Lanterman-Petris-Short (LPS) Conservatorship in SF

Policy Analysis Report to Supervisor Mandelman

Presentation to:

Public Safety & Neighborhood Services Committee San Francisco Board of Supervisors

March 24, 2022

Lanterman-Petris-Short (LPS) Conservatorship

- ☐ Update to Nov. 2019 report on LPS conservatorships in SF
- State LPS Act
 - Uniform civil process for involuntary detention
 - Court determination of grave disability
 - Unable to care for basic needs
 - Severe mental illness/alcoholism (not substance use)
 - Appointment of public conservator
 Responsible for decision making
 - Temporary and Permanent
 - Permanent re-established by Court each year

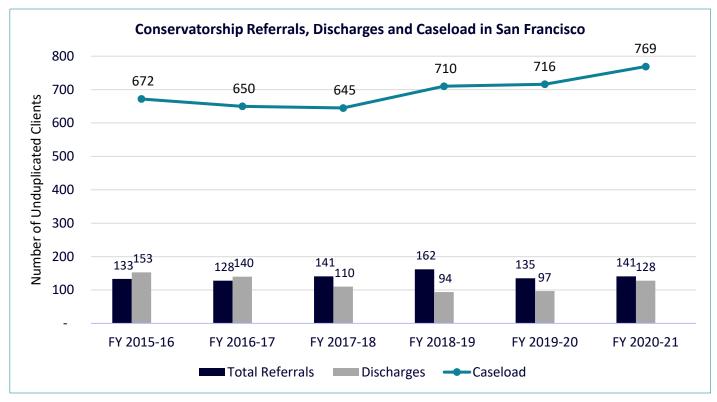
Mental Health Conservatorships in SF

- Traditional conservatorships
 - Administered by Public Conservator decision-making on behalf of individual during conservatorship
 - Individual place in appropriate (least restrictive) residential setting, or
 - Community based programs
 - Community Independence Participation Program conserved individuals, give up right to refuse medication
 - Post-Acute Community Conservatorship required by Court to comply with medication

Mental Health Conservatorships in SF

- Other mental health conservatorships
 - Murphy conservatorship
 - Individuals in criminal justice system
 - Unable to understand nature of proceedings
 - Housing conservatorship
 - Severe mental illness or substance use
 - At least 8 psychiatric (5150) holds in 12 months
- Outpatient referral pathway
 - 2019 through June 2021 pilot
 - Referrals from outpatient providers without hospitalization
 - Court exercised higher level of scrutiny
 - 12 of 16 temporary conservatorship approved
 - Additional 2 approved after investigation

LPS Conservatorships in SF – FY 2015-16 to FY 2020-21



Source: San Francisco Human Services Agency, Department of Disability & Aging Services

- Increase in caseload beginning in FY 2018-19
 - FY 2017-18 FY 2020-21 → New referrals > discharges

State Audit Finding – Grave Disability Definition Appropriate

- ☐ Grave disability:
 - LPS Act: individuals unable to provide for basic needs
 - Unhoused individuals / future likelihood of harm does not meet grave disability definition
- State audit:
 - "Grave disability" interpreted & applied similarly across SF, LA, and Shasta counties
 - Revising definition lead to increase in involuntary holds
- ☐ SF & LA disagreed with State audit
 - SF: "Room for improvement...to ensure that those with significant behavioral health needs are able to receive acute care, and not just crisis services, when in need"

State Audit Finding – Lack of Connection to Services

Audit finding:

- "San Francisco's lack of coordination with medical facilities has often left individuals who are released from involuntary holds without connections to county mental health treatment services"
- SF able to identify discharges from SFGH but not other inpatient psychiatric facilities
- SF response
 - Participation in intensive outpatient services after discharge is voluntary
- Mental Health SF implemented after state audit
 - Office of Coordinated Care provides case management
 & referrals
 - Not yet able to hire sufficient staff

Treatment on Discharge from LPS Conservatorship

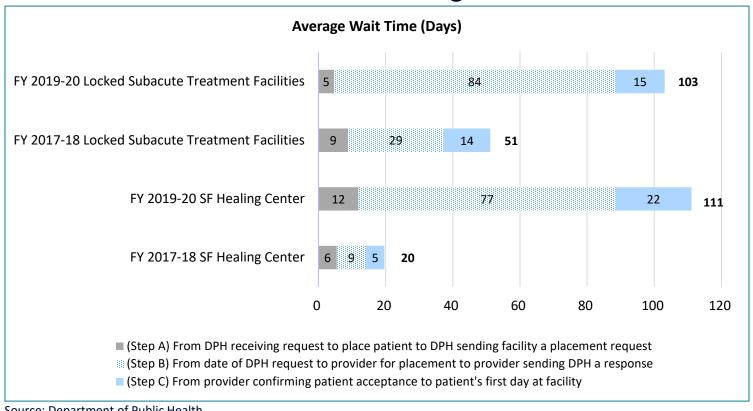
- Public Conservator/Public Health:
 - Prior to discharge: appropriately housed, compliant with meds, participation in outpatient treatment
 - After discharge: case management / medication management / appropriate placement
- Patients cycle through 58% previously conserved

Conservatorship Episodes	Number	Percent
No previous episode	272	42%
1 previous episode	145	23%
2-5 previous episodes	167	26%
6-10 previous episodes	47	7%
10+ previous episodes	12	2%
Total	643	100%

Source: Public Conservator

Need for Mental Health Beds

- Locked subacute wait time FY 2017-18 FY 2019-20
 - Doubled for most locked subacute
 - Increased five-fold for SF Healing Center



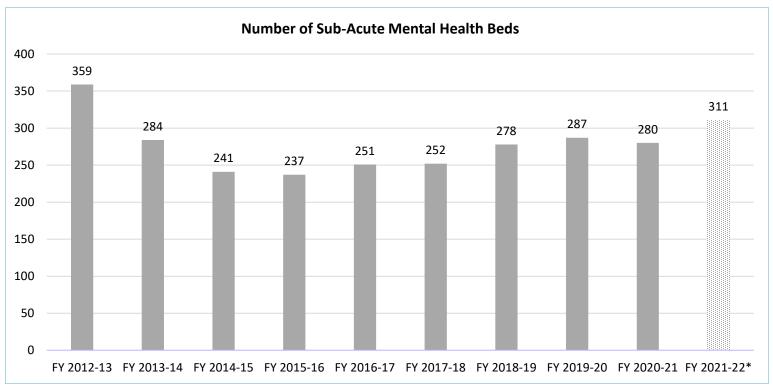
Source: Department of Public Health

Need for Mental Health Beds

- ☐ Impact of shortage of beds:
 - State audit: lack of state hospital beds compromised treatment
 - Academic study: perceptions of the availability of treatment beds affected conservatorship referrals
- ☐ SF Plan: 408 new beds
 - Purchasing facility longer process to identify & negotiate purchase
 - Contracting beds out of county, compete with other counties

Need for Mental Health Beds

■ The 311 subacute beds in FY 2021-22 include 31 locked subacute beds to be acquired in the fiscal year; as of November 2021, 20 of the 31 locked subacute beds had been acquired



Source: Department of Public Health

Status of New Beds FY 2021-22

■ 137 planned beds appropriate for LPS Conservatorship – 40 beds opened in FY 2021-22

Bed Type	Description	Goal	Opened in FY 2021-22
Psychiatric Skilled Nursing Facility	Out-of-county secure 24-hour medical care	13	0
Locked Subacute Treatment	Out-of-county psychosocial rehabilitation, conserved in a locked setting	31	20
12-month Enhanced Board and Care	Pilot, out-of-county supervised living and treatment	20	20
Residential Care Facility (aka Board and Care)	Supervised residential program for individuals who require assistance with activities of daily living	73	0
Subtotal		137	40

Policy Considerations

- ☐ San Francisco FY 2015-16 to FY 2020-21
 - Increase in caseload from 672 to 769
 - Referrals > discharges
 - Higher caseload per 10,000 than other large counties in BLA survey
- Population need for LPS conservatorship not known
 - Grave disability condition can change
 - Example of population at risk FY 2019-20:
 - 314 higher users of emergency/urgent care services eight – Psych Emergency admissions & three 5150 (72-hour) psych holds
 - 135 referrals to LPS Conservatorship

Policy Considerations

- Lack of mental health treatment beds impacts referrals to conservatorship
 - Need is locked subacute & psych skilled nursing beds
 - Of 408 planned beds 44 or 11% are locked subacute & psych skilled nursing
- □ Recommendation: DPH presentation to BOS prior to June2022 on the purchase / contracting of beds
 - Timelines
 - Barriers, actions to address barriers
 - Occupancy & wait times by type of beds

Policy Considerations

- ☐ Individuals discharged from:
 - Psychiatric holds not systematically connected to outpatient care
 - Conservatorship who decline ongoing care not systematically tracked
- Recommendation: DPH report to BOS on implementation:
 - State Auditor's recommendation

 systematic approach to identify/ connect to services on release from psych holds
 - The Office of Coordinated Care
- Recommendation: Public Conservator/DPH MOU
 - Public Conservator: MOU is underway w/ completion in Spring 2022

Questions and Comments