File	No.	220047

Committee Item	No.	
Board Item No.	29	

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee:		Date:	
Board of Supervisors Meeting		Date:	January 25, 2022
Cmte Boar	·d		
	Motion Resolution Ordinance Legislative Digest Budget and Legislative Analys Youth Commission Report Introduction Form Department/Agency Cover Lett MOU Grant Information Form Grant Budget Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Form 126 – Ethics Commission Award Letter Application	ter and/	
	Public Correspondence		
OTHER			
	Senate Bill 830 - 1/3/22 CSAC and LCC Position - 1/11/2	2	
_		_	
Prepared by: Lisa Lew Date: January 21, 2022		January 21, 2022	
Prepared by: Date:		·	

1	[Supporting California Senate Bill No. 830 (Portantino) - Education Finance: Supplemental	
2	Education Funding]	
3	Resolution supporting California Senate Bill No. 830, authored by Senator Anthony	
4	Portantino on Education Finance: Supplemental Education Funding, to transition	
5	California's K-12 school funding calculation from average daily attendance-based	
6	funding to enrollment-based funding to provide additional funding to school districts.	
7		
8	WHEREAS, On January 3, 2022, Senator Anthony Portantino (D-La Cañada Flintridge)	
9	introduced Senate Bill (SB) 830, a measure to move California K-12 school district funding	
10	away from average daily attendance funding to enrollment-based funding from the start of the	
11	2023-2024 school year; and	
12	WHEREAS, The current average daily attendance funding means districts' baseline	
13	funding depends on the number of students enrolled, minus the daily average number of	
14	absent students; and	
15	WHEREAS, SB 830 would redefine districts' baseline funding as the amount of the	
16	aggregate enrollment days for all pupils in a school district, divided by the total number of	
17	instructional days; and	
18	WHEREAS, California is currently using an outdated system that only considers	
19	student attendance, and is one of only six states, including Idaho, Kentucky, Mississippi,	
20	Missouri and Texas, that does not consider student enrollment figures for determining state	
21	aid to school districts; and	
22	WHEREAS, School districts plan their budgets and expend funds based on the number	
23	of students enrolled, yet only receive funds based on their average daily attendance; and	
24		

25

1	WHEREAS, If a school district enrolls one hundred students but their attendance rate is
2	95%, the school district must still prepare as if one hundred students will attend class every
3	day but only receive funding for ninety-five students; and
4	WHEREAS, The current average daily attendance formula worsens inequality since
5	educational consequences from school understaffing and underfunding are exponentially
6	worse across school districts that traditionally serve large populations of lower-income
7	students, and other vulnerable student populations and their families; and
8	WHEREAS, The current attendance-based funding further disenfranchises students in
9	schools that face higher rates of absenteeism who were already facing stark opportunity
10	differences and are most in need of the state's financial support; and
11	WHEREAS, The opportunity gaps that existed prior to the COVID crisis have only been
12	exacerbated during this crisis; and
13	WHEREAS, San Francisco Unified School District is facing a \$125 million budget
14	shortfall, and school districts all over the state are facing similar issues; and
15	WHEREAS, While the state has maintained district funding to help schools weather the
16	pandemic, without a change in funding formula, school budgets will revert to allocating money
17	based on average daily attendance; and
18	WHEREAS, The COVID pandemic has had long-lasting impacts on student
19	achievement and mental health; and
20	WHEREAS, Average daily attendance has dropped significantly since the pandemic,
21	and school districts will lose out on millions of dollars in funding when attendance drops; and
22	WHEREAS, State law that allowed for remote learning expired in 2021, and under the
23	current average daily attendance formula, school districts may lose funding from the state if
24	they respond to the spread of new or current variants of COVID by reverting to remote
25	learning; and

1	WHEREAS, When physical classrooms reopened in the fall of 2021, districts failing to
2	offer independent study to students in quarantine were required to count those pupils as
3	absent, resulting in districts losing their attendance-based funding; and
4	WHEREAS, More state funding will help alleviate the budget crises that our public
5	school systems are facing; and
6	WHERAS, SB 830 could yield \$3 billion more in annual state funding for California
7	schools, and California is expecting a \$31 million surplus; and
8	WHEREAS, SB 830's new funding formula ensures that no school districts will lose
9	money from the new formula by including a "hold harmless" provision that would keep current
10	funding levels but allow districts to apply for supplemental funding if enrollment totals are
11	greater than the average daily attendance formula; and
12	WHEREAS, SB 830 would still disincentivize truancy by requiring districts to spend half
13	of any new funds they receive on combating chronic absenteeism; and
14	WHEREAS, SB 830's enrollment-based funding would provide California schools with
15	more equitable, stable, and predictable funding; and
16	WHEREAS, If we do not act with greater urgency to properly fund and invest in our
17	public education system, there will be lasting impacts on our students, public schools, and our
18	community; and
19	WHEREAS, There is general agreement among parents, educators, school
20	administrators, that our schools are in dire need of more economic resources to better serve
21	our students; and
22	WHEREAS, The SB 830 has already been endorsed by the California School
23	Employees Association and Los Angeles Unified School District; and
24	WHEREAS, We have a moral obligation to protect the integrity of our educational
25	institutions by ensuring that they are properly funded to overcome the current and future

1	challenges presented by the COVID-19 health crisis and rectify past failures to adequately
2	resource our institutions; now, therefore, be it
3	RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors supports SB 830; and, be it
4	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San
5	Francisco urges its local state elected officials, including the Assembly Member Phil Ting, and
6	Senator Scott Wiener, to champion the proper investment in education and recovery of our
7	public education system by adding their names as co-sponsors of SB 830; and, be it
8	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors hereby directs
9	the Clerk of the Board to transmit copies to SB 830 bill sponsor Senator Anthony J. Portantino
10	and members of the California Assembly and Senate from San Francisco with a request to
11	take all action necessary to achieve the objectives of this Resolution.
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

SENATE BILL No. 830

Introduced by Senator Portantino

January 3, 2022

An act to add Section 41338 to the Education Code, relating to education finance.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 830, as introduced, Portantino. Education finance: supplemental education funding.

Existing law establishes a public school financing system that requires state funding for county superintendents of schools, school districts, and charter schools to be calculated pursuant to a local control funding formula, as specified, that includes average daily attendance as a component of that calculation for these local educational agencies. Existing law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction, on or before February 20 of each year, to make a first principal apportionment of funds and, on or before July 2 of each year, to make a 2nd principal apportionment of funds to each local educational agency.

This bill would define "average daily membership" as the quotient of the aggregate enrollment days for all pupils in a school district or county office of education, from transitional kindergarten to grade 12, inclusive, as applicable, divided by the total number of instructional days for the local educational agency in an academic year. The bill, commencing with the 2023–24 fiscal year, would authorize a county office of education or school district to apply each fiscal year to the Superintendent for supplemental education funding. The bill would require a local educational agency to receive as supplemental education funding the difference between what the local educational agency would have received under the local control funding formula based on average daily membership and what the local educational agency received under

 $SB 830 \qquad \qquad -2-$

the local control funding formula based on average daily attendance for that fiscal year, as provided. In order for a local educational agency to be eligible for supplemental educational funding, the bill would require the local educational agency to report to the Superintendent on July 1 the average daily membership for the prior academic year and to demonstrate a maintenance of effort to address chronic absenteeism and habitual truancy, as provided. The bill would require local educational agencies to use at least 50% of their supplemental education funding to supplement existing local educational agency expenditures to address chronic absenteeism and habitual truancy, as provided. The bill would condition implementation of these provisions upon the appropriation of funds for these purposes in the annual Budget Act or other statute.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 41338 is added to the Education Code, to read:
- 3 41338. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms 4 have the following meanings:
 - (1) "Average daily membership" means the quotient of the aggregate enrollment days for all pupils in a local educational agency, from transitional kindergarten to grade 12, inclusive, as applicable, divided by the total number of instructional days for the local educational agency in an academic year.
 - (2) "Local educational agency" means a school district or county office of education.
 - (b) Commencing with the 2023–24 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter, a local educational agency may apply to the Superintendent for supplemental education funding. A local educational agency shall receive as supplemental education funding an amount equal to the difference between what the local educational agency would have received under the local control funding formula if the local funding formula were based on average daily membership instead of average daily attendance, and what the local educational agency received under the local control funding formula based on average daily attendance for that fiscal

3 SB 830

year. In no case shall a local educational agency's supplemental education funding be less than zero dollars (\$0).

- (c) In order to be eligible for supplemental education funding under this section, a local educational agency shall comply with both of the following requirements:
- (1) Report to the Superintendent by July 1 the average daily membership of the local educational agency for the prior academic year. Local educational agencies shall have the opportunity to clarify or confirm their average daily membership, as necessary, until August 31.
- (2) Demonstrate a maintenance of effort to address chronic absenteeism and habitual truancy. To fulfill this requirement, a local educational agency shall maintain at least the same per-pupil spending level on staff who address chronic absenteeism and habitual truancy as the local educational agency did in the 2019–20 school year.
- (d) At least 50 percent of the funds allocated pursuant to this section shall supplement existing local educational agency expenditures to address chronic absenteeism and habitual truancy by providing services and supports that have been determined to improve school attendance, or addressing the root causes that contribute to pupils being chronically absent or habitually truant.
- (e) Consistent with the requirements of Section 48240, local educational agencies shall continue to implement a system to accurately track pupil attendance in order to raise the awareness of the effects of truancy and chronic absenteeism, identify and address factors contributing to habitual truancy and chronic absenteeism, and ensure that pupils with attendance problems are identified as early as possible to provide applicable support services and interventions.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall supersede or otherwise modify Section 48240, 48260, 52060, or 60901.
- (g) The implementation of this section is contingent upon an appropriation of funds for its purpose in the annual Budget Act or other statute.

Lew, Lisa (BOS)

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS)

To: Li-D9, Jennifer (BOS); BOS Legislation, (BOS)

Cc: Ronen, Hillary

Subject: RE: Introduction Ronen: [Supporting SB 830 Education Finance: Supplemental Education Funding]

From: Li-D9, Jennifer (BOS) <jennifer.li-d9@sfgov.org>

Sent: Tuesday, January 11, 2022 5:17 PM

To: BOS Legislation, (BOS)

bos.legislation@sfgov.org>

Cc: Ronen, Hillary hillary.ronen@sfgov.org

Subject: RE: Introduction Ronen: [Supporting SB 830 Education Finance: Supplemental Education Funding]

Hi Clerk Wong,

Please find attached the PDF version of SB 830.

CSAC has not taken a position on this bill; their position on this bill is "Watch" https://ctweb.capitoltrack.com/public/publish.aspx?session=21&id=782a2a60-db72-4653-a38c-c286cfcf1f8a

Similarly, League of California Cities notes SB 830 but has not taken a position on it; it is listed in the Revenue and Taxation Bills here: https://ctweb.capitoltrack.com/public/search.aspx?id=ad485199-37cd-42cd-8217-d19b4d257119&session=21&s=SB%20830&t=bill, and does not appear in their Revenue and Taxation Bills with Positions page: https://ctweb.capitoltrack.com/public/publish.aspx?session=21&id=cf258c6c-d000-4739-8a0d-f1633dcc10a5

Confirming that this matter is routine, not contentious in nature, and of no special interest.

Jennifer Li 李嘉欣 Legislative Aide 市參事助理 San Francisco District 9 Supervisor Hillary Ronen 市參事盧凱莉 Jennifer.Li-D9@sfgov.org (415) 554-5147

Keep updated with the <u>District 9 Newletter</u> Follow Supervisor Ronen on <u>Facebook</u>, <u>Instagram</u>, and <u>Twitter</u>

Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

Time stamp or meeting date I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one): 1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment). ✓ 2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee. 3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee. 4. Request for letter beginning: "Supervisor inquiries" 5. City Attorney Request. 6. Call File No. from Committee. 7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion). 8. Substitute Legislation File No. 9. Reactivate File No. 10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following: Small Business Commission ☐ Youth Commission Ethics Commission **Building Inspection Commission** Planning Commission Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative Form. Sponsor(s): Ronen Subject: [Supporting SB 830 Education Finance: Supplemental Education Funding] The text is listed: Resolution supporting California SB 830 Education Finance: Supplemental Education Funding, to transition California's K-12 school funding calculation from average daily attendance-based funding to enrollment-based funding to provide additional funding to school districts. See Resolution attached.

Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor: /s/ Hillary Ronen

For Clerk's Use Only