File No. <u>220298</u>

Committee Item No.\_\_\_\_\_ Board Item No.\_\_\_\_\_<u>32</u>\_\_\_\_

## COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee

Date\_\_\_\_\_

**Board of Supervisors Meeting** 

Date April 5, 2022\_\_\_\_

### **Cmte Board**

□ □ Motion	
Resolution	
Ordinance	
Legislative Digest	
Budget Analyst Report	
Legislative Analyst Report	
Introduction Form (for hearings)	
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Grant Information Form	
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Application     Bublic Correspondence	
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OTHER(Use back side if additional spaceImage: California State Senate Bill No. 379Image: Solar Access Act BackgroundImage: CSAC and LCC Position	ce is needed)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date <u>March 30, 2022</u> Date

An asterisked item represents the cover sheet to a document that exceeds 20 pages. The complete document is in the file.

1 2	[Supporting California State Senate Bill No. 379 (Wiener) - Residential Solar Energy Systems: Permitting]
-	Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill No. 379, Residential Solar Energy
4	Systems: Permitting, introduced by Senator Scott Wiener, that would require certain
5	jurisdictions to provide an online instant solar permitting process for residential solar
6	and solar-plus-storage energy systems.
7	
8	WHEREAS, San Francisco's 2021 Climate Action Plan establishes a goal of reaching
9	net-zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2040, and specific goals in the energy sector of
10	providing 100% renewable electricity by 2025 and 100% renewable energy by 2040; and
11	WHEREAS, The 2021 Climate Action Plan calls specifically for investing in local
12	renewable energy and energy resilience and supporting the development of local renewable
13	electricity production by scaling up programs such as net metering, community solar, feed-in
14	tariffs, and battery storage; and
15	WHEREAS, Rooftop solar installations and battery storage support grid resilience in
16	the face of public safety power shutoffs and other electricity grid disruptions caused by
17	increasing wildfire risk and extreme weather events being driven by climate change; and
18	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Public Utilities Commission offers programs to ensure
19	low-income residents and marginalized communities can participate equitably in the transition
20	to clean energy, including through the GoSolarSF Program that provides incentives to install
21	rooftop solar in low-income communities; and
22	WHEREAS, Existing state law requires a city or county to approve administratively
23	applications to install solar energy systems through the issuance of a building permit or similar
24	non-discretionary permit; and
_	

WHEREAS, Existing law requires every city, county, or city and county to develop a
 streamlined permitting process for the installation of small residential rooftop solar energy
 systems, as that term is defined; and

WHEREAS, Existing law prescribes and limits permit fees that a city or county may
charge for a residential and commercial solar energy system; and

6 WHEREAS, California State Senate Bill No. 379 would require every city, county, or 7 city and county to implement an online, automated permitting platform that verifies code 8 compliance and issues permits in real time for a solar energy system, as defined, that is no 9 larger than 38.4 kilowatts alternating current nameplate rating and an energy storage system, 10 as defined, paired with a solar energy system that is no larger than 38.4 kilowatts alternating 11 current nameplate rating; and

- WHEREAS, The bill would prescribe a compliance schedule for satisfying these
  requirements, with cities and counties with populations greater than 50,000 required to satisfy
  the requirements by September 30, 2023; and
- 15 WHEREAS, The bill would require a city, county, or city and county to report to the
- 16 California Energy Commission (CEC) when it is in compliance with specified requirements,
- 17 and to self-certify their compliance with the bill's provisions when applying for specified funds
- 18 from the CEC, as specified; and
- 19 WHEREAS, In 2020, the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL), a division of
- 20 the U.S. Department of Energy, released free software called SolarAPP+ that cities and
- 21 counties can adopt to process permits for residential solar energy systems; and
- WHEREAS, The California Energy Commission is operating a program to deploy \$20
   million in grants to help cities and counties adopt online automated permitting systems such
   as SolarAPP+; and
- 25

1	WHEREAS, Jurisdictions such as Pleasant Hill, San Ramon, Sonoma County,
2	Stockton, and Benicia have successfully deployed SolarAPP+ and San Jose, Los Angeles,
3	Alameda County and Vacaville have adopted similar automated permitting software and
4	reduced permit review time; now, therefore, be it
5	RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco
6	hereby urges passage of California State Senate Bill No. 379; and be it
7	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors urges the Department of
8	Building Inspection, the San Francisco Fire Department, and other relevant permitting
9	agencies to move swiftly to implement automated solar permitting platforms to reduce permit
10	review time for solar energy and battery storage systems; and be it
11	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors directs the Clerk of the Board
12	to transmit copies of this resolution to San Francisco's state legislative delegation, Assembly
13	Speaker Anthony Rendon, Senate President Pro Tempore Toni Atkins, Governor Gavin
14	Newsom, and to the City Lobbyist upon passage.
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# AMENDED IN SENATE JANUARY 12, 2022 AMENDED IN SENATE JANUARY 3, 2022 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 4, 2021 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 8, 2021 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 7, 2021

**SENATE BILL** 

No. 379

#### **Introduced by Senator Wiener**

February 10, 2021

An act to add Section 65850.52 to the Government Code, relating to land use.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 379, as amended, Wiener. Residential solar energy systems: permitting.

Existing law requires a city or county to approve administratively applications to install solar energy systems through the issuance of a building permit or similar nondiscretionary permit. Existing law requires every city, county, or city and county to develop a streamlined permitting process for the installation of small residential rooftop solar energy systems, as that term is defined. Existing law prescribes and limits permit fees that a city or county may charge for a residential and commercial solar energy system. Existing law creates the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission (Energy Commission) in the Natural Resources Agency and prescribes its duties, which include administering programs for the installation of solar energy systems.

This bill would require every city, county, or city and county to implement an online, automated permitting platform that verifies code compliance and instantaneously issues permits *in real time* for a solar energy-system system, as defined, that is no larger than 38.4 kilowatts alternating current nameplate rating and an energy storage-system system, as defined, paired with a solar energy system that is no larger than 38.4 kilowatts alternating current nameplate rating. The bill would require a city, county, or city and county to amend a certain ordinance to authorize a-residential solar energy system and an energy storage system to use the online, automated permitting platform.

This bill would prescribe a compliance schedule for satisfying these requirements, which would exempt a *city with a population of fewer* than 5,000 and a county with a population of fewer than 150,000 and all cities within a county with a population of fewer than 150,000. 150,000, including each city within that county. The bill would require a city with a population of 50,000 or fewer that is not otherwise exempt to satisfy these requirements by September 30, 2024, while cities and counties with populations greater than 50,000 that are not otherwise exempt would be required to satisfy the requirements by September 30, 2023. The bill would require a city, county, or city and county, or a fire department, district, or authority, to report to the Energy Commission when it is in compliance with specified requirements, in addition to other information. The bill would require cities and counties to self-certify their compliance with the bill's provisions when applying for specified funds from the Energy-Commission. Commission, as specified.

This-bill would, upon provision of sufficient funding, authorize the Energy Commission to provide technical assistance and grant funding to cities and counties in order to support the above-described requirements. The bill would require the Energy Commission to set guidelines for cities and counties to report to the commission on the number of permits issued for solar energy systems and an energy storage system paired with a solar energy system and the relevant characteristics of those systems. The bill would make related findings and declarations.

By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:

3 (a) Permitting fees or soft costs to solar and storage projects
4 can add substantial time and money to the adoption of additional
5 solar and storage projects.

6 (b) California needs additional rooftop solar and storage projects
 7 in order to meet our renewable energy goals.

8 <del>(e)</del>

9 (b) To meet its clean energy goals, California-needs may need 10 up to six gigawatts of new renewable and storage resources 11 annually, including additional rooftop solar and storage 12 projects.

13 (<del>d</del>)

(c) Per the 2021 Senate Bill 100 Joint Agency Report, Achieving
 100% Clean Electricity in California, development of rooftop solar

- 16 must increase dramatically.
- 17 <del>(e)</del>

(d) Because the 2021 budget included a \$20 million
appropriation to the Energy Commission for grants to all
jurisdictions that adopt the SolarAPP+ or a similar program in
order to expedite permitting, local permitting jurisdictions can and
should be required to adopt SolarAPP+ or a similar program for
automated permitting in order to promote the development of solar
and storage to help meet the state's clean energy needs.

SEC. 2. Section 65850.52 is added to the Government Code,
immediately following Section 65850.5, to read:

65850.52. (a) For purposes of this section, the followingdefinitions apply:

(1) "Energy Commission" means the State Energy ResourcesConservation and Development Commission.

31 (2) "Energy storage system" means commercially available

32 technology, located behind a customer's *residential* utility meter,

33 that is capable of absorbing electricity generated from a colocated

1 electricity generator or from the electrical grid, storing it for a

2 period of time, and thereafter discharging it to meet the energy or3 power needs of the host customer or for export.

4 (3) "Solar energy system" means any configuration of solar 5 energy devices that collects and distributes solar energy for the 6 purpose of generating electricity and that has a single *residential* 7 interconnection with the electric utility transmission or distribution 8 network.

9 (4) "SolarAPP+" means the most recent version of a web-based

portal, developed by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory,that automates plan review, produces code-compliant approvals,

and issues permits for solar energy systems and energy storage

13 systems paired with solar energy systems.

14 (b) Pursuant (1) Pursuant to the compliance schedule in 15 subdivision—(d), (c), a city, county, or city and county, in 16 consultation with the local fire department, district, or authority, 17 shall implement an online, automated permitting platform, such 18 as SolarAPP+, that—verifies meets both of the following 19 requirements:

20 (A) The platform verifies code compliance and issues permits

21 in real time to a licensed contractor for a solar energy system that

22 is no larger than 38.4 kilowatts alternating current nameplate rating

and an energy storage system paired with a solar energy systemthat is no larger than 38.4 kilowatts alternating current nameplate

25 rating, and is rating.

(B) The platform is consistent with the system parameters and
 configurations, including an inspection checklist, of SolarAPP+.
 Consistent

(2) Consistent with the same compliance schedule, a city,
 county, or city and county shall amend its ordinance adopted
 pursuant to subdivision (g) of Section 65850.5 to authorize a
 residential solar energy system and an energy storage system to

33 use the online, automated permitting platform.

34 (3) A city, county, or city and county is not required to permit

35 an application for a solar energy system or energy storage system

36 through the online automated permitting platform pursuant to this

37 section if the system configuration is not eligible for SolarAPP+

at the time the application is submitted to the jurisdiction.
(c) (1) A city with a population of fewer than 5,000 and a

40 county with a population of fewer than 150,000, and all cities

within a county with a population of fewer than 150,000, are *including each city within that county, is* exempt from subdivision
(b).

4 (2) A city with a population of 50,000 or fewer that is not 5 exempt pursuant to paragraph (1) shall satisfy the requirements of 6 subdivision (b) by September 30, 2024.

7 (3) A city, county, or city and county with a population of
8 greater than 50,000 that is not exempt pursuant to paragraph (1)
9 shall satisfy the requirements of subdivision (b) by September 30,
10 2023.

(d) Upon provision of sufficient funding, the Energy
 Commission may provide technical assistance and grant funding
 to a city, county, or city and county to support the implementation
 of online, automated permitting for a solar energy system and an
 energy storage system paired with a solar energy system and for
 compliance with the requirements of subdivision (b) in a timely
 manner.

18 <del>(e)</del>

19 (*d*) A city, county, or city and county, or a fire department, 20 district, or authority, shall report to the Energy Commission when

21 it is in compliance with subdivision (b).

22 <del>(f)</del>

23 (e) The Energy Commission shall set guidelines for cities, 24 counties, and cities and counties to report to the commission on 25 the number of permits issued for solar energy systems and an 26 energy storage system paired with a solar energy system and the 27 relevant characteristics of those systems. A city, county, or city 28 and county shall annually report to the Energy Commission 29 pursuant to those guidelines within one year of implementing the 30 online, automated solar permitting system pursuant to subdivision 31 (b).

32 <del>(g)</del>

(f) A city, county, or city and county shall self-certify its
compliance with this section when applying for funds from the
Energy Commission *after the applicable date in the compliance schedule in subdivision* (*c*), other than the twenty million dollars
(\$20,000,000) in funds available, pursuant to Section 76 of Chapter
of the Statutes of 2021, from the Energy Commission for
automated solar permitting.

40 <del>(h)</del>

- 1 (g) This section does not limit or otherwise affect the generator
- 2 interconnection requirements and approval process for a local
- 3 publicly owned electric utility, as defined in Section 224.3 of the
- 4 Public Utilities Code, or an electrical corporation, as defined in
- 5 Section 218 of the Public Utilities Code.
- 6 <del>(i)</del>
- 7 (*h*) This section does not increase or otherwise affect the liability
- 8 of a local agency pertaining to a solar energy system or an energy
- 9 storage system paired with a solar energy system installed pursuant
- 10 to this section.
- 11 SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
- 12 Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because
- 13 a local agency or school district has the authority to levy service
- 14 charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the program or
- 15 level of service mandated by this act, within the meaning of Section
- 16 17556 of the Government Code.

0



## Senate Bill 379 – Solar Access Act

#### SUMMARY

To increase the number of homes installing safe solar energy systems, Senate Bill 379, the Solar Access Act, would require certain sized jurisdictions to provide an online instant solar permitting process, like SolarAPP+, for residential solar and solarplus-storage systems.

#### BACKGROUND

In 2020, the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL), a division of the U.S. Department of Energy released free software called SolarAPP+ that cities and counties can adopt to process permits for solar and solarplus-storage systems for residential singlefamily homes and duplexes, and integrates with most existing permit management software. SolarAPP+ asks the contractor a series of questions to verify the solar system's design is safe, and then issues a permit automatically. SolarAPP+, developed in partnership with building safety experts and the solar industry, helps local governments and installers operate more efficiently without compromising the safety or quality of solar systems. SolarAPP+ is free for cities and counties, integrates with their existing software systems, and can be adjusted to the characteristics of the area (e.g., snowfall).

The California Energy Commission (CEC) is operating a program to deploy \$20 million in grants to help cities and counties adopt online automated permitting systems such as SolarAPP+. Jurisdictions, such as Pleasant Hill, Sonoma County, Menifee, Stockton, Simi Valley, San Jose and Los Angeles have deployed SolarAPP+ or similar automated permitting software with great success. Pleasant Hill, for instance, was able to reduce their average permit review time to zero days (same-day approval), after they adopted SolarAPP+ for instantaneous automated permitting.

#### PROBLEM

California needs to accelerate its transition to clean energy in order to increase local resilience and meet its climate emissions targets by 2045. While rooftop solar systems have been a major driving force behind California's ongoing transition, the potential growth of these systems has been diminished by administrative burdens. Red tape and the 'soft costs' of permitting and installing often prevents homeowners from putting solar on their roofs. Before a contractor can install a solar system, they need to apply for a permit from the local building department. These permitting processes are often inefficient and time-consuming, and can add thousands of dollars to the cost of installing solar. As a result, fewer Californians add solar to their roofs who otherwise would. Meanwhile, the workload for building department officials continues to increase, exacerbated by pandemic-related disruptions, and government staff are increasingly unable to manage the permitting application process in a timely fashion. Relief is needed across the board, and the technology to accomplish that

is now widely available, and should be implemented as quickly as possible.

#### **SOLUTION**

SB 379 will allow more homeowners to install solar by streamlining the permitting process. The bill will require counties with populations over 150,000, and all cities within those counties to allow homeowners' contractors to receive an instant online permit for standard solar and solar-plusstorage systems, via software such as the SolarAPP+. For cities under 50,000 residents, this requirement is in place starting Sept. 30, 2024, and for those cities over 50,000 residents, the requirement is in place starting Sept. 30, 2023. Local governments can apply to the CEC to cover the costs of implementing SolarAPP+.

Overall, the bill would increase the number of households installing solar and storage systems, help California meet its greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals, increase the resiliency of homes (especially during public safety power shutoffs), reduce electricity costs to homeowners, reduce administrative costs for local governments, and create solar installation jobs.

#### SUPPORT

- Environment California, Co-Sponsor
- SPUR, Co-Sponsor
- 350 Humboldt
- ACR Solar
- Advanced Energy Economy
- All Valley Solar, Inc.
- Alternative Energy Systems Inc.
- Aurora
- Aztec Solar
- Bay Area Council

- California Democratic Party
- California Solar & Storage Association
- Center for Sustainable Energy
- City of Palm Springs
- Elders Climate Action, NorCal Chapter
- Elders Climate Action, SoCal Chapter
- Elizares Solar Consulting
- Energy Toolbase
- Environmental Defense Fund
- First Response Solar
- GRID Alternatives
- Habitat for Humanity Greater San Francisco
- Housing Action Coalition
- Local Government Commission
- Local Solar for All
- McCalmont Engineering
- Mosaic
- Natural Resources Defense Council
- Natural Resources Defense Council Action Fund
- Omnidian, Inc.
- Planet Plan Sets
- Pure Power Solutions
- Sierra Club California
- Silicon Valley Youth Climate Action
- Solar and Fire Education
- Solar Energy Industries Association
- Solar Rights Alliance
- Solar Sense PV, Inc.
- Solar United Neighbors
- Solar Works
- SolarCraft
- Spectrum Energy Development Inc.
- Summit Technology Group
- SunEarth
- Sunrun
- SunPower Corporation
- Symmetric Energy
- Taylor Energy
- TerraVerde Energy
- Tesla
- The Climate Center

- Tigo Energy
- Treepublic Solar
- Vote Solar
- Board Chair Rick DeGolia, City of Peninsula
- City of Palm Springs
- Councilmember Victor Aguilar, City of San Leandro
- Councilmember Adele Andrade Stadler, City of Alhambra
- Councilmember Valerie Arkin, City of Pleasanton
- Councilmember James Coleman, City of San Francisco
- Councilmember Ronaldo Fierro, City of Riverside
- Councilmember Glenn Grandis, City of Fountain Valley
- Councilmember Alison Hicks, City of Mountain View
- Councilmember Dan Kalb, City of Oakland
- Councilmember Jenny Kassan, City of Fremont
- Councilmember Sara Lamnin, City of Hayward
- Councilmember Ruth Luevanos, City of Simi Valley
- Councilmember Tony Madrigal, City of Modesto
- Councilmember Eduardo Martinez, City of Richmond
- Councilmember Kevin McKeown, City of Santa Monica
- Councilmember Kristin McCowan, City of Santa Monica
- Councilmember Mike Pierson, City of Malibu
- Councilmember Dennis Pocekay, City of Petaluma
- Councilmember Chris Ricci, City of Modesto
- Councilmember Salvador Solorio-Ruiz, City of Delano
- Councilmember Loren Taylor, City of Oakland
- Councilmember Kathy Watanabe, City of Santa Clara

- Councilmember Hung Wei, City of Cupertino
- County Supervisor Jaron Brandon, City of Tuolumne
- County Supervisor Carmen Ramirez, City of Oxnard
- County Supervisor Miguel Villapudua, City of San Jose
- Director Steve Palmisano, City of Watsonville
- District Supervisor Das Williams, City of Santa Barbara
- Mayor Teresa Barrett, City of Petaluma
- Mayor Alma Beltran, City of Parlier
- Mayor Tom Butt, City of Richmond
- Mayor Pauline Cutter, City of San Leandro
- Mayor Sue Himmelrich, City of Santa Monica
- Mayor Ariston Julian, City of Guadalupe
- Mayor Dianne Martinez, City of Emeryville
- Mayor Erin Ruark-Minett, City of Nevada
- Mayor David Potter, City of Carmel
- Mayor Michael Vargas, City of Perris
- Mayor Kevin Wilk, City of Walnut Creek
- Mayor Pro Tem Gabriel Quinto, City of El Cerrito
- Supervisor Ahsha Safai, City of San Francisco
- Town of Windsor
- Vice Mayor Katherine Lee, City of Alhambra

#### FOR MORE INFORMATION

Tate Hanna, Legislative Aide Email: tate.hanna@sen.ca.gov Phone: (916) 651-4011

From:	Bintliff, Jacob (BOS)
To:	BOS Legislation, (BOS)
Cc:	Mandelman, Rafael (BOS); Green, Ross (BOS); Barnes, Bill (BOS); Wright, Edward (BOS); Imperial, Megan (BOS)
Subject:	Re: Introduction - Resolution supporting SB 379 re: solar permitting
Date:	Tuesday, March 22, 2022 5:32:40 PM
Attachments:	image001.png
	<u>SB 379_full_text.pdf</u>
	SB 379 (Solar Access Act) Fact Sheet 1.7.22.pdf

Hi Jocelyn,

The full text and a fact sheet are attached. I can confirm that as of today, CSAC has not taken a position, and the League of Cities has taken a "watch" position, and that the item is routine and not controversial.

Thank you,

Jacob

#### Jacob Bintliff

Legislative Aide

Office of Supervisor Rafael Mandelman City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 284 San Francisco, California 94102 (415) 554-7753 | <u>jacob.bintliff@sfgov.org</u> *Pronouns: he, him, his* 

From: BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>
Sent: Tuesday, March 22, 2022 5:24 PM
To: Bintliff, Jacob (BOS) <jacob.bintliff@sfgov.org>; BOS Legislation, (BOS)
<bos.legislation@sfgov.org>
Cc: Mandelman, Rafael (BOS) <rafael.mandelman@sfgov.org>; Green, Ross (BOS)
<ross.green@sfgov.org>; Barnes, Bill (BOS) <bill.barnes@sfgov.org>; Wright, Edward (BOS)
<edward.w.wright@sfgov.org>; Imperial, Megan (BOS) <megan.imperial@sfgov.org>
Subject: RE: Introduction - Resolution supporting SB 379 re: solar permitting

Hi Jacob,

Thank you for the legislation submission.

Pursuant to <u>Board Rule 2.8.2</u>, please provide the following to complete this submission:

- a copy of SB 379
- confirm that organizations such as the <u>California State Association of Counties</u> and <u>League of California Cities</u> have <u>not</u> taken a position on these bills. If they have, please provide a copy of their statement for completeness of the file.

• since the item is requested to be placed on the For Adoption Without Committee Reference of the agenda, pursuant to Board Rule 2.1.2, please confirm that these matters are routine, not contentious in nature, and of no special interest

Best regards, Jocelyn Wong San Francisco Board of Supervisors 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102 T: 415.554.7702 | F: 415.554.5163 jocelyn.wong@sfgov.org | www.sfbos.org

**(VIRTUAL APPOINTMENTS)** To schedule a "virtual" meeting with me (on Microsoft Teams), please ask and I can answer your questions in real time.

Due to the current COVID-19 health emergency and the Shelter in Place Order, the Office of the Clerk of the Board is working remotely while providing complete access to the legislative process and our services

Click <u>here</u> to complete a Board of Supervisors Customer Service Satisfaction form

The Legislative Research Center provides 24-hour access to Board of Supervisors legislation, and archived matters since August 1998.

**Disclosures:** Personal information that is provided in communications to the Board of Supervisors is subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act and the San Francisco Sunshine Ordinance. Personal information provided will not be redacted. Members of the public are not required to provide personal identifying information when they communicate with the Board of Supervisors and its committees. All written or oral communications that members of the public submit to the Clerk's Office regarding pending legislation or hearings will be made available to all members of the public for inspection and copying. The Clerk's Office does not redact any information that a member of the public elects to submit to the Board and its committees—may appear on the Board of Supervisors' website or in other public documents that members of the public are or copy.

From: Bintliff, Jacob (BOS) <jacob.bintliff@sfgov.org>
Sent: Tuesday, March 22, 2022 5:12 PM
To: BOS Legislation, (BOS) <bos.legislation@sfgov.org>
Cc: Mandelman, Rafael (BOS) <rafael.mandelman@sfgov.org>; Green, Ross (BOS)
<ross.green@sfgov.org>; Barnes, Bill (BOS) <bill.barnes@sfgov.org>; Wright, Edward (BOS)
<edward.w.wright@sfgov.org>; Imperial, Megan (BOS) <megan.imperial@sfgov.org>
Subject: Introduction - Resolution supporting SB 379 re: solar permitting

Dear Clerk of the Board,

Please see the attached introduction form and resolution introduced today for consideration

without committee reference.

Thank you,

Jacob

#### Jacob Bintliff Legislative Aide

Office of Supervisor Rafael Mandelman City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 284 San Francisco, California 94102 (415) 554-7753 | jacob.bintliff@sfgov.org *Pronouns: he, him, his* 

# **Introduction Form**

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or Mayor

Time stamp
or meeting date

<ul> <li>I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):</li> <li>1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion or Charter Amendment).</li> <li>2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee.</li> </ul>				
3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.				
4. Request for letter beginning :"Supervisor	inquiries"			
5. City Attorney Request.				
6. Call File No. from Committee.				
7. Budget Analyst request (attached written motion).				
8. Substitute Legislation File No.				
9. Reactivate File No.				
10. Topic submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on				
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following:				
Planning Commission Building Inspection Commission				
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use the Imperative Form.				
Sponsor(s):				
Mandelman; Safai, Mar, Melgar				
Subject:				
[Supporting California State Senate Bill No. 379 (Wiener) – Residential Solar Energy Systems: Permitting]				
Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill No. 379, Residential Solar Energy Systems: Permitting, introduced by Senator Scott Wiener, that would require certain jurisdictions to provide an online instant solar permitting process for residential solar and solar-plus-storage energy systems.				

Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:

For Clerk's Use Only