| File | No. | 220983 |
|------|-----|--------|
| | | |

| Committee Item I | No | |
|------------------|----|--|
| Board Item No. | 34 | |

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

| Committee: | | Date: | | | |
|-------------|--|-----------|--------------------|--|--|
| Board of Su | pervisors Meeting | Date: | September 20, 2022 | | |
| Cmte Boar | | t Repor | rt | | |
| | Public Correspondence | | | | |
| OTHER | | | | | |
| | Supervisor Nomination Memo - 9 | /7/22 | | | |
| | Application Form | | | | |
| | Information Sheet 2019 Gender Analysis of Commis | ssions a | and Boards | | |
| | 2019 Gender Analysis of Commis | 3310113 6 | and boards | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Prepared by | : Lisa Lew | Date: | September 16, 2022 | | |
| Prepared by | | Date: | | | |

FILE NO. 220983 MOTION NO.

| 1 | [Appointment, Child Care Planning and Advisory Council - Savitha Moorthy] |
|----|---|
| 2 | |
| 3 | Motion appointing Savitha Moorthy (residency requirement waived), term ending |
| 4 | September 14, 2023, to the Child Care Planning and Advisory Council. |
| 5 | |
| 6 | MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco does |
| 7 | hereby appoint the hereinafter designated person to serve as a member of the Child Care |
| 8 | Planning and Advisory Council, pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Code, Article |
| 9 | XX, Section 5.200, and Section 10.100-367, and California Education Code, Sections 8499.3- |
| 10 | 8499.7, for the term specified: |
| 11 | Savitha Moorthy (residency requirement waived), seat 1, succeeding Kelly Dotson, |
| 12 | term expired, must be a nominee of the District 1 Supervisor and represent one of the |
| 13 | following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community |
| 14 | representatives, or public agency representatives, for the unexpired portion of a three-year |
| 15 | term ending September 14, 2023; and, be it |
| 16 | FURTHER MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors makes the following findings: |
| 17 | 1. The membership of the Child Care Planning and Advisory Council has a goal to be |
| 18 | representative of the diversity of the City and County of San Francisco. |
| 19 | 2. Applicant Savitha Moorthy, who is not a resident of San Francisco, is a person with |
| 20 | experience that uniquely qualifies them to serve on the Child Care Planning and |
| 21 | Advisory Council. |
| 22 | 3. The Child Care Planning and Advisory Council has attempted to fill the position, for |
| 23 | which Savitha Moorthy was nominated, with an individual who is City a resident and |

who has the specific experience, skills, and qualifications, but has been unable to do so

24

25

| 1 | at this time. The Rules Committee has certified that Savitha Moorthy is qualified to |
|----|--|
| 2 | serve on the Child Care Planning and Advisory Council. |
| 3 | 4. After exercising due diligence, the Board of Supervisors concludes that there is no |
| 4 | other possible representatives who is a resident of San Francisco, who has the specific |
| 5 | experience, skills, or qualifications possessed by this applicant, and who is willing to |
| 6 | serve on the Child Care Planning and Advisory Council at this time; and, be it |
| 7 | FURTHER MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors waives the residency requirement |
| 8 | for Savitha Moorthy, as is allowed in cases where no qualified City resident who is willing to |
| 9 | serve can be found, pursuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(2), that otherwise requires |
| 10 | person(s) appointed to boards, commissions, and advisory bodies established by legislative |
| 11 | act of the Board of Supervisors to be resident(s) of the City and County of San Francisco. |
| 12 | |
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Member, Board of Supervisors District 1



City and County of San Francisco

CONNIE CHAN

陳詩敏

第一區市參事

| TO: | Rules Committee Clerk | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| FROM: | Supervisor Connie Chan G. | | | |
| DATE: SUBJECT: | September 7, 2022 Appointment by Supervisor Chan | | | |
| to the Child C | • | ected Savitha Moorthy to be appointed also request a waiver for the residency tions to serve in this role. | | |
| This appointr | nent will fill Seat No. 1, representing | District 1. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
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| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| For Clerk's off | ice use only: | | | |
| Seat #: | Term expiration date: | Seat Vacated: | | |

Member, Board of Supervisors District 1



City and County of San Francisco

陳詩敏 第一區市參事

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

Application for Boards / Commissions / Committees / Task Forces INSTRUCTIONS AND APPLICATION

San Francisco is a diverse City and County with a wide range of people and issues affecting it. In order to take advantage of the extensive experience and knowledge available throughout our communities, various Boards/Commissions/Committees/Task Forces have been established to bring that knowledge together. These groups and their membership requirements are established by legislation approved through the local, state, and/or federal government.

In addition to setting up the purpose and goals of the various groups, the governing legislation outlines the type of person - in terms of desirable skills and/or knowledge - who can contribute their knowledge and perspective. In this manner, a group of San Franciscans, who are representative of the City and County, can be active participants in addressing issues affecting the entire City and County.

If you are interested in serving the City and County of San Francisco, the following procedures are provided:

- 1. A list of vacancies and expected vacancies, with their qualifications, can be found at the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, at the San Francisco Main Public Library, and online on the Board of Supervisors' website (http://www.sfbos.org/vacancy). Please review this list for positions of interest.
- 2. Submit an application (http://www.sfbos.org/vacancy_application) (List all of the appropriate seat number(s) and/or category/categories for which you qualify. We request applications be received ten (10) days before the scheduled hearing.)
 - Applicants may also need to submit a Form 700, Statement of Economic Interests (https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html), along with their application for all bodies listed in Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code, Section 3.1-103(a)(1).
- 3. If the seat(s) you are applying for is vacant and requires the Board of Supervisors' confirmation, the Rules Committee may schedule your application for review. Applicants should expect to appear before the Rules Committee to speak on their qualifications and answer questions during a public hearing. (There are no set instructions on what you are expected to present to the Rules Committee; however, a brief description of how your qualifications distinguish you from other applicants, reasons for your interest in the subject, and/or a short summarization on why you would make a good candidate is appropriate.)
- 4. The Rules Committee may or may not make a recommendation for appointment. If a recommendation is made by the Rules Committee, the recommendation is forwarded to the Board of Supervisors for approval. It generally takes approximately 15 days from the date the Rules Committee makes their recommendation, for the individual to become officially appointed.
- 5. Depending on the type of organization, a new appointee may need to take an Oath of Office.

If there are no vacancies, your application will be retained for one year. If any openings occur during this time, your application will be submitted to the Rules Committee for review.

If you have any further questions, please contact the Rules Committee Clerk at (415) 554-5184. If you require detailed information concerning the operations of a particular Board/Commission/Committee/Task Force, please contact the administering department directly.

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

Application for Boards, Commissions, Committees, & Task Forces

| | Savitha Moorthy | |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Name of Board/Commission/Committee/Task Force: | | |
| | 13 | |
| Seat # (Required - see Vacancy Notice for qualification | ons): | |
| Savitha Moorthy | | |
| Full Name: | _ | |
| | CA | 94542 |
| | | Zip Code: |
| | Occupation: Exe | cutive Director/ Nonprofit Profes |
| | Tandem | n, Partners in Early Learning |
| Work Phone: | Employer: | |
| Work Phone: 1275, Fairfax Avenue, Suite | 201, San Francisc | 94124 |
| Business Address:savitha@tandembayarea.org | | Zip Code: |
| savitha@tandembayarea.org | | |
| Business Email: | Home Email: | |
| authority). For certain appointments, the Board of Sup Resident of San Francisco: Yes □ No ■ If No 18 Years of Age or Older: Yes ■ No □ Pursuant to Mayoral Order, members of boards/comm person meetings. | o, place of residence: _ | Hayward, CA |
| Covid-19 Vaccinated: Yes ■ No □ | | |
| Pursuant to Charter, Section 4.101(a)(1), please state | how your qualifications | represent the communities of interest. |
| neighborhoods, and the diversity in ethnicity, race, ag and any other relevant demographic qualities of the C | ge, sex, sexual orientatio | on, gender identity, types of disabilities, |

immigrant, my biracial husband was raised by a Latina mother and a Native American father, and our son is Black. As the parent of a Black son, I am on a lifelong journey of learning how to show up as an ally and a co-conspirator who challenges systemic racism and especially anti-Black racism. I believe that American institutions must (and can) change so they can do better by my son and all the children who look like him, for whom their race determines their experiences and outcomes. Aside from being a parent of a young child, I am also an educator, a researcher, and a nonprofit leader working in early childhood education. My entire career has been dedicated to equity. My desire to serve on the Childcare Planning and Advisory Council is motivated by my interest in contributing to the work of improving the early care and learning infrastructure for children and families, my urgency to tackle systemic racism within our systems and institutions, and my committment towards leaving the world a better place for our children.

My first job in education was in a Montessori classroom, as a teacher's assistant and I have worked in early childhood education for most of my adult life. Aside from working with children, I have also taught adult ESL in a community-based setting, to parents and family members of newly arrived immigrant students. I am currently the Executive Director of Tandem, Partners in Early Learning, a community-based organization working at the intersection of social justice and early learning. Tandem partners with families and educators to co-create high quality early learning experiences that enable children to grow, learn, and thrive. Founded in San Francisco, Tandem collaborates with the school district, center-based early childhood education agencies, Family Child Care Homes, and Family Resource Centers to provide programs and services that promote early learning. In my role, I work closely with San Francisco's ECE leaders to identify community needs around early care and learning, and with my colleagues to design and implement programs that benefit children, families, and educators.

| a | | | | • , • | | |
|------|-----|-------------|----|-------|-----|--|
| Civi | c A | A C1 | IV | ıtı | ec. | |

Since 2020, I have had the honor to serve on the Board of Directors for the 3rd Street Youth Center and Clinic, a Black-led, BIPOC-serving organization that provides holistic, wraparound services for transitional and adolescent youth in the city of San Francisco.

In addition to my work, where equity is a central concern, I am also active in my community. My service efforts have been directed towards our local school district where my son attends kindergarten, which enrolls ~18,000 students, the majority of who qualify for free and reduced lunch. At HUSD, I am on the Citizen's Bond Oversight Committee, a body that helps oversee the district's use of funds from recently passed bond measures. I am also active on my PTA, organizing events that bring authors to school events, to interact with children as well as parent-led events to help build our community's capacity for understanding the financial picture of the school district and how we, as parents, can advocate for the best interests of students and teachers.

| Have you attended any meetings of the body to which you are applying? Yes ■ No □ | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| An appearance before the Rules Committee may be required at a scheduled public hearing, prior to the Board of Supervisors considering the recommended appointment. Applications should be received ten (10) days prior to the scheduled public hearing. | | | | | |
| | 05/10/2022 | Applicant's Signature (required): | Savitha Moorthy (Manually sign or type your complete name. NOTE: By typing your complete name, you are hereby consenting to use of electronic signature.) | | |
| <u>Please Note</u> : Your application will be retained for one year. Once completed, this form, including all attachments, become public record. | | | | | |
| FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: | | | | | |
| Appoir | nted to Seat #: | Term Expires: | Date Vacated: | | |

(3/2/2022) Page 2 of 2

CHILD CHARE PLANNING AND ADVISORY COUNCIL

The below listed summary of seats, term expirations and membership information shall serve as notice of **vacancies**, **upcoming term expirations** and information on currently held seats, appointed by the Board of Supervisors. Appointments by other bodies are listed, if available. Seat numbers listed in **bold** are open for immediate appointment. However, you are able to submit applications for all seats and your application will be maintained for one year, in the event that an unexpected vacancy or opening occurs.

Membership and Seat Qualifications

| Seat # | Appointing Authority | Seat Holder | Term Ending | Qualification |
|-----------|-------------------------|--|----------------|--|
| 1 | BOS | Kelly Dotson (second term) | 9/14/20 | Must be a nominee of the District 1 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |
| 2 | BOS | Patricia Sullivan (s <u>econd</u> term) | 3/19/25 | Must be a nominee of the District 2 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |
| 3 | BOS | Jerry Yang (first term) (residency waived) | 3/19/24 | Must be a nominee of the District 3 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |
| 4 | BOS | Ivy Ng (first term) | 3/19/24 | Must be a nominee of the District 4 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency |

| | | | | representatives, for a three-year term |
|---|-----|------------------------------------|---------|---|
| 5 | BOS | Elizabeth Winograd (first term) | 3/19/21 | Must be a nominee of the District 5 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |
| 6 | BOS | Beverly Melugin (second term) | 3/19/22 | Must be a nominee of the District 6 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |
| 7 | BOS | Mona Malan (first term) | 9/14/20 | Must be a nominee of the District 7 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |
| 8 | BOS | Fonda Davidson (first term) | 3/19/19 | Must be a nominee of the District 8 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term ending |
| 9 | BOS | Yensing Sihapanya (first term) | 3/19/23 | Must be a nominee of the District 9 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |

| 10 | BOS | Nur Jehan Khalique (second term) | 3/19/22 | Must be a nominee of the District 10 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |
|----|-----------|-------------------------------------|---------|--|
| 11 | BOS | Monique Guidry (first term) | 9/14/23 | Must be a nominee of the District 11 Supervisor and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |
| 12 | BOS | Graham Dobson (second term) | 3/19/21 | Must be a nominee of the President of the Board of Supervisors and represent one of the following categories: consumers, child care providers, discretionary, community representatives, or public agency representatives, for a three-year term |
| 13 | BOS/SFUSD | VACANT | 3/19/22 | Must be jointly appointed by the Board of Supervisors and the Board of Education, or the County Superintendent of Schools, if the Board of Education delegates the appointment power to her/him, for a three-year term |
| | SFUSD | | | Twelve (12) members appointed by the Board of Education |

Half of the Advisory Council members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors and half are appointed by the San Francisco Board of Education.

Applicants interested in a seat on the Advisory Council, including those appointed by the Board of Education, may contact Tony Tyson, CPAC Coordinator, at anthony.tyson@sfgov.org for current information on seat qualifications and vacancies.

The following seat qualification categories are available:

- Three (3) "Consumer"
- Three (2) "Child Care Provider"
- One (1) "Community Representative"
- One (1) "Public Agency Representative"

<u>Seat Qualification Definitions</u>: Pursuant to San Francisco Administrative Code, Section 5.200(e), and California Education Code, Section 8499.3, the membership of the Child Care Planning and Advisory Council requires a percentage balance of the overall membership consisting of members from each of the following categories:

1. The list of qualified individuals for nomination and appointment may include members of the following: parents, guardians, or caretakers with varied income levels who use child care and/or early education services, including but not limited to clients of publicly subsidized programs, such as CalWORKS, and other child care programs funded through the San Francisco Human Services Agency, California Department of Education, Head Start, or Preschool for All (20% or five members).

Child Care Providers: The list of qualified individuals for nomination and appointment must include a representative from Head Start, and may include members of the following: private and subsidized child care providers, including but not limited to private centers and family day care homes, a Title 5 program, a school age program, Head Start, or Preschool for All (20% or five members).

The list of qualified individuals for nomination and appointment must include a
representative from one of the County's resource and referral agencies and may include
members of the following: the public at large and/or any of the other categories, or
outside of these categories at the discretion of the appointing agencies (20% or five
members).

Community Representatives: The list of qualified individuals for nomination and appointment may include members of the following: parent advisory councils of public and private child care programs; associations of child care providers, family child care providers, and Head Start; City College of San Francisco, San Francisco State University, or public interest organizations, including but not limited to the Child Care Law Center, Low Income Investment Fund community organizations, members of labor organizations, and local businesses that fall within the definition of "community representative," as described in San Francisco Administrative Code, Section (e)(1)(B); and other community and public agency representatives that deal with child care (20% or five members).

3. **Public Agency Representatives:** The list of qualified individuals for nomination and appointment must include representatives from two of the following agencies: Department of Children, Youth, and Their Families, Human Services Agency, San

Francisco Children and Families Commission, Community Care Licensing, Department of Public Health, Recreation and Park Department, Mayor's Office of Community Investment, San Francisco Housing Authority, or other entities (20% or five members).

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS (BOS) APPLICATION FORMS AVAILABLE HERE

- English https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application.pdf
- 中文 https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_CHI.pdf
- Español https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_SPA.pdf
- Filipino https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_FIL.pdf

(For seats appointed by other Authorities please contact the Board / Commission / Committee / Task Force (see below) or the appointing authority directly.)

Please Note: Depending upon the posting date, a vacancy may have already been filled. To determine if a vacancy for this Commission is still available, or if you require additional information, please call the Rules Committee Clerk at (415) 554-5184.

Applications and other documents may be submitted to BOS-Appointments@sfgov.org

<u>Next Steps</u>: Applicants who meet minimum qualifications will be contacted by the Rules Committee Clerk once the Rules Committee Chair determines the date of the hearing. Members of the Rules Committee will consider the appointment(s) at the meeting and applicant(s) may be asked to state their qualifications. The appointment of the individual(s) who is recommended by the Rules Committee will be forwarded to the Board of Supervisors for final approval.

The Child Care Planning and Advisory Council consists of twenty-five (25) members. The Board of Supervisors appoints twelve (12) members: one (1) nominated by each individual member of the Board, and approved by the full Board; and one (1) nominated by the President of the Board. The Board of Education or County Superintendent of Schools, if the Board of Education delegates the appointment power to him/her, shall also appoint twelve (12) members. One (1) member shall be jointly appointed by the Board of Supervisors and the Board of Education, or the County Superintendent of Schools, if the Board of Education delegates the appointment power to him/her.

The members appointed by the Board of Supervisors shall be representative of the following categories:

A) "Consumers" - Parents, guardians or caretakers with varied income levels who use child care and/or early education services, including but not limited to clients of publicly subsidized programs such as CalWORKS, and other child care programs funded through the San Francisco Human Services Agency, the California Department of Education, Head Start or Preschool for All;

- B) "Child Care Providers" Private and subsidized child care providers including, but not limited to, from a private center, from a family day care home, a Title 5 program, a school age program, from a Head Start center and from a Preschool for All site;
- C) "Discretionary" Representatives of the public at-large and/or representatives from any of the other categories, or outside of these categories at the discretion of the appointing agencies;
- D) "Community Representatives" Parent advisory councils of public and private child care programs; associations of child care providers, family child care providers and Head Start; City College of San Francisco, San Francisco State University, public interest organizations including, but not limited to, the Child Care Law Center, Low Income Investment Fund community organizations, members of labor organizations and local businesses that fall within the definition of "community representative" as described in Subsection (d)(1) (B) and other community and public agency representatives that deal with child care; and
- E) "Public Agency Representatives" Representative from two of the following agencies: the Department of Children, Youth and Their Families, Human Services Agency, San Francisco Children and Families Commission, Community Care Licensing, Department of Public Health, Recreation and Park Department, Mayor's Office of Community Investment and San Francisco Housing Authority, or other entities.

The Council is established to advise the Board of Supervisors, the Mayor, the San Francisco Children and Families Commission and, with their consent, the Board of Education and the Superintendent of Schools about child care issues. The Council will serve as a representative advisory and planning body to maintain, expand and improve local child care services. The Council will provide links between government and the community, and will work to maximize the amount and impact of local state, federal and private resources and funding for child care in San Francisco. Powers and Duties are outlined in Administrative Code, Section 5.200.

All terms shall be for three years. Members may serve for up to two consecutive terms, and may be re-appointed after one year off the Council. No terms served prior to March 8, 2010, shall be counted towards the term limit for Council members. A member appointed to serve a term of two years or less, including the initial term provided in the preceding paragraph, shall not be deemed to have served a full term for purposes of this term limit.

Reports: None referenced.

Compensation: Upon approval by the Council, each member who is not otherwise compensated

to attend meetings may receive a stipend of no more than \$50 per meeting, not to exceed \$600 annually, exclusively from funds provided to the Council by the

State of California.

Authority: Administrative Code, Article XX, Section 5.200; Administrative Code, Section

10.100-367; and California Education Code, Section 8499.3-8499.7 (Ordinance

Nos. 362-95, 118-99, 192-99, 31-00, 6-03, and 49-10)

Sunset Date: None

Contact: Licette Montejano

Office of Early Care and Education 1650 Mission Street, Suite 312

San Francisco, CA 94103

(415) 355-3671

licette.montejano@sfgov.org

Updated: June 18, 2022

GENDER ANALYSIS OF COMMISSIONS AND BOARDS





City and County of San Francisco London N. Breed Mayor

Department on the Status of Women Emily M. Murase, PhD Director



Acknowledgements

The data collection and analysis for this report was conducted by Public Policy Fellow Diana McCaffrey with support from Policy and Projects Director Elizabeth Newman, Associate Director Carol Sacco, and Director Emily Murase, PhD, at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women.

The San Francisco Department on the Status of Women would like to thank the various policy body members, Commission secretaries, and department staff who graciously assisted in collecting demographic data and providing information about their respective policy bodies.

San Francisco Commission on the Status of Women

President Debbie Mesloh Vice President Breanna Zwart Commissioner Shokooh Miry Commissioner Carrie Schwab-Pomerantz Commissioner Andrea Shorter Commissioner Julie D. Soo

Emily M. Murase, PhD, Director Department on the Status of Women

This report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports.

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Executive Summary

In 2008, San Francisco voters overwhelmingly approved a City Charter Amendment (section 4.101) establishing as City policy for the membership of Commissions and Boards to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population, and that appointing officials be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates. Additionally, it requires the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2019 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards includes more policy bodies such as task forces, committees, and advisory bodies, than previous analyses, which were limited to Commissions and Boards. Data was collected from 84 policy bodies and from a total of 741 members mostly appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney. The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. This report examines policy bodies and appointees both comprehensively as a whole and separately by the two categories.

The 2019 Gender Analysis evaluates the representation of women; people of color; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) individuals; people with disabilities; and veterans on San Francisco policy bodies.

Key Findings

Gender

- Women's representation on policy bodies is 51%, slightly above parity with the San Francisco female population of 49%.
- Since 2009, there has been a small but steady increase in the representation of women on San Francisco policy bodies.

10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

¹ "List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf, (August 25, 2017).

Race and Ethnicity

- People of color are underrepresented on policy bodies compared to the population. Although people of color comprise 62% of San Francisco's population, just 50% of appointees identify as a race other than white.
- While the overall representation of people of color has increased between 2009 and 2019, as the Department collected data on more appointees, the representation of people of color has decreased over the last few years. The percentage of appointees of color decreased from 53% in 2017 to 49% in 2019.

10-Year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

As found in previous reports, Latinx and Asian groups are underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the population. Latinx individuals are 14% of the population but make up only 8% of appointees. Asian individuals are 31% of the population but make up only 18% of appointees.

Race and Ethnicity by Gender

- On the whole, women of color are 32% of the San Francisco population, and 28% of appointees. Although still below parity, 28% is a slight increase compared to 2017, which showed 27% women of color appointees.
- Meanwhile, men of color are underrepresented at 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.

10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies



- ➤ Both White women and men are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies. White women are 23% of appointees compared to 17% of the San Francisco population. White men are 26% of appointees compared to 20% of the population.
- ▶ Black and African American women and men are well-represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women are 9% of appointees compared to 2.4% of the population, and Black men are 5% of appointees compared to 2.5% of the population.
- Latinx women are 7% of the San Francisco population but 3% of appointees, and Latinx men are 7% of the population but 5% of appointees.
- Asian women are 17% of the San Francisco population but 11% of appointees, and Asian men are 15% of the population but just 7% of appointees.

Additional Demographics

- Out of the 74% of appointees who responded to the survey question on LGBTQ identity, 19% identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, nonbinary, queer, or questioning, and 81% of appointees identify as straight/heterosexual.
- Out of the 70% of appointees who responded to the question on disability, 11% identify as having one or more disabilities, which is just below the 12% of the adult population with a disability in San Francisco.
- Out of the 67% of appointees who responded to the question on veteran status, 7% have served in the military compared to 3% of the San Francisco population.

Proxies for Influence: Budget & Authority

- Although women are half of all appointees, those Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets have fewer women and especially fewer women of color. Meanwhile, women exceed representation on Boards and Commissions with the smallest budgets and women of color reach parity with the population on the smallest budgeted Commissions and Boards.
- Although still underrepresented relative to the San Francisco population, there is a larger percentage of people of color on Commissions and Boards with both the largest and smallest budgets compared to overall appointees.
- The percentage of total women is greater on Advisory Bodies than Commissions and Boards. Women are 54% of appointees on Advisory Bodies and 48% of appointees on Commissions and Boards. However, the percentages of people of color and women of color on Commissions and Boards exceed the percentages of people of color and women of color on Advisory Bodies.

Appointing Authorities

Mayoral appointments include 55% women, 52% people of color, and 30% women of color, which is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointments and total appointments.

Demographics of Appointees Compared to the San Francisco Population

| | Women | People of Color | Women of Color | LGBTQ | Disability Status | Veteran Status |
|---|-------|-----------------|----------------|---------|----------------------|-------------------|
| San Francisco Population | 49% | 62% | 32% | 6%-15%* | 12% | 3% |
| Total Appointees | 51% | 50% | 28% | 19% | 11% | 7% |
| 10 Largest Budgeted Commissions & Boards | 41% | 55% | 23% | | | |
| 10 Smallest Budgeted Commissions & Boards | 52% | 54% | 32% | | | |
| Commissions and Boards | 48% | 52% | 30% | | | |
| Advisory Bodies | 54% | 49% | 28% | | | |

Sources: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis, 2019, *Note: Estimates vary by source. See page 16 for a detailed breakdown.

I. Introduction

Inspired by the 4th UN World Conference on Women in Beijing, San Francisco became the first city in the world to adopt a local ordinance reflecting the principles of the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination (CEDAW), an international bill of rights for women. The CEDAW Ordinance was passed unanimously by the San Francisco Board of Supervisors and signed into law by Mayor Willie L. Brown, Jr. on April 13, 1998.² In 2002, the CEDAW Ordinance was revised to address the intersection of race and gender and incorporate reference to the UN Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Race Discrimination. The Ordinance requires City Government to take proactive steps to ensure gender equity and specifies "gender analysis" as a preventive tool to identify and address discrimination. Since 1998, the Department on the Status of Women has employed this tool to analyze the operations of 10 City Departments using a gender lens.

In 2007, the Department on the Status of Women conducted the first gender analysis to evaluate the number of women appointed to City Commissions and Boards. The findings of this analysis informed a City Charter Amendment developed by the Board of Supervisors for the June 2008 Election. This City Charter Amendment (Section 4.101) was overwhelmingly approved by voters and made it city policy that:

- The membership of Commissions and Boards are to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population,
- Appointing officials are to be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation
 of these candidates, and
- The Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every 2 years.

The 2019 Gender Analysis examines the representation of women; people of color; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) individuals; people with disabilities; and veterans on San Francisco policy bodies primarily appointed by the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors. This year's analysis included more outreach to policy bodies as compared to previous analyses that were limited to Commissions and Boards. As a result, more appointees were included in the data collection and analysis than even before. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney. The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission, and the second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. A detailed description of methodology and limitations can be found at the end of this report on page 23.

http://library.amlegal.com/nxt/gateway.dll/California/administrative/chapter33alocalimplementation of the united? f=templates f=template

² San Francisco Administrative Code Chapter 33.A.

II. Gender Analysis Findings

Many aspects of San Francisco's diversity are reflected in the overall population of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. The analysis includes 84 policy bodies, of which 823 of the 887 seats are filled leaving 7% vacant. As outlined below in the summary chart, slightly more than half of appointees are women, half of appointees are people of color, 28% are women of color, 19% are LGBTQ, 11% have a disability, and 7% are veterans.

Figure 1: Summary Data of Policy Body Demographics, 2019

| Appointee Demographics | Percentage of Appointees |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Women (n=741) | 51% |
| People of Color (n=706) | 50% |
| Women of Color (n=706) | 28% |
| LGBTQ Identified (n=548) | 19% |
| People with Disabilities (n=516) | 11% |
| Veteran Status (n=494) | 7% |

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

However, further analysis reveals underrepresentation of particular groups. Subsequent sections present comprehensive data analysis providing comparison to previous years, detailing the variables of gender, race/ethnicity, LGBTQ identity, disability, veteran status, and policy body characteristics of budget size, decision-making authority, and appointment authority.

A. Gender

On San Francisco policy bodies, 51% of appointees identify as women, which is slightly above parity compared to the San Francisco female population of 49%. The representation of women remained stable at 49% from 2013 until 2017. This year, the representation of women increased by 2 percentage points, which could be partly due to the larger sample size used in this year's analysis compared to previous years. A 10-year comparison shows that the representation of women appointees has gradually increased since 2009 by a total of six percentage points.

Figure 2: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Figures 3 and 4 analyze Commissions and Boards. Figure 3 showcases the five Commissions and Boards with the highest representation of women appointees as compared to 2015 and 2013. The Children and Families (First Five) Commission and the Commission on the Status of Women are currently comprised of all women appointees. This finding has been consistent for the Commission on the Status of Women in 2015 and 2017. While the Ethics Commission has 100% women appointees, much more than 2015 and 2017, its small size of five appointees means that minimal changes in its demographic composition greatly impacts percentages. This is also the case for other policy bodies with a small number of members. The Library Commission and the Commission on the Environment are fourth and fifth on the list at 71% and 67% women, respectively, with long standing female majorities on each.



Figure 3: Commissions and Boards with Highest Percentages of Women, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Out of the Commissions and Boards in this section, 23 have 40% or less women. The five Commissions and Boards with the lowest representation of women are displayed in Figure 4. The lowest percentage is found on the Board of Examiners where currently *none* of the 13 appointees are women. Unfortunately, demographic data is unavailable for the Board of Examiners for 2017 and 2015. Next is the Building Inspection Commission at 14%, which is a decrease of female representation compared to 2017 and 2015. The Oversight Board of Community Investment and Infrastructure, Fire Commission, and Sunshine Ordinance Task Force also have some of the lowest percentages of women at 17%, 20%, and 27%, respectively. Unfortunately, the Sunshine Ordinance Task Force did not participate in previous analyses and therefore demographics data is unavailable for 2017 and 2015.

Figure 4: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

In addition to Commissions and Boards, Advisory Bodies were examined for the highest and lowest percentages of women. This is the first year such bodies have been included, thus comparison to previous years is unavailable. Figure 9 below displays the five Advisory Bodies with the highest and the five with the lowest representations of women. The Workforce Community Advisory Committees has the greatest representation of women at 100%, followed by the Office of Early Care and Education Citizen's Advisory Committee at 89%. The Advisory Bodies with the lowest percentage of women are the Urban Forestry Council at 8% of the 13-member body and the Abatement Appeals Board at 14% of the 7-member body.

Figure 5: Advisory Bodies with the Highest and Lowest Percentage of Women, 2019



B. Race and Ethnicity

Data on racial and ethnic identity was collected for 706, or 95%, of the 741 surveyed appointees. Although half of appointees identify as a race or ethnicity other than white or Caucasian, people of color are still underrepresented compared to the San Francisco population of 62%. The representation of people of color has increased since 2009 but has decreased following 2015. The number of appointees analyzed increased substantially in 2017 and 2019 compared to 2015, and these larger data samples have coincided with smaller percentages of people of color. The percentage decrease following 2017 could be partially due to the inclusion of more policy and advisory bodies, as the representation of people of color on Commissions and Boards dropped only slightly from 53% in 2017 to 52% in 2019.



Figure 6: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

The racial and ethnic breakdown of policy body members compared to the San Francisco population is shown in Figure 7. This analysis reveals underrepresentation and overrepresentation in San Francisco policy bodies for certain racial and ethnic groups. Half of all appointees are white, an overrepresentation by more than 10 percentage points. The Black and African American community is well represented on appointed policy bodies at 14% compared to 5% of the population of San Francisco. Characterizing this as an overrepresentation is inaccurate given the representation of Black or African American people on policy bodies has been consistent over the years while the San Francisco population has declined over the same period.³ Furthermore, the most recent nationwide estimate for the Black or African American population is 13%, which is nearly equal to the 14% of Black or African American appointees present on San Francisco policy bodies.⁴

Considerably underrepresented racial and ethnic groups on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population are individuals who identify as Asian or Latinx. While Asians are 31% of the San Francisco population, they only make up 18% of appointees. While the Latinx population of San Francisco is 14%, only 8% of appointees are Latinx. Although there is a small population of Native

³ Samir Gambhir and Stephen Menendian, "Racial Segregation in the Bay Area, Part 2," *Haas Institute for a Fair and Inclusive Society* (2018).

⁴ US Census Bureau, 2018, Retrieved from https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/US/PST045218.

Americans and Alaska Natives in San Francisco of 0.4%, none of the surveyed appointees identified themselves as such.

60% 50% ■ Appointees (N=706) 50% Population (N=864,263) 38% 40% 31% 30% 18% 20% 14% 14% 8% 10% 5% 3% 1% 0% 0.4% 0.3% 0% White, Not Asian Hispanic or Black or Native Native Two or More Other Race Hispanic or Latinx African Hawaiian and American Races Latinx American Pacific and Alaska Islander Native

Figure 7: Race and Ethnicity of Appointees Compared to San Francisco Population, 2019

Sources: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

The next two graphs illustrate Commissions and Boards, and Advisory Bodies with the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. As shown in Figure 8, the Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure remained at 100% from 2017, while the Juvenile Probation Commission has returned to 100% this year after a dip in 2017. Next is the Health Commission, Immigrant Rights Commission, and Housing Authority Commission at 86%, 85%, and 83%, respectively. Percentages of people of color on both the Health Commission and the Housing Authority Commission increased following 2015, and have remained consistent since 2017.



Figure 8: Commissions and Boards with Highest Percentage of People of Color, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

■ 2019 **■** 2017 **■** 2015

There are 23 policy bodies that have 40% or less appointees who identified a racial and ethnic category other than white. Although the Public Utilities Commission has two vacancies, *none* of the current appointees identify as people of color. The Historic Preservation Commission and Building Inspection Commission are both at 14% representation for people of color. The Building Inspection Commission had a large drop from 43% in 2015, with the percentage of people of color decreasing to 14% in 2017 and remaining at this percent for 2019. Lastly, the War Memorial Board of Trustees and City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission have 18% and 20%, respectively.

Public Utilities Commission (n=3) 33% 20% 14% Historic Preservation Commission (n=7) 17% 14% 14% Building Inspection Commission (n=7) 14% 43% 18% War Memorial Board of Trustees (n=11) 18% 18% 20% City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission (n=5) 20% 20% 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% **2019 2017 2015**

Figure 9: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2019 Compared to 2017, 2015

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

In addition to Commissions and Boards, Advisory Bodies were examined for the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. This is the first year such bodies have been included, thus comparison to previous years is unavailable. All members of the Workforce Community Advisory Committee are people of color. People of color comprise 80% of the Sugary Drinks Distributor Tax Advisory Committee, and 75% of appointees on the Children, Youth and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee, the Golden Gate Park Concourse Authority, and the Local Homeless Coordinating Board. Out of the five Advisory Bodies with the lowest representation of people of color, the Ballot Simplification Committee and the Mayor's Disability Council have 25% appointees of color, and the Abatement Appeals Board has 14% appointees of color. The Urban Forestry and the Pedestrian Safety Advisory Committee have no people of color currently serving.

Figure 10: Advisory Bodies with the Highest and Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2019



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

C. Race and Ethnicity by Gender

White men and women are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies, while Asian and Latinx men and women are underrepresented. While women of color continue to be underrepresented at 28% compared to the San Francisco population of 32%, this is a slight increase from 2017 which showed 27% women of color. Meanwhile, men of color are 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.

Figure 11: 10-Year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

The following figures present the breakdown for appointees and the San Francisco population by race and ethnicity and gender. White men and women are overrepresented, holding 27% and 23% of appointments, respectively, compared to 20% and 17% of the population, respectively. Asian men and women are both greatly underrepresented with Asian women making up 11% of appointees compared to 17% of the population while Asian men comprise 7% of appointees and 15% of the population. Latinx men and women are also underrepresented, particularly Latinx women, who are 3% of appointees and 7% of the population, while Latinx men are 5% of appointees and 7% of the population. Black or African American men and women are well-represented with Black women comprising 9% of appointees and Black men comprising 5% of appointees. Pacific Islander men and women, and multiethnic women also exceed parity with the population. Although Native American men and women make up only 0.4% of San Francisco's population, none of the surveyed appointees identified themselves as such.



Figure 12: Appointees by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.



Figure 13: San Francisco Population by Race/Ethnicity, 2019

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

D. LGBTQ Identity

Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) identity data was collected from 548, or 75%, of the 741 surveyed appointees, which is much more data on LGBTQ identity compared to previous reports. Due to limited and outdated information on the population of the LGBTQ community in San Francisco, it is difficult to adequately assess the representation of the LGBTQ community. However, compared to available San Francisco, larger Bay Area, and national data, the LGBTQ community is well represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Recent research estimates the national LGBT population is 4.5%. The LGBT population of the San Francisco and greater Bay Area is estimated to rank the highest of U.S. cities at 6.2%, while a 2006 survey found that 15.4% of adults in San Francisco identify as LGBT.

Of the appointees who responded to this question, 19% identify as LGBTQ and 81% identify as straight or heterosexual. Of the LGBTQ appointees, 48% identify as gay, 23% as lesbian, 17% as bisexual, 7% as queer, 5% as transgender, and 1% as questioning. Data on LGBTQ identity by race was not captured. Efforts to capture data on LGBTQ identity by race for future reports would enable more intersectional analysis.

Figure 14: LGBTQ Identity of Appointees, 2019

Figure 15: LGBTQ Population of Appointees, 2019



E. Disability Status

Overall, 12% of adults in San Francisco have one or more disabilities, and when broken down by gender, 6.2% are women and 5.7% are men. Disability data for transgender and gender non-conforming individuals in San Francisco is currently unavailable. Data on disability was obtained from 516, or 70%, of the 714 appointees who participated in the survey. Of the 516 appointees, 11.2% reported to have one

⁵ Frank Newport, "In U.S., Estimate of LGBT Population Rises to 4.5%," *GALLUP* (May 22, 2018) https://news.gallup.com/poll/234863/estimate-lgbt-population-rises.aspx.

⁶ Gary J. Gates and Frank Newport, "San Francisco Metro Area Ranks Highest in LBGT Percentage," *GALLUP* (March 20, 2015) https://news.gallup.com/poll/182051/san-francisco-metro-area-ranks-highest-lgbt-percentage.aspx?utm source=Social%20Issues&utm medium=newsfeed&utm campaign=tiles.

⁷ Gary J. Gates, "Same Sex Couples and the Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual Population: New Estimates from the American Community Survey," *The Williams Institute on Sexual Orientation Law and Public Policy, UCLA School of Law* (2006).

or more disabilities, which is near parity with the San Francisco population. Of the 11.2% appointees with one or more disabilities, 6.8% are women, 3.9% are men, 0.4% are trans women, and 0.2% are trans men.

Figure 16: San Francisco Adult Population with a Disability by Gender, 2017



Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Figure 17: Appointees with One or More Disabilities by Gender, 2019



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

F. Veteran Status

Overall, 3.2% of the adult population in San Francisco has served in the military. There is a considerable difference by gender, as male veterans are 3% and female veterans are 0.2% of the population. Data on veteran status was obtained from 494, or 67%, of appointees who participated in the survey. Of the 494 appointees who responded to this question, 7.1% have served in the military. Like the San Francisco population, there is a large difference by gender, as men comprise 5.7% and women make up only 1.2% of the total number of veteran appointees. Of participating appointees, 0.2% of veterans are trans women. Veteran status data on transgender and gender non-conforming individuals in San Francisco is currently unavailable.

Figure 18: San Francisco Adult Population with Military Service by Gender, 2017

(N=747,896)

3.2%

Non-Veteran Women Men

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Figure 19: Appointees with Military Service, 2019



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

G. Policy Bodies by Budget

This report also examines whether policy bodies with the largest and smallest budget sizes and other characteristics are demographically representative of the San Francisco population. In this section, budget size is used as a proxy for influence. Although this report has expanded the scope of analysis to include more policy bodies compared to previous reports, this section of analysis was limited to Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members file financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. The purpose of this analysis is to evaluate the demographics for the spectrum of budgetary influence of policy bodies with decision-making authority in San Francisco.

Overall, appointees from the 10 largest budgeted Commissions and Boards are 55% people of color, 41% women, and 23% women of color. Appointees from the 10 smallest budgeted Commissions and Boards are 54% people of color, 52% women, and 32% women of color. Although still below parity with the San Francisco population, the representation of people of color on both the largest and smallest budgeted policy bodies is greater than the percentage of people of color for all appointees combined (50%). For women and women of color, their representation meets or exceeds parity with the population on the 10 smallest budgeted bodies. However, it falls far below parity for the 10 largest budgeted bodies. The representation of total women and women of color is greater on smaller budgeted policy bodies by 27%, and 39%, respectively.

Figure 20: Percent of Women, Women of Color, and People of Color on Commissions and Boards with Largest and Smallest Budgets in Fiscal Year 2018-2019



Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Figure 21: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Largest Budgets, 2019

| Body | FY18-19 Budget | Total Seats | Filled seats | Women | Women of Color | People of Color |
|---|-----------------|----------------|--------------|-------|----------------|--------------------|
| Health Commission | \$2,200,000,000 | 7 | 7 | 29% | 14% | 86% |
| Public Utilities Commission | \$1,296,600,000 | 5 | 3 | 67% | 0% | 0% |
| MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission | \$1,200,000,000 | 7 | 7 | 57% | 14% | 43% |
| Airport Commission | \$1,000,000,000 | 5 | 5 | 40% | 20% | 40% |
| Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure | \$745,000,000 | 5 | 5 | 60% | 60% | 100% |
| Police Commission | \$687,139,793 | 7 | 7 | 43% | 43% | 71% |
| Health Authority (Plan Governing Board) | \$666,000,000 | 19 | 15 | 33% | 27% | 47% |
| Human Services Commission | \$529,900,000 | 5 | 5 | 40% | 0% | 40% |
| Fire Commission | \$400,721,970 | 5 | 5 | 20% | 20% | 40% |
| Aging and Adult Services Commission | \$334,700,000 | 7 | 7 | 43% | 14% | 57% |
| Total | \$9,060,061,763 | 72 | 66 | 41% | 23% | 55% |

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

Figure 22: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Smallest Budgets, 2019

| Body | FY18-19 Budget | Total Seats | Filled Seats | Women | Women of color | People of Color |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-------|----------------|--------------------|
| Rent Board Commission | \$8,543,912 | 10 | 9 | 44% | 11% | 33% |
| Commission on the Status of Women | \$8,048,712 | 7 | 7 | 100% | 71% | 71% |
| Ethics Commission | \$6,458,045 | 5 | 4 | 100% | 50% | 50% |
| Human Rights Commission | \$4,299,600 | 12 | 10 | 50% | 50% | 70% |
| Small Business Commission | \$2,242,007 | 7 | 7 | 43% | 29% | 43% |
| Civil Service Commission | \$1,262,072 | 5 | 4 | 50% | 0% | 25% |
| Board of Appeals | \$1,072,300 | 5 | 5 | 40% | 20% | 40% |
| Entertainment Commission | \$1,003,898 | 7 | 7 | 29% | 14% | 57% |
| Assessment Appeals Board No.1, 2, & 3 | \$663,423 | 24 | 18 | 39% | 22% | 44% |
| Youth Commission | \$305,711 | 17 | 16 | 56% | 44% | 75% |
| Total | \$33,899,680 | 99 | 87 | 52% | 32% | 54% |

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

H. Comparison of Advisory Body and Commission and Board Demographics

The comparison of the two policy body categories in this section provides another proxy for influence, as Commissions and Boards whose members file disclosures of economic interest have greater decision-making authority in San Francisco than Advisory Bodies whose members do not file economic interest disclosures. The percentages of total women, LGBTQ people, people with disabilities, and veterans are larger for total appointees on Advisory Bodies. However, the percentages of women of color and people of color on Commissions and Boards slightly exceeds the percentages of women of color and people of color on Advisory Bodies.

60% 54% 52% Commissions and Boards (N=380) 49% 48% 50% Advisory Bodies (N=389) 40% 30% 28% 30% 20% 18% 20% 15% 8% 8% 6% 10% 0% Women of Color **LGBTQ** People with Women People of Color Veterans Disabilities

Figure 23: Demographics of Appointees on Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies, 2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

I. Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees

Figure 24 compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color for appointments made by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointments are more diverse, and consist of more women, women of color, and people of color compared to Supervisorial appointments. Mayoral appointments include 55% women, 30% women of color, and 52% people of color, while Supervisorial appointments are 48% women, 24% women of color, and 48% people of color. The total of all approving authorities combined average out at 51% women, 28% women of color, and 50% people of color. This disparity in diversity between Mayoral and Supervisorial appointments may be due in part to the appointment section process for each authority. The 11-member Board of Supervisors only sees applicants for specific bodies through the 3-member Rules Committee or by designees, stipulated in legislation (e.g. "renter," "landlord," "consumer advocate"), whereas the Mayor typically has the ability to take total appointments into account during selections, and can therefore better address gaps in diversity.



Figure 24: Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees, 2019

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis.

III. Conclusion

Since the first gender analysis of Commissions and Boards in 2007, the representation of women appointees on San Francisco policy bodies has gradually increased. The *2019 Gender Analysis* finds the percentage of women appointees is 51%, which slightly exceeds the population of women in San Francisco.

When appointee demographics are analyzed by gender and race, women of color continue to be underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population. Most notably underrepresented are Asian women who make up 17% of the population but only 11% of appointees, and Latinx women who make up 7% of the population but only 3% of appointees. Additionally, men of color are underrepresented relative to their San Francisco population, primarily Asian and Latinx men.

Furthermore, when analyzing the demographic composition of larger and smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards, women are underrepresented on those with the largest budgets, and overrepresented or reach parity with the population on smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards. These two trends are amplified for women of color appointees. Women comprise 41% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, which is 8 percentage points below the population, and women of color comprise 23% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, 9 percentage points below their San Francisco population. Comparatively, women are 52% of total appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies, and women of color are 32% of appointees, which is equal to the San Francisco population. However, the issue of largest and smallest budgeted policy bodies does not seem to impact the representation of people of color. People of color make up 55% of appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies and 54% of appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies compared to 50% of total appointees. Nonetheless, these percentages still fall below the San Francisco population of people of color at 62%.

In addition to using budget size as a proxy for influence, this report analyzed demographic characteristics of appointees on Commissions and Boards who file disclosures of economic interest and have decision-making authority, and appointees on Advisory Bodies who do not file economic interest disclosures. Over half (54%) of appointees on Advisory Bodies are women, while 48% of appointees on Commissions and Boards are women. Although 48% is only slightly below the San Francisco population of women, women comprise a decently higher percentage of appointees on Advisory Bodies compared to Commissions and Boards.

This year's report features more data on LGBTQ identity, veteran status, and disability than previous gender analyses. The 2019 Gender Analysis found a relatively high representation of LGBTQ individuals on San Francisco policy bodies. For the appointees that provided LGBTQ identity information, 19% identify as LGBTQ with the largest subset being gay men at 48%. It is recommended for future gender analyses to collect LGBTQ data by race and gender to provide additional intersectional analysis. The representation of appointees with disabilities is 11%, just below the 12% population. Veterans are highly represented on San Francisco policy bodies at 7% compared to the veteran population of 3%.

Additionally, this report evaluates and compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color appointees by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointees include 55% women, 30% women of color, and 52% people

of color, which overall is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointees and total appointees.

This report is intended to advise the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and other appointing authorities, as they select appointments for policy bodies of the City and County of San Francisco. In spirit of the 2008 City Charter Amendment that establishes this biennial Gender Analysis report requirement and the importance of diversity on San Francisco policy bodies, efforts to address gaps in diversity and inclusion should remain at the forefront when making appointments in order to accurately reflect the population of San Francisco.

IV. Methodology and Limitations

This report focuses on City and County of San Francisco Commissions, Boards, Task Forces, Councils, and Committees that have the majority of members appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and that have jurisdiction limited to the City. The gender analysis reflects data from the policy bodies that provided information to the Department on the Status of Women through digital and paper survey.

Data was requested from 90 policy bodies and acquired from 84 different policy bodies and a total of 741 appointees. A Commissioner or Board member's gender identity, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, disability status, and veteran status were among data elements collected on a voluntary basis. Data on lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, or questioning (LGBTQ) identity, disability, and veteran status of appointees were incomplete or unavailable for some appointees but are included to the extent possible. As the fundamental objective of this report is to surface patterns of underrepresentation, every attempt has been made to reflect accurate and complete information in this report. Data for some policy bodies was incomplete, and all appointees who responded were included in the total demographic categories. Only policy bodies with full data on gender and race for all appointees were included in sections comparing demographics of individual bodies. It should be noted that for policy bodies with a small number of members, the change of a single individual greatly impacts the percentages of demographic categories. As such, these percentages should be interpreted with this in mind.

The surveyed policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney document entitled *List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute.*⁸ This document separates San Francisco policy bodies into two different categories. The first category includes Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission, and the second category encompasses Advisory Bodies whose members do not submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. Depending on the analysis criteria in each section of this report, the surveyed policy bodies and appointees are either examined comprehensively as a whole or examined separately in the two categories designated by the Office of the City Attorney.

Data from the U.S. Census 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates provides a comparison to the San Francisco population. Figures 26 and 27 in the Appendix display these population estimates by race/ethnicity and gender.

⁸ "List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf, (August 25, 2017).

Appendix

Figure 25: Policy Body Demographics, 2019⁹

| Figure 25: Policy Body Demographics, 2019 | Total | Filled | | | Women | People |
|--|-------|--------|-----------------|-------|----------|----------|
| Policy Body | Seats | Seats | FY18-19 Budget | Women | of Color | of Color |
| Abatement Appeals Board | 7 | 7 | \$76,500,000 | 14% | 0% | 14% |
| Aging and Adult Services Commission | 7 | 7 | \$334,700,000 | 57% | 33% | 57% |
| Airport Commission | 5 | 5 | \$1,000,000,000 | 40% | 50% | 40% |
| Arts Commission | 15 | 15 | \$37,000,000 | 67% | 50% | 60% |
| Asian Art Commission | 27 | 27 | \$30,000,000 | 63% | 71% | 59% |
| Assessment Appeals Board No.1 | 8 | 5 | \$663,423 | 20% | 0% | 20% |
| Assessment Appeals Board No.2 | 8 | 8 | - | 50% | 75% | 63% |
| Assessment Appeals Board No.3 | 8 | 4 | - | 50% | 50% | 50% |
| Ballot Simplification Committee | 5 | 4 | \$0 | 75% | 33% | 25% |
| Bayview Hunters Point Citizens Advisory Committee | 12 | 9 | \$0 | 33% | 100% | 67% |
| Board of Appeals | 5 | 5 | \$1,072,300 | 40% | 50% | 40% |
| Board of Examiners | 13 | 13 | \$0 | 0% | 0% | 46% |
| Building Inspection Commission | 7 | 7 | \$76,500,000 | 14% | 0% | 14% |
| Child Care Planning and Advisory Council | 25 | 19 | \$26,841 | 84% | 50% | 50% |
| Children and Families Commission (First 5) | 9 | 8 | \$28,002,978 | 100% | 75% | 75% |
| Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee | 11 | 10 | \$155,224,346 | 50% | 80% | 75% |
| Citizen's Committee on Community Development | 9 | 8 | \$39,696,467 | 75% | 67% | 63% |
| City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission | 5 | 5 | \$0 | 60% | 33% | 20% |
| Civil Service Commission | 5 | 4 | \$1,262,072 | 50% | 0% | 25% |
| Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure | 5 | 5 | \$745,000,000 | 60% | 100% | 100% |
| Commission on the Aging Advisory Council | 22 | 15 | \$0 | 80% | 33% | 31% |
| Commission on the Environment | 7 | 6 | \$27,280,925 | 67% | 50% | 50% |
| Commission on the Status of Women | 7 | 7 | \$8,048,712 | 100% | 71% | 71% |
| Dignity Fund Oversight and Advisory Committee | 11 | 11 | \$3,000,000 | 82% | 33% | 45% |
| Eastern Neighborhoods Citizens Advisory Committee | 19 | 13 | \$0 | 38% | 40% | 44% |
| Elections Commission | 7 | 7 | \$15,238,360 | 57% | 25% | 29% |
| Entertainment Commission | 7 | 7 | \$1,003,898 | 29% | 50% | 57% |
| Ethics Commission | 5 | 4 | \$6,458,045 | 100% | 50% | 50% |
| Film Commission | 11 | 11 | \$0 | 55% | 67% | 50% |
| Fire Commission | 5 | 5 | \$400,721,970 | 20% | 100% | 40% |
| Golden Gate Park Concourse Authority | 7 | 6 | \$0 | 50% | 67% | 75% |

⁹ Figure 25 only includes policy bodies with complete data on gender for all appointees. Some bodies had incomplete data on race/ethnicity of appointees. For these, percentages for people of color are calculated out of known race/ethnicity.

| Policy Body | Total Seats | Filled Seats | FY18-19 Budget | Women | Women of Color | People of Color |
|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|----------------|--------------------|
| Health Authority (Plan Governing Board) | 19 | 15 | \$666,000,000 | 33% | 80% | 50% |
| Health Commission | 7 | 7 | \$2,200,000,000 | 43% | 50% | 86% |
| Health Service Board | 7 | 6 | \$11,632,022 | 33% | 0% | 50% |
| Historic Preservation Commission | 7 | 7 | \$53,832,000 | 43% | 33% | 14% |
| Housing Authority Commission | 7 | 6 | \$60,894,150 | 50% | 100% | 83% |
| Human Rights Commission | 12 | 10 | \$4,299,600 | 60% | 100% | 70% |
| Human Services Commission | 5 | 5 | \$529,900,000 | 40% | 0% | 40% |
| Immigrant Rights Commission | 15 | 13 | \$0 | 54% | 86% | 85% |
| In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority | 13 | 9 | \$70,729,667 | 44% | 50% | 56% |
| Juvenile Probation Commission | 7 | 6 | \$48,824,199 | 33% | 100% | 100% |
| Library Commission | 7 | 7 | \$160,000,000 | 71% | 40% | 57% |
| Local Homeless Coordinating Board | 9 | 9 | \$40,000,000 | 56% | 60% | 75% |
| Mayor's Disability Council | 11 | 8 | \$0 | 75% | 17% | 25% |
| Mental Health Board | 17 | 15 | \$184,962 | 73% | 64% | 73% |
| MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission | 7 | 7 | \$1,200,000,000 | 57% | 25% | 43% |
| Office of Early Care and Education Citizens' Advisory Committee | 9 | 9 | \$0 | 89% | 50% | 56% |
| Oversight Board (COII) | 7 | 6 | \$745,000,000 | 17% | 100% | 67% |
| Pedestrian Safety Advisory Committee | 17 | 13 | \$0 | 46% | 17% | 8% |
| Planning Commission | 7 | 6 | \$53,832,000 | 50% | 67% | 33% |
| Police Commission | 7 | 7 | \$687,139,793 | 43% | 100% | 71% |
| Port Commission | 5 | 5 | \$192,600,000 | 60% | 67% | 60% |
| Public Utilities Citizen's Advisory Committee | 17 | 13 | \$0 | 54% | 14% | 31% |
| Public Utilities Commission | 5 | 3 | \$1,296,600,000 | 67% | 0% | 0% |
| Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board | 7 | 6 | \$0 | 33% | 100% | 67% |
| Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee | 7 | 5 | \$0 | 40% | 50% | 40% |
| Recreation and Park Commission | 7 | 7 | \$230,900,000 | 29% | 50% | 43% |
| Reentry Council | 24 | 23 | \$0 | 43% | 70% | 70% |
| Rent Board Commission | 10 | 9 | \$8,543,912 | 44% | 25% | 33% |
| Residential Users Appeal Board | 3 | 2 | \$0 | 0% | 0% | 50% |
| Retirement System Board | 7 | 7 | \$95,000,000 | 43% | 67% | 29% |
| Sentencing Commission | 13 | 13 | \$0 | 31% | 25% | 67% |
| Small Business Commission | 7 | 7 | \$2,242,007 | 43% | 67% | 43% |
| SRO Task Force | 12 | 12 | \$0 | 42% | 25% | 55% |
| Sugary Drinks Distributor Tax Advisory Committee | 16 | 15 | \$0 | 67% | 70% | 80% |
| Sunshine Ordinance Task Force | 11 | 11 | \$0 | 27% | 67% | 36% |
| Sweatfree Procurement Advisory Group | 11 | 7 | \$0 | 43% | 67% | 43% |
| Treasure Island Development Authority | 7 | 6 | \$18,484,130 | 50% | N/A | N/A |

| Policy Body | Total Seats | Filled Seats | FY18-19 Budget | Women | Women of Color | People of Color |
|--|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|--------------------|
| Treasure Island/Yerba Buena Island Citizens Advisory | 17 | 13 | \$0 | 54% | N/A | N/A |
| Board | | | | | | |
| Urban Forestry Council | 15 | 13 | \$153,626 | 8% | 0% | 0% |
| Veterans Affairs Commission | 17 | 11 | \$0 | 36% | 50% | 55% |
| War Memorial Board of Trustees | 11 | 11 | \$18,185,686 | 55% | 33% | 18% |
| Workforce Community Advisory Committee | 8 | 4 | \$0 | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Youth Commission | 17 | 16 | \$305,711 | 56% | 78% | 75% |

Source: SF DOSW Data Collection & Analysis, 2019.

Figure 26: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity, 2017

| Race/Ethnicity | То | tal |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------|
| | Estimate | Percent |
| San Francisco County California | 864,263 | ı |
| White, Not Hispanic or Latino | 353,000 | 38% |
| Asian | 295,347 | 31% |
| Hispanic or Latinx | 131,949 | 14% |
| Some other Race | 64,800 | 7% |
| Black or African American | 45,654 | 5% |
| Two or More Races | 43,664 | 5% |
| Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander | 3,226 | 0.3% |
| Native American and Alaska Native | 3,306 | 0.4% |

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Figure 27: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2017

| Race/Ethnicity | Total | | Fen | nale | Male | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|--|
| | Estimate | Percent | Estimate | Percent | Estimate | Percent | |
| San Francisco County California | 864,263 | - | 423,630 | 49% | 440,633 | 51% | |
| White, Not Hispanic or Latino | 353,000 | 38% | 161,381 | 17% | 191,619 | 20% | |
| Asian | 295,347 | 31% | 158,762 | 17% | 136,585 | 15% | |
| Hispanic or Latinx | 131,949 | 14% | 62,646 | 7% | 69,303 | 7% | |
| Some Other Race | 64,800 | 7% | 30,174 | 3% | 34,626 | 4% | |
| Black or African American | 45,654 | 5% | 22,311 | 2.4% | 23,343 | 2.5% | |
| Two or More Races | 43,664 | 5% | 21,110 | 2.2% | 22,554 | 2.4% | |
| Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander | 3,226 | 0.3% | 1,576 | 0.2% | 1,650 | 0.2% | |
| Native American and Alaska Native | 3,306 | 0.4% | 1,589 | 0.2% | 1,717 | 0.2% | |

Source: 2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

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Introduction Form

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor

| I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one): | Time stamp or meeting date |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| ☐ 1. For reference to Committee: | |
| An ordinance, resolution, motion, or charter amendment. | |
| 2. Request for next printed agenda without reference to Committee. | |
| ☐ 3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee: | |
| ☐ 4. Request for letter beginning "Supervisor | inquires" |
| ☐ 5. City Attorney request. | |
| ☐ 6. Call File No. from Committee. | |
| ☐ 7. Budget Analyst request (attach written motion). | |
| 8. Substitute Legislation File No. | |
| 9. Request for Closed Session (attach written motion). | |
| ☐ 10. Board to Sit as A Committee of the Whole. | |
| 11. Question(s) submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on | |
| Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to Small Business Commission Youth Commission E | o the following: Ethics Commission |
| ☐ Planning Commission ☐ Building Inspection | Commission |
| Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use a | different form. |
| Sponsor(s): | |
| Clerk of the Board | |
| Subject: | |
| Appointment, Child Care Planning and Advisory Council - Savitha Moorthy | |
| The text is listed below or attached: | |
| Motion appointing Savitha Moorthy (residency requirement waived), term ending Sep Care Planning and Advisory Council. | otember 14, 2023, to the Child |
| | |
| Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor: | mera |
| For Clerk's Use Only: | |