sample of 15 PSH sites~~
20 ~~showed 5,872 police calls for service during that same time frame.~~

21 (e) ~~Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented PSH operates as a residential community free of illicit drug
22 and alcohol use, avoiding the multitude of negative externalities of illicit drugs and alcohol that bedevil

1 many ~~Drug-Tolerant~~Low-barrier PSH sites in San Francisco. As compared to ~~Drug-Tolerant~~Low-
2 barrier PSH, ~~drug-free~~Recovery-Oriented housing options would also better support individuals exiting
3 homelessness who are in recovery from addiction or alcoholism as well as those at elevated risks to
4 develop SUDs. The 2025 Homelessness Needs Assessment, published by the Our City, Our Home
5 Oversight Committee in accordance with ~~Business~~ and Tax Regulations Code Section 2810(e)(2)(B),
6 reported that 53% of single adults and 28% of families served through HSH's housing programs had
7 substance use or mental health disorders.

8 (f) As of March 2026, the choices afforded to program participants are insufficiently prioritized
9 in San Francisco's current operation of PSH. More ~~Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented PSH options would
10 add an important new choice for PSH residents exiting ~~homelessness~~, and would broaden the City's
11 array of evidence-based solutions to more effectively address homelessness and substance use
12 disorders that are so visible on City streets. By removing barriers to ~~drug-free~~Recovery-Oriented
13 options for formerly unhoused persons and honoring the choice of some PSH residents who would
14 prefer to live in a ~~drug-free~~Recovery-Oriented residential community, the policies advanced in this
15 Chapter 12K would better serve many PSH residents, who include families with children, seniors, and
16 individuals at all stages of recovery from SUDs and at heightened risk of suffering harms associated
17 with illicit drug use.

19 **SEC. 12K.2. DEFINITIONS.**

20 For purposes of this Chapter 12K, the following definitions apply:

21 "City" means the City and County of San Francisco.

22 "~~Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented Permanent Supportive Housing" or "~~Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented
PSH" means ~~Site-Based~~ PSH where on-site illicit drug use is prohibited and is grounds for

1 eviction that provides an intentional substance free community. ~~Provided that~~ participation in
2 Medication-Assisted-Treatment, administered by a licensed healthcare provider in accordance with
3 applicable laws and medical guidance, shall not be deemed illicit drug use or a recurrence of use and
4 shall not be used as a basis for denial of housing, eviction, or other adverse treatment. —This form of
5 housing adheres to housing first guidelines for recovery housing outlined by the California Interagency
6 Council on Homelessness. Individuals seeking to recover from a Substance Use Disorder coming out
7 of homelessness or transferring from other PSH shall be prioritized.

8 ~~“Drug-Tolerant~~Low-barrier Permanent Supportive Housing” or ~~“Drug-Tolerant~~Low-barrier
9 PSH” means Site-Based PSH where the use of illicit drugs, without any other lease violation, is not a
10 basis for eviction, and applicants are accepted regardless of their sobriety or use of substances,
11 completion of treatment, or participation in recovery services.

12 “Illicit drug use” means the use of a controlled or regulated substance in a manner that is
13 unlawful under state or federal law, including use without a valid prescription or outside the scope of
14 lawful medical or other legally permitted use, regardless of whether the substance itself may be
15 lawfully possessed or used under other circumstances.

16 “PSH Resident Survey” means the survey described in Section 12K.5.

17 “Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing” or “Site-Based PSH” means subsidized rental
18 housing where 100% of the units are for individuals and households with a history of homelessness, in
19 a building that is owned or master leased by the City or a non-profit organization funded by the City,
20 that imposes no time limit on occupancy, and provides supportive services to help residents maintain
21 housing.

22 “Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing Portfolio” means the total number of Site-Based
23 PSH units that are operated or funded by the City at a given time.

SEC. 12K.3. DECLARATION OF POLICY.

1 It shall be City policy to expand the availability of ~~Drug-Free~~ Recovery-Oriented PSH to meet
2 the demand from individuals in need of ~~Site-Based~~ PSH who prefer that option as an alternative to
3 ~~Drug-Tolerant~~ Low-barrier PSH. The goal of this policy is to promote long-term housing stability and
4 minimize returns to homelessness. This policy shall be implemented in a manner that supports
5 evidence-based treatment for substance use disorders, including Medication-Assisted Treatment when
6 prescribed, and shall prohibit discrimination against individuals participating in such treatment.

7
8 **SEC. 12K.4. ESTABLISHMENT OF RECOVERY-ORIENTED USE OF CITY FUNDS**
9 **FOR DRUG-TOLERANT PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING PILOT PROHIBITED**
10 **EXCEPT WHERE ~~DRUG-FREE~~ RECOVERY-ORIENTED HOUSING MODEL CONFLICTS**
11 **WITH LAW OR FUNDING CONDITION.**

12 (a) Subject to the budgetary and fiscal provisions of the Charter, the Department of
13 Homelessness and Supportive Housing ("HSH"), through grant agreements with eligible non-profit
14 organizations, shall establish and operate a pilot of SSH to Recovery-Oriented housing. In establishing
15 the Pilot Program, HSH shall collaborate with the Department of Public Health and such other
16 departments, offices and commission as may be necessary or appropriate for successful implementation
17 of the Pilot Programs. Except as stated in subsections (c) and (d) of this Section 12K.4, the City shall
18 not expend funds for any contract, grant agreement, or loan agreement to increase the City's Site-
19 Based Permanent Supportive Housing Portfolio unless the contract, grant agreement, or loan
20 agreement would exclusively fund Drug-Free PSH.

21 (b) The prohibition set forth in subsection (a) includes, but is not limited to: (1) entering into a
22 grant agreement to fund an organization to provide services or operations for new Drug-Tolerant PSH.

1 ~~(2) entering into a grant agreement to subsidize operations and/or rents for new Drug Tolerant PSH,~~
2 ~~and (3) entering into a loan agreement for the development and construction of any new Drug Tolerant~~
3 ~~PSH.~~

4 ~~(c) The prohibition set forth in subsection (a) shall not apply to any contract, grant agreement,~~
5 ~~or loan agreement for Site-Based PSH where operation of such Site-Based PSH as Drug-Free PSH~~
6 ~~would be prohibited by law or in conflict with applicable conditions of funding.~~

7 ~~(d) The Board of Supervisors may waive the pilot prohibition set forth in subsection (a) by~~
8 ~~resolution only if the Board makes the following findings:~~

9 ~~(1) Such waiver is necessary to meet the demand for Drug-Tolerant/Low-barrier PSH as~~
10 ~~determined by the PSH Resident Survey conducted under section 12K.5, or is otherwise determined by~~
11 ~~the Board to be in the public interest; and~~

12 ~~(2) Waiver is recommended by either the Department of Homelessness and~~
13 ~~Supportive Housing ("HSH") or the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development; and~~

14 ~~(3) The sponsoring Department has committed to entering into a Good Neighbor~~
15 ~~Agreement with the housing operator intended to address anticipated neighborhood concerns.~~

16
17 **SEC. 12K.5. MEASURING DEMAND FOR ~~DRUG-TOLERANT/LOW-BARRIER AND~~**
18 **~~DRUG-FREE/RECOVERY-ORIENTED~~ PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING.**

19 ~~(a) Within six months of the effective date of the ordinance in Board File No. _____~~
20 ~~enacting this Chapter 12K, HSH shall, in collaboration with the Controller's Office, conduct a survey~~
21 ~~of PSH residents with Substance Use Disorders to assess their interest in living in Drug-~~
22 ~~Free/Recovery-Oriented PSH as an alternative to Drug-Tolerant/Low-barrier PSH ("PSH Resident~~

1 Survey"). The survey instrument shall explain the ~~substance used~~~~drug~~-related policies that apply in each
2 type of housing.

3 (b) Within one month of the completion of the PSH Resident Survey, HSH and the Controller's
4 Office shall prepare a report summarizing the results of the survey and shall submit the report to the
5 Board of Supervisors, along with a resolution for the Board to acknowledge receipt of the survey
6 report.

7 (c) Within three months of the completion of the PSH Resident Survey, HSH shall prepare a
8 report describing the strategies it intends to implement to meet the demand measured in the PSH
9 Resident Survey for ~~Drug-Free~~~~Recovery-Oriented~~ PSH and ~~Drug-Tolerant~~~~Low-barrier~~ PSH, in
10 accordance with Section 12K.3, and shall submit that report to the Board of Supervisors together with
11 a resolution for the Board to acknowledge its receipt.

12
13 **SEC. 12K.6. RULES AND REGULATIONS.**

14 HSH, in consultation with the Department of Public Health, shall promulgate rules and
15 regulations to carry out the provisions of this Chapter 12K, that:

16 (a) Establish standards for ~~Drug-Free~~~~Recovery-Oriented~~ Permanent Supportive Housing
17 operators that:

18 (1) Prohibit the use of illicit drugs on the ~~premises~~;

19 (2) Provide that ~~a single relapse~~~~recurrence of use~~ or instances of illicit drug or alcohol
20 use may not be treated as an automatic cause for eviction or termination from a program, but that
21 participants be offered ~~relapse~~~~support for recurrence of use that meets tenants needs, including but not~~
22 limited to an option to enter residential treatment and return to a unit post treatment; and

1 i) HSH, in consultation with the Department of Public Health, shall establish
2 minimum clinical standards for operator response to recurrence of use, including: (1) a standardized
3 assessment process conducted by or in coordination with a qualified behavioral health provider; (2) a
4 documented care plan outlining support options offered to the resident; and (3) a defined timeframe
5 within which operators must initiate a response.

6 (3) Provide that an operator may seek to terminate a resident's tenancy when a
7 participant's behavior substantially disrupts or impacts the welfare of the community in which the
8 participant resides;

9 (b) Reaffirm HSH's commitment to use its best efforts to provide alternative housing or shelter
10 to an individual who is living in ~~Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented PSH, where such individual is at risk of
11 eviction, ~~or is discharged from the program,~~ including allowing resident to reside in housing until the
12 operator or participant secures a new placement option except in cases where basis for the eviction is
13 violence or other forms of extreme behavioral issues.

14 (c) HSH shall submit such rules and regulations to the Board of Supervisors prior to the
15 implementation of any new ~~Drug-Free~~Recovery-Oriented PSH site.

16 (d) Prohibit discrimination against or denial of housing, continued tenancy, or services to
17 any individual on the basis of their participation in medication-assisted treatment when prescribed.
18 Participation in such treatment shall not be considered illicit drug use, recurrence of use, or grounds
19 for eviction or program termination.

20 **SEC. 12K.7. UNDERTAKING FOR THE GENERAL WELFARE.**

21 In enacting and implementing this Chapter 12K, the City is assuming an undertaking only to
22 promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an

1 obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach
2 proximately caused injury.

3

4 Section 2. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective at 12:00 a.m. on the

5 ///

6 ///

7 ///

8 31st day after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor
9 returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it,
10 or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

11

12 APPROVED AS TO FORM:
DAVID CHIU, City Attorney

13

14 By: _____/S/_____
ANNE PEARSON
Deputy City Attorney

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

From: [Erica Wang](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, April 24, 2026 3:49:45 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless!

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Erica Wang
erica@ericawang.com
1087 Capitol Avenue
San Francisco, California 94112

From: [Pam Wright](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, April 24, 2026 6:56:13 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Pam Wright
pamjustinewright@gmail.com
501 38th Ave #101
San Francisco , California 94121

From: [Lisa King](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, April 24, 2026 8:14:51 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Lisa King
lisakingsf@yahoo.com
656 Sweeny St.
San Francisco, California 94134

From: [Renee Anderson](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Saturday, April 25, 2026 1:33:01 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Renee Anderson
reneesf2020@gmail.com
322 Rome Street
San Francisco, California 94112

From: [Jordan Wasilewski](#)
To: [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [DorseyStaff \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: You Can't Fool Me (RE: File 251003)
Date: Saturday, April 25, 2026 2:02:57 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

I just want to say that your statements at committee and your refusal to accept the Treatment on Demand Coalitions amendments have so much bullshit in them, they could reforest the Amazon.

You claim that you support having options, but the legislation clearly closes the door permanently, without any temporal sunset, on new low barrier housing (or as you like to call it "drug tolerant") without any temporal or goals based sunset. I am not a dum dum, OK, just because you can speak with a "mellifluous baritone reminiscent of a 1950s radio announcer" does not mean you are right.

And then there is the separate issue of plans to decommission PSH. The way the legislation is written, there can be no more low barrier housing, even to replace lost PSH units. You just want every unit to be drug free.

There is an old Polish proverb about this:

Bujać to las, a nie nas

You modscum claim that we are not "pragmatist", and you weaponize the term "common sense" as if we are stupid. Well, guess what, you are the extremists, and the Treatment on Demand Coalition are pragmatists.

You also claim that we can't be "prescriptive". Guess what, when it comes to low income/vulnerable populations, as well as general power dynamics, we have to be prescriptive to prevent abuse.

And I want to end with another Polish proverb about how ruthlessness will end.

Nosił wilk razy kilka ponieśli i wilka

Go fuck yourself,

Jordan Wasilewski (she/they)

From: [Julien Ball](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Saturday, April 25, 2026 9:43:05 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Julien Ball

julienball4@gmail.com

10 Lundys In

san Francisco , California 94110

From: [Justice Dumlao](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, April 27, 2026 11:20:20 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Justice Dumlao
jdumlao@sfaf.org
579 27th Avenue
San Francisco, California 94121

From: [Mike Pincus](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, April 27, 2026 12:51:16 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

Supervisor Dorsey is pushing a plan that would increase homelessness in the city by penalizing drug users. Consequently,
I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003).

This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without

meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Mike Pincus
mapincus@gmail.com
508 Andover
San Francisco , California 94110

From: [Laurence Adelman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, April 27, 2026 6:48:29 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I am writing in opposition to Supervisor Dorsey's Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003).

I support sober housing options. But I fear that as written, this ordinance prohibits City funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing which does not adopt an abstinence model. That would be terrible and have the unintended consequence of increasing evictions and leaving people homeless. And homelessness makes people even more susceptible to substance abuse.

I urge you to vote no on File No. 251003. Let's not make the problem worse.

Sincerely,

Laurence Adelman
243 Bonview Street
San Francisco, CA 94110

Laurence Adelman
la@newsreel.org
243 Bonview Street
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Heather Peterson](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, April 27, 2026 8:48:41 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Heather Peterson
heather.a.peterson@gmail.com
850 oak st 11
San francisco, California 94117

From: [Rachel Howard](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 30, 2026 10:33:34 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Rachel Howard
rachelhoward1@gmail.com
70 pond st
San francisco, California 94114

From: [Larry Ackerman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, April 30, 2026 11:04:26 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I am a home owner in District 5 living in San Francisco since 1983. My husband died from a methamphetamine overdose within a year of his expulsion from a rehab home for a relapse. He was devastated as I was. Not everyone can survive drug-free housing.

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without

meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Larry Ackerman
larry@SaintRubidium.com
932 Page St
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Thursday, April 30, 2026 11:32:55 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Kyle Politz

94121

Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

John O'Connor

94115

Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Maxwell Meadows

94112

Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Alexandra Wythes

94123

Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Matthew Grisso

94118

Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Remi Tan

94115

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Serena Ramirez

Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Connor Owens

94114

From: [Adam Francis](#)
To: [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [DorseyStaff \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#)
Cc: [Oo, Heyman \(UCSF\)](#); [Modi, Kunal \(MYR\)](#); [Calvillo, Angela \(BOS\)](#); [RUSSI, BRAD \(CAT\)](#); [Thongsavat, Adam \(MYR\)](#); [Conrad Amenta](#)
Subject: RE: Rebuttal to SFMMS opposition to Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 4, 2026 3:15:25 PM
Attachments: [SFMMS Response on Ordinance 251003 \(Dorsey\) 2026.pdf](#)

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Hello All,

Please see a response from the San Francisco Marin Medical Society attached.

Thank you,

Adam Francis

Senior Director, Advocacy and Policy

San Francisco Marin Medical Society

Phone: 415.561.0850 ext. 200

www.sfmms.org

From: Dorsey, Matt (BOS) <matt.dorsey@sfgov.org>
Sent: Monday, May 4, 2026 7:50 AM
To: Board of Supervisors (BOS) <board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org>; Chan, Connie (BOS) <connie.chan@sfgov.org>; Sherrill, Stephen (BOS) <Stephen.Sherrill@sfgov.org>; Sauter, Danny (BOS) <Danny.Sauter@sfgov.org>; Wong, Alan (BOS) <alan.wong@sfgov.org>; Mahmood, Bilal (BOS) <bilal.mahmood@sfgov.org>; DorseyStaff (BOS) <DorseyStaff@sfgov.org>; Melgar, Myrna (BOS) <myrna.melgar@sfgov.org>; Mandelman, Rafael (BOS) <rafael.mandelman@sfgov.org>; Fielder, Jackie (BOS) <Jackie.Fielder@sfgov.org>; Walton, Shamann (BOS) <shamann.walton@sfgov.org>; Chen, Chyanne (BOS) <Chyanne.Chen@sfgov.org>
Cc: Oo, Heyman (UCSF) <Heyman.Oo@ucsf.edu>; Adam Francis <afrancis@sfmms.org>; Modi, Kunal (MYR) <kunal.modi@sfgov.org>; Calvillo, Angela (BOS) <angela.calvillo@sfgov.org>; RUSSI, BRAD (CAT) <Brad.Russi@sfcityatty.org>; Thongsavat, Adam (MYR) <adam.thongsavat@sfgov.org>
Subject: Rebuttal to SFMMS opposition to Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation (File No. 251003)

Dear Colleagues,

Please find attached my detailed rebuttal to the San Francisco Marin Medical Society's letter of opposition to the Expanding Drug-Free Supportive Housing legislation (File No. 251003) that is up for a vote on first reading tomorrow.

Please note that two of the nation's leading experts in addiction medicine — Dr. Keith Humphreys and Dr. Anna Lembke, both of Stanford University's School of Medicine — have endorsed this legislation. As my letter explains, the sweeping last-minute amendments SFMMS has proposed are highly problematic for being ill-advised, antithetical to the legislation's intent, unsupported by facts or evidence, and needlessly duplicative of existing law.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me or my staff. I'm happy to discuss it.

Thanks so much for your consideration!

Best,
MATT DORSEY

Member, Board of Supervisors, District 6
CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
City Hall, Room 244
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, Calif. 94102
+ 1 (415) 554-7970

May 4, 2026

San Francisco Board of Supervisors
City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: Ordinance 251003 (Dorsey) Response

Dear San Francisco Board of Supervisors:

The San Francisco Marin Medical Society (SFMMMS) represents more than 3,500 physicians of every medical specialty and mode of practice in San Francisco and Marin Counties and is a component society of the California Medical Association. Many of our physician members work in community clinics, hospitals, treatment centers, and emergency rooms, and are experts in addiction medicine and behavioral health. They continue to save lives and help in the recovery journeys of countless individuals struggling with substance use disorders and homelessness. Additionally, SFMMMS has presented conferences on substance use disorders (SUD) and addiction for years, co-sponsored with UCSF and the San Francisco Department of Public Health. UCSF has renowned programs in training, treating, and researching SUD and addiction. These physician experts and their colleagues inform and determine SFMMMS policies and positions on legislation, including proposed amendments, based on extensive experience, education, and training.

SFMMMS recognizes that Supervisor Dorsey is addressing serious and complex issues pertaining to substance use disorders in San Francisco. SFMMMS has worked closely with the Supervisor on related ordinance, and our physicians stood proudly next to Mayor Lurie when the Supervisor's "Recovery First" ordinance was signed into law. Supporting Housing First principles does not have to be in direct conflict with the goal of adding and prioritizing sober-living options in San Francisco. This false dichotomy unnecessarily pits advocates with the same goal – helping people overcome their substance use disorders – against one another. In that spirit, SFMMMS remains focused on core aspects of this ordinance, which we continue to believe can be improved. To that end, SFMMMS feels compelled to clarify its position so that our proposed amendments might be considered in the same spirit in which they were offered.

"Oppose Unless Amended" is a routine position to take based on the contents of a bill. It does not indicate an intransigence or unwillingness to reach compromise, or that the organization is opposed to the concept of the bill and all of its provisions. If specific areas of the bill were appropriately addressed, the organization would remove its Opposition and possibly Support the bill's passage. Unfortunately, there are aspects of the current version of the Drug-Free Housing ordinance to which SFMMMS must object if not changed. The most pressing of which are:

- 1) SFMMMS believes if an individual is evicted from housing based solely on their addiction to and use of an illicit substance, the language of the bill should ensure that this individual is not at risk of a return to homelessness as a result of that eviction.
- 2) SFMMMS believes, at a time of constrained funding and access to supportive housing, the city should prioritize drug-free housing but not create new obstacles or be restrictive in funding for supportive housing.

While there are other provisions in the legislation that SFMMS would like to see changed, the two policy issues above are of significant importance. Of note, the Mayor's sponsored state bill, AB 1556 (Haney), contains language that appropriately addresses these issues, explicitly protecting evicted tenants and providing flexibility in funding, which is why SFMMS has adopted a Support position on AB 1556. SFMMS' proposed amendments were intended to add similar minimum requirements to the Supervisor's ordinance.

An individual with a substance use disorder evicted from housing because of relapses should be moved to a setting with *more* intensive services. The ordinance as currently written does not contain minimum guardrails that, at the very least, would ensure that the evicted individual is not relegated to an undetermined setting with less support and possibly homelessness. An amendment to create this minimum protection seems both reasonable and in keeping with the goals of the administration, and should not be left to an indeterminate process.

Supervisor Dorsey rightly points out that funding for drug-free and recovery housing is restricted at the State level. SFMMS agrees that this type of housing should be prioritized in San Francisco and has worked to support State legislation that would create flexibility in funding. This call for change is based on the belief that San Francisco needs to offer a range of housing best suited for an individual or family's needs. It seems inconsistent that the ordinance as currently written works against that principle of flexibility, designating city funds to only one purpose and creating obstacles to adjust that requirement.

We appreciate the partnership of our legislators, and continue to be available to Supervisor Dorsey, staff and members of the Board of Supervisors, and any government official or organization who might want more information about our positions and the evidence-based rationale behind them.

Sincerely,
Heyman Oo, MD
Chair, Advocacy and Policy Committee
San Francisco Marin Medical Society

CC: Angela Cavillo, Clerk to the Board of Supervisors
Kunal Modi, Office of Mayor Daniel Lurie, Chief of Health, Homelessness, and Family Services
Brad Russi, Deputy City Attorney

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Thursday, May 7, 2026 12:16:09 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

David Shields

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Thursday, May 7, 2026 10:06:11 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Jacob Blair

94102

From: [Anne Richards](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, May 7, 2026 10:22:03 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Sincerely,

Anne Richards
District 8 Resident

Anne Richards
annierichards@proton.me
117 Sanchez St
San Francisco, California 94114-1301

From: [Anne Richards](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Thursday, May 7, 2026 10:22:04 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Sincerely,

Anne Richards
District 8 Resident

Anne Richards
annierichards@proton.me
117 Sanchez St
San Francisco, California 94114-1301

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 8:21:55 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Hugo Mercado

94103

From: [Calvin Fiske](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 8:40:51 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Calvin Fiske
calvinfiske715@gmail.com
454 S VAN NESS AVE
San Francisco, California 94103

From: [Calvin Fiske](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 8:40:52 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Calvin Fiske
calvinfiske715@gmail.com
454 S VAN NESS AVE
San Francisco, California 94103

From: [Andy Simionas](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 9:46:45 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Andy Simionas
andysimionas@gmail.com
1839 Fulton
San Francisco , California 94117

From: [Andy Simionas](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 9:46:45 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Andy Simionas
andysimionas@gmail.com
1839 Fulton
San Francisco , California 94117

From: [Joey Tillapaugh](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 9:57:21 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Joey Tillapaugh
joeytillapaugh@gmail.com
646 ASHBURY ST
SAN FRANCISCO, California 94117

From: [Lily Crawford](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 10:03:56 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Lily Crawford
lilymcrawford22@gmail.com
954 POTRERO AVE
San Francisco, California 94110

From: ellumun@gmail.com
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 10:11:14 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

ellumun@gmail.com

109 valleyview way

South San Francisco , California 94080

From: [Ann Krabbenschmidt](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 10:23:37 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Ann Krabbenschmidt
akrabbenschmidt@gmail.com
364 30th ave
San Francisco , California 94121

From: [Wren Murphy](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 5:19:13 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Wren Murphy
ldevonnemurphy@gmail.com
190 Paloma Ave
Pacifica , California 94044

From: [Cole Rothman](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Friday, May 8, 2026 11:51:48 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Cole Rothman
colenator14@gmail.com
1215 pacific Ave
San Francisco , California 94109

From: [Monica Berini](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Saturday, May 9, 2026 7:51:44 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I love in D11, and I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Monica Berini
mbsaysdotherrightthing@protonmail.com
651A Morse
San Francisco , 9412

From: [Jotform](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); info@drugfreesidewalks.org
Subject: Re: Support Drug-Free Housing Ordinance (File #251003) - Walter Garrison
Date: Saturday, May 9, 2026 10:18:40 AM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

Dear Board of Supervisors,

I'm writing to express my support for expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH). Data from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner highlights the need for improvements in our housing policy - between June 2024 and July 2025, 26% of overdose deaths occurred in PSH, a higher percentage than in shelters, hospitals, private homes, or on the street.

Today, under California's Housing First law, state funds are prohibited from being used for drug-free housing. San Francisco funds are not subject to the same law, however San Francisco voluntarily decided to follow suit. As a result, if a family or an individual living deeply below the poverty line qualifies for permanent supportive housing, almost 100% of these units allow illicit drug use. A single PSH building averages two calls per day to the police. This is a tough environment for a person in recovery, much less a child.

We have nearly 10,000 site-based PSH units and their status as drug-tolerant will not change under this ordinance. But we can change future permanent supportive housing funded by the city to be drug-free so that people have options.

The last thing I want to see is an increase in the number of people living on the streets. The good news is that this ordinance has been written so that people who have a single relapse are not automatically evicted, instead they will be offered relapse services. And, if a person's behavior continues to substantially disrupt their building, the City will seek to find the person housing that is appropriate for their situation.

The number of overdose deaths barely budged between 2024 and 2025 in San Francisco. It's time to expand our housing solutions and it starts by allowing drug-free housing options.

Thank you.
Walter Garrison

From: [Luca Nelson](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Saturday, May 9, 2026 2:52:07 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Luca Nelson
luca.c.nelson@gmail.com
2315 Mission St
San Francisco, California 94110

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Saturday, May 9, 2026 4:18:11 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Thiago Esteves Marinho

94102

From: [Dimitry Yakoushkin](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Sunday, May 10, 2026 2:20:27 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Dimitry Yakoushkin
dimitry.multi@gmail.com
29 Ford St
San Francisco, California 94114

From: [Kristin Tieche](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 1:46:00 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Kristin Tieche
ktieche@gmail.com
2277 Fulton Street
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [Kristin Tieche](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 1:46:07 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Kristin Tieche
ktieche@gmail.com
2277 Fulton Street
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [Steve Hong](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 2:24:01 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Clerk BOS Clerk,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Steve Hong
steveandcathy@gmail.com
P.O. Box 210774
San Francisco , California 94121

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 3:32:00 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Steffan Ammons

94102

From: [Kendal Peirce](#)
To: [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [BOS-Legislative Aides](#)
Subject: Vote No on: Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing (File No. 251003)
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 6:41:24 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.

BOS Supervisors & Legislative Aides Supervisors & Legislative Aides,

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors,

I urge you to vote no on the Expanding Drug-Free Permanent Supportive Housing ordinance (File No. 251003). This ordinance is being presented as an expansion of sober housing, a goal that San Franciscans across the political spectrum share. But it does not simply create a sober housing option. It prohibits city funding for any new Permanent Supportive Housing that does not adopt a sobriety-conditioned model, effectively blocking the creation of housing that keeps people off the streets. Sober housing can and should be expanded without restricting the Permanent Supportive Housing pipeline. This ordinance does the opposite, and it will leave people homeless.

This ordinance undermines Housing First, the evidence-based model that California has established as its standard for addressing homelessness. Housing First works because it treats stable housing as the foundation for recovery. A study of over 6,500 people across 86 California programs found that those with high fidelity to Housing First principles reduced days spent homeless by 87%, compared to just 34% in programs that deviated from the model. In San Francisco, 97% of PSH residents remain successfully housed. This ordinance moves the city away from a framework with a proven track record.

Overdose deaths in Permanent Supportive Housing are a crisis that demands serious response. But this ordinance misdiagnoses the cause. The City places its most vulnerable residents in PSH: people with severe substance use disorders, mental health conditions, and chronic health needs. A high overdose rate in that setting is not an indictment of the housing model. It is an indictment of uneven service provision across the portfolio. San Francisco PSH sites with peer-led overdose prevention programs are preventing deaths right now. Episcopal Community Services has implemented a successful Narcan floor captain program in its buildings that includes trained peer responders, onsite behavioral health services, and Narcan distribution. This ordinance does not require a single one of those interventions. Instead, it offers eviction.

PSH operators in San Francisco already evict tenants with extraordinary regularity and without meaningful accountability. Drug use that causes disruptive behavior is already grounds for lease enforcement. This ordinance does not solve a gap in the system. It hands publicly funded landlords another tool to cycle vulnerable tenants back to the street while collecting city contracts to do so. At the same time, it blocks the creation of new PSH during a period when

federal Continuum of Care funding faces cuts of up to \$22 million and the Lurie administration has announced plans to close existing PSH buildings. The result is a bottleneck with no mechanism to address it: more people pushed out of housing, fewer units to take them in, and longer waitlists for everyone. Eviction does not lead to recovery. It severs people from services, pushes them beyond the reach of care, and increases their risk of overdose and death.

I ask you to vote no on File No. 251003.

Kendal Peirce
kepeirce@gmail.com
1666 Page St, Apt B
San Francisco, California 94117

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 7:59:41 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Lorena Hernández

94102

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Monday, May 11, 2026 10:17:57 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

David Lovell

94110

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Felder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Tuesday, May 12, 2026 4:02:32 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Michael Lata

94114

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Wednesday, May 13, 2026 2:23:25 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Lillyana Lonzanida

94110

From: [Blueprint SF](#)
To: [Lurie, Daniel \(MYR\)](#); [Chan, Connie \(BOS\)](#); [Sherrill, Stephen \(BOS\)](#); [Sauter, Danny \(BOS\)](#); [Wong, Alan \(BOS\)](#); [Mahmood, Bilal \(BOS\)](#); [Dorsey, Matt \(BOS\)](#); [Melgar, Myrna \(BOS\)](#); [Mandelman, Rafael \(BOS\)](#); [Fielder, Jackie \(BOS\)](#); [Walton, Shamann \(BOS\)](#); [Chen, Chyanne \(BOS\)](#); [Board of Supervisors \(BOS\)](#); [Crayton, Monique \(BOS\)](#); blueprint@sfbblueprint.org
Subject: Support Ordinance #251003: Support Drug-Free Housing.
Date: Thursday, May 21, 2026 4:19:50 PM

This message is from outside the City email system. Do not open links or attachments from untrusted sources.



Dear Members of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to urge you to support Supervisor Matt Dorsey's ordinance to expand drug free housing options in San Francisco.

Supportive housing residents deserve a real choice in the kind of environment they live in. For many, that means the option to live in a safe, drug free residential community.

San Francisco's current approach inflicts a 100 percent drug tolerant Housing First model on everyone. It allows rampant illegal drug use, including fentanyl and methamphetamine, with zero consequences. That is why Supervisor Dorsey is sponsoring this legislation to give residents of permanent supportive housing the choice to live in safe, drug free communities.

This legislation is about:

- Giving residents the ability to choose what works for them
- Creating safer and more stable living environments
- Moving beyond a one size fits all system

No one should be forced into a housing environment that does not support their well being.

Please vote yes on this ordinance.

Sincerely,

Keith Nishinoto

94102

Introduction Form

(by a Member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor)

I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):

- ☐ 1. For reference to Committee (Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment)
- ☐ 2. Request for next printed agenda (For Adoption Without Committee Reference)
(Routine, non-controversial and/or commendatory matters only)
- ☐ 3. Request for Hearing on a subject matter at Committee
- ☐ 4. Request for Letter beginning with "Supervisor inquires..."
- ☐ 5. City Attorney Request
- ☐ 6. Call File No. from Committee.
- ☐ 7. Budget and Legislative Analyst Request (attached written Motion)
- ☒ 8. Substitute Legislation File No.
- ☐ 9. Reactivate File No.
- ☐ 10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the Board on

The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following (please check all appropriate boxes):

- ☐ Small Business Commission ☐ Youth Commission ☐ Ethics Commission
- ☐ Planning Commission ☐ Building Inspection Commission ☐ Human Resources Department

General Plan Referral sent to the Planning Department (proposed legislation subject to Charter 4.105 & Admin 2A.53):

- ☐ Yes ☐ No

(Note: For Imperative Agenda items (a Resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative Agenda Form.)

Sponsor(s):

Subject:

Long Title or text listed:

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to state that it is City policy to expand the availability of Site-Based Permanent Supportive Housing ("PSH") that prohibits on-site illicit drug use among residents ("Drug-Free PSH") to meet the demand of people experiencing homelessness who prefer such a residential option; bar the City from funding Site-Based PSH for people experiencing homelessness that prohibits evictions on the basis of drug use alone ("Drug-Tolerant PSH"), except where operation of housing as Drug-Free PSH would conflict with standards imposed by law or by a condition of other funding; and require the Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing ("HSH") to survey residents of Site-Based PSH to assess their interest in living in either Drug-Tolerant PSH or Drug-Free PSH and report on the survey findings and HSH's strategies to meet PSH residents' demands.

Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor: