| 1 | [AANHPI Equal Pay Day - April 3, 2024] |
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| 3 | Resolution declaring April 3, 2024, as Asian American, Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander |
| 4 | (AANHPI) Equal Pay Day in the City and County of San Francisco to raise public |
| 5 | awareness about the impact of pay inequity for women, particularly women of color |
| 6 | and LGBTQIA+ people. |
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| 8 | WHEREAS, In 1996, the National Committee on Pay Equity (NCPE) originated Equal |
| 9 | Pay Day in order to raise public awareness to illustrate the gap between men's and women's |
| 10 | wages; and |
| 11 | WHEREAS, Originally called "National Pay Inequity Awareness Day," Equal Pay Day |
| 12 | represents how far into the year women must work in order to earn what men have earned in |
| 13 | the previous year; and |
| 14 | WHEREAS, In 2024, women make 84 percent of what men make for full-time, year- |
| 15 | round work and women make 78 percent of what men make for all workers, including part- |
| 16 | time and seasonal workers; and |
| 17 | WHEREAS, Based on U.S. Census Bureau data, NCPE has declared March 12, 2024, |
| 18 | as Equal Pay Day, marking the current state of the gender pay gap for women; and |
| 19 | WHEREAS, Over the years, Equal Pay Day has developed into a year long calendar to |
| 20 | reflect the diversity of women workers, including Asian American, Black, Native Hawaiian, |
| 21 | Pacific Islander, Latina and Indigenous women, as well as part-time and seasonal workers, |
| 22 | LGBTQIA+ people and mothers; and |
| 23 | WHEREAS, Based on census data, April 3, 2024, is declared Asian American, Native |
| 24 | Hawaiian, Pacific Islander (AANHPI) Equal Pay Day; and |
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Supervisors Chan; Melgar, Mandelman, Preston, Walton, Safai, Ronen, Peskin, Stefani **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

| 1 | WHEREAS, AANHPI women earn 80 cents for "all earners" (full-time, year-round + |
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| 2 | part-time and part-year) and 93 cents for full time year-round workers when compared to their |
| 3 | male counterparts. |
| 4 | WHEREAS, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander women in particular face tremendous |
| 5 | economic disparities, including stark wage gap inequities that can vary widely by state. |
| 6 | Bangladeshi, Nepalese, and Burmese women are some of the lowest paid people in the |
| 7 | nation. |
| 8 | WHEREAS, Although Equal Pay Day was conceived as a public awareness event, it is |
| 9 | also a reminder and challenge to policy makers to take action to close the gender pay gap; |
| 10 | and |
| 11 | WHEREAS, In 2014, San Francisco passed the Equal Pay Ordinance and in 2015, |
| 12 | appointed the Equal Pay Advisory Board to help end wage discrimination in both the public |
| 13 | and private sectors; and |
| 14 | WHEREAS, Recognition of Equal Pay Day has led to the passage and implementation |
| 15 | of a number of critical measures to help close the gender pay gap, including equal pay laws, |
| 16 | transparent pay practices, paid family leave, sick days, and caregiver protections, but there is |
| 17 | clearly more work to do to achieve equity for all women; now, therefore, be it |
| 18 | RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco |
| 19 | hereby declares April 3, 2024, as Asian American, Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander |
| 20 | (AANHPI) Equal Pay Day, in order to raise public awareness about the impact of pay inequity |
| 21 | for women, particularly women of color and LGBTQIA+ people. |
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