



June 10, 2026

Ms. Angela Calvillo, Clerk
Honorable Supervisor Mandelman
Board of Supervisors
City and County of San Francisco
City Hall, Room 244
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: **Transmittal of Planning Department Case Number 2026-002588PCA:**
Cannabis Cafés
Board File No. 260281

Planning Commission Action: Adopted a Recommendation for Approval

Dear Ms. Calvillo and Supervisor Mandelman,

On May 21, 2016, the Planning Commission conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance, introduced by Supervisor Mandelman that would amend Health, Planning, Police and Business and Tax Regulation codes to permit Cannabis Cafés. At the hearing the Planning Commission adopted a recommendation for approval.

The proposed amendments are not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Section 15060(c) and 15378 because they do not result in a physical change in the environment.

Please find attached documents relating to the actions of the Commission. If you have any questions or require further information please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Veronica Flores
Acting Manager of Legislative Affairs

cc: Sarah Crowley, Deputy City Attorney
Sophie Marie, Aide to Supervisor Mandelman
John Carroll, Office of the Clerk of the Board

ATTACHMENTS :

Planning Commission Resolution
Planning Department Executive Summary



PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. 21919

HEARING DATE: MAY 21, 2026

Project Name: Cannabis Cafés
Case Number: 2026-002588PCA [Board File No. 260281]
Initiated by: Supervisor Mandelman / Introduced March 17, 2026
Staff Contact: Kurt Botn, Legislative Affairs
Kurt.Botn@sfgov.org, 628-652-7311
Reviewed by: Veronica Flores, Acting Manager of Legislative Affairs
veronica.flores@sfgov.org, 628-652-7525

RESOLUTION ADOPTING A RECOMMENDATION FOR APPROVAL OF A PROPOSED ORDINANCE THAT WOULD AMEND THE HEALTH, PLANNING, POLICE, AND BUSINESS AND TAX REGULATIONS CODES TO ESTABLISH A NEW PERMIT TYPE FOR CANNABIS CAFÉS TO BE ADMINISTERED BY THE OFFICE OF CANNABIS THAT WILL AUTHORIZE THE PERMITTEE TO SELL CANNABIS AND CANNABIS PRODUCTS ONLY FOR CONSUMPTION ON THE PREMISES OF THE CAFÉ; EXEMPT CANNABIS CAFÉS FROM THE PROHIBITION ON SMOKING IN BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS; ELIMINATE THE PROHIBITION ON ESTABLISHMENTS WITH A CANNABIS CONSUMPTION PERMIT REQUIRING EMPLOYEES TO ENTER A DESIGNATED SMOKING ROOM AS A CONDITION OF EMPLOYMENT; EXEMPT CANNABIS CAFÉS IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES FROM THE 600-FOOT BUFFER RULE THAT APPLIES TO CANNABIS RETAIL ESTABLISHMENTS; RESTRICT ELIGIBILITY FOR CANNABIS CAFÉ PERMITS FOR ONE YEAR TO BUSINESSES THAT CURRENTLY HOLD A CANNABIS STOREFRONT RETAILER PERMIT OR THAT HAVE THE SAME OWNERS AS SUCH A BUSINESS; REQUIRE EQUITY APPLICANTS THAT APPLY FOR A CANNABIS CAFÉ PERMIT TO PAY THE \$2,000 APPLICATION FEE, ANY PERMIT AMENDMENT PROCESSING COSTS, AND THE \$3,000 LICENSE FEE FOR THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION, ASSOCIATED WITH THE CANNABIS CAFÉ PERMIT; AFFIRMING THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT’S DETERMINATION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT; MAKING FINDINGS OF CONSISTENCY WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, AND THE EIGHT PRIORITY POLICIES OF PLANNING CODE, SECTION 101.1; AND MAKING FINDINGS OF PUBLIC NECESSITY, CONVENIENCE, AND WELFARE UNDER PLANNING CODE, SECTION 302.

WHEREAS, on March 17, 2026, Supervisor Mandelman introduced a proposed Ordinance under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter “Board”) File Number 260281, which would amend the Planning, Police and Health Codes to establish a new permit type for cannabis cafés to be administered by the Office of Cannabis that will authorize the permittee to sell cannabis and cannabis products only for consumption on the premises.

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission (hereinafter “Commission”) conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on May 21, 2026; and,

WHEREAS, the proposed Ordinance has been determined to be categorically exempt from environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act Section 15378 and 15060(c)(2); and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the Custodian of Records, at 49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400, San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience, and general welfare require the proposed amendment; and

MOVED, that the Planning Commission hereby adopts a **recommendation for approval** of the proposed Ordinance.

Findings

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

The proposed Ordinance is in response to State law (Assembly Bill 1775), which authorizes local jurisdictions to permit cannabis cafés. This legislation would establish a local framework that preserves City discretion and sets clear implementation guidelines. The proposed Ordinance would modestly increase the potential intensity of permitted Cannabis Retail uses by allowing a broader range of on-site activities than is currently associated with standard cannabis retail operations.

General Plan Compliance

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 2

MAINTAIN AND ENHANCE A SOUND AND DIVERSE ECONOMIC BASE AND FISCAL STRUCTURE FOR THE CITY.

Policy 2.1

Seek to retain existing commercial and industrial activity and to attract new such activity to the city.

OBJECTIVE 3

PROVIDE EXPANDED EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR CITY RESIDENTS, PARTICULARLY THE UNEMPLOYED AND ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED.

Policy 3.1

Promote the attraction, retention and expansion of commercial and industrial firms which provide employment improvement opportunities for unskilled and semi-skilled workers.

Policy 3.4

Assist newly emerging economic activities.

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with and directly supports the goals of the Commerce and Industry Element of the San Francisco General Plan. Specifically, it advances Objective 2: “Maintain and enhance a sound and diverse economic base” by preserving and helping small businesses that contributes to the diversity of the City’s regulated cannabis industry. By creating a new business model for existing and newly established cannabis business to expand business and employment opportunities throughout the city. The proposed Ordinance also directly advances Policy 2.1: “Retain existing commercial activities and permit new commercial activities in order to preserve the City’s economic and employment base.” This legislation establishes clear guidelines for the cannabis industry, creating opportunities for new businesses while supporting the retention of existing businesses within the City.

The proposed Ordinance is also consistent with Objective 3: cannabis cafés introduce a new hybrid business model—combining food service, retail, and regulated consumption spaces—which inherently generates a wide range of positions. These include entry-level roles such as baristas, servers, hosts, and retail associates, as well as back-of-house, security, and compliance staff. Many of these positions are accessible to unemployed and economically disadvantaged residents, thereby directly supporting expanded employment opportunities. Policy 3.1 is advanced by promoting the attraction and expansion of businesses that provide employment pathways for unskilled and semi-skilled workers which can offer on-the-job training and upward mobility within a growing industry. Policy 3.4 supports cannabis cafés as a “newly emerging economic activity.” As part of the evolving legal cannabis market, they create innovative business opportunities that blend hospitality and regulated retail. Supporting their establishment helps the City remain adaptive and competitive, while fostering entrepreneurship and economic diversification.

Planning Code Section 101 Findings

The proposed amendments to the Planning Code are consistent with the eight Priority Policies set forth in Section 101.1(b) of the Planning Code in that:

1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on neighborhood serving retail uses and will not have a negative effect on opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of neighborhood-serving retail.

2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on housing or neighborhood character.

3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's supply of affordable housing.

4. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

The proposed Ordinance would not result in commuter traffic impeding MUNI transit service or overburdening the streets or neighborhood parking.

5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not cause displacement of the industrial or service sectors due to office development, and future opportunities for resident employment or ownership in these sectors would not be impaired.

6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on City's preparedness against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

7. That the landmarks and historic buildings be preserved;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings.

8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas.

Planning Code Section 302 Findings.

The Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience and general welfare require the proposed amendments to the Planning Code as set forth in Section 302.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby ADOPTS A RECOMMENDATION FOR APPROVAL of the proposed Ordinance as described in this Resolution.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting on May 21, 2026.



Jonas P. Ionin
Commission Secretary

AYES: McGarry, So, Williams, Braun, Moore, Campbell

NOES: None

ABSENT: None

ADOPTED: May 21, 2026



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

PLANNING CODE TEXT AMENDMENT

HEARING DATE: May 21, 2026

90-Day Deadline: June 23, 2026

Project Name: Cannabis Cafés
Case Number: 2026-002588PCA [Board File No. 260281]
Initiated by: Supervisor Mandelman / Introduced March 17, 2026
Staff Contact: Kurt Botn, Legislative Affairs
Kurt.Botn@sfgov.org, 628-652-7311
Reviewed by: Veronica Flores, Acting Manager of Legislative Affairs
veronica.flores@sfgov.org, 628-652-7525
Environmental Review: Not a Project Under CEQA

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt a Recommendation for Approval

Planning Code Amendment

The proposed Ordinance would amend the Health, Planning, Police, and Business and Tax Regulations Codes to establish a new permit type for cannabis cafés to be administered by the Office of Cannabis that will authorize the permittee to sell cannabis and cannabis products only for consumption on the premises of the café; exempt cannabis cafés from the prohibition on smoking in business establishments; eliminate the prohibition on establishments with a cannabis consumption permit requiring employees to enter a designated smoking room as a condition of employment; exempt cannabis cafés in certain circumstances from the 600-foot buffer rule that applies to cannabis retail establishments; restrict eligibility for cannabis café permits for one year to businesses that currently hold a cannabis storefront retailer permit or that have the same owners.

The Way It Is Now	The Way It Would Be
<p>Cannabis Retail uses are permitted as specified by the zoning controls of each district. The definition of Cannabis Retail does not include on-site consumption uses however on-site consumption uses may be permitted as an accessory use. Such establishments are also subject to the locational restrictions set forth for cannabis retailers under Section 202.2(a).</p>	<p>The Cannabis Retail definition would include cannabis and cannabis-related products for medicinal and adult use with or without consumption of said products on site.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The proposed Ordinance would create a distinct ‘Cannabis Café’ permit under Article 16, with clearly defined activities and operating standards regulated by the Office of Cannabis. • Pursuant to Article 16, Cannabis Café operations are limited to the on-site sale and consumption of pre-packaged cannabis products, which may be purchased and used exclusively on the premises only. • Cannabis Café uses that serve food would be considered both a Cannabis Retail and Limited Restaurant under the Planning Code. <p>Location and Operating Conditions would allow a Cannabis Retail Use with a Cannabis Café permit issued by the Office of Cannabis to locate within 600 feet of another Cannabis Retail Use, provided that such locations are permitted by state law and both uses share the same ownership. Eligible uses must also meet the following criteria:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Holds a valid permit from Office of Cannabis to operate as a Cannabis Café and is within 600 feet of a Storefront Cannabis Retailer with which the Cannabis Café permit Applicant share the same owners.

Background

The proposed Ordinance was introduced in response to Assembly Bill 1775, which authorizes local jurisdictions—subject to specified conditions—to permit licensed cannabis retailers or lounges to prepare and sell pre-packaged cannabis products, as well as non-cannabis food and beverages, for on-site consumption. In effect, the law enables “cannabis café”-type operations. The statute is permissive rather than mandatory in response local jurisdictions are implementing legislation to retain discretion and establish guardrails to establish operational standards and conditions on how such activities may be permitted. The proposed Ordinance seeks to establish clear standards and maintain regulatory control over the operation of cannabis cafés within San Francisco.

Issues and Considerations

Cannabis Retail

The proposed Ordinance would amend the Planning, Police, and Health Codes, with the primary regulatory changes occurring in Article 16 of the Police Code. The legislation establishes a new permit category for Cannabis Cafés, to be administered by the Office of Cannabis. This permit would authorize on-site consumption of pre-packaged cannabis products, along with the preparation and sale of non-cannabis food and beverages. On-site cannabis consumption and ventilation requirements are regulated pursuant to Article 8A of the Health Code, which establishes operating standards, performance requirements, and mitigation measures related to cannabis smoking and other on-site consumption activities.

In the Planning Code, the proposed Ordinance would revise the definition of Cannabis Retail to explicitly accommodate on-site consumption. The Planning Code currently permits on-site cannabis consumption as an accessory use, limited to no more than one-third of the floor area occupied by a Cannabis Retail use. The proposed amendments to the Planning Code definition are intended to accommodate the new Cannabis Café Permit established pursuant to Article 16 of the Police Code and do not create a new land use category under the Planning Code. It would also introduce limited flexibility to the existing 600-foot buffer requirement under Location and Operating Conditions, allowing a Cannabis Café to locate within 600 feet of another cannabis retailer when both establishments are under common ownership. The Location and Operating Conditions set forth in Planning Code Section 202.2 would continue to apply to schools, and the proposed Ordinance would not permit new Cannabis Cafés to operate within a 600-foot radius of an existing school.

Under the Planning Code, Cannabis Cafés that include food sales would be required to obtain two land use verifications: one for Cannabis Retail and one for Limited Restaurant. This dual-verification process ensures that both the cannabis-related and food service components of the use comply with applicable zoning controls. Alcohol sales would not be permitted in conjunction with Cannabis Café uses.

In summary, the proposed Ordinance would amend the Planning Code to broaden the definition of Cannabis Retail to encompass establishments with or without on-site consumption, thereby consolidating these activities within a single land use category. The Ordinance would also establish a distinct “Cannabis Café” permit under Article 16 of the Police Code, with specific operational characteristics and conditions overseen by the Office of Cannabis. Collectively, these changes are intended to clarify the regulatory framework for cannabis café operations while maintaining a functional distinction between traditional cannabis retail establishments and café-style uses.

Implementation Impacts

All existing and proposed Cannabis Retail uses would remain subject to existing zoning controls. Cannabis retail establishments are generally subject to Conditional Use Authorization (CUA), which would continue to serve as the primary discretionary review process in zoning districts where such uses are permitted. For existing cannabis retail locations, operators seeking to introduce or expand on-site consumption as part of a Cannabis Café will need to modify prior conditions of approval. In cases where on-site consumption was explicitly prohibited, a common condition unless previously disclosed, approval of a new CUA would be required to amend those conditions.

A finite of existing Cannabis Retailers that are principally permitted (i.e., not subject to prior discretionary approval) may be eligible for administrative approval to add Cannabis Café components. However, such proposals must still be evaluated to confirm that the site is not nonconforming with respect to use size or the 600-foot buffer requirements. Additionally, it would need to be determined that the addition of on-site consumption does not constitute an impermissible intensification of a nonconforming use pursuant to Planning Code Section 178.

A key component of the proposal is a phased implementation approach. During the first year, eligibility would be limited to existing Cannabis Retail operators (currently 66 Cannabis Retail locations citywide). This initial phase would allow permitting agencies to monitor implementation, assess operational performance and neighborhood impacts, and make any necessary adjustments prior to expanding eligibility more broadly.

General Plan Compliance

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with and directly supports the goals of the Commerce and Industry Element of the San Francisco General Plan. Specifically, it advances Objective 2: “Maintain and enhance a sound and diverse economic base by supporting and sustaining small businesses that contribute to the diversity of the City’s regulated cannabis industry, the proposal helps maintain a balanced and inclusive marketplace. It also introduces a new business model for both existing and future cannabis operators, creating opportunities to expand operations and generate additional employment throughout the city. The proposed Ordinance also directly furthers Policy 2.1: “Retain existing commercial activities and permit new commercial activities in order to preserve the City’s economic and employment base.” This legislation establishes clear regulatory guidelines for the cannabis industry, fostering opportunities for new businesses while supporting the stability and retention of existing operators within the City.

The Ordinance is consistent with and supports the Commerce and Industry Element of the San Francisco General Plan. It advances Objective 3 by introducing cannabis cafés as a hybrid business model that combines food service, retail, and regulated consumption, generating a broad range of employment opportunities—from entry-level service and retail positions to back-of-house, security, and compliance roles. Many of these jobs are accessible to unemployed and economically disadvantaged residents.

The proposal also supports Policy 3.1 by encouraging businesses that provide employment pathways for unskilled and semi-skilled workers, including opportunities for on-the-job training and advancement. In addition, it advances Policy 3.4 by recognizing cannabis cafés as an emerging economic activity that fosters innovation, entrepreneurship, and economic diversification within the City’s regulated cannabis industry.

Racial and Social Equity Analysis

The Planning Code amendments support the City’s racial and social equity goals by providing Cannabis Cafés as a new permit type within San Francisco’s regulated cannabis industry and establishes updated regulatory standards for cannabis retail with on-site consumption. This outcome would align with the City equity goals by expanding economic opportunities within the legal cannabis industry, which has historically been shaped by disproportionate enforcement of cannabis-related laws in communities with less resources. By enabling a new cannabis café business model and clarifying permitting pathways, the legislation may support increased participation by equity operators and small businesses in a growing and diversifying

market. The proposal may also expand access to entry-level employment opportunities in hospitality, retail, and compliance-related roles. These positions are typically more accessible to residents with barriers to employment, including historically marginalized populations. The primary benefits of the proposed Ordinance include increased opportunities for business formation, expansion, and employment within the regulated cannabis sector. Existing operators, including those participating in equity programs, may benefit from new revenue streams and diversified business models.

Implementation

The Department has determined that this ordinance will not impact our current implementation procedures.

Recommendation

The Department recommends that the Commission **adopt a recommendation for approval** of the proposed Ordinance and adopt the attached Draft Resolution to that effect.

Basis for Recommendation

The Department supports the overall goals of this Ordinance because the proposed change would modestly increase the potential intensity of permitted Cannabis Café uses by allowing a broader range of on-site activities than is currently associated with standard cannabis retail operations. However, this increase in intensity would generally remain subject to robust discretionary review through the CUA process.

Cannabis Retail and Cannabis Café uses would continue to be subject to existing location-based and operating restrictions, including separation requirements that limit cannabis retail establishments from locating within 600 feet of one another. These controls, combined with the discretionary CUA process, provide layered safeguards to manage concentration, mitigate potential impacts, and ensure appropriate siting of cannabis-related uses throughout the city.

There is a temporary eligibility criteria of one year limiting proposed Cannabis Cafes to existing retail operators, allowing the city agencies to carefully monitor implementation outcomes, operational impacts, and neighborhood effects during an initial phase before expanding eligibility more broadly.

Required Commission Action

The proposed Ordinance is before the Commission so that it may adopt a recommendation of approval, disapproval, or approval with modifications.

Environmental Review

The proposed amendments are not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Section 15060(c)(2) and 15378 because they do not result in a physical change in the environment.

Public Comment

As of the date of this report, the Planning Department has not received any public comment regarding the proposed Ordinance.

ATTACHMENTS:

- Exhibit A: Draft Planning Commission Resolution
- Exhibit B: Board of Supervisors File No. 260281
- Exhibit C: Map of Existing Cannabis Retail Locations

Portions of this report were drafted and/or edited with the assistance of Microsoft Copilot, in accordance with the City and County of San Francisco's policy on the use of generative AI tools.

**Exhibit A: Draft
Planning Commission
Resolution**



PLANNING COMMISSION DRAFT RESOLUTION

HEARING DATE: MAY 21, 2026

Project Name: Cannabis Cafés
Case Number: 2026-002588PCA [Board File No. 260281]
Initiated by: Supervisor Mandelman / Introduced March 17, 2026
Staff Contact: Kurt Botn, Legislative Affairs
Kurt.Botn@sfgov.org, 628-652-7311
Reviewed by: Veronica Flores, Acting Manager of Legislative Affairs
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RESOLUTION ADOPTING A RECOMMENDATION FOR APPROVAL OF A PROPOSED ORDINANCE THAT WOULD AMEND THE HEALTH, PLANNING, POLICE, AND BUSINESS AND TAX REGULATIONS CODES TO ESTABLISH A NEW PERMIT TYPE FOR CANNABIS CAFÉS TO BE ADMINISTERED BY THE OFFICE OF CANNABIS THAT WILL AUTHORIZE THE PERMITTEE TO SELL CANNABIS AND CANNABIS PRODUCTS ONLY FOR CONSUMPTION ON THE PREMISES OF THE CAFÉ; EXEMPT CANNABIS CAFÉS FROM THE PROHIBITION ON SMOKING IN BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS; ELIMINATE THE PROHIBITION ON ESTABLISHMENTS WITH A CANNABIS CONSUMPTION PERMIT REQUIRING EMPLOYEES TO ENTER A DESIGNATED SMOKING ROOM AS A CONDITION OF EMPLOYMENT; EXEMPT CANNABIS CAFÉS IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES FROM THE 600-FOOT BUFFER RULE THAT APPLIES TO CANNABIS RETAIL ESTABLISHMENTS; RESTRICT ELIGIBILITY FOR CANNABIS CAFÉ PERMITS FOR ONE YEAR TO BUSINESSES THAT CURRENTLY HOLD A CANNABIS STOREFRONT RETAILER PERMIT OR THAT HAVE THE SAME OWNERS AS SUCH A BUSINESS; REQUIRE EQUITY APPLICANTS THAT APPLY FOR A CANNABIS CAFÉ PERMIT TO PAY THE \$2,000 APPLICATION FEE, ANY PERMIT AMENDMENT PROCESSING COSTS, AND THE \$3,000 LICENSE FEE FOR THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION, ASSOCIATED WITH THE CANNABIS CAFÉ PERMIT; AFFIRMING THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT’S DETERMINATION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT; MAKING FINDINGS OF CONSISTENCY WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, AND THE EIGHT PRIORITY POLICIES OF PLANNING CODE, SECTION 101.1; AND MAKING FINDINGS OF PUBLIC NECESSITY, CONVENIENCE, AND WELFARE UNDER PLANNING CODE, SECTION 302.

WHEREAS, on March 17, 2026, Supervisor Mandelman introduced a proposed Ordinance under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter “Board”) File Number 260281, which would amend the Planning, Police and Health Codes to establish a new permit type for cannabis cafés to be administered by the Office of Cannabis that will authorize the permittee to sell cannabis and cannabis products only for consumption on the premises.

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission (hereinafter “Commission”) conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on May 21, 2026; and,

WHEREAS, the proposed Ordinance has been determined to be categorically exempt from environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act Section 15378 and 15060(c)(2); and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the Custodian of Records, at 49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400, San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience, and general welfare require the proposed amendment; and

MOVED, that the Planning Commission hereby adopts a **recommendation for approval** of the proposed Ordinance.

Findings

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

The proposed Ordinance is in response to State law (Assembly Bill 1775), which authorizes local jurisdictions to permit cannabis cafés. This legislation would establish a local framework that preserves City discretion and sets clear implementation guidelines. The proposed Ordinance would modestly increase the potential intensity of permitted Cannabis Retail uses by allowing a broader range of on-site activities than is currently associated with standard cannabis retail operations.

General Plan Compliance

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 2

MAINTAIN AND ENHANCE A SOUND AND DIVERSE ECONOMIC BASE AND FISCAL STRUCTURE FOR THE CITY.

Policy 2.1

Seek to retain existing commercial and industrial activity and to attract new such activity to the city.

OBJECTIVE 3

PROVIDE EXPANDED EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR CITY RESIDENTS, PARTICULARLY THE UNEMPLOYED AND ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED.

Policy 3.1

Promote the attraction, retention and expansion of commercial and industrial firms which provide employment improvement opportunities for unskilled and semi-skilled workers.

Policy 3.4

Assist newly emerging economic activities.

The proposed Ordinance is consistent with and directly supports the goals of the Commerce and Industry Element of the San Francisco General Plan. Specifically, it advances Objective 2: “Maintain and enhance a sound and diverse economic base” by preserving and helping small businesses that contributes to the diversity of the City’s regulated cannabis industry. By creating a new business model for existing and newly established cannabis business to expand business and employment opportunities throughout the city. The proposed Ordinance also directly advances Policy 2.1: “Retain existing commercial activities and permit new commercial activities in order to preserve the City’s economic and employment base.” This legislation establishes clear guidelines for the cannabis industry, creating opportunities for new businesses while supporting the retention of existing businesses within the City.

The proposed Ordinance is also consistent with Objective 3: cannabis cafés introduce a new hybrid business model—combining food service, retail, and regulated consumption spaces—which inherently generates a wide range of positions. These include entry-level roles such as baristas, servers, hosts, and retail associates, as well as back-of-house, security, and compliance staff. Many of these positions are accessible to unemployed and economically disadvantaged residents, thereby directly supporting expanded employment opportunities. Policy 3.1 is advanced by promoting the attraction and expansion of businesses that provide employment pathways for unskilled and semi-skilled workers which can offer on-the-job training and upward mobility within a growing industry. Policy 3.4 supports cannabis cafés as a “newly emerging economic activity.” As part of the evolving legal cannabis market, they create innovative business opportunities that blend hospitality and regulated retail. Supporting their establishment helps the City remain adaptive and competitive, while fostering entrepreneurship and economic diversification.

Planning Code Section 101 Findings

The proposed amendments to the Planning Code are consistent with the eight Priority Policies set forth in Section 101.1(b) of the Planning Code in that:

1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future

opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on neighborhood serving retail uses and will not have a negative effect on opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of neighborhood-serving retail.

2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on housing or neighborhood character.

3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's supply of affordable housing.

4. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

The proposed Ordinance would not result in commuter traffic impeding MUNI transit service or overburdening the streets or neighborhood parking.

5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not cause displacement of the industrial or service sectors due to office development, and future opportunities for resident employment or ownership in these sectors would not be impaired.

6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on City's preparedness against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

7. That the landmarks and historic buildings be preserved;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings.

8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas.

Planning Code Section 302 Findings.

The Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience and general welfare require the proposed amendments to the Planning Code as set forth in Section 302.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby ADOPTS A RECOMMENDATION FOR APPROVAL of the proposed Ordinance as described in this Resolution.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting on May 21, 2026.

Jonas P. Ionin
Commission Secretary

AYES:

NOES:

ABSENT:

ADOPTED: May 21, 2026

**Exhibit B: Board of
Supervisors File No.
260281**

1 [Various Codes - Cannabis Cafés]

2

3 **Ordinance amending the Health, Planning, Police, and Business and Tax Regulations**
 4 **Codes to establish a new permit type for cannabis cafés to be administered by the**
 5 **Office of Cannabis that will authorize the permittee to sell cannabis and cannabis**
 6 **products only for consumption on the premises of the café; exempt cannabis cafés**
 7 **from the prohibition on smoking in business establishments; eliminate the prohibition**
 8 **on establishments with a cannabis consumption permit requiring employees to enter a**
 9 **designated smoking room as a condition of employment; exempt cannabis cafés in**
 10 **certain circumstances from the 600-foot buffer rule that applies to cannabis retail**
 11 **establishments; restrict eligibility for cannabis café permits for one year to businesses**
 12 **that currently hold a cannabis storefront retailer permit or that have the same owners**
 13 **as such a business; require Equity Applicants that apply for a cannabis café permit to**
 14 **pay the \$2,000 application fee, any permit amendment processing costs, and the \$3,000**
 15 **license fee for the first year of operation, associated with the cannabis café permit;**
 16 **affirming the Planning Department’s determination under the California Environmental**
 17 **Quality Act; making findings of consistency with the General Plan and the eight priority**
 18 **policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1; and making public necessity, convenience,**
 19 **and welfare findings under Planning Code, Section 302.**

20 NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain Arial font.
 21 **Additions to Codes** are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*.
 22 **Deletions to Codes** are in *strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*.
 23 **Board amendment additions** are in double-underlined Arial font.
 24 **Board amendment deletions** are in ~~strikethrough Arial font~~.
 25 **Asterisks (* * * *)** indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

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Section 1.

(a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. ____ and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms this determination.

(b) On _____, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No. _____, adopted findings [OR, the Planning Department determined] that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the City’s General Plan and eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. The Board adopts these findings [OR, this determination] as its own. A copy of said Resolution [OR determination] is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. _____, and is incorporated herein by reference.

(c) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board finds that these Planning Code amendments will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. _____, and the Board adopts such reasons as its own. A copy of said resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. _____ and is incorporated herein by reference.

Section 2. The Health Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 8A.2 and 8A.6 of Article 8A, and Section 1009.23 of Article 19F, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8A: CANNABIS CONSUMPTION PERMITS

* * * *

SEC. 8A.2. PERMITS FOR THE ON-SITE CONSUMPTION OF CANNABIS.

1 It shall be unlawful to allow the Consumption of Cannabis or Cannabis Products on the
2 Premises of a commercial business without obtaining and maintaining:

3 (a) A permit therefor issued by the Department of Public Health; and

4 (b) A Medicinal Cannabis Retailer, Cannabis Retailer, Cannabis Café, or Cannabis
5 Microbusiness permit issued by the Office of Cannabis; and

6 (c) A State Cannabis License.

7
8 **SEC. 8A.6. OPERATING STANDARDS.**

9 (a) No Permittee shall allow the on-site Consumption of Cannabis or Cannabis Products in
10 a manner inconsistent with any permit condition imposed by the Director, or inconsistent with
11 any rules, regulations, or guidelines promulgated by the Director under Section 8A.8.

12 * * * *

13 ~~(j) A Permittee with a Cannabis Smoking permit may not require employees to enter the Designated~~
14 ~~Smoking Room as a condition of their employment.~~

15 * * * *

16
17 **ARTICLE 19F: PROHIBITING SMOKING IN ENCLOSED AREAS, CERTAIN**
18 **UNENCLOSED AREAS, AND SPORTS STADIUMS**

19 * * * *

20 **SEC. 1009.23. EXCEPTIONS.**

21 The following places shall not be subject to this Article 19F:

22 * * * *

23 (f) Medicinal Cannabis Retailers, Cannabis Microbusinesses, ~~and~~ Cannabis Retailers, and
24 Cannabis Cafés, as those terms are defined in Section 1602 of the Police Code, that have received
25 and maintain:

1 (1) A Cannabis Business Permit issued by the Director of the Office of Cannabis under
2 Article 16 of the Police Code; and

3 (2) A Cannabis Consumption Permit that authorizes the smoking of cannabis, issued by
4 the Director of Health under Article 8A of the Health Code, ~~unless the smoking of cannabis is~~
5 ~~authorized under subsection (g) of Section 8A.4, pending the approval or denial of an application for~~
6 ~~such permit.~~

7
8 Section 3. The Planning Code is hereby amended by revising Section 102 of Article 1,
9 and Section 202.2 of Article 2 to read as follows:

10 **ARTICLE 1: GENERAL ZONING PROVISIONS**

11 * * * *

12 **SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.**

13 * * * *

14 **C**

15 **Cannabis Retail.** A Retail Sales and Service Use that sells or otherwise provides
16 cannabis and cannabis-related products for adult use with or without consumption of said
17 products on site. This use ~~and that~~ may also include the sale or provision of cannabis for
18 medicinal use. A Cannabis Retail establishment may only be operated by the holder of (a) a
19 valid license from the State of California (License Type 10—Retailer, as defined in California
20 Business and Professions Code, Division 10) and (b) a valid permit from the City’s Office of
21 Cannabis. This use is subject to operating and location restrictions set forth in
22 Section 202.2(a).

23 * * * *

24
25 **ARTICLE 2: USE DISTRICTS**

1 * * * *

2 **SEC. 202.2. LOCATION AND OPERATING CONDITIONS.**

3 (a) Retail Sales and Service Uses. The Retail Sales and Service Uses listed below
4 shall be subject to the corresponding conditions:

5 * * * *

6 (5) Cannabis Retail. A Cannabis Retail establishment must meet all of the
7 following conditions:

8 (A) A Cannabis Retail establishment must apply for a permit from the Office of
9 Cannabis pursuant to Article 16 of the Police Code prior to submitting an application to the
10 Planning Department.

11 (B) The parcel containing the Cannabis Retail Use shall not be located within a
12 600-foot radius of a parcel containing an existing School, public or private, unless a State
13 licensing authority specifies a different radius, in which case that different radius shall apply.
14 In addition, the parcel containing the Cannabis Retail Use shall not be located within a 600-
15 foot radius of a parcel for which a valid permit from the City's Office of Cannabis for a
16 Cannabis Retailer or a Medicinal Cannabis Retailer has been issued, except that: (i) a
17 Cannabis Retail Use may be located in the same place of business as one or more other
18 establishments holding valid permits from the City's Office of Cannabis to operate as
19 Cannabis Retailers or Medicinal Cannabis Retailers, where the place of business contains a
20 minimum of 350 square feet per Cannabis Retail or Medical Cannabis Dispensary Use; and
21 (ii) a Cannabis Retail Use with a Cannabis Café permit issued by the Office of Cannabis may be
22 located within 600 feet of another Cannabis Retail Use, provided that any such locations are
23 permitted by state law. There shall be no minimum radius from a Cannabis Retail Use to an
24 existing day care center or youth center unless a State licensing authority specifies a
25 minimum radius, in which case that minimum radius shall apply.

1 (C) Cannabis may be consumed or smoked on site pursuant to authorization by
2 the Department of Public Health as applicable.

3
4 Section 4. Article 16 of the Police Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 1602,
5 1606, 1607, 1608, 1609, 1613, 1615, 1618, 1619, 1620, and 1630, and adding Section
6 1628.5, to read as follows:

7 **ARTICLE 16: REGULATION OF CANNABIS**

8 * * * *

9
10 **SEC. 1602. DEFINITIONS.**

11 As used in this Article 16, the following words or phrases shall mean:

12 * * * *

13 “Cannabis Business” means any of the following: *Cannabis Café*, Cannabis Cultivation
14 Facility, Cannabis Manufacturing Facility, Cannabis Testing Facility, Cannabis Distributor,
15 Cannabis Microbusiness, Medicinal Cannabis Retailer, Cannabis Retailer, or Delivery-Only
16 Cannabis Retailer.

17 “Cannabis Business Permit” means a permit to operate a specific type of Cannabis
18 Business issued under this Article 16.

19 “Cannabis Business Registration Period” means the period of time during which Persons
20 wishing to apply for Cannabis Business Permits may register with the Office of Cannabis, as
21 set forth in Section 1605 of this Article 16.

22 “Cannabis Café” means a fixed place of business where Cannabis and/or Cannabis Products are
23 Sold to Customers exclusively for the purpose of Consumption on the premises.

24 * * * *

25 “Cannabis Retailer” means a fixed place of business where Cannabis and/or Cannabis

1 Products are Sold to Customers, but does not include a Cannabis Café.

2 * * * *

3
4 **SEC. 1606. APPLICATIONS FOR CANNABIS BUSINESS PERMITS.**

5 * * * *

6 (e) As of the effective date of the ordinance in Board File No. 200144 enacting this
7 subsection (e), the Director shall decline to accept for processing any new applications for
8 Cannabis Business Permits under this Article 16 in the following categories: Cannabis
9 Retailer, Storefront Cannabis Retailer, Delivery-Only Cannabis Retailer, Medicinal Cannabis
10 Retailer, and Cannabis Microbusiness (to the extent relating to retail activity). No later than
11 June 30, 2027, the Controller shall submit to the Board of Supervisors a report that analyzes
12 various impacts of the moratorium on new applications for retail-related Cannabis Business
13 Permits, including its financial impacts on the City and the City's cannabis industry,
14 operational impacts on the Office of Cannabis, and impacts on City neighborhoods.

15 (f) Temporary Eligibility Criteria for Cannabis Café Permits.

16 (1) For one year following the effective date of the ordinance in Board File No. 260281,
17 the Director may only accept for processing or issue a permit in response to an application for a
18 Cannabis Café permit that meets all of the following criteria:

19 (A) The permit Applicant either holds a valid Storefront Cannabis Retailer
20 permit or has the same Owners as a separate entity, identified by name and permit number in the
21 application, that holds a valid Storefront Cannabis Retailer permit. In either case, the Storefront
22 Cannabis Retailer permittee shall be referred to as the "Associated Storefront Cannabis Retailer
23 Permittee."

24 (B) If the Associated Storefront Cannabis Retailer Permittee is not the Cannabis
25 Café permit Applicant and has an Equity Applicant as an Owner, the application must document that

1 the Equity Applicant is an Owner of the entity seeking the Cannabis Café permit and that the Equity
2 Applicant's ownership interest in the entity seeking the Cannabis Café permit is equal to or greater
3 than the lesser of: (i) 20%; or (ii) the Equity Applicant's percentage ownership in the Associated
4 Storefront Cannabis Retailer Permittee.

5 (C) The application's Associated Storefront Cannabis Retailer Permittee is not
6 connected, within the meaning of subsection (f)(1)(A), with any other Cannabis Café permittee or
7 pending Cannabis Café permit application. Notwithstanding the foregoing, prior to permit issuance,
8 the Director may, for good cause, allow a Cannabis Café permit applicant to withdraw the application
9 and submit a replacement application for a different location while maintaining their place in the
10 processing queue. In no event, however, shall the Director issue a Cannabis Café permit to an
11 Applicant whose Associated Storefront Cannabis Retailer Permittee is already associated with a
12 current Cannabis Café permittee within the meaning of subsection (f)(1)(A).

13 (2) One year after the effective date of the ordinance in Board File No. 260281 , the City
14 Attorney may cause this subsection (f) to be removed from the Police Code.

15
16 **SEC. 1607. CANNABIS BUSINESS PERMITS.**

17 (a) For the purpose of regulating the Commercial Cultivation, Manufacture, Testing,
18 Distribution, Sale, and Delivery of Cannabis, the Director may issue the following permits:

- 19 (1) Cannabis Cultivation Facility;
- 20 (2) Cannabis Manufacturing Facility;
- 21 (3) Cannabis Testing Facility;
- 22 (4) Cannabis Distributor;
- 23 (5) Cannabis Microbusiness;
- 24 (6) Medicinal Cannabis Retailer;
- 25 (7) Cannabis Retailer;

1 (8) Delivery-Only Cannabis Retailer; ~~and~~

2 (9) Cannabis Nursery; and

3 (10) Cannabis Café.

4
5 **SEC. 1608. TRANSFER OF PERMIT; PORTABILITY OF PERMIT; SALE OF CANNABIS**
6 **BUSINESS; CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP; INTERIM CANNABIS BUSINESS PERMITS.**

7 * * * *

8 (c) Ownership; Changes in Ownership; Changes in Form or Structure.

9 * * * *

10 (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection (c), prior to the
11 award of any Cannabis Business Permit, permanent or temporary, and for five years following
12 the date on which the Director has acknowledged receipt of an application for a Cannabis
13 Business Permit from a particular Applicant or Permittee, an aggregate ownership interest of
14 50% or more in that Applicant or Permittee may not be transferred to any Person or
15 combination of Persons who were not Owners of the Permittee at the time that a Cannabis
16 Business Permit was first awarded to that Applicant or Permittee under this Article 16. Nothing
17 in this subsection (c)(5) shall prohibit a holder of a Temporary Cannabis Business Permit from
18 transferring an aggregate ownership interest of 50% or more in the Permittee prior to the
19 award of a permanent Cannabis Business Permit to that Permittee after five years have
20 passed from the earliest date on which the Director acknowledged receipt of an application for
21 a Cannabis Business Permit, whether temporary or permanent, from that Permittee. In the
22 event that, prior to the award of a Cannabis Business Permit or prior to five years after the
23 date on which the Director acknowledged receipt of the application for a Cannabis Business
24 Permit from that Permittee, an aggregate ownership interest of 50% or more in a Permittee is
25 transferred to any Person or combination of Persons who were not Owners of the Permittee at

1 the time that a Cannabis Business Permit was awarded, in violation of this subsection (c)(5),
2 and the Permittee fails to undo the prohibited ownership transfer within six months of
3 receiving notification of such violation from the Director, the Permittee shall promptly
4 surrender the permit to the Director. This restriction shall not apply to any testamentary or
5 intestate transfer of ownership triggered by an Owner's death. This obligation is not
6 dependent on the Director's requesting the surrender, but arises by operation of law six
7 months following notice from the Director that the sale of the Cannabis Business has violated
8 the transfer restriction in this subsection (c)(5). If the Permittee fails to surrender the permit to
9 the Director, the Director may, after giving the Permittee notice by mail and electronically of
10 the proposed action and an opportunity to respond, revoke the permit. Where a permittee has
11 applied for both a Cannabis Café permit and a Storefront Cannabis Retailer permit, the "earliest date
12 on which the Director acknowledged receipt of an application for a Cannabis Business Permit" shall
13 be calculated with reference to the application for the Storefront Cannabis Retailer Permit.

14

15 **SEC. 1609. PERMIT APPLICATIONS.**

16 (a) **Application and Fee Required.** Every Applicant for a Cannabis Business Permit
17 shall:

- 18 (1) File an application with the Director upon a form provided by the Director;
19 (2) Provide such information as may be required by this Article 16 and any
20 regulations promulgated thereto; and
21 (3) Pay a non-refundable application fee, unless the Applicant is eligible for a
22 fee waiver or reduction, as authorized by ordinance.

23 (b) **Information Required of All Applicants for Cannabis Business Permits.** The
24 application form for all Cannabis Business Permit Applicants shall require the Applicant to
25 provide the following information and documentation:

1 * * * *

2 (k) Additional Information Required of Applicants for Cannabis Café Permits. In addition to
3 the information required under subsection (b) of this Section 1609, an Applicant for a Cannabis Café
4 permit shall also submit as part of its application:

5 (1) Copies of all documentation submitted to the State Licensing Authority in support of
6 its application for a state storefront retailer license.

7 (2) A Cannabis Café Operations Plan containing such information as may be required
8 by the Director, including but not limited to:

9 (A) A description of the methods to be used to secure against theft or
10 misappropriation of Cannabis Products on site, and security measures that will be implemented to
11 ensure the safety of the Retailer’s employees and the public; and

12 (B) A description of where and when shipments of Cannabis and Cannabis
13 Products will be received;

14 (3) Confirmation that the Applicant intends to apply for a Cannabis Consumption
15 permit, as set forth in Article 8A of the Health Code, and a description of the type(s) of Consumption
16 that the Applicant proposes to allow on the Premises.

17 (4) A description of how the Applicant will support the needs of Customers who qualify
18 under California Health and Safety Code Sections 11362.7 et seq. to use Medicinal Cannabis,
19 including but not limited to providing space where Customers may speak confidentially with employees
20 of the Cannabis Business, and ensuring a sufficient supply of Medicinal Cannabis and Medicinal
21 Cannabis Products;

22 (5) A statement from the Applicant that the Applicant will not assign any name to the
23 Cannabis Business that is likely to mislead members of the public into believing that the Cannabis
24 Business is legally permitted to sell products to minors, or a name that is likely to entice minors to
25 attempt to patronize the business.

1 (6) If the Applicant intends to operate a Compassion Program, as set forth in
2 subsection (aa) of Section 1618 of this Article 16, a description of the proposed terms and conditions of
3 such program.

4 ~~(k)~~ (l) Upon receipt of an application for a Cannabis Café, Medicinal Cannabis Retailer,
5 or Storefront Cannabis Retailer permit, the Office of Cannabis shall post the name and location
6 of the proposed Cannabis Business on its website, and shall update its website with
7 information about the status of the application until such time as the application has been
8 approved or denied. The Office of Cannabis shall also cause a notice to be posted on the site
9 of the Premises associated with the aforementioned permit applications to notify neighbors
10 that a Cannabis Business Permit is sought at that location, if such notice is not otherwise
11 required by the Planning Code.

12
13 **SEC. 1613. LIMITS ON PERMITS.**

14 (a) A Permittee that holds a Cannabis Testing Facility permit shall be ineligible for
15 and may not be issued a permit to operate any other type of Commercial Cannabis Activity
16 permitted by the City. A Permittee that holds a Cannabis Business Permit other than a
17 Cannabis Testing Facility permit, shall be ineligible for and may not be issued a permit to
18 operate a Cannabis Testing Facility.

19 (b) No permit to operate as a Storefront Cannabis Retailer shall be granted if any
20 individual holding a legal or beneficial interest in the proposed Storefront Cannabis Retailer
21 already holds a legal or beneficial interest in four or more existing Storefront Cannabis
22 Retailers that hold permits under this Article 16, except that an interest held in a Storefront
23 Cannabis Retailer shall not be counted towards this limit if the Storefront Cannabis Retailer
24 has received approval from the Planning Commission, following a discretionary review
25 hearing, as of the effective date of the ordinance in Board File No. 180912. If an application

1 for a permit, under this Article 16, to operate as a Storefront Cannabis Retailer is pending for
2 approval before the Planning Commission, and if the approval of that permit would cause an
3 individual to hold a legal or beneficial interest in four or more existing Storefront Cannabis
4 Retailers (other than Storefront Cannabis Retailers that, as of the effective date of the
5 ordinance in Board File No. 180912, have received approval from the Planning Commission
6 following a discretionary review hearing), the Office of Cannabis shall place on hold any
7 additional applications for a permit on behalf of a Storefront Cannabis Retailer in which that
8 individual would hold a legal or beneficial interest in a proposed Storefront Cannabis Retailer.
9 For purposes of this subsection (b), the circumstances in which an individual holds a legal or
10 beneficial interest in a Storefront Cannabis Retailer shall include (but need not be limited to)
11 any circumstance in which an individual holds a legal or beneficial interest in any Person
12 holding a legal or beneficial interest in the Storefront Cannabis Retailer.

13 (c) No application for a permit to operate a Cannabis Café shall be accepted if any individual
14 holding a legal or beneficial interest in the proposed Cannabis Café business already holds a legal or
15 beneficial interest in four or more businesses that either hold valid Cannabis Café permits or have
16 pending applications for Cannabis Café permits under this Article 16. For purposes of this subsection,
17 a legal or beneficial interest in a business may include a legal or beneficial interest in a separate entity
18 that holds a legal or beneficial interest in the permittee or Applicant.

19 (ed) The Controller shall track the number of permits that are awarded pursuant to this
20 Article 16. ~~No later than September 30, 2019, the Controller shall submit to the Board of Supervisors a~~
21 ~~report that makes recommendations as to whether the issuance of Cannabis Business Permits should be~~
22 ~~subject to any numerical, geographical, or other limits.~~

23
24 **SEC. 1615. ISSUANCE AND DENIAL OF CANNABIS BUSINESS PERMITS.**

25 * * * *

1 (d) **Mandatory Grounds for Denial.** No Cannabis Business Permit shall be issued
2 if the Director finds that:

3 * * * *

4 ~~(6)~~ The Premises are materially different from the diagram of the Premises
5 submitted by the Applicant.

6 * * * *

7 (12) The Planning Department or Planning Commission determines that the
8 Applicant engaged in Commercial Cannabis Activities in a location that was not authorized by
9 or consistent with the Planning Code.

10 (13) The Applicant is a Cannabis Café permit Applicant that the Planning Department has
11 determined would be located within 600 feet of a Storefront Cannabis Retailer, except that if a
12 Cannabis Café permit Applicant’s location is within 600 feet of a Storefront Cannabis Retailer with
13 which the Cannabis Café permit Applicant shares all of the same Owners (the “Associated Storefront
14 Cannabis Retailer”), that Applicant’s location within 600 feet of the Associated Storefront Cannabis
15 Retailer or another Storefront Cannabis Retailer shall not be grounds for denial of the Applicant’s
16 Cannabis Café permit, so long as no other Cannabis Cafés sharing all of the same Owners are located
17 within 600 feet of the Associated Storefront Cannabis Retailer.

18 * * * *

19
20 **SEC. 1618. ELIGIBILITY AND OPERATING STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO ALL**
21 **CANNABIS BUSINESSES.**

22 * * * *

23 (aa) It shall be a violation of this Article 16 for any Cannabis Business to engage in
24 the nonsale distribution of Cannabis or Cannabis Products, or to permit the nonsale
25 distribution of Cannabis or Cannabis Products by any Person on the Premises of the

1 Cannabis Business, except as authorized by state law. Notwithstanding the forgoing, and as
2 authorized by state law, a Storefront Cannabis Retailer or Cannabis Café may operate a
3 Compassion Program in which it provides Medicinal Cannabis and/or Medicinal Cannabis
4 Products at no or nominal cost to low-income individuals who are qualified under California
5 Health and Safety Code Sections 11362.7 et seq. to use Medicinal Cannabis. In addition,
6 Cannabis Cultivation Facilities and Cannabis Manufacturing Facilities may provide Medicinal
7 Cannabis and/or Medicinal Cannabis Products at no or nominal cost to Storefront Cannabis
8 Retailers and Cannabis Cafés, for distribution through a Compassion Program. The Director
9 shall adopt rules, regulations and guidelines applicable to Compassion Programs, including,
10 but not limited to: eligibility criteria applicable to persons who may receive Cannabis at no or
11 low cost; and recordkeeping requirements. For purposes of this subsection (aa), “nonsale
12 distribution” means to give Cannabis or Cannabis Products to the general public or some
13 segment thereof at no cost, or at nominal cost, or to give coupons, coupon offers, or rebate
14 offers for Cannabis or Cannabis Products to the general public or some segment thereof at no
15 cost or at nominal cost.

16 * * * *

17
18 **SEC. 1619. PROHIBITION ON ENTRY BY AND SALES TO UNDERAGE PERSONS;
19 PROHIBITION ON MISLEADING BUSINESS NAMES.**

20 (a) **Entry to Premises Prohibited.** It shall be a violation of this Article 16 for a
21 Permittee to allow on the Premises any person under 21 years of age, provided however that
22 a Medicinal Cannabis Retailer may allow entry to a person 18 years of age or older who
23 possesses a valid Physician’s Recommendation.

24 (b) **Prohibited Sales.**

25 (1) It shall be a violation of this Article 16 for any Cannabis Café, Storefront

1 Cannabis Retailer, Cannabis Microbusiness, or Delivery-Only Cannabis Retailer to Sell,
2 furnish, give, or cause to be Sold, any Adult Use Cannabis or Adult Use Cannabis Products to
3 any person under the age of 21.

4 (2) It shall be a violation of this Article 16 for any Cannabis Café, Storefront
5 Cannabis Retailer, Cannabis Microbusiness, or Delivery-Only Cannabis Retailer to Sell,
6 furnish, give, or cause to be Sold, any Medicinal Cannabis or Medicinal Cannabis Products to
7 any person who is under the age of 18 and/or who does not possess a valid Physician's
8 Recommendation.

9 (c) **Misleading Business Names Prohibited.** It shall be a violation of this Article 16
10 for a Permittee to assign any name to a Cannabis Café, Cannabis Retailer, or Medicinal
11 Cannabis Retailer, or to use any name in connection with a Cannabis Café, Cannabis Retailer,
12 or Medicinal Cannabis Retailer, if the name is likely to mislead members of the public into
13 believing that the business is legally permitted to sell products to minors, or is likely to entice
14 minors to patronize the business.

15 (d) **Positive Bona Fide Proof of Identity Required.** No Cannabis Café, Storefront
16 Cannabis Retailer, Cannabis Microbusiness, or Delivery-Only Cannabis Retailer may Sell
17 Cannabis or Cannabis Products to any Customer without first examining the Customer's Bona
18 Fide Proof of Age and Identity to confirm that the Customer is at least the minimum age under
19 state law to purchase and possess the Cannabis or Cannabis Product. Review of a
20 Customer's Bona Fide Proof of Age must be performed by an employee of the Permittee, in
21 the presence of the prospective Customer.

22
23 **SEC. 1620. CONSUMPTION OF CANNABIS AND CANNABIS PRODUCTS ON THE**
24 **PREMISES OF CANNABIS BUSINESSES.**

25 (a) The Consumption of Cannabis and Cannabis Products is prohibited on the

1 Premises of all Cannabis Manufacturing Facilities, Cannabis Cultivation Facilities, Cannabis
2 Testing Facilities, Cannabis Distributors, and Delivery-Only Cannabis Retailers.

3 (b) The Consumption of Cannabis Products is not prohibited on the Premises of
4 Cannabis Cafés, Medicinal Cannabis Retailers, Cannabis Retailers, and Cannabis
5 Microbusiness, provided, however, that all of the following conditions are present:

6 (1) The Cannabis Business has received and maintained a valid Cannabis
7 Consumption Permit from the Department of Public Health, as set forth in Article 8A of the
8 Health Code, authorizing onsite Consumption of Cannabis Products;

9 (2) Access to the area where the Consumption of Cannabis Products is
10 allowed is restricted to persons 21 years of age and older, or persons 18 years of age and
11 older, if the Permitted Businesses is authorized to Sell Medicinal Cannabis and Medicinal
12 Cannabis Products;

13 (3) Cannabis Consumption is not visible from any public place or nonage-
14 restricted area; and

15 (4) Sale and Consumption of alcohol or Tobacco Products are not allowed on
16 the Premises.

17 * * * *

18
19 **SEC. 1628.5. CANNABIS CAFÉS.**

20 (a) Authorized Activities. A Cannabis Café permit authorizes the Permittee to engage in the
21 retail Sale of both Medicinal and Adult Use Cannabis and Cannabis Products to Customers. A
22 Cannabis Café permit does not authorize the Permittee to engage in the Delivery of Cannabis or
23 Cannabis Products to Customers.

24 (b) Operating Standards. In addition to the operating requirements set forth in Sections 1618,
25 a Cannabis Café shall comply with the following operating requirements:

1 (1) A Cannabis Café must be operated from a fixed place of business. It may not be
2 operated out of a bus, truck, car, van, or any other mobile location or location that is capable of being
3 mobile.

4 (2) A Cannabis Café shall post staff at the point of entry to the Premises to confirm that
5 all Customers who enter are not underage, as set forth in Section 1619 of this Article 16.

6 (3) A Cannabis Café must make available to Customers a fact sheet relating to safe
7 Consumption of Cannabis and Cannabis Products, to be produced by the Department of Public Health.

8 (4) A Cannabis Café shall not employ physicians for the purpose of recommending
9 Medicinal Cannabis to Customers and shall not enter into any agreements with physicians for such
10 purpose or with a third party that employs physicians for such purpose.

11 (5) A Cannabis Café may Sell Medicinal or Adult Use Cannabis or Cannabis Products
12 to Customers for Consumption on the Premises subject to the following limitations:

13 (A) A Cannabis Café shall only Sell Cannabis or Cannabis Products to
14 Customers for Consumption on the Premises. All menus and other listings of products for sale at a
15 Cannabis Café shall include in a font that is bolded, underlined, and equal to or larger than the font
16 used for product listings a statement that all products are only for Consumption on the Premises and
17 may not be taken off the Premises.

18 (B) A Cannabis Café may only Sell Cannabis or Cannabis Products that are
19 approved for Consumption on the Premises under the Cannabis Café's Cannabis Consumption Permit.

20 (C) A Cannabis Café may not Sell in a single business day Cannabis or
21 Cannabis Products to a Customer in a quantity that exceeds the state legal limit for sale of non-
22 concentrated Adult Use Cannabis or concentrated Adult Use Cannabis Products. A Cannabis Café may
23 not Sell more than eight ounces of Medicinal Cannabis to a Customer in a single business day unless
24 the Customer provides a physician's recommendation for a greater amount. The Director may adopt
25 regulations to further limit the amount of Cannabis or Cannabis Products, including Medicinal

1 Cannabis, that may be sold to a Customer in a single business day.

2 (6) A Cannabis Café may not:

3 (A) Allow Customers on the Premises when the Cannabis Café is closed;

4 (B) Store Cannabis or Cannabis Products in any location other than on the
5 permitted Premises;

6 (C) Sell Cannabis or Cannabis Products through a drive-up window; or

7 (D) Give away or Sell pressurized containers of butane or other materials that
8 could be used in the home production of Cannabis extract.

9 (7) A Cannabis Café may accept returns of Cannabis and Cannabis Products that were
10 previously sold by the Cannabis Café, but shall not resell Cannabis or Cannabis Products that have
11 been returned. A Cannabis Café shall destroy all Cannabis and Cannabis Products that have been
12 returned or abandoned in a manner consistent with state and local law.

13 (8) A Cannabis Café must maintain an electronic age verification device to determine
14 the age of any individual attempting to enter the premises and/or purchase Cannabis or Cannabis
15 Products, which device shall be used for the Sale of the Cannabis or Cannabis Products to the
16 Customer. The device shall be maintained in operational condition and all employees shall be
17 instructed in its use. Cannabis and Cannabis Products shall not be sold to a Customer if the electronic
18 age verification device is not functioning.

19
20 **SEC. 1630. INSPECTIONS.**

21 * * * *

22 (c) The Police Department may conduct random, onsite “sting” operations on the
23 Premises of Cannabis Retailers and Cannabis Cafés to determine compliance with Section
24 1619 of this Article 16. In conducting these inspections, the Police Department may enlist the
25 assistance of persons under 21 years of age.

1 * * * *

2
3 Section 5. Article 2 of the Business and Tax Regulations Code is hereby amended by
4 revising Section 249.20 to read as follows:

5 **ARTICLE 2: LICENSE FEES**

6 * * * *

7 **SEC. 249.20. CANNABIS BUSINESS PERMIT AND LICENSE FEES.**

8 (a) Except as provided in subsection (d), the Director of the Office of Cannabis shall
9 charge every applicant for a cannabis business permit, as set forth in Section 1607 of the
10 Police Code, a one-time non-refundable permit application fee of \$2,000 to recover the costs
11 incurred by the Office of Cannabis of processing the permit application. Except as provided in
12 subsection (d), the Director shall charge an applicant for a permit amendment the hourly costs
13 of processing that amendment, which shall include a minimum two-hour charge. The hourly
14 rate for processing a permit amendment shall be \$110. Such costs for processing applications
15 for permits and permit amendments shall include costs relating to services provided by the
16 Office of the City Attorney, the Controller's Office, and such other offices as may be required
17 to assist the Office of Cannabis in this processing function.

18 (b) Except as provided in subsection (d), the Director of the Office of Cannabis shall
19 charge every person, firm, or corporation engaged in operating a cannabis business, as set
20 forth in Section 1607 of the Police Code, a license fee of \$3,000 for the first year of operation
21 and an annual license fee of \$5,000 for each subsequent year of operation, to recover the
22 costs incurred by the Office of Cannabis in implementing Article 16 of the Police Code. Such
23 costs shall include costs, if any, relating to services provided by the Office of the City Attorney,
24 the Controller's Office, the Department of Human Resources, the Department of Technology,
25 the Office of Contract Administration, and such other offices as may be required to assist the

1 Office of Cannabis in this function. The annual license fee shall be paid annually on or before
2 March 31, in accordance with the provisions of Section 76.1 of the Business and Tax
3 Regulations Code.

4 * * * *

5 (d) The Director of the Office of Cannabis shall not charge an Equity Applicant, as
6 that term is defined in Section 1604 of the Police Code, the one-time non-refundable permit
7 application fee of \$2,000 for a cannabis business permit required by subsection (a), any fees
8 for the hourly costs of processing a permit amendment for the first year of operation required
9 by subsection (a), or the license fee of \$3,000 for the first year of operation as required by
10 subsection (b), except to the extent such fees are for a Cannabis Café permit.

11 * * * *

12

13 Section 6. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
14 intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
15 numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
16 Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment
17 additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the “Note” that appears under
18 the official title of the ordinance.

19

20 Section 7. Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word
21 of this ordinance, or any application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held to be
22 invalid or unconstitutional by a decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision
23 shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions or applications of the ordinance. The
24 Board of Supervisors hereby declares that it would have passed this ordinance and each and
25 every section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, and word not declared invalid or

1 unconstitutional without regard to whether any other portion of this ordinance or application
2 thereof would be subsequently declared invalid or unconstitutional.

3
4 Section 8. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective at 12:00 a.m. on
5 the 31st day after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the
6 Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of
7 receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

8
9 APPROVED AS TO FORM:
10 DAVID CHIU, City Attorney

11 By: /s/ Sarah Crowley
12 SARAH CROWLEY
13 Deputy City Attorney

14 4898-5305-0775, v. 2

Exhibit C: Map of Existing Cannabis Retail Locations

