| File No. 220486 |
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Committee Item No.2Board Item No.33

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

| Committee: | Rules Committee | Date 、 | June 13, 2022 |
|-------------|--|--------------------|---------------|
| Board of Su | pervisors Meeting | | June 28, 2022 |
| Cmte Boar | ď | | |
| | Motion Resolution Ordinance Legislative Digest Budget and Legislative Analyst R Youth Commission Report Introduction Form Department/Agency Cover Letter Memorandum of Understanding (I Grant Information Form Grant Budget Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Form 126 - Ethics Commission Award Letter Application Form 700 Information/Vacancies (Boards/Co | and/or Rep MOU) | |
| | Public Correspondence | | |
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| Completed by: | Victor Young | Date June 9, 2022 |
|---------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Completed by: | | Date |

AMENDED IN COMMITTEE 6/13/2022

FILE NO. 220486

MOTION NO.

| 1 | [Mayoral Reappointment, Port Commission - Gail Gilman] |
|----|--|
| 2 | Motion approving the Mayor's nomination for reappointment of Gail Gilman to the Port |
| 3 | Commission, for a term ending May 1, 2026. |
| 4 | |
| 5 | MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco does |
| 6 | hereby approves the nomination for appointment by Mayor London N. Breed of the following |
| 7 | designated person to serve as a member of the San Francisco Port Commission, pursuant to |
| 8 | Charter, Section 4.114, for the term specified: |
| 9 | Gail Gilman, seat 5, succeeding themself, must be appointed by the Mayor and |
| 10 | confirmed by the Board of Supervisors, for a four-year term ending May 1, 2026. |
| 11 | commed by the board of Supervisors, for a four-year term ending way 1, 2020. |
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| 25 | |
| | Clerk of the Board |

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Office of the Mayor san Francisco



LONDON N. BREED MAYOR

Notice of Appointment

May 23, 2022

San Francisco Board of Supervisors City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Honorable Board of Supervisors,

I am pleased to advise you of the following reappointment to the San Francisco Port Commission pursuant to Charter §4.114:

Gail Gilman, assuming the seat, for a four-year term ending May 1, 2026.

I am confident that Ms. Gilman will serve our community well. Attached are her qualifications to serve, which demonstrates how her reappointment represents the communities of interest, neighborhoods and diverse populations of the City and County of San Francisco.

Should you have any question about this appointment, please contact my Director of Commission Affairs, Tyra Fennell, at 415-554-6696

Sincerely,

London N. Breed Mayor, City and County of San Francisco

CAREER SUMMARY

A dynamic leader focused on designing and implementing impactful, outcome-driven interventions, I am committed to ensure that all San Franciscans have access to housing, employment, and a livable community. I have been leading Community Housing Partnership for over 8 years and have worked in the non-profit sector for over 25 years. I have extensive experience in real estate development of residential housing, land-use policy, activation of commercial spaces in supportive housing, social enterprise, economic development, homelessness, social services, public policy, and community organizing. During my career in San Francisco, I have become skilled in all aspects of non-profit management including non-profit real estate development, fundraising, finance, strategic planning, human capital, administration, service delivery, and system change work. I have depth in program evaluation, performance management, and board of directors development. I currently spearhead the local and national conversation on shifting success measurements and outcomes in supportive housing, in addition to working on creating a housing ladder system in San Francisco to achieve housing mobility and equity among low-income residents.

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Chief Executive Officer, Community Housing Partnership (CHP), San Francisco, CA, March 2010-Present

Lead a complex, multi-faceted, and fast-paced non-profit organization that provides housing, social services, community organizing, and workforce services to formerly homeless tenants city-wide. CHP operates a social enterprise which employs 100+ people, who have barriers to employment, while grossing millions of dollars in sales. CHP serves over 1500 formerly homeless adults, seniors, families, and transition-age youth in San Francisco. Responsible for managing an agency with 1,300 units of housing, with a strong housing pipeline in development, and 9 business lines. Oversee an operating budget of \$32+ million and a capital budget of over \$75 million. Lead a staff of 300, directing activities related to public policy, communications, fundraising, property acquisition, strategic planning, and business development. Assembled and supervise a cohesive, talented, and effective leadership team of 4 C-level staff and 7 department directors.

Achievements:

- Launched a 24-month Performance Challenge, that transformed the agency's culture into one that embraces accountability and excellence.
- Refreshed the organization's strategic direction by overseeing an 18 month "Theory of Change" and strategic planning process, resulting in the "CHP 20/20" plan.
- Clarified outcomes and identified metrics for success, while launching the agency's first Salesforce datacollection platform.
- Developed new housing and programs including six new housing developments, numerous new service contracts, a resident engagement program, and scaled the social enterprise.
- Led the organization through periods of major change and significant growth which resulted in CHP being recognized as one of the nation's preeminent community development corporations serving formerly homeless adults and families.
- Achieved being accepted into the Tipping Point Community (2012), cultivating a relationship that has resulted in ongoing support totaling millions in investments to CHP over the years, which continues today.
- Secured and cultivated new investors, and grew individual donors by over 100% since 2014.
- Transformed CHP's public policy program to work more closely on city-wide legislation that affects housing, land use, transportation, homelessness, and built alliances with disparate groups across the city.

- Built relationships within San Francisco city government, the Board of Supervisors, and the mayor's administration.
- Cultivated CHP's Board of Directors to have stronger business participation.
- Launched CHP's Advisory Circle in 2018, comprised of a dozen leaders in business, public policy, real estate, and non-profit sectors to garner resources for Community Housing Partnership and to advise the CEO on resource and public policy matters.

Director of Tenant Services, Community Housing Partnership, San Francisco, CA, February 2002-March 2010

Lead and managed the Tenant Services Department, consisting of four programs: Tenant Services, Intensive Case Management, Treatment and Supportive Housing, and Shelter Client Advocates. Directly supervised Tenant Services Managers, Clinical Services Director, managing thirty-six member department which provides services to over eight hundred tenants. Managed multiple City and federal contracts, across three city departments.

Achievements:

- Revamped the service delivery system at CHP to be more responsive to CHP's tenants, and launched the clinical services programming including Medi-Cal billing.
- Designed and implemented department database/data collection system, and buildings' performance dashboards.
- Developed new housing and programs including three new housing developments, two new service contracts, and received a direct grant from SAMHSA.
- Developed operational manual for all program areas, dashboards, charting systems including tenant assessments.
- Achieved 98% housing retention and 85% service utilization among tenants.

Program Manager, Bridge Project, Lutheran Social Services, San Francisco, CA, Dec. 1999-Sept.2001

Program Director of the Bridge Project, a Special Project of National Significance (SPNS), that was jointly funded by HUD and HRSA, and which received no City funding. The project was a collaboration of six service agencies with Lutheran Social Services (LSS) operating as the administering agency for the project. The program provided deep rental subsidies in a residential hotel setting along with on-site comprehensive services for clients who were HIV+, active methamphetamine users, had mental health issues as a secondary condition, and who at time of entry were homeless.

Achievements:

- Lead and managed multi-disciplinary team to achieve program outcomes and impact our clients.
- Negotiated with HUD and HRSA to extend the project for 9 months, due to program savings.
- Developed and oversaw Project dissemination plan.
- Successfully documented the outcomes of the project and closed down the project in the summer of 2001, assisting all 45 remaining clients to secure housing.
- Functioned as programmatic link with multi-site evaluation staff, worked on local evaluation plan.

Housing Coordinator, Bridge Project, LSS. San Francisco, CA, July 1998-Dec. 1999

First Housing Coordinator of the Project. Developed all policy and procedures related to the housing program, master leases, and clients' documents. Built relationships with private hotel owners to secure units of housing to master lease throughout the City. Maintained adequate housing capacity for project at over 8 buildings during a changing housing market. Developed strong collaborative relationships with building owners, managers, City officials, and DBI. Developed a "housing first" model before it was a national movement. This project was a precursor to the San Francisco master lease program.

Achievements:

- Secured \$65,000 in funding from City of San Francisco, through advocacy at the SF Board of Supervisors.
- Coordinated rental payments/subsidy program for 65 clients, in 8 different hotels.
- Implemented harm-reduction property management protocols.
- Acted as liaison between project and non-profit housing developers and City of San Francisco.

Support Services Counselor, Community Housing Partnership, San Francisco, CA, Oct. 1995-July 1998

Part of the services team that opened Community Housing Partnership's first McKinney-Vento project requiring that all tenants had a disability and experienced long-term homelessness before they would qualify for housing at the Iroquois. Part of a team which designed service programming, rented-up the property, and facilitated the first community at the building.

Achievements:

- Served on the agency-wide Support Services and Property Management coordination working group.
- Performed 1:1 counseling and case management services.
- Provided referrals/treatment and group counseling to tenants with mental health, and substance abuse/use issues.

Drop-In Center Coordinator, Urban Ministry of Palo Alto, Palo Alto, CA, Sept. 1994-Jan. 1995

Managed day-to-day operations of center, serving 25 to 75 individuals each day, from 6 a.m. until 11 a.m., five days a week. Supervised 2 on-site staff and over 25 volunteers weekly. Program design and oversight, while performing direct service duties, crisis intervention/management, de-escalation, and service linkage. Conducted prescreening and intake for 15+ bed transitional shelter program.

Achievements:

- Secured for the first time federal funds and private grants for the drop-in center.
- Grew the volunteer base, by conducting outreach to member congregations.
- Produced policy, procedures, and protocols for the center.

EDUCATION

Certificate of completion for the NeighborWorks Achieving Excellence Program, John F. Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University, Executive Education, 2017

Master of Nonprofit Administration, University of San Francisco, 2005

Bachelor of Arts, Political Science, San Francisco State University, 1999

BOARD MEMBERSHIP

Board Member, Top of Broadway Community Benefit District, San Francisco, 2014-2016

Vice President, District 3 Democratic Club, San Francisco, 2012-2016

Board Member, Nonprofit Housing Association of Northern California, 2010-2017

Board Member, San Francisco Local Homeless Coordinating Board (LHCB), appointed by Board of Supervisors 1999-2004, (*Committee Chair*, Policy Committee of LHCB, 2000-2003).

AFFILIATIONS

Council member (appointed by the Governor), California Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, 2017present

Commissioner, Department of Building Inspection, City and County of San Francisco, 2016-present

Founder and Co-Chair, Supportive Housing Providers Network, 2015-present

Steering Committee Member, Human Services Network, 2008-present

Steering Committee Member, Council of Community Housing Organizations, 2010-present

Principal Officer, Prop. J & K Campaign (sales tax increase and dedicated use for homelessness & transportation), 2016

Principal Officer, Prop. A Campaign (\$310 million housing bond), 2015

Committee Member, Housing Sub-Committee of the State of California Co-Occurring Disorders Joint Action Council, 2008-2010

Co-Chair, McKinney Contractors Association, San Francisco, 2005-2009

AWARDS, CONFERENCES, PUBLICATIONS

Honored, by San Francisco Mayor Edwin M. Lee for Women's History Month, 2015

Speaker, (international guest) The Australian Housing and Urban Research Institute (AHURI) 2017 Conference. The biennial National Housing Conference is the single largest cross-sectoral event in Australasia (regional conference) for the social and affordable housing sectors. <u>https://www.ahuri.edu.au/events/recent-events/national-housing-conference-2017</u>

Speaker, at over 25 national conferences, on topics ranging from supportive housing, social enterprise, business development, and executive leadership

Published, A Case Study: <u>What are the Benefits and Costs to a Homeless Services Agency when they hire</u> <u>Formerly Homeless Individuals as Staff?</u> University of San Francisco, 2005

Published, Lessons Learned: Providing Housing and Primary Care to Multiple Diagnosed Men and Women with AIDS, HIV/AIDS Bureau of HHS, SPNS Snapshots, 2000

CALIFORNIA FORM 7

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STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS

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| AMENDMENT | | | | Filing ID: |
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| Gilman, Gail | | | | |
| 1. Office, Agency, or Court | | | | |
| Agency Name (Do not use acronyms) | | | | |
| City and County of San Fran- Division, Board, Department, District, if | | Your Position | | |
| Port Commission | applicable | Commission | | |
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| 3. Type of Statement (Check at I | | | | |
| Annual: The period covered is Ja December 31, 2021. -or- | nuary 1, 2021, through | Leaving Off | fice: Date Left/_ (Check one ci | |
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| Schedules attached | | _ | | |
| Schedule A-1 - Investments – s | | | , , | Positions – schedule attached |
| Schedule A-2 - Investments – s | | | ne – Gifts – schedule at | |
| Schedule B - Real Property – s | | | ie – Giπs – Travel Payn | nents – schedule attached |
| or- | | | | |
| □ None - No reportable interes | ts on any schedule | | | |
| 5. Verification | | | | |
| MAILING ADDRESS STREET (Business or Agency Address Recommended - Pu | ublic Document) | | STATE | ZIP CODE |
| | | Francisco | CA | 94133 |
| DAYTIME TELEPHONE NUMBER | | E-MAIL ADDRESS | | |
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| I have used all reasonable diligence in herein and in any attached schedules i | | | | ledge the information contained |
| I certify under penalty of perjury und | ler the laws of the State of Calif | ornia that the foregoing | j is true and correct. | |
| Date Signed 01/24/2022 | | SignatureGail Gil | lman | |
| (month, day, y | ear) | (Fi | ile the originally signed paper state | ment with your filing official.) |

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 70

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

AMENDMENT

| | ► 1. INCOME RECEIVED | |
|--|---|------------|
| IAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME | NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME | |
| All Home CA | Port of SF | |
| ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) | ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) | |
| San Francisco , CA 94104 | San Francisco , CA 94102 | |
| BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE | BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE | |
| Norking on homelessness issues | | |
| OUR BUSINESS POSITION | YOUR BUSINESS POSITION | |
| Chief Strategy Officer | Commissioner | |
| GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business Position Only | GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business | Position O |
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| ONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED | CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED | |
| Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.) | X Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's ind (For self-employed use Schedule A-2.) | come |
| Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use | Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater u | se |
| Schedule A-2.) | Schedule A-2.) | |
| Sale of | Real property, car, boat, etc.) | |
| Loan repayment | Loan repayment | |
| Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more | Commission or Rental Income, <i>list each source of</i> \$10,00 | 0 or more |
| | | |
| (Describe) | (Describe) | |
| Other (Describe) | Other | |
| Comments: | | |
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I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete.

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

| Date Signed | 01/24/2022 | Filer's Signature <u>Gail Gilman</u> |
|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | (month, day, year) | |

PORT COMMISSION

The below listed summary of seats, term expirations and membership information shall serve as notice of **vacancies**, **upcoming term expirations** and information on currently held seats, appointed by the Board of Supervisors. Appointments by other bodies are listed, if available. Seat numbers listed in **bold** are open for immediate appointment. However, you are able to submit applications for all seats and your application will be maintained for one year, in the event that an unexpected vacancy or opening occurs.

Membership and Seat Qualifications

| Seat # | Appointing Authority | Seat Holder | Term Ending | Qualification |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | Mayor | Gail Gilman | 5/1/22 | Nominated by the Mayor, subject |
| 2 | Mayor | Doreen Woo Ho | 5/1/22 | to confirmation by the Board of |
| 3 | Mayor | William Adams | 5/1/22 | Supervisors, for a four-year term. |
| 4 | Mayor | Kimberly Brandon | 5/1/25 | |
| 5 | Mayor | John Burton | 5/1/24 | |

Seats are nominated by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by the Board of Supervisors.

(For seats appointed by other Authorities please contact the Board / Commission / Committee / Task Force (see below) or the appointing authority directly.)

Pursuant to Board of Supervisors Rules of Order 2.19 (Motion No. 05-92) all applicants applying for this body must complete and submit, with their application, a copy (**not original**) of Form 700, Statement of Economic Interests. Applications will not be considered if a copy of Form 700 is not received.

FORM 700 AVAILABLE HERE (Required)

https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html

Please Note: Depending upon the posting date, a vacancy may have already been filled. To determine if a vacancy for this Commission is still available, or if you require additional information, please call the Rules Committee Clerk at (415) 554-5184.

The Port Commission consists of five voting members appointed by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the Board of Supervisors.

The Port Commission shall have the power and duty to use, conduct, operate, maintain, manage, regulate, and control the port area of San Francisco and to do all things it deems necessary in connection with the use, conduct, operation, management, maintenance,

regulation, improvement and control of said port area, or which may further the interests of the port in world trade.

The Commission shall have the composition and organization, and the powers, duties and responsibilities with respect to the Port that are set forth in the Burton Act, Statutes of 1968, Chapter 1333, as amended, and in the Agreement relating to the Transfer of the Port of SF from the State of California to CCSF. The Commission shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 4.101 through 4.103 of the Charter, so far as those powers and duties are not inconsistent with the Burton Act and the Transfer Agreement.

Each of the members shall serve for a term of four years. They shall be subject to recall, suspension and removal in the same manner as an elected official.

- Report: Annual report describing its activities, and shall file such report with the Mayor and the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.
- Authority: Charter Section 4.114 (previously Charter Section 3.580)
- Sunset Date: None
- Contact: Elaine Forbes Executive Director Pier 1, The Embarcadero San Francisco, CA 94111 (415) 274-0400 elaine.forbes@sfport.com

Carl Nicita Commission Affairs Manager Pier 1, The Embarcadero San Francisco, CA 94111 (415) 274-0405 carl.nicita@sfport.com

Updated: December 23, 2021

GENDER ANALYSIS OF COMMISSIONS AND BOARDS





City and County of San Francisco London N. Breed Mayor

Department on the Status of Women Emily M. Murase, PhD Director



Acknowledgements

The data collection and analysis for this report was conducted by Public Policy Fellow Diana McCaffrey with support from Policy and Projects Director Elizabeth Newman, Associate Director Carol Sacco, and Director Emily Murase, PhD, at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women.

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San Francisco Commission on the Status of Women

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This report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, <u>https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports</u>.

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Executive Summary

In 2008, San Francisco voters overwhelmingly approved a City Charter Amendment (section 4.101) establishing as City policy for the membership of Commissions and Boards to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population, and that appointing officials be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates. Additionally, it requires the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2019 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards includes more policy bodies such as task forces, committees, and advisory bodies, than previous analyses, which were limited to Commissions and Boards. Data was collected from 84 policy bodies and from a total of 741 members mostly appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney.¹ The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do *not* submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. This report examines policy bodies and appointees both comprehensively as a whole and separately by the two categories.

The 2019 Gender Analysis evaluates the representation of women; people of color; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) individuals; people with disabilities; and veterans on San Francisco policy bodies.

Key Findings

Gender

- Women's representation on policy bodies is 51%, slightly above parity with the San Francisco female population of 49%.
- Since 2009, there has been a small but steady increase in the representation of women on San Francisco policy bodies.

10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

¹ "List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf, (August 25, 2017).

Race and Ethnicity

- People of color are underrepresented on policy bodies compared to the population. Although people of color comprise 62% of San Francisco's population, just 50% of appointees identify as a race other than white.
- While the overall representation of people of color has increased between 1
 2009 and 2019, as the Department collected data on more appointees, the representation of people of color has decreased over the last few years. The percentage of appointees of color decreased from 53% in 2017 to 49% in 2019.

of People of Color on Policy Bodies 60% 57% 53% 50% 48% 50% 46% 45% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 2015 2009 2013 2017 2011 2019 (n=401) (n=295) (n=419) (n=269) (n=469) (n=713) Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

10-Year Comparison of Representation

As found in previous reports, Latinx and Asian groups are underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the population. Latinx individuals are 14% of the population but make up only 8% of appointees. Asian individuals are 31% of the population but make up only 18% of appointees.

Race and Ethnicity by Gender

- On the whole, women of color are 32% of the San Francisco population, and 28% of appointees. Although still below parity, 28% is a slight increase compared to 2017, which showed 27% women of color appointees.
- Meanwhile, men of color are underrepresented at 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.



- Both White women and men are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies.
 White women are 23% of appointees compared to 17% of the San Francisco population.
 White men are 26% of appointees compared to 20% of the population.
- Black and African American women and men are well-represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women are 9% of appointees compared to 2.4% of the population, and Black men are 5% of appointees compared to 2.5% of the population.
- Latinx women are 7% of the San Francisco population but 3% of appointees, and Latinx men are 7% of the population but 5% of appointees.
- Asian women are 17% of the San Francisco population but 11% of appointees, and Asian men are 15% of the population but just 7% of appointees.

10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies

Additional Demographics

- Out of the 74% of appointees who responded to the survey question on LGBTQ identity, 19% identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, nonbinary, queer, or questioning, and 81% of appointees identify as straight/heterosexual.
- Out of the 70% of appointees who responded to the question on disability, 11% identify as having one or more disabilities, which is just below the 12% of the adult population with a disability in San Francisco.
- Out of the 67% of appointees who responded to the question on veteran status, 7% have served in the military compared to 3% of the San Francisco population.

Proxies for Influence: Budget & Authority

- Although women are half of all appointees, those Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets have fewer women and especially fewer women of color. Meanwhile, women exceed representation on Boards and Commissions with the smallest budgets and women of color reach parity with the population on the smallest budgeted Commissions and Boards.
- Although still underrepresented relative to the San Francisco population, there is a larger percentage of people of color on Commissions and Boards with both the largest and smallest budgets compared to overall appointees.
- The percentage of total women is greater on Advisory Bodies than Commissions and Boards. Women are 54% of appointees on Advisory Bodies and 48% of appointees on Commissions and Boards. However, the percentages of people of color and women of color on Commissions and Boards exceed the percentages of people of color and women of color on Advisory Bodies.

Appointing Authorities

Mayoral appointments include 55% women, 52% people of color, and 30% women of color, which is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointments and total appointments.

| | Women | People of Color | Women of Color | LGBTQ | Disability Status | Veteran Status |
|---|-------|--------------------|-------------------|---------|----------------------|-------------------|
| San Francisco Population | 49% | 62% | 32% | 6%-15%* | 12% | 3% |
| Total Appointees | 51% | 50% | 28% | 19% | 11% | 7% |
| 10 Largest Budgeted Commissions & Boards | 41% | 55% | 23% | | | |
| 10 Smallest Budgeted Commissions & Boards | 52% | 54% | 32% | | | |
| Commissions and Boards | 48% | 52% | 30% | | | |
| Advisory Bodies | 54% | 49% | 28% | | | |

Demographics of Appointees Compared to the San Francisco Population

Sources: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis, 2019, *Note: Estimates vary by source. See page 16 for a detailed breakdown.

I. Introduction

Inspired by the 4th UN World Conference on Women in Beijing, San Francisco became the first city in the world to adopt a local ordinance reflecting the principles of the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination (CEDAW), an international bill of rights for women. The CEDAW Ordinance was passed unanimously by the San Francisco Board of Supervisors and signed into law by Mayor Willie L. Brown, Jr. on April 13, 1998.² In 2002, the CEDAW Ordinance was revised to address the intersection of race and gender and incorporate reference to the UN Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Race Discrimination. The Ordinance requires City Government to take proactive steps to ensure gender equity and specifies "gender analysis" as a preventive tool to identify and address discrimination. Since 1998, the Department on the Status of Women has employed this tool to analyze the operations of 10 City Departments using a gender lens.

In 2007, the Department on the Status of Women conducted the first gender analysis to evaluate the number of women appointed to City Commissions and Boards. The findings of this analysis informed a City Charter Amendment developed by the Board of Supervisors for the June 2008 Election. This City Charter Amendment (Section 4.101) was overwhelmingly approved by voters and made it city policy that:

- The membership of Commissions and Boards are to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population,
- Appointing officials are to be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates, and
- The Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every 2 years.

The 2019 Gender Analysis examines the representation of women; people of color; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) individuals; people with disabilities; and veterans on San Francisco policy bodies primarily appointed by the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors. This year's analysis included more outreach to policy bodies as compared to previous analyses that were limited to Commissions and Boards. As a result, more appointees were included in the data collection and analysis than even before. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney. The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission, and the second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission of methodology and limitations can be found at the end of this report on page 23.

² San Francisco Administrative Code Chapter 33.A.

http://library.amlegal.com/nxt/gateway.dll/California/administrative/chapter33alocalimplementationoftheunited? f=templates\$fn=default.htm\$3.0\$vid=amlegal:sanfrancisco_ca\$anc=JD_Chapter33A.

II. Gender Analysis Findings

Many aspects of San Francisco's diversity are reflected in the overall population of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. The analysis includes 84 policy bodies, of which 823 of the 887 seats are filled leaving 7% vacant. As outlined below in the summary chart, slightly more than half of appointees are women, half of appointees are people of color, 28% are women of color, 19% are LGBTQ, 11% have a disability, and 7% are veterans.

| Appointee Demographics | Percentage of Appointees |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Women (n=741) | 51% |
| People of Color (n=706) | 50% |
| Women of Color (n=706) | 28% |
| LGBTQ Identified (n=548) | 19% |
| People with Disabilities (n=516) | 11% |
| Veteran Status (n=494) | 7% |

Figure 1: Summary Data of Policy Body Demographics, 2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

However, further analysis reveals underrepresentation of particular groups. Subsequent sections present comprehensive data analysis providing comparison to previous years, detailing the variables of gender, race/ethnicity, LGBTQ identity, disability, veteran status, and policy body characteristics of budget size, decision-making authority, and appointment authority.

A. Gender

On San Francisco policy bodies, 51% of appointees identify as women, which is slightly above parity compared to the San Francisco female population of 49%. The representation of women remained stable at 49% from 2013 until 2017. This year, the representation of women increased by 2 percentage points, which could be partly due to the larger sample size used in this year's analysis compared to previous years. A 10-year comparison shows that the representation of women appointees has gradually increased since 2009 by a total of six percentage points.





Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Figures 3 and 4 analyze Commissions and Boards. Figure 3 showcases the five Commissions and Boards with the highest representation of women appointees as compared to 2015 and 2013. The Children and Families (First Five) Commission and the Commission on the Status of Women are currently comprised of all women appointees. This finding has been consistent for the Commission on the Status of Women in 2015 and 2017. While the Ethics Commission has 100% women appointees, much more than 2015 and 2017, its small size of five appointees means that minimal changes in its demographic composition greatly impacts percentages. This is also the case for other policy bodies with a small number of members. The Library Commission and the Commission on the Environment are fourth and fifth on the list at 71% and 67% women, respectively, with long standing female majorities on each.





Out of the Commissions and Boards in this section, 23 have 40% or less women. The five Commissions and Boards with the lowest representation of women are displayed in Figure 4. The lowest percentage is found on the Board of Examiners where currently *none* of the 13 appointees are women. Unfortunately, demographic data is unavailable for the Board of Examiners for 2017 and 2015. Next is the Building Inspection Commission at 14%, which is a decrease of female representation compared to 2017 and 2015. The Oversight Board of Community Investment and Infrastructure, Fire Commission, and Sunshine Ordinance Task Force also have some of the lowest percentages of women at 17%, 20%, and 27%, respectively. Unfortunately, the Sunshine Ordinance Task Force did not participate in previous

27%, respectively. Unfortunately, the Sunshine Ordinance Task Force did not par analyses and therefore demographics data is unavailable for 2017 and 2015.

Figure 4: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

In addition to Commissions and Boards, Advisory Bodies were examined for the highest and lowest percentages of women. This is the first year such bodies have been included, thus comparison to previous years is unavailable. Figure 9 below displays the five Advisory Bodies with the highest and the five with the lowest representations of women. The Workforce Community Advisory Committees has the greatest representation of women at 100%, followed by the Office of Early Care and Education Citizen's Advisory Committee at 89%. The Advisory Bodies with the lowest percentage of women are the Urban Forestry Council at 8% of the 13-member body and the Abatement Appeals Board at 14% of the 7-member body.

Figure 5: Advisory Bodies with the Highest and Lowest Percentage of Women, 2019



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B. Race and Ethnicity

Data on racial and ethnic identity was collected for 706, or 95%, of the 741 surveyed appointees. Although half of appointees identify as a race or ethnicity other than white or Caucasian, people of color are still underrepresented compared to the San Francisco population of 62%. The representation of people of color has increased since 2009 but has decreased following 2015. The number of appointees analyzed increased substantially in 2017 and 2019 compared to 2015, and these larger data samples have coincided with smaller percentages of people of color. The percentage decrease following 2017 could be partially due to the inclusion of more policy and advisory bodies, as the representation of people of color on Commissions and Boards dropped only slightly from 53% in 2017 to 52% in 2019.



Figure 6: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies

The racial and ethnic breakdown of policy body members compared to the San Francisco population is shown in Figure 7. This analysis reveals underrepresentation and overrepresentation in San Francisco policy bodies for certain racial and ethnic groups. Half of all appointees are white, an overrepresentation by more than 10 percentage points. The Black and African American community is well represented on appointed policy bodies at 14% compared to 5% of the population of San Francisco. Characterizing this as an overrepresentation is inaccurate given the representation of Black or African American people on policy bodies has been consistent over the years while the San Francisco population has declined over the same period.³ Furthermore, the most recent nationwide estimate for the Black or African American population is 13%, which is nearly equal to the 14% of Black or African American appointees present on San Francisco policy bodies.⁴

Considerably underrepresented racial and ethnic groups on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population are individuals who identify as Asian or Latinx. While Asians are 31% of the San Francisco population, they only make up 18% of appointees. While the Latinx population of San Francisco is 14%, only 8% of appointees are Latinx. Although there is a small population of Native

³ Samir Gambhir and Stephen Menendian, "Racial Segregation in the Bay Area, Part 2," *Haas Institute for a Fair and Inclusive Society* (2018).

⁴ US Census Bureau, 2018, Retrieved from https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/US/PST045218.

Americans and Alaska Natives in San Francisco of 0.4%, none of the surveyed appointees identified themselves as such.



Figure 7: Race and Ethnicity of Appointees Compared to San Francisco Population, 2019

The next two graphs illustrate Commissions and Boards, and Advisory Bodies with the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. As shown in Figure 8, the Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure remained at 100% from 2017, while the Juvenile Probation Commission has returned to 100% this year after a dip in 2017. Next is the Health Commission, Immigrant Rights Commission, and Housing Authority Commission at 86%, 85%, and 83%, respectively. Percentages of people of color on both the Health Commission and the Housing Authority Commission increased following 2015, and have remained consistent since 2017.

Figure 8: Commissions and Boards with Highest Percentage of People of Color, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Sources: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

There are 23 policy bodies that have 40% or less appointees who identified a racial and ethnic category other than white. Although the Public Utilities Commission has two vacancies, *none* of the current appointees identify as people of color. The Historic Preservation Commission and Building Inspection Commission are both at 14% representation for people of color. The Building Inspection Commission had a large drop from 43% in 2015, with the percentage of people of color decreasing to 14% in 2017 and remaining at this percent for 2019. Lastly, the War Memorial Board of Trustees and City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission have 18% and 20%, respectively.





Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

In addition to Commissions and Boards, Advisory Bodies were examined for the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. This is the first year such bodies have been included, thus comparison to previous years is unavailable. All members of the Workforce Community Advisory Committee are people of color. People of color comprise 80% of the Sugary Drinks Distributor Tax Advisory Committee, and 75% of appointees on the Children, Youth and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee, the Golden Gate Park Concourse Authority, and the Local Homeless Coordinating Board. Out of the five Advisory Bodies with the lowest representation of people of color, the Ballot Simplification Committee and the Mayor's Disability Council have 25% appointees of color, and the Abatement Appeals Board has 14% appointees of color. The Urban Forestry and the Pedestrian Safety Advisory Committee have no people of color currently serving.





Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

C. Race and Ethnicity by Gender

White men and women are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies, while Asian and Latinx men and women are underrepresented. While women of color continue to be underrepresented at 28% compared to the San Francisco population of 32%, this is a slight increase from 2017 which showed 27% women of color. Meanwhile, men of color are 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.

Figure 11: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies



The following figures present the breakdown for appointees and the San Francisco population by race and ethnicity and gender. White men and women are overrepresented, holding 27% and 23% of appointments, respectively, compared to 20% and 17% of the population, respectively. Asian men and women are both greatly underrepresented with Asian women making up 11% of appointees compared to 17% of the population while Asian men comprise 7% of appointees and 15% of the population. Latinx men and women are also underrepresented, particularly Latinx women, who are 3% of appointees and 7% of the population, while Latinx men are 5% of appointees and 7% of the population. Black or African American men and women are well-represented with Black women comprising 9% of appointees and Black men comprising 5% of appointees. Pacific Islander men and women, and multiethnic women also exceed parity with the population. Although Native American men and women make up only 0.4% of San Francisco's population, none of the surveyed appointees identified themselves as such.









Figure 13: San Francisco Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2019

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

D. LGBTQ Identity

Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) identity data was collected from 548, or 75%, of the 741 surveyed appointees, which is much more data on LGBTQ identity compared to previous reports. Due to limited and outdated information on the population of the LGBTQ community in San Francisco, it is difficult to adequately assess the representation of the LGBTQ community. However, compared to available San Francisco, larger Bay Area, and national data, the LGBTQ community is well represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Recent research estimates the national LGBT population is 4.5%.⁵ The LGBT population of the San Francisco and greater Bay Area is estimated to rank the highest of U.S. cities at 6.2%,⁶ while a 2006 survey found that 15.4% of adults in San Francisco identify as LGBT⁷.

Of the appointees who responded to this question, 19% identify as LGBTQ and 81% identify as straight or heterosexual. Of the LGBTQ appointees, 48% identify as gay, 23% as lesbian, 17% as bisexual, 7% as queer, 5% as transgender, and 1% as questioning. Data on LGBTQ identity by race was not captured. Efforts to capture data on LGBTQ identity by race for future reports would enable more intersectional analysis.



Figure 14: LGBTQ Identity of Appointees, 2019





E. Disability Status

Overall, 12% of adults in San Francisco have one or more disabilities, and when broken down by gender, 6.2% are women and 5.7% are men. Disability data for transgender and gender non-conforming individuals in San Francisco is currently unavailable. Data on disability was obtained from 516, or 70%, of the 714 appointees who participated in the survey. Of the 516 appointees, 11.2% reported to have one

https://news.gallup.com/poll/234863/estimate-lgbt-population-rises.aspx.

percentage.aspx?utm_source=Social%20Issues&utm_medium=newsfeed&utm_campaign=tiles.

⁵ Frank Newport, "In U.S., Estimate of LGBT Population Rises to 4.5%," GALLUP (May 22, 2018)

⁶ Gary J. Gates and Frank Newport, "San Francisco Metro Area Ranks Highest in LBGT Percentage," *GALLUP* (March 20, 2015) https://news.gallup.com/poll/182051/san-francisco-metro-area-ranks-highest-lgbt-

⁷ Gary J. Gates, "Same Sex Couples and the Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual Population: New Estimates from the American Community Survey," *The Williams Institute on Sexual Orientation Law and Public Policy, UCLA School of Law* (2006).

or more disabilities, which is near parity with the San Francisco population. Of the 11.2% appointees with one or more disabilities, 6.8% are women, 3.9% are men, 0.4% are trans women, and 0.2% are trans men.

Figure 16: San Francisco Adult Population with a Disability by Gender, 2017



Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Figure 17: Appointees with One or More Disabilities by Gender, 2019



F. Veteran Status

Overall, 3.2% of the adult population in San Francisco has served in the military. There is a considerable difference by gender, as male veterans are 3% and female veterans are 0.2% of the population. Data on veteran status was obtained from 494, or 67%, of appointees who participated in the survey. Of the 494 appointees who responded to this question, 7.1% have served in the military. Like the San Francisco population, there is a large difference by gender, as men comprise 5.7% and women make up only 1.2% of the total number of veteran appointees. Of participating appointees, 0.2% of veterans are trans women. Veteran status data on transgender and gender non-conforming individuals in San Francisco is currently unavailable.







Figure 19: Appointees with Military Service, 2019



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

G. Policy Bodies by Budget

This report also examines whether policy bodies with the largest and smallest budget sizes and other characteristics are demographically representative of the San Francisco population. In this section, budget size is used as a proxy for influence. Although this report has expanded the scope of analysis to include more policy bodies compared to previous reports, this section of analysis was limited to Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members file financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. The purpose of this analysis is to evaluate the demographics for the spectrum of budgetary influence of policy bodies with decision-making authority in San Francisco.

Overall, appointees from the 10 largest budgeted Commissions and Boards are 55% people of color, 41% women, and 23% women of color. Appointees from the 10 smallest budgeted Commissions and Boards are 54% people of color, 52% women, and 32% women of color. Although still below parity with the San Francisco population, the representation of people of color on both the largest and smallest budgeted policy bodies is greater than the percentage of people of color for all appointees combined (50%). For women and women of color, their representation meets or exceeds parity with the population on the 10 smallest budgeted bodies. However, it falls far below parity for the 10 largest budgeted bodies. The representation of total women and women of color is greater on smaller budgeted policy bodies by 27%, and 39%, respectively.



Figure 20: Percent of Women, Women of Color, and People of Color on Commissions and Boards with Largest and Smallest Budgets in Fiscal Year 2018-2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

| Body | FY18-19 Budget | Total Filled | | Women | Women | People |
|--|-----------------|--------------|-------|-------|----------|----------|
| Body | Filo-19 Budget | Seats | seats | women | of Color | of Color |
| Health Commission | \$2,200,000,000 | 7 | 7 | 29% | 14% | 86% |
| Public Utilities Commission | \$1,296,600,000 | 5 | 3 | 67% | 0% | 0% |
| MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission | \$1,200,000,000 | 7 | 7 | 57% | 14% | 43% |
| Airport Commission | \$1,000,000,000 | 5 | 5 | 40% | 20% | 40% |
| Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure | \$745,000,000 | 5 | 5 | 60% | 60% | 100% |
| Police Commission | \$687,139,793 | 7 | 7 | 43% | 43% | 71% |
| Health Authority (Plan Governing Board) | \$666,000,000 | 19 | 15 | 33% | 27% | 47% |
| Human Services Commission | \$529,900,000 | 5 | 5 | 40% | 0% | 40% |
| Fire Commission | \$400,721,970 | 5 | 5 | 20% | 20% | 40% |
| Aging and Adult Services Commission | \$334,700,000 | 7 | 7 | 43% | 14% | 57% |
| Total | \$9,060,061,763 | 72 | 66 | 41% | 23% | 55% |

Figure 21: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Largest Budgets, 2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Figure 22: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Smallest Budgets, 2019

| Body | FY18-19 Budget | Total Seats | Filled Seats | Women | Women of color | People of Color |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Rent Board Commission | \$8,543,912 | 10 | 9 | 44% | 11% | 33% |
| Commission on the Status of Women | \$8,048,712 | 7 | 7 | 100% | 71% | 71% |
| Ethics Commission | \$6,458,045 | 5 | 4 | 100% | 50% | 50% |
| Human Rights Commission | \$4,299,600 | 12 | 10 | 50% | 50% | 70% |
| Small Business Commission | \$2,242,007 | 7 | 7 | 43% | 29% | 43% |
| Civil Service Commission | \$1,262,072 | 5 | 4 | 50% | 0% | 25% |
| Board of Appeals | \$1,072,300 | 5 | 5 | 40% | 20% | 40% |
| Entertainment Commission | \$1,003,898 | 7 | 7 | 29% | 14% | 57% |
| Assessment Appeals Board No.1, 2, & 3 | \$663 <i>,</i> 423 | 24 | 18 | 39% | 22% | 44% |
| Youth Commission | \$305,711 | 17 | 16 | 56% | 44% | 75% |
| Total | \$33,899,680 | 99 | 87 | 52% | 32% | 54% |

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

H. Comparison of Advisory Body and Commission and Board Demographics

The comparison of the two policy body categories in this section provides another proxy for influence, as Commissions and Boards whose members file disclosures of economic interest have greater decisionmaking authority in San Francisco than Advisory Bodies whose members do not file economic interest disclosures. The percentages of total women, LGBTQ people, people with disabilities, and veterans are larger for total appointees on Advisory Bodies. However, the percentages of women of color and people of color on Commissions and Boards slightly exceeds the percentages of women of color and people of color on Advisory Bodies.



Figure 23: Demographics of Appointees on Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies, 2019

I. Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees

Figure 24 compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color for appointments made by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointments are more diverse, and consist of more women, women of color, and people of color compared to Supervisorial appointments. Mayoral appointments include 55% women, 30% women of color, and 52% people of color, while Supervisorial appointments are 48% women, 24% women of color, and 48% people of color. The total of all approving authorities combined average out at 51% women, 28% women of color, and 50% people of color. This disparity in diversity between Mayoral and Supervisorial appointments may be due in part to the appointment section process for each authority. The 11-member Board of Supervisors only sees applicants for specific bodies through the 3-member Rules Committee or by designees, stipulated in legislation (e.g. "renter," "landlord," "consumer advocate"), whereas the Mayor typically has the ability to take total appointments into account during selections, and can therefore better address gaps in diversity.



Figure 24: Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees, 2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

III. Conclusion

Since the first gender analysis of Commissions and Boards in 2007, the representation of women appointees on San Francisco policy bodies has gradually increased. The *2019 Gender Analysis* finds the percentage of women appointees is 51%, which slightly exceeds the population of women in San Francisco.

When appointee demographics are analyzed by gender and race, women of color continue to be underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population. Most notably underrepresented are Asian women who make up 17% of the population but only 11% of appointees, and Latinx women who make up 7% of the population but only 3% of appointees. Additionally, men of color are underrepresented relative to their San Francisco population, primarily Asian and Latinx men.

Furthermore, when analyzing the demographic composition of larger and smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards, women are underrepresented on those with the largest budgets, and overrepresented or reach parity with the population on smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards. These two trends are amplified for women of color appointees. Women comprise 41% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, which is 8 percentage points below the population, and women of color comprise 23% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, 9 percentage points below their San Francisco population. Comparatively, women are 52% of total appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies, and women of color are 32% of appointees, which is equal to the San Francisco population. However, the issue of largest and smallest budgeted policy bodies does not seem to impact the representation of people of color. People of color make up 55% of appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies and 54% of appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies compared to 50% of total appointees. Nonetheless, these percentages still fall below the San Francisco population of people of color at 62%.

In addition to using budget size as a proxy for influence, this report analyzed demographic characteristics of appointees on Commissions and Boards who file disclosures of economic interest and have decision-making authority, and appointees on Advisory Bodies who do not file economic interest disclosures. Over half (54%) of appointees on Advisory Bodies are women, while 48% of appointees on Commissions and Boards are women. Although 48% is only slightly below the San Francisco population of women, women comprise a decently higher percentage of appointees on Advisory Bodies compared to Commissions and Boards.

This year's report features more data on LGBTQ identity, veteran status, and disability than previous gender analyses. The *2019 Gender Analysis* found a relatively high representation of LGBTQ individuals on San Francisco policy bodies. For the appointees that provided LGBTQ identity information, 19% identify as LGBTQ with the largest subset being gay men at 48%. It is recommended for future gender analyses to collect LGBTQ data by race and gender to provide additional intersectional analysis. The representation of appointees with disabilities is 11%, just below the 12% population. Veterans are highly represented on San Francisco policy bodies at 7% compared to the veteran population of 3%.

Additionally, this report evaluates and compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color appointees by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointees include 55% women, 30% women of color, and 52% people

of color, which overall is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointees and total appointees.

This report is intended to advise the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and other appointing authorities, as they select appointments for policy bodies of the City and County of San Francisco. In spirit of the 2008 City Charter Amendment that establishes this biennial Gender Analysis report requirement and the importance of diversity on San Francisco policy bodies, efforts to address gaps in diversity and inclusion should remain at the forefront when making appointments in order to accurately reflect the population of San Francisco.

IV. Methodology and Limitations

This report focuses on City and County of San Francisco Commissions, Boards, Task Forces, Councils, and Committees that have the majority of members appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and that have jurisdiction limited to the City. The gender analysis reflects data from the policy bodies that provided information to the Department on the Status of Women through digital and paper survey.

Data was requested from 90 policy bodies and acquired from 84 different policy bodies and a total of 741 appointees. A Commissioner or Board member's gender identity, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, disability status, and veteran status were among data elements collected on a voluntary basis. Data on lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, or questioning (LGBTQ) identity, disability, and veteran status of appointees were incomplete or unavailable for some appointees but are included to the extent possible. As the fundamental objective of this report is to surface patterns of underrepresentation, every attempt has been made to reflect accurate and complete information in this report. Data for some policy bodies was incomplete, and all appointees who responded were included in the total demographic categories. Only policy bodies with full data on gender and race for all appointees were included in sections comparing demographics of individual bodies. It should be noted that for policy bodies with a small number of members, the change of a single individual greatly impacts the percentages of demographic categories. As such, these percentages should be interpreted with this in mind.

The surveyed policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney document entitled *List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute.*⁸ This document separates San Francisco policy bodies into two different categories. The first category includes Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission, and the second category encompasses Advisory Bodies whose members do not submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. Depending on the analysis criteria in each section of this report, the surveyed policy bodies and appointees are either examined comprehensively as a whole or examined separately in the two categories designated by the Office of the City Attorney.

Data from the U.S. Census 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates provides a comparison to the San Francisco population. Figures 26 and 27 in the Appendix display these population estimates by race/ethnicity and gender.

⁸ "List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf, (August 25, 2017).

Appendix

Figure 25: Policy Body Demographics, 2019⁹

| Figure 25: Policy Body Demographics, 2019 | | Filled | | | Women | People |
|--|-------|--------|-----------------|-------|----------|----------|
| Policy Body | Seats | Seats | FY18-19 Budget | Women | of Color | of Color |
| Abatement Appeals Board | 7 | 7 | \$76,500,000 | 14% | 0% | 14% |
| Aging and Adult Services Commission | 7 | 7 | \$334,700,000 | 57% | 33% | 57% |
| Airport Commission | 5 | 5 | \$1,000,000,000 | 40% | 50% | 40% |
| Arts Commission | 15 | 15 | \$37,000,000 | 67% | 50% | 60% |
| Asian Art Commission | 27 | 27 | \$30,000,000 | 63% | 71% | 59% |
| Assessment Appeals Board No.1 | 8 | 5 | \$663,423 | 20% | 0% | 20% |
| Assessment Appeals Board No.2 | 8 | 8 | - | 50% | 75% | 63% |
| Assessment Appeals Board No.3 | 8 | 4 | - | 50% | 50% | 50% |
| Ballot Simplification Committee | 5 | 4 | \$0 | 75% | 33% | 25% |
| Bayview Hunters Point Citizens Advisory Committee | 12 | 9 | \$0 | 33% | 100% | 67% |
| Board of Appeals | 5 | 5 | \$1,072,300 | 40% | 50% | 40% |
| Board of Examiners | 13 | 13 | \$0 | 0% | 0% | 46% |
| Building Inspection Commission | 7 | 7 | \$76,500,000 | 14% | 0% | 14% |
| Child Care Planning and Advisory Council | 25 | 19 | \$26,841 | 84% | 50% | 50% |
| Children and Families Commission (First 5) | 9 | 8 | \$28,002,978 | 100% | 75% | 75% |
| Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee | 11 | 10 | \$155,224,346 | 50% | 80% | 75% |
| Citizen's Committee on Community Development | 9 | 8 | \$39,696,467 | 75% | 67% | 63% |
| City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission | 5 | 5 | \$0 | 60% | 33% | 20% |
| Civil Service Commission | 5 | 4 | \$1,262,072 | 50% | 0% | 25% |
| Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure | 5 | 5 | \$745,000,000 | 60% | 100% | 100% |
| Commission on the Aging Advisory Council | 22 | 15 | \$0 | 80% | 33% | 31% |
| Commission on the Environment | 7 | 6 | \$27,280,925 | 67% | 50% | 50% |
| Commission on the Status of Women | 7 | 7 | \$8,048,712 | 100% | 71% | 71% |
| Dignity Fund Oversight and Advisory Committee | 11 | 11 | \$3,000,000 | 82% | 33% | 45% |
| Eastern Neighborhoods Citizens Advisory Committee | 19 | 13 | \$0 | 38% | 40% | 44% |
| Elections Commission | 7 | 7 | \$15,238,360 | 57% | 25% | 29% |
| Entertainment Commission | 7 | 7 | \$1,003,898 | 29% | 50% | 57% |
| Ethics Commission | 5 | 4 | \$6,458,045 | 100% | 50% | 50% |
| Film Commission | 11 | 11 | \$0 | 55% | 67% | 50% |
| Fire Commission | 5 | 5 | \$400,721,970 | 20% | 100% | 40% |
| Golden Gate Park Concourse Authority | 7 | 6 | \$0 | 50% | 67% | 75% |

⁹ Figure 25 only includes policy bodies with complete data on gender for all appointees. Some bodies had incomplete data on race/ethnicity of appointees. For these, percentages for people of color are calculated out of known race/ethnicity.

| Policy Body | Total Seats | Filled Seats | FY18-19 Budget | Women | Momen of Color | People of Color |
|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Health Authority (Plan Governing Board) | 19 | 15 | \$666,000,000 | 33% | 80% | 50% |
| Health Commission | 7 | 7 | \$2,200,000,000 | 43% | 50% | 86% |
| Health Service Board | 7 | 6 | \$11,632,022 | 33% | 0% | 50% |
| Historic Preservation Commission | 7 | 7 | \$53,832,000 | 43% | 33% | 14% |
| Housing Authority Commission | 7 | 6 | \$60,894,150 | 50% | 100% | 83% |
| Human Rights Commission | 12 | 10 | \$4,299,600 | 60% | 100% | 70% |
| Human Services Commission | 5 | 5 | \$529,900,000 | 40% | 0% | 40% |
| Immigrant Rights Commission | 15 | 13 | \$0 | 54% | 86% | 85% |
| In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority | 13 | 9 | \$70,729,667 | 44% | 50% | 56% |
| Juvenile Probation Commission | 7 | 6 | \$48,824,199 | 33% | 100% | 100% |
| Library Commission | 7 | 7 | \$160,000,000 | 71% | 40% | 57% |
| Local Homeless Coordinating Board | 9 | 9 | \$40,000,000 | 56% | 60% | 75% |
| Mayor's Disability Council | 11 | 8 | \$0 | 75% | 17% | 25% |
| Mental Health Board | 17 | 15 | \$184,962 | 73% | 64% | 73% |
| MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority | 7 | 7 | \$1,200,000,000 | 57% | 25% | 43% |
| Commission | | | | | | |
| Office of Early Care and Education Citizens' Advisory | 9 | 9 | \$0 | 89% | 50% | 56% |
| Committee | _ | | 4 | | | |
| Oversight Board (COII) | 7 | 6 | \$745,000,000 | 17% | 100% | 67% |
| Pedestrian Safety Advisory Committee | 17 | 13 | \$0 | 46% | 17% | 8% |
| Planning Commission | 7 | 6 | \$53,832,000 | 50% | 67% | 33% |
| Police Commission | 7 | 7 | \$687,139,793 | 43% | 100% | 71% |
| Port Commission | 5 | 5 | \$192,600,000 | 60% | 67% | 60% |
| Public Utilities Citizen's Advisory Committee | 17 | 13 | \$0 | 54% | 14% | 31% |
| Public Utilities Commission | 5 | 3 | \$1,296,600,000 | 67% | 0% | 0% |
| Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board | 7 | 6 | \$0 | 33% | 100% | 67% |
| Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee | 7 | 5 | \$0 | 40% | 50% | 40% |
| Recreation and Park Commission | 7 | 7 | \$230,900,000 | 29% | 50% | 43% |
| Reentry Council | 24 | 23 | \$0 | 43% | 70% | 70% |
| Rent Board Commission | 10 | 9 | \$8,543,912 | 44% | 25% | 33% |
| Residential Users Appeal Board | 3 | 2 | \$0 | 0% | 0% | 50% |
| Retirement System Board | 7 | 7 | \$95,000,000 | 43% | 67% | 29% |
| Sentencing Commission | 13 | 13 | \$0 | 31% | 25% | 67% |
| Small Business Commission | 7 | 7 | \$2,242,007 | 43% | 67% | 43% |
| SRO Task Force | 12 | 12 | \$0 | 42% | 25% | 55% |
| Sugary Drinks Distributor Tax Advisory Committee | 16 | 15 | \$0 | 67% | 70% | 80% |
| Sunshine Ordinance Task Force | 11 | 11 | \$0 | 27% | 67% | 36% |
| Sweatfree Procurement Advisory Group | 11 | 7 | \$0 | 43% | 67% | 43% |
| Treasure Island Development Authority | 7 | 6 | \$18,484,130 | 50% | N/A | N/A |

| Policy Body | Total Seats | Filled Seats | FY18-19 Budget | Women | Women of Color | People of Color |
|--|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Treasure Island/Yerba Buena Island Citizens Advisory | 17 | 13 | \$0 | 54% | N/A | N/A |
| Board | | | | | | |
| Urban Forestry Council | 15 | 13 | \$153,626 | 8% | 0% | 0% |
| Veterans Affairs Commission | 17 | 11 | \$0 | 36% | 50% | 55% |
| War Memorial Board of Trustees | 11 | 11 | \$18,185,686 | 55% | 33% | 18% |
| Workforce Community Advisory Committee | 8 | 4 | \$0 | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Youth Commission | 17 | 16 | \$305,711 | 56% | 78% | 75% |

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis, 2019.

Figure 26: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity, 2017

| Race/Ethnicity | Total | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------|
| | Estimate | Percent |
| San Francisco County California | 864,263 | - |
| White, Not Hispanic or Latino | 353,000 | 38% |
| Asian | 295,347 | 31% |
| Hispanic or Latinx | 131,949 | 14% |
| Some other Race | 64,800 | 7% |
| Black or African American | 45,654 | 5% |
| Two or More Races | 43,664 | 5% |
| Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander | 3,226 | 0.3% |
| Native American and Alaska Native | 3,306 | 0.4% |

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Figure 27: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2017

| Race/Ethnicity | Total | | Fen | nale | Male | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|-----------------|---------|--|
| | Estimate | Percent | Estimate | Percent | Estimate | Percent | |
| San Francisco County California | 864,263 | - | 423,630 | 49% | 440,633 | 51% | |
| White, Not Hispanic or Latino | 353,000 | 38% | 161,381 | 17% | 191,619 | 20% | |
| Asian | 295,347 | 31% | 158,762 | 17% | 136,585 | 15% | |
| Hispanic or Latinx | 131,949 | 14% | 62,646 | 7% | 69 <i>,</i> 303 | 7% | |
| Some Other Race | 64,800 | 7% | 30,174 | 3% | 34,626 | 4% | |
| Black or African American | 45,654 | 5% | 22,311 | 2.4% | 23,343 | 2.5% | |
| Two or More Races | 43,664 | 5% | 21,110 | 2.2% | 22 <i>,</i> 554 | 2.4% | |
| Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander | 3,226 | 0.3% | 1,576 | 0.2% | 1,650 | 0.2% | |
| Native American and Alaska Native | 3,306 | 0.4% | 1,589 | 0.2% | 1,717 | 0.2% | |

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

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