

File No. 220878 Committee Item No. 1
 Board Item No. 1

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: Land Use and Transportation Committee Date March 6, 2023

Board of Supervisors Meeting Date March 21, 2023

Cmte Board

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| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Resolution |
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| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Legislative Digest |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Budget and Legislative Analyst Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Youth Commission Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Introduction Form |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report |
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| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Award Letter |
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OTHER (Use back side if additional space is needed)

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| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <u>Referral CEQA 082422</u> |
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Completed by: Erica Major Date March 2, 2023
 Completed by: Erica Major Date March 7, 2023

1 [Planning, Building Codes - Penalties for Code Enforcement]

2

3 **Ordinance amending the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties**
4 **for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting**
5 **more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of**
6 **assessing penalties; requiring the Planning Commission and the Historic Preservation**
7 **Commission to adopt factors for the Zoning Administrator to consider in determining**
8 **the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units**
9 **merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing**
10 **penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty**
11 **amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for**
12 **Responsible Parties; affirming the Planning Department’s determination under the**
13 **California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the**
14 **General Plan and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and**
15 **findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section**
16 **302.**

17

NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain Arial font.
18 **Additions to Codes** are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*.
19 **Deletions to Codes** are in *strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*.
20 **Board amendment additions** are in double-underlined Arial font.
21 **Board amendment deletions** are in ~~strikethrough Arial font~~.
Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

22 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

23

24 Section 1. Environmental and Land Use Findings.

25 (a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this

1 ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources
2 Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
3 Supervisors in File No. 220878 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms
4 this determination.

5 (b) On January 19, 2023, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No. 21230, adopted
6 findings that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the
7 City's General Plan and eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. The Board
8 adopts these findings as its own. A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the
9 Board of Supervisors in File No. 220878, and is incorporated herein by reference.

10 (c) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, the Board of Supervisors finds that this
11 ordinance will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in
12 Planning Commission Resolution No. 21230, and incorporates such reasons by this reference
13 thereto. A copy of said resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File
14 No. 220878.

15 (d) The Building Inspection Commission considered this ordinance on January 18,
16 2023, at a duly noticed public hearing, pursuant to Charter Section D3.750-5.

17
18 Section 2. General Findings.

19 (a) All uses, structures on, and conditions of real property in violation of the Planning
20 and Building Codes are both unlawful and a public nuisance, and such violations destroy the
21 distinctive qualities that make San Francisco and its individual neighborhoods unique, and can
22 create urban blight. This is particularly true where violations of the Codes result in damage to
23 or destruction of historic resources or landmarks, removal of much needed housing units, and
24 in other cases where the violation cannot be abated and cured. In recent years, there has
25 been a dramatic increase in violations of the Planning and building Codes that have gone

1 unabated despite enforcement actions by the Planning Department and the Department of
2 Building Inspection.

3 (b) The purpose of this ordinance is to increase administrative and civil penalties that
4 can be assessed to encourage compliance with both Codes, deter violation of code
5 requirements, create new penalties for certain violations that are of particular concern to the
6 City and its residents, and to provide additional incentives to deter violations that can result in
7 irreparable harm to the City, including unlawful elimination of existing housing, alteration or
8 damage to, or destruction of historic landmarks and historic resources, as well as to deter
9 other irreversible violations. The goal of these penalties and enforcement mechanisms is to
10 ensure compliance with, and deter violation of, all requirements of the Municipal Code,
11 including but not limited to the Planning Code and Building Code, and to preserve and
12 enhance neighborhood quality of life for all San Francisco residents and visitors.

13 (c) The ordinance also provides that the Planning Commission and the Historic
14 Preservation Commission shall adopt factors to be considered by the Zoning Administrator in
15 assessing penalties, and expressly states the existing administrative interpretation of the code
16 that a violation at each real property address, and each commercial or dwelling unit within a
17 multi-unit real property address, is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable
18 administrative penalties; further, that each separate violation of the Planning Code stemming
19 from a single incident or practice is likewise a distinct violation of that Code.

20 (d) No local findings are required under California Health and Safety Code Section
21 17958.7 because the amendments to the Building Code contained in this ordinance do not
22 regulate materials or manner of construction or repair, and instead relate in their entirety to
23 administrative procedures for implementing the code and remedies available for enforcing the
24 Building Code.

1 Section 3. The Planning Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 176 and 350,
2 and deleting Section 176.1, to read as follows:

3
4 **SEC. 176. ENFORCEMENT AGAINST VIOLATIONS.**

5 (a) **Violations Unlawful.** Any use, structure, lot, feature, or condition in violation of
6 this Code is hereby found and declared to be unlawful and a public nuisance. Should any
7 permit or license have been issued that was not then in conformity with the provisions of this
8 Code, such permit or license shall be null and void.

9 (b) **Methods of Enforcement.** The Zoning Administrator shall have authority to
10 enforce this Code against violations thereof by any of the following actions:

11 (1) Serving ~~notice~~ a Notice of Violation (NOV) requiring the cessation, removal, or
12 correction of any violation of this Code upon the property owner or owners, agent, or tenant of
13 ~~the property~~ ("Responsible Party" or "Responsible Parties") of the property that is the subject of
14 the violation, ~~or upon the architect, builder, contractor, or other person who commits or assists in~~
15 ~~such violation, by mail or by posting the notice in a conspicuous place on the property that is the~~
16 subject of the violation. When such information is available, notice may also be served upon the tenant
17 of the property, agent of the owner, designer, builder, or any other person who commits or assists in
18 such violation;

19 (2) Calling upon the City Attorney to maintain an action for injunction to restrain or
20 abatement to cause the correction or removal of any such violation, and for assessment and
21 recovery of a civil penalty for such violation as well as any attorneys' fees or costs, including
22 but not limited to expert witness fees, and costs of investigation incurred in maintaining such an
23 action;

24 (3) Calling upon the District Attorney to institute criminal proceedings in
25 enforcement of this Code against any such violation;

1 (4) Calling upon the Chief of Police and authorized agents to assist in the
2 enforcement of this Code; and

3 (5) Calling upon the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development
4 (MOHCD) to enforce Planning Code requirements relating to affordable housing. The
5 Department and MOHCD shall enter into a memorandum of understanding to identify the
6 types of enforcement cases to be delegated to MOHCD.

7 (c) **Penalties.**

8 (1) **Administrative Penalties.**

9 (A) General Violations. ~~In the notice requiring the cessation, removal, or correction~~
10 ~~of any violation of this Code, t~~The Zoning Administrator, by issuance of the NOV, may assess upon
11 the Responsible Party an administrative penalty for each violation in an amount up to
12 \$2501,000 for each day the violation continues unabated. ~~The "responsible party" is the owner(s)~~
13 ~~of the real property on which the code violation is located, as listed in the records of the San Francisco~~
14 ~~Assessor, and the current leaseholder if different from the current owner(s) of the real property.~~ For
15 purposes of this subsection (c)(1)(A), each real property address, and each commercial or dwelling
16 unit within a multi-unit real property address, affected by a violation is a distinct violation for
17 calculation of applicable administrative penalties. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a violation of this
18 Code that affects a common area, feature, or shared detached feature of a multi-unit structure may be
19 treated as a distinct violation of this Code, at the reasonable discretion of the Zoning Administrator.
20 The NOV may be appealed in the manner provided in subsection (c)(1)(E).

21 Upon the later of the expiration of the time in which an appeal of an NOV may be filed without
22 any such appeal having been filed, or the entry of a final decision on an appeal of an NOV (a Notice of
23 Violation and Penalty Decision, or NOVPD), the NOV or NOVPD may be recorded as an Order of
24 Abatement against title to the property, and the obligations to correct the violation as set forth in the
25

1 NOV or NOVDP Order of Abatement shall be Planning Code conditions pursuant to Section 174 of this
2 Code that run with title to the property. Further, such recordation shall provide notice to each
3 Responsible Party and any subsequent successor or assign of title to the property that the failure to
4 perform such obligations is a violation of the Planning Code and may be enforced as such.

5 **(B) Contents of NOV, NOVDP, and Notice of Additional Compliance Actions And**
6 **Accrued Penalties.**

7 The NOV shall inform the Responsible Party: of the necessary steps toward
8 compliance the Responsible Party must timely perform to avoid the accrual of daily penalties
9 (“Compliance Actions”); that upon finality, the NOV or NOVDP may be recorded as an Order of
10 Abatement against title to the property; and that any daily penalties or Time and Materials assessed
11 under a final NOV or NOVDP will be a debt to the City and County of San Francisco that may become
12 a lien against the property and/or may be enforced by any means available under the law. At any time
13 following the issuance of an NOV, the Zoning Administrator may issue the Responsible Party a Notice
14 of Additional Compliance Actions and Accrued Penalties requiring the Responsible Party or Parties to
15 perform new or additional Compliance Actions and stating the total penalties accrued during the
16 period covered by the notice. Upon a transfer of an interest in the property, the transferee shall be the
17 Responsible Party for purposes of daily penalties accruing after the date of recordation of the transfer;
18 however, if an NOV or NOVDP was not recorded as an Order of Abatement against title to the
19 property prior to recordation of the transfer, the Zoning Administrator shall record an NOV against
20 title to the property and may issue the transferee a Notice of Additional Compliance Actions stating
21 the Compliance Actions required of the transferee where a penalty will be assessed against the
22 property, and the transferee shall be given the opportunity to comply with said Notice prior to the
23 accrual of further daily penalties.

1 (C) Penalties for Specified Violations.

2 (i) Alteration, Merger, Construction, or Demolition of Residential Units

3 without a Permit. For any alteration, merger, construction, or demolition of any building or structure
4 containing one or more Residential Units, including work that takes place in violation of Section 317 of
5 this Code, on or after March 1, 2023, resulting in the addition of more than ~~two~~three unauthorized
6 Residential Units, or the loss of one or more Residential Units, (1) the owner of that building shall be
7 required to apply for a replacement project under section 317 of this Code, and (2) the Responsible
8 Party shall be liable for a penalty of up to \$250,000 upon issuance of a Notice of Violation for each
9 Residential Unit added or lost through such alteration, merger, or demolition. Within 12 months of the
10 effective date of the ordinance in Board File No. 220878 amending this Section 176, the Planning
11 Commission shall adopt factors and criteria for consideration, to be updated from time to time, to
12 provide guidance to the Zoning Administrator when determining the appropriate penalty amount for
13 violations subject to this subsection (c)(1)(C)(i).

14 (ii) Alteration or Damage to or Demolition of Historic Property. Whenever

15 the alteration or demolition of a building or structure takes place in violation of this Code and the
16 violation involves significant alteration or damage to or demolition of either a historic landmark, or
17 contributor to one or more historic districts or conservation districts that are identified in the
18 Appendices to Articles 10 and Article 11 of the Planning Code, or any property listed in the California
19 Register of Historical Resources or the National Register of Historic Places, the Responsible Party
20 shall be liable for an additional penalty of up to \$500,000 upon issuance of a Notice of Violation for
21 each structure that is significantly altered or demolished without the issuance of an alteration or
22 demolition permit as required by applicable codes. Within 12 months of the effective date of the
23 ordinance in Board File No. 220878 amending this Section 176, the Historic Preservation Commission
24 shall adopt definitions for “significant alteration or damage” and “demolition” as those terms are
25 applied in this Section 176(c)(1)(C)(ii), as well as relevant factors and criteria for consideration, to be

1 updated from time to time, to provide guidance to the Zoning Administrator when determining the
2 appropriate penalty amount for violations subject to this subsection (c)(1)(C)(ii).

3 ~~(D) Restrictions on Construction. Whenever the demolition of any building or~~
4 ~~structure containing one or more Residential Units, as defined in Section 317(b)(2)(B) or (C)~~
5 ~~but exclusive of the application of Section 317(b)(2)(D), takes place in violation of Section 317~~
6 ~~of this Code, the site on which the unlawful demolition occurred shall be subject to the~~
7 ~~following restriction: For five years from the date of the unlawful demolition, no permit~~
8 ~~authorizing the construction or alteration of any building or structure for that site shall be~~
9 ~~issued except for a permit for the construction or alteration of a building or structure with the~~
10 ~~same or a greater number of Residential Units, with the same or higher proportion of~~
11 ~~residential to nonresidential units as the building or structure that was unlawfully demolished.~~
12 ~~In cases which qualify for the foregoing exception, the proposed area of all additional units~~
13 ~~must be at least 40% the gross square footage of the largest unit in the proposed project~~
14 ~~unless all units in the replacement project will be sold or rented at below market rates. All~~
15 ~~replacement Residential Units shall be subject to the Rent Ordinance (Administrative Code~~
16 ~~Chapter 37) to the same extent as the Residential Units that were demolished in violation of~~
17 ~~Section 317 of this Code.~~

18 ~~————~~ (E) **Hearings.**

19
20 (i) **Zoning Administrator Hearing.**

21 A Responsible Party or other party identified as a violator in an NOV or Notice
22 of Additional Compliance Action And Accrued Penalties may appeal the NOV or Notice of Additional
23 Compliance Action And Accrued Penalties by submitting a request, in writing, to the Zoning
24 Administrator within 30 days of issuance of the NOV or Notice of Additional Compliance Action And
25 Accrued Penalties. The hearing shall be conducted in the manner provided in this subsection

1 (c)(1)(E)(i). An NOV or Notice of Additional Compliance Action And Accrued Penalties that is not
2 timely appealed shall be final. Upon finality, an NOV, NOVDP, or Notice of Additional Compliance
3 Action And Accrued Penalties in its original or reduced amount may be collected pursuant to
4 subsection (f).

5 An appellant~~The responsible party~~ may request a Zoning Administrator's hearing in order
6 to show cause why the notice requiring the cessation, removal, or correction of the violation
7 and any assessment of administrative penalties is in error and should be rescinded, or why any
8 assessed penalties should be reduced. The Zoning Administrator may designate a member of
9 Department staff to act as the hearing officer in the Zoning Administrator's place. The
10 Department shall send a notice of the date, hour, and place of the hearing to the
11 appellant~~responsible party~~ at the address specified in the request for hearing and to any
12 member of the public who has expressed an interest in the matter.

13 Following the hearing, the Zoning Administrator or other hearing officer designated by the
14 Zoning Administrator shall issue a NOVDP reflecting the Zoning Administrator's determination of the
15 NOV appeal, identifying all individuals liable for the violation(s), and including a description of all
16 corrective actions required, and all administrative penalties due for such violation(s).

17 (ii) Direct Appeal to the Board of Appeals. ~~The responsible party may also~~
18 ~~request that the Zoning Administrator terminate abatement proceedings under Section 176 and refer~~
19 ~~the matter to the Director for enforcement action under the process set forth in Section 176.1. If the~~
20 ~~Zoning Administrator determines that the enforcement case will proceed under Section 176, that~~
21 ~~determination shall be made as part of the final written decision and is not appealable separately from~~
22 ~~the decision on the merits.~~

23 The appellant ~~responsible party~~ may waive the right to a Zoning
24 Administrator's hearing and proceed directly to an appeal to the Board of Appeals under
25 Section 308.2. Administrative penalties shall not accrue during the period of time that the

1 matter is pending before the Zoning Administrator on a request for hearing or before the
2 Board of Appeals on appeal, except that the accrual of penalties will not be tolled during the period
3 of any continuance or request for extension of time in the proceeding before the Zoning Administrator
4 or the Board of Appeals granted at the request of the Responsible Party.

5 (iii) Appeals. ~~If the responsible party~~ any party listed in an NOVPD elects to
6 ~~request a Zoning Administrator's hearing~~ appeal the NOVPD, such appeal shall be to the Board of
7 Appeals, ~~the request for hearing must be in writing and submitted to the Zoning Administrator prior to~~
8 ~~the expiration date of the Notice of Violation and Penalty. If a request for a Zoning Administrator's~~
9 ~~hearing is timely filed, any appeal to the Board of Appeals shall be from the decision of the Zoning~~
10 ~~Administrator rendered after the hearing.~~

11 (iv) Decision by the Zoning Administrator.

12 The Zoning Administrator or the Zoning Administrator's designee, after a
13 full and fair consideration of the evidence and testimony received at the hearing, shall render
14 within 30 days following the conclusion of the hearing a written decision that either rescinds
15 the notice of violation and dismisses the proceedings, upholds the original decision, or
16 modifies the original decision. In rendering a decision, including a determination regarding the
17 amount of administrative penalties to be assessed, if any, the Zoning Administrator or the Zoning
18 Administrator's designee shall consider:

19 ~~(Aa.)~~ whether the ~~R~~esponsible ~~P~~arty or other appellant was
20 properly identified;

21 ~~(Bb.)~~ whether the accrual dates for the daily administrative
22 penalties are accurate;

23 ~~(Cc.)~~ the amount of documented staff time spent in order to
24 secure abatement of the violation;

25 ~~(Dd.)~~ the nature of the violation;

- 1 ~~(Ee.)~~ the duration of the violation;
- 2 ~~(Ff.)~~ whether the violation was willful or intentional;
- 3 g. whether the violation resulted in a financial gain to one or more of
- 4 the Responsible Parties;
- 5 h. efforts made by the Responsible Party to correct the violation;
- 6 ~~(Gi.)~~ the impact of the violation upon the community;
- 7 ~~(Hi.)~~ any instance in which the Responsible Party has been in
- 8 violation of the same or similar laws at the same or other locations in the City and County of
- 9 San Francisco;
- 10 ~~(Kk.)~~ the Responsible Party's good faith efforts to comply;
- 11 ~~(Ll.)~~ whether the violation is easy to correct; ~~and~~
- 12 ~~(Mm.)~~ whether the violation of the Planning Code resulted in the
- 13 displacement of one or more tenants;
- 14 n. whether the violations of the Planning Code created a nuisance, a
- 15 public health hazard, or a dangerous condition on the affected property;
- 16 o. whether the violation is reversible;
- 17 p. such other factors as the Zoning Administrator or the Zoning
- 18 Administrator's designee may consider relevant; and
- 19 q. for penalties imposed under subsection (c)(1)(C), the foregoing
- 20 factors are in addition to the factors and criteria set forth in the fee schedule described in that fee
- 21 subsection.

22 (v) **Appeal of Zoning Administrator Determination to the Board of**

23 **Appeals.** In hearing any appeal of the Zoning Administrator's determination, the Board of

24 Appeals shall consider the above factors. If the Board upholds the Zoning Administrator's

25 decision in whole or in part but reduces the amount of the daily penalty applicable under

1 subsection (c)(1)(A), it may not reduce the amount of the penalty below \$100,200 for each day
2 that the violation exists, excluding the period of time that the matter has been pending either
3 before the Zoning Administrator on a request for hearing or before the Board of Appeals on
4 appeal. *If the Board of Appeals upholds the Zoning Administrator's decision in whole or in part with*
5 *respect to the penalty applicable under subsection (c)(1)(C), but reduces the amount of such penalty, it*
6 *may not reduce the amount of the penalty below \$50,000 for each residential unit added or removed*
7 *without authorization, or \$100,000 for each historic landmark, or contributor to one or more historic*
8 *districts or conservation districts that are identified in the Appendices to Articles 10 and Article 11 of*
9 *the Planning Code, or property listed in the California Register of Historical Resources or the National*
10 *Register of Historic Places, that is significantly damaged or altered, or demolished.*

11 *In addition to any administrative penalties imposed under this subsection (c)(1), the*
12 *Zoning Administrator may recover any attorneys' fees and costs, including but not limited to expert*
13 *witness fees, incurred by the City in pursuing administrative remedies. The provision of*
14 *administrative penalties is ~~not intended to be punitive in nature but is~~ intended to secure*
15 *compliance with and deter violations of the Planning Code and to compensate the City for its*
16 *costs of enforcement.*

17 *(vi) **Order of Abatement.** Upon the expiration of 90 days following the*
18 *finality of an NOV, NOVPD, or Notice of Additional Compliance Actions and Accrued Penalties, the*
19 *Department may record an Order of Abatement against the property's records in the Office of the*
20 *Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco. The Department may also report any licensed*
21 *professional responsible for the violation(s) to the appropriate local, state, or federal licensing boards.*
22 *Within 14 business days after the violation has been finally abated and all restrictions imposed by the*
23 *NOV or NOVPD have expired, the Department shall record a notice of compliance that cancels the*
24 *order of abatement.*

1 (2) **Civil Penalties.** Any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company,
2 association, society, group, or other person or legal entity that violates any provision of this
3 Code shall be liable for the City's costs of enforcement and a civil penalty, of not less than
4 \$200 and not more than \$1,000 for each day such violation is committed or permitted to
5 continue, which penalty shall be assessed and recovered in a civil action brought in the name
6 of the ~~p~~People of the City and County of San Francisco by the City Attorney in any court of
7 competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this Section 176, each real property address, each
8 commercial or dwelling unit within a multi-unit real property address affected by a violation, and each
9 separate violation of the Planning Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable civil
10 penalties. ~~The City Attorney may seek recovery of any, when it is the prevailing party, shall be~~
11 awarded reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, including but not limited to expert witness fees,
12 and costs of investigation incurred by the City in bringing such civil action. For civil actions to
13 enforce Municipal Code provisions related to general advertising signs, the penalties,
14 attorneys' fees, and costs set forth in this Section 176 shall be in addition to those authorized
15 by Section 610 of this Code.

16 In assessing the amount of the civil penalty, the court shall consider any one or more of the
17 relevant circumstances presented by any of the parties to the case, including but not limited to, the
18 following:

19 (A) the nature and seriousness of the misconduct, including but not limited to
20 whether the violation resulted in any public health or safety hazard, or a dangerous condition on the
21 affected property, and the impact of the violation on the occupants of the property and the surrounding
22 neighborhood;

23 (B) the number of violations;

24 (C) the persistence of the misconduct;

25 (D) the length of time over which the misconduct occurred;

1 (E) the willfulness of the misconduct;

2 (F) whether the violation of the Planning Code resulted in the displacement of one or
3 more tenants;

4 (G) whether the violation is reversible;

5 (H) whether the violation damaged or demolished a historic landmark, or
6 contributor to a historic district, identified in Appendix A to Articles 10 and 11 of the Planning Code,
7 or any property listed in the California Register of Historical Resources or the National Register of
8 Historic Places;

9 (I) the violator's financial gain or opportunity for financial gain from the
10 misconduct; and

11 (J) the defendant's assets, liabilities, and net worth.

12 (3) **Criminal Penalties.** Any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company,
13 association, society, group, or other person or legal entity that violates any provision of this
14 Code shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in
15 an amount not less than \$200 or be imprisoned for a period not exceeding six months or be
16 both so fined and imprisoned. Each day such violation is committed or permitted to continue
17 shall constitute a separate offense and shall be punishable as such hereunder.

18 (4) **Planning Code Enforcement Fund.** Any fees and penalties collected
19 pursuant to this Section 176 except those collected pursuant to subsection (b)(5) shall be
20 deposited in the Planning Code Enforcement Fund established by Administrative Code
21 Section 10.100-166, and shall be used for the purposes specified in that section. The Planning
22 Department, through the Planning Code Enforcement Fund, shall reimburse City departments
23 and agencies, including the City Attorney's Office, for all costs and fees incurred in the
24 enforcement of this Section 176.

1 (5) **Affordable Housing Enforcement Fund.** Any fees and penalties described
2 in subsection (c)(2) that are collected as a result of the enforcement efforts of MOHCD as
3 provided in subsection (b)(5), shall be deposited in the Affordable Housing Enforcement Fund
4 established by Administrative Code Section 10.100-10. MOHCD shall reimburse City
5 departments and agencies including the City Attorney’s Office, for all costs and fees incurred
6 in the enforcement of this Section 176, from the Affordable Housing Enforcement Fund.

7 (d) **Additional Methods of Enforcement and Penalties for Violation of Sign**
8 **Regulations.** Violation of the general advertising sign regulations set forth in Article 6 are
9 subject to the administrative penalties and enforcement procedures set forth in Section 610 of
10 this Code, in addition to those set forth in this Section 176.

11 (e) ~~*Use of Penalties Collected. All penalties collected under this Section 176 shall be deposited*~~
12 ~~*in the Planning Code Enforcement Fund established in Administrative Code Section 10.100.166 and*~~
13 ~~*shall be used for the purposes specified in that section.*~~

14 **Failure to Pay Administrative Penalties.** *If the Responsible Party fails to pay the administrative*
15 *penalties to the Department within 30 days of the date on which an NOVPD or Notice of Additional*
16 *Compliance Actions And Accrued Penalties specifying such penalty amount becomes final, the Zoning*
17 *Administrator may take such actions to collect the penalties and any unpaid Time and Materials owed*
18 *to the Department as the Zoning Administrator deems appropriate, including (1) referral of the matter*
19 *to the Bureau of Delinquent Revenue Collection under Chapter 10, Article V, Section 10.39 of the*
20 *Administrative Code, (2) initiation of lien proceedings under Chapter 10, Article XX, Sections 10.230 et*
21 *seq. of the Administrative Code, and (3) requesting that the City Attorney pursue collection of the*
22 *penalties imposed against the Responsible Party in a civil action.*

23 (f) **Remedies Not Exclusive.** Remedies under this Section 176 are non-exclusive, and,
24 notwithstanding subsection (b)(2), the City Attorney may at any time institute civil proceedings
25 for injunctive and monetary relief, including civil penalties, against any person for violations of

1 the Planning Code, without regard to whether the Zoning Administrator has issued a notice of
2 violation, instituted abatement proceedings, scheduled or held a hearing on a notice of
3 violation, or issued a final decision. For proceedings instituted under this subsection (f), the
4 City Attorney shall notify the Zoning Administrator or the Planning Director, as appropriate,
5 and collaborate, where mutually desired, on the prosecution of the action. ~~The City Attorney~~
6 ~~may seek recovery of any attorneys' fees and costs, including but not limited to expert witness fees,~~
7 ~~incurred by the City in bringing a proceedings under this subsection (f).~~

8 ***SEC. 176.1. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES.***

9 ~~—(a) Purpose and Intent.~~

10 ~~—(1) The Board of Supervisors finds that enforcement of the Planning Code is vital to~~
11 ~~ensuring the quality of life in San Francisco's neighborhoods and in the City as a whole. A~~
12 ~~comprehensive code enforcement program using a combination of judicial and administrative remedies~~
13 ~~is likely to be the most successful approach to secure compliance with Planning Code requirements.~~
14 ~~Therefore, it is in the best interests of the City and its citizens to provide an alternative method of~~
15 ~~administrative enforcement that is designed to induce compliance with the Planning Code through~~
16 ~~action by the Director to issue and record orders of abatement and assess administrative penalties.~~

17 ~~—(2) The alternative methods of administrative enforcement established by this Section do~~
18 ~~not replace but rather are intended to supplement the enforcement remedies established in Section 176~~
19 ~~and other penalties or methods of enforcement, both civil and criminal, that are authorized by law. The~~
20 ~~provision for administrative penalties is not intended to be punitive in nature but is intended to secure~~
21 ~~compliance with the Planning Code and to compensate the City for its costs of enforcement.~~

22 ~~—(3) By establishing multiple enforcement mechanisms, it is intended that the Department~~
23 ~~will elect to use the mechanism most likely to achieve an expeditious and effective resolution of the~~
24 ~~violation in a particular case with the best use of the City's resources. In exercising this discretion, the~~
25 ~~Department should usually elect to use the Director's authority under this Section 176.1 in those cases~~

1 ~~where the legal or factual issues are not complex and where an interpretation of the Planning Code is~~
2 ~~not at issue, and reserve the enforcement mechanisms in Section 176 for those cases that are more~~
3 ~~complex or where interpretations of the Planning Code are at issue.~~

4 ~~—(b) Authority of the Director. The Director may enforce against violations of the Planning~~
5 ~~Code through the alternative administrative remedies of this Section 176.1. The Director may designate~~
6 ~~a member of Department staff to act under his or her authority with respect to any action the Director~~
7 ~~is authorized to take in this Section 176.1.~~

8 ~~—If the Department elects to use the administrative remedies of this Section, the Department~~
9 ~~must use the abatement process set forth in this Section. However, as provided in Section (d)(3) below,~~
10 ~~the Department is not precluded from pursuing the alternative remedies of Section 176 if abatement of~~
11 ~~the violation has not been achieved under this Section 176.1. In addition, the Department's election of~~
12 ~~this process shall not affect the City Attorney's Charter authority to pursue a civil action. If the City~~
13 ~~Attorney filed a civil action against the property prior to the Director's issuance of the notice of~~
14 ~~violation under this Section 176.1, at the City Attorney's election the process under this Section 176.1~~
15 ~~shall be terminated and abatement of the alleged violations shall be pursued by the City Attorney in the~~
16 ~~ongoing civil action.~~

17 ~~—(c) Notice of Violation.~~

18 ~~—(1) Issuance. After the Department has determined that a violation of this Code exists, the~~
19 ~~Director shall give written notice of the violation to the responsible party. For purposes of this Section~~
20 ~~176.1, "responsible party" means the owners(s) of the real property on which the code violation is~~
21 ~~located, as listed in the records of the San Francisco Assessor, and the current leaseholder if different~~
22 ~~from the current owner(s) of the real property.~~

23 ~~—(2) Contents of Notice. The notice shall cite to this Section 176.1 and describe the~~
24 ~~violation(s) with specificity, including: the date and location of the violations and the approximate time~~
25 ~~the violations were observed; citation to applicable Code sections; and a description of how what was~~

1 ~~observed violated the Code sections. The notice of violation shall state that the responsible party has~~
2 ~~thirty days from the date of service to (i) correct all violations or (ii) file an application for a building~~
3 ~~permit or other authorization necessary to abate the violations and proceed diligently to obtain all~~
4 ~~approvals and complete the work, as specified by the Director's order and within the time periods~~
5 ~~required.~~

6 ~~—The notice of violation shall inform the responsible party that if the action required in the~~
7 ~~notice of violation is not taken by the stipulated deadline, the Director will (i) will issue an order of~~
8 ~~abatement, (ii) cause the order of abatement to be recorded against the property's records in the Office~~
9 ~~of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco, and (iii) assess administrative penalties under~~
10 ~~Section 176.1(e). The notice of violation shall also inform the responsible party of the right to request a~~
11 ~~Director's hearing under Subsection (d)(3) below prior to issuance of an order of abatement and~~
12 ~~assessment of administrative penalties. Service of the notice of violation shall be as specified in Section~~
13 ~~(g) below.~~

14 ~~—(d) Order of Abatement.~~

15 ~~—(1) Issuance; Administrative Penalties; Request for Hearing. If a property remains in~~
16 ~~violation after the deadlines established in the notice of violation, the Director shall issue an order of~~
17 ~~abatement and assess administrative penalties against the responsible party by following the procedure~~
18 ~~set forth in Section 176.1(e). The order of abatement shall state the amount of penalty imposed, explain~~
19 ~~how and when the penalty shall be paid, and describe the consequences of failure to pay the penalty.~~
20 ~~The order of abatement shall inform the responsible party of the right to appeal the order of abatement~~
21 ~~and assessment of administrative penalties to an administrative law judge under Subsection (f) below.~~
22 ~~The Department shall not proceed to enforce the order of abatement or collect the administrative~~
23 ~~penalties until the time for appeal has passed or the order and penalties have been upheld on appeal.~~

24 ~~—(2) Recording. The Director shall record the order of abatement against the property's~~
25 ~~records in the Office of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco. The Department shall~~

1 ~~not record the order of abatement until the time for appeal has passed or the Director's decision has~~
2 ~~been upheld on appeal. Within fourteen business days after the violation has been finally abated and all~~
3 ~~fees and penalties have been paid, the Director shall record a notice of compliance that cancels the~~
4 ~~order of abatement.~~

5 ~~—(3) Request for Hearing. Prior to expiration of the compliance deadlines set forth in the~~
6 ~~notice of violation, the responsible party may request a Director's hearing in order to show cause why~~
7 ~~the order of abatement should not issue and administrative penalties should not be assessed. The~~
8 ~~responsible party may also request that the Department not proceed with abatement proceedings under~~
9 ~~this Section 176.1 but instead proceed under Section 176. The Director's decision to continue~~
10 ~~proceeding under Section 176.1 is final and not appealable.~~

11 ~~—The Director may designate a member of Department staff to may act in his or her place~~
12 ~~as the hearing officer. The hearing officer shall have the same authority as the Director to hear and~~
13 ~~decide the case and to make any order provided for in this section. The responsible party may waive the~~
14 ~~right to a Director's hearing and proceed directly to an appeal under Subsection (f) below after the~~
15 ~~order of abatement is issued and administrative penalties have been assessed. If the responsible party~~
16 ~~requests a Director's hearing, the following procedure shall apply:~~

17 ~~—(A) Request for hearing; notice. The responsible party shall submit a written request for~~
18 ~~a Director's hearing prior to expiration of the compliance deadlines set forth in the notice of violation~~
19 ~~on a form or in the manner required by the Director. The Director shall send a notice of the date, hour,~~
20 ~~and place of the hearing to the responsible party at the address specified in the request for hearing and~~
21 ~~to any member of the public who has expressed an interest in the matter.~~

22 ~~—(B) Decision. The Director or the Director's designee, after a full and fair consideration~~
23 ~~of the evidence and testimony received at the hearing, shall render within thirty days following the~~
24 ~~conclusion of the hearing a written decision which either dismisses the proceedings or orders issuance~~
25

1 ~~of the order of abatement and assessment of the administrative penalties. In rendering a decision, the~~
2 ~~Director or the Director's designee shall consider the following:~~

3 ~~—— (i) whether the responsible party was properly identified;~~

4 ~~—— (ii) whether the accrual dates for the administrative penalties are accurate;~~

5 ~~—— (iii) the amount of documented staff time spent in order to secure abatement of the~~
6 ~~violation;~~

7 ~~—— (iv) the nature of the violation;~~

8 ~~—— (v) the duration of the violation;~~

9 ~~—— (vi) efforts made by the responsible party to correct the violation;~~

10 ~~—— (vii) the impact of the violation upon the community;~~

11 ~~—— (viii) any instance in which the responsible party has been in violation of the same or~~
12 ~~similar laws at the same or other locations in the City and County of San Francisco;~~

13 ~~—— (ix) the responsible party's good faith efforts to comply;~~

14 ~~—— (x) whether the violation is easy to correct; and~~

15 ~~—— (xi) such other factors as the Director or the Director's designee may consider~~
16 ~~relevant.~~

17 ~~—(e) Administrative Penalties.~~

18 ~~—— (1) Assessment. In an order of abatement issued under Subsection (d) above, the Director~~
19 ~~shall assess administrative penalties for violation of the Planning Code. A penalty shall be assessed for~~
20 ~~each violation observed. Payment of the penalty shall not excuse failure to correct the violations nor~~
21 ~~shall it bar further enforcement action by the City.~~

22 ~~—— (2) Amount of Penalty. The penalty assessed for each violation shall be \$100.00 if the~~
23 ~~violation has not been corrected within thirty days from the date of service of the notice of violation,~~
24 ~~\$250.00 if the violation has not been corrected within sixty days from the date of service of the notice of~~
25 ~~violation, and \$500.00 if the violation has not been corrected within ninety days from the date of~~

1 ~~service of the notice of violation. If at the end of the 90 day period the violation has not been corrected~~
2 ~~and the matter has not been appealed, the Zoning Administrator may exercise his or her discretion to~~
3 ~~initiate abatement proceedings under Section 176 of this Code or to refer the matter to the City~~
4 ~~Attorney or District Attorney for prosecution.~~

5 ~~—(3) Failure to Pay the Administrative Penalties. If the responsible party fails to pay the~~
6 ~~administrative penalties to the Department within thirty days of service of the order of abatement, or~~
7 ~~within thirty days of the date the penalties have been upheld on appeal, the Director may take such~~
8 ~~action to collect the fees as he or she deems appropriate, including (i) referral of the matter to the~~
9 ~~Bureau of Delinquent Revenue Collection under Article V, Section 10.39 of the San Francisco~~
10 ~~Administrative Code, initiation of lien proceedings under Article XX, Section 10.230 et seq. of the San~~
11 ~~Francisco Administrative Code, and/or a requesting that the City Attorney pursue collection of the~~
12 ~~penalties imposed against the Responsible Party in a civil action. The City Attorney may request its~~
13 ~~attorneys' fees in any action that he or she pursues to collect the administrative penalties or to enforce~~
14 ~~collection of the penalties.~~

15 ~~—(f) Appeal of Order of Abatement and Administrative Penalties.~~

16 ~~—(1) Method of Appeal; Fee. The responsible party may appeal the issuance of an order of~~
17 ~~abatement and any the administrative penalties assessed in the order by filing a written request in the~~
18 ~~form required by the Department within fifteen days of the service of the order. The appeal shall~~
19 ~~describe in detail why the appellant believes that the order of abatement was issued in error or why the~~
20 ~~administrative penalty was assessed in error or should be modified.~~

21 ~~—The appeal shall be filed on a form or in the manner required by the Director and be~~
22 ~~accompanied by the payment of a fee of \$400.00. The Department shall increase this fee on an annual~~
23 ~~basis at a rate equal to that of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). In addition to the appeal fee and~~
24 ~~administrative penalties assessed in the order of abatement, the Director shall assess upon the~~
25 ~~responsible party the Department's cost of preparation for and appearance at the hearing and all prior~~

1 ~~and subsequent attendant costs of the enforcement action. These fees shall be waived if the responsible~~
2 ~~party would qualify for a waiver of court fees and costs under California Government Code Section~~
3 ~~68511.3.~~

4 ~~—(2) Scheduling of Hearing. Upon timely filing of the appeal and payment of the appeal fee,~~
5 ~~the Director shall schedule a hearing before an administrative law judge, who shall serve as the~~
6 ~~hearing officer. The hearing shall be scheduled for a date no later than thirty days after the request.~~
7 ~~The Director shall notify the responsible party and the appellant, if different from the responsible party,~~
8 ~~of the hearing date, hour, and place of the hearing as soon as the hearing is scheduled and in no event~~
9 ~~later than ten days prior to the hearing. Notice of the hearing shall also be given to any member of the~~
10 ~~public who has expressed interest in the matter. Notice shall be given in the manner specified in~~
11 ~~Subsection (g) below.~~

12 ~~—(3) Documentation to be Provided to the Administrative Law Judge. The Director shall~~
13 ~~provide to the administrative law judge no later than ten days prior to the hearing a copy of the~~
14 ~~Department's case file, which shall include at a minimum the notice of violation, the order of~~
15 ~~abatement, other written communications between the Department and the responsible party, and~~
16 ~~communications submitted by interested members of the public concerning the case. The Director may~~
17 ~~also submit, but is not required to do so, written arguments on why the Director's order should be~~
18 ~~upheld. Anything submitted to the administrative law judge by either party to the appeal shall be served~~
19 ~~upon the other party at the same time and in the same manner as it is submitted to the administrative~~
20 ~~law judge.~~

21 ~~—(4) Hearing and Decision. The administrative law judge shall hold a public hearing to~~
22 ~~hear the appeal of the Director's order of abatement and/or assessment of administrative penalties. In~~
23 ~~considering the appeal, the administrative law judge shall consider the following:~~

24 ~~—(A) whether the responsible party was properly identified;~~

25 ~~—(B) whether the accrual dates for the administrative penalties are accurate;~~

1 ~~——(C) the amount of documented staff time spent in order to secure abatement of the~~
2 ~~violation;~~
3 ~~——(D) the nature of the violation;~~
4 ~~——(E) the duration of the violation;~~
5 ~~——(F) efforts made by the responsible party to correct the violation;~~
6 ~~——(G) the impact of the violation upon the community;~~
7 ~~——(H) any instance in which the responsible party has been in violation of the same or~~
8 ~~similar laws at the same or other locations in the City and County of San Francisco;~~
9 ~~——(I) the responsible party's good faith efforts to comply; and~~
10 ~~——(J) whether the violation is easy to correct; and~~
11 ~~——(K) such other factors as the administrative law judge may consider relevant.~~
12 ~~——The decision of the administrative law judge shall be based upon, but not limited to,~~
13 ~~provisions of the San Francisco Planning Code, any final Zoning Administrator interpretations, the San~~
14 ~~Francisco Building Code, building permits issued by the City, and any final decisions of the San~~
15 ~~Francisco Board of Appeals concerning the subject building or property.~~
16 ~~——The administrative law judge shall issue a written decision on the appeal within thirty~~
17 ~~days of the conclusion of the hearing. The decision shall be served on the responsible party by certified~~
18 ~~mail by deposit in the United States mail in a sealed envelope, postage prepaid, addressed to the~~
19 ~~responsible party at the address provided to the administrative law judge by the responsible party.~~
20 ~~Service shall be considered to have been completed at the time of deposit in the United States mail. A~~
21 ~~copy of the decision shall also be mailed to the Director of Planning at the offices of the Planning~~
22 ~~Department.~~
23 ~~——(5) Continuance of Hearing. The parties may by mutual agreement continue the hearing~~
24 ~~date. If the parties do not mutually agree on another hearing date, the party wanting a continuance~~
25 ~~may request the administrative law judge to grant the continuance by submitting a written request for a~~

1 ~~continuance and demonstrating good cause with supporting documentation. A written request for a~~
2 ~~continuance shall be made at the earliest possible date but in no event less than five days before the~~
3 ~~hearing unless unforeseen circumstances prevent such notification. The party requesting the~~
4 ~~continuance shall notify any other parties of the request in the most expeditious manner and provide~~
5 ~~them with copies of the complete request and the supporting documentation. A request for continuance~~
6 ~~made at the time of the hearing may be granted only in those exceptional cases where the requesting~~
7 ~~party demonstrates both good cause and that the party was unable through no fault of their own to~~
8 ~~make the request at an earlier time. The administrative law judge may grant more than one~~
9 ~~continuance, but the combination of all continuances granted shall be for no longer than forty five~~
10 ~~days.~~

11 ~~—— For purposes of this section, "good cause" may include:~~

12 ~~—— (A) the illness of a party, an attorney or other authorized representative of a party, or a~~
13 ~~material witness of a party;~~

14 ~~—— (B) verified travel of a party, attorney, or material witness outside of San Francisco~~
15 ~~scheduled before receipt of the notice of hearing;~~

16 ~~—— (C) failure to receive timely notice of the hearing date; or~~

17 ~~—— (D) any other reason which makes it impossible or infeasible to appear on the scheduled~~
18 ~~date due to unforeseen circumstances or verified pre-arranged plans that cannot be changed. Mere~~
19 ~~inconvenience in appearing shall not be considered sufficient good cause.~~

20 ~~—— In deciding whether to grant the request for continuance, the administrative law judge~~
21 ~~shall also take into consideration the nature of the alleged violation and its impact on neighboring~~
22 ~~properties and the general public if the alleged violations are allowed to continue for an additional~~
23 ~~period of time.~~

1 ~~—(6) Finality and Effect of the Decision. The decision of the administrative law judge shall~~
2 ~~be the City's final administrative action on the matter and there shall be no further administrative~~
3 ~~appeals.~~

4 ~~—(7) Compliance with Decision. If the administrative law judge upholds the Director's order~~
5 ~~of abatement in whole or in part, the responsible party shall comply with the decision and pay to the~~
6 ~~Department any administrative penalties that were upheld within thirty days of the date the decision~~
7 ~~was served. If the responsible party is proceeding diligently to obtain required permits and to complete~~
8 ~~the abatement work, the Director may grant additional time to comply with the decision. If the~~
9 ~~responsible party fails to comply with the decision and/or to pay the administrative penalties within the~~
10 ~~time period required, the Director may take such action to collect the fees and enforce the decision as~~
11 ~~he or she deems appropriate, including (i) referral of the matter to the Bureau of Delinquent Revenue~~
12 ~~Collection under Article V, Section 10.39 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, initiation of lien~~
13 ~~proceedings under Article XX, Section 10.230 et seq. of the San Francisco Administrative Code, and/or~~
14 ~~a requesting that the City Attorney pursue enforcement of the decision and collection of the penalties~~
15 ~~imposed against the responsible party in a civil action.~~

16 ~~—If the administrative law judge overrules the Director and determines that the order of~~
17 ~~abatement was issued in error, the Department shall consider the case abated and all administrative~~
18 ~~penalties rescinded.~~

19 ~~—(8) Rescission of Order of Abatement or Withdrawal of Appeal Prior to the Hearing. If the~~
20 ~~Director rescinds the order of abatement in its entirety prior to the hearing, the case shall be~~
21 ~~considered abated and the appeal withdrawn, and any assessed administrative penalties shall be~~
22 ~~considered rescinded. The Department shall refund to the responsible party in a timely manner any~~
23 ~~appeal fees that he or she has paid.~~

24 ~~—If the responsible party elects to withdraw the appeal and comply with the order of~~
25 ~~abatement, the Department shall refund in a timely manner any appeal fees that he or she has paid.~~

1 *Any administrative penalties already assessed must be paid in full before the Department will consider*
2 *the case abated. If the responsible party withdraws the appeal within ten days of the date the appeal*
3 *was filed, he or she may apply to the Director in writing for a reduction in the amount of any assessed*
4 *administrative penalties based upon the number of days between the filing of the appeal and its*
5 *withdrawal. Any decision by the Director to grant or deny the request shall be at the Director's sole*
6 *discretion and is not appealable.*

7 ~~*—(g) Service of Notices and Orders; Proof of Service. Service of a notice of violation, order of*~~
8 ~~*abatement, or other notice or order required by this Section 176.1 shall be given to the owner of the*~~
9 ~~*property or other person to be notified by depositing the notice or order in the United States mail in a*~~
10 ~~*sealed envelope, postage prepaid, addressed to the person to be notified at that person's last known*~~
11 ~~*business or residence address as shown in the Assessor's records. Service by mail shall be considered*~~
12 ~~*to have been completed at the time of deposit in the United States mail.*~~

13 ~~*—If the identity of the person or business entity owning the property in question is unknown,*~~
14 ~~*the notice of violation shall be posted in a conspicuous location on, or if access to the property is not*~~
15 ~~*available in a conspicuous location as close as practicable to, the building or property. The notice*~~
16 ~~*shall also be hand delivered to the person, if any, in real or apparent charge and control of the subject*~~
17 ~~*premises or property. Once the identity of the person or business entity is known, the notice of violation*~~
18 ~~*shall be mailed to such person or business entity without the delay affecting the time limits, fees, or*~~
19 ~~*administrative penalties imposed by this Section 176.1.*~~

20 ~~*—Proof of giving any notice may be made by the certificate of any officer or employee of the*~~
21 ~~*City and County of San Francisco or by affidavit of any person over the age of 18 years, which shows*~~
22 ~~*service in conformity with the San Francisco Municipal Code or any other applicable provisions of*~~
23 ~~*law.*~~

1 ~~—(h) Failure of the City to Comply with Timelines. The failure of the Director, the~~
2 ~~Department, or the administrative law judge to comply with any of the timelines set forth in this Section~~
3 ~~176.1 shall not render the code violations unenforceable.~~

4 ~~—(i) Use of Fees and Penalties Collected. All fees and penalties collected under this Section~~
5 ~~176.1 shall be deposited in the Planning Code Enforcement Fund established in Administrative Code~~
6 ~~Section 10.100.166 and shall be used for the purposes specified in that section.~~

7 ~~—(j) Remedies under this Section 176.1 are non-exclusive, and the City Attorney may at any~~
8 ~~time institute civil proceedings for injunctive and monetary relief, including civil penalties, against any~~
9 ~~person for violations of the Planning Code, without regard to whether the Planning Director has issued~~
10 ~~a notice of violation, scheduled or held a hearing on a notice of violation, issued an order of abatement~~
11 ~~and/or an assessment of administrative penalties, or whether an appeal has been filed or decided.~~

12
13 **SEC. 350. FEES.**

14 * * * *

15 (g) **Time and Materials.** The Planning Department shall charge the applicant for any
16 time and materials cost~~s~~ incurred in excess of the initial fee charged if required to recover the
17 Department's costs for providing services.

18 (1) The Department shall charge time and materials to recover the cost of
19 correcting code violations and violations of Planning Commission and Department conditions
20 of approval of use if such costs are not covered by the monitoring fee for conditions of
21 approval specified in the Planning Department Fee Schedule.

22 (2) Where a different limitation on time and material~~s~~ charges is set forth
23 elsewhere in this Article 3.5, that limitation shall prevail.

24 (3) The Planning Department may also charge the applicant for any time and
25 materials costs incurred by any other departments or agency~~ies~~ of the City and County of San

1 Francisco, or may authorize such other departments or agencies of the City and County to
2 charge directly for any time and materials costs incurred by the respective department or
3 agency to recover the cost of correcting code violations; and violations of Planning
4 Commission and Department conditions of approval.

5 (4) Any balance of time and materials costs for active and open projects must be
6 paid in full one week in advance of a scheduled public hearing before the Planning
7 Commission to consider the project or before Planning Department approval issuance of the first
8 site permit if no hearing is required.

9 * * * *

10
11 Section 4. The Building Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 102A.8 and
12 103A (including Sections 103A.3.1, 103A.3.4, 103A.3.5, and 103A.3.7), to read as follows:

13 **102A.8 Remedies are Non-Exclusive.** Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections
14 102A.4 through 102A.7, the City Attorney may institute civil proceedings for injunctive and
15 monetary relief, including civil penalties, against a building owner for violations of the
16 Municipal Code under any circumstances, without regard to whether a complaint has been
17 filed or the Building Official has issued a NOV or an Administrative Order. In any civil action
18 filed by the City Attorney under this Section 102A.8, the City ~~Attorney may seek recovery of and~~
19 ~~the court may award the City its,~~ when it is the prevailing party, shall be awarded reasonable
20 attorneys' fees and costs, including but not limited to expert witness fees, and costs of
21 investigation incurred in bringing the proceedings.

22 **SECTION 103A – VIOLATIONS**

23 It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect, construct, enlarge,
24 alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert or demolish, equip, use, occupy, or maintain any
25

1 building, structure, property, or portions thereof or cause or permit the same to be done in
2 violation of this code.

3 (a) Penalties.

4 (1) Civil Penalties. Any person, the owner, or the owner’s authorized agent, who
5 provides false information on permit applications or plans, or who otherwise violates, disobeys,
6 omits, neglects, or refuses to comply with, or resists or opposes the execution of any of the
7 provisions of this Code, shall be liable for a civil penalty, not less than \$200, and not to exceed
8 ~~\$500~~1,000, for each day such violation is committed or permitted to continue, which penalty
9 shall be assessed and recovered in a civil action brought in the name of the pPeople of the
10 City and County of San Francisco by the City Attorney in any court of competent jurisdiction.
11 Any penalty assessed and recovered in an action brought pursuant to this ~~paragraph~~subsection
12 (a)(1) shall be paid to the City Treasurer and credited to the Department’s Special Fund. For
13 purposes of this subsection (a)(1), each real property address, each commercial or dwelling unit within
14 a multi-unit real property address affected by a violation, and each separate violation of the Building
15 Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable civil penalties.

16 In assessing the amount of the civil penalty, the court shall consider any one or more of the
17 relevant circumstances presented by any of the parties to the case, including but not limited to, the
18 following:

19 (A) the nature and seriousness of the misconduct, including but not limited to
20 whether the violation resulted in any public health or safety hazard, or a dangerous condition on the
21 affected property, and the impact of the violation on the occupants of the property and the surrounding
22 neighborhood;

23 (B) the number of violations;

24 (C) the persistence of the misconduct;

25 (D) the length of time over which the misconduct occurred;

- 1 (E) the willfulness of the misconduct;
- 2 (F) whether the violation of the Building Code resulted in the displacement of
- 3 one or more tenants;
- 4 (G) whether the violation is reversible;
- 5 (H) the violator's financial gain or opportunity for financial gain from the
- 6 misconduct; and
- 7 (I) the defendant's assets, liabilities and net worth.

8 **(2) Criminal Penalties.** Any person, the owner, or the owner's authorized agent,
 9 who violates, disobeys, omits, neglects, or refuses to comply with, or who resists or opposes
 10 the execution of any of the provisions of this code, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon
 11 conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ~~\$500~~1,000, or by imprisonment
 12 not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, unless otherwise provided
 13 in this code, and shall be deemed guilty of a separate offense for every day such violation,
 14 disobedience, omission, neglect, or refusal shall continue. Any person who shall do any work
 15 in violation of any of the provisions of this code, and any person having charge of such work
 16 who shall permit it to be done, shall be liable to the penalty provided.

17 It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with the posting of any notice provided
 18 for in this code, or to tear down or mutilate any such notice posted by the Department.

19 * * * *

20 **103A.3 Restrictions of unlawful residential demolition replacement.**

21 **103A.3.1 Demolition without permit.** Whenever the demolition of any building or
 22 structure ~~containing one or more residential units~~ takes place, including as defined in Section
 23 317(b)(2)(B) or (C) but exclusive of the application of Section 317(b)(2)(D), without the issuance of
 24 a demolition permit as required by this code, the site on which the unlawful demolition
 25 occurred shall be subject to the following restriction: For five years from the date of the

1 unlawful demolition, no permit authorizing the construction or alteration of any building or
2 structure for that site shall be issued, except for a permit for the construction or alteration of a
3 building or structure with the same or greater number of residential units, with the same or
4 higher proportion of residential to nonresidential units ~~and with the same or fewer square feet as~~
5 the building or structure that was unlawfully demolished. In cases which qualify for the foregoing
6 exception, the proposed area of all additional units must be at least 40% the gross square footage of
7 the largest unit in the proposed project unless all units in the replacement project will be sold or rented
8 at below market rates. All replacement Residential Units shall be subject to the Rent Ordinance
9 (Administrative Code Chapter 37) to the same extent as the Residential Units that were demolished in
10 violation of Section 317 of this Code.* * * *

11 **103A.3.4 Civil penalties.** Any agent, contractor, or other person acting on behalf of
12 the owner of a building or structure ~~containing one or more residential units~~ who causes or
13 permits the demolition of the building or structure with the knowledge that a demolition permit
14 has not been issued as required by this code shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$105,000.
15 ~~Any owner who causes or permits the demolition of his or her building or structure containing one or~~
16 ~~more residential units with the knowledge that no demolition permit has been issued as required by this~~
17 ~~code shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000.~~

18 **103A.3.5 Penalties nonexclusive.** The penalties set forth in this section 103A are not
19 exclusive, but are in addition to any other penalties set forth in this code, in other San Francisco
20 Municipal codes, or in state law.

21 * * * *

22 **103A.4.7 Violation a public nuisance; enforcement.** A property in violation of the
23 provisions of this section is deemed to be a public nuisance and subject to enforcement by the
24 Department and penalties under Section 102A and 103A of this Code or under other
25 applicable sections of the San Francisco Municipal Code or state law.

1 * * * *

2 Section 5. Effective Date; Application of Ordinance.

3 (a) This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs
4 when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not
5 sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the
6 Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

7 (b) The following increased penalties or new fines contained in this ordinance shall
8 apply to violations of the Planning Code or Building Code that were committed on or after the
9 effective date of the ordinance:

10 (1) the provision in Planning Code Section 176(c)(1)(A) that "For purposes of
11 this subdivision (c)(1)(A), each real property address, each commercial or dwelling unit within
12 a multi-unit real property address affected by a violation, and each separate violation of the
13 Planning Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable administrative penalties;

14 (2) the provision in Planning Code Section 176(c)(1)(A) authorizing more than
15 \$250 per day in daily administrative penalties (i.e., the \$250 cap shall continue to apply to
16 violations committed prior to the effective date of the ordinance);

17 (3) the fines and other consequences provided for in Planning Code Section
18 176(c)(1)(C);

19 (4) the provision in Planning Code Section 176(c)(2) that "For purposes of this
20 subdivision (c)(2), each real property address, each commercial or dwelling unit within a multi-
21 unit real property address affected by a violation, and each separate violation of the Planning
22 Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable civil penalties.";

23 (5) the provision in Building Code Section 103A(a)(1) that "For purposes of this
24 subdivision (a)(1), each real property address, each commercial or dwelling unit within a multi-
25

1 unit real property address affected by a violation, and each separate violation of the Planning
2 Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable civil penalties.”;

3 (6) the provision setting a \$200 minimum for daily civil penalties under Building
4 Code section 103A(a)(1);

5 (7) the provision in Building Code section 103A.3.3 authorizing a fine in excess
6 of \$5,000 (i.e., the \$5,000 fine amount shall apply to violations committed prior to the Effective
7 Date).

8 All other provisions of this ordinance shall apply to pending proceedings for violations
9 of the Building Code or Planning Code, unless such application would violate the United
10 States Constitution or California Constitution.

11
12 Section 6. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
13 intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
14 numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
15 Code (including the Planning and Building Codes) that are explicitly shown in this ordinance
16 as additions, deletions, Board amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in
17 accordance with the “Note” that appears under the official title of the ordinance.

18 APPROVED AS TO FORM:
19 DAVID CHIU, City Attorney

20 By: /s/ KRISTEN A. JENSEN
21 KRISTEN A. JENSEN
22 Deputy City Attorney

23 n:\legana\las2023\2200160\01661127.docx

REVISED LEGISLATIVE DIGEST
(Amended in Committee, 3/6/2023)

[Planning, Building Codes - Penalties for Code Enforcement]

Ordinance amending the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of assessing penalties; requiring the Planning Commission and the Historic Preservation Commission to adopt factors for the Zoning Administrator to consider in determining the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for Responsible Parties; affirming the Planning Department’s determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

Existing Law

Planning Code

Planning Code Section 176 establishes methods of enforcement for violations of the Planning Code, as well as administrative, civil and criminal penalties. The Zoning Administrator may impose daily penalties of up to \$250 for each day the violation continues unabated. In any appeal of the Zoning Administrator’s determination, if the Board of Appeals upholds the Zoning Administrator’s decision in whole or in part, it may not reduce the penalty below \$100 for each day the violation exists.

The City may also recover civil of not less than \$200 for each day the violation is committed or permitted to continue. Violation of the Planning Code is a misdemeanor subjecting violators to a fine of not less than \$200 or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months, or both.

Responsible parties may seek a hearing before the Zoning Administrator to show cause why the notice requiring cessation, removal or correction of a violation or the assessment of penalties is in error and should be rescinded. Existing law provides factors for the Zoning Administrator to consider in assessing penalties against the Responsible Party.

Instead of administrative proceedings before the Zoning Administrator, the responsible party may request the matter be referred to the Director for enforcement under the process set forth in Section 176.1 of the Code, or may waive the right to a Zoning Administrator's hearing and appeal a notice of violation directly to the Board of Appeals.

Civil penalties are recovered in a civil action brought by the City Attorney.

Building Code

The Building Code provides for civil and criminal penalties for violations of the code.

Amendments to Current Law

Planning Code

The ordinance would increase daily administrative or civil penalties to \$1000 per day, and create additional fines for specific violations. Additional fines, which would accrue upon issuance of a Notice of Violation, would be as follows:

- Alteration, Merger, Construction, or Demolition of Residential Units Without a Permit Resulting in the Addition of More Than Three Unauthorized Residential Units, or the Loss of One or More Residential Units: up to \$250,000 for each Residential Unit added or lost through such alteration, merger, or demolition.
- Significant Alteration or Damage to or Demolition of Historic Property without a Permit: up to \$500,000 for each structure demolished without the issuance of an alteration or demolition permit as required by applicable codes.

Under the ordinance, once a Notice of Violation (NOV) or Notice of Additional Compliance Action and Accrued Penalties is final, the City could record the NOV, Notice of Additional Compliance Action and Accrued Penalties or the Zoning Administrator's decision on appeal of the NOV (NOVPD) as an Order of Abatement against title to the property. Daily penalties assessed in an NOV, a Notice of Additional Compliance Action and Accrued Penalties or NOVPD, and any time and materials incurred to enforce the violations, would become a debt to the City enforceable by a lien against the property or any other means available under the law.

The ordinance would permit the Zoning Administrator to notify certain parties of additional compliance requirements.

The ordinance provides that, while daily administrative penalties are accruing, the Department may periodically issue a Notice of Additional Compliance Action And Accrued Penalties.

Under the proposed legislation, in any appeal of the Zoning Administrator's determination of a violation, if the Board of Appeals upholds the Zoning Administrator's decision in whole or in part, it may not reduce the amount for daily administrative penalties below \$200 per day. Similarly, the Board of Appeals could not reduce the amount of the penalty below \$50,000 for each residential unit added or removed without authorization, or \$100,000 for each Historic Property as defined in the ordinance, that is significantly altered, damaged, or demolished.

The ordinance confirms that each real property address, each Dwelling Unit within a real property address, and each separate violation of the Planning Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable administrative and civil penalties.

This ordinance would delete Section 176.1 from the Code, eliminating administrative appeals of violations to the Director.

The ordinance provides that the Planning Commission and the Historic Preservation Commission shall adopt factors that the Zoning Administrator should consider in determining the amount of administrative penalties to be assessed, and courts should consider in determining the amount of civil penalties to be assessed, if any.

Building Code

The ordinance clarifies that anyone who provides false information on permit applications or plans, or who otherwise violates the code, shall be liable for a civil penalty. Civil penalties for all violations of the code would be not less than \$200, and would not exceed \$1,000 for each day such violation is committed or permitted to continue and shall be recovered in a civil action by the City Attorney. The ordinance clarifies each real property address, and each commercial or dwelling unit within a multi-unit real property address, is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable penalties. The ordinance specifies relevant circumstances to be considered by the Building Department in determining the amount of penalties, if any, to be assessed.

The ordinance would increase the amount of civil fines available for violations of the code to \$1,000. Civil penalties for demolition of a structure without a permit would be increased to \$10,000.

Background

The ordinance was introduced on July 26, 2022; a substitute ordinance was introduced on November 29, 2022. Following hearing at the Planning Commission, the sponsor amended the ordinance at the Land Use and Transportation Committee to reflect the following recommendations of the Commission and Planning staff:

- Add language to state that the one-time fines of either up to \$250k for loss of residential units, or up to \$500k for the damage to or loss of a historic structure penalty is triggered when an NOV is issued.
- Remove the 5-year prohibition on construction for violations of Sec. 176(c)(1)(C).
- Make several clarifying and typographical amendments to the proposed Ordinance.
- Not require the Department to serve new notices to the new property owners when titles transfer, but to require the Department to record Notices of Violation where a penalty will be imposed against the property's title.
- Increase the unit count when the up to \$250k penalty applies for illegal units added from "more than 2 units" to "more than 3 units".

The sponsor declined to amend the ordinance to lower the amount to which the Board of Appeals may decrease the fine for demolitions or addition of residential units cases that are appealed to them.

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BUILDING INSPECTION COMMISSION (BIC)

**Department of Building Inspection
49 South Van Ness Avenue, 5th Floor San Francisco, California 94103**

Voice (628) 652 -3510

January 23, 2023

London N. Breed
Mayor

COMMISSION

Raquel Bito
President

Jason Tam
Vice-President

Alysabeth
Alexander-Tut
Bianca Neumann
Earl Shaddix
Angie Sommer

Ms. Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board
Board of Supervisors, City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4694

Dear Ms. Calvillo:

RE: File No. 220878-2

Ordinance amending the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of assessing penalties; requiring the Planning Commission and the Historic Preservation Commission to adopt factors for the Zoning Administrator to consider in determining the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for Responsible Parties; affirming the Planning Department’s determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

This amendment was heard at the Code Advisory Committee (CAC) meeting on January 11, 2023. The CAC recommended the adoption of ordinance File No. 220878-2 amending the Building Code to increase fines and penalties during code enforcement as written. The CAC did not review proposed amendments to the Planning Code, which is part of the ordinance.

The Building Inspection Commission met and held a public hearing on January 18, 2023 regarding File No. 220878-2 on the proposed amendment to the Planning and Building Codes referenced above. The Commissioners voted unanimously to **recommend approval** of the proposed Ordinance.

President Bito	Yes	Vice-President Tam	Yes
Commissioner Neumann	Yes	Commissioner Shaddix	Yes
Commissioner Alexander-Tut	Yes	Commissioner Sommer	Yes

Sonya Harris
Secretary

Monique Mustapha
Asst. Secretary

Patrick O’Riordan,
C.B.O., Director

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call me at (628) 652-3510.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Sonya Harris". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Sonya Harris
Commission Secretary

cc: Patrick O'Riordan, Director
Mayor London N. Breed
Supervisor Aaron Peskin
Supervisor Hillary Ronen
Board of Supervisors

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

August 24, 2022

File No. 220878

Lisa Gibson
Environmental Review Officer
Planning Department
49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400
San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On July 26, 2022, Supervisor Ronen introduced the following proposed legislation:

File No. 220878

Ordinance amending the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of assessing penalties; adding factors to consider in determining the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for Responsible Parties; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Erica Major".

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk
Land Use and Transportation Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning
Don Lewis, Environmental Planning

Not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2) because it would not result in a direct or indirect physical change in the environment. Individual project will require environmental review.

09/08/2022

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Joy Navarrete".



February 7, 2023

Ms. Angela Calvillo, Clerk
Honorable Supervisor Safai
Board of Supervisors
City and County of San Francisco
City Hall, Room 244
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: Transmittal of Planning Department Case Number 2022-009366PCA:
Planning, Building Codes – Penalties for Code Enforcement
Board File No. 220878

Planning Commission Recommendation: Approval with Modifications

Dear Ms. Calvillo and Supervisor Ronen,

On January 18th, 2023, and January 19th, 2023, the Historic Preservation Commission, and the Planning Commission (respectively) conducted duly noticed public hearings at their regularly scheduled meetings to consider the proposed Ordinance, introduced by Supervisor Ronen that would amend the Planning Code to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions.

At the Historic Preservation Commission hearing, the Commission recommended approval with modification. The Historic Preservation Commission's proposed modifications were as follows:

1. Add language to state that the one-time fines of either up to \$250k for loss of residential units, or up to \$500k for the damage/loss of a historic structure fine is triggered when an NOV is issued.
2. Remove the 5-year prohibition on construction for violations of Sec. 176(c)(1)(C).
3. Make clarifying and typographical amendments to the proposed Ordinance as follows:
 - a. If the sponsor elects not to take the recommendation to remove the 5-year prohibition on construction, amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(D) to clarify that the 5-year restriction on construction begins when the NOV is served.
 - b. Refine the language in Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(ii) to ensure the definitions the Historic Preservation

Commission adopts for “significant alteration or damage” and “demolition” only apply to historic properties in that subsection.

At the Planning Commission hearing, the Commission recommended approval with modification. The Planning Commission’s proposed modifications were as follows:

1. Do not require the Department to serve new notices to the new property owners when titles transfer. Alternatively, require the Department to record Notices of Violation where a penalty will be imposed against the property’s title.
2. Add language to state that the one-time fines of either up to \$250k for loss of residential units, or up to \$500k for the damage/loss of a historic structure fine is triggered when an NOV is issued.
3. Remove the 5-year prohibition on construction for violations of Sec. 176(c)(1)(C).
4. Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(i) that states that adding more than two units are subject to the \$250,000 to state “more than 3 units”.
5. Make clarifying and typographical amendments to the proposed Ordinance as follows:
 - a. If the sponsor elects not to take the recommendation to remove the 5-year prohibition on construction, amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(D) to clarify that the 5-year restriction on construction begins when the NOV is served.
 - b. Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(E)(iv)(q), removing references to a “fee schedule”, and replacing with “factors and criteria for consideration”.
 - c. Refine the language in Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(ii) to ensure the definitions the Historic Preservation Commission adopts for “significant alteration or damage” and “demolition” only apply to historic properties in that subsection.
6. Encourage the Board of Supervisors to consider a lower limit from the proposed \$50,000 minimum amount that the Board of Appeals may lower illegal demolitions or addition of residential units cases to that are appealed to them.

The proposed amendments meet the requirements of Senate Bill 10, Government Code 65913.5, and review under CEQA is not required.

Supervisor, please advise the City Attorney at your earliest convenience if you wish to incorporate the changes recommended by the Commission.

Please find attached documents relating to the actions of the Commission. If you have any questions or require further information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Aaron D. Starr". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Aaron D. Starr
Manager of Legislative Affairs

cc: Kristen Jensen, Deputy City Attorney
Santiago Lerma, Aide to Supervisor Ronen
Erica Major, Office of the Clerk of the Board

Attachments :

Historic Preservation Commission Resolution
Planning Commission Resolution
Planning Department Executive Summary



HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. 1300

HEARING DATE: JANUARY 18, 2023

Project Name: Planning, Building Codes - Penalties for Code Enforcement
Case Number: 2022-009366PCA [Board File No. 220878]
Initiated by: Supervisor Ronen / Introduced November 29, 2022
Staff Contact: Audrey Merlone, Legislative Affairs
Audrey.Merlone@sfgov.org, 628-652-7534
Reviewed by: Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs
aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 628-652-7533

RESOLUTION ADOPTING A RECOMMENDATION FOR APPROVAL OF A PROPOSED ORDINANCE INTRODUCED BY SUPERVISOR RONEN THAT WOULD AMEND THE PLANNING AND BUILDING CODES TO INCREASE FINES AND PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF PLANNING AND BUILDING CODE PROVISIONS; CLARIFY THAT VIOLATIONS AFFECTING MORE THAN ONE UNIT IN A BUILDING CONSTITUTE MULTIPLE VIOLATIONS FOR PURPOSES OF ASSESSING PENALTIES; ADDING FACTORS TO CONSIDER IN DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNT OF CIVIL PENALTIES; ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR RESIDENTIAL UNITS MERGED, CONSTRUCTED, OR DIVIDED WITHOUT REQUIRED PERMITS OR APPROVALS; ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS INVOLVING ILLEGAL DEMOLITION AND ENHANCEMENT OF PENALTY AMOUNTS FOR CERTAIN BUILDINGS BY AGE OR HISTORIC STATUS; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL NOTICES FOR RESPONSIBLE PARTIES; AFFIRMING THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT’S DETERMINATION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT; AND MAKING FINDINGS OF CONSISTENCY WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, AND THE EIGHT PRIORITY POLICIES OF PLANNING CODE, SECTION 101.1, AND FINDINGS OF PUBLIC NECESSITY, CONVENIENCE, AND WELFARE UNDER PLANNING CODE, SECTION 302.

WHEREAS, on November 29, 2022 Supervisor Ronen introduced a proposed Ordinance under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter “Board”) File Number 220878, which would amend the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of assessing penalties; adding factors to consider in determining the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for

residential units merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for Responsible Parties; and

WHEREAS, The Historic Preservation Commission (hereinafter “Commission”) conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on January 18, 2023; and

WHEREAS, the proposed Ordinance has been determined to be categorically exempt from environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2); and

WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the Custodian of Records, at 49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400, San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the Historic Preservation Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience, and general welfare require the proposed amendment; and

MOVED, that the Commission hereby adopts a recommendation for **approval with modifications** the proposed ordinance. The Commission’s proposed recommendation(s) is/are as follows:

1. Add language to state that the one-time fines of either up to \$250k for loss of residential units, or up to \$500k for the damage/loss of a historic structure fine is triggered when an NOV is issued.
2. Remove the 5-year prohibition on construction for violations of Sec. 176(c)(1)(C).
3. Make clarifying and typographical amendments to the proposed Ordinance as follows:
 - a. If the sponsor elects not to take the recommendation to remove the 5-year prohibition on construction, amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(D) to clarify that the 5-year restriction on construction begins when the NOV is served.
 - b. Refine the language in Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(ii) to ensure the definitions the Historic Preservation Commission adopts for “significant alteration or damage” and “demolition” only apply to historic properties in that subsection.

Findings

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

The Department supports the overall goals of the proposed Ordinance because it will increase the effectiveness of the Department's the code enforcement program and deter future violations. The administrative penalty program has not been significantly updated since its creation in 2008, and as such, its process and penalty amounts have become less effective in inducing compliance with the Planning Code. The proposed Ordinance, with all recommended modifications, will give the Department much needed tools to increase the effectiveness of the Enforcement Division.

General Plan Compliance

The proposed Ordinance and the Commission's recommended modifications are consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 1

MANAGE ECONOMIC GROWTH AND CHANGE TO ENSURE ENHANCEMENT OF THE TOTAL CITY LIVING AND WORKING ENVIRONMENT.

Policy 1.1

Encourage development which provides substantial net benefits and minimizes undesirable consequences. Discourage development which has substantial undesirable consequences that cannot be mitigated.

The proposed Ordinance will improve the enforcement tools available to address Planning Code violations including, but not limited to, the proliferation of illegal and inappropriate commercial uses, illegal paving, visual clutter, and the retention/provision of required affordable housing in San Francisco's neighborhoods.

DESIGN ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 2

CONSERVATION OF RESOURCES WHICH PROVIDE A SENSE OF NATURE, CONTINUITY WITH THE PAST, AND FREEDOM FROM OVERCROWDING.

Policy 2.4

Preserve notable landmarks and areas of historic, architectural or aesthetic value, and promote the preservation of other buildings and features that provide continuity with past development.

Policy 2.5

Use care in remodeling of older buildings, in order to enhance rather than weaken the original character of such buildings.

The proposed amendment will assist in preserving notable landmarks and areas of historic, architectural or aesthetic value by authorizing the Zoning Administrator to administer a one-time administrative penalty of up to \$500k per historic structure found to have been damaged, as well as permit issuance restrictions for 5 years post-violation.

OBJECTIVE 4

IMPROVEMENT OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD ENVIRONMENT TO INCREASE PERSONAL SAFETY, COMFORT, PRIDE AND OPPORTUNITY

The proposed Ordinance will improve the enforcement tools available to address Planning Code violations including, but not limited to, the proliferation of illegal and inappropriate commercial uses, illegal paving, visual clutter, and the retention/provision of required affordable housing in San Francisco's neighborhoods.

Planning Code Section 101 Findings

The proposed amendments to the Planning Code are consistent with the eight Priority Policies set forth in Section 101.1(b) of the Planning Code in that:

1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on neighborhood serving retail uses and will not have a negative effect on opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of neighborhood-serving retail.

2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on housing or neighborhood character.

3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's supply of affordable housing.

4. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

The proposed Ordinance would not result in commuter traffic impeding MUNI transit service or overburdening the streets or neighborhood parking.

5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not cause displacement of the industrial or service sectors due to office development, and future opportunities for resident employment or ownership in these sectors would

not be impaired.

6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on City's preparedness against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

7. That the landmarks and historic buildings be preserved;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings.

8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas.

Planning Code Section 302 Findings.

The Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience and general welfare require the proposed amendments to the Planning Code as set forth in Section 302.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby ADOPTS A RECOMMENDATION FOR APPROVAL WITH MODIFICATIONS the proposed Ordinance as described in this Resolution.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting on January 18, 2023.



Jonas P Ionin Digitally signed by Jonas P Ionin
Date: 2023.01.21 14:28:51 -0800

Jonas P. Ionin
Commission Secretary

AYES: Wright, Black, Foley, Johns, So, Nageswaran, Matsuda

NOES: None

ABSENT: None

ADOPTED: January 18, 2023



PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. 21230

HEARING DATE: January 19, 2023

Project Name: Planning, Building Codes - Penalties for Code Enforcement
Case Number: 2022-009366PCA [Board File No. 220878]
Initiated by: Supervisor Ronen / Introduced November 29, 2022
Staff Contact: Audrey Merlone, Legislative Affairs
Audrey.Merlone@sfgov.org, 628-652-7534
Reviewed by: Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs
aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 628-652-7533

RESOLUTION APPROVING A PROPOSED ORDINANCE INTRODUCED BY SUPERVISOR RONEN THAT WOULD AMEND THE PLANNING AND BUILDING CODES TO INCREASE FINES AND PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF PLANNING AND BUILDING CODE PROVISIONS; CLARIFY THAT VIOLATIONS AFFECTING MORE THAN ONE UNIT IN A BUILDING CONSTITUTE MULTIPLE VIOLATIONS FOR PURPOSES OF ASSESSING PENALTIES; ADDING FACTORS TO CONSIDER IN DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNT OF CIVIL PENALTIES; ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR RESIDENTIAL UNITS MERGED, CONSTRUCTED, OR DIVIDED WITHOUT REQUIRED PERMITS OR APPROVALS; ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS INVOLVING ILLEGAL DEMOLITION AND ENHANCEMENT OF PENALTY AMOUNTS FOR CERTAIN BUILDINGS BY AGE OR HISTORIC STATUS; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL NOTICES FOR RESPONSIBLE PARTIES; AFFIRMING THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT’S DETERMINATION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT; AND MAKING FINDINGS OF CONSISTENCY WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, AND THE EIGHT PRIORITY POLICIES OF PLANNING CODE, SECTION 101.1, AND FINDINGS OF PUBLIC NECESSITY, CONVENIENCE, AND WELFARE UNDER PLANNING CODE, SECTION 302.

WHEREAS, on November 29, 2022 Supervisor Ronen introduced a proposed Ordinance under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter “Board”) File Number 220878, which would amend the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of assessing penalties; adding factors to consider in determining the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for Responsible Parties.

WHEREAS, The Planning Commission (hereinafter “Commission”) conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on January 19, 2023 and,

WHEREAS, the proposed Ordinance has been determined to be categorically exempt from environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2); and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the Custodian of Records, at 49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400, San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience, and general welfare require the proposed amendment; and

MOVED, that the Planning Commission hereby **approves with modifications** the proposed ordinance. The Commission's proposed recommendation(s) is/are as follows:

1. Do not require the Department to serve new notices to the new property owners when titles transfer. Alternatively, require the Department to record Notices of Violation where a penalty will be imposed against the property's title.
2. Add language to state that the one-time fines of either up to \$250k for loss of residential units, or up to \$500k for the damage/loss of a historic structure fine is triggered when an NOV is issued.
3. Remove the 5-year prohibition on construction for violations of Sec. 176(c)(1)(C).
4. Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(i) that states that adding more than two units are subject to the \$250,000 to state "more than 3 units".
5. Make clarifying and typographical amendments to the proposed Ordinance as follows:
 - a. If the sponsor elects not to take the recommendation to remove the 5-year prohibition on construction, amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(D) to clarify that the 5-year restriction on construction begins when the NOV is served.
 - b. Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(E)(iv)(q), removing references to a "fee schedule", and replacing with "factors and criteria for consideration".
 - c. Refine the language in Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(ii) to ensure the definitions the Historic Preservation Commission adopts for "significant alteration or damage" and "demolition" only apply to historic properties in that subsection.
6. Encourage the Board of Supervisors to consider a lower limit from the proposed \$50,000 minimum amount that the Board of Appeals may lower illegal demolitions or addition of residential units cases to that are appealed to them.

Findings

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

The Department supports the overall goals of the proposed Ordinance because it will increase the effectiveness of the Department's the code enforcement program and deter future violations. The administrative penalty program has not been significantly updated since its creation in 2008, and as such, its process and penalty amounts have become less effective in inducing compliance with the Planning Code. The proposed Ordinance, with all recommended modifications, will give the Department much needed tools to increase the effectiveness of the Enforcement Division.

General Plan Compliance

The proposed Ordinance and the Commission's recommended modifications are consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 1

MANAGE ECONOMIC GROWTH AND CHANGE TO ENSURE ENHANCEMENT OF THE TOTAL CITY LIVING AND WORKING ENVIRONMENT.

Policy 1.1

Encourage development which provides substantial net benefits and minimizes undesirable consequences. Discourage development which has substantial undesirable consequences that cannot be mitigated.

The proposed Ordinance will improve the enforcement tools available to address Planning Code violations including, but not limited to, the proliferation of illegal and inappropriate commercial uses, illegal paving, visual clutter, and the retention/provision of required affordable housing in San Francisco's neighborhoods.

DESIGN ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 2

CONSERVATION OF RESOURCES WHICH PROVIDE A SENSE OF NATURE, CONTINUITY WITH THE PAST, AND FREEDOM FROM OVERCROWDING.

Policy 2.4

Preserve notable landmarks and areas of historic, architectural or aesthetic value, and promote the preservation of other buildings and features that provide continuity with past development.

Policy 2.5

Use care in remodeling of older buildings, in order to enhance rather than weaken the original character of such buildings.

The proposed amendment will assist in preserving notable landmarks and areas of historic, architectural or aesthetic value by authorizing the Zoning Administrator to administer a one-time administrative penalty of up to \$500k per historic structure found to have been damaged, as well as permit issuance restrictions for 5 years post-violation.

OBJECTIVE 4

IMPROVEMENT OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD ENVIRONMENT TO INCREASE PERSONAL SAFETY, COMFORT, PRIDE AND OPPORTUNITY

The proposed Ordinance will improve the enforcement tools available to address Planning Code violations including, but not limited to, the proliferation of illegal and inappropriate commercial uses, illegal paving, visual clutter, and the retention/provision of required affordable housing in San Francisco's neighborhoods.

Planning Code Section 101 Findings

The proposed amendments to the Planning Code are consistent with the eight Priority Policies set forth in Section 101.1(b) of the Planning Code in that:

1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on neighborhood serving retail uses and will not have a negative effect on opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of neighborhood-serving retail.

2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on housing or neighborhood character.

3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's supply of affordable housing.

4. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

The proposed Ordinance would not result in commuter traffic impeding MUNI transit service or overburdening the streets or neighborhood parking.

5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not cause displacement of the industrial or service sectors due to office

development, and future opportunities for resident employment or ownership in these sectors would not be impaired.

6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on City's preparedness against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

7. That the landmarks and historic buildings be preserved;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings.

8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas.

Planning Code Section 302 Findings.

The Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience and general welfare require the proposed amendments to the Planning Code as set forth in Section 302.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby APPROVES WITH MODIFICATIONS the proposed Ordinance as described in this Resolution.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting on January 19, 2023.



Jonas P Ionin Digitally signed by Jonas P Ionin
Date: 2023.01.19 16:28:58 -0800

Jonas P. Ionin
Commission Secretary

AYES: Braun, Ruiz, Diamond, Imperial, Koppel, Moore, Tanner

NOES: None

ABSENT: None

ADOPTED: January 19, 2023



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY PLANNING CODE TEXT AMENDMENT

HEARING DATE: January 19, 2023

90-Day Deadline: March 2, 2023

Project Name: Planning, Building Codes - Penalties for Code Enforcement
Case Number: 2022-009366PCA [Board File No. 220878]
Initiated by: Supervisor Ronen / Introduced November 29, 2022
Staff Contact: Audrey Merlone, Legislative Affairs
 Audrey.Merlone@sfgov.org, 628-652-7534
Reviewed by: Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs
 aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 628-652-7533

Recommendation: Approval with Modifications

Planning Code Amendment

The proposed Ordinance would amend the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of assessing penalties; requiring the Planning Commission and the Historic Preservation Commission to adopt factors for the Zoning Administrator to consider in determining the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for Responsible Parties.

The Way It Is Now vs The Way It Would Be:

The Zoning Administrator has the authority through Planning Code Sec. 176 and Sec. 350 to enforce violations of the Planning Code and collect penalties and Time and Materials(T&M) costs related to enforcement against responsible parties. The Ordinance would alter the notices served, methods for serving notices, penalty amounts, and other methods of enforcement as follows:

1.

Violations of the Planning Code (except Short-Term Rentals)			
		Current	Proposed
1	Serving Administrative Notices	Notice is mailed to the owners at their address listed with the Assessor	Notice must be mailed to responsible party or placed in a conspicuous place on the subject property
2	Daily Administrative Penalty Amount	Up to \$250	Up to \$1,000
3	Daily Civil Penalty Amount	No less than \$200	No less than \$200 and no more than \$1,000
4	Violation Counts	Separate units committing separate violations <i>may</i> be enforced as separate counts.	Each unit, each type of violation, and each common space are separate counts for calculating daily penalties
5	“Responsible Party”	Owners & leaseholders of the property	Owners of the property. In addition, when information is available: leaseholders, architects, builders, contractors or any other person who commits/assists in the violation may be served notice as a “Responsible Party”
6	Notices	<p>Only one is required, however Department practice is as follows:</p> <p>Notice of Complaint (NOC) – <i>mailed when complaint is filed</i></p> <p>Notice of Enforcement (NOE) – <i>mailed when violation is confirmed and if no/little contact from responsible party/resistant to comply</i></p> <p>Notice of Violation – <i>mailed when continued resistance/no contact. Fines begin on the 16th day after mailed out.</i></p> <p>Decision Letter – <i>Decision of ZA from appeal hearing which outlines how much fines/penalties are owed.</i></p> <p>Notice of Violation and Penalty & Fee – <i>mailed if NOV is not appealed within 15 days. May be mailed again periodically to update fine amount.</i></p>	<p>Notice of Violation – <i>Must state the steps needed for compliance.</i></p> <p>Notice of Additional Compliance Actions and Accrued Penalties – <i>Optional notice. May be sent periodically to inform parties of necessary steps to come into compliance and total penalties accrued so far. When a property title transfers, if an open violation with an NOV or NOVPD has not been recorded as an Order of Abatement, Dept. must issue this notice to new title holders.</i></p> <p>Notice of Violation and Penalty Decision – <i>Decision of ZA from appeal hearing which outlines how much fines/penalties are owed.</i></p> <p>Order of Abatement - <i>Finalized NOV or NOVPD may be recorded as an Order of Abatement after 90 days. Order of Abatement can include T&M and daily</i></p>

			<i>penalties and may result in a lien on the property if unpaid. Department may also report licensed professional Responsible Parties to appropriate licensing boards at this stage. Once corrected, Dept must record a "Notice of Compliance" which cancels the Order of Abatement.</i>
7	Administrative Appeal Options	Responsible party may file an appeal of the NOV within 15 days of issuance. If NOV is upheld, staff prepares and sends a Decision Letter.	Responsible Party or any other identified in the notice as a violator may appeal the NOV or NOACAAAP. Must submit request in writing to ZA within 30days of the letter being appealed. If NOV is upheld, staff prepares and sends a Notice of Violation and Penalty Decision letter.
8	ZA Hearing Proceedings	ZA must consider the following factors: -Whether all info in the notice is accurate -Nature/duration of violation -Efforts by responsible party to abate/good faith -Impact to the community -Previous similar violations by the responsible party -Whether violation is easy to correct	ZA must consider the following factors: -All factors currently considered PLUS -Whether the violation was willful/intentional -Whether the violation resulted in financial gain -Whether the violation displaced tenants -Whether it created a public nuisance/health hazard/dangerous condition -If the violation is reversible
10	Administrative Cost Recovery	Dept <i>may</i> charge violator for T&M incurred by other departments.	Dept <i>may</i> charge violator for T&M incurred by other departments. (<i>no change, ordinance language will be amended to reflect this at Committee</i>)
11	Board of Appeals	May not reduce penalty amount to less than \$100/day	May not reduce penalty amount to less than \$200/day

In addition to the above, new considerations for the court would also be established for civil enforcement actions.

2. The proposed Ordinance would establish a new subsection which outlines specific enforcement mechanisms and penalties for alterations, mergers, construction, or demolition of buildings with one or more Residential Unit, illegal work that violates Section 317, or work that results in the illegal addition of more than two

Residential Units. The proposed subsection would also establish specific enforcement actions for work that illegally alters or damages a Historic structure. A summary of these changes are as follows:

Illegal Alteration, Merger, Construction, Demolition/Addition of Residential Units or Damage to Historic Structures			
		Current	Proposed
1	Penalty Amount	Up to \$250/day	<p>In addition to the up to \$1,000/day fine:</p> <p>Up to \$250,000/unit added or lost Up to \$500,000/each structure damaged/lost for historic buildings</p> <p>AND</p> <p>For 5 years post-violation no permit to alter may be issued unless to replace in kind UNLESS project would: 1. increase residential density with unit proportionality reqs.(units not subject to proportionality reqs. If ALL res. units will be BMR), and 2. All replacement units would be rent controlled where the original unit was also rent controlled.</p> <p>Within 12 months of enactment, Planning Commission must adopt factors and criteria to guide ZA on determining appropriate penalty amount for non-historic demos.</p> <p>Within 12 months of enactment, Historic Preservation Commission must adopt definitions for “significant alteration or damage” and “demolition” as applied to historic properties in violation of the subsection.</p>
2	Violation Counts	Separate units committing separate violations <i>may</i> be enforced as separate counts.	<p>For non-historic buildings, each unit “lost” is a separate violation</p> <p>For historic buildings, each structure “lost/damaged” is a separate violation</p>
3	ZA Hearing Proceedings	Same as other 176 violations (see previous chart)	<p>Same as other 176 violations (see previous chart)</p> <p>AND</p> <p>ZA shall consider: “the foregoing factors are in addition to the factors set forth in the fee schedule”</p>
4	Board of Appeals	May not reduce penalty amount to less than \$100/day	BoA may not reduce to less than \$50k/unit added or lost and no less than \$100k for each historic structure

Procedures including noticing requirements and appeal options for these types of violations will proceed through the same enforcement process as other violations of the Planning Code.

3. The proposed Ordinance would amend the Building Code to further clarify when, why, and how much penalties for violations of their code may be imposed.¹

4. The proposed Ordinance would delete Section 176.1.²

Background

On October 19, 2022, the Building Inspection Commission recommended approval of the legislation to the extent that it proposes to amend the Building Code.

Issues and Considerations

Code Enforcement Division's Role

The Code Enforcement team helps maintain and improve the quality of San Francisco's neighborhoods by operating programs that ensure public compliance with the City's Planning Code. The team responds to complaints of potential Planning Code violations and initiates fair and unbiased enforcement action to correct those violations. To ensure citywide code compliance, the Code Enforcement team works with residents, neighborhood associations, and other City departments to ensure the quality of San Francisco's neighborhoods.

Each year, the Planning Department responds to hundreds of inquiries pertaining to potential land use violations. In most cases, investigation of code violations happens when a citizen reports a potential violation. The types of violations that are typically reported include:

- Addition or Removal of Dwelling Unit(s) without Planning Dept. Approval
- Alteration of Historical Building or Structure without Planning Dept. Approval
- Demolition without Planning Dept. Approval
- Exceeding Permitted Hours of Operation
- Expansion of Non-Conforming Use
- Formula Retail Use (Franchise/chain store) without Planning Dept. Approval
- Illegal Advertising Sign
- Illegal Residential, Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Uses
- Non-compliance with Conditions of Approval
- Removal of Required Landscaping
- Wireless Facility without Planning Dept. Approval

¹ The details of the changes to the Building Code will not be discussed in this case report, as they have no significant bearing on the effects to the Planning Code or the Enforcement Division's operations.

² The deletion of this section will not be expanded upon in this case report, as Sec. 176.1 was originally intended to be an enforcement path for less severe violations, but ultimately was found to be impractical, and had not been utilized by the Department for over a decade.

Enforcement Penalties

Planning Code Section 176 establishes methods of enforcement for violations of the Planning Code, as well as administrative, civil, and criminal penalties. The Zoning Administrator (ZA) may impose daily penalties of up to \$250 for each day the violation continues unabated. In any appeal of the ZA's determination, if the Board of Appeals upholds the decision in whole or in part, it may not reduce the penalty below \$100 for each day the violation exists. The City may also recover civil penalties of not less than \$200 for each day the violation is committed or permitted to continue; however, this requires referral of the case to the City Attorney. Violations of the Planning Code may also be charged as a misdemeanor, subjecting violator to a fine of not less than \$200 or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months (or both); though in practice this option is rarely, if ever, utilized.

Responsible Parties may seek a hearing before the ZA to show cause why the issued Notice of Violation (NOV) is in error and should be rescinded. When leveling a determination of an appeal, the Zoning Administrator is required to consider specific factors laid out in Sec. 176 in their assessment of penalties against the Responsible Party. Instead of administrative proceedings before the Zoning Administrator, the Responsible Party may waive the right to a ZA hearing and appeal an NOV directly to the Board of Appeals. Civil penalties are recovered in a civil action brought by the City Attorney.

The penalty rates have remained unchanged since 2008, at just \$250/day for administrative penalties.

The Planning Code has included civil and criminal penalty routes for violations since 1978, however an administrative penalties route was not established until 2008. The administrative penalties option was established to assist the ZA in motivating Responsible Parties to come into compliance. Prior to 2008, Planning staff was unable to charge a daily fine for unabated violations directly; rather all cases that went unabated had to be referred to the City Attorney to impose a financial penalty. This resulted in significant delays in enforcement, and large numbers of unabated violations. The 2008 ordinance set maximum daily administrative, and criminal penalty amounts as well as setting a minimum amount that the Board of Appeals could lower daily penalties to. These daily penalty amounts have remained unchanged for nearly 14 years.

The daily administrative penalty amount is currently a maximum of \$250/day. For smaller violations, like front yard paving or not complying with storefront transparency requirements, \$250/day (or less) is usually sufficient in inducing compliance, as well as appropriate for the severity of the violation committed. Unfortunately, in recent years, the Planning Department has noticed that the administrative, and even civil penalty maximums have not always been an effective deterrent for certain types of violations. Violations that can generate a profit for Responsible Parties are often committed with a hope that the violation will go unreported to the Department, knowing that even if they are subject to enforcement action, they will only be charged a maximum of \$250/day. The small daily penalty amount has been written off by certain Responsible Parties as a "cost of doing business". The Department has also seen cases of Responsible Parties knowingly violating the Planning Code for violations that cannot be reversed. When a non-reversible violation (such as demolition of a historic resource) occurs, the loss to the City is much greater than the penalty that accompanies the violation.

General Plan Compliance

Objective 4 of the Design Element is to: “Improve the neighborhood environment to increase personal safety, comfort, pride, and opportunity”. The proposed Ordinance will improve the enforcement tools available to address Planning Code violations including, but not limited to, the proliferation of illegal and inappropriate commercial uses, illegal paving, visual clutter, and the retention/provision of required affordable housing in San Francisco’s neighborhoods. Additionally, Policy 2.4 of the Design Element is to: “Preserve notable landmarks and areas of historic, architectural or aesthetic value, and promote the preservation of other buildings and features that provide continuity with past development.” The proposed amendment will assist in preserving notable landmarks and areas of historic, architectural, or aesthetic value by authorizing the ZA to administer a one-time administrative penalty of up to \$500k per historic structure found to have been damaged/lost, as well as permit issuance restrictions for 5 years post-violation.

Racial and Social Equity Analysis

The proposed Ordinance would make organizational and penalties changes. It does not propose to make significant policy changes. As such, it cannot be directly tied to a positive or negative effect on racial and social equity. There are several changes however, that will prevent those with financial means or industry knowledge from knowingly committing violations because the consequences are not severe enough to deter them from doing so. The first of these changes is the increase in daily penalty amounts, and the creation of high-cost one-time fees for illegal alteration/demolition. This increase in penalty amounts will deter certain Responsible Parties with financial means from purposely committing violations and writing off the fine as the “cost of doing business”. The second change that will lead to more economic equity is the addition of several factors that the ZA must consider for appeals of violations, including:

- Whether the violation was willful/intentional
- Whether the violation resulted in financial gain
- Whether the violation displaced tenants

These new factors will help the ZA in penalizing those who knowingly commit violations of the Planning Code, who are often industry professionals with vast resources and knowledge on permitting processes. These proposed changes are therefore tangentially tied to social equity outcomes for enforcement of violations of the Planning Code, as they will ensure the requirements of the Planning Code are no longer viewed as “optional” for those with financial means.

Implementation

The Department has determined that this ordinance will impact our current implementation procedures in the following ways:

The proposed Ordinance would require the Department to track when properties with NOV’s or NOVDP’s change hands, and mail Notice of Additional Compliance Actions & Accrued Penalties letters to all new property owners. The Department does not track property transfer data, but rather relies on the Assessor’s Office to update their database. These updates are often delayed by between six months to one year. Even when a NOV or NOVDP has not been recorded as an Order of Abatement, a title report should include any outstanding violations, therefore new owners should already be aware of any outstanding violations before they transfer title. The obligation to

not only track when titles changes hands, but also compose a new notice to inform new property owners of something they are likely already aware of will cost the Department valuable staff time that could be spent actively enforcing cases.

Recommendation

The Department recommends that the Commission *approve with modifications* the proposed Ordinance and adopt the attached Draft Resolution to that effect. The Department's proposed recommendations are as follows:

1. Do not require the Department to serve new notices to the new property owners when titles transfer.
2. Reduce the appeal period to 15 days, from the proposed 30 days.
3. Add language to state that the one-time fines of either up to \$250k for loss of residential units, or up to \$500k for the damage/loss of a historic structure fine is triggered when an NOV is issued.
4. Remove the 5-year prohibition on construction for violations of Sec. 176(c)(1)(C).
5. Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(i) that states that adding more than two units are subject to the \$250,000 to state "more than 3 units".
6. Make clarifying and typographical amendments to the proposed Ordinance as follows:
 - a. If the sponsor elects not to take the recommendation to remove the 5-year prohibition on construction, amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(D) to clarify that the 5-year restriction on construction begins when the NOV is served.
 - b. Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(E)(iv)(q), removing references to a "fee schedule", and replacing with "factors and criteria for consideration".
 - c. Refine the language in Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(ii) to ensure the definitions the Historic Preservation Commission adopts for "significant alteration or damage" and "demolition" only apply to historic properties in that subsection.

Basis for Recommendation

The Department supports the overall goals of the proposed Ordinance because it will increase the effectiveness of the Department's the code enforcement program and deter future violations. The administrative penalty program has not been significantly updated since its creation in 2008, and as such, its process and penalty amounts have become less effective in inducing compliance with the Planning Code. The proposed Ordinance, with all recommended modifications, will give the Department much needed tools to increase the effectiveness of the Enforcement Division.

Recommendation 1: Do not require the Department to serve new notices to the new property owners when titles transfer. When a property title changes hands, any outstanding violations recorded with the City will be

included in the title information. Additionally, the Department often does not receive updated property owner information until 6-12 months after the property has changed hands. This requirement is duplicative to the information that will already be contained in the title documents for any new owner and will be ineffective for enforcement due to the delays in owner information received by the Department.

Recommendation 2: Reduce the appeal period to 15 days, from the proposed 30 days. Current practice by the Zoning Administrator is to begin charging a daily penalty after the appeal period of an NOV has closed. The current appeal period for NOV's is 15 days. If that appeal window is increased to 30 days, and additionally any NOACAAAP may also be appealed, it will reduce the number of days a daily penalty is being imposed on an active violation and may cause Responsible Parties to lose a sense of urgency to come into compliance.

Recommendation 3: Add language to state that the one-time fines of either up to \$250k for loss of residential units, or up to \$500k for the damage of historic structure fine is triggered when an NOV is issued. The proposed Ordinance currently requires the imposition of the one-time fee under Sec. 176(c)(1)(C) whenever a violation of the subsection has *occurred*. This means that no enforcement action may have even been filed with the City, and yet the fee should still technically apply to a property that has committed the violation. The language should be clarified to state that the one-time fee should be imposed when an NOV is issued.

Recommendation 4: Remove the 5-year prohibition on construction for violations of Sec. 176(c). The Department has found that when a similar imposition on permit issuance has been applied through the Department of Building Inspection's Expanded Compliance Program, it has harmed the City more than the Responsible Party. Prohibiting development on a property for 5 years unless the project meets specific qualifications, *but not enforcing these project requirements if the sponsor waits 5 years*, inevitably causes housing or land to sit unimproved for 5 years. Additionally, the 5-year permit prohibition is being proposed for projects that are in violation of Section 317, however Section 317 of the Planning Code already contains requirements for replacement projects, including appearing before the Planning Commission for a Conditional Use authorization. The Department believes the goal of Sec. 176(c)(1)(C) to be punitive is accomplished through the severe one-time fines.

Recommendation 5: Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(i) that states that adding more than two units are subject to the \$250,000 to state "more than 3 units". It is common for older buildings in San Francisco to have up to three unauthorized dwelling units (UDU's). The Department receives dozens of applications every year to legalize three illegal dwelling units (most of which have existed for decades) by a new property owner who is motivated to legalize. It is not uncommon for many of these buildings to have had multiple UDU's for over fifty years. Under the proposed legislation, some of these applications would now be subject to the one-time penalty of up to \$250,000 per illegal unit added. This may cause property owners to argue that they can no longer legalize the UDU's due to the cost of the severe fine. Additionally, staff believes the intention of imposing a large, one-time fee for the addition of more than two dwelling units is to prevent severe cases where more than 5-20 units are constructed illegally. Increasing the applicability of the one-time fine from "more than two units" to "more than three units" would prevent unintended consequences while still catching the bad actors it is designed for.

Recommendation 6: Make clarifying and typographical amendments to the proposed Ordinance as follows:

- a. If the sponsor elects not to take the recommendation to remove the 5-year prohibition on

construction, amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(D) to clarify that the 5-year restriction on construction begins when the NOV is served. Currently the 5-year restriction on construction is set to begin “from the date of the unlawful demolition”. The exact date of an unlawful demolition is often unknown. Additionally, the enforcement actions against an unlawful demolition may begin months or even years after the demolition has taken place. Starting a five-year hold on construction from the date of the issuance of the NOV will ensure the penalty has its intended affect. This change is additionally recommended by the City Attorney’s Office as it is consistent with the intention of the provision. Staff would additionally encourage the sponsor to make this change where it has been proposed in other City codes.

- b. Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(E)(iv)(q), removing references to a “fee schedule”, and replacing with “factors and criteria for consideration”. The current reference to a fee schedule is a holdover from a previous version of the legislation. There is no fee schedule in the Ordinance; rather the Commission has been instructed to adopt “factors and criteria for consideration, to be amended from time to time, to provide guidance to the Zoning Administrator when determining the appropriate penalty amount for violations”. Factor “q” for ZA consideration (to be used when making a determination on the amount of administrative penalties assessed) should be amended to reflect the updated language in Sec.176(c)(1)(C) to which it references.
- c. Refine the language in Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(ii) to ensure the definitions the Historic Preservation Commission adopts for “significant alteration or damage” and “demolition” only apply to historic properties in that subsection. The City Attorney has recommended adding several specific subsection code citations to ensure that the definitions the Historic Preservation Commission adopt for “significant alteration or damage” and “demolition” only apply to historic properties subject to a violation of Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(ii). The proposed changes are as follows: Sec.(c)(1)(C)(ii):

(ii) Alteration or Damage to or Demolition of Historic Property. Whenever the alteration or demolition of a building or structure takes place in violation of this Code and the violation involves significant alteration or damage to or demolition of either a historic landmark, or contributor to one or more historic districts or conservation districts that are identified in the Appendices to Articles 10 and Article 11 of the Planning Code, or any property listed in the California Register of Historical Resources or the National Register of Historic Places, the Responsible Party shall be liable for an additional penalty of up to \$500,000 for each structure that is significantly altered or demolished without the issuance of an alteration or demolition permit as required by applicable codes. Within 12 months of the effective date of the ordinance in Board File No. _____ amending this Section 176, the Historic Preservation Commission shall adopt definitions for “significant alteration or damage” and “demolition” as those terms are applied in this Section 176 (c)(1)(C)(ii), as well as relevant factors and criteria for consideration, to be updated from time to time, to provide guidance to the Zoning Administrator when determining the appropriate penalty amount for violations subject to this subsection (c)(1)(C)(ii).

Required Commission Action

The proposed Ordinance is before the Commission so that it may approve it, reject it, or approve it with modifications.

Environmental Review

The proposed amendments are not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Section 15060(c) and 15378 because they do not result in a physical change in the environment.

Public Comment

As of the date of this report, the Planning Department has not received any public comment regarding the proposed Ordinance.

Attachments:

- Exhibit A: Draft Planning Commission Resolution
- Exhibit B: Board of Supervisors File No. 220878



PLANNING COMMISSION DRAFT RESOLUTION

HEARING DATE: November 17, 2022

Project Name: Planning, Building Codes - Penalties for Code Enforcement
Case Number: 2022-009366PCA [Board File No. 220878]
Initiated by: Supervisor Ronen / Introduced November 29, 2022
Staff Contact: Audrey Merlone, Legislative Affairs
Audrey.Merlone@sfgov.org, 628-652-7534
Reviewed by: Aaron Starr, Manager of Legislative Affairs
aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 628-652-7533

RESOLUTION APPROVING A PROPOSED ORDINANCE INTRODUCED BY SUPERVISOR RONEN THAT WOULD AMEND THE PLANNING AND BUILDING CODES TO INCREASE FINES AND PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF PLANNING AND BUILDING CODE PROVISIONS; CLARIFY THAT VIOLATIONS AFFECTING MORE THAN ONE UNIT IN A BUILDING CONSTITUTE MULTIPLE VIOLATIONS FOR PURPOSES OF ASSESSING PENALTIES; ADDING FACTORS TO CONSIDER IN DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE AMOUNT OF CIVIL PENALTIES; ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR RESIDENTIAL UNITS MERGED, CONSTRUCTED, OR DIVIDED WITHOUT REQUIRED PERMITS OR APPROVALS; ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS INVOLVING ILLEGAL DEMOLITION AND ENHANCEMENT OF PENALTY AMOUNTS FOR CERTAIN BUILDINGS BY AGE OR HISTORIC STATUS; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL NOTICES FOR RESPONSIBLE PARTIES; AFFIRMING THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT'S DETERMINATION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT; AND MAKING FINDINGS OF CONSISTENCY WITH THE GENERAL PLAN, AND THE EIGHT PRIORITY POLICIES OF PLANNING CODE, SECTION 101.1, AND FINDINGS OF PUBLIC NECESSITY, CONVENIENCE, AND WELFARE UNDER PLANNING CODE, SECTION 302.

WHEREAS, on November 29, 2022 Supervisor Ronen introduced a proposed Ordinance under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter "Board") File Number 220878, which would amend the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of assessing penalties; adding factors to consider in determining the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing penalties

for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for Responsible Parties

WHEREAS, The Planning Commission (hereinafter “Commission”) conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on January 19, 2023 and,

WHEREAS, the proposed Ordinance has been determined to be categorically exempt from environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2); and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the custodian of records, at 49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400, San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience, and general welfare require the proposed amendment; and

MOVED, that the Planning Commission hereby **approves with modifications** the proposed ordinance. The Commission’s proposed recommendation(s) is/are as follows:

1. Do not require the Department to serve new notices to the new property owners when titles transfer.
2. Reduce the appeal period to 15 days, from the proposed 30 days.
3. Add language to state that the one-time fines of either up to \$250k for loss of residential units, or up to \$500k for the damage/loss of a historic structure fine is triggered when an NOV is issued.
4. Remove the 5-year prohibition on construction for violations of Sec. 176(c)(1)(C).
5. Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(i) that states that adding more than two units are subject to the \$250,000 to state “more than 3 units”.
6. Make clarifying and typographical amendments to the proposed Ordinance as follows:
 - a. If the sponsor elects not to take the recommendation to remove the 5-year prohibition on construction, amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(D) to clarify that the 5-year restriction on construction begins when the NOV is served.
 - b. Amend Sec. 176(c)(1)(E)(iv)(q), removing references to a “fee schedule”, and replacing with

“factors and criteria for consideration”.

- c. Refine the language in Sec. 176(c)(1)(C)(ii) to ensure the definitions the Historic Preservation Commission adopts for “significant alteration or damage” and “demolition” only apply to historic properties in that subsection.

Findings

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

The Department supports the overall goals of the proposed Ordinance because it will increase the effectiveness of the Department’s the code enforcement program and deter future violations. The administrative penalty program has not been significantly updated since its creation in 2008, and as such, its process and penalty amounts have become less effective in inducing compliance with the Planning Code. The proposed Ordinance, with all recommended modifications, will give the Department much needed tools to increase the effectiveness of the Enforcement Division.

General Plan Compliance

The proposed Ordinance and the Commission’s recommended modifications are is consistent with the following Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 1

MANAGE ECONOMIC GROWTH AND CHANGE TO ENSURE ENHANCEMENT OF THE TOTAL CITY LIVING AND WORKING ENVIRONMENT.

Policy 1.1

Encourage development which provides substantial net benefits and minimizes undesirable consequences. Discourage development which has substantial undesirable consequences that cannot be mitigated.

The proposed Ordinance will improve the enforcement tools available to address Planning Code violations including, but not limited to, the proliferation of illegal and inappropriate commercial uses, illegal paving, visual clutter, and the retention/provision of required affordable housing in San Francisco’s neighborhoods.

DESIGN ELEMENT

OBJECTIVE 2

CONSERVATION OF RESOURCES WHICH PROVIDE A SENSE OF NATURE, CONTINUITY WITH THE PAST, AND FREEDOM FROM OVERCROWDING.

Policy 2.4

Preserve notable landmarks and areas of historic, architectural or aesthetic value, and promote the preservation of other buildings and features that provide continuity with past development.

Policy 2.5

Use care in remodeling of older buildings, in order to enhance rather than weaken the original character of such buildings.

The proposed amendment will assist in preserving notable landmarks and areas of historic, architectural or aesthetic value by authorizing the Zoning Administrator to administer a one-time administrative penalty of up to \$500k per historic structure found to have been damaged, as well as permit issuance restrictions for 5 years post-violation.

OBJECTIVE 4

IMPROVEMENT OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD ENVIRONMENT TO INCREASE PERSONAL SAFETY, COMFORT, PRIDE AND OPPORTUNITY

The proposed Ordinance will improve the enforcement tools available to address Planning Code violations including, but not limited to, the proliferation of illegal and inappropriate commercial uses, illegal paving, visual clutter, and the retention/provision of required affordable housing in San Francisco's neighborhoods.

Planning Code Section 101 Findings

The proposed amendments to the Planning Code are consistent with the eight Priority Policies set forth in Section 101.1(b) of the Planning Code in that:

1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on neighborhood serving retail uses and will not have a negative effect on opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of neighborhood-serving retail.

2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on housing or neighborhood character.

3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's supply of affordable housing.

4. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;

The proposed Ordinance would not result in commuter traffic impeding MUNI transit service or

overburdening the streets or neighborhood parking.

5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;

The proposed Ordinance would not cause displacement of the industrial or service sectors due to office development, and future opportunities for resident employment or ownership in these sectors would not be impaired.

6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on City's preparedness against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.

7. That the landmarks and historic buildings be preserved;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings.

8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development;

The proposed Ordinance would not have an adverse effect on the City's parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas.

Planning Code Section 302 Findings.

The Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience and general welfare require the proposed amendments to the Planning Code as set forth in Section 302.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby APPROVES WITH MODIFICATIONS the proposed Ordinance as described in this Resolution.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting on January 19, 2023.

Jonas P. Ionin
Commission Secretary

AYES:

NOES:

ABSENT:

ADOPTED: January 19, 2023

EXHIBIT B

1 [Planning, Building Codes - Penalties for Code Enforcement]

2

3 **Ordinance amending the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties**
4 **for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting**
5 **more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of**
6 **assessing penalties; requiring the Planning Commission and the Historic Preservation**
7 **Commission to adopt factors for the Zoning Administrator to consider in determining**
8 **the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units**
9 **merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing**
10 **penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty**
11 **amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for**
12 **Responsible Parties; affirming the Planning Department’s determination under the**
13 **California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the**
14 **General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and**
15 **findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section**
16 **302.**

17

NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain Arial font.
18 **Additions to Codes** are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*.
19 **Deletions to Codes** are in *strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*.
20 **Board amendment additions** are in double-underlined Arial font.
21 **Board amendment deletions** are in ~~strikethrough Arial font~~.
22 **Asterisks (* * * *)** indicate the omission of unchanged Code
23 subsections or parts of tables.

22 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

23

24 Section 1. Environmental and Land Use Findings.

25 (a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this

1 ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources
2 Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
3 Supervisors in File No. _____ and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms
4 this determination.

5 (b) On _____, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No. _____,
6 adopted findings that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance,
7 with the City’s General Plan and eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. The
8 Board adopts these findings as its own. A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of
9 the Board of Supervisors in File No. _____, and is incorporated herein by reference.

10 (c) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, the Board of Supervisors finds that this
11 ordinance will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in
12 Planning Commission Resolution No. _____, and incorporates such reasons by this
13 reference thereto. A copy of said resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
14 Supervisors in File No. _____.

15 (d) The Building Inspection Commission considered this ordinance on _____,
16 at a duly noticed public hearing, pursuant to Charter Section D3.750-5.

17
18 Section 2. General Findings.

19 (a) All uses, structures on, and conditions of real property in violation of the Planning
20 and Building Codes are both unlawful and a public nuisance, and such violations destroy the
21 distinctive qualities that make San Francisco and its individual neighborhoods unique, and can
22 create urban blight. This is particularly true where violations of the Codes result in damage to
23 or destruction of historic resources or landmarks, removal of much needed housing units, and
24 in other cases where the violation cannot be abated and cured. In recent years, there has
25 been a dramatic increase in violations of the Planning and building Codes that have gone

1 unabated despite enforcement actions by the Planning Department and the Department of
2 Building Inspection.

3 (b) The purpose of this ordinance is to increase administrative and civil penalties that
4 can be assessed to encourage compliance with both Codes, deter violation of code
5 requirements, create new penalties for certain violations that are of particular concern to the
6 City and its residents, and to provide additional incentives to deter violations that can result in
7 irreparable harm to the City, including unlawful elimination of existing housing, alteration or
8 damage to, or destruction of historic landmarks and historic resources, as well as to deter
9 other irreversible violations. The goal of these penalties and enforcement mechanisms is to
10 ensure compliance with, and deter violation of, all requirements of the Municipal Code,
11 including but not limited to the Planning Code and Building Code, and to preserve and
12 enhance neighborhood quality of life for all San Francisco residents and visitors.

13 (c) The ordinance also provides that the Planning Commission and the Historic
14 Preservation Commission shall adopt factors to be considered by the Zoning Administrator in
15 assessing penalties, and expressly states the existing administrative interpretation of the code
16 that a violation at each real property address, and each commercial or dwelling unit within a
17 multi-unit real property address, is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable
18 administrative penalties; further, that each separate violation of the Planning Code stemming
19 from a single incident or practice is likewise a distinct violation of that Code.

20 (d) No local findings are required under California Health and Safety Code Section
21 17958.7 because the amendments to the Building Code contained in this ordinance do not
22 regulate materials or manner of construction or repair, and instead relate in their entirety to
23 administrative procedures for implementing the code and remedies available for enforcing the
24 Building Code.

1 Section 3. The Planning Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 176 and 350,
2 and deleting Section 176.1, to read as follows:

3
4 **SEC. 176. ENFORCEMENT AGAINST VIOLATIONS.**

5 (a) **Violations Unlawful.** Any use, structure, lot, feature, or condition in violation of
6 this Code is hereby found and declared to be unlawful and a public nuisance. Should any
7 permit or license have been issued that was not then in conformity with the provisions of this
8 Code, such permit or license shall be null and void.

9 (b) **Methods of Enforcement.** The Zoning Administrator shall have authority to
10 enforce this Code against violations thereof by any of the following actions:

11 (1) Serving ~~notice~~ a Notice of Violation (NOV) requiring the cessation, removal, or
12 correction of any violation of this Code upon the property owner or owners, ~~agent, or tenant of~~
13 the property (“Responsible Party” or “Responsible Parties”) of the property that is the subject of
14 the violation, ~~or upon the architect, builder, contractor, or other person who commits or assists in~~
15 ~~such violation,~~ by mail or by posting the notice in a conspicuous place on the property that is the
16 subject of the violation. When such information is available, notice may also be served upon the tenant
17 of the property, agent of the owner, designer, builder, or any other person who commits or assists in
18 such violation;

19 (2) Calling upon the City Attorney to maintain an action for injunction to restrain or
20 abatement to cause the correction or removal of any such violation, and for assessment and
21 recovery of a civil penalty for such violation as well as any attorneys' fees or costs, including
22 but not limited to expert witness fees, and costs of investigation incurred in maintaining such an
23 action;

24 (3) Calling upon the District Attorney to institute criminal proceedings in
25 enforcement of this Code against any such violation;

1 (4) Calling upon the Chief of Police and authorized agents to assist in the
2 enforcement of this Code; and

3 (5) Calling upon the Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development
4 (MOHCD) to enforce Planning Code requirements relating to affordable housing. The
5 Department and MOHCD shall enter into a memorandum of understanding to identify the
6 types of enforcement cases to be delegated to MOHCD.

7 (c) **Penalties.**

8 (1) **Administrative Penalties.**

9 (A) **General Violations.** ~~In the notice requiring the cessation, removal, or correction~~
10 ~~of any violation of this Code, t~~The Zoning Administrator, ~~by issuance of the NOV,~~ may assess upon
11 the ~~R~~responsible ~~P~~party an administrative penalty for each violation in an amount up to
12 ~~\$2501,000~~ for each day the violation continues unabated. ~~The "responsible party" is the owner(s)~~
13 ~~of the real property on which the code violation is located, as listed in the records of the San Francisco~~
14 ~~Assessor, and the current leaseholder if different from the current owner(s) of the real property. For~~
15 ~~purposes of this subsection (c)(1)(A), each real property address, and each commercial or dwelling~~
16 ~~unit within a multi-unit real property address, affected by a violation is a distinct violation for~~
17 ~~calculation of applicable administrative penalties. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a violation of this~~
18 ~~Code that affects a common area, feature, or shared detached feature of a multi-unit structure may be~~
19 ~~treated as a distinct violation of this Code, at the reasonable discretion of the Zoning Administrator.~~
20 ~~The NOV may be appealed in the manner provided in subsection (c)(1)(E).~~

21 ~~Upon the later of the expiration of the time in which an appeal of an NOV may be filed without~~
22 ~~any such appeal having been filed, or the entry of a final decision on an appeal of an NOV (a Notice of~~
23 ~~Violation and Penalty Decision, or NOVPD), the NOV or NOVPD may be recorded as an Order of~~
24 ~~Abatement against title to the property, and the obligations to correct the violation as set forth in the~~
25

1 NOV or NOVDP Order of Abatement shall be Planning Code conditions pursuant to Section 174 of this
2 Code that run with title to the property. Further, such recordation shall provide notice to each
3 Responsible Party and any subsequent successor or assign of title to the property that the failure to
4 perform such obligations is a violation of the Planning Code and may be enforced as such.

5 **(B) Contents of NOV, NOVDP, and Notice of Additional Compliance Actions And**
6 **Accrued Penalties.**

7 The NOV shall inform the Responsible Party: of the necessary steps toward
8 compliance the Responsible Party must timely perform to avoid the accrual of daily penalties
9 (“Compliance Actions”); that upon finality, the NOV or NOVDP may be recorded as an Order of
10 Abatement against title to the property; and that any daily penalties or Time and Materials assessed
11 under a final NOV or NOVDP will be a debt to the City and County of San Francisco that may become
12 a lien against the property and/or may be enforced by any means available under the law. At any time
13 following the issuance of an NOV, the Zoning Administrator may issue the Responsible Party a Notice
14 of Additional Compliance Actions and Accrued Penalties requiring the Responsible Party or Parties to
15 perform new or additional Compliance Actions and stating the total penalties accrued during the
16 period covered by the notice. Upon a transfer of an interest in the property, the transferee shall be the
17 Responsible Party for purposes of daily penalties accruing after the date of recordation of the transfer;
18 however, if an NOV or NOVDP was not recorded as an Order of Abatement against title to the
19 property prior to recordation of the transfer, the Zoning Administrator shall issue the transferee a
20 Notice of Additional Compliance Actions stating the Compliance Actions required of the transferee,
21 and the transferee shall be given the opportunity to comply with said Notice prior to the accrual of
22 further daily penalties.

23 **(C) Penalties for Specified Violations.**

24 **(i) Alteration, Merger, Construction, or Demolition of Residential Units**
25 **without a Permit. For any alteration, merger, construction, or demolition of any building or structure**

1 containing one or more Residential Units, including work that takes place in violation of Section 317 of
2 this Code, on or after March 1, 2023, resulting in the addition of more than two unauthorized
3 Residential Units, or the loss of one or more Residential Units, (1) the owner of that building shall be
4 required to apply for a replacement project under section 317 of this Code, and (2) the Responsible
5 Party shall be liable for a penalty of up to \$250,000 for each Residential Unit added or lost through
6 such alteration, merger, or demolition. Within 12 months of the effective date of the ordinance in Board
7 File No. _____ amending this Section 176, the Planning Commission shall adopt factors and
8 criteria for consideration, to be updated from time to time, to provide guidance to the Zoning
9 Administrator when determining the appropriate penalty amount for violations subject to this
10 subsection (c)(1)(C)(i).

11 (ii) **Alteration or Damage to or Demolition of Historic Property.** Whenever
12 the alteration or demolition of a building or structure takes place in violation of this Code and the
13 violation involves significant alteration or damage to or demolition of either a historic landmark, or
14 contributor to one or more historic districts or conservation districts that are identified in the
15 Appendices to Articles 10 and Article 11 of the Planning Code, or any property listed in the California
16 Register of Historical Resources or the National Register of Historic Places, the Responsible Party
17 shall be liable for an additional penalty of up to \$500,000 for each structure that is significantly altered
18 or demolished without the issuance of an alteration or demolition permit as required by applicable
19 codes. Within 12 months of the effective date of the ordinance in Board File No. _____ amending this
20 Section 176, the Historic Preservation Commission shall adopt definitions for “significant alteration or
21 damage” and “demolition” as those terms are applied in this Section 176, as well as relevant factors
22 and criteria for consideration, to be updated from time to time, to provide guidance to the Zoning
23 Administrator when determining the appropriate penalty amount for violations subject to this
24 subsection (c)(1)(C).

1 **(D) Restrictions on Construction.** *Whenever the demolition of any building or*
2 *structure containing one or more Residential Units, as defined in Section 317(b)(2)(B) or (C) but exclusive*
3 *of the application of Section 317(b)(2)(D), takes place in violation of Section 317 of this Code, the site on*
4 *which the unlawful demolition occurred shall be subject to the following restriction: For five years*
5 *from the date of the unlawful demolition, no permit authorizing the construction or alteration of any*
6 *building or structure for that site shall be issued except for a permit for the construction or alteration*
7 *of a building or structure with the same or a greater number of Residential Units, with the same or*
8 *higher proportion of residential to nonresidential units as the building or structure that was unlawfully*
9 *demolished. In cases which qualify for the foregoing exception, the proposed area of all additional*
10 *units must be at least 40% the gross square footage of the largest unit in the proposed project unless all*
11 *units in the replacement project will be sold or rented at below market rates. All replacement*
12 *Residential Units shall be subject to the Rent Ordinance (Administrative Code Chapter 37) to the same*
13 *extent as the Residential Units that were demolished in violation of Section 317 of this Code.*

14 **(E) Hearings.**

15 **(i) Zoning Administrator Hearing.**

16
17 *A Responsible Party or other party identified as a violator in an NOV or Notice*
18 *of Additional Compliance Action And Accrued Penalties may appeal the NOV or Notice of Additional*
19 *Compliance Action And Accrued Penalties by submitting a request, in writing, to the Zoning*
20 *Administrator within 30 days of issuance of the NOV or Notice of Additional Compliance Action And*
21 *Accrued Penalties. The hearing shall be conducted in the manner provided in this subsection*
22 *(c)(1)(E)(i). An NOV or Notice of Additional Compliance Action And Accrued Penalties that is not*
23 *timely appealed shall be final. Upon finality, an NOV, NOVPD, or Notice of Additional Compliance*
24 *Action And Accrued Penalties in its original or reduced amount may be collected pursuant to*
25 *subsection (f).*

1 ~~An appellant~~~~The responsible party~~ may request a Zoning Administrator's hearing in order
2 to show cause why the notice requiring the cessation, removal, or correction of the violation
3 and any assessment of administrative penalties is in error and should be rescinded, or why any
4 assessed penalties should be reduced. The Zoning Administrator may designate a member of
5 Department staff to act as the hearing officer in the Zoning Administrator's place. The
6 Department shall send a notice of the date, hour, and place of the hearing to the
7 ~~appellant~~~~responsible party~~ at the address specified in the request for hearing and to any
8 member of the public who has expressed an interest in the matter.

9 Following the hearing, the Zoning Administrator or other hearing officer designated by the
10 Zoning Administrator shall issue a NOVPD reflecting the Zoning Administrator's determination of the
11 NOV appeal, identifying all individuals liable for the violation(s), and including a description of all
12 corrective actions required, and all administrative penalties due for such violation(s).

13 **(ii) Direct Appeal to the Board of Appeals.** ~~The responsible party may also~~
14 ~~request that the Zoning Administrator terminate abatement proceedings under Section 176 and refer~~
15 ~~the matter to the Director for enforcement action under the process set forth in Section 176.1. If the~~
16 ~~Zoning Administrator determines that the enforcement case will proceed under Section 176, that~~
17 ~~determination shall be made as part of the final written decision and is not appealable separately from~~
18 ~~the decision on the merits.~~

19 The ~~appellant~~ ~~responsible party~~ may waive the right to a Zoning
20 Administrator's hearing and proceed directly to an appeal to the Board of Appeals under
21 Section 308.2. Administrative penalties shall not accrue during the period of time that the
22 matter is pending before the Zoning Administrator on a request for hearing or before the
23 Board of Appeals on appeal, except that the accrual of penalties will not be tolled during the period
24 of any continuance or request for extension of time in the proceeding before the Zoning Administrator
25 or the Board of Appeals granted at the request of the Responsible Party.

1 (iii) Appeals. ~~If the responsible party any party listed in an NOVPD~~ elects to
2 ~~request a Zoning Administrator's hearing appeal the NOVPD, such appeal shall be to the Board of~~
3 ~~Appeals, the request for hearing must be in writing and submitted to the Zoning Administrator prior to~~
4 ~~the expiration date of the Notice of Violation and Penalty. If a request for a Zoning Administrator's~~
5 ~~hearing is timely filed, any appeal to the Board of Appeals shall be from the decision of the Zoning~~
6 ~~Administrator rendered after the hearing.~~

7 (iv) Decision by the Zoning Administrator.

8 The Zoning Administrator or the Zoning Administrator's designee, after a
9 full and fair consideration of the evidence and testimony received at the hearing, shall render
10 within 30 days following the conclusion of the hearing a written decision that either rescinds
11 the notice of violation and dismisses the proceedings, upholds the original decision, or
12 modifies the original decision. In rendering a decision, including a determination regarding the
13 amount of administrative penalties to be assessed, if any, the Zoning Administrator or the Zoning
14 Administrator's designee shall consider:

- 15 ~~(A.a.)~~ whether the ~~R~~responsible ~~P~~party or other appellant was
16 properly identified;
- 17 ~~(B.b.)~~ whether the accrual dates for the daily administrative
18 penalties are accurate;
- 19 ~~(C.c.)~~ the amount of documented staff time spent in order to
20 secure abatement of the violation;
- 21 ~~(D.d.)~~ the nature of the violation;
- 22 ~~(E.e.)~~ the duration of the violation;
- 23 ~~(F.f.)~~ whether the violation was willful or intentional;
- 24 g. whether the violation resulted in a financial gain to one or more of
25 the Responsible Parties;

1 h. efforts made by the Responsible Party to correct the violation;

2 ~~(G.i.)~~ the impact of the violation upon the community;

3 ~~(H.i.)~~ any instance in which the Responsible Party has been in
4 violation of the same or similar laws at the same or other locations in the City and County of
5 San Francisco;

6 ~~(H.k.)~~ the Responsible Party's good faith efforts to comply;

7 ~~(J.l.)~~ whether the violation is easy to correct; ~~and~~

8 ~~(K.m.)~~ whether the violation of the Planning Code resulted in the
9 displacement of one or more tenants;

10 n. whether the violations of the Planning Code created a nuisance, a
11 public health hazard, or a dangerous condition on the affected property;

12 o. whether the violation is reversible;

13 p. such other factors as the Zoning Administrator or the Zoning
14 Administrator's designee may consider relevant; and

15 q. for penalties imposed under subsection (c)(1)(C), the foregoing
16 factors are in addition to the factors set forth in the fee schedule described in that fee subsection.

17 (v) **Appeal of Zoning Administrator Determination to the Board of**

18 **Appeals.** In hearing any appeal of the Zoning Administrator's determination, the Board of
19 Appeals shall consider the above factors. If the Board upholds the Zoning Administrator's
20 decision in whole or in part but reduces the amount of the daily penalty applicable under
21 subsection (c)(1)(A), it may not reduce the amount of the penalty below \$100200 for each day
22 that the violation exists, excluding the period of time that the matter has been pending either
23 before the Zoning Administrator on a request for hearing or before the Board of Appeals on
24 appeal. If the Board of Appeals upholds the Zoning Administrator's decision in whole or in part with
25 respect to the penalty applicable under subsection (c)(1)(C), but reduces the amount of such penalty, it

1 may not reduce the amount of the penalty below \$50,000 for each residential unit added or removed
2 without authorization, or \$100,000 for each historic landmark, or contributor to one or more historic
3 districts or conservation districts that are identified in the Appendices to Articles 10 and Article 11 of
4 the Planning Code, or property listed in the California Register of Historical Resources or the National
5 Register of Historic Places, that is significantly damaged or altered, or demolished.

6 ~~In addition to any administrative penalties imposed under this subsection (c)(1), the~~
7 ~~Zoning Administrator may recover any attorneys' fees and costs, including but not limited to expert~~
8 ~~witness fees, incurred by the City in pursuing administrative remedies.~~ The provision of
9 administrative penalties is ~~not intended to be punitive in nature but is~~ intended to secure
10 compliance with and deter violations of the Planning Code and to compensate the City for its
11 costs of enforcement.

12 (vi) **Order of Abatement.** Upon the expiration of 90 days following the
13 finality of an NOV, NOVDP, or Notice of Additional Compliance Actions and Accrued Penalties, the
14 Department may record an Order of Abatement against the property's records in the Office of the
15 Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco. The Department may also report any licensed
16 professional responsible for the violation(s) to the appropriate local, state, or federal licensing boards.
17 Within 14 business days after the violation has been finally abated and all restrictions imposed by the
18 NOV or NOVDP have expired, the Department shall record a notice of compliance that cancels the
19 order of abatement.

20 (2) **Civil Penalties.** Any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company,
21 association, society, group, or other person or legal entity that violates any provision of this
22 Code shall be liable for the City's costs of enforcement and a civil penalty, of not less than
23 \$200 and not more than \$1,000 for each day such violation is committed or permitted to
24 continue, which penalty shall be assessed and recovered in a civil action brought in the name
25 of the ~~p~~People of the City and County of San Francisco by the City Attorney in any court of

1 competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this Section 176, each real property address, each
2 commercial or dwelling unit within a multi-unit real property address affected by a violation, and each
3 separate violation of the Planning Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable civil
4 penalties. The City ~~Attorney may seek recovery of any,~~ when it is the prevailing party, shall be
5 awarded reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, including but not limited to expert witness fees,
6 and costs of investigation incurred by the City in bringing such civil action. For civil actions to
7 enforce Municipal Code provisions related to general advertising signs, the penalties,
8 attorneys' fees, and costs set forth in this Section 176 shall be in addition to those authorized
9 by Section 610 of this Code.

10 In assessing the amount of the civil penalty, the court shall consider any one or more of the
11 relevant circumstances presented by any of the parties to the case, including but not limited to, the
12 following:

13 (A) the nature and seriousness of the misconduct, including but not limited to
14 whether the violation resulted in any public health or safety hazard, or a dangerous condition on the
15 affected property, and the impact of the violation on the occupants of the property and the surrounding
16 neighborhood;

17 (B) the number of violations;

18 (C) the persistence of the misconduct;

19 (D) the length of time over which the misconduct occurred;

20 (E) the willfulness of the misconduct;

21 (F) whether the violation of the Planning Code resulted in the displacement of one or
22 more tenants;

23 (G) whether the violation is reversible;

24 (H) whether the violation damaged or demolished a historic landmark, or
25 contributor to a historic district, identified in Appendix A to Articles 10 and 11 of the Planning Code,

1 or any property listed in the California Register of Historical Resources or the National Register of
2 Historic Places;

3 (I) the violator's financial gain or opportunity for financial gain from the
4 misconduct; and

5 (J) the defendant's assets, liabilities, and net worth.

6 (3) **Criminal Penalties.** Any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company,
7 association, society, group, or other person or legal entity that violates any provision of this
8 Code shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in
9 an amount not less than \$200 or be imprisoned for a period not exceeding six months or be
10 both so fined and imprisoned. Each day such violation is committed or permitted to continue
11 shall constitute a separate offense and shall be punishable as such hereunder.

12 (4) **Planning Code Enforcement Fund.** Any fees and penalties collected
13 pursuant to this Section 176 except those collected pursuant to subsection (b)(5) shall be
14 deposited in the Planning Code Enforcement Fund established by Administrative Code
15 Section 10.100-166, and shall be used for the purposes specified in that section. The Planning
16 Department, through the Planning Code Enforcement Fund, shall reimburse City departments
17 and agencies, including the City Attorney's Office, for all costs and fees incurred in the
18 enforcement of this Section 176.

19 (5) **Affordable Housing Enforcement Fund.** Any fees and penalties described
20 in subsection (c)(2) that are collected as a result of the enforcement efforts of MOHCD as
21 provided in subsection (b)(5), shall be deposited in the Affordable Housing Enforcement Fund
22 established by Administrative Code Section 10.100-10. MOHCD shall reimburse City
23 departments and agencies including the City Attorney's Office, for all costs and fees incurred
24 in the enforcement of this Section 176, from the Affordable Housing Enforcement Fund.

1 (d) **Additional Methods of Enforcement and Penalties for Violation of Sign**
2 **Regulations.** Violation of the general advertising sign regulations set forth in Article 6 are
3 subject to the administrative penalties and enforcement procedures set forth in Section 610 of
4 this Code, in addition to those set forth in this Section 176.

5 (e) ~~*Use of Penalties Collected. All penalties collected under this Section 176 shall be deposited*~~
6 ~~*in the Planning Code Enforcement Fund established in Administrative Code Section 10.100.166 and*~~
7 ~~*shall be used for the purposes specified in that section.*~~

8 *Failure to Pay Administrative Penalties. If the Responsible Party fails to pay the administrative*
9 *penalties to the Department within 30 days of the date on which an NOVPD or Notice of Additional*
10 *Compliance Actions And Accrued Penalties specifying such penalty amount becomes final, the Zoning*
11 *Administrator may take such actions to collect the penalties and any unpaid Time and Materials owed*
12 *to the Department as the Zoning Administrator deems appropriate, including (1) referral of the matter*
13 *to the Bureau of Delinquent Revenue Collection under Chapter 10, Article V, Section 10.39 of the*
14 *Administrative Code, (2) initiation of lien proceedings under Chapter 10, Article XX, Sections 10.230 et*
15 *seq. of the Administrative Code, and (3) requesting that the City Attorney pursue collection of the*
16 *penalties imposed against the Responsible Party in a civil action.*

17 (f) *Remedies Not Exclusive.* Remedies under this Section 176 are non-exclusive, and,
18 notwithstanding subsection (b)(2), the City Attorney may at any time institute civil proceedings
19 for injunctive and monetary relief, including civil penalties, against any person for violations of
20 the Planning Code, without regard to whether the Zoning Administrator has issued a notice of
21 violation, instituted abatement proceedings, scheduled or held a hearing on a notice of
22 violation, or issued a final decision. For proceedings instituted under this subsection (f), the
23 City Attorney shall notify the Zoning Administrator or the Planning Director, as appropriate,
24 and collaborate, where mutually desired, on the prosecution of the action. ~~*The City Attorney*~~

1 ~~may seek recovery of any attorneys' fees and costs, including but not limited to expert witness fees,~~
2 ~~incurred by the City in bringing a proceedings under this subsection (f).~~

3 **~~SEC. 176.1. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES.~~**

4 ~~—(a) Purpose and Intent.~~

5 ~~—(1) The Board of Supervisors finds that enforcement of the Planning Code is vital to~~
6 ~~ensuring the quality of life in San Francisco's neighborhoods and in the City as a whole. A~~
7 ~~comprehensive code enforcement program using a combination of judicial and administrative remedies~~
8 ~~is likely to be the most successful approach to secure compliance with Planning Code requirements.~~
9 ~~Therefore, it is in the best interests of the City and its citizens to provide an alternative method of~~
10 ~~administrative enforcement that is designed to induce compliance with the Planning Code through~~
11 ~~action by the Director to issue and record orders of abatement and assess administrative penalties.~~

12 ~~—(2) The alternative methods of administrative enforcement established by this Section do~~
13 ~~not replace but rather are intended to supplement the enforcement remedies established in Section 176~~
14 ~~and other penalties or methods of enforcement, both civil and criminal, that are authorized by law. The~~
15 ~~provision for administrative penalties is not intended to be punitive in nature but is intended to secure~~
16 ~~compliance with the Planning Code and to compensate the City for its costs of enforcement.~~

17 ~~—(3) By establishing multiple enforcement mechanisms, it is intended that the Department~~
18 ~~will elect to use the mechanism most likely to achieve an expeditious and effective resolution of the~~
19 ~~violation in a particular case with the best use of the City's resources. In exercising this discretion, the~~
20 ~~Department should usually elect to use the Director's authority under this Section 176.1 in those cases~~
21 ~~where the legal or factual issues are not complex and where an interpretation of the Planning Code is~~
22 ~~not at issue, and reserve the enforcement mechanisms in Section 176 for those cases that are more~~
23 ~~complex or where interpretations of the Planning Code are at issue.~~

24 ~~—(b) Authority of the Director. The Director may enforce against violations of the Planning~~
25 ~~Code through the alternative administrative remedies of this Section 176.1. The Director may designate~~

1 ~~a member of Department staff to act under his or her authority with respect to any action the Director~~
2 ~~is authorized to take in this Section 176.1.~~

3 ~~—If the Department elects to use the administrative remedies of this Section, the Department~~
4 ~~must use the abatement process set forth in this Section. However, as provided in Section (d)(3) below,~~
5 ~~the Department is not precluded from pursuing the alternative remedies of Section 176 if abatement of~~
6 ~~the violation has not been achieved under this Section 176.1. In addition, the Department's election of~~
7 ~~this process shall not affect the City Attorney's Charter authority to pursue a civil action. If the City~~
8 ~~Attorney filed a civil action against the property prior to the Director's issuance of the notice of~~
9 ~~violation under this Section 176.1, at the City Attorney's election the process under this Section 176.1~~
10 ~~shall be terminated and abatement of the alleged violations shall be pursued by the City Attorney in the~~
11 ~~ongoing civil action.~~

12 ~~—(c) Notice of Violation.~~

13 ~~—(1) Issuance. After the Department has determined that a violation of this Code exists, the~~
14 ~~Director shall give written notice of the violation to the responsible party. For purposes of this Section~~
15 ~~176.1, "responsible party" means the owners(s) of the real property on which the code violation is~~
16 ~~located, as listed in the records of the San Francisco Assessor, and the current leaseholder if different~~
17 ~~from the current owner(s) of the real property.~~

18 ~~—(2) Contents of Notice. The notice shall cite to this Section 176.1 and describe the~~
19 ~~violation(s) with specificity, including: the date and location of the violations and the approximate time~~
20 ~~the violations were observed; citation to applicable Code sections; and a description of how what was~~
21 ~~observed violated the Code sections. The notice of violation shall state that the responsible party has~~
22 ~~thirty days from the date of service to (i) correct all violations or (ii) file an application for a building~~
23 ~~permit or other authorization necessary to abate the violations and proceed diligently to obtain all~~
24 ~~approvals and complete the work, as specified by the Director's order and within the time periods~~
25 ~~required.~~

1 ~~—The notice of violation shall inform the responsible party that if the action required in the~~
2 ~~notice of violation is not taken by the stipulated deadline, the Director will (i) will issue an order of~~
3 ~~abatement, (ii) cause the order of abatement to be recorded against the property's records in the Office~~
4 ~~of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco, and (iii) assess administrative penalties under~~
5 ~~Section 176.1(e). The notice of violation shall also inform the responsible party of the right to request a~~
6 ~~Director's hearing under Subsection (d)(3) below prior to issuance of an order of abatement and~~
7 ~~assessment of administrative penalties. Service of the notice of violation shall be as specified in Section~~
8 ~~(g) below.~~

9 ~~—(d) Order of Abatement.~~

10 ~~—(1) Issuance; Administrative Penalties; Request for Hearing. If a property remains in~~
11 ~~violation after the deadlines established in the notice of violation, the Director shall issue an order of~~
12 ~~abatement and assess administrative penalties against the responsible party by following the procedure~~
13 ~~set forth in Section 176.1(e). The order of abatement shall state the amount of penalty imposed, explain~~
14 ~~how and when the penalty shall be paid, and describe the consequences of failure to pay the penalty.~~
15 ~~The order of abatement shall inform the responsible party of the right to appeal the order of abatement~~
16 ~~and assessment of administrative penalties to an administrative law judge under Subsection (f) below.~~
17 ~~The Department shall not proceed to enforce the order of abatement or collect the administrative~~
18 ~~penalties until the time for appeal has passed or the order and penalties have been upheld on appeal.~~

19 ~~—(2) Recording. The Director shall record the order of abatement against the property's~~
20 ~~records in the Office of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco. The Department shall~~
21 ~~not record the order of abatement until the time for appeal has passed or the Director's decision has~~
22 ~~been upheld on appeal. Within fourteen business days after the violation has been finally abated and all~~
23 ~~fees and penalties have been paid, the Director shall record a notice of compliance that cancels the~~
24 ~~order of abatement.~~

1 — ~~(3) Request for Hearing. Prior to expiration of the compliance deadlines set forth in the~~
2 ~~notice of violation, the responsible party may request a Director's hearing in order to show cause why~~
3 ~~the order of abatement should not issue and administrative penalties should not be assessed. The~~
4 ~~responsible party may also request that the Department not proceed with abatement proceedings under~~
5 ~~this Section 176.1 but instead proceed under Section 176. The Director's decision to continue~~
6 ~~proceeding under Section 176.1 is final and not appealable.~~

7 — ~~The Director may designate a member of Department staff to may act in his or her place~~
8 ~~as the hearing officer. The hearing officer shall have the same authority as the Director to hear and~~
9 ~~decide the case and to make any order provided for in this section. The responsible party may waive the~~
10 ~~right to a Director's hearing and proceed directly to an appeal under Subsection (f) below after the~~
11 ~~order of abatement is issued and administrative penalties have been assessed. If the responsible party~~
12 ~~requests a Director's hearing, the following procedure shall apply:~~

13 — ~~(A) Request for hearing; notice. The responsible party shall submit a written request for~~
14 ~~a Director's hearing prior to expiration of the compliance deadlines set forth in the notice of violation~~
15 ~~on a form or in the manner required by the Director. The Director shall send a notice of the date, hour,~~
16 ~~and place of the hearing to the responsible party at the address specified in the request for hearing and~~
17 ~~to any member of the public who has expressed an interest in the matter.~~

18 — ~~(B) Decision. The Director or the Director's designee, after a full and fair consideration~~
19 ~~of the evidence and testimony received at the hearing, shall render within thirty days following the~~
20 ~~conclusion of the hearing a written decision which either dismisses the proceedings or orders issuance~~
21 ~~of the order of abatement and assessment of the administrative penalties. In rendering a decision, the~~
22 ~~Director or the Director's designee shall consider the following:~~

23 — ~~(i) whether the responsible party was properly identified;~~

24 — ~~(ii) whether the accrual dates for the administrative penalties are accurate;~~

1 ~~—— (iii) the amount of documented staff time spent in order to secure abatement of the~~
2 ~~violation;~~

3 ~~—— (iv) the nature of the violation;~~

4 ~~—— (v) the duration of the violation;~~

5 ~~—— (vi) efforts made by the responsible party to correct the violation;~~

6 ~~—— (vii) the impact of the violation upon the community;~~

7 ~~—— (viii) any instance in which the responsible party has been in violation of the same or~~
8 ~~similar laws at the same or other locations in the City and County of San Francisco;~~

9 ~~—— (ix) the responsible party's good faith efforts to comply;~~

10 ~~—— (x) whether the violation is easy to correct; and~~

11 ~~—— (xi) such other factors as the Director or the Director's designee may consider~~
12 ~~relevant.~~

13 ~~—(e) Administrative Penalties.~~

14 ~~—(1) Assessment. In an order of abatement issued under Subsection (d) above, the Director~~
15 ~~shall assess administrative penalties for violation of the Planning Code. A penalty shall be assessed for~~
16 ~~each violation observed. Payment of the penalty shall not excuse failure to correct the violations nor~~
17 ~~shall it bar further enforcement action by the City.~~

18 ~~—(2) Amount of Penalty. The penalty assessed for each violation shall be \$100.00 if the~~
19 ~~violation has not been corrected within thirty days from the date of service of the notice of violation,~~
20 ~~\$250.00 if the violation has not been corrected within sixty days from the date of service of the notice of~~
21 ~~violation, and \$500.00 if the violation has not been corrected within ninety days from the date of~~
22 ~~service of the notice of violation. If at the end of the 90 day period the violation has not been corrected~~
23 ~~and the matter has not been appealed, the Zoning Administrator may exercise his or her discretion to~~
24 ~~initiate abatement proceedings under Section 176 of this Code or to refer the matter to the City~~
25 ~~Attorney or District Attorney for prosecution.~~

1 — ~~(3) Failure to Pay the Administrative Penalties. If the responsible party fails to pay the~~
2 ~~administrative penalties to the Department within thirty days of service of the order of abatement, or~~
3 ~~within thirty days of the date the penalties have been upheld on appeal, the Director may take such~~
4 ~~action to collect the fees as he or she deems appropriate, including (i) referral of the matter to the~~
5 ~~Bureau of Delinquent Revenue Collection under Article V, Section 10.39 of the San Francisco~~
6 ~~Administrative Code, initiation of lien proceedings under Article XX, Section 10.230 et seq. of the San~~
7 ~~Francisco Administrative Code, and/or a requesting that the City Attorney pursue collection of the~~
8 ~~penalties imposed against the Responsible Party in a civil action. The City Attorney may request its~~
9 ~~attorneys' fees in any action that he or she pursues to collect the administrative penalties or to enforce~~
10 ~~collection of the penalties.~~

11 — ~~(f) Appeal of Order of Abatement and Administrative Penalties.~~

12 — ~~(1) Method of Appeal; Fee. The responsible party may appeal the issuance of an order of~~
13 ~~abatement and any the administrative penalties assessed in the order by filing a written request in the~~
14 ~~form required by the Department within fifteen days of the service of the order. The appeal shall~~
15 ~~describe in detail why the appellant believes that the order of abatement was issued in error or why the~~
16 ~~administrative penalty was assessed in error or should be modified.~~

17 — ~~The appeal shall be filed on a form or in the manner required by the Director and be~~
18 ~~accompanied by the payment of a fee of \$400.00. The Department shall increase this fee on an annual~~
19 ~~basis at a rate equal to that of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). In addition to the appeal fee and~~
20 ~~administrative penalties assessed in the order of abatement, the Director shall assess upon the~~
21 ~~responsible party the Department's cost of preparation for and appearance at the hearing and all prior~~
22 ~~and subsequent attendant costs of the enforcement action. These fees shall be waived if the responsible~~
23 ~~party would qualify for a waiver of court fees and costs under California Government Code Section~~
24 ~~68511.3.~~

1 — ~~(2) Scheduling of Hearing. Upon timely filing of the appeal and payment of the appeal fee,~~
2 ~~the Director shall schedule a hearing before an administrative law judge, who shall serve as the~~
3 ~~hearing officer. The hearing shall be scheduled for a date no later than thirty days after the request.~~
4 ~~The Director shall notify the responsible party and the appellant, if different from the responsible party,~~
5 ~~of the hearing date, hour, and place of the hearing as soon as the hearing is scheduled and in no event~~
6 ~~later than ten days prior to the hearing. Notice of the hearing shall also be given to any member of the~~
7 ~~public who has expressed interest in the matter. Notice shall be given in the manner specified in~~
8 ~~Subsection (g) below.~~

9 — ~~(3) Documentation to be Provided to the Administrative Law Judge. The Director shall~~
10 ~~provide to the administrative law judge no later than ten days prior to the hearing a copy of the~~
11 ~~Department's case file, which shall include at a minimum the notice of violation, the order of~~
12 ~~abatement, other written communications between the Department and the responsible party, and~~
13 ~~communications submitted by interested members of the public concerning the case. The Director may~~
14 ~~also submit, but is not required to do so, written arguments on why the Director's order should be~~
15 ~~upheld. Anything submitted to the administrative law judge by either party to the appeal shall be served~~
16 ~~upon the other party at the same time and in the same manner as it is submitted to the administrative~~
17 ~~law judge.~~

18 — ~~(4) Hearing and Decision. The administrative law judge shall hold a public hearing to~~
19 ~~hear the appeal of the Director's order of abatement and/or assessment of administrative penalties. In~~
20 ~~considering the appeal, the administrative law judge shall consider the following:~~

21 — ~~(A) whether the responsible party was properly identified;~~

22 — ~~(B) whether the accrual dates for the administrative penalties are accurate;~~

23 — ~~(C) the amount of documented staff time spent in order to secure abatement of the~~
24 ~~violation;~~

25 — ~~(D) the nature of the violation;~~

1 ~~— (E) the duration of the violation;~~
2 ~~— (F) efforts made by the responsible party to correct the violation;~~
3 ~~— (G) the impact of the violation upon the community;~~
4 ~~— (H) any instance in which the responsible party has been in violation of the same or~~
5 ~~similar laws at the same or other locations in the City and County of San Francisco;~~
6 ~~— (I) the responsible party's good faith efforts to comply; and~~
7 ~~— (J) whether the violation is easy to correct; and~~
8 ~~— (K) such other factors as the administrative law judge may consider relevant.~~
9 ~~— The decision of the administrative law judge shall be based upon, but not limited to,~~
10 ~~provisions of the San Francisco Planning Code, any final Zoning Administrator interpretations, the San~~
11 ~~Francisco Building Code, building permits issued by the City, and any final decisions of the San~~
12 ~~Francisco Board of Appeals concerning the subject building or property.~~
13 ~~— The administrative law judge shall issue a written decision on the appeal within thirty~~
14 ~~days of the conclusion of the hearing. The decision shall be served on the responsible party by certified~~
15 ~~mail by deposit in the United States mail in a sealed envelope, postage prepaid, addressed to the~~
16 ~~responsible party at the address provided to the administrative law judge by the responsible party.~~
17 ~~Service shall be considered to have been completed at the time of deposit in the United States mail. A~~
18 ~~copy of the decision shall also be mailed to the Director of Planning at the offices of the Planning~~
19 ~~Department.~~
20 ~~— (5) Continuance of Hearing. The parties may by mutual agreement continue the hearing~~
21 ~~date. If the parties do not mutually agree on another hearing date, the party wanting a continuance~~
22 ~~may request the administrative law judge to grant the continuance by submitting a written request for a~~
23 ~~continuance and demonstrating good cause with supporting documentation. A written request for a~~
24 ~~continuance shall be made at the earliest possible date but in no event less than five days before the~~
25 ~~hearing unless unforeseen circumstances prevent such notification. The party requesting the~~

1 ~~continuance shall notify any other parties of the request in the most expeditious manner and provide~~
2 ~~them with copies of the complete request and the supporting documentation. A request for continuance~~
3 ~~made at the time of the hearing may be granted only in those exceptional cases where the requesting~~
4 ~~party demonstrates both good cause and that the party was unable through no fault of their own to~~
5 ~~make the request at an earlier time. The administrative law judge may grant more than one~~
6 ~~continuance, but the combination of all continuances granted shall be for no longer than forty five~~
7 ~~days.~~

8 ~~— For purposes of this section, "good cause" may include:~~

9 ~~— (A) the illness of a party, an attorney or other authorized representative of a party, or a~~
10 ~~material witness of a party;~~

11 ~~— (B) verified travel of a party, attorney, or material witness outside of San Francisco~~
12 ~~scheduled before receipt of the notice of hearing;~~

13 ~~— (C) failure to receive timely notice of the hearing date; or~~

14 ~~— (D) any other reason which makes it impossible or infeasible to appear on the scheduled~~
15 ~~date due to unforeseen circumstances or verified pre-arranged plans that cannot be changed. Mere~~
16 ~~inconvenience in appearing shall not be considered sufficient good cause.~~

17 ~~— In deciding whether to grant the request for continuance, the administrative law judge~~
18 ~~shall also take into consideration the nature of the alleged violation and its impact on neighboring~~
19 ~~properties and the general public if the alleged violations are allowed to continue for an additional~~
20 ~~period of time.~~

21 ~~— (6) Finality and Effect of the Decision. The decision of the administrative law judge shall~~
22 ~~be the City's final administrative action on the matter and there shall be no further administrative~~
23 ~~appeals.~~

24 ~~— (7) Compliance with Decision. If the administrative law judge upholds the Director's order~~
25 ~~of abatement in whole or in part, the responsible party shall comply with the decision and pay to the~~

1 ~~Department any administrative penalties that were upheld within thirty days of the date the decision~~
2 ~~was served. If the responsible party is proceeding diligently to obtain required permits and to complete~~
3 ~~the abatement work, the Director may grant additional time to comply with the decision. If the~~
4 ~~responsible party fails to comply with the decision and/or to pay the administrative penalties within the~~
5 ~~time period required, the Director may take such action to collect the fees and enforce the decision as~~
6 ~~he or she deems appropriate, including (i) referral of the matter to the Bureau of Delinquent Revenue~~
7 ~~Collection under Article V, Section 10.39 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, initiation of lien~~
8 ~~proceedings under Article XX, Section 10.230 et seq. of the San Francisco Administrative Code, and/or~~
9 ~~a requesting that the City Attorney pursue enforcement of the decision and collection of the penalties~~
10 ~~imposed against the responsible party in a civil action.~~

11 ~~——If the administrative law judge overrules the Director and determines that the order of~~
12 ~~abatement was issued in error, the Department shall consider the case abated and all administrative~~
13 ~~penalties rescinded.~~

14 ~~——(8) Rescission of Order of Abatement or Withdrawal of Appeal Prior to the Hearing. If the~~
15 ~~Director rescinds the order of abatement in its entirety prior to the hearing, the case shall be~~
16 ~~considered abated and the appeal withdrawn, and any assessed administrative penalties shall be~~
17 ~~considered rescinded. The Department shall refund to the responsible party in a timely manner any~~
18 ~~appeal fees that he or she has paid.~~

19 ~~——If the responsible party elects to withdraw the appeal and comply with the order of~~
20 ~~abatement, the Department shall refund in a timely manner any appeal fees that he or she has paid.~~
21 ~~Any administrative penalties already assessed must be paid in full before the Department will consider~~
22 ~~the case abated. If the responsible party withdraws the appeal within ten days of the date the appeal~~
23 ~~was filed, he or she may apply to the Director in writing for a reduction in the amount of any assessed~~
24 ~~administrative penalties based upon the number of days between the filing of the appeal and its~~
25

1 ~~withdrawal. Any decision by the Director to grant or deny the request shall be at the Director's sole~~
2 ~~discretion and is not appealable.~~

3 ~~—(g) Service of Notices and Orders; Proof of Service. Service of a notice of violation, order of~~
4 ~~abatement, or other notice or order required by this Section 176.1 shall be given to the owner of the~~
5 ~~property or other person to be notified by depositing the notice or order in the United States mail in a~~
6 ~~sealed envelope, postage prepaid, addressed to the person to be notified at that person's last known~~
7 ~~business or residence address as shown in the Assessor's records. Service by mail shall be considered~~
8 ~~to have been completed at the time of deposit in the United States mail.~~

9 ~~—If the identity of the person or business entity owning the property in question is unknown,~~
10 ~~the notice of violation shall be posted in a conspicuous location on, or if access to the property is not~~
11 ~~available in a conspicuous location as close as practicable to, the building or property. The notice~~
12 ~~shall also be hand delivered to the person, if any, in real or apparent charge and control of the subject~~
13 ~~premises or property. Once the identity of the person or business entity is known, the notice of violation~~
14 ~~shall be mailed to such person or business entity without the delay affecting the time limits, fees, or~~
15 ~~administrative penalties imposed by this Section 176.1.~~

16 ~~—Proof of giving any notice may be made by the certificate of any officer or employee of the~~
17 ~~City and County of San Francisco or by affidavit of any person over the age of 18 years, which shows~~
18 ~~service in conformity with the San Francisco Municipal Code or any other applicable provisions of~~
19 ~~law.~~

20 ~~—(h) Failure of the City to Comply with Timelines. The failure of the Director, the~~
21 ~~Department, or the administrative law judge to comply with any of the timelines set forth in this Section~~
22 ~~176.1 shall not render the code violations unenforceable.~~

23 ~~—(i) Use of Fees and Penalties Collected. All fees and penalties collected under this Section~~
24 ~~176.1 shall be deposited in the Planning Code Enforcement Fund established in Administrative Code~~
25 ~~Section 10.100.166 and shall be used for the purposes specified in that section.~~

1 ~~—(j) Remedies under this Section 176.1 are non-exclusive, and the City Attorney may at any~~
2 ~~time institute civil proceedings for injunctive and monetary relief, including civil penalties, against any~~
3 ~~person for violations of the Planning Code, without regard to whether the Planning Director has issued~~
4 ~~a notice of violation, scheduled or held a hearing on a notice of violation, issued an order of abatement~~
5 ~~and/or an assessment of administrative penalties, or whether an appeal has been filed or decided.~~

6
7 **SEC. 350. FEES.**

8 * * * *

9 (g) **Time and Materials.** The Planning Department shall charge the applicant for any
10 time and materials cost~~s~~ incurred in excess of the initial fee charged if required to recover the
11 Department's costs for providing services.

12 (1) The Department shall charge time and materials to recover the cost of
13 correcting code violations and violations of Planning Commission and Department conditions
14 of approval of use if such costs are not covered by the monitoring fee for conditions of
15 approval specified in the Planning Department Fee Schedule.

16 (2) Where a different limitation on time and material~~s~~ charges is set forth
17 elsewhere in this Article 3.5, that limitation shall prevail.

18 (3) The Planning Department may also charge the applicant for any time and
19 materials costs incurred by any other departments or agency~~ies~~ of the City and County of San
20 Francisco, or may authorize such other departments or agencies of the City and County to
21 charge directly for any time and materials costs incurred by the respective department or
22 agency to recover the cost of correcting code violations, and violations of Planning
23 Commission and Department conditions of approval.

24 (4) Any balance of time and materials costs for active and open projects must be
25 paid in full one week in advance of a scheduled public hearing before the Planning

1 Commission to consider the project or before Planning Department approval ~~issuance~~ of the first
2 site permit if no hearing is required.

3 * * * *

4
5 Section 4. The Building Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 102A.8 and
6 103A (including Sections 103A.3.1, 103A.3.4, 103A.3.5, and 103A.3.7), to read as follows:

7 **102A.8 Remedies are Non-Exclusive.** Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections
8 102A.4 through 102A.7, the City Attorney may institute civil proceedings for injunctive and
9 monetary relief, including civil penalties, against a building owner for violations of the
10 Municipal Code under any circumstances, without regard to whether a complaint has been
11 filed or the Building Official has issued a NOV or an Administrative Order. In any civil action
12 filed by the City Attorney under this Section 102A.8, the City ~~Attorney may seek recovery of and~~
13 ~~the court may award the City its~~, when it is the prevailing party, shall be awarded reasonable
14 attorneys' fees and costs, including but not limited to expert witness fees, and costs of
15 investigation incurred in bringing the proceedings.

16 **SECTION 103A – VIOLATIONS**

17 It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect, construct, enlarge,
18 alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert or demolish, equip, use, occupy, or maintain any
19 building, structure, property, or portions thereof or cause or permit the same to be done in
20 violation of this code.

21 (a) Penalties.

22 (1) Civil Penalties. Any person, the owner, or the owner's authorized agent, who
23 provides false information on permit applications or plans, or who otherwise violates, disobeys,
24 omits, neglects, or refuses to comply with, or resists or opposes the execution of any of the
25 provisions of this Code, shall be liable for a civil penalty, not less than \$200, and not to exceed

1 ~~\$5001,000~~, for each day such violation is committed or permitted to continue, which penalty
2 shall be assessed and recovered in a civil action brought in the name of the ~~p~~People of the
3 City and County of San Francisco by the City Attorney in any court of competent jurisdiction.
4 Any penalty assessed and recovered in an action brought pursuant to this ~~paragraph~~subsubsection
5 (a)(1) shall be paid to the City Treasurer and credited to the Department's Special Fund. For
6 purposes of this subsection (a)(1), each real property address, each commercial or dwelling unit within
7 a multi-unit real property address affected by a violation, and each separate violation of the Building
8 Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable civil penalties.

9 In assessing the amount of the civil penalty, the court shall consider any one or more of the
10 relevant circumstances presented by any of the parties to the case, including but not limited to, the
11 following:

12 (A) the nature and seriousness of the misconduct, including but not limited to
13 whether the violation resulted in any public health or safety hazard, or a dangerous condition on the
14 affected property, and the impact of the violation on the occupants of the property and the surrounding
15 neighborhood;

16 (B) the number of violations;

17 (C) the persistence of the misconduct;

18 (D) the length of time over which the misconduct occurred;

19 (E) the willfulness of the misconduct;

20 (F) whether the violation of the Building Code resulted in the displacement of
21 one or more tenants;

22 (G) whether the violation is reversible;

23 (H) the violator's financial gain or opportunity for financial gain from the
24 misconduct; and

25 (I) the defendant's assets, liabilities and net worth.

1 (2) Criminal Penalties. Any person, the owner, or the owner's authorized agent,
2 who violates, disobeys, omits, neglects, or refuses to comply with, or who resists or opposes
3 the execution of any of the provisions of this code, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon
4 conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ~~\$500~~1,000, or by imprisonment
5 not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, unless otherwise provided
6 in this code, and shall be deemed guilty of a separate offense for every day such violation,
7 disobedience, omission, neglect, or refusal shall continue. Any person who shall do any work
8 in violation of any of the provisions of this code, and any person having charge of such work
9 who shall permit it to be done, shall be liable to the penalty provided.

10 It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with the posting of any notice provided
11 for in this code, or to tear down or mutilate any such notice posted by the Department.

12 * * * *

13 **103A.3 Restrictions of unlawful residential demolition replacement.**

14 **103A.3.1 Demolition without permit.** Whenever the demolition of any building or
15 structure ~~containing one or more residential units~~ takes place, including as defined in Section
16 317(b)(2)(B) or (C) but exclusive of the application of Section 317(b)(2)(D), without the issuance of
17 a demolition permit as required by this code, the site on which the unlawful demolition
18 occurred shall be subject to the following restriction: For five years from the date of the
19 unlawful demolition, no permit authorizing the construction or alteration of any building or
20 structure for that site shall be issued, except for a permit for the construction or alteration of a
21 building or structure with the same or greater number of residential units, with the same or
22 higher proportion of residential to nonresidential units ~~and with the same or fewer square feet as~~
23 the building or structure that was unlawfully demolished. In cases which qualify for the foregoing
24 exception, the proposed area of all additional units must be at least 40% the gross square footage of
25 the largest unit in the proposed project unless all units in the replacement project will be sold or rented

1 at below market rates. All replacement Residential Units shall be subject to the Rent Ordinance
2 (Administrative Code Chapter 37) to the same extent as the Residential Units that were demolished in
3 violation of Section 317 of this Code. * * * *

4 **103A.3.4 Civil penalties.** Any agent, contractor, or other person acting on behalf of
5 the owner of a building or structure ~~containing one or more residential units~~ who causes or
6 permits the demolition of the building or structure with the knowledge that a demolition permit
7 has not been issued as required by this code shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$~~105~~,000.
8 ~~Any owner who causes or permits the demolition of his or her building or structure containing one or~~
9 ~~more residential units with the knowledge that no demolition permit has been issued as required by this~~
10 ~~code shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000.~~

11 **103A.3.5 Penalties nonexclusive.** The penalties set forth in this section 103A are not
12 exclusive, but are in addition to any other penalties set forth in this code, in other San Francisco
13 Municipal codes, or in state law.

14 * * * *

15 **103A.4.7 Violation a public nuisance; enforcement.** A property in violation of the
16 provisions of this section is deemed to be a public nuisance and subject to enforcement by the
17 Department and penalties under Section 102A and 103A of this Code or under other
18 applicable sections of the San Francisco Municipal Code or state law.

19 * * * *

20 Section 5. Effective Date; Application of Ordinance.

21 (a) This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs
22 when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not
23 sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the
24 Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

1 (b) The following increased penalties or new fines contained in this ordinance shall
2 apply to violations of the Planning Code or Building Code that were committed on or after the
3 effective date of the ordinance:

4 (1) the provision in Planning Code Section 176(c)(1)(A) that “For purposes of
5 this subdivision (c)(1)(A), each real property address, each commercial or dwelling unit within
6 a multi-unit real property address affected by a violation, and each separate violation of the
7 Planning Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable administrative penalties;

8 (2) the provision in Planning Code Section 176(c)(1)(A) authorizing more than
9 \$250 per day in daily administrative penalties (i.e., the \$250 cap shall continue to apply to
10 violations committed prior to the effective date of the ordinance);

11 (3) the fines and other consequences provided for in Planning Code Section
12 176(c)(1)(C);

13 (4) the provision in Planning Code Section 176(c)(2) that “For purposes of this
14 subdivision (c)(2), each real property address, each commercial or dwelling unit within a multi-
15 unit real property address affected by a violation, and each separate violation of the Planning
16 Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable civil penalties.”;

17 (5) the provision in Building Code Section 103A(a)(1) that “For purposes of this
18 subdivision (a)(1), each real property address, each commercial or dwelling unit within a multi-
19 unit real property address affected by a violation, and each separate violation of the Planning
20 Code is a distinct violation for calculation of applicable civil penalties.”;

21 (6) the provision setting a \$200 minimum for daily civil penalties under Building
22 Code section 103A(a)(1);

23 (7) the provision in Building Code section 103A.3.3 authorizing a fine in excess
24 of \$5,000 (i.e., the \$5,000 fine amount shall apply to violations committed prior to the Effective
25 Date).

1 All other provisions of this ordinance shall apply to pending proceedings for violations
2 of the Building Code or Planning Code, unless such application would violate the United
3 States Constitution or California Constitution.

4
5 Section 6. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
6 intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
7 numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
8 Code (including the Planning and Building Codes) that are explicitly shown in this ordinance
9 as additions, deletions, Board amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in
10 accordance with the "Note" that appears under the official title of the ordinance.

11 APPROVED AS TO FORM:
12 DAVID CHIU, City Attorney

13 By: /s/ KRISTEN A. JENSEN
14 KRISTEN A. JENSEN
15 Deputy City Attorney

16 n:\legana\as2022\2200160\01641574.docx

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
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Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

Date: December 2, 2022
To: Planning Department / Commission
From: Erica Major, Clerk of the Land Use and Transportation Committee
Subject: Board of Supervisors Legislation Referral - File No. 220878
Planning, Building Codes - Penalties for Code Enforcement

- California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Determination
(*California Public Resources Code, Sections 21000 et seq.*)
 - Ordinance / Resolution
 - Ballot Measure

- Amendment to the Planning Code, including the following Findings:
(*Planning Code, Section 302(b): 90 days for Planning Commission review*)
 - General Plan
 - Planning Code, Section 101.1
 - Planning Code, Section 302

- Amendment to the Administrative Code, involving Land Use/Planning
(*Board Rule 3.23: 30 days for possible Planning Department review*)

- General Plan Referral for Non-Planning Code Amendments
(*Charter, Section 4.105, and Administrative Code, Section 2A.53*)
(Required for legislation concerning the acquisition, vacation, sale, or change in use of City property; subdivision of land; construction, improvement, extension, widening, narrowing, removal, or relocation of public ways, transportation routes, ground, open space, buildings, or structures; plans for public housing and publicly-assisted private housing; redevelopment plans; development agreements; the annual capital expenditure plan and six-year capital improvement program; and any capital improvement project or long-term financing proposal such as general obligation or revenue bonds.)

- Historic Preservation Commission
 - Landmark (*Planning Code, Section 1004.3*)
 - Cultural Districts (*Charter, Section 4.135 & Board Rule 3.23*)
 - Mills Act Contract (*Government Code, Section 50280*)
 - Designation for Significant/Contributory Buildings (*Planning Code, Article 11*)

Please send the Planning Department/Commission recommendation/determination to Erica Major at Erica.Major@sfgov.org.

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August 24, 2022

File No. 220878

Lisa Gibson
Environmental Review Officer
Planning Department
49 South Van Ness Avenue, Suite 1400
San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On July 26, 2022, Supervisor Ronen introduced the following proposed legislation:

File No. 220878

Ordinance amending the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of assessing penalties; adding factors to consider in determining the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for Responsible Parties; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Erica Major".

By: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk
Land Use and Transportation Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning
Don Lewis, Environmental Planning

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



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MEMORANDUM

TO: Brooke Jenkins, District Attorney, Office of the District Attorney
William Scott, Police Chief, Police Department
Eric D. Shaw, Director, Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development
Julie Rosenberg, Executive Director, Board of Appeals
Joaquin Torres, Assessor Recorder, Office of the Assessor-Recorder

FROM: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk, Land Use and Transportation Committee

DATE: August 24, 2022

SUBJECT: LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Land Use and Transportation Committee has received the following proposed legislation, introduced by Supervisor Ronen on August 24, 2022:

File No. 220878

Ordinance amending the Planning and Building Codes to increase fines and penalties for violations of Planning and Building Code provisions; clarify that violations affecting more than one unit in a building constitute multiple violations for purposes of assessing penalties; adding factors to consider in determining the appropriate amount of civil penalties; establishing penalties for residential units merged, constructed, or divided without required permits or approvals; establishing penalties for violations involving illegal demolition and enhancement of penalty amounts for certain buildings by age or historic status; providing additional notices for Responsible Parties; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act; and making findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1, and findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code, Section 302.

If you have comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102 or by email at: erica.major@sfgov.org.

cc: Ana Gonzalez, Office of the District Attorney
Eugene Clendinen, Office of the District Attorney
Tara Anderson, Office of the District Attorney
Lisa Ortiz, Police Department
Lili Gamero, Police Department
Diana Oliva-Aroche, Police Department
Lydia Ely, Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development
Brian Cheu, Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development
Maria Benjamin, Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development
Sheila Nickolopoulos, Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development
Kurt Fuchs, Office of the Assessor-Recorder