Wastewater nutrient discharges to San Francisco Bay

San Francisco Board of Supervisors meeting October 17, 2022

Lorien Fono, BACWA Executive Director



POTWs: Largest Source of Nutrient Loads





BACWA is a joint powers authority formed by the five largest Bay Area Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs)

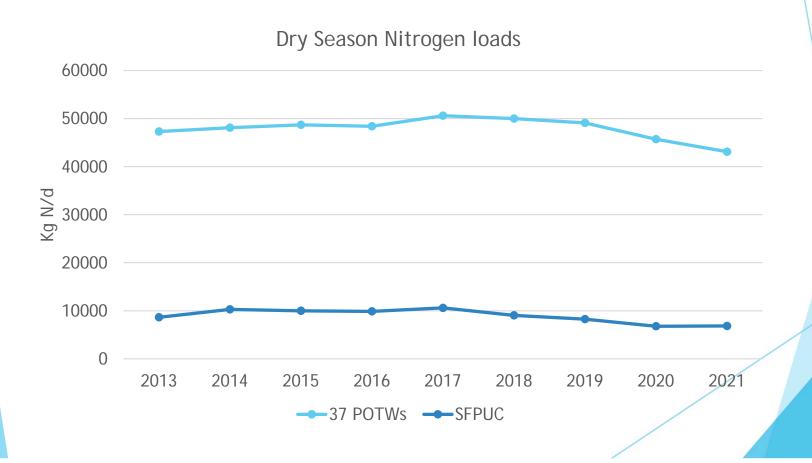








SFPUC discharges 15-20% of total wastewater nitrogen load



Bringing the science under one tent

- BACWA and the Regional Water Board envisioned stakeholder driven governance of the science program, recognizing that the Regional Water Board retained ultimate authority on regulatory issues.
- Retained facilitator to develop a Charter on a stakeholder driven process for overseeing the scientific investigation, with key tenet the creation of a Steering Committee
- The Nutrient Management Strategy kicked off in 2012
- Since 2013, BACWA has contributed >\$14M to study nutrients in the SF Bay

Working Together for Practical Regulation



BACWA (wastewater utilities)





San Francisco Estuarine Institute (science)

Non-Govt Organizations (NGOs)

The approach in the Bay Area for managing nutrients has received national attention and lauded for its collaboration, as evidenced by receipt of a National Environmental Achievement Award in 2019 from the National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA). NACWA is the nationally recognized leader in legislative, regulatory, and legal clean water advocacy.



2014 & 2019 Nutrient Watershed Permits

NO LOAD CAPS YET

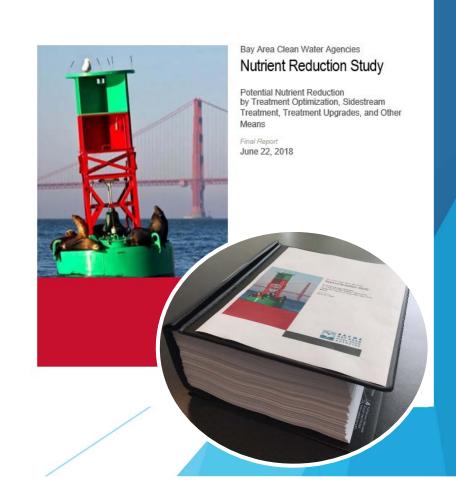
SUPPORT FOR SCIENCE

GROUP REPORTING

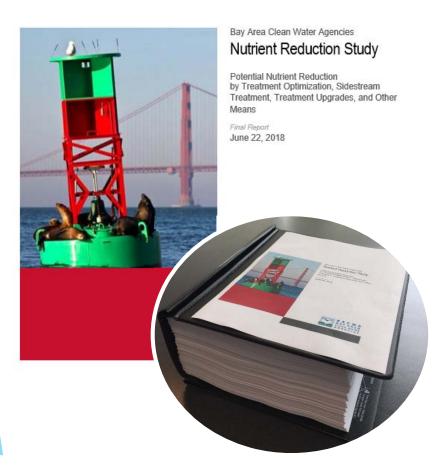
REGIONAL STUDIES

Nutrient Reduction Study Report (June 2018)

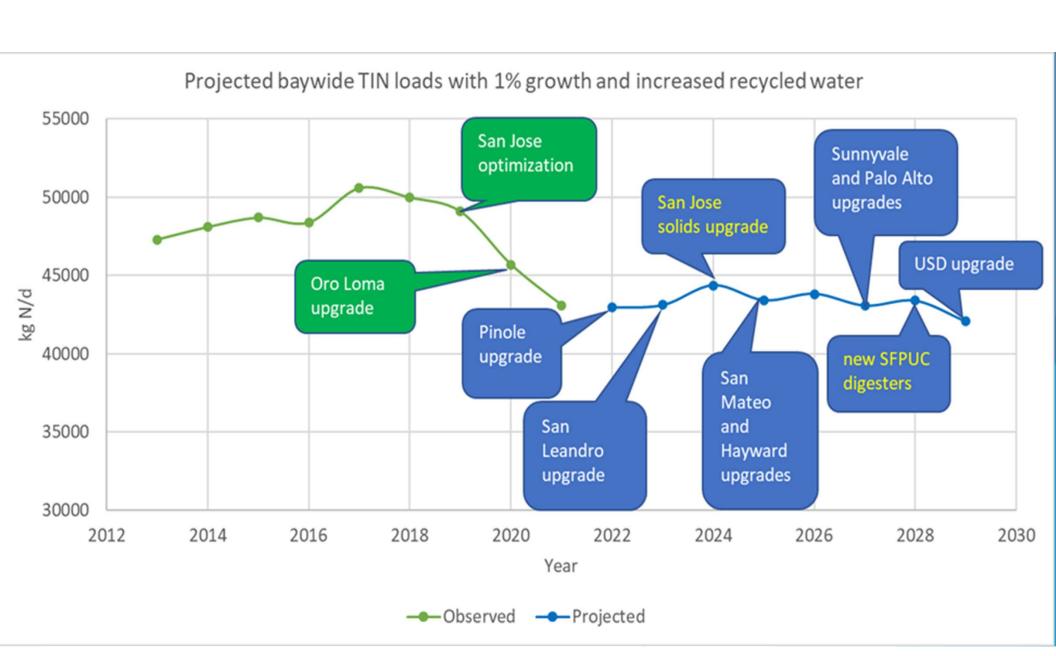
- Main report summarizes study findings for all plants
- ➤ 37 individual plant appendices:
 - Existing plant data
 - ▶Optimization
 - ► Sidestream treatment
 - ► Plant upgrades
 - Emerging technologies



Regional Study Key Observations



Strategy	TN Load Reduction to the Bay	Total Present Value (\$ Mil)
Optimization	7%	\$266 M
Sidestream Treatment	19%	\$766 M
Upgrade Level 2 (15 mg/L N)	57%	\$9.4 B
Upgrade Level 3 (6 mg/L N)	82%	\$12.4 B



The now

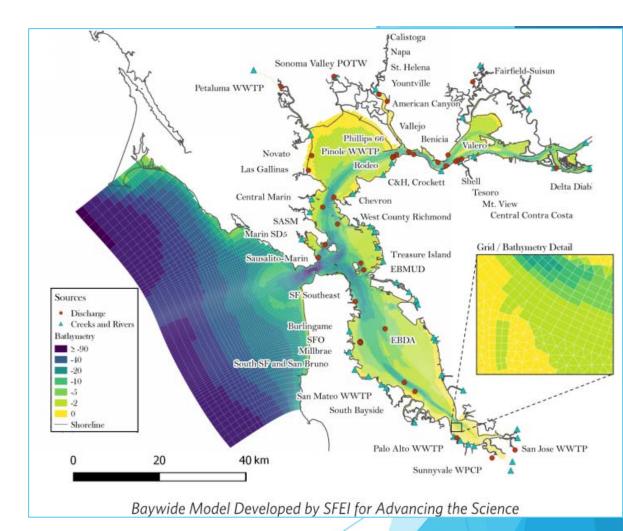
- ▶ 3rd Watershed Permit will include nutrient limits, likely implemented on a Baywide basis
- ► BACWA's members will consider and propose load reductions:
 - Emergency response
 - Medium term optimization
 - Long term capital upgrades





The now

- Work closely with Science Team to predict the impact of nutrient reduction actions
- Guiding principle:
 - ↑ Cost
 - ↑ Benefits
 - ↑ Certainty of Water Quality Improvements





Paying for nutrient upgrades

- Adoption of 1972 Clean Water Act came with \$1B (\$7B in today's dollars) in construction grants
- Now, improvements are paid largely by ratepayers
 - Prop 218 requires that rates be set based on the cost of service, not affordability
- Federal investment is key to a more equitable funding solution



Questions?

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