

1 [Joining the California Association of Voting Officials in Support of Open Source Software for  
2 Elections]

3 **Resolution committing the City and County of San Francisco to become a member of**  
4 **the California Association of Voting Officials and pledging to join efforts with**  
5 **participating jurisdictions to create new voting systems utilizing free open source**  
6 **software for elections.**

7  
8 WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco holds it in the interest of its citizens  
9 to conduct efficient and accurate elections in a manner which promotes public trust in the  
10 integrity of every aspect of the elections process; and

11 WHEREAS, Transparency in the recording, collection, transmission, aggregation and  
12 tally of votes promotes public confidence in the integrity of elections; and

13 WHEREAS, A growing number of government leaders, good government groups,  
14 citizens, and press accounts have questioned the value and integrity of the existing, limited  
15 choices of voting systems certified for use in conducting elections; and

16 WHEREAS, A limited number of vendors dominate the voting systems marketplace,  
17 and their refusal to make public their voting system software and hardware designs conflicts  
18 with the goal of election transparency; and

19 WHEREAS, In order to address these issues, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors  
20 on November 18, 2008, adopted Ordinance No. 268-08, File No. 081227, amending the  
21 Administrative Code by adding Sections 5.400-410 to establish a Voting Systems Task Force  
22 comprised of individuals with backgrounds in good government, computer science or the  
23 computer industry, election administration, and accommodations of persons with disabilities,  
24 to make recommendations to the Board of Supervisors about voting system standards, design  
25 and development; and

1           WHEREAS, Pursuant to Ordinance No. 268-08, the San Francisco Voting Systems  
2 Task Force was created to provide the City with recommendations on: standards and  
3 guidelines for development and acquisition of voting systems; methods for acquiring voting  
4 systems in conformity with federal, state and municipal laws; models for the development of a  
5 voting system; business models which promote transparency; and any other issues related to  
6 voting systems which will engender public trust in the elections processes of the City and  
7 County of San Francisco; and

8           WHEREAS, In June 2011, “Recommendations on Voting Systems for the City and  
9 County of San Francisco – A Report by the San Francisco Voting Systems Task Force  
10 (VSTF)” was completed, in which the VSTF recommended that San Francisco advocate with  
11 the California Secretary of State and the State legislature for a new, comprehensive state  
12 certification process to replace the existing requirement for federal certification; and

13           WHEREAS, California Governor Jerry Brown on October 5, 2013, approved California  
14 Senate Bill No. 360 amending the California Elections Code to create a comprehensive state  
15 certification process and adding a new Section 19006 to the Elections Code stating the intent  
16 of the Legislature that:

17           (a) All voting systems be certified or conditionally approved by the Secretary of State,  
18 independent of voluntary federal qualification or certification, before they are used in  
19 future elections to ensure that the voting systems have the ability to meet accuracy,  
20 accessibility, and security standards.

21           (b) The Secretary of State adopt and publish testing standards that meet or exceed  
22 federal voluntary standards set by the United States Election Assistance Commission  
23 or its successor agency.

24           (c) The Secretary of State study and encourage the development of voting systems  
25 that use nonproprietary source code and that are easy to audit.

1 (d) A local jurisdiction may use available public funds to purchase and maintain any  
2 certified or conditionally approved voting system or part of a voting system.

3 (e) California receives the benefits of the publicly funded development of a  
4 nonproprietary voting system in the state.

5 (f) A local jurisdiction may use available public funds to research and develop a  
6 nonproprietary voting system that uses disclosed source codes, including the  
7 manufacture of a limited number of voting system units, for use in a pilot program or for  
8 submission to the Secretary of State for certification; and

9 WHEREAS, The VSTF in its June 2011 report also recommended that:

10 (a) the San Francisco Department of Elections give strong preference to a voting  
11 system licensing structure that gives San Francisco all of the rights provided by a  
12 license approved by the Open Source Initiative, a global non-profit that supports and  
13 promotes the open source movement (“OSI-approved license”), even if the system is  
14 maintained by an external party.

15 (b) San Francisco work with other jurisdictions and organizations, if an open source  
16 model is used, to develop and manage the code-base in order to leverage additional  
17 resources and expertise, and participate during the requirements gathering stage of  
18 development so that its unique requirements can be incorporated into the system  
19 design and implementation.

20 (c) San Francisco be an active participant in the movement toward more open and  
21 transparent voting systems, acknowledging the complexity of moving from the existing  
22 marketplace toward more innovative voting systems; urging San Francisco to move  
23 steadily toward the goal of transparency—even if it must do so in incremental steps;  
24 encouraging the City to be a strong advocate in the private sector marketplace for more  
25

1 transparent systems and to be open as well to new collaborative development models;  
2 and

3 WHEREAS, The California Association of Voting Officials (CAVO) is a California  
4 nonprofit non-stock mutual benefit corporation designed to create new voting systems utilizing  
5 free open source software and inexpensive commodity components, with a mission to develop  
6 and make available open source voting systems for use in public elections, as well as to  
7 provide training, education and management practices to election officials for the effective  
8 employment of technologies; and

9 WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco supports the efforts of California  
10 Association of Voting Officials to create certified and freely shareable voting technology, thus  
11 enhancing quality, security, and availability of voting systems available to counties; and

12 WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco understands that this voting  
13 technology will be based on free and open source software working with common off-the-shelf  
14 modern hardware, including but not limited to tablets, battery-powered printers, computers,  
15 and scanners; and

16 WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco recognizes that development and  
17 certification of these systems will entail substantial investment, but by pooling resources from  
18 many counties, the cost to implement this new technology will be reasonable; now, therefore  
19 be it

20 RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco, in order to further these  
21 goals, will join the California Association of Voting Officials (CAVO) as a member; and, be it

22 FURTHER RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco supports the  
23 movement toward more open and transparent voting systems and the creation of a new voting  
24 system utilizing free general public license open source software and inexpensive commodity  
25 components.