File No.	220192	Committee Item No	3
		Board Item No. 22	

### **COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: Rules Committee	<b>Date</b> _ March 14, 2022
Board of Supervisors Meeting	Date March 22, 2022
Cmte Board    Motion	port nd/or Report
x ☐ Form 700   ☐ ☐ Vacancy Notice   ☐ ☐ Information Sheet	
OTHER (Use back side if additional space is	s needed)
Completed by: Victor Young Completed by:	Date <u>Mar 10, 2022</u> Date

# AMENDED IN COMMITTEE 3/14/2022 MOTION NO.

FILE NO. 220192

1	[Presidential Appointment, Planning Commission -Gabriella Ruiz]
2	
3	Motion approving the President of the Board of Supervisors Shamann Walton's
4	nomination of Gabriella Ruiz to the Planning Commission, for the unexpired portion of
5	the term ending July 1, 2022, and additionally the next term beginning July 2, 2022, and
6	ending July 1, 2026.
7	
8	WHEREAS, Pursuant to Charter, Section 4.105, the President of the Board of
9	Supervisors has submitted a communication notifying the Board of Supervisors of the
10	nomination of Gabriella Ruiz, succeeding Deland Chan, to the Planning Commission, received
11	by the Clerk of the Board on February 24, 2022; and
12	WHEREAS, Each nomination to the Planning Commission by the President of the
13	Board of Supervisors is subject to a public hearing and vote within 60 days, and if the Board
14	fails to act on the nomination within this timeframe the nominee shall be deemed approved;
15	now, therefore, be it
16	MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby approves the President's nomination of
17	Gabriella Ruiz for appointment to the Planning Commission, seat 3, for the remainder of the
18	four-year term ending July 1, 2022, and additionally for the next term beginning July 2, 2022,
19	and ending July 1, 2026.
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

### President, Board of Supervisors District 10



City and County of San Francisco

### **SHAMANN WALTON**

華頌善

### **MEMORANDUM**

TO:	Victor Young, Rules Committee Clerk
FROM:	Victor Young, Rules Committee Clerk  Percy Burch, Office of Supervisor Shamann Walton
DATE:	February 28, 2022
SUBJECT:	Planning Commission Appointment by Supervisor Shamann Walton
Please be advi Planning Comr	sed that Supervisor Walton has selected Gabriella Ruiz to be appointed to the mission.
This appointme	ent will fill seat #3.
This appointme and ending on	ent is for the remainder of the current term and next term beginning July 1, 2022 July 1, 2026.
Gabriella Ruiz'	s address:
Attachment: A	pplication
For Clerk's offi	ce use only:
Seat No	Term Expiration Date: Seat Vacated:

### **BOARD of SUPERVISORS**



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 544-5227

# Application for Boards / Commissions / Committees / Task Forces INSTRUCTIONS AND APPLICATION

San Francisco is a diverse City and County with a wide range of people and issues affecting it. In order to take advantage of the extensive experience and knowledge available throughout our communities, various Boards/Commissions/Committees/Task Forces have been established to bring that knowledge together. These groups and their membership requirements are established by legislation approved through the local, state, and/or federal government.

In addition to setting up the purpose and goals of the various groups, the governing legislation outlines the type of person - in terms of desirable skills and/or knowledge - who can contribute their knowledge and perspective. In this manner, a group of San Franciscans, who are representative of the City and County, can be active participants in addressing issues affecting the entire City and County.

If you are interested in serving the City and County of San Francisco, the following procedures are provided:

- 1. A list of vacancies and expected vacancies, with their qualifications, can be found at the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, at the San Francisco Main Public Library, and online on the Board of Supervisors' website (<a href="http://www.sfbos.org/vacancy">http://www.sfbos.org/vacancy</a>). Please review this list for positions of interest.
- 2. Submit an application (<a href="http://www.sfbos.org/vacancy\_application">http://www.sfbos.org/vacancy\_application</a>) (List all of the appropriate seat number(s) and/or category/categories for which you qualify. We request applications be received ten (10) days before the scheduled hearing.)
  - Applicants may also need to submit a Form 700, Statement of Economic Interests (<a href="https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html">https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html</a>), along with their application for all bodies listed in <a href="https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html">Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code</a>, Section 3.1-103(a)(1).
- 3. If the seat(s) you are applying for is vacant and requires the Board of Supervisors' confirmation, the Rules Committee may schedule your application for review. Applicants should expect to appear before the Rules Committee to speak on their qualifications and answer questions during a public hearing. (There are no set instructions on what you are expected to present to the Rules Committee; however, a brief description of how your qualifications distinguish you from other applicants, reasons for your interest in the subject, and/or a short summarization on why you would make a good candidate is appropriate.)
- 4. The Rules Committee may or may not make a recommendation for appointment. If a recommendation is made by the Rules Committee, the recommendation is forwarded to the Board of Supervisors for approval. It generally takes approximately 15 days from the date the Rules Committee makes their recommendation, for the individual to become officially appointed.
- 5. Depending on the type of organization, a new appointee may need to take an Oath of Office.

If there are no vacancies, your application will be retained for one year. If any openings occur during this time, your application will be submitted to the Rules Committee for review.

If you have any further questions, please contact the Rules Committee Clerk at (415) 554-5184. If you require detailed information concerning the operations of a particular Board/Commission/Committee/Task Force, please contact the administering department directly.

### **BOARD of SUPERVISORS**



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 544-5227

## Application for Boards, Commissions, Committees, & Task Forces

iness Address: 669 Clay St. San Francisco, Comments Employer Gabriella.ruiz@chinatowncdc.org Home Emsuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(2), Boards and Commissions est dents of the City and County of San Francisco who are 18 years of nority). For certain appointments, the Board of Supervisors may week All That Apply:	Zip Code: 94116  Planner  Chinatown Community Development Cente  Ca  Zip Code: 94116  mail:
Occupation of the City and County of San Francisco who are 18 years of the City and County of San Francisco	Planner  Chinatown Community Development Center:  Ca  Zip Code:  94116  mail:  stablished by the Charter must consist of of age or older (unless otherwise stated in the codwaive the residency requirement.
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gabriella.ruiz@chinatowncdc.org Home Emsuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(2), Boards and Commissions est dents of the City and County of San Francisco who are 18 years of nority). For certain appointments, the Board of Supervisors may week All That Apply:  Sident of San Francisco: Yes  No  If No, place of residents of Age or Older: Yes  No  Insuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(1), please state how your quality.	mail:stablished by the Charter must consist of of age or older (unless otherwise stated in the cod waive the residency requirement.
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Years of Age or Older: Yes ■ No □  Irsuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(1), please state how your quali	sidence:
Years of Age or Older: Yes ■ No □  Irsuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(1), please state how your quali	sidence:
rsuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(1), please state how your quali	
d any other relevant demographic qualities of the City and County	orientation, gender identity, types of disabilities,
San Francisco native who has been committed to serving my city, I am humbled to have the opportunity to apply for this ing, I truly believe it is my personal experience that will add value to this position. My life circumstances have shown me for our vulnerable communities to thrive; and I believe planning plays a crucial role in doing just that.	
ing up in this city has not been easy. I come from a low-income background with parents who truly struggled to keep up other was a stay at home mom - two careers that simply could not sustain a family in a rising economy. Due to the lack ut a college education, we found ourselves homeless and struggling to get by. Thankfully due to an opening at Hamilton er until it was our turn to transition into permanent affordable housing. I remember vividly the incredible feeling of joy whe restand why secure, affordable, and stable housing is so important to one's overall well being and ability to succeed. I know was given access to housing.	sk of immediate affordable housing and limited economic opportunity for two people on Families, my family was able to get into our city's homeless response system and fo when we got our apartment in public housing. It was this experience that led me to
that I am an adult, I hold my adversity close to my heart and it is the reason I serve my community today. I knew when I ir that was rooted in uplifting communities I feel close to. I feel honored that I have had the opportunity to achieve more to the considered for this planning commission seat is more than enough for me. Yet if I am granted the honor of serving, able planning process. One of my priorities as a community planner is to ensure community voices are front and center lord and represent sensitive communities who have been historically wronged by racist planning policies. Having grown stabilize or destabilize a community; so as a commissioner, I would prioritize community voices and sensitive community.	e than I ever could have imagined considering the obstacles that were put in my way. S g, I believe I would be able to represent the communities who have been fighting for ar r to the issues we are tackling. It would be a goal of mine as a commissioner to contin
	in the infrigure or instance the function and Bayview, I know firsthand that planning inities so they continue to be uplifted and centered in our planning process.
7, I want to acknowledge my roots and where I come from. If it were not for the strong immigrant women in my family where today. I come from a line of strong single mothers - my great grandmother on my father's side emigrated from Mexics use of their bravery and strength that I stand here today and have the privilege to do this work. Their legacy lives through the mean that I would not only be representing my personal experiences and the communities I have called home, but my	unities so they continue to be uplifted and centered in our planning process.  who took risks to come to this country so their children could have a better life, I would i cond my great grandmother on my mother's side emigrated from the Philippines. It gh me and I hold that honor through my name. Having a seat on this government body
re today. I come from a line of strong single mothers - my great grandmother on my father's side emigrated from Mexico use of their bravery and strength that I stand here today and have the privilege to do this work. Their legacy lives through	unities so they continue to be uplifted and centered in our planning process.  who took risks to come to this country so their children could have a better life, I would for any great grandmother on my mother's side emigrated from the Philippines. It is upon the properties of the process of

### **Business and/or Professional Experience:**

2021 - present: Senior Planner, Chinatown Community Development Center

In charge of policy related efforts to address housing inequities and promote the construction of affordable housing for extremely low-income tenants in San Francisco. I have currently been leading our work in policy fixes relating to land use in Chinatown and the future of Single Room Occupancy hotels in San Francisco.

2020 - 2021: Policy and Planning Manager, Tenderloin Neighborhood Development Corporation

Led efforts to ensure community process in land use decisions in the Tenderloin. Facilitated community stakeholder groups to respond to proposed market rate projects in the neighborhood. This work led to outcomes that resulted in successful community wins that centered community voice and set an example for how equity can be considered in our planning process.

2019 - 2020: TAY Public Service Aide, San Francisco Public Library

Led the Library's first efforts in developing programs for the city's Transitional Age Youth (TAY) population. I organized TAY across the city to participate in a governing body that would influence the services provided to this population.

2017 - 2019: Family Support Specialist, Epiphany Center

Provided direct support and counseling for families dealing with trauma and at risk of losing their children to the Child Protective Services (CPS) system. Successes included building rapport with families who had distrust in the system and assisted them in closing our their CPS cases.

2013 - 2014: Tutoring Manager, Jamestown Community Center

In charge of overseeing the tutoring program at Cesar Chavez Elementary that supported a minimum of 30 students needing educational support.

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2022 - present: Board Member, Tenderloin Housing Clinic

2021 - present: Board Member, San Francisco Safe House

2019 - 2019: Legislative Intern, Supervisor Sandra Fewer

2019 - 2019: Policy and Planning Intern, San Francisco Department of Public Health

2019 - 2020: Mentor, San Francisco Education Fund

2016 - 2017: Program Volunteer, 18 Reasons

2015 - 2016: Survivor Support Advocate, W.O.M.A.N., Inc.

2011 - 2013: Board Member, Jamestown Community Center

2009 - 2011: Youth Organizer, Jamestown Community Center

Have you attended any meetings of the body to which you are applying? Yes ■ No □

An appearance before the Rules Committee may be required at a scheduled public hearing, prior to the Board of Supervisors considering the recommended appointment. Applications should be received ten (10) days prior to the scheduled public hearing.

Date: 1/31/2022	_Applicant's Signature (required):	Gabriella Ruiz Digitally signed by Gabriella Ruiz Date: 2022.01.31 14:11:41 -08'00 (Manually sign or type your complete name. NOTE: By typing your complete name, you are hereby consenting to use of electronic signature.)
<u>Please Note</u> : Your application will public record.	be retained for one year. Once compl	eted, this form, including all attachments, become
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY:		
Appointed to Seat #:	_Term Expires:	Date Vacated:

(7/9/2021) Page 2 of 2



# STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS COVER PAGE

A PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Date Initial Filing Received
Filing Official Use Only

Please type or print in ink.

NAME OF FILER (LAST)	(FIRST)	(MIDDLE)
Ruiz	Gabriella	Flora Marie
1. Office, Agency, o	r Court	
Agency Name (Do not	use acronyms)	
San Francisco Pl	anning	
Division, Board, Depart	ment, District, if applicable	Your Position
Planning Commis	ssion	Member
▶ If filing for multiple p	positions, list below or on an attachment. (Do no	ot use acronyms)
Agency:		Position:
2. Jurisdiction of C	Office (Check at least one box)	
State		<ul> <li>Judge, Retired Judge, Pro Tem Judge, or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)</li> </ul>
Multi-County		County of San Francisco
City of San Fran		Other
3. Type of Stateme	ent (Check at least one box)	
	od covered is January 1, <b>2021,</b> through er 31, <b>2021</b> .	Leaving Office: Date Left//
	od covered is/, throu er 31, <b>2021</b> .	gh
Assuming Office:	Date assumed/	☐ The period covered is/, through the date of leaving office.
Candidate: Date	of Election and office so	ught, if different than Part 1:
		ber of pages including this cover page:
Schedules atta	ched	
Schedule A-1 -	Investments - schedule attached	Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions – schedule attached
	Investments – schedule attached	Schedule D - Income – Gifts – schedule attached  Schedule E - Income – Gifts – Travel Payments – schedule attached
Schedule B - F	Real Property – schedule attached	Goriedate L - Income - Onto - Traver Fayments - Schedule attached
-or- None - No	reportable interests on any schedule	
5. Verification		
MAILING ADDRESS (Business or Agency Address	STREET CITY Recommended - Public Document)	Y STATE ZIP CODE
	ble diligence in preparing this statement. I have thed schedules is true and complete. I acknowle	reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained edge this is a public document.
I certify under penalty	of perjury under the laws of the State of Ca	lifornia that the foregoing is true and correct.
Date Signed	1/31/2022	Signature Gabriella Ruiz  Digitally signed by Gabriella Ruiz Date: 2022.01.31 14:18:30 -08'00'
	(month, day, year)	(File the originally signed paper statement with your filing official.)

Clear

### PLANNING COMMISSION

The below listed summary of seats, term expirations and membership information shall serve as notice of **vacancies**, **upcoming term expirations** and information on currently held seats, appointed by the Board of Supervisors. Appointments by other bodies are listed, if available. Seat numbers listed in **bold** are open for immediate appointment. However, you are able to submit applications for all seats and your application will be maintained for one year, in the event that an unexpected vacancy or opening occurs.

### **Membership and Seat Qualifications**

Seat #	Appointing Authority	Seat Holder	Term Ending	Qualification
1	BOS	Maria Theresa Imperial	7/1/24	Nominated by the President of the Board of Supervisors; subject to
2	BOS	Kathrin Moore	7/1/22	the approval of the Board of Supervisors, for a four-year term
3	BOS	Vacant	7/1/22	
4	Mayor	Joel Koppel	7/1/24	Nominated by the Mayor; subject to the approval of the Board of
5	Mayor	Rachel Tanner	6/30/22	Supervisors, for a four-year term
6	Mayor	Susan Diamond	6/30/24	
7	Mayor	Frank Fung	6/30/22	

Each nomination made by the President of the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor is subject to approval by the Board of Supervisors and subject to a public hearing and vote within 60 days. If the Board fails to act on the nomination within 60 days of the date the nomination is transmitted to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, the nominee shall be deemed approved.

### BOARD OF SUPERVISORS (BOS) APPLICATION FORMS AVAILABLE HERE

- English https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy\_application.pdf
- 中文 https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy\_application\_CHI.pdf
- Español https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy\_application\_SPA.pdf
- Filipino https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy\_application\_FIL.pdf

(For seats appointed by other Authorities please contact the Board / Commission / Committee / Task Force (see below) or the appointing authority directly.)

Pursuant to Board of Supervisors Rules of Order 2.19 (Motion No. 05-92) all applicants applying for this body must complete and submit, with their application, a copy (**not original**) of Form 700, Statement of Economic Interests. Applications will not be considered if a copy of Form 700 is not received.

### **FORM 700 AVAILABLE HERE (Required)**

https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html

Please Note: Depending upon the posting date, a vacancy may have already been filled. To determine if a vacancy for this Commission is still available, or if you require additional information, please call the Rules Committee Clerk at (415) 554-5184.

Applications and other documents may be submitted to BOS-Appointments@sfgov.org

<u>Next Steps</u>: Applicants who meet minimum qualifications will be contacted by the Rules Committee Clerk once the Rules Committee Chair determines the date of the hearing. Members of the Rules Committee will consider the appointment(s) at the meeting and applicant(s) may be asked to state their qualifications. The appointment of the individual(s) who is recommended by the Rules Committee will be forwarded to the Board of Supervisors for final approval.

The Planning Commission consists of seven (7) voting members.

The President of the Board of Supervisors shall nominate three (3) members to the commission.

The Mayor shall nominate four (4) members to the commission.

Each nomination of the President of the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor is subject to the approval of the Board of Supervisors, and shall be the subject of a public hearing and vote within 60 days. If the Board fails to act on the nomination within 60 days of the date the nomination is transmitted to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisor the nominee shall be deemed approved.

The mission of the City Planning Department is to guide the orderly and prudent use of land, in both the natural and built environment, with the purpose of improving the quality of life and embracing the diverse perspectives of those who live in, work in, and visit San Francisco. The Commission shall periodically recommend to the Board of Supervisors for approval or rejection proposed amendments to the General Plan.

Report: The Commission shall periodically recommend to the Board of Supervisors for

approval or rejection proposed amendments to the General Plan.

Authority: Charter Section 4.105 (Prop D; March 5, 2002 Election)

Sunset Date: None

Contact: Jonas Ionin, Secretary

**Planning Commission** 

1650 Mission Street, Suite 400

San Francisco, CA 94103

(415) 558-6309

jonas.ionin@sfgov.org

Updated: December 23, 2021

# GENDER ANALYSIS OF COMMISSIONS AND BOARDS





City and County of San Francisco London N. Breed Mayor

Department on the Status of Women Emily M. Murase, PhD Director



### Acknowledgements

The data collection and analysis for this report was conducted by Public Policy Fellow Diana McCaffrey with support from Policy and Projects Director Elizabeth Newman, Associate Director Carol Sacco, and Director Emily Murase, PhD, at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women.

The San Francisco Department on the Status of Women would like to thank the various policy body members, Commission secretaries, and department staff who graciously assisted in collecting demographic data and providing information about their respective policy bodies.

### San Francisco Commission on the Status of Women

President Debbie Mesloh Vice President Breanna Zwart Commissioner Shokooh Miry Commissioner Carrie Schwab-Pomerantz Commissioner Andrea Shorter Commissioner Julie D. Soo

Emily M. Murase, PhD, Director Department on the Status of Women

This report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, <a href="https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports">https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports</a>.

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### **Executive Summary**

In 2008, San Francisco voters overwhelmingly approved a City Charter Amendment (section 4.101) establishing as City policy for the membership of Commissions and Boards to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population, and that appointing officials be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates. Additionally, it requires the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2019 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards includes more policy bodies such as task forces, committees, and advisory bodies, than previous analyses, which were limited to Commissions and Boards. Data was collected from 84 policy bodies and from a total of 741 members mostly appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney. The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. This report examines policy bodies and appointees both comprehensively as a whole and separately by the two categories.

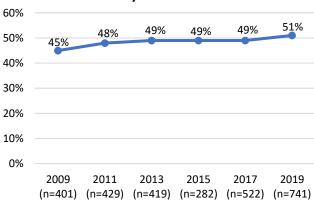
The 2019 Gender Analysis evaluates the representation of women; people of color; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) individuals; people with disabilities; and veterans on San Francisco policy bodies.

### **Key Findings**

#### Gender

- Women's representation on policy bodies is 51%, slightly above parity with the San Francisco female population of 49%.
- Since 2009, there has been a small but steady increase in the representation of women on San Francisco policy bodies.

# **10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies**



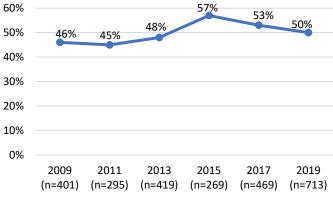
Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf, (August 25, 2017).

### Race and Ethnicity

- People of color are underrepresented on policy bodies compared to the population. Although people of color comprise 62% of San Francisco's population, just 50% of appointees identify as a race other than white.
- While the overall representation of people of color has increased between 2009 and 2019, as the Department collected data on more appointees, the representation of people of color has decreased over the last few years. The percentage of appointees of color decreased from 53% in 2017 to 49% in 2019.

# 10-Year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies



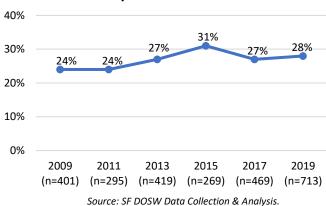
Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

As found in previous reports, Latinx and Asian groups are underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the population. Latinx individuals are 14% of the population but make up only 8% of appointees. Asian individuals are 31% of the population but make up only 18% of appointees.

### Race and Ethnicity by Gender

- On the whole, women of color are 32% of the San Francisco population, and 28% of appointees. Although still below parity, 28% is a slight increase compared to 2017, which showed 27% women of color appointees.
- Meanwhile, men of color are underrepresented at 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.

# 10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies



- ➤ Both White women and men are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies. White women are 23% of appointees compared to 17% of the San Francisco population. White men are 26% of appointees compared to 20% of the population.
- ▶ Black and African American women and men are well-represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women are 9% of appointees compared to 2.4% of the population, and Black men are 5% of appointees compared to 2.5% of the population.
- Latinx women are 7% of the San Francisco population but 3% of appointees, and Latinx men are 7% of the population but 5% of appointees.
- Asian women are 17% of the San Francisco population but 11% of appointees, and Asian men are 15% of the population but just 7% of appointees.

### **Additional Demographics**

- Out of the 74% of appointees who responded to the survey question on LGBTQ identity, 19% identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, nonbinary, queer, or questioning, and 81% of appointees identify as straight/heterosexual.
- Out of the 70% of appointees who responded to the question on disability, 11% identify as having one or more disabilities, which is just below the 12% of the adult population with a disability in San Francisco.
- Out of the 67% of appointees who responded to the question on veteran status, 7% have served in the military compared to 3% of the San Francisco population.

### Proxies for Influence: Budget & Authority

- Although women are half of all appointees, those Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets have fewer women and especially fewer women of color. Meanwhile, women exceed representation on Boards and Commissions with the smallest budgets and women of color reach parity with the population on the smallest budgeted Commissions and Boards.
- Although still underrepresented relative to the San Francisco population, there is a larger percentage of people of color on Commissions and Boards with both the largest and smallest budgets compared to overall appointees.
- The percentage of total women is greater on Advisory Bodies than Commissions and Boards. Women are 54% of appointees on Advisory Bodies and 48% of appointees on Commissions and Boards. However, the percentages of people of color and women of color on Commissions and Boards exceed the percentages of people of color and women of color on Advisory Bodies.

### **Appointing Authorities**

Mayoral appointments include 55% women, 52% people of color, and 30% women of color, which is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointments and total appointments.

### **Demographics of Appointees Compared to the San Francisco Population**

	Women	People of Color	Women of Color	LGBTQ	Disability Status	Veteran Status
San Francisco Population	49%	62%	32%	6%-15%*	12%	3%
Total Appointees	51%	50%	28%	19%	11%	7%
10 Largest Budgeted Commissions & Boards	41%	55%	23%			
10 Smallest Budgeted Commissions & Boards	52%	54%	32%			
Commissions and Boards	48%	52%	30%			
Advisory Bodies	54%	49%	28%			

Sources: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis, 2019, \*Note: Estimates vary by source. See page 16 for a detailed breakdown.

### I. Introduction

Inspired by the 4th UN World Conference on Women in Beijing, San Francisco became the first city in the world to adopt a local ordinance reflecting the principles of the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination (CEDAW), an international bill of rights for women. The CEDAW Ordinance was passed unanimously by the San Francisco Board of Supervisors and signed into law by Mayor Willie L. Brown, Jr. on April 13, 1998.<sup>2</sup> In 2002, the CEDAW Ordinance was revised to address the intersection of race and gender and incorporate reference to the UN Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Race Discrimination. The Ordinance requires City Government to take proactive steps to ensure gender equity and specifies "gender analysis" as a preventive tool to identify and address discrimination. Since 1998, the Department on the Status of Women has employed this tool to analyze the operations of 10 City Departments using a gender lens.

In 2007, the Department on the Status of Women conducted the first gender analysis to evaluate the number of women appointed to City Commissions and Boards. The findings of this analysis informed a City Charter Amendment developed by the Board of Supervisors for the June 2008 Election. This City Charter Amendment (Section 4.101) was overwhelmingly approved by voters and made it city policy that:

- The membership of Commissions and Boards are to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population,
- Appointing officials are to be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation
  of these candidates, and
- The Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every 2 years.

The 2019 Gender Analysis examines the representation of women; people of color; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) individuals; people with disabilities; and veterans on San Francisco policy bodies primarily appointed by the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors. This year's analysis included more outreach to policy bodies as compared to previous analyses that were limited to Commissions and Boards. As a result, more appointees were included in the data collection and analysis than even before. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney. The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission, and the second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. A detailed description of methodology and limitations can be found at the end of this report on page 23.

http://library.amlegal.com/nxt/gateway.dll/California/administrative/chapter33alocalimplementation of the united? f=templates f=template

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> San Francisco Administrative Code Chapter 33.A.

### II. Gender Analysis Findings

Many aspects of San Francisco's diversity are reflected in the overall population of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. The analysis includes 84 policy bodies, of which 823 of the 887 seats are filled leaving 7% vacant. As outlined below in the summary chart, slightly more than half of appointees are women, half of appointees are people of color, 28% are women of color, 19% are LGBTQ, 11% have a disability, and 7% are veterans.

Figure 1: Summary Data of Policy Body Demographics, 2019

Appointee Demographics	Percentage of Appointees
Women (n=741)	51%
People of Color (n=706)	50%
Women of Color (n=706)	28%
LGBTQ Identified (n=548)	19%
People with Disabilities (n=516)	11%
Veteran Status (n=494)	7%

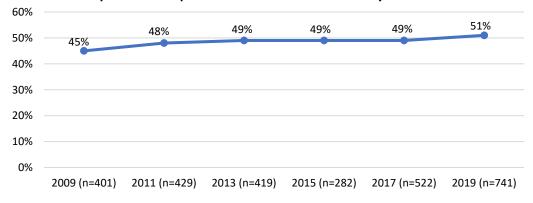
Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

However, further analysis reveals underrepresentation of particular groups. Subsequent sections present comprehensive data analysis providing comparison to previous years, detailing the variables of gender, race/ethnicity, LGBTQ identity, disability, veteran status, and policy body characteristics of budget size, decision-making authority, and appointment authority.

### A. Gender

On San Francisco policy bodies, 51% of appointees identify as women, which is slightly above parity compared to the San Francisco female population of 49%. The representation of women remained stable at 49% from 2013 until 2017. This year, the representation of women increased by 2 percentage points, which could be partly due to the larger sample size used in this year's analysis compared to previous years. A 10-year comparison shows that the representation of women appointees has gradually increased since 2009 by a total of six percentage points.

Figure 2: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Figures 3 and 4 analyze Commissions and Boards. Figure 3 showcases the five Commissions and Boards with the highest representation of women appointees as compared to 2015 and 2013. The Children and Families (First Five) Commission and the Commission on the Status of Women are currently comprised of all women appointees. This finding has been consistent for the Commission on the Status of Women in 2015 and 2017. While the Ethics Commission has 100% women appointees, much more than 2015 and 2017, its small size of five appointees means that minimal changes in its demographic composition greatly impacts percentages. This is also the case for other policy bodies with a small number of members. The Library Commission and the Commission on the Environment are fourth and fifth on the list at 71% and 67% women, respectively, with long standing female majorities on each.

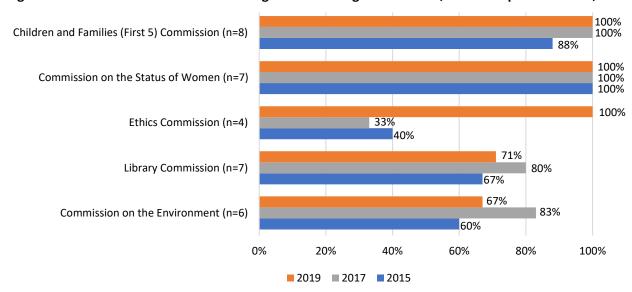
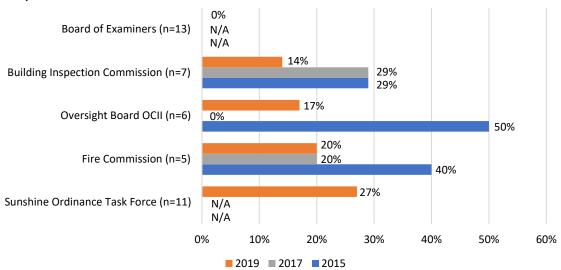


Figure 3: Commissions and Boards with Highest Percentages of Women, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Out of the Commissions and Boards in this section, 23 have 40% or less women. The five Commissions and Boards with the lowest representation of women are displayed in Figure 4. The lowest percentage is found on the Board of Examiners where currently *none* of the 13 appointees are women. Unfortunately, demographic data is unavailable for the Board of Examiners for 2017 and 2015. Next is the Building Inspection Commission at 14%, which is a decrease of female representation compared to 2017 and 2015. The Oversight Board of Community Investment and Infrastructure, Fire Commission, and Sunshine Ordinance Task Force also have some of the lowest percentages of women at 17%, 20%, and 27%, respectively. Unfortunately, the Sunshine Ordinance Task Force did not participate in previous analyses and therefore demographics data is unavailable for 2017 and 2015.

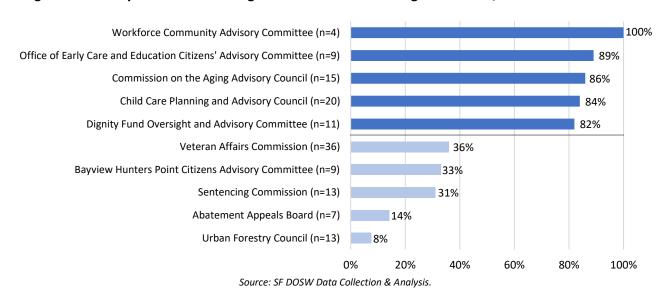
Figure 4: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

In addition to Commissions and Boards, Advisory Bodies were examined for the highest and lowest percentages of women. This is the first year such bodies have been included, thus comparison to previous years is unavailable. Figure 9 below displays the five Advisory Bodies with the highest and the five with the lowest representations of women. The Workforce Community Advisory Committees has the greatest representation of women at 100%, followed by the Office of Early Care and Education Citizen's Advisory Committee at 89%. The Advisory Bodies with the lowest percentage of women are the Urban Forestry Council at 8% of the 13-member body and the Abatement Appeals Board at 14% of the 7-member body.

Figure 5: Advisory Bodies with the Highest and Lowest Percentage of Women, 2019



### B. Race and Ethnicity

Data on racial and ethnic identity was collected for 706, or 95%, of the 741 surveyed appointees. Although half of appointees identify as a race or ethnicity other than white or Caucasian, people of color are still underrepresented compared to the San Francisco population of 62%. The representation of people of color has increased since 2009 but has decreased following 2015. The number of appointees analyzed increased substantially in 2017 and 2019 compared to 2015, and these larger data samples have coincided with smaller percentages of people of color. The percentage decrease following 2017 could be partially due to the inclusion of more policy and advisory bodies, as the representation of people of color on Commissions and Boards dropped only slightly from 53% in 2017 to 52% in 2019.

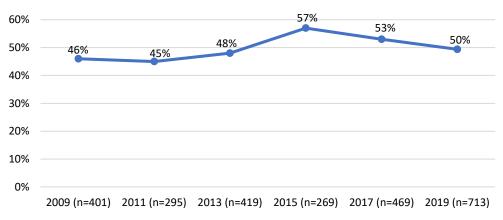


Figure 6: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

The racial and ethnic breakdown of policy body members compared to the San Francisco population is shown in Figure 7. This analysis reveals underrepresentation and overrepresentation in San Francisco policy bodies for certain racial and ethnic groups. Half of all appointees are white, an overrepresentation by more than 10 percentage points. The Black and African American community is well represented on appointed policy bodies at 14% compared to 5% of the population of San Francisco. Characterizing this as an overrepresentation is inaccurate given the representation of Black or African American people on policy bodies has been consistent over the years while the San Francisco population has declined over the same period.<sup>3</sup> Furthermore, the most recent nationwide estimate for the Black or African American population is 13%, which is nearly equal to the 14% of Black or African American appointees present on San Francisco policy bodies.<sup>4</sup>

Considerably underrepresented racial and ethnic groups on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population are individuals who identify as Asian or Latinx. While Asians are 31% of the San Francisco population, they only make up 18% of appointees. While the Latinx population of San Francisco is 14%, only 8% of appointees are Latinx. Although there is a small population of Native

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Samir Gambhir and Stephen Menendian, "Racial Segregation in the Bay Area, Part 2," *Haas Institute for a Fair and Inclusive Society* (2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> US Census Bureau, 2018, Retrieved from https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/US/PST045218.

Americans and Alaska Natives in San Francisco of 0.4%, none of the surveyed appointees identified themselves as such.

60% 50% ■ Appointees (N=706) 50% Population (N=864,263) 38% 40% 31% 30% 18% 20% 14% 14% 8% 10% 5% 3% 1% 0% 0.4% 0.3% 0% White, Not Asian Hispanic or Black or Native Native Two or More Other Race Hispanic or Latinx African Hawaiian and American Races Latinx American Pacific and Alaska Islander Native

Figure 7: Race and Ethnicity of Appointees Compared to San Francisco Population, 2019

Sources: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

The next two graphs illustrate Commissions and Boards, and Advisory Bodies with the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. As shown in Figure 8, the Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure remained at 100% from 2017, while the Juvenile Probation Commission has returned to 100% this year after a dip in 2017. Next is the Health Commission, Immigrant Rights Commission, and Housing Authority Commission at 86%, 85%, and 83%, respectively. Percentages of people of color on both the Health Commission and the Housing Authority Commission increased following 2015, and have remained consistent since 2017.

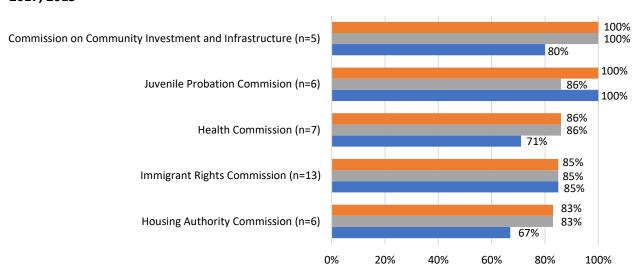


Figure 8: Commissions and Boards with Highest Percentage of People of Color, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

**■** 2019 **■** 2017 **■** 2015

There are 23 policy bodies that have 40% or less appointees who identified a racial and ethnic category other than white. Although the Public Utilities Commission has two vacancies, *none* of the current appointees identify as people of color. The Historic Preservation Commission and Building Inspection Commission are both at 14% representation for people of color. The Building Inspection Commission had a large drop from 43% in 2015, with the percentage of people of color decreasing to 14% in 2017 and remaining at this percent for 2019. Lastly, the War Memorial Board of Trustees and City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission have 18% and 20%, respectively.

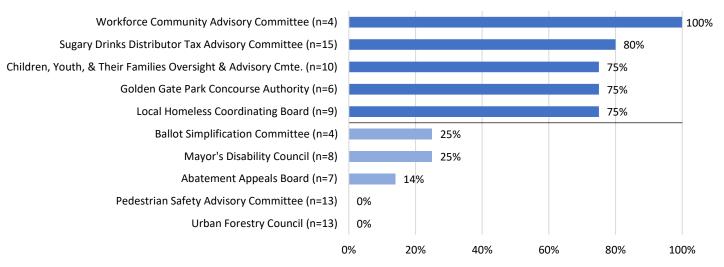
Public Utilities Commission (n=3) 33% 20% 14% Historic Preservation Commission (n=7) 17% 14% 14% Building Inspection Commission (n=7) 14% 43% 18% War Memorial Board of Trustees (n=11) 18% 18% 20% City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission (n=5) 20% 20% 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% **2019 2017 2015** 

Figure 9: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

In addition to Commissions and Boards, Advisory Bodies were examined for the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. This is the first year such bodies have been included, thus comparison to previous years is unavailable. All members of the Workforce Community Advisory Committee are people of color. People of color comprise 80% of the Sugary Drinks Distributor Tax Advisory Committee, and 75% of appointees on the Children, Youth and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee, the Golden Gate Park Concourse Authority, and the Local Homeless Coordinating Board. Out of the five Advisory Bodies with the lowest representation of people of color, the Ballot Simplification Committee and the Mayor's Disability Council have 25% appointees of color, and the Abatement Appeals Board has 14% appointees of color. The Urban Forestry and the Pedestrian Safety Advisory Committee have no people of color currently serving.

Figure 10: Advisory Bodies with the Highest and Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2019

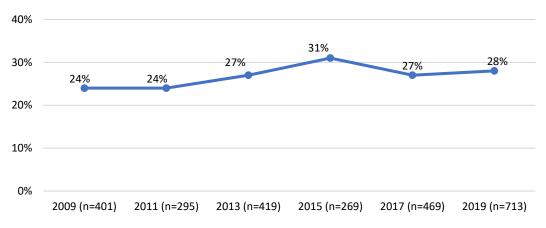


Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

### C. Race and Ethnicity by Gender

White men and women are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies, while Asian and Latinx men and women are underrepresented. While women of color continue to be underrepresented at 28% compared to the San Francisco population of 32%, this is a slight increase from 2017 which showed 27% women of color. Meanwhile, men of color are 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.

Figure 11: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

The following figures present the breakdown for appointees and the San Francisco population by race and ethnicity and gender. White men and women are overrepresented, holding 27% and 23% of appointments, respectively, compared to 20% and 17% of the population, respectively. Asian men and women are both greatly underrepresented with Asian women making up 11% of appointees compared to 17% of the population while Asian men comprise 7% of appointees and 15% of the population. Latinx men and women are also underrepresented, particularly Latinx women, who are 3% of appointees and 7% of the population, while Latinx men are 5% of appointees and 7% of the population. Black or African American men and women are well-represented with Black women comprising 9% of appointees and Black men comprising 5% of appointees. Pacific Islander men and women, and multiethnic women also exceed parity with the population. Although Native American men and women make up only 0.4% of San Francisco's population, none of the surveyed appointees identified themselves as such.

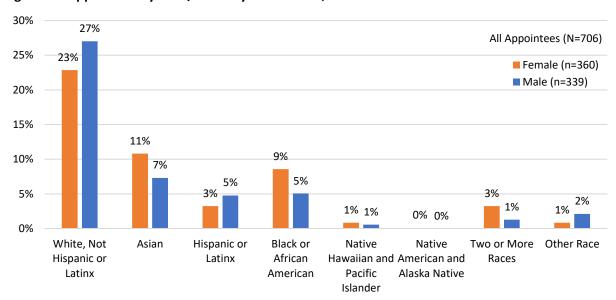


Figure 12: Appointees by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

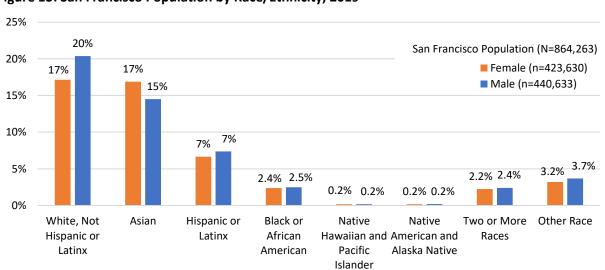


Figure 13: San Francisco Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2019

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

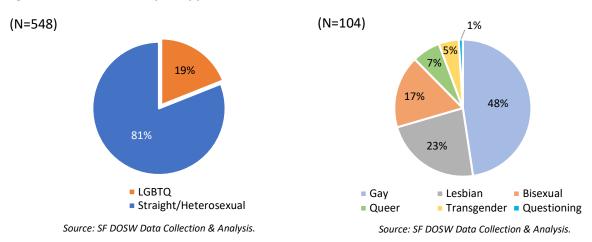
### D. LGBTQ Identity

Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) identity data was collected from 548, or 75%, of the 741 surveyed appointees, which is much more data on LGBTQ identity compared to previous reports. Due to limited and outdated information on the population of the LGBTQ community in San Francisco, it is difficult to adequately assess the representation of the LGBTQ community. However, compared to available San Francisco, larger Bay Area, and national data, the LGBTQ community is well represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Recent research estimates the national LGBT population is 4.5%. The LGBT population of the San Francisco and greater Bay Area is estimated to rank the highest of U.S. cities at 6.2%, while a 2006 survey found that 15.4% of adults in San Francisco identify as LGBT.

Of the appointees who responded to this question, 19% identify as LGBTQ and 81% identify as straight or heterosexual. Of the LGBTQ appointees, 48% identify as gay, 23% as lesbian, 17% as bisexual, 7% as queer, 5% as transgender, and 1% as questioning. Data on LGBTQ identity by race was not captured. Efforts to capture data on LGBTQ identity by race for future reports would enable more intersectional analysis.

Figure 14: LGBTQ Identity of Appointees, 2019

Figure 15: LGBTQ Population of Appointees, 2019



### E. Disability Status

Overall, 12% of adults in San Francisco have one or more disabilities, and when broken down by gender, 6.2% are women and 5.7% are men. Disability data for transgender and gender non-conforming individuals in San Francisco is currently unavailable. Data on disability was obtained from 516, or 70%, of the 714 appointees who participated in the survey. Of the 516 appointees, 11.2% reported to have one

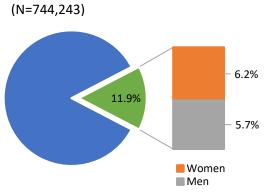
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Frank Newport, "In U.S., Estimate of LGBT Population Rises to 4.5%," *GALLUP* (May 22, 2018) https://news.gallup.com/poll/234863/estimate-lgbt-population-rises.aspx.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Gary J. Gates and Frank Newport, "San Francisco Metro Area Ranks Highest in LBGT Percentage," *GALLUP* (March 20, 2015) https://news.gallup.com/poll/182051/san-francisco-metro-area-ranks-highest-lgbt-percentage.aspx?utm source=Social%20Issues&utm medium=newsfeed&utm campaign=tiles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Gary J. Gates, "Same Sex Couples and the Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual Population: New Estimates from the American Community Survey," *The Williams Institute on Sexual Orientation Law and Public Policy, UCLA School of Law* (2006).

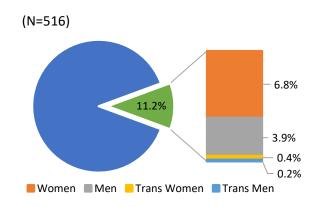
or more disabilities, which is near parity with the San Francisco population. Of the 11.2% appointees with one or more disabilities, 6.8% are women, 3.9% are men, 0.4% are trans women, and 0.2% are trans men.

Figure 16: San Francisco Adult Population with a Disability by Gender, 2017



Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Figure 17: Appointees with One or More Disabilities by Gender, 2019



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

#### F. Veteran Status

Overall, 3.2% of the adult population in San Francisco has served in the military. There is a considerable difference by gender, as male veterans are 3% and female veterans are 0.2% of the population. Data on veteran status was obtained from 494, or 67%, of appointees who participated in the survey. Of the 494 appointees who responded to this question, 7.1% have served in the military. Like the San Francisco population, there is a large difference by gender, as men comprise 5.7% and women make up only 1.2% of the total number of veteran appointees. Of participating appointees, 0.2% of veterans are trans women. Veteran status data on transgender and gender non-conforming individuals in San Francisco is currently unavailable.

Figure 18: San Francisco Adult Population with Military Service by Gender, 2017

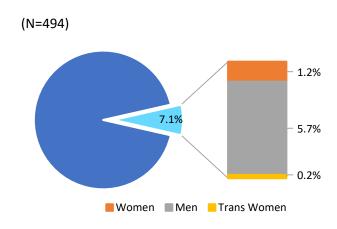
(N=747,896)

3.2%

Non-Veteran Women Men

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Figure 19: Appointees with Military Service, 2019



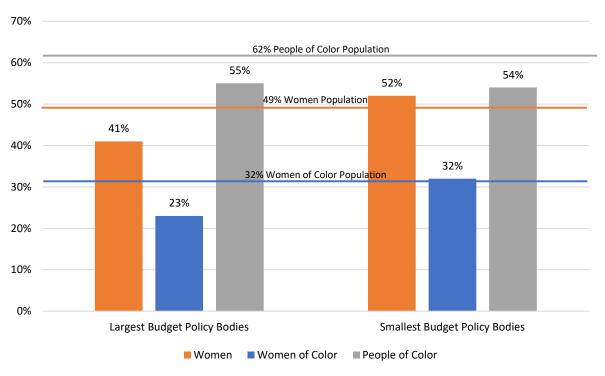
Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

### G. Policy Bodies by Budget

This report also examines whether policy bodies with the largest and smallest budget sizes and other characteristics are demographically representative of the San Francisco population. In this section, budget size is used as a proxy for influence. Although this report has expanded the scope of analysis to include more policy bodies compared to previous reports, this section of analysis was limited to Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members file financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. The purpose of this analysis is to evaluate the demographics for the spectrum of budgetary influence of policy bodies with decision-making authority in San Francisco.

Overall, appointees from the 10 largest budgeted Commissions and Boards are 55% people of color, 41% women, and 23% women of color. Appointees from the 10 smallest budgeted Commissions and Boards are 54% people of color, 52% women, and 32% women of color. Although still below parity with the San Francisco population, the representation of people of color on both the largest and smallest budgeted policy bodies is greater than the percentage of people of color for all appointees combined (50%). For women and women of color, their representation meets or exceeds parity with the population on the 10 smallest budgeted bodies. However, it falls far below parity for the 10 largest budgeted bodies. The representation of total women and women of color is greater on smaller budgeted policy bodies by 27%, and 39%, respectively.

Figure 20: Percent of Women, Women of Color, and People of Color on Commissions and Boards with Largest and Smallest Budgets in Fiscal Year 2018-2019



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Figure 21: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Largest Budgets, 2019

Body	FY18-19 Budget	Total Seats	Filled seats	Women	Women of Color	People of Color
Health Commission	\$2,200,000,000	7	7	29%	14%	86%
Public Utilities Commission	\$1,296,600,000	5	3	67%	0%	0%
MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission	\$1,200,000,000	7	7	57%	14%	43%
Airport Commission	\$1,000,000,000	5	5	40%	20%	40%
Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure	\$745,000,000	5	5	60%	60%	100%
Police Commission	\$687,139,793	7	7	43%	43%	71%
Health Authority (Plan Governing Board)	\$666,000,000	19	15	33%	27%	47%
Human Services Commission	\$529,900,000	5	5	40%	0%	40%
Fire Commission	\$400,721,970	5	5	20%	20%	40%
Aging and Adult Services Commission	\$334,700,000	7	7	43%	14%	57%
Total	\$9,060,061,763	72	66	41%	23%	55%

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Figure 22: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Smallest Budgets, 2019

Body	FY18-19 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	Women	Women of color	People of Color
Rent Board Commission	\$8,543,912	10	9	44%	11%	33%
Commission on the Status of Women	\$8,048,712	7	7	100%	71%	71%
Ethics Commission	\$6,458,045	5	4	100%	50%	50%
Human Rights Commission	\$4,299,600	12	10	50%	50%	70%
Small Business Commission	\$2,242,007	7	7	43%	29%	43%
Civil Service Commission	\$1,262,072	5	4	50%	0%	25%
Board of Appeals	\$1,072,300	5	5	40%	20%	40%
Entertainment Commission	\$1,003,898	7	7	29%	14%	57%
Assessment Appeals Board No.1, 2, & 3	\$663,423	24	18	39%	22%	44%
Youth Commission	\$305,711	17	16	56%	44%	75%
Total	\$33,899,680	99	87	52%	32%	54%

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

### H. Comparison of Advisory Body and Commission and Board Demographics

The comparison of the two policy body categories in this section provides another proxy for influence, as Commissions and Boards whose members file disclosures of economic interest have greater decision-making authority in San Francisco than Advisory Bodies whose members do not file economic interest disclosures. The percentages of total women, LGBTQ people, people with disabilities, and veterans are larger for total appointees on Advisory Bodies. However, the percentages of women of color and people of color on Commissions and Boards slightly exceeds the percentages of women of color and people of color on Advisory Bodies.

60% 54% 52% Commissions and Boards (N=380) 49% 48% 50% Advisory Bodies (N=389) 40% 30% 28% 30% 20% 18% 20% 15% 8% 8% 6% 10% 0% Women of Color **LGBTQ** People with Women People of Color Veterans Disabilities

Figure 23: Demographics of Appointees on Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies, 2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

### I. Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees

Figure 24 compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color for appointments made by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointments are more diverse, and consist of more women, women of color, and people of color compared to Supervisorial appointments. Mayoral appointments include 55% women, 30% women of color, and 52% people of color, while Supervisorial appointments are 48% women, 24% women of color, and 48% people of color. The total of all approving authorities combined average out at 51% women, 28% women of color, and 50% people of color. This disparity in diversity between Mayoral and Supervisorial appointments may be due in part to the appointment section process for each authority. The 11-member Board of Supervisors only sees applicants for specific bodies through the 3-member Rules Committee or by designees, stipulated in legislation (e.g. "renter," "landlord," "consumer advocate"), whereas the Mayor typically has the ability to take total appointments into account during selections, and can therefore better address gaps in diversity.

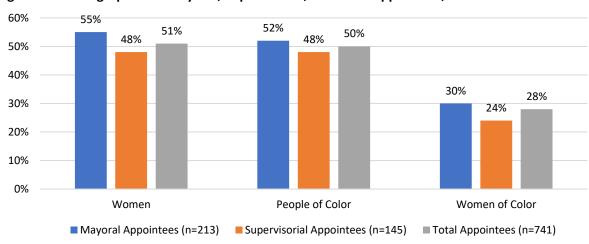


Figure 24: Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees, 2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

### III. Conclusion

Since the first gender analysis of Commissions and Boards in 2007, the representation of women appointees on San Francisco policy bodies has gradually increased. The *2019 Gender Analysis* finds the percentage of women appointees is 51%, which slightly exceeds the population of women in San Francisco.

When appointee demographics are analyzed by gender and race, women of color continue to be underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population. Most notably underrepresented are Asian women who make up 17% of the population but only 11% of appointees, and Latinx women who make up 7% of the population but only 3% of appointees. Additionally, men of color are underrepresented relative to their San Francisco population, primarily Asian and Latinx men.

Furthermore, when analyzing the demographic composition of larger and smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards, women are underrepresented on those with the largest budgets, and overrepresented or reach parity with the population on smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards. These two trends are amplified for women of color appointees. Women comprise 41% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, which is 8 percentage points below the population, and women of color comprise 23% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, 9 percentage points below their San Francisco population. Comparatively, women are 52% of total appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies, and women of color are 32% of appointees, which is equal to the San Francisco population. However, the issue of largest and smallest budgeted policy bodies does not seem to impact the representation of people of color. People of color make up 55% of appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies and 54% of appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies compared to 50% of total appointees. Nonetheless, these percentages still fall below the San Francisco population of people of color at 62%.

In addition to using budget size as a proxy for influence, this report analyzed demographic characteristics of appointees on Commissions and Boards who file disclosures of economic interest and have decision-making authority, and appointees on Advisory Bodies who do not file economic interest disclosures. Over half (54%) of appointees on Advisory Bodies are women, while 48% of appointees on Commissions and Boards are women. Although 48% is only slightly below the San Francisco population of women, women comprise a decently higher percentage of appointees on Advisory Bodies compared to Commissions and Boards.

This year's report features more data on LGBTQ identity, veteran status, and disability than previous gender analyses. The 2019 Gender Analysis found a relatively high representation of LGBTQ individuals on San Francisco policy bodies. For the appointees that provided LGBTQ identity information, 19% identify as LGBTQ with the largest subset being gay men at 48%. It is recommended for future gender analyses to collect LGBTQ data by race and gender to provide additional intersectional analysis. The representation of appointees with disabilities is 11%, just below the 12% population. Veterans are highly represented on San Francisco policy bodies at 7% compared to the veteran population of 3%.

Additionally, this report evaluates and compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color appointees by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointees include 55% women, 30% women of color, and 52% people

of color, which overall is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointees and total appointees.

This report is intended to advise the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and other appointing authorities, as they select appointments for policy bodies of the City and County of San Francisco. In spirit of the 2008 City Charter Amendment that establishes this biennial Gender Analysis report requirement and the importance of diversity on San Francisco policy bodies, efforts to address gaps in diversity and inclusion should remain at the forefront when making appointments in order to accurately reflect the population of San Francisco.

### IV. Methodology and Limitations

This report focuses on City and County of San Francisco Commissions, Boards, Task Forces, Councils, and Committees that have the majority of members appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and that have jurisdiction limited to the City. The gender analysis reflects data from the policy bodies that provided information to the Department on the Status of Women through digital and paper survey.

Data was requested from 90 policy bodies and acquired from 84 different policy bodies and a total of 741 appointees. A Commissioner or Board member's gender identity, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, disability status, and veteran status were among data elements collected on a voluntary basis. Data on lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, or questioning (LGBTQ) identity, disability, and veteran status of appointees were incomplete or unavailable for some appointees but are included to the extent possible. As the fundamental objective of this report is to surface patterns of underrepresentation, every attempt has been made to reflect accurate and complete information in this report. Data for some policy bodies was incomplete, and all appointees who responded were included in the total demographic categories. Only policy bodies with full data on gender and race for all appointees were included in sections comparing demographics of individual bodies. It should be noted that for policy bodies with a small number of members, the change of a single individual greatly impacts the percentages of demographic categories. As such, these percentages should be interpreted with this in mind.

The surveyed policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney document entitled *List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute.*<sup>8</sup> This document separates San Francisco policy bodies into two different categories. The first category includes Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission, and the second category encompasses Advisory Bodies whose members do not submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. Depending on the analysis criteria in each section of this report, the surveyed policy bodies and appointees are either examined comprehensively as a whole or examined separately in the two categories designated by the Office of the City Attorney.

Data from the U.S. Census 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates provides a comparison to the San Francisco population. Figures 26 and 27 in the Appendix display these population estimates by race/ethnicity and gender.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> "List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf, (August 25, 2017).

## **Appendix**

Figure 25: Policy Body Demographics, 2019<sup>9</sup>

Figure 25: Policy Body Demographics, 2019	Total Filled				Women	People
Policy Body	Seats	Seats	FY18-19 Budget	Women	of Color	of Color
Abatement Appeals Board	7	7	\$76,500,000	14%	0%	14%
Aging and Adult Services Commission	7	7	\$334,700,000	57%	33%	57%
Airport Commission	5	5	\$1,000,000,000	40%	50%	40%
Arts Commission	15	15	\$37,000,000	67%	50%	60%
Asian Art Commission	27	27	\$30,000,000	63%	71%	59%
Assessment Appeals Board No.1	8	5	\$663,423	20%	0%	20%
Assessment Appeals Board No.2	8	8	-	50%	75%	63%
Assessment Appeals Board No.3	8	4	-	50%	50%	50%
Ballot Simplification Committee	5	4	\$0	75%	33%	25%
Bayview Hunters Point Citizens Advisory Committee	12	9	\$0	33%	100%	67%
Board of Appeals	5	5	\$1,072,300	40%	50%	40%
Board of Examiners	13	13	\$0	0%	0%	46%
Building Inspection Commission	7	7	\$76,500,000	14%	0%	14%
Child Care Planning and Advisory Council	25	19	\$26,841	84%	50%	50%
Children and Families Commission (First 5)	9	8	\$28,002,978	100%	75%	75%
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	11	10	\$155,224,346	50%	80%	75%
Citizen's Committee on Community Development	9	8	\$39,696,467	75%	67%	63%
City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission	5	5	\$0	60%	33%	20%
Civil Service Commission	5	4	\$1,262,072	50%	0%	25%
Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure	5	5	\$745,000,000	60%	100%	100%
Commission on the Aging Advisory Council	22	15	\$0	80%	33%	31%
Commission on the Environment	7	6	\$27,280,925	67%	50%	50%
Commission on the Status of Women	7	7	\$8,048,712	100%	71%	71%
Dignity Fund Oversight and Advisory Committee	11	11	\$3,000,000	82%	33%	45%
Eastern Neighborhoods Citizens Advisory Committee	19	13	\$0	38%	40%	44%
Elections Commission	7	7	\$15,238,360	57%	25%	29%
Entertainment Commission	7	7	\$1,003,898	29%	50%	57%
Ethics Commission	5	4	\$6,458,045	100%	50%	50%
Film Commission	11	11	\$0	55%	67%	50%
Fire Commission	5	5	\$400,721,970	20%	100%	40%
Golden Gate Park Concourse Authority	7	6	\$0	50%	67%	75%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Figure 25 only includes policy bodies with complete data on gender for all appointees. Some bodies had incomplete data on race/ethnicity of appointees. For these, percentages for people of color are calculated out of known race/ethnicity.

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY18-19 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color
Health Authority (Plan Governing Board)	19	15	\$666,000,000	33%	80%	50%
Health Commission	7	7	\$2,200,000,000	43%	50%	86%
Health Service Board	7	6	\$11,632,022	33%	0%	50%
Historic Preservation Commission	7	7	\$53,832,000	43%	33%	14%
Housing Authority Commission	7	6	\$60,894,150	50%	100%	83%
Human Rights Commission	12	10	\$4,299,600	60%	100%	70%
Human Services Commission	5	5	\$529,900,000	40%	0%	40%
Immigrant Rights Commission	15	13	\$0	54%	86%	85%
In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority	13	9	\$70,729,667	44%	50%	56%
Juvenile Probation Commission	7	6	\$48,824,199	33%	100%	100%
Library Commission	7	7	\$160,000,000	71%	40%	57%
Local Homeless Coordinating Board	9	9	\$40,000,000	56%	60%	75%
Mayor's Disability Council	11	8	\$0	75%	17%	25%
Mental Health Board	17	15	\$184,962	73%	64%	73%
MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission	7	7	\$1,200,000,000	57%	25%	43%
Office of Early Care and Education Citizens' Advisory Committee	9	9	\$0	89%	50%	56%
Oversight Board (COII)	7	6	\$745,000,000	17%	100%	67%
Pedestrian Safety Advisory Committee	17	13	\$0	46%	17%	8%
Planning Commission	7	6	\$53,832,000	50%	67%	33%
Police Commission	7	7	\$687,139,793	43%	100%	71%
Port Commission	5	5	\$192,600,000	60%	67%	60%
Public Utilities Citizen's Advisory Committee	17	13	\$0	54%	14%	31%
Public Utilities Commission	5	3	\$1,296,600,000	67%	0%	0%
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	7	6	\$0	33%	100%	67%
Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee	7	5	\$0	40%	50%	40%
Recreation and Park Commission	7	7	\$230,900,000	29%	50%	43%
Reentry Council	24	23	\$0	43%	70%	70%
Rent Board Commission	10	9	\$8,543,912	44%	25%	33%
Residential Users Appeal Board	3	2	\$0	0%	0%	50%
Retirement System Board	7	7	\$95,000,000	43%	67%	29%
Sentencing Commission	13	13	\$0	31%	25%	67%
Small Business Commission	7	7	\$2,242,007	43%	67%	43%
SRO Task Force	12	12	\$0	42%	25%	55%
Sugary Drinks Distributor Tax Advisory Committee	16	15	\$0	67%	70%	80%
Sunshine Ordinance Task Force	11	11	\$0	27%	67%	36%
Sweatfree Procurement Advisory Group	11	7	\$0	43%	67%	43%
Treasure Island Development Authority	7	6	\$18,484,130	50%	N/A	N/A

Policy Body	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY18-19 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color
Treasure Island/Yerba Buena Island Citizens Advisory	17	13	\$0	54%	N/A	N/A
Board						
Urban Forestry Council	15	13	\$153,626	8%	0%	0%
Veterans Affairs Commission	17	11	\$0	36%	50%	55%
War Memorial Board of Trustees	11	11	\$18,185,686	55%	33%	18%
Workforce Community Advisory Committee	8	4	\$0	100%	100%	100%
Youth Commission	17	16	\$305,711	56%	78%	75%

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis, 2019.

Figure 26: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity, 2017

Race/Ethnicity	Total		
	Estimate	Percent	
San Francisco County California	864,263	-	
White, Not Hispanic or Latino	353,000	38%	
Asian	295,347	31%	
Hispanic or Latinx	131,949	14%	
Some other Race	64,800	7%	
Black or African American	45,654	5%	
Two or More Races	43,664	5%	
Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander	3,226	0.3%	
Native American and Alaska Native	3,306	0.4%	

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Figure 27: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2017

Race/Ethnicity	Total		Fen	nale	Male		
	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent	
San Francisco County California	864,263	-	423,630	49%	440,633	51%	
White, Not Hispanic or Latino	353,000	38%	161,381	17%	191,619	20%	
Asian	295,347	31%	158,762	17%	136,585	15%	
Hispanic or Latinx	131,949	14%	62,646	7%	69,303	7%	
Some Other Race	64,800	7%	30,174	3%	34,626	4%	
Black or African American	45,654	5%	22,311	2.4%	23,343	2.5%	
Two or More Races	43,664	5%	21,110	2.2%	22,554	2.4%	
Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander	3,226	0.3%	1,576	0.2%	1,650	0.2%	
Native American and Alaska Native	3,306	0.4%	1,589	0.2%	1,717	0.2%	

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

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Thursday, March 10, 2022

To: Board of Supervisors Rules Committee

Re: Appointment of Gabriella Ruiz to Planning Commission of San Francisco

Dear Rules Committee Chair,

My name is Pratibha Tekkey and I work for Tenderloin Housing Clinic as supervisor of the Community Organizing Department. I have had the pleasure and honor of working closely with Gabriella when she was employed by TNDC and now with CCDC. I, along with the SRO resident leaders from the CCSROC (Central City SRO Collaborative- a Tenderloin Housing Clinic program) worked on various Tenderloin land use development projects. I have had the opportunity to witness first-hand how well Gabriela has worked with our resident leaders and that her work centered on creating an environment to elevate their voices in the community. She was always willing to go the extra mile to ensure that the voices of our residents were heard by the commissioners, city partners and private developers. She has demonstrated a good understanding of the inner workings of Planning Department and Codes. She would provide a balance to the community voice and would be a great advocate for communities that have been historically neglected by housing polices of the city. I strongly urge the supervisors to consider the appointment of Gabriela Ruiz, as she would be a great addition to the Planning Commission of San Francisco.

Respectfully,

Pratibha Tekkey

Community Organizing Manager Central City SRO Collaborative, THC 472 Ellis Street, SF CA, 94102 (415) 775-7110 ext. #1703

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