File No. <u>211312</u>

Committee Item No. Board Item No. 15

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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Prepared by:	Lisa Lew	Date:	December 30, 2021
Prepared by:		Date:	

FILE NO. 211312

RESOLUTION NO.

1	[Supporting California State Senate Bill No. 237 (Portantino) - Dyslexia-Universal Screening]
2	
3	Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill No. 237 (SB 37) introduced by
4	Senate Member Anthony Portantino (SD- 25) on January 21, 2021; SB 237 would require
5	the State Board of Education to establish a list of approved screening instruments to
6	be used by school districts to screen pupils for risk of Dyslexia.
7	
8	WHEREAS, Dyslexia is the most common learning disability with at least 10 percent of
9	the general population having Dyslexia; and
10	WHEREAS, Students with Dyslexia are less likely to graduate high school and attend
11	college; and
12	WHEREAS, The American Bar Association found nearly 85 percent of all youth
13	involved with juvenile court system was unable to read; and
14	WHEREAS, More than 50 percent of San Francisco Unified School District come from
15	socioeconomically disadvantaged backgrounds; which, make it nearly impossible for parents
16	of Dyslexia students to receive out of school support; and
17	WHEREAS, California law does not require universal early screening of all children to
18	identify children at risk for Dyslexia to enable parents and teachers to be aware of the
19	student's needs as early as possible and provide appropriate instruction; and
20	WHEREAS, California State Senate Bill No. 237 (SB 237) would require all students in
21	California to be screened for risk of Dyslexia in their early elementary years; and
22	WHEREAS, SB 237 would require the State Board of Education (SBE) to establish a
23	list of approved culturally, linguistically and developmentally appropriate, evidence-based
24	instruments to be used by school districts to screen pupils for risk of Dyslexia; and
25	

1	WHEREAS, Students from Kindergarten to the second would be screened for risk of
2	dyslexia within 90 days of the start of each new school years; and
3	WHEREAS, California's Governor, Gavin Newsom, a person with Dyslexia, has been a
4	strong proponent for the increase screening and remediation services for students with
5	learning disabilities; be it
6	RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco supports Senate Bill No. 237
7	that would require all students in California to be screened for risk of Dyslexia in their early
8	elementary years; be it
9	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors supports Senate
10	Bill No. 237, Dyslexia Universal Screening; be it
11	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the City and
12	County of San Francisco transmit a copy of this Resolution to San Francisco's State
13	Legislative Delegation, City and County of San Francisco State Lobbyist, California Governor
14	Gavin Newsom and the Bill's primary sponsor Senate Member Anthony Portantino.
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AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 28, 2021

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 20, 2021

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 3, 2021

SENATE BILL

No. 237

Introduced by Senator Portantino (Coauthors: Senators Cortese, Dahle, Dodd, Hueso, Limón, Ochoa Bogh, Umberg, and Wiener)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members *Bauer-Kahan*, Chiu, Gabriel, Holden, Mathis, Luz Rivas, Blanca Rubio, and Villapudua)

January 21, 2021

An act to amend Section 56337.5 of the Education Code, relating to special education.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 237, as amended, Portantino. Special education: dyslexia risk screening.

Existing law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to develop program guidelines for dyslexia to be used to assist regular education teachers, special education teachers, and parents to identify and assess pupils with dyslexia, as provided. Existing law requires a pupil who is assessed as being dyslexic and meets specified eligibility criteria to be entitled to special education and related services.

This bill would require, on or before June 30, 2022, the State Board of Education to establish an approved list of *evidence-based* culturally, linguistically, and developmentally appropriate screening instruments to be used by a local educational agency, as defined, to screen pupils for risk of dyslexia, as provided. The bill would require, beginning in the 2022–23 school year, and annually thereafter, a local educational

agency serving pupils in any of the grades kindergarten to grade 2, inclusive, to screen each pupil in those grades for risk of dyslexia by using the screening instrument or instruments identified above, as provided. The bill would also require, during the 2022–23 school year, a local educational agency serving pupils in grade 3 to screen each pupil. The bill would require results from the screening, among other things, to be made available to a pupil's parent or guardian in a timely manner, but no more than 45 calendar days from administering the screening. The bill would require a local educational agency to provide a pupil identified as being at risk for dyslexia with appropriate instruction, progress monitoring, and early intervention in the regular general education program. By expanding the duties of a local educational agency, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 56337.5 of the Education Code is 2 amended to read:

3 56337.5. (a) (1) (A) On or before June 30, 2022, the board 4 shall establish an approved list of evidence-based culturally, 5 linguistically, and developmentally appropriate screening instruments to be used by a local educational agency to screen 6 pupils for risk of dyslexia. The areas to be screened by approved 7 8 instruments shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following: 9 (i) Phonological and phonemic awareness, including phoneme blending, phoneme segmenting, and phoneme manipulation tasks. 10

- 11 (ii) Sound-symbol recognition and symbol-sound recognition.
- 12 (iii) Alphabet knowledge.
- 13 (iv) Decoding skills, including real and nonsense words.

1 (v) Rapid automatized naming, with letters, digits, objects, or 2 colors.

3 (B) This paragraph does not prohibit the board from periodically4 adding to the list described in subparagraph (A).

5 (2) (A) Beginning in the 2022–23 school year, and annually 6 thereafter, a local educational agency serving pupils in any of the 7 grades kindergarten to grade 2, inclusive, shall screen each pupil 8 in kindergarten to grade 2, inclusive, for risk of dyslexia by using 9 a state-approved instrument or instruments with fidelity, as 10 identified in paragraph (1), within 90 calendar days from the start 11 of instruction for the school year, unless objected to in writing by 12 the pupil's parent or guardian.

(B) During the 2022–23 school year, a local educational agency
serving pupils in grade 3 shall conduct the screening described in
subparagraph (A) on each pupil in grade 3, in order to identify and
provide support to pupils at risk of dyslexia and experiencing
significant learning loss due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

18 (3) Results from the screening shall be made available to the 19 pupil's parent or guardian in a timely manner, but no more than 20 45 calendar days from administering the screening, and shall 21 include information as to how the parent or guardian can access, 22 on the department's internet website, information about the 23 Multi-Tiered System of Supports, and the California Dyslexia 24 Guidelines developed by the Superintendent pursuant to Section 25 56335. 26 (4) If a pupil from another state enrolls for the first time in any

27 of the grades kindergarten to grade 2, inclusive, or in grade 3 during 28 the 2022–23 school year, in the middle of the school year, the local 29 educational agency shall screen the pupil for risk of dyslexia by 30 using a state-approved instrument or instruments with fidelity, as 31 identified in paragraph (1), within 30 calendar days of enrollment, 32 unless the parent or guardian objects in writing or presents 33 documentation that the pupil had a similar screening in their prior 34 state of residence and the parent or guardian was made aware of 35 the results.

36 (5) Screening pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered
37 an evaluation to establish eligibility for special education and
38 related services pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities

39 Education Act (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.), or an evaluation to

1 determine eligibility for a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the 2 federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794).

3 (6) It is the intent of the Legislature that results from the 4 screening pursuant to this subdivision and the California Dyslexia 5 Guidelines developed pursuant to Section 56335 be available for 6 use by teachers and by parents and guardians in order to provide 7 knowledge of the characteristics exhibited by pupils with dyslexia 8 and related learning differences, to provide knowledge of the 9 instructional strategies that can be successfully used with pupils 10 at risk for dyslexia, and to help parents and guardians understand 11 their rights.

12 (7) A local educational agency shall provide a pupil identified 13 as being at risk for dyslexia pursuant to this subdivision with appropriate instruction, progress monitoring, and early intervention 14 15 in the regular general education program. A local educational agency may also provide additional support and referrals, as 16 17 recommended in the California Dyslexia Guidelines and the 18 English Language Arts/English Language Development 19 Framework.

(b) A pupil who is assessed as being dyslexic and meets
eligibility criteria specified in Section 56337 and paragraph (10)
of subdivision (b) of Section 3030 of Title 5 of the California Code
of Regulations for the federal Individuals with Disabilities

24 Education Act (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.) category of specific

25 learning disabilities is entitled to special education and related
 26 services.

(c) (1) If a pupil who exhibits the characteristics of dyslexia or
another related reading dysfunction is not found to be eligible for
special education and related services pursuant to subdivision (b),
the pupil's instructional program shall be provided in the regular
education program. Under existing law, the pupil may be eligible
for a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation
Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794).

(2) Local educational agencies are encouraged to use structured
literacy instruction, as recommended by the California Dyslexia
Guidelines, and progress monitoring, as recommended in the
English Language Arts/English Language Development
Framework, as appropriate, for these pupils in the regular education
program.

40 (d) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

1 (1) "Local educational agency" means a school district, county 2 office of education, or charter school.

3 (2) "Screening instrument" means a brief tool administered by 4 an appropriately trained school employee, including, but not limited 5 to, a certificated teacher of record, measuring discrete skills to 6 determine risk for dyslexia and possible need for early intervention,

7 including, but not limited to, structured literacy instruction,

8 progress monitoring, and early intervention as a component of the

9 Multi-Tiered System of Supports.

10 SEC. 2. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that

11 this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to

12 local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

13 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

14 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

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From:	Morris, Geoffrea (BOS)
To:	BOS Legislation, (BOS)
Cc:	<u>Safai, Ahsha (BOS)</u>
Subject:	Roll Call- Safai"s Resolution
Date:	Tuesday, December 14, 2021 2:18:59 PM
Attachments:	SB 237- Resolution Updated.doc
	20211214143305678.pdf

Good afternoon Clerks,

Attached is Supervisor Safai's introduction form and resolution supporting SB 237 (Portantino).

I can confirm that these matters are routine, not contentious in nature, and of no special interest.

The California State Association of Counties and League of California Cities have not taken a position.

Thank you, Geoffrea

Geoffrea (Jah-free-ah) Morris | Legislative Aide Supervisor Ahsha Safaí, District 11 San Francisco City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B Goodlett Place, Room 256 San Francisco, CA 94102 t: 415.554.7896 | f: 415.554.6979

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Introduction Form

Print Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

Time stamp or meeting date I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one): 1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment). 2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee. 3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee. 4. Request for letter beginning :"Supervisor inquiries" 5. City Attorney Request. 6. Call File No. from Committee. 7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion). 8. Substitute Legislation File No. 9. Reactivate File No. 10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following: Small Business Commission Youth Commission Ethics Commission Planning Commission Building Inspection Commission Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative Form. Sponsor(s): Safai Subject: Supporting California State Senate Bill 237 (Portantino)- Dyslexia-Universal Screening The text is listed: Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill 237 was introduced on January 21, 2021, by Senate Member Portantino (SD-25 and SB 237 would require the State Board of Education to establish a list of approved screening instruments to be used by school districts to screen pupils for risk of Dyslexia. Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor: For Clerk's Use Only