

Greg Wagner Chief Operating Officer

## **MEMORANDUM**

June 1, 2022

TO: Chair Hillary Ronen and Members of the Board of Supervisors Budget and

**Appropriations Committee** 

FROM: Greg Wagner, Chief Operating Officer, SFDPH

RE: Patient Rates Ordinance

As part of the FY 2022-23 and FY 2023-24 proposed budget, the San Francisco Department of Public Health (SFDPH) is requesting the Board's approval of an ordinance proposing updates to its patient rates. The department proposes increasing patient rates in select areas. The proposed modifications to rates are: 1) to extend the term of the rate authorization into FY 2023-24 for Inpatient, Emergency and Trauma related services, one year past the current authorization through FY 2022-23; 2) to increase Community Behavioral Health Services and Substance Use Disorder rates by 10% in FY 2022-23 and an additional 5% in FY 2023-24 to ensure that the department can maximize the amount it is reimbursed for services to Medi-Cal patients; and 3) for nearly all other services, to increase rates by 3.21% in FY 2022-23 and 3.03% in FY 2023-24 consistent with the Controller's Office CPI Fees and Fines guidance. DPH expects to reevaluate its patient rates relative to market peers to determine whether rates should be adjusted.

SFDPH charges fees for certain health care services provided in its clinics and hospitals. Revenue from billing Medicare, Medi-Cal and private insurance is critical to sustain DPH's services. The majority of the department's budget relies on external revenue, reducing the need for City General Fund subsidy and funding expanded health services.

DPH periodically proposes updates to its patient rates. In 2019 the department retained a third-party consultant to evaluate its patient rates relative to market peers. DPH contracted with Deloitte Consulting LLP to perform industry benchmarking, comparing its rates with 15 peer hospitals. The department then used the results of that rate study to propose an update to its patient rates ordinance, which was adopted by the Board of Supervisors during the FY 2020-21 and 2021-22 budget cycle. That analysis remains the basis for the proposed rate ordinance currently before the Board of Supervisors.

Adopted patient rates have little relationship to the amount a patient pays for services at DPH sites. The large majority of DPH patients are insured through Medicare, Medi-Cal, or are uninsured. For those patients, payment is based on public insurance fee schedules and other discounted payment schedules. The primary purpose of setting competitive rates is to ensure adequate compensation from commercial insurance companies. However, in 2019, it became clear that a small subset of patients at Zuckerberg San Francisco General Hospital (ZSFG) were

being negatively affected by the process known as "balance billing" (or "surprise billing"), where a patient's insurance covers only a portion of a hospital bill and the patient becomes responsible for the remainder. To address this problem, DPH established new policies including: 1) ensuring that commercially insured patients receiving services out-of-network at ZSFG are billed no more than the cost sharing amount the patient would pay for the same services at an innetwork, contracted hospital under the patient's insurance policy; 2) modifying its Charity Care and Discount Programs to create an income-based out-of-pocket maximum payment for ZSFG patients at all income levels; 3) improving communications and customer service for patients around financial issues. With these changes in place, patients remain protected from unexpected medical bills for services received at DPH facilities.

Similarly, California Short Doyle Medi-Cal billing requirements limit out-of-pocket costs for Behavioral Health and Substance Use services through the application of the uniform method of determining ability to pay (UMDAP), which and patients pay little to nothing to access these services. The proposed change in rates for Community Behavioral Health and Substance Use Disorder services is used for Medi-Cal and Medicare billing and designed to maximize reimbursement and will not affect patient payments for services. Medi-Cal will reimburse services based on a formula tied to the cost of providing services, or on an adopted fee schedule – whichever is lower. If a county's adopted patient rates fall below the amount it would be eligible to receive based on cost, Medi-Cal will pay according to the adopted rates and the county will be paid less than it would otherwise be eligible to receive. To ensure maximum reimbursement, DPH updates its rate schedule periodically to ensure that it is eligible to receive its full cost-based reimbursement through the Medi-Cal program.