### AMENDED IN BOARD 7/14/2015 ORDINANCE NO. 130-15

FILE NO. 150363

[Administrative Code – Short-Term Residential Rentals]

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to revise the Residential Unit Conversion Ordinance to: limit short-term rental of a Residential Unit to no more than 120 days per calendar year; revise the definition of Interested Parties who may enforce the provisions of Chapter 41A through a private right of action to include Permanent Residents residing within 100 feet of the Residential Unit; create an additional private right of action under certain circumstances; change the administrative hearing process from mandatory to at the request of any party found in violation of this Chapter; require hosts to submit quarterly reports to the Planning Department; and direct the Mayor to create an Office of Short-Term Residential Rental Administration and Enforcement staffed by the Planning Department and other departments as needed; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.

NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.

Additions to Codes are in single-underline italics Times New Roman font.

Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italics Times New Roman font.

Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font.

Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.

Asterisks (\* \* \* \*) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. Environmental Findings. The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with

the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 150363 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms this determination.

Section 2. The Administrative Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 41A.4, 41A.5, 41A. 6, adding a new Section 41A.7, and renumbering existing Section 41A.7 as 41A.8, to read as follows:

#### SEC. 41A.4. DEFINITIONS.

Whenever used in this Chapter 41A, the following words and phrases shall have the definitions provided in this Section:

**Director.** The Director of the Planning Department, *or his or her designee*.

\* \* \* \*

Interested Party. A Permanent Resident of the building in which the Tourist or Transient Use is alleged to occur, any homeowner association associated with the Residential Unit in which the Tourist or Transient Use is alleged to occur, the Owner of the Residential Unit in which the Tourist or Transient Use is alleged to occur, a Permanent Resident or Owner of a property within 100 feet of the property containing the Residential Unit in which the Tourist or Transient Use is alleged to occur, the City and County of San Francisco, or any non-profit organization exempt from taxation pursuant to Title 26, Section 501 of the United States Code, which has the preservation or improvement of housing as a stated purpose in its articles of incorporation or bylaws.

\* \* \* \*

**Short-Term Residential Rental.** A Tourist or Transient Use where all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) the Residential Unit is offered for Tourist or Transient Use by the Permanent Resident of the Residential Unit;
  - (b) the Permanent Resident is a natural person;
- (c) the Permanent Resident has registered the Residential Unit and maintains good standing on the Department's Short-Term Residential Rental Registry; and
- (d) the Residential Unit: is not subject to the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program set forth in Planning Code Section 415et seq.; is not a residential hotel unit subject to the provisions of Chapter 41, unless such unit has been issued a Permit to Convert under Section 41.12; is not otherwise a designated as a below market rate or income-restricted Residential Unit under City, state, or federal law; has not been the subject of an eviction pursuant to the Ellis Act and Administrative Code Section 37.9(a)(13) within the five year period prior to applying for the Registry if such eviction occurred after November 1, 2014; and no other requirement of federal or state law, this Municipal Code, or any other applicable law or regulation prohibits the permanent resident from subleasing, renting, or otherwise allowing Short-Term Residential Rental of the Residential Unit.

Short-Term Residential Rental Registry or Registry. A database of information maintained by the Department that includes information regarding Permanent Residents who are permitted to offer Residential Units for Short-Term Residential Rental. Only one Permanent Resident per Residential Unit may be included on the Registry at any given time. The Registry shall be available for public review to the extent required by law, except that, to the extent permitted by law, the Department shall redact any Permanent Resident names and street and unit numbers from the records available for public review.

\* \* \* \*

SEC. 41A.5. UNLAWFUL CONVERSION; REMEDIES.

- (a) **Unlawful Actions.** Except as set forth in subsection 41A.5(g), it shall be unlawful for
  - (1) any Owner to offer a Residential Unit for rent for Tourist or Transient Use;
- (2) any Owner to offer a Residential Unit for rent to a Business Entity that will allow the use of a Residential Unit for Tourist or Transient Use; or
- (3) any Business Entity to allow the use of a Residential Unit for Tourist or Transient Use.
- (b) **Records Required.** The Owner and Business Entity, if any, shall retain and make available to the Department records to demonstrate compliance with this Chapter 41A upon written request as provided herein. *Any Permanent Resident offering his or her Primary Residence as a Short-Term Residential Rental shall retain and make available to the Department records to demonstrate compliance with this Chapter 41A, including but not limited to records demonstrating <i>Primary Residency, the number of days per calendar year he or she has occupied the Residential Unit, and the number of days per calendar year, with dates and duration of each stay, the Residential Unit has been rented for Short-Term Residential Rental Use.*
- (c) **Determination of Violation.** Upon the filing of a written Complaint that an Owner or Business Entity has engaged in an alleged unlawful Conversion or that a Hosting Platform is not complying with the requirements of subsection (g)(4)(A), the Director shall take reasonable steps necessary to determine the validity of the Complaint. The Director may independently determine whether an Owner or Business Entity may be renting a Residential Unit for Tourist or Transient Use in violation of this Chapter 41A or whether a Hosting Platform has failed to comply with the requirements of subsection (g)(4)(A). To determine if there is a violation of this Chapter 41A, the Director may initiate an investigation of the subject property or Hosting Platform's allegedly unlawful activities. This investigation may include, but is not limited to, an inspection of the subject property and/or a request for any pertinent information

from the Owner, Business Entity, or Hosting Platform, such as leases, business records, or other documents. The Director shall have discretion to determine whether there is a potential violation of this Chapter 41A and whether to conduct an administrative review hearing as set forth below. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter 41A, any alleged violation related to failure to comply with the requirements of the Business and Tax Regulations Code shall be enforced by the Treasurer/Tax Collector under the provisions of that Code.

#### (d) Civil Action.

(1) The City may institute civil proceedings for injunctive and monetary relief, including civil penalties, against an Owner, Business Entity, or Hosting Platform for violations of this Chapter 41A under any circumstances, without regard to whether a Complaint has been filed or the Director has made a determination of a violation through an administrative review hearing as set forth in this Chapter 41A.

# (2) Private Rights of Action.

(A) Following the filing of a Complaint and the <u>final</u> determination of a violation by the Director<sub>±</sub> through an administrative review hearing as set forth in this Chapter 41A, the City may institute civil proceedings for injunctive and monetary relief against a Hosting Platform for violation of subsection (g)(4)(A) or the City or any other Interested Party may institute civil proceedings for injunctive and monetary relief against an Owner or Business Entity.

(B) An Interested Party who is a Permanent Resident of the building in which the Tourist or Transient Use is alleged to occur, is a Permanent Resident of a property within 100 feet of the property containing the Residential Unit in which the Tourist or Transient Use is alleged to occur, or is a homeowner association associated with the Residential Unit in which the Tourist or Transient Use is alleged to occur may institute a civil action for injunctive and monetary relief against an Owner or Business Entity if:

(i) The Interested Party has filed a Complaint with the Department:

1	(ii) The Director has not made a written determination pursuant to subsection
2	41A.6(a) that there is no violation of this Chapter 41A or basis for an investigation for an unlawful
3	activity;
4	(iii) An administrative hearing officer has not issued a final determination
5	pursuant to subsection 41A.6(bc) regarding the Complaint within 105135 days of the filing of the
6	Complaint with the Department;
7	(iv) After such 105135-day period has passed, the Interested Party has
8	provided 30 days' written notice to the Department and the City Attorney's Office of its intent to initiate
9	civil proceedings; and
10	(v) The City has not initiated civil proceedings by the end of that 30-day notice
11	period.
12	Under this subsection $41A.5(d)(2)(B)$ , the prevailing party shall be entitled to the costs of suit,
13	including reasonable attorneys' fees, pursuant to an order of the Court.
14	(3) In addition, Civil Penalties. If the City is the prevailing party in any civil action
15	under this subsection (d): an Owner or Business Entity in violation of this Chapter 41A or a
16	Hosting Platform in violation of subsection (g)(4)(A) may be liable for civil penalties of not
17	more than \$1,000 per day for the period of the unlawful activity. Interested Parties other than the
18	City may not seek or obtain civil penalties.
19	(4) Attorneys' Fees and Costs. If the City or any other the Interested Party is the
20	prevailing party, the City or the Interested Party shall be entitled to the costs of enforcing this
21	Chapter 41A, including reasonable attorneys' fees, pursuant to an order of the Court.
22	(5) Any monetary award obtained by the City and County of San Francisco in
23	such a civil action shall be deposited in the Department to be used for enforcement of Chapter
24	41A. The Department, through the use of these funds, shall reimburse City departments and
25	

agencies, including the City Attorney's Office, for all costs and fees incurred in the enforcement of this Chapter 41A.

(e) **Criminal Penalties.** Any Owner or Business Entity who rents a Residential Unit for Tourist or Transient Use in violation of this Chapter 41A without correcting or remedying the violation as provided for in subsection 41A.6(b)(7)(c)(6) shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person convicted of a misdemeanor hereunder shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment in the County Jail for a period of not more than six months, or by both. Each Residential Unit rented for Tourist or Transient Use shall constitute a separate offense.

\* \* \* \*

## (g) Exception for Short-Term Residential Rental.

- (1) Notwithstanding the restrictions set forth in this Section 41A.5, a Permanent Resident may offer his or her Primary Residence as a Short-Term Residential Rental if:
- (A) The Permanent Resident occupies the Residential Unit for no less than 275 days out of the calendar year in which the Residential Unit is rented as a Short-Term Residential Rental or, if the Permanent Resident has not rented or owned the Residential Unit for the full preceding calendar year, for no less than 75% of the days he or she has owned or rented the Residential Unit. The Residential Unit is rented for Tourist or Transient Use for no more than 120 days during any calendar year;
- (B) The Permanent Resident maintains records for two years demonstrating compliance with this Chapter <u>41A</u>, including but not limited to information demonstrating Primary Residency, <u>the number of days per calendar year he or she has occupied the Residential Unit</u>, the number of days per calendar year the Residential Unit has been rented as a Short-Term Residential Rental, and compliance with the insurance

requirement in Subsection (D). These records shall be made available to the Department upon request;

\* \* \* \*

# (3) Short-Term Residential Rental Registry Applications, Fee, and Reporting Requirement.

(A) **Application.** Registration shall be for a two-year term, which may be renewed by the Permanent Resident by filing a completed renewal application. Initial and renewal applications shall be in a form prescribed by the Department. The Department shall determine, in its sole discretion, the completeness of an application. Upon receipt of a complete initial application, the Department shall send mailed notice to the owner of record of the Residential Unit, informing the owner that an application to the Registry for the unit has been received. If the Residential Unit is in a RH-1(D) zoning district, the <u>following additional</u> requirements shall apply: the Department shall also send mailed notice to any directly associated homeowner association that has previously requested such notice <u>and to any</u> owners and occupants within 300 feet of the property-; the Department shall hold the application for 45 days after sending such notice; and the Department shall review and consider any information submitted by any such homeowner association, neighboring owner or occupant, or member of the public regarding the eligibility of the permanent resident and/or the residential unit for listing on the Registry received during the 45-day hold period.

Both the initial application and any renewal application shall contain information sufficient to show that the Residential Unit is the Primary Residence of the applicant, that the applicant is the unit's Permanent Resident, and that the applicant has the required insurance coverage and business registration certificate. In addition to the information set forth here, the Department may require any other additional information necessary to show the Permanent Resident's compliance with this Chapter 41A. Primary Residency shall be established by

showing the Residential Unit is listed as the applicant's residence on at least two of the following: motor vehicle registration; driver's license; voter registration; tax documents showing the Residential Unit as the Permanent Resident's Primary Residence for home owner's tax exemption purposes; or utility bill. A renewal application shall contain sufficient information to show that the applicant is the Permanent Resident and has occupied the unit for at least 275 days of each of the two preceding calendar years. Upon the Department's determination that an application is complete, the unit shall be entered into the Short-Term Residential Rental Registry and assigned an individual registration number.

\* \* \* \*

(C) Reporting Requirement. To maintain good standing on the Registry, the Permanent Resident shall submit a <u>quarterly</u> report to the Department <u>beginning</u> on January 1, 2016, and on January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 of each year <u>thereafter</u>, regarding the number of days the Residential Unit or any portion thereof has been rented as a Short-Term Residential Rental since either initial registration or the last report, whichever is more recent, and any additional information the Department may require to demonstrate compliance with this Chapter 41A.

# (4) Requirements for Hosting Platforms.

(A) **Notice to Users of Hosting Platform.** All Hosting Platforms shall provide the following information in a notice to any user listing a Residential Unit located within the City and County of San Francisco through the Hosting Platform's service. The notice shall be provided prior to the user listing the Residential Unit and shall include the following information: that Administrative Code Chapters 37 and 41A regulate Short-Term Rental of Residential Units; the requirements for Permanent Residency and registration of the unit with the Department; and the transient occupancy tax obligations to the City.

(B) A Hosting Platform shall comply with the requirements of the Business and Tax Regulations Code by, among any other applicable requirements, collecting and remitting all required Transient Occupancy Taxes, and this provision shall not relieve a Hosting Platform of liability related to an occupant's, resident's, Business Entity's, or Owner's failure to comply with the requirements of the Business and Tax Regulations Code. A Hosting Platform shall maintain a record demonstrating that the taxes have been remitted to the Tax Collector and shall make this record available to the Tax Collector upon request.

(C) Any violation of a Hosting Platform's responsibilities under subsection (g)(54)(A) shall subject the Hosting Platform to the administrative penalties and enforcement provisions of this Chapter 414, including but not limited to payment of civil penalties of up to \$1,000 per day for the period of the failure to comply, with the exception that any violation related to failure to comply with the requirements of the Business and Tax Regulations Code shall be enforced by the Treasurer/Tax Collector under that Code.

SEC. 41A.6. <u>ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES FOR DETERMINING ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES.</u>

# (a) <u>Determination and Notice of Complaint Violation</u>.

independent finding has determined that there may be a violation of this Chapter 41A exists, the Director shall notify the responsible Owner, Business Entity, or Hosting Platform of the determination of violation by certified mail and shall post the notice of violation in a conspicuous location on, or if access to the property is not available in a conspicuous location as close as practicable to, the building or property where the Residential Unit is located that the Owner's Residential Unit is the subject of an investigation for an unlawful use and provide the date, time, and place of an administrative review hearing in which the Owner can respond

to the Complaint. If the Director finds there is no violation of this Chapter or basis for an investigation for an unlawful activity, the Director shall so inform the complainant within 30 days of the filing of the Complaint.

(2) If the Complaint concerns the failure of a Hosting Platform to comply with the requirements of subsection 41A.5 (g)(4)(A), within 30 days of the filing of the Complaint and upon the Director's independent finding that there may be a violation of this Chapter, the Director shall notify the Hosting Platform by certified mail that the Hosting Platform is the subject of an investigation for failure to comply with the requirements of that subsection and provide the date, time, and place of an administrative review hearing in which the Hosting Platform can respond to the Complaint.

(3) Once a Complaint has been filed or once the Director has made a determination of violation in the absence of a Complaint, the Department shall include information regarding the Complaint or violation, including whether the Complaint is pending or resolved and, if resolved, any final determination, on the Department's website.

(43) Contents of Notice. The notice shall cite to this Chapter 41A and describe the violation(s) with specificity. The notice of violation shall: state that the responsible party shall immediately correct all violations; and assess any applicable administrative penalties as set forth in Subsection 41A.6(d)(1). The notice of violation shall also inform the responsible party of the right to request a Director's hearing under Subsection 41A.6(b) to appeal the determination of violation and any assessed administrative penalties.

(54) If the Director finds there is no violation of this Chapter or basis for an investigation for an unlawful activity, the Director shall so inform the complainant within 3060 days of the filing of the any Complaint.

(b) Request for Hearing. Within 30 days of the notice of violation, the responsible party may request a Director's hearing to appeal the determination of violation and any

assessed administrative penalties. The Director shall send a notice of the date, hour, and place of the hearing to the responsible party at the address specified in the request for hearing and to any member of the public who has expressed an interest in the matter.

- <u>Co</u>\_Administrative Review Hearings. In the event the Director determines that an administrative review hearing shall be conducted, the Director may designate a member of Department staff to act in his or her place as the hearing officer. The Director's appointed hearing officer will shall hold an administrative review hearing within 45 days of the Director's finding that there may be a violation of this Chapter 41A request for hearing to review all information provided by the Interested Party, members of the public, City staff, and the Owner. Business Entity, or Hosting Platform for the investigation, and the hearing officer shall thereafter make a determination whether the Owner, Business Entity, or Hosting Platform has violated this Chapter 41A.
- (1) For hearings regarding alleged unlawful conversions, notice of the hearing shall be conspicuously posted on the building that is the subject of the hearing. The Director shall appoint a hearing officer to conduct the hearing.
- (2) Pre-hearing Submission. No less than ten days prior to the administrative review hearing, parties to the hearing shall submit written information to the Director including, but not limited to, the issues to be determined by the hearing officer and the evidence to be offered at the hearing. Such information shall be forwarded to the hearing officer prior to the hearing along with any information compiled by the Director.
- (32) **Hearing Procedure.** If more than one hearing is requested for Residential Units located in the same building at or about the same time, the Director shall consolidate all of the hearings into one hearing. The hearing shall be recorded. Any party to the hearing may at his or her own expense cause the hearing to be recorded by a certified court reporter. Parties may be represented by counsel-and shall have the right to cross examine witnesses.

All testimony shall be given under oath. Written decisions and findings shall be rendered by the hearing officer within 30 days of the hearing. Copies of the findings and decision shall be served upon the parties by certified mail. A notice that a copy of the findings and decision is available for inspection between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday shall be posted by the Owner or the Director in the building in the same location in which the notice of the administrative review hearing was posted.

- (4<u>3</u>) **Failure to Appear.** In the event the Owner, authorized Hosting Platform representative, or an interested party fails to appear at the hearing, the hearing officer may nevertheless make a determination based on the evidence in the record and files at the time of the hearing, and issue a written decision and findings.
- (54) Finality of the Hearing Officer's Decision and Judicial Review. The decision of the hearing officer shall be final. Within 20 days after service of the hearing officer's decision, any party may seek judicial review of the hearing officer's decision.
- Hhearing Officer's decision, or if no hearing is requested upon the expiration of the appeal period, the Director may proceed to collect the penalties and costs pursuant to the lien procedures set forth in Subsection 41A.6(de), consistent with the Hhearing Officer's decision or the determination of violation if no hearing is requested.
- (76) **Remedy of Violation.** If the <u>Hh</u>earing <u>Oofficer determines that a violation has occurred, the <u>Hhearing Oofficer's Odecision shall:</u></u>
- (A) Specify a reasonable period of time during which the Owner, Business Entity, or Hosting Platform must correct or otherwise remedy the violation;
- (B) Detail the amount of any administrative penalties the Owner or Hosting Platform shall be required to pay as set forth in Subsection 41A.6(ed); and,

- (C) For violations by Owners, state that if the violation is not corrected or otherwise remedied within this period, the Department shall remove or prohibit the registration of the Residential Unit from the Short-Term Residential Registry for one year even if the Residential Unit otherwise meets the requirements for Short-Term Residential Rental.
- (87) If the Hhearing Oofficer determines that no violation has occurred, the determination is final.
  - (ed) Imposition of Administrative Penalties for Violations and Enforcement Costs.
- (1) Administrative Penalties. If the Hearing Officer determines that a violation has occurred, an aAdministrative penaltyies shall be assessed as follows:
- (A)  $f\underline{F}$  or the initial violation, not more than four times the standard hourly administrative rate of \$121.00 for each unlawfully converted unit, or for each identified failure of a Hosting Platform to comply with the requirements of subsection  $\underline{41A.5}(g)(4)\underline{(A)}$ , per day from the notice of Complaintviolation until such time as the unlawful activity terminates;
- (B)  $f\underline{F}$  or the second violation by the same Owner(s), Business Entity, or Hosting Platform, not more than eight times the standard hourly administrative rate of \$121.00 for each unlawfully converted unit, or for each identified failure of a Hosting Platform to comply with the requirements of subsection  $\underline{41A.5}$  (g)(4)( $\underline{A}$ ), per day from the day the unlawful activity commenced until such time as the unlawful activity terminates; and
- (C) <u>fF</u>or the third and any subsequent violation by the same Owner(s), Business Entity, or Hosting Platform, not more than twelve times the standard hourly administrative rate of \$121.00 for each unlawfully converted unit or for each identified failure of a Hosting Platform to comply with the requirements of subsection <u>41A.5</u> (g)(4)(<u>A)</u> per day from the day the unlawful activity commenced until such time as the unlawful activity terminates.

- Platform. In the event of multiple violations, the Department shall remove the Residential Unit(s) from the Registry for one year and include the Residential Unit(s) on a list maintained by the Department of Residential Units that may not be listed on any Hosting Platform until compliance. Any Owner or Business Entity who continues to list a Residential Unit in violation of this section shall be liable for additional administrative penalties and civil penalties of up to \$1,000 per day of unlawful inclusion.
- Owner or Hosting Platform by certified mail of the violation and that administrative penalties shall be imposed pursuant to this Chapter 41A. The notice shall state the time of the existence of the violation and the resulting imposition of penalties. Payment of the administrative penalties and enforcement costs shall be made within 30 days of the certified mailed notice to the Owner or Hosting Platform. If the administrative penalties and enforcement costs are not paid, the Director shall refer the matter to the Treasurer/Tax Collector and/or initiate lien procedures to secure the amount of the penalties and costs against the real property that is subject to this Chapter, under Article XX of Chapter 10 of the Administrative Code to make the penalty, plus accrued interest, a lien against the real property regulated under this Chapter. Except for the release of the lien recording fee authorized by Administrative Code Section 10.237, all sums collected by the Tax Collector pursuant to this ordinance shall be deposited as set forth in subsection (ef) below.
- (e<u>f</u>) **Deposit of Penalties.** Any fees and penalties collected pursuant to this Chapter 41A shall be deposited in the Department, which shall reimburse City departments and agencies, including the City Attorney's Office, for all costs and fees incurred in the enforcement of this Chapter 41A.

# SEC. 41A.7. <u>OFFICE OF SHORT-TERM RESIDENTIAL RENTAL ADMINISTRATION</u> AND ENFORCEMENT.

The Mayor shall establish an Office of Short-Term Residential Rental Administration and

Enforcement, which shall provide a single location to receive and process applications for the Registry
and Complaints regarding violations of this Chapter 41A. and which This office shall be staffed
by the Department and other departments as appropriate, with participation from the Department
of Building Inspection, and the Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office, and other departments as needed,
to process applications for the Registry and enforce the requirements of this Chapter 41A in a timely
and efficient manner. It is the intent of this Board in directing the establishment of this office to
streamline both the process of administering the Registry and enforcing the requirements of this
Chapter 41A to protect residential housing from unlawful conversion to Tourist or Transient Use.

## SEC. 41A.8 CONSTRUCTION.

- (a) Nothing in this Chapter 41A may be construed to supersede any other lawfully enacted ordinance of the City and County of San Francisco.
- (b) Clauses of this Chapter <u>41A</u> are declared to be severable and if any provision or clause of this e<u>C</u>hapter <u>41A</u> or the application thereof is held to be unconstitutional or to be otherwise invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this Chapter <u>41A</u>.

Section 3. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

Section 4. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles, numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under the official title of the ordinance.

APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By:

MARLENA BYRNE Deputy City Attorney

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# City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

#### **Ordinance**

File Number: 150363

Date Passed: July 21, 2015

Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to revise the Residential Unit Conversion Ordinance to: revise the definition of interested parties who may enforce the provisions of Chapter 41A, through a private right of action to include permanent residents residing within 100 feet of the residential unit; create an additional private right of action under certain circumstances; change the administrative hearing process from mandatory to at the request of any party found in violation of this Chapter; create an Office of Short-Term Residential Rental Administration and Enforcement staffed by the Planning Department, Department of Building Inspection, and Tax Collector's Office; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.

May 18, 2015 Land Use and Transportation Committee - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

May 18, 2015 Land Use and Transportation Committee - REFERRED WITHOUT RECOMMENDATION AS AMENDED

June 09, 2015 Board of Supervisors - CONTINUED ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 7 - Breed, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Tang, Wiener and Yee

Noes: 4 - Avalos, Campos, Kim and Mar

July 14, 2015 Board of Supervisors - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING NEW TITLE

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Breed, Campos, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Tang, Wiener and Yee

July 14, 2015 Board of Supervisors - NOT AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

Ayes: 5 - Avalos, Campos, Kim, Mar and Yee

Noes: 6 - Breed, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Tang and Wiener

July 14, 2015 Board of Supervisors - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Breed, Campos, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Tang, Wiener and Yee

July 14, 2015 Board of Supervisors - DUPLICATED AS AMENDED

July 14, 2015 Board of Supervisors - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING NEW TITLE

Ayes: 6 - Breed, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Tang and Wiener

Noes: 5 - Avalos, Campos, Kim, Mar and Yee

July 14, 2015 Board of Supervisors - PASSED ON FIRST READING AS AMENDED

Ayes: 6 - Breed, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Tang and Wiener

Noes: 5 - Avalos, Campos, Kim, Mar and Yee

July 21, 2015 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 6 - Breed, Christensen, Cohen, Farrell, Tang and Wiener

Noes: 4 - Avalos, Kim, Mar and Yee

Excused: 1 - Campos

File No. 150363

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on 7/21/2015 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

> Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Mayor

Date Approved