

City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

April 12, 2023

The Honorable Gavin Newsom Governor of the State of California 1020 O Street, Suite 9000 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 108-23

Dear Governor Newsom:

On March 7, 2023, the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco adopted Resolution No. 108-23 (Supporting California State Senate Bill No. 691 (Portantino) - Dyslexia Risk Screening), which was enacted on March 17, 2023.

The Board of Supervisors directs the Clerk of the Board to forward the following document to your attention:

One copy of Resolution No. 108-23 (File No. 230237)

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact the Office of the Clerk of the Board at (415) 554-5184, or by e-mail: board.of.supervisors@sfgov.org.

Sincerely,

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

jw:ak:ams

 Members of the Board of Supervisors; Supervisors Ahsha Safai, Hillary Ronen, Shamann Walton, Connie Chan, Rafael Mandelman
 Tom Paulino, Mayor's Liaison to the Board of Supervisors
 Sarah Owens, Mayor's Manager of State and Federal Legislative Affairs

Andres Power, Mayor's Policy Director Susanna Conine-Nakano, Mayor's Office

[Supporting California State Senate Bill No. 691 (Portantino) - Dyslexia Risk Screening]

Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill No. 691, introduced by Senate Member Anthony Portantino (SD- 25), which would require the State Board of Education to establish an approved list of evidence-based culturally, linguistically, and developmentally appropriate screening instruments to be used by a local educational agency, as defined, to screen pupils for risk of dyslexia.

WHEREAS, According to The Yale Center for Dyslexia and Creativity, Dyslexia is the most common neurobehavioral disorder in children and young adults, affecting 20% of the population and representing 80–90 percent of all those with learning disabilities; and

WHEREAS, Students with Dyslexia are less likely to graduate high school and attend college; and

WHEREAS, Research shows that diagnosis, or the lack of it, in public schools remains a major problem, and is a primary contributor to students "fading out". Additionally, having dyslexia, or another learning disability, is still stigmatized and misunderstood in many school districts, and many public schools do not have the resources or knowledge to educate students that require additional accommodations adequately; and

WHEREAS, The Dyslexia Research Institute estimates that although 1 in 5 Americans likely has dyslexia, only 5% are diagnosed. Even fewer are diagnosed during their elementary education years. So, by the time students reach high school, they have learned poor coping mechanisms for their dyslexia and struggle in silence, or they continue to struggle academically and incur low self-esteem as a result; and

WHEREAS, The American Bar Association found nearly 85 percent of all youth involved with juvenile court system was unable to read; and

WHEREAS, More than 50 percent of San Francisco Unified School District come from socioeconomically disadvantaged backgrounds, which make it nearly impossible for parents of Dyslexia students to receive out of school support; and

WHEREAS, According to the National Center on Improving Literacy, forty states have passed legislation requiring screening for risk of dyslexia; and

WHEREAS, California law does not require early screening of all children to identify children at risk for Dyslexia to enable parents and teachers to be aware of the student's needs as early as possible and provide appropriate instruction; and

WHEREAS, Multiple scientific studies demonstrate that early identification and intervention with evidence-based early literacy instructional strategies and materials improves literacy outcomes for students at risk of or with dyslexia and other struggling readers; and

WHEREAS, By screening all pupils for risk of dyslexia early, California can help families and teachers achieve the best learning and life outcomes for all pupils, close academic achievement gaps, and help end the school-to-prison pipeline; and

WHEREAS, Senate Bill No. 691 (SB 691) would require California local educational agencies serving pupils in any of the grades kindergarten to grade 2 to screen students for risk of Dyslexia in their; and

WHEREAS, California's Governor, Gavin Newsom, a person with Dyslexia, has been a strong proponent for the increase screening and remediation services for students with learning disabilities; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco supports Senate Bill No. 691 that would require all students in California to be screened for risk of Dyslexia in their early elementary years; and, be it



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## Resolution

File Number: 230237 Date Passed: March 07, 2023

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March 07, 2023 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED

Ayes: 11 - Chan, Dorsey, Engardio, Mandelman, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani and Walton

File No. 230237

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED on 3/7/2023 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Unsigned 03/17/2023

London N. Breed Date Approved Mayor

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution, not being signed by the Mayor within the time limit as set forth in Section 3.103 of the Charter, or time waived pursuant to Board Rule 2.14.2, became effective without her approval in accordance with the provision of said Section 3.103 of the Charter or Board Rule 2.14.2.

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

03/17/2023



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April 12, 2023

The Honorable Anthony J. Portantino California State Senator California State Capitol 1021 O Street, Suite 7630 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 108-23

Dear Senator Portantino:

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Sincerely,

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c. Members of the Board of Supervisors; Supervisors Ahsha Safai, Hillary Ronen, Shamann Walton, Connie Chan, Rafael Mandelman Tom Paulino, Mayor's Liaison to the Board of Supervisors Sarah Owens, Mayor's Manager of State and Federal Legislative Affairs Andres Power, Mayor's Policy Director Susanna Conine-Nakano, Mayor's Office

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WHEREAS, According to The Yale Center for Dyslexia and Creativity, Dyslexia is the most common neurobehavioral disorder in children and young adults, affecting 20% of the population and representing 80–90 percent of all those with learning disabilities; and

WHEREAS, Students with Dyslexia are less likely to graduate high school and attend college; and

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WHEREAS, The American Bar Association found nearly 85 percent of all youth involved with juvenile court system was unable to read; and

WHEREAS, More than 50 percent of San Francisco Unified School District come from socioeconomically disadvantaged backgrounds, which make it nearly impossible for parents of Dyslexia students to receive out of school support; and

WHEREAS, According to the National Center on Improving Literacy, forty states have passed legislation requiring screening for risk of dyslexia; and

WHEREAS, California law does not require early screening of all children to identify children at risk for Dyslexia to enable parents and teachers to be aware of the student's needs as early as possible and provide appropriate instruction; and

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WHEREAS, Senate Bill No. 691 (SB 691) would require California local educational agencies serving pupils in any of the grades kindergarten to grade 2 to screen students for risk of Dyslexia in their; and

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RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco supports Senate Bill No. 691 that would require all students in California to be screened for risk of Dyslexia in their early elementary years; and, be it



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March 07, 2023 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED

Ayes: 11 - Chan, Dorsey, Engardio, Mandelman, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani and Walton

File No. 230237

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Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Unsigned 03/17/2023

London N. Breed Date Approved Mayor

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Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

03/17/2023



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April 12, 2023

The Honorable Scott Wiener California State Senator California State Capitol 1021 O Street, Suite 6630 Sacramento, CA 95814-4900

Re: Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 108-23

Dear Senator Wiener:

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Sincerely,

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

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c. Members of the Board of Supervisors; Supervisors Ahsha Safai, Hillary Ronen, Shamann Walton, Connie Chan, Rafael Mandelman Tom Paulino, Mayor's Liaison to the Board of Supervisors Sarah Owens, Mayor's Manager of State and Federal Legislative Affairs Andres Power, Mayor's Policy Director Susanna Conine-Nakano, Mayor's Office

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WHEREAS, The Dyslexia Research Institute estimates that although 1 in 5 Americans likely has dyslexia, only 5% are diagnosed. Even fewer are diagnosed during their elementary education years. So, by the time students reach high school, they have learned poor coping mechanisms for their dyslexia and struggle in silence, or they continue to struggle academically and incur low self-esteem as a result; and

WHEREAS, The American Bar Association found nearly 85 percent of all youth involved with juvenile court system was unable to read; and

WHEREAS, More than 50 percent of San Francisco Unified School District come from socioeconomically disadvantaged backgrounds, which make it nearly impossible for parents of Dyslexia students to receive out of school support; and

WHEREAS, According to the National Center on Improving Literacy, forty states have passed legislation requiring screening for risk of dyslexia; and

WHEREAS, California law does not require early screening of all children to identify children at risk for Dyslexia to enable parents and teachers to be aware of the student's needs as early as possible and provide appropriate instruction; and

WHEREAS, Multiple scientific studies demonstrate that early identification and intervention with evidence-based early literacy instructional strategies and materials improves literacy outcomes for students at risk of or with dyslexia and other struggling readers; and

WHEREAS, By screening all pupils for risk of dyslexia early, California can help families and teachers achieve the best learning and life outcomes for all pupils, close academic achievement gaps, and help end the school-to-prison pipeline; and

WHEREAS, Senate Bill No. 691 (SB 691) would require California local educational agencies serving pupils in any of the grades kindergarten to grade 2 to screen students for risk of Dyslexia in their; and

WHEREAS, California's Governor, Gavin Newsom, a person with Dyslexia, has been a strong proponent for the increase screening and remediation services for students with learning disabilities; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco supports Senate Bill No. 691 that would require all students in California to be screened for risk of Dyslexia in their early elementary years; and, be it



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## Resolution

File Number: 230237 Date Passed: March 07, 2023

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March 07, 2023 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED

Ayes: 11 - Chan, Dorsey, Engardio, Mandelman, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani and Walton

File No. 230237

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Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Unsigned 03/17/2023

London N. Breed Date Approved Mayor

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Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

03/17/2023



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April 12, 2023

The Honorable Phil Ting California State Assembly Member California State Capitol, Suite 8230 P.O. Box 942849 Sacramento, CA 94249-0019

Re: Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 108-23

**Dear Assembly Member Ting:** 

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Sincerely,

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

Susanna Conine-Nakano, Mayor's Office

jw:ak:ams

c. Members of the Board of Supervisors; Supervisors Ahsha Safai, Hillary Ronen, Shamann Walton, Connie Chan, Rafael Mandelman Jessica Duong, Assembly Member Phil Ting Chief of Staff Tom Paulino, Mayor's Liaison to the Board of Supervisors Sarah Owens, Mayor's Manager of State and Federal Legislative Affairs Andres Power, Mayor's Policy Director

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WHEREAS, According to The Yale Center for Dyslexia and Creativity, Dyslexia is the most common neurobehavioral disorder in children and young adults, affecting 20% of the population and representing 80–90 percent of all those with learning disabilities; and

WHEREAS, Students with Dyslexia are less likely to graduate high school and attend college; and

WHEREAS, Research shows that diagnosis, or the lack of it, in public schools remains a major problem, and is a primary contributor to students "fading out". Additionally, having dyslexia, or another learning disability, is still stigmatized and misunderstood in many school districts, and many public schools do not have the resources or knowledge to educate students that require additional accommodations adequately; and

WHEREAS, The Dyslexia Research Institute estimates that although 1 in 5 Americans likely has dyslexia, only 5% are diagnosed. Even fewer are diagnosed during their elementary education years. So, by the time students reach high school, they have learned poor coping mechanisms for their dyslexia and struggle in silence, or they continue to struggle academically and incur low self-esteem as a result; and

WHEREAS, The American Bar Association found nearly 85 percent of all youth involved with juvenile court system was unable to read; and

WHEREAS, More than 50 percent of San Francisco Unified School District come from socioeconomically disadvantaged backgrounds, which make it nearly impossible for parents of Dyslexia students to receive out of school support; and

WHEREAS, According to the National Center on Improving Literacy, forty states have passed legislation requiring screening for risk of dyslexia; and

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WHEREAS, Senate Bill No. 691 (SB 691) would require California local educational agencies serving pupils in any of the grades kindergarten to grade 2 to screen students for risk of Dyslexia in their; and

WHEREAS, California's Governor, Gavin Newsom, a person with Dyslexia, has been a strong proponent for the increase screening and remediation services for students with learning disabilities; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco supports Senate Bill No. 691 that would require all students in California to be screened for risk of Dyslexia in their early elementary years; and, be it



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## Resolution

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March 07, 2023 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED

Ayes: 11 - Chan, Dorsey, Engardio, Mandelman, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani and Walton

File No. 230237

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Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Unsigned 03/17/2023

London N. Breed Date Approved Mayor

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Angela Calvillo
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03/17/2023



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April 12, 2023

The Honorable Matt Haney California State Assembly Member California State Capitol, Room 5310 P.O. Box 942849 Sacramento, CA 94249-0017

Re: Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 108-23

Dear Assembly Member Haney:

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WHEREAS, The American Bar Association found nearly 85 percent of all youth involved with juvenile court system was unable to read; and

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Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

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April 12, 2023

Mr. Paul Yoder Ms. Karen Lange Ms. Erica Smith Shaw/Yoder/Antwih, Inc. 1415 L Street, Suite 1000 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 108-23

Dear Mr. Yoder, Ms. Lange, Ms. Smith:

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WHEREAS, Students with Dyslexia are less likely to graduate high school and attend college; and

WHEREAS, Research shows that diagnosis, or the lack of it, in public schools remains a major problem, and is a primary contributor to students "fading out". Additionally, having dyslexia, or another learning disability, is still stigmatized and misunderstood in many school districts, and many public schools do not have the resources or knowledge to educate students that require additional accommodations adequately; and

WHEREAS, The Dyslexia Research Institute estimates that although 1 in 5 Americans likely has dyslexia, only 5% are diagnosed. Even fewer are diagnosed during their elementary education years. So, by the time students reach high school, they have learned poor coping mechanisms for their dyslexia and struggle in silence, or they continue to struggle academically and incur low self-esteem as a result; and

WHEREAS, The American Bar Association found nearly 85 percent of all youth involved with juvenile court system was unable to read; and

WHEREAS, More than 50 percent of San Francisco Unified School District come from socioeconomically disadvantaged backgrounds, which make it nearly impossible for parents of Dyslexia students to receive out of school support; and

WHEREAS, According to the National Center on Improving Literacy, forty states have passed legislation requiring screening for risk of dyslexia; and

WHEREAS, California law does not require early screening of all children to identify children at risk for Dyslexia to enable parents and teachers to be aware of the student's needs as early as possible and provide appropriate instruction; and

WHEREAS, Multiple scientific studies demonstrate that early identification and intervention with evidence-based early literacy instructional strategies and materials improves literacy outcomes for students at risk of or with dyslexia and other struggling readers; and

WHEREAS, By screening all pupils for risk of dyslexia early, California can help families and teachers achieve the best learning and life outcomes for all pupils, close academic achievement gaps, and help end the school-to-prison pipeline; and

WHEREAS, Senate Bill No. 691 (SB 691) would require California local educational agencies serving pupils in any of the grades kindergarten to grade 2 to screen students for risk of Dyslexia in their; and

WHEREAS, California's Governor, Gavin Newsom, a person with Dyslexia, has been a strong proponent for the increase screening and remediation services for students with learning disabilities; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco supports Senate Bill No. 691 that would require all students in California to be screened for risk of Dyslexia in their early elementary years; and, be it



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

## Resolution

File Number: 230237 Date Passed: March 07, 2023

Resolution supporting California State Senate Bill No. 691, introduced by Senate Member Anthony Portantino (SD- 25), which would require the State Board of Education to establish an approved list of evidence-based culturally, linguistically, and developmentally appropriate screening instruments to be used by a local educational agency, as defined, to screen pupils for risk of dyslexia.

March 07, 2023 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED

Ayes: 11 - Chan, Dorsey, Engardio, Mandelman, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani and Walton

File No. 230237

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED on 3/7/2023 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Unsigned 03/17/2023

London N. Breed Date Approved Mayor

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution, not being signed by the Mayor within the time limit as set forth in Section 3.103 of the Charter, or time waived pursuant to Board Rule 2.14.2, became effective without her approval in accordance with the provision of said Section 3.103 of the Charter or Board Rule 2.14.2.

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

03/17/2023