File No	230748	Committee Item No	4
		Board Item No.	

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee:	Rules Committee	Date <u>July 17, 2023</u>	
Board of Sup	pervisors Meeting	Date	
Cmte Boar	_	port nd/or Report	
OTHER	Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Form 126 - Ethics Commission Award Letter Application Form 700 Information/Vacancies (Boards/Con Public Correspondence (Use back side if additional space is	ŕ	
	<u> </u>		_
H			_
HH			
			_
	by: Victor Young	Date <u>July 13, 2023</u> Date	

1	[Mayoral Reappointment, Entertainment Commission - Cynthia Wang]
2	
3	Motion approving/rejecting the Mayor's nomination for reappointment of Cynthia Wang
4	to the Entertainment Commission, term ending July 1, 2027.
5	
6	WHEREAS, Pursuant to Charter, Section 4.117, the Mayor has submitted a
7	communication notifying the Board of Supervisors of the nomination for the appointment of
8	Cynthia Wang to the Entertainment Commission, received by the Clerk of the Board on June
9	14, 2023; and
10	WHEREAS, The Board of Supervisors has the authority to hold a public hearing and
11	vote on the appointment within sixty days following the transmittal of the Mayor's Notice of
12	Appointment, and the failure of the Board of Supervisors to act on the nomination within the
13	sixty-day time period shall result in the nominee being deemed approved; now, therefore, be it
14	MOVED, That the Board of Supervisors hereby approves/rejects the Mayor's
15	nomination for the reappointment of Cynthia Wang to the Entertainment Commission, for the
16	unexpired portion of a four-year term ending July 1, 2027.
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR SAN FRANCISCO

MAYOR MAYOR

Notice of Nomination of Reappointment

June 14, 2023

San Francisco Board of Supervisors City Hall, Room 244 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Honorable Board of Supervisors,

Pursuant to Charter §4.117, of the City and County of San Francisco, I make the following nominations for reappointment:

Cynthia Wang and Ben Bleiman for reappointment to the Entertainment Commission, for a four-year term ending July 1, 2027.

I am confident that Mrs. Wang and Mr. Bleiman will serve our community well. Attached are their qualifications to serve, which demonstrate how their appointment represents the communities of interest, neighborhoods and diverse populations of the City and County of San Francisco.

I encourage your support and am pleased to advise you of this reappointment nomination. Should you have any question about this appointment, please contact my Director of Commission Commissions and Community Initiatives, Tyra Fennell, at 415.554.6696.

Sincerely,

London N. Breed

Mayor, City and County of San Francisco



Seasoned executive leader with 13+ years of experience as an attorney, small business owner, public policy manager, U.S. diplomat, and public speaker on the front lines of the innovation economy.

EXPERIENCE



Wang Insurance Agency, San Francisco - Chief Financial and Legal Officer. AUG 2018 - PRESENT

Executive manager responsible for implementing strategic and day-to-day business and financial operations for a high volume insurance brokerage with 17 full-time staff. Lead the business planning, development, and budgeting processes, as well as all people operations. Manage regulatory exposure, compliance, and risk mitigation policies and procedures.

Airbnb, San Francisco — Global Public Policy Manager, Trips and Experiences. JAN 2017 - MAY 2018

Led policy development and strategy to clear pathways for new products during period of hypergrowth (20x between 2017–2018) for one of the world's fastest growing and most dynamic companies. Lobbied legislators to educate them on positive economic impact and ameliorate regulatory concerns, managed external consultants, and worked cross-functionally with product, legal, ops, and business affairs to ensure key business decisions informed by all stakeholders. Developed partnerships with and gave presentations to tourism entities, industry associations, chambers of commerce, policymakers, and press to evangelize the value proposition of Trips and Experiences. Outcomes: Executed first Experiences state partnership with the Utah Office of Tourism earning substantial local and state media coverage and buy-in from the Governor's office, led successful state legislative campaigns in CA and UT that legalized sales of home-cooked food (unlocking social dining as a new business vertical), streamlined vetting and onboarding of new hosts and experiences with mitigated regulatory risk, spoke at national tourism conferences, secured partnerships with locals DMOs to scale growth and insulate business from opposition at market level, and launched 50+ global Experiences markets without regulatory entanglement.

Airbnb, San Francisco — Regional Public Policy Manager (WA, OR, HI, AK) AUG 2015 - JAN 2017

Directed policy campaigns in four states at the frontier of the innovation economy under substantial regulatory scrutiny. Managed and built out team of 12 cross-functional staff to drive lobbying, field organizing, partnerships, digital, and public affairs strategies to legitimize short-term rentals and protect data privacy in local and state campaigns. Engaged with industry associations and educated and lobbied lawmakers about intermediary liability, data privacy, ways platforms and governments could work together, and the economic and housing impacts of home-sharing. Developed strategic partnerships with DMOs, chambers, community organizations, academic institutions, and think tanks to strengthen external validation. Testified at state and municipal legislative hearings, served as media spokesperson, presented at public events, managed host outreach, implemented media campaigns (digital, earned, and paid), and directed local philanthropic efforts.

Outcomes: Headed campaign resulting in Seattle's adoption of one of the nation's friendliest short-term rental laws, defeated dozens of state bills to ban or restrict growth in Hawaii, executed 30+ voluntary tax collection agreements, including state-level agreements in Oregon and Washington, executed key partnerships with think tanks, community groups, and academics and released data-driven reports that shaped local narratives on housing and community impact in priority markets, and developed robust host clubs in Seattle, Maui, and Oahu.

U.S. Department of State — Foreign Service Officer (diplomat) SEPTEMBER 2010 - JUNE 2015

• U.S. Consulate Toronto - Political and Economic Officer. 2013 - 2015. Promoted U.S. political and economic interests with largest trade partner and energy supplier in the world (over \$2B in bilateral trade per day). Represented U.S. Government views by speaking at public events and multilateral meetings, engaged in direct advocacy with policymakers and external stakeholders on trade and regulatory harmonization, organized outreach events, and executed partnerships. Organized large-scale conference with Province of Ontario, community organizations, and U.S. federal agencies on countering violent extremism that generated positive press coverage of U.S. partnership with Canada in national, provincial, and local media. Staffed U.S. Ambassador to Canada and Consul General as well as high-level visits from governors and Obama Cabinet Members, by programming meetings and drafting speeches, briefing papers, and talking points. Authored cables analyzing and providing policy recommendations on Canadian economic and political developments.

- **U.S. Embassy San Jose Vice Consul.** 2011 2013. Supported USG efforts in Costa Rica to combat gender-based violence by strengthening host country capacity, including training for social workers, prosecutors, and law enforcement, and through policy advocacy with Ministry of Justice and law enforcement officials. Adjudicated visas, passports, CRBAs, and assisted U.S. citizen victims of crime. Crafted public outreach strategy for consular section and served as embassy spokesperson in national radio and television interviews; prepared press releases, managed section's social media campaigns, and hosted town hall meetings.
- **Foreign Service Institute** 2010-2011. Completed advanced coursework in public speaking, media training, and diplomatic tradecraft (including political and economic affairs, public diplomacy, consular work, regional studies, and negotiation).

City of Hayward, California — Deputy City Attorney, JAN 2010 - JUNE 2010.

Researched and provided legal opinions on matters faced by the City Council, Boards and Commissions, and City Departments. Prepared and drafted ordinances, resolutions, administrative policies, contracts, deeds, and leases; reviewed such documents and offered legal advice. Represented the City, its officers and employees in civil actions brought by or against the City. Prepared cases for administrative hearings and represented the City in such hearings.

Meyers Nave Riback Silver & Wilson — Associate Attorney, SEP 2006 - JAN 2010.

Provided legal counsel to municipalities and special districts on a broad array of topics and served as Assistant City Attorney for the City of South San Francisco and Staff Attorney for the Town of Los Altos Hills. Specialized in general municipal law, land use/zoning, public contracts, construction, and procurement, conflicts-of-interest and government ethics, and code enforcement. Developed and drafted legislation in coordination with elected officials and department heads, as well as community stakeholders. Wrote and negotiated complex contracts, including construction contracts, vendor agreements, purchase and sale agreements, and leases with third parties. Researched, tracked, and analyzed new legal developments relevant to city clients to ensure compliance with changing laws. Drafted municipal ordinances and resolutions, pleadings, settlement agreements, and legal memoranda. Prosecuted code violations and represented city in court proceedings. Created strategies for implementing and enforcing legislation.

EDUCATION

University of California at Davis (King Hall) — Doctor of Law, J.D.

2003-2006, Davis, California

Co-Chair of Asian Pacific American Law Students Association (APALSA), Senior Articles Editor of Environs Law Journal, and Research Assistant to Professor and former California Supreme Court Justice Cruz Reynoso.

Smith College — Bachelor of Arts, Government (Dean's List)

1999-2003, Northampton, Massachusetts

LEADERSHIP, CERTIFICATION, AND AWARDS

- Member of the Board of Directors, United Democratic Club of San Francisco 2019-present
- CA Bar Certification 2003
- California Property-Casualty Insurance License (0M39886)
- Conversant in Mandarin Chinese (2/0) and professional proficiency in Spanish (3/3)
- Co-Authored several chapters of the California Land Use Practice Guide, 2009
- Recipient of Meritorious Honor Award (Individual), U.S. Department of State January 2015
- Recipient of Meritorious Honor Award (Individual), U.S. Department of State May 2012
- Recognized as "Voice of Young Feminism" by the National Organization for Women 2000
- Recipient of Key to Choice Award, Planned Parenthood Golden Gate April 1999

Please type or print in ink.



STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS COVER PAGE

A Public Document

Date Initial Filing Received
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NAME OF FILER	(LAST)		(FIRST)		(MIDDLE)
Wang, Cynthia					
1. Office, Agency, or	Court				
Agency Name (Do not a	use acronyms)				
City and County o	f San Francisco				
Division, Board, Departm	ent, District, if applicable		Your Position		
Entertainment Com	mission		Commission	ier	
► If filing for multiple po	sitions, list below or on an attachmen	t. (Do not us	e acronyms)		
Agency:			Position:		
2. Jurisdiction of O	ffice (Check at least one box)				
State			Judge, Retire (Statewide J		dge, or Court Commissioner
Multi-County				an Francisco	
City of			Other		
3. Type of Statemer	nt (Check at least one box)				
X Annual: The period December	covered is January 1, 2022 throug 31, 2022.	gh	Leaving Off	fice: Date Left (Check	one circle)
	covered is/, three 31, 2022.	irough	 The period of leaving 		1, 2022 through the date
Assuming Office:	Date assumed	_	The periodof leavin		/, through the date
Candidate:Date of E	Election and off	ce sought, if	different than Part 1:		
4. Schedule Summar Schedules attache		l number	of pages including	this cover page	5
_	Investments – schedule attached Investments – schedule attached			ome, Loans, & Busine. ome – Gifts – schedul	ss Positions – schedule attached
	Real Property – schedule attached				e attached Payments – schedule attached
-Or-	tour roporty sortoutic attached		Scriedule L - IIIco	onie – Gilis – Traver i	ayments – scriedule attached
	ortable interests on any schedu	le			
5. Verification					
MAILING ADDRESS (Business or Agency Address F	STREET Recommended - Public Document)	CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE
. 3. 3.		San	Francisco	CA	94122
DAYTIME TELEPHONE NUMB	ER		E-MAIL ADDRESS		
()					
	le diligence in preparing this statemen ed schedules is true and complete.			•	wledge the information contained
I certify under penalty	of perjury under the laws of the St	ate of Califo	rnia that the foregoing	is true and correct.	
Date Signed 02/06/2	023		Signature <u>Cynthia</u>	Wang	
Date digited	(month, day, year)			e the originally signed paper sta	atement with your filing official.)

SCHEDULE A-1 Investments

Stocks, Bonds, and Other Interests

(Ownership Interest is Less Than 10%)

Investments must be itemized.

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name
Wang, Cynthia

	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY		NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
	Airbnb, Inc.	l	
	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS		GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
	Hospitality company	l	
	FAIR MARKET VALUE	l	FAIR MARKET VALUE
	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	l	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000
	X \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000		\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
	NATURE OF INVESTMENT	l	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
	X Stock Other	l	Stock Other
	(Describe) Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499 O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)		(Describe) Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499 Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:		IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
	, , 22 , , , 22	l	, , 22 , , , 22
	ACQUIRED DISPOSED	l	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
_	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	-	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
	TVAIVLE OF BOOKNEGO ENTITY	-	MANUE OF BOOMEOU ENTITY
	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS		GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
	FAIR MARKET VALUE	l	FAIR MARKET VALUE
	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	l	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000
	S100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	l	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
	NATURE OF INVESTMENT	l	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
	Stock Other	l	Stock Other
	(Describe) Partnership (Income Received of \$0 - \$499	l	(Describe) ☐ Partnership ○ Income Received of \$0 - \$499
	○ Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)		O Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:		IF APPLICABLE. LIST DATE:
		l	
		l	
	ACQUIRED DISPOSED	l	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
>	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	•	NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
		l	
	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS		GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
	FAIR MARKET VALUE		FAIR MARKET VALUE
	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	l	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000
	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	l	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
		l	
	NATURE OF INVESTMENT	l	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
	Stock Other(Describe)	1	Stock Other(Describe)
	Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499	l	Partnership O Income Received of \$0 - \$499
	○ Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)		○ Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:		IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
	, , 22 , , 22	1	, , 22 , , , 22
	ACQUIRED DISPOSED	1	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
	ı	1	
<u>_</u>	ammonto:		

Comments:_

SCHEDULE A-2 Investments, Income, and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

(Ownership Interest is 10% or Greater)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name
Wang, Cynthia

► 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	▶ 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST
Juniper Haus LLC	
Name	Name
San Francisco, CA 94122	
Address (Business Address Acceptable) Check one	Address (Business Address Acceptable) Check one
☐ Trust, go to 2 ☒ Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2	☐ Trust, go to 2 ☐ Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
Property management	
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$0 - \$1,999 \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$2,000 - \$10,000	\$0 - \$1,999 \$2,000 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED	\$10,001 - \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
X \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INVESTMENT	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
Partnership Sole Proprietorship X LLC	Partnership Sole Proprietorship
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION Managing member Other	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
► 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)	► 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)
□ \$0 - \$499	\$0 - \$499 \$10,001 - \$100,000
S500 - \$1,000 OVER \$100,000	\$500 - \$1,000 OVER \$100,000
\$1,001 - \$10,000	\$1,001 - \$10,000
➤ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)	➤ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)
X None or Names listed below	None or Names listed below
► 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR	➤ 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR
LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST
Check one box:	Check one box:
☐ INVESTMENT ☐ REAL PROPERTY	☐ INVESTMENT ☐ REAL PROPERTY
Name of Business Entity, if Investment, or Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property	Name of Business Entity, if Investment, <u>or</u> Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property
Description of Business Activity or	Description of Business Activity or
City or Other Precise Location of Real Property	City or Other Precise Location of Real Property
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	\$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED	\$100,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
Over \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST
Property Ownership/Deed of Trust Stock Partnership	Property Ownership/Deed of Trust Stock Partnership
Leasehold Other	Leasehold Other
Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached	Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached

SCHEDULE B Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

CALIFORNIA FORM FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION Name Wang, Cynthia

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS	► ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS
vol 14 block 1872 lot 105c	
CITY	CITY
San Francisco	
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000
NATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST
X Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement	Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement
Leasehold Other	Leasehold
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
S0 - \$499 S500 - \$1,000 S1,001 - \$10,000	\$0 - \$499
X \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more. None	SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.
	I lending institution made in the lender's regular course of without regard to your official status. Personal loans and less must be disclosed as follows:
NAME OF LENDER*	NAME OF LENDER*
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER
INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
%	%
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD
\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000
S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
Guarantor, if applicable	Guarantor, if applicable
Comments:	

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business **Positions**(Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION		
Name		
Wang, Cynthia		

1. INCOME RECEIVED	► 1. INCOME RECEIVED
NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
Wang Insurance Agency, Inc.	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
San Francisco, CA 94122	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
Insurance brokerage/agency	
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
Financial and Legal Officer	
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business Position Only	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED No Income - Business Position Of
\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000	\$500 - \$1,000 \qquad \qqquad \qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
\$10,001 - \$100,000 X OVER \$100,000	S10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED
X Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income	Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
(For self-employed use Schedule A-2.) Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use	(For self-employed use Schedule A-2.) Partnership (Less than 10% ownership. For 10% or greater use
Schedule A-2.) Sale of	Schedule A-2.) Sale of
(Real property, car, boat, etc.)	(Real property, car, boat, etc.)
Loan repayment	Loan repayment
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more
(Describe)	(Describe)
Other	Other
	Other(Describe)
Other	Other (Describe) al lending institution, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available to tatus. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's
Other	Other (Describe) al lending institution, or any indebtedness created as part of the lender's regular course of business on terms available to tatus. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's
Other	Other
Other	Other
Other	Other
* You are not required to report loans from a commercia a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in members of the public without regard to your official stregular course of business must be disclosed as follow NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	Other
* You are not required to report loans from a commercia a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in members of the public without regard to your official stregular course of business must be disclosed as follow NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	Other
* You are not required to report loans from a commercia a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in members of the public without regard to your official stregular course of business must be disclosed as follow NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	Other
* You are not required to report loans from a commercia a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in members of the public without regard to your official stregular course of business must be disclosed as follow NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	Other
* You are not required to report loans from a commercia a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in members of the public without regard to your official stregular course of business must be disclosed as follow NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$500 - \$1,000	Other
Other	Other
* You are not required to report loans from a commercia a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in members of the public without regard to your official stregular course of business must be disclosed as follow NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$500 - \$1,000	Other



ENTERTAINMENT COMMISSION

The below listed summary of seats, term expirations and membership information shall serve as notice of **vacancies**, **upcoming term expirations** and information on currently held seats, appointed by the Board of Supervisors. Appointments by other bodies are listed, if available. Seat numbers listed in **bold** are open for immediate appointment. However, you are able to submit applications for all seats and your application will be maintained for one year, in the event that an unexpected vacancy or opening occurs.

Membership and Seat Qualifications

Seat #	Appointing Authority	Seat Holder	Term Ending	Qualification
1	BOS	Theodora "Dori"	7/1/23	Must represent the interests of
		Caminong		City neighborhood associations or
				groups, for a four-year term.
2	BOS	Stephen Jon Torres	7/1/26	Must represent the interests of
				entertainment associations or
				groups, for a four-year term.
3	BOS	Laura Thomas	7/1/25	Must represent the interests of the
				public health community, for a
				four-year term
4	Mayor	Al Perez	7/1/25	Must represent interests of city
	-			neighborhood associations/groups,
				for a four-year term.
5	Mayor	Ben Bleiman	7/1/23	Must represent interests of
	-			entertain associations/groups, for
				a four-year term.
6	Mayor	Cynthia "Cyn" Wang	7/1/23	Must represent interests of urban
	-			planning community, for a four-
				year term.
7	Mayor	Lt. David Falzon	7/1/26	Must represent interest of law
				enforcement community, for a
				four-year term.

The Mayor's nominations are subject to Board of Supervisors approval/rejection within 60 days; if no action is taken the nomination is deemed approved.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS (BOS) APPLICATION FORMS AVAILABLE HERE

- English https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application.pdf
- 中文 https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy application CHI.pdf
- Español https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_SPA.pdf
- Filipino https://sfbos.org/sites/default/files/vacancy_application_FIL.pdf

(For seats appointed by other Authorities please contact the Board / Commission / Committee / Task Force (see below) or the appointing authority directly.)

Pursuant to Board of Supervisors Rules of Order 2.19 (Motion No. 05-92) all applicants applying for this body must complete and submit, with their application, a copy (**not original**) of Form 700, Statement of Economic Interests. Applications will not be considered if a copy of Form 700 is not received.

FORM 700 AVAILABLE HERE (Required)

https://www.fppc.ca.gov/Form700.html

Please Note: Depending upon the posting date, a vacancy may have already been filled. To determine if a vacancy for this Commission is still available, or if you require additional information, please call the Rules Committee Clerk at (415) 554-5184.

Applications and other documents may be submitted to BOS-Appointments@sfgov.org

Next Steps: Applicants who meet minimum qualifications will be contacted by the Rules Committee Clerk once the Rules Committee Chair determines the date of the hearing. Members of the Rules Committee will consider the appointment(s) at the meeting and applicant(s) may be asked to state their qualifications. The appointment of the individual(s) who is recommended by the Rules Committee will be forwarded to the Board of Supervisors for final approval.

The Entertainment Commission shall consist of seven (7) members, comprised of three (3) members appointed by the Board of Supervisors and four (4) members nominated by the Mayor.

Each nomination by the Mayor shall be subject to approval by the Board of Supervisors and shall be the subject of a public hearing and vote within 60 days. If the Board of Supervisors fails to act on a mayoral nomination within 60 days from the date the nomination is transmitted to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, the nominee shall be deemed approved.

Of the four (4) members nominated by the Mayor:

- One (1) member must represent the interests of City neighborhood associations or groups;
- One (1) member must represent the interests of entertainment associations or groups;
- One (1) member must represent the interests of the urban planning community; and
- One (1) member must represent the interests of the law enforcement community.

Of the three (3) members appointed by the Board of Supervisors:

• One (1) member must represent the interests of City neighborhood associations or groups;

- One (1) member must represent the interests of entertainment associations or groups; and
- One (1) member must represent the interests of the public health community.

To stagger the terms, the initial appointments to the commission shall be as follows: the Mayor nominates two members to serve terms of four years, one member to serve a term of three years and one member to serve a term of two years. Of the three remaining members, the Board of Supervisors shall appoint one member to serve a term of four years, one member to serve a term of three years and one member to serve a term of two years. All terms of initial appointees to the commission shall be deemed to commence upon the same date which shall be the date upon which the last of the seven initial appointees assumes office. Thereafter, all appointments and reappointments shall be for a term of four years.

The Entertainment Commission shall: 1) assist entertainment organizers and operators to apply for necessary permits; 2) promote responsible conduct; 3) promote the City's entertainment industry; 4) promote the use of City facilities; 5) foster harm reduction policies; 6) develop "good neighbor policies"; 7) mediate disputes between persons affected by entertainment events and establishments and the operators of such establishments; 8) issue entertainment related permits; 9) plan and coordinate City services for major events; and 10) provide information regarding venues and services appropriate for events and functions ancillary to conventions.

Reports: Prepare and submit to the Mayor and Board of Supervisors: 1) within one year

from July 6, 2002, and not less than five years thereafter, a report analyzing the Commission's effectiveness; 2) an annual report by March 1st regarding its activities for the preceding year; and 3) within one year from July 6, 2002, and

annually thereafter, a report analyzing fee revenue.

Authority: Charter, Section 4.117 (Prop F, November 2002 Election) and Administrative

Code, Chapter 90 (Ordinance Nos. 164-02; 242-05; and 100-13)

Sunset Date: None

Contact: May Liang

Entertainment Commission 49 South Van Ness, Suite 1482 San Francisco, CA 94103

(628) 652-6030

entertainment.commission@sfgov.org

Last Updated: December 7, 2022



Gender Analysis San Francisco Commissions and Boards FY 2020-2021

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City and County of San Francisco Department on the Status of Women



Dear Honorable Mayor London N. Breed and Board of Supervisors:

Please find attached the 2021 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards Report. We are pleased to share that under Mayor Breed's leadership, representation of women, people of color, and women of color on policy bodies continues to increase. Mayoral appointments are more diverse based on gender and race compared to both supervisorial appointments and appointments in general.

Overall, policy bodies have a larger percentage of women, members of the LGBTQIA+ community, and Veterans¹ than the general San Francisco population. The percentage of women of color and people with disabilities appointed to policy bodies is near equal to the general population. Fiscal year 2020-2021 saw the largest increase in representation of women on policy bodies since the Department on the Status of Women started collecting data in 2009. Women of color have the highest representation of appointees to date.

Black and African American women and men are notably well-represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women are 8 percent of appointees compared to 2.4 percent of the general San Francisco population, and Black men are 4 percent of appointees compared to 2.5 percent of the general San Francisco population. Additionally, almost 1-in-4 appointees who responded to the survey question identify as a member of the LGBTQIA+ community.

Commissions that oversee the largest budgets have members of the LGBTQIA+ community, people with disabilities, and Veterans represented at higher percentages than the general population.

While San Francisco continues to make strides in diversity, there is still work to do in achieving parity of representation for Latinx and Asian groups in appointed positions overall, as well as women, people of color, and women of color on Commissions overseeing the largest budgets. The Department applauds Mayor Breed for remaining committed to diversifying policy body appointments across all diversity categories, including for positions of influence and authority.

Thank you to Department staff who worked on this report and to members of the Commission on the Status of Women for their ongoing advocacy for intersectional gender equity efforts.

Kimberly Ellis, Director of the Department on the Status of Women

ca alli-

¹ "Veterans" refers to people who have served and/or have an immediate family member who has served in the military.

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Executive Summary

In 2008, San Francisco voters approved a City Charter Amendment (section 4.101) establishing as City policy for the membership of Commissions and Boards to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population and appointing officials be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates. Additionally, it requires the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2021 Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards Report (2021 Gender Analysis Report) evaluates representation of the following groups across appointments to San Francisco policy bodies:

- Women
- People of color
- LGBTQIA+ individuals
- People with disabilities
- Veterans (or people who have immediate family members that have served)
- Various religious affiliations

The report includes policy bodies such as task forces, committees, and Advisory Bodies, in addition to Commissions and Boards.

This year, data was collected from 92 policy bodies and from a total of 349 members, mostly appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors. The policy bodies surveyed for the 2021 Gender Analysis Report fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney.² The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The report examines policy bodies and appointees both comprehensively as a whole and separately by the two categories.

Several changes were made to the survey questions for the 2021 Gender Analysis Report. Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity (SOGI) categories were aligned with the latest classifications used by the Office of Transgender Initiatives. The classification of Veteran Status was also expanded to include individuals with close family members that have served in the military and armed forces. This addition to Veteran Status was adopted based on feedback from previous reports.

While the overall number of policy bodies that submitted data increased compared to 2019, the total number of individual members who participated in the survey was dramatically less than the number who participated in 2019. Due to the pandemic, data collection methods

² "Sec. 3.1-103. Filing Officers." *American Legal Publishing Corporation*, https://codelibrary.amlegal.com/codes/san_francisco/latest/sf_campaign/0-0-0-979.

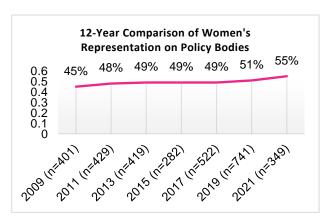
were limited compared to previous years, including the ability to conduct paper surveys and in-person meetings. Reliance on online surveying significantly reduced the level of participation, despite three to five direct contact efforts with policy bodies via phone and email. Moving forward, in addition to collecting data through paper/in-person surveys, when possible, the Department on the Status of Women recommends that all policy body appointees be required to take a training on the Gender Analysis survey process, alongside the required Ethics training, to guarantee participation.

Similarly, due to census data not being collected during COVID-19, updated demographic information on the general population of San Francisco was not available for years more recent than 2019. In this report, data on the San Francisco population references data from previous years (2015-2019) populations.

Key Findings

Gender

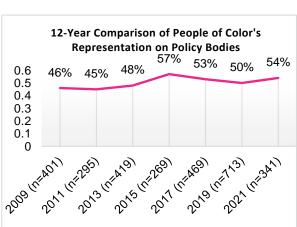
- Women's representation on policy bodies is 55%, above parity with the San Francisco female population of 49%.
- FY 2021 oversaw the largest increase in the representation of women on San Francisco policy bodies since 2009.



Race and Ethnicity

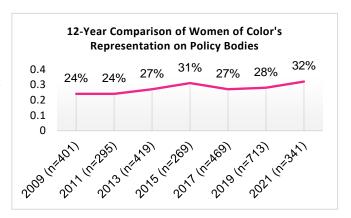
- The representation of people of color on policy bodies is 54%. Comparatively, in San Francisco, 62% of the population identifies with a race other than white.
- While the overall representation of people of color has increased since the 2019 report at 50%, representation has still decreased compared to 57% in 2015.
- As found in previous reports, Latinx and

Asian groups are underrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies as compared to the population. Latinx individuals are 15% of the population but make up only 9% of appointees. Asian individuals are 36% of the population but make up only 26% of appointees.



Race and Ethnicity by Gender

- On the whole, women of color are 32% of the San Francisco population and 32% of appointees. This 4% increase is the highest representation of women of color appointees to date.
- Meanwhile, men of color are underrepresented at 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.



- Both white women and men are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies. White women are 25% of appointees compared to 17% of the San Francisco population. White men are 21% of appointees compared to 20% of the population.
- Black and African American women and men are well-represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Black women are 8% of appointees compared to 2.4% of the population, and Black men are 4% of appointees compared to 2.5% of the population.
- Latinx women are 7% of the San Francisco population but 4% of appointees, and Latinx men are 7% of the population but 4% of appointees.
- Asian women are 17% of the San Francisco population but 15% of appointees, and Asian men are 15% of the population but 11% of appointees.

Additional Demographics

- Out of the 74% of appointees who responded to the survey question on LGBTQIA+ identity, 23% identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, nonbinary, queer, or questioning, and 77% of appointees identify as straight/heterosexual.
- Out of the 70% of appointees who responded to the question on Disability Status, 12.6% identify as having one or more disabilities, which is just above parity of the 12% of the adult population with a Disability Status in San Francisco.
- Out of the 67% of appointees who responded to the question on Veteran Status, 22% have served in the military (or have an immediate family member who has served) compared to 3% of the San Francisco population (census data on military service does not include immediate family members who have served).

Proxies for Influence: Budget and Authority

- Although women are half of all appointees, those Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets have fewer women, and especially fewer women of color. Meanwhile, representation of women on Boards and Commissions with the smallest budgets are just below parity with the San Francisco population.
- Although still underrepresented relative to the San Francisco population, there is a larger percentage of people of color on Commissions and Boards with both the largest and smallest budgets compared to overall appointees.
- The percentage of total women is greater on Advisory Bodies than Commissions and Boards. Women are 60% of appointees on Advisory Bodies and 53% of appointees on Commissions and Boards. The percentage of women of color on Advisory Bodies is also higher than on Commissions and Boards.

Appointing Authorities

 Mayoral appointments include 60% women, 59% people of color, and 37% women of color, which is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointments and total appointments.

Demographics of Appointees Compared to the San Francisco Population

		People of	Women	_	Disability	Veteran
	Women	Color	of Color	LGBTQIA+	Status	Status
San Francisco Population**	49%	62%	32%	6%-15%*	12%	2.7%
Total Appointees	55%	54%	32%	23%	13%	22%
10 Largest Budgeted Commissions and Boards	43%	44%	21%	16%	15%	20%
10 Smallest Budgeted Commissions and Boards	48%	43%	29%	17%	9%	12%
Commissions and Boards	53%	53%	30%	18%	11%	21%
Advisory Bodies	60%	53%	33%	31%	15%	20%

San Francisco population estimates come from the 2017 and 2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, SF DOSW Data Collection and Analysis Report, 2021.

^{*}Note: Estimates vary by source. See page 16 for a detailed breakdown.

^{**}Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, updated data is unavailable for race/ethnicity, LGBTQIA+ status, Disability Status, and Veteran Status in 2021. Therefore, the data used to represent the San Francisco population is from the 2019 Gender Analysis Report.

I. Introduction

Inspired by the fourth U.N. World Conference on Women in Beijing, San Francisco became the first city in the world to adopt a local ordinance reflecting the principles of the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW), an international bill of rights for women. The CEDAW Ordinance was passed unanimously by the San Francisco Board of Supervisors and signed into law by Mayor Willie L. Brown, Jr. on April 13, 1998.³ In 2002, the CEDAW Ordinance was revised to address the intersection of race and gender and incorporate reference to the U.N. Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Race Discrimination. The Ordinance requires the City to take proactive steps to ensure gender equity and specifies "gender analysis" as a preventive tool to identify and address discrimination. Since 1998, the Department on the Status of Women has employed this tool to analyze the operations of 10 City Departments using a gender lens.

In 2007, the Department on the Status of Women conducted the first gender analysis to evaluate the number of women appointed to City Commissions and Boards. The findings of this analysis informed a City Charter Amendment developed by the Board of Supervisors for the June 2008 Election. This City Charter Amendment (section 4.101) was overwhelmingly approved by voters and made it City policy that:

- The membership of Commissions and Boards are to reflect the diversity of San Francisco's population,
- Appointing officials are to be urged to support the nomination, appointment, and confirmation of these candidates, and
- The Department on the Status of Women is required to conduct and publish a gender analysis of Commissions and Boards every two years.

The 2021 Gender Analysis Report examines the representation of women, people of color, LGBTQIA+ individuals, people with disabilities, Veterans, and religious affiliations of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. As was the case for the 2019 Gender Analysis Report, this year's analysis involved increased outreach to policy bodies as compared to previous analyses that were limited to Commissions and Boards. As a result, the data collection and analysis examine a more diverse and expansive layout of City policy bodies. These policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney. The first category, referred to as "Commissions and Boards," are policy bodies with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. The second category, referred to as "Advisory Bodies," are policy bodies with advisory function whose members do not submit financial disclosures to the Ethics Commission. A detailed description of methodology and limitations can be found on page 27.

³ San Francisco Administrative Code Chapter 33.A.

http://library.amlegal.com/nxt/gateway.dll/California/administrative/chapter33alocalimpleme ntationoftheunited?

f=templates\$fn=default.htm\$3.0\$vid=amlegal:sanfrancisco_ca\$anc=JD_Chapter33A.

II. Findings

Many aspects of San Francisco's diversity are reflected in the overall population of appointees on San Francisco policy bodies. The analysis includes data from 92 policy bodies, of which 788 of the 979 seats are filled, leaving 20% vacant. As outlined below in Figure 1, slightly more than half of appointees are women and people of color, 32% are women of color, 23% identify as LGBTQIA+, 13% have a disability, and 22% are Veterans.

Figure 1: Summary Data of Policy Body Demographics, 2021

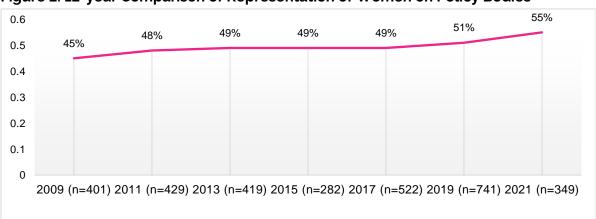
Appointee Demographics	Percentage of Appointees
Women (n=349)	55%
People of Color (n=341)	54%
Women of Color (n=341)	32%
LGBTQIA+ Identifying (n=334)	23%
People with Disabilities (n=349)	13%
Veteran Status (n=349)	22%

However, further analysis reveals underrepresentation of particular groups. Subsequent sections present comprehensive data analysis providing comparison to previous years, detailing the variables of gender, race/ethnicity, LGBTQIA+ identity, Disability Status, Veteran Status, religious affiliations, and policy body characteristics of budget size, decision-making authority, and appointment authority.

A. Gender

On San Francisco policy bodies, 55% of appointees identify as women, which is above parity compared to the San Francisco female population of 49%. The representation of women remained stable at 49% from 2013 until 2017, with a slight increase to 51% in 2019. This increase could be partly due to the larger sample size used in the 2019 analysis compared to previous years. A 12-year comparison shows that the representation of women appointees has gradually increased since 2009 by a total of ten percentage points.

Figure 2: 12-year Comparison of Representation of Women on Policy Bodies



Figures 3 and 4 analyze Commissions and Boards. Figure 3 showcases the five Commissions and Boards with the highest representation of women appointees as compared to 2017 and 2019. The Commission on the Status of Women is currently comprised of all women appointees. This finding has been consistent for the Commission on the Status of Women since 2015. The Aging and Adult Services Commission, Health Commission, and Library Commission are all at 71%, respectively.

Figure 3: Commissions and Boards with the Highest Percentages of Women, 2021 Compared to 2017 and 2019

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Commission on the Status of Women	100%	100%	100%	100%
Arts Commission	79%	100%	67%	60%
Children and Families (First 5) Commission	75%	75%	100%	100%
Aging and Adult Services Commission	71%	86%	57%	40%
Health Commission	71%	100%	43%	29%
Library Commission	71%	100%	71%	80%

Out of the Commissions and Boards in this section, 6 have 40% or less women. The Commissions and Boards with the lowest representation of women are displayed in Figure 4. The lowest percentage is found on the Board of Examiners, which has 90% of responses from the Board, but 0 members identifying as women. Unfortunately, demographic data is unavailable for the Board of Examiners for 2017, however there was 0% of female representation in 2019 as well. The Police Commission, Human Services Commission, and Access Appeals Commission all have entirely completed the demographics survey at 100%, yet still have some of the lowest percentages of women at 20%. It should be noted that policy bodies with a small number of members, such as the Residential Users Appeal Board (which currently has two members), means that minimal changes in its demographic composition greatly impacts percentages. Additionally, several policy bodies had low response rates to the demographics survey, ultimately impacting the representation for their respective policy body accordingly.

Figure 4: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2021 Compared to 2017 and 2019

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Residential Users Appeal Board	0%	50%	0%	N/A
Board of Examiners	0%	90%	0%	N/A
Assessment Appeals Board No. 3	0%	67%	50%	N/A
Assessment Appeals Board No. 2	0%	100%	50%	N/A
Rent Board Commission	10%	60%	44%	30%
Small Business Commission	14%	43%	43%	43%
Retirement System Board	14%	57%	43%	43%
Health Service Board	14%	43%	33%	29%
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	14%	14%	50%	N/A
Treasure Island Development Authority	17%	50%	50%	43%
Public Utilities Commission	20%	60%	67%	40%
Police Commission	20%	100%	43%	29%

Figure 4: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of Women, 2021 Compared to 2017 and 2019, Continued

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Human Services Commission	20%	100%	40%	20%
Access Appeals Commission	20%	100%	N/A	N/A
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	25%	75%	33%	33%
Ethics Commission	25%	25%	100%	33%

^{*}Commission and Boards with 70% response rates or higher are highlighted in grey.

In addition to Commissions and Boards, Advisory Bodies were examined for the highest and lowest percentages of women. This is the second year such bodies have been included, thus comparison to previous years before 2019 is unavailable. Figure 5 below displays the five Advisory Bodies with the highest representations of women. Due to a lack of survey responses from several Advisory Bodies, analysis on the five lowest representations of women is unavailable. The Office of Early Care and Education Citizens' Advisory Committee has the greatest representation of women at 67%, followed closely by the Citizen's Committee on Community Development at 63%.

Figure 5: Advisory Bodies with the Highest Percentage of Women, 2021

Policy Body	Percent of Women	Response Rate	2019 Percent
Office of Early Care and Education Citizens' Advisory Committee	67%	78%	89%
Citizens' Committee on Community Development	63%	63%	75%
Ballot Simplification Committee	50%	75%	75%
Immigrant Rights Commission	43%	57%	54%
Municipal Green Building Task Force	43%	67%	50%

B. Race and Ethnicity

Data on racial and ethnic identity was collected from 341 participants, or 98% of the surveyed appointees. Although half of appointees identify as a race or ethnicity other than white or Caucasian, people of color are still underrepresented compared to the San Francisco population of 62%. The representation of people of color has increased since 2009 but has decreased following 2015. The number of appointees analyzed increased substantially in 2017 and 2019, as compared to 2015. These larger data samples have coincided with smaller percentages of people of color.

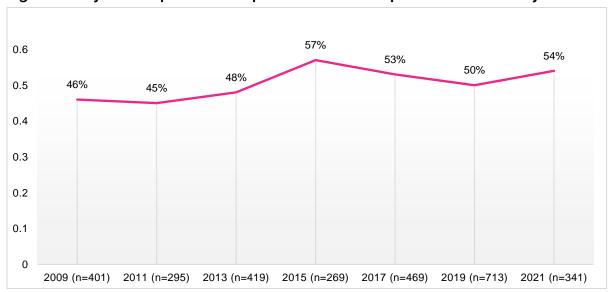


Figure 6: 12-year Comparison of Representation of People of Color on Policy Bodies

The racial and ethnic breakdown of policy body members compared to the San Francisco population is shown in Figure 7. This analysis reveals underrepresentation and overrepresentation in San Francisco policy bodies for certain racial and ethnic groups. Nearly half of all appointees are white, an overrepresentation by 6 percentage points. The Black community is represented on appointed policy bodies at 11% compared to 6% of the population of San Francisco.⁴ This is a decrease of representation compared to the 14% representation in 2019. Characterizing these as overrepresentations is inaccurate given the representation of Black or African American people on policy bodies has been consistent over the years, while the San Francisco population has declined over the same period.⁵

⁴ US Census Bureau, 2018, Retrieved from https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/US/PST045218.

⁵ Samir Gambhir and Stephen Menendian, "Racial Segregation in the Bay Area, Part 2," Haas Institute for a Fair and Inclusive Society (2018).

Considerably underrepresented racial and ethnic groups on San Francisco policy bodies compared to the San Francisco population are individuals who identify as Asian or Latinx. While the Asian population is 36% of the San Francisco population, they make up 26% of appointees. While the Latinx population of San Francisco is 15%, 9% of appointees are Latinx. Although there is a small population of Native Americans and Alaska Natives in San Francisco of 0.4%, only one (0.3%) surveyed appointee identified themselves as such. The San Francisco population of Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders is 0.3%, which slightly less than the 0.6% of identifying appointees.

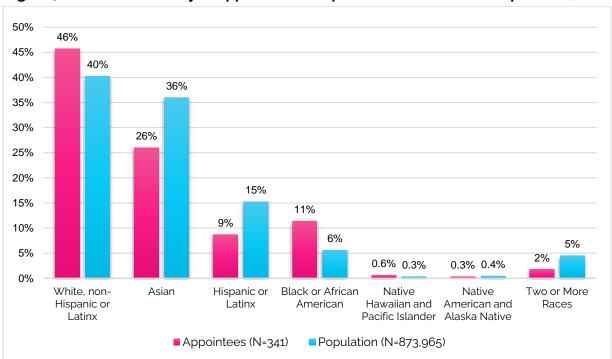


Figure 7: Race and Ethnicity of Appointees Compared to San Francisco Population, 2021

Note: Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, updated data is unavailable for race/ethnicity in 2021. Therefore, the data used to represent the San Francisco population is from the 2019 Gender Analysis Report.

The next two figures illustrate Commissions and Boards with the highest and lowest percentages of people of color. As shown in Figure 8, the Commission on the Status of Women holds the highest representation of people of color at 86%, with a 100% response rate. Both the Health Commission and Juvenile Probation Commission have decreased their percentages of people of color since 2019 and 2017.

Figure 8: Commission and Boards with Highest Percentage of People of Color, 2021 Compared to 2019 and 2017

Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Commission on the Status of Women	86%	100%	71%	71%
Police Commission	80%	100%	71%	71%
Arts Commission	71%	100%	60%	53%
Health Commission	71%	100%	86%	86%
Library Commission	71%	100%	57%	60%
Juvenile Probation Commission	67%	83%	100%	86%
Board of Appeals	60%	100%	40%	40%
Fire Commission	60%	100%	40%	60%
Human Services Commission	60%	100%	40%	60%
Asian Art Commission	54%	81%	59%	59%
Assessment Appeals Board No.2	50%	100%	63%	N/A
Children and Families (First 5) Commission	50%	75%	75%	63%

There are 28 Commissions and Boards that have 40% or less appointees who identified a racial and ethnic category other than white. None of the current appointees of the Access Appeals Commission identified as people of color. Additionally, the Historic Preservation Commission remains at 14% representation since 2019. The Citizens General Obligation Bond Oversight Committee and Assessment Appeals Board No.1 are both at 17% representation for people of color. Lastly, the Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board had a large drop in representation of people of color going from 67% in 2019 to 25% this year.

Figure 9: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2021 Compared to 2019 and 2017

Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate*	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Residential Users Appeal Board	0%	50%	50%	N/A
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	0%	14%	75%	N/A
Building Inspection Commission	0%	50%	14%	14%
Access Appeals Commission	0%	100%	N/A	N/A
Small Business Commission	14%	43%	43%	50%
Historic Preservation Commission	14%	71%	14%	17%
Health Service Board	14%	43%	50%	29%
Citizens General Obligation Bond Oversight Committee	17%	100%	N/A	N/A
Assessment Appeals Board No.1	17%	100%	20%	N/A
War Memorial Board of Trustees	18%	45%	18%	18%
Public Utilities Commission	20%	60%	0%	33%
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	25%	75%	67%	67%

Figure 9: Commissions and Boards with Lowest Percentage of People of Color, 2021 Compared to 2019 and 2017, Continued

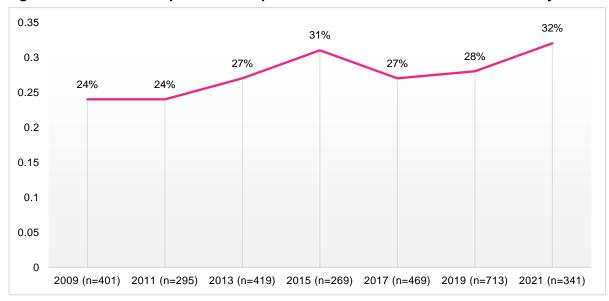
Policy Body	Percent of POC	Response Rate*	2019 Percent	2017 Percent
Ethics Commission	25%	25%	50%	67%
Retirement System Board	29%	57%	29%	29%
Recreation and Park Commission	29%	43%	43%	43%
Rent Board Commission	30%	60%	33%	50%

Commission and Boards with 70% response rates or higher are highlighted in grey.

C. Race and Ethnicity by Gender

Both white men and women are overrepresented on San Francisco policy bodies, while Asian and Latinx men and women are underrepresented. The representation of women of color at 32% is equal to the San Francisco population of 32%, which is a notable increase compared to the 2019 percentage of 28%. Meanwhile, men of color are 21% of appointees compared to 31% of the San Francisco population.

Figure 10: 12-Year Comparison of Representation of Women of Color on Policy Bodies



The following figures present the breakdown for appointees and the San Francisco population by race, ethnicity, and gender. Both white men and women are overrepresented, holding 24% and 20% of appointments, respectively, compared to 20% and 17% of the population. Asian men and women are slightly underrepresented with Asian women making up 15% of appointees compared to 17% of the population, while Asian men comprise 11% of appointees and 15% of the population. Latinx men and women are also slightly underrepresented, with Latinx men and women comprising 4% of appointees each and 7% of the population each. Black men and women are well-represented with Black women comprising 8% of appointees, compared to 2.4% of the general San Francisco population, and Black men comprising 4% of appointees,

compared to 2.5% of the general San Francisco population. Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander men and women, and multiracial women are below parity with the population. Similarly, although Native American and Alaska Native men and women make up only 0.4% of San Francisco's population, only one (0.3%) of the surveyed appointees identified as such.

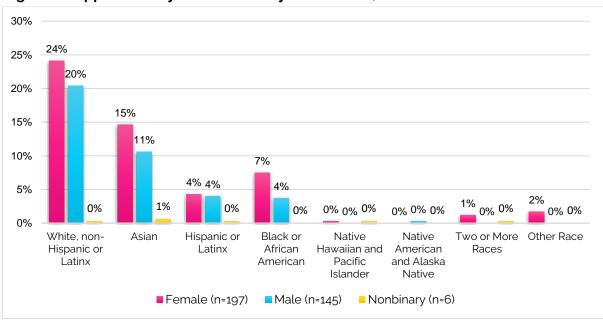
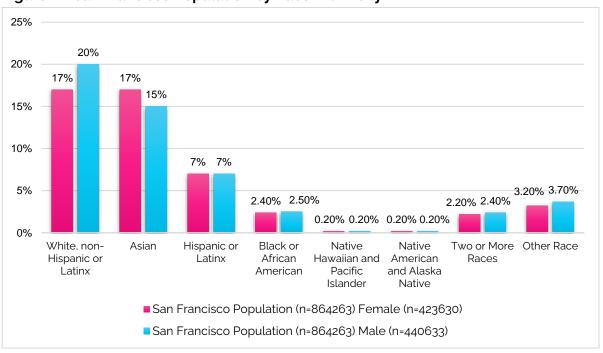


Figure 11: Appointees by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2021





D. LGBTQIA+ Identity

LGBTQIA+ identity data was collected from 334 participants, or 96% of the surveyed appointees. This is a notable increase in data on LGBTQIA+ identity compared to previous reports. Due to limited and outdated information on the population of the LGBTQIA+ community in San Francisco, it is difficult to adequately assess the representation of the LGBTQIA+ community. However, compared to available San Francisco, greater Bay Area, and national data, the LGBTQIA+ community is well represented on San Francisco policy bodies. Recent research estimates the California LGBTQIA+ population is 5.3%. The LGBTQIA+ population of the San Francisco and greater Bay Area is estimated to rank the highest of U.S. cities at 6.2%,7 while a 2006 survey found that 15.4% of adults in San Francisco identify as LGBTQIA+8.

Of the appointees who responded to this question, 23% identify as LGBTQIA+ and 77% identify as straight or heterosexual. Of the LGBTQIA+ appointees, 56% identify as gay/lesbian, 20% as bisexual, 9% as queer, 9% as transgender, 2% as questioning, and 4% as other LGBTQIA+ identities. Data on LGBTQIA+ identity by race was not captured. Efforts to capture data on LGBTQIA+ identity by race for future reports would enable more intersectional analysis.

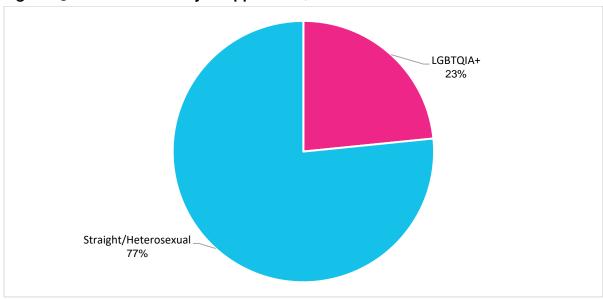


Figure 13: LGBTQIA+ Identity of Appointees, 2021

⁷ Gary J. Gates and Frank Newport, "San Francisco Metro Area Ranks Highest in LBGT Percentage," GALLUP (March 20, 2015) https://news.gallup.com/poll/182051/san-francisco-metro-area-ranks-highest-

⁶ https://williamsinstitute.law.ucla.edu/publications/adult-lgbt-pop-us/

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⁸ Gary J. Gates, "Same Sex Couples and the Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual Population: New Estimates from the American Community Survey," The Williams Institute on Sexual Orientation Law and Public Policy, UCLA School of Law (2006).

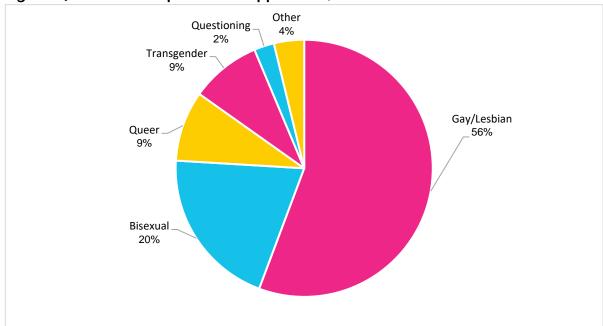
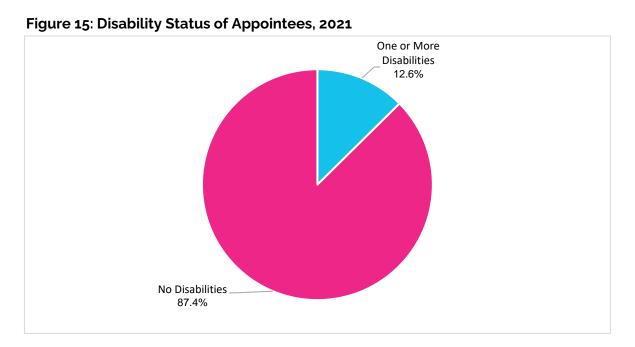


Figure 14: LGBTQIA+ Population of Appointees, 2021

E. Disability Status

Overall, more than one in twenty adults in San Francisco live with one or more disabilities. Data on Disability Status was obtained from nearly 100% of the appointees who participated in the survey. 12.6% of participating appointees reported to have one or more disabilities. Of these appointees with one or more disabilities, 56% are women, 30% are men, 2% are trans women, 5% are trans men, and 7% are nonbinary individuals.



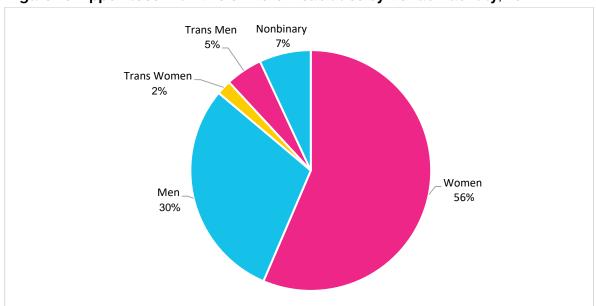


Figure 16: Appointees with One or More Disabilities by Gender Identity, 2021

F. Veteran Status

Overall, 2.7% of the adult population in San Francisco have served in the military. Data on Veteran status was obtained from 334 appointees who participated in the survey. Of the 334 appointees who responded to this question, 22% served in the military. Men comprise 47.2% and women make up 51.4% of the total number of Veteran appointees. Of participating appointees, 1.4% are nonbinary individuals. Veteran status data on transgender and gender-nonconforming individuals in San Francisco is currently unavailable. The vast increase of appointees with military service compared to 2019's 7.1% of appointees is likely due to the change in wording in the 2021 Gender Analysis Report from previous years, which defines an appointee with Veteran status as someone with a spouse or direct family member who has served, as opposed to only oneself or their spouse. This change was implemented based on feedback from prior reports. Future analyses may want to ask separate questions regarding one's personal experience with military service and one's familial ties to military service, in order to distinguish the most accurate and aggregated data results.

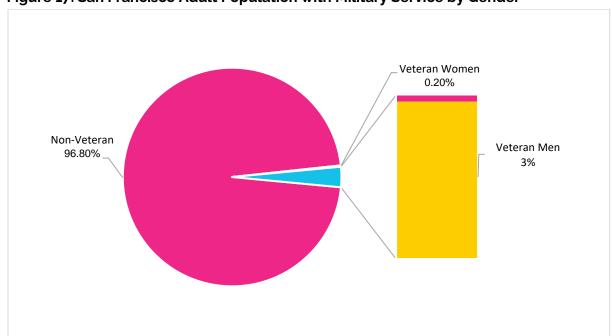


Figure 17: San Francisco Adult Population with Military Service by Gender*

*This graph is from the 2019 Gender Analysis Report. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, updated data on the gendered population of Veterans in San Francisco is unavailable. This graph fails to identify nonbinary individuals with military experience. However, this graph highlights the gender disparity amongst male and female Veterans, with only 0.2% identifying as women.

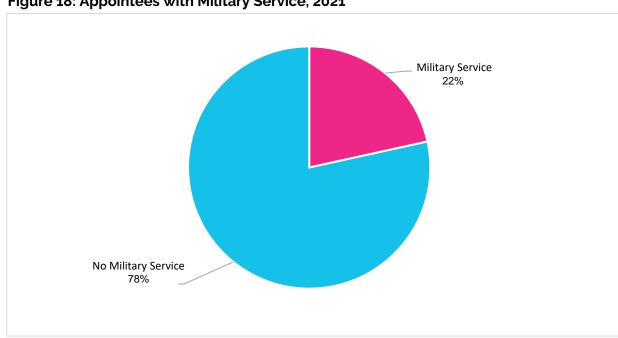


Figure 18: Appointees with Military Service, 2021

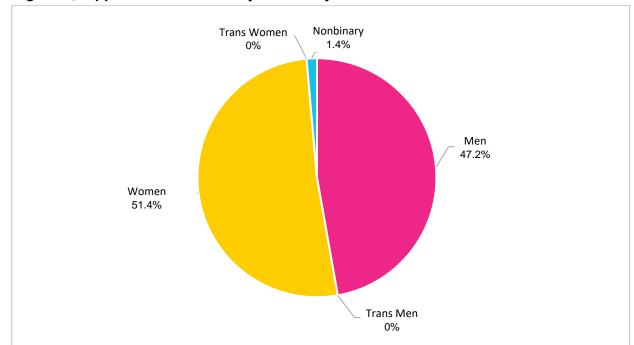


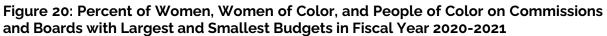
Figure 19: Appointees with Military Service by Gender, 2021

G. Policy Bodies by Budget

This 2021 Gender Analysis Report examines the demographic representativeness of policy bodies by budget size. Budget size is used as a proxy for influence. Although this report has expanded the scope of analysis to include more policy bodies compared to previous reports, this section of analysis was limited to Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members file financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission.

Overall, appointees from the 10 **largest** budgeted Commissions and Boards are 44% people of color, 43% women, and 21% women of color. Appointees from the 10 **smallest** budgeted Commissions and Boards are 43% people of color, 48% women, and 29% women of color.

Representation for women, women of color, and overall people of color is below parity with the population on both the 10 smallest and 10 largest budgeted bodies. The representation of women and women of color is greater on smaller budgeted policy bodies by 5% and 8%, respectively. The representation of people of color is 1% higher on Commissions and Boards with the largest budgets.



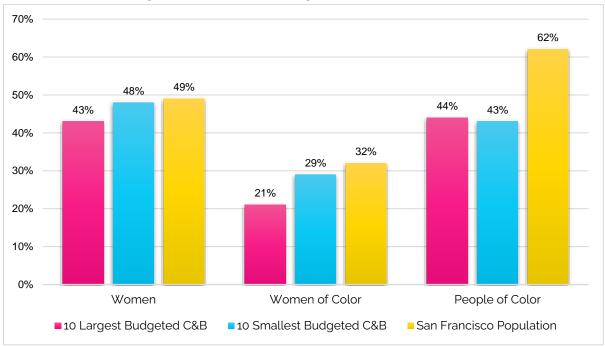


Figure 21: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Largest Budgets, 2021

Policy Body	FY20-21 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	Response Rate	Women	Women of Color	People of Color
Health Commission	\$2.7B	7	7	100%	71%	43%	71%
Public Utilities Commission	\$1.43B	5	5	60%	20%	20%	20%
Airport Commission	\$1.37B	5	5	100%	40%	0%	40%
MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission	\$1.26B	7	6	50%	33%	33%	50%
Human Services Commission	\$604M	5	5	100%	20%	0%	60%
Aging and Adult Services Commission	\$435M	7	7	86%	71%	29%	43%
Fire Commission	\$414M	5	5	100%	40%	20%	60%
Library Commission	\$341B	7	7	100%	71%	43%	71%
Recreation and Park Commission	\$231.6M	7	7	43%	29%	14%	29%
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	\$171.5M	11	7	14%	14%	0%	0%
Total	\$8.9B	66	61	74%	58%	29%	60%

Figure 22: Demographics of Commissions and Boards with Smallest Budgets, 2021

Policy Body	FY20-21 Budget	Total Seats	Filled Seats	Response Rate	Women	Women of Color	People of Color
Commission on the Status of Women	\$9M	7	7	100%	100%	86%	86%
Ethics Commission	\$6.5M	5	4	25%	25%	25%	25%
Small Business Commission	\$3.5M	7	7	43%	14%	0%	14%
Film Commission	\$1.5M	11	11	100%	45%	27%	45%
Civil Service Commission	\$1.3M	5	5	100%	60%	20%	40%
Entertainment Commission	\$1.2M	7	7	100%	29%	14%	43%
Board of Appeals	\$1.2M	5	5	100%	40%	20%	60%
Assessment Appeals Board No.1	\$701,348	8	6	100%	50%	0%	17%
Local Agency Formation Commission	\$427,685	7	4	50%	50%	50%	50%
Sunshine Ordinance Task Force	\$172,373	11	9	89%	56%	44%	44%
Total	\$25.5M	73	65	86%	56%	35%	51%

H. Comparison of Advisory Body and Commission and Board Demographics

The comparison of the two policy body categories in this section provides another proxy for influence. Commissions and Boards whose members file disclosures of economic interest have greater decision-making authority in San Francisco than Advisory Bodies whose members do not file economic interest disclosures. The percentages of total women, LGBTQIA+ people, people with disabilities, and women of color are larger for total appointees on Advisory Bodies. However, the percentages of Veterans on Commissions and Boards slightly exceeds the percentage on Advisory Bodies, and both Commissions and Boards and Advisory Bodies have 53% people of color.

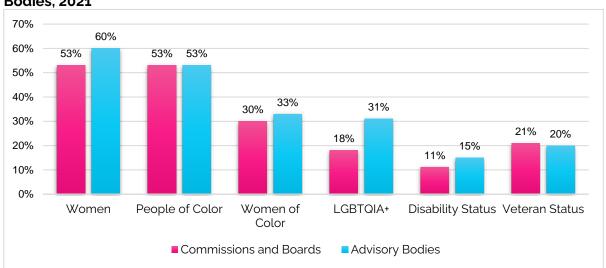


Figure 23: Demographics of Appointees on Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies, 2021

I. Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees

Figure 24 compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color for appointments made by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointments are more diverse, and consist of more women, women of color, and people of color compared to Supervisorial appointments. Mayoral appointments include 60% women, 37% women of color, and 59% people of color, while Supervisorial appointments are 56% women, 36% women of color, and 58% people of color. The total of all approving authorities combined average out at 55% women, 32% women of color, and 54% people of color. This disparity in diversity between Mayoral and Supervisorial appointments may be due in part to the appointment selection process for each authority. The 11-member Board of Supervisors only sees applicants for specific bodies through the 3- member Rules Committee or by designees, stipulated in legislation (e.g., "renter," "landlord," "consumer advocate"), whereas the Mayor typically has the ability to take total appointments into account during selections, and can therefore better address gaps in diversity.

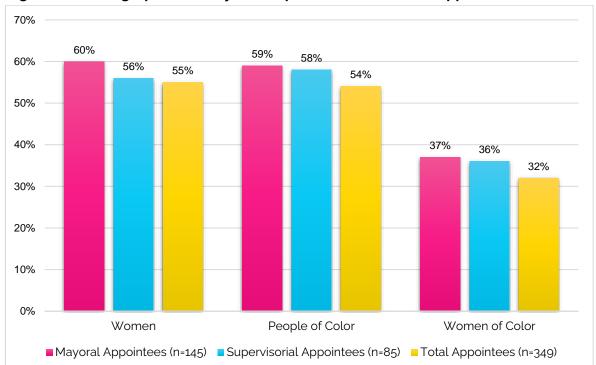


Figure 24: Demographics of Mayoral, Supervisorial, and Total Appointees, 2021

J. Religious Affiliations

The 2021 Gender Analysis Report collected data on religious affiliations to fully examine the demographics and representation of appointees. This is the first-year religious affiliations have been examined. Figure 25 illustrates the religious demographics of appointees, with the largest number of appointees identifying as Christian (30%), and the smallest number of appointees identifying as Hindu (1%) or Muslim (1%).

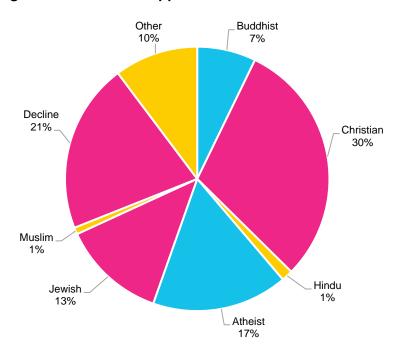


Figure 25: Religious Affiliations of Appointees, 2021

III. Methodology and Limitations

This report focuses on City and County of San Francisco Commissions, Boards, task forces, councils, and committees that have the majority of members appointed by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and have jurisdiction limited to the City. The 2021 Gender Analysis Report reflects data from the policy bodies that provided information to the Department on the Status of Women through digital survey. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the normal outreach method of paper surveys and in-person meetings was unavailable, ultimately leaving all survey outreach and correspondence to be conducted online. Unfortunately, obtaining the data strictly online had a significant negative impact on participation rates. Following initial email outreach, policy bodies were contacted three to five times via email and phone, including two emails to Department Heads from Department on the Status of Women Director, Kimberly Ellis. All possible measures were taken to obtain accurate and complete data. While participation rates are lower than the 2019 Gender Analysis Report, this report features the most diverse individual responses, as well as participation of the largest number of Commission and Boards and Advisory Bodies to date.

Data was requested from 109 policy bodies and acquired from 92 of those bodies, a total of 349 appointees. Comparatively, the 2019 Gender Analysis Report received data from 84 policy bodies (380 Commission and Boards and 389 Advisory Bodies), a total of 741 total appointees. A Commissioner or Board member's gender identity, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, Disability Status, Veteran Status, or religious affiliations were among data elements collected on a *voluntary* basis. Therefore, responses were incomplete or unavailable for some appointees but are included to the extent possible.

As the fundamental objective of this report is to surface patterns of underrepresentation, every attempt has been made to reflect accurate and complete information in this report. Data for some policy bodies was incomplete, and all appointees who responded were included in the total demographic categories. Only policy bodies with full data on gender and race for all appointees were included in sections comparing demographics of individual bodies. It should be noted that for policy bodies with a small number of members, the change of a single individual greatly impacts the percentages of demographic categories. This should be kept in mind when interpreting these percentages.

Several changes were made to the survey questions since the 2019 Gender Analysis Report with the goal of distinguishing all possible areas of underrepresentation. In addition to updating SOGI (sexual orientation and gender identity) categories to align with the latest classifications used by the Office of Transgender Initiatives, the 2021 Gender Analysis Report expanded its classification of Veteran Status to include individuals with close family members that have served, as opposed to only oneself or their spouse. This addition to Veteran Status was adopted based on feedback from previous reports.

As acquiring data was the biggest limitation of this report, ensuring participation from all policy bodies could significantly improve or further efforts to address underrepresentation. Some methods of guaranteeing participation include surveying all appointees during their initial onboarding training with the City, as well as relying on paper/in-person survey outreach for future reports.

The surveyed policy bodies fall under two categories designated by the San Francisco Office of the City Attorney document entitled List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute.⁹ This document separates San Francisco policy bodies into two different categories. The first category includes Commissions and Boards with decision-making authority and whose members are required to submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. The second category encompasses Advisory Bodies whose members do not submit financial disclosures with the Ethics Commission. Depending on the analysis criteria in each section of this report, the surveyed policy bodies and appointees are either examined comprehensively as a whole or examined separately in the two categories designated by the Office of the City Attorney.

Data from the U.S. Census American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates provides a comparison to the San Francisco population. Due to census data not being collected during COVID-19, updated demographic information on the general population of San Francisco was not available for years more recent than 2019. Comparisons of 2021 demographic data to data on the San Francisco population reference population data from previous years (2015-2019) and will be noted as such. Figures 26 and 27 in the Appendix display these population estimates by race/ethnicity and gender.

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[&]quot;List of City Boards, Commissions, and Advisory Bodies Created by Charter, Ordinance, or Statute," Office of the City Attorney, https://www.sfcityattorney.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Commission-List-08252017.pdf, (August 25, 2017).

Since the first Gender Analysis of Commissions and Boards in 2007, the representation of women appointees on San Francisco policy bodies has gradually increased. The 2021 Gender Analysis Report finds the percentage of women appointees is 55%, which exceeds the population of women in San Francisco.

When appointee demographics are analyzed by gender and race, the representation of women of color has increased to 32%, which is 4% higher than 2019 representation, matching the San Francisco population. Most notably, underrepresented are individuals identifying as Asian, making up 36% of the San Francisco population but only 26% of appointees, and Latinx-identifying individuals who make up 15% of the population but only 9% of appointees. Additionally, men of color are underrepresented at 21% of appointees relative to their San Francisco population, 31%.

Furthermore, when analyzing the demographic composition of larger and smaller budgeted Commissions and Boards, women of color are underrepresented on Commission and Boards with both the largest and smallest budgets. Women comprise 43% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies compared to the population of 49%, and women of color comprise 21% of total appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies, with the San Francisco population at 32%. Comparatively, women are 48% of total appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies, and women of color are 29% of appointees. However, the representation of people of color is higher on larger budgeted policy bodies by 1%. People of color make up 44% of appointees on the largest budgeted policy bodies and 43% of appointees on the smallest budgeted policy bodies compared to 54% of total appointees. The San Francisco population of people of color exceeds these percentages at 62%.

In addition to using budget size as a proxy for influence, this report analyzed demographic characteristics of appointees on Commissions and Boards who file disclosures of economic interest and have decision-making authority and appointees on Advisory Bodies who do not file economic interest disclosures. Over half (60%) of appointees on Advisory Bodies are women, while 53% of appointees on Commissions and Boards are women. Ultimately, women comprise a higher percentage of appointees on Advisory Bodies compared to Commissions and Boards.

The 2021 Gender Analysis Report found a relatively high representation of LGBTQIA+ individuals on San Francisco policy bodies. For the appointees that provided LGBTQIA+ identity information, 23% identify as LGBTQIA+ with the largest subset identifying as gay or lesbian (56%), 16% of appointees from the largest budgeted policy bodies identify as LGBTQIA+, and 17% from the smallest budgeted bodies. However, there is a significant difference of LGBTQIA+ representation when comparing Commissions and Boards (18%) and Advisory Bodies (31%). The representation of appointees with disabilities is 13%, slightly exceeding the 12% population. Veterans are highly represented on San Francisco policy bodies at 22% compared to the Veteran population of 2.7%, which could be due to differences in each source's classification of Veteran Status.

Additionally, this report evaluates and compares the representation of women, women of color, and people of color appointees by the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and by the total of

all approving authorities combined. Mayoral appointees include 60% women, 37% women of color, and 59% people of color, which overall is more diverse by gender and race compared to both Supervisorial appointees and total appointees.

This report is intended to advise the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, and other appointing authorities, as they select appointments to policy bodies for the City and County of San Francisco. In the spirit of the 2008 City Charter Amendment that establishes this biennial Gender Analysis Report requirement and the importance of diversity on San Francisco policy bodies, efforts to address gaps in diversity and inclusion should remain at the forefront when making appointments, in order to accurately reflect the population of San Francisco.

The San Francisco Department on the Status of Women would like to thank the various Policy Body members, Commission secretaries, and Department staff who graciously assisted in collecting demographic data and providing information about their respective policy bodies, particularly Department Interns Charly De Nocker and Brooklynn McPherson for the data collection and analysis of this report.

San Francisco Commission on the Status of Women

President Breanna Zwart Vice President Dr. Shokooh Miry Commissioner Sophia Andary Commissioner Sharon Chung Commissioner Dr. Anne Moses Commissioner Dr. Raveena Rihal Commissioner Ani Rivera

Kimberly Ellis, Director Department on the Status of Women

This report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports.

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Appendix

Figure 26: Policy Body Demographics, 2021

Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Access Appeals Commission	5	5	\$0	20%	0%	0%	100%
Advisory Committee of Street Artists and Craft Examiners	5	5	\$0	20%	20%	20%	20%
African American Reparations Committee	15	15	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Aging and Adult Services Commission	7	7	\$ 435,011,663	71%	29%	43%	86%
Airport Commission	5	5	\$ 1,370,000,000	40%	0%	40%	100%
Animal Control and Welfare Commission	7	7	\$0	29%	14%	29%	43%
Arts Commission	15	14	\$ 23,762,015	79%	57%	71%	100%
Asian Art Commission	27	26	\$ 10,200,000	50%	35%	54%	81%
Assessment Appeals Board No.1	8	6	\$ -	50%	0%	17%	100%
Assessment Appeals Board No.2	8	4	\$ -	0%	0%	50%	100%
Assessment Appeals Board No.3	8	3	\$ -	0%	0%	33%	67%
Ballot Simplification Committee	5	4	\$0	50%	0%	0%	75%
Bayview Hunters Point Citizens Advisory Committee	12	8	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Board of Appeals	5	5	\$ 1,177,452	40%	20%	60%	100%
Board Of Examiners	13	10	\$0	0%	0%	40%	90%
Building Inspection Commission	7	6	\$ 89,600,000	33%	0%	0%	50%
Cannabis Oversight Committee	16	16	\$0	19%	31%	38%	25%

Figure 26: Policy Body Demographics, 2021, Continued

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Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Central Subway Community Advisory Group	21	14	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Children and Families Commission (First 5)	9	8	\$ 31,019,003	75%	50%	50%	75%
Children, Youth, and Their Families Oversight and Advisory Committee	11	7	\$ 171,481,507	14%	0%	0%	14%
Citizen's Advisory Committee for the Central Market Street and Tenderloin Area	9	8	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Citizen's Committee on Community Development	9	8	\$ 27,755,465	63%	50%	50%	63%
Citizens General Obligation Bond Oversight Committee	9	6	\$0	50%	0%	17%	100%
City Hall Preservation Advisory Commission	5	5	\$0	0%	0%	0%	20%
Civil Service Commission	5	5	\$ 1,286,033	60%	20%	40%	100%
Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure	7	6	\$0	17%	17%	33%	50%
Commission on the Aging Advisory Council	22	14	\$0	21%	0%	0%	21%
Commission on the Environment	7	7	\$0	57%	29%	43%	86%
Commission on the Status of Women	7	7	\$ 9,089,928	100%	86%	86%	100%
Committee on Information Technology	17	17	\$ 22,934,703	12%	0%	6%	18%

Figure 26: Policy Body Demographics, 2021, Continued

Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Elections Commission	7	5	\$ 69,000	60%	20%	40%	100%
Entertainment Commission	7	7	\$0	29%	14%	43%	100%
Ethics Commission	5	4	\$ 6,500,000	25%	25%	25%	25%
Film Commission	11	11	\$0	45%	27%	45%	100%
Fire Commission	5	5	\$ 414,360,096	40%	20%	60%	100%
Health Commission	7	7	\$ 2,700,000,000	71%	43%	71%	100%
Health Service Board	7	7	\$ 16,500,000	14%	14%	14%	43%
Historic Preservation Commission	7	7	\$0	29%	14%	14%	71%
Historic Preservation Fund Committee	7	7	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Housing Authority Commission	7	5	\$ 55,800,000	20%	20%	20%	20%
Human Rights Commission	11	9	\$ 13,618,732	0%	0%	0%	0%
Human Services Commission	5	5	\$ 604,412,630	20%	0%	60%	100%
Immigrant Rights Commission	15	14	\$0	43%	36%	50%	57%
Juvenile Probation Commission	7	6	\$0	50%	33%	67%	83%
Library Commission	7	7	\$ 341,000,000	71%	43%	71%	100%
Local Agency Formation Commission	7	4	\$ 427,685	50%	50%	50%	50%
Local Homeless Coordinating Board	9	7	\$ 54,000,000	0%	0%	0%	0%
Long Term Care Coordinating Council	40	35	\$0	9%	3%	6%	14%
Mental Health Board	17	9	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
MTA Board of Directors and Parking Authority Commission	7	6	\$ 1,258,700,000	33%	33%	50%	50%

Figure 26: Policy Body Demographics, 2021, Continued

Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
Municipal Green Building Task Force	21	21	\$0	43%	24%	29%	67%
Municipal Transportation Agency Citizens' Advisory Council	15	13	\$0	15%	8%	8%	15%
Office of Early Care and Education Citizens' Advisory Committee	9	9	\$0	67%	33%	44%	78%
Paratransit Coordinating Council	40	25	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Park, Recreation, and Open Space Advisory Committee	23	19	\$0	26%	11%	11%	53%
Planning Commission	7	7	\$ 62,194,821	57%	29%	43%	71%
Police Commission	7	5	\$0	20%	20%	80%	100%
Port Commission	5	5	\$ 125,700,000	60%	40%	40%	60%
Public Utilities Citizen's Advisory Committee	17	14	\$0	21%	0%	14%	43%
Public Utilities Commission	5	5	\$ 1,433,954,907	20%	20%	20%	60%
Public Utilities Rate Fairness Board	7	4	\$0	25%	0%	25%	75%
Recreation and Park Commission	7	7	\$ 231,600,000	29%	14%	29%	43%
Reentry Council	7	5	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Rent Board Commission	10	10	\$ 9,381,302	10%	0%	30%	60%
Residential Users Appeal Board	3	2	\$ 900	0%	0%	0%	50%
Retire Health Care Trust Fund Board	5	5	\$ 70,000	0%	0%	0%	0%
Retirement System Board	7	7	\$ 90,000,000	14%	14%	29%	57%
Small Business Commission	7	7	\$ 3,505,244	14%	0%	14%	43%
SoMa Community Planning Advisory Committee	11	7	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%

Figure 26: Policy Body Demographics, 2021, Continued

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Policy Body*	Total Seats	Filled Seats	FY20-21 Budget	Women	Women of Color	People of Color	Survey Response Rate
SoMa Community Stabilization Fund Community Advisory Committee	14	10	\$0	0%	0%	10%	10%
Southeast Community Facility Commission	7	7	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Sunshine Ordinance Task Force	11	9	\$0	56%	44%	44%	89%
Sweatfree Procurement Advisory Group	11	6	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Transgender Advisory Committee	14	14	\$0	0%	0%	21%	36%
Treasure Island Development Authority	7	6	\$0	17%	17%	33%	50%
Urban Forestry Council	15	14	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Veterans Affairs Commission	17	16	\$ 150,000	0%	0%	0%	0%
War Memorial Board of Trustees	11	11	\$ 18,500,000	27%	18%	18%	45%
Workforce Investment Board	30	27	\$0	0%	0%	0%	0%
Youth Commission	17	17	\$0	41%	35%	71%	88%

^{*}Policy Bodies in bold are Commission and Boards, while unbolded bodies are Advisory Bodies.

Figure 27: San Francisco Population Estimates by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2017*

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Race/Ethnicity	То	tal	Fen	nale	Male		
Race/ Ethnicity	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent	
San Francisco County, California	864,263	-	423,630	49%	440,633	51%	
White, non-Hispanic or Latino	353,000	38%	161,381	17%	191,619	20%	
Asian	295,347	31%	158,762	17%	136,585	15%	
Hispanic or Latinx	131,949	14%	62,646	7%	69,303	7%	
Some Other Race	64,800	7%	30,174	3%	34,626	4%	
Black or African American	45,654	5%	22,311	2.4%	23,343	2.5%	
Two or More Races	43,664	5%	21,110	2.2%	22,554	2.4%	
Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander	3,226	0.3%	1,576	0.2%	1,650	0.2%	
Native American and Alaska Native	3,306	0.4%	1,589	0.2%	1,717	0.2%	

San Francisco Population estimates come from the 2017 and 2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. *Due to unavailable updated data on San Francisco population, the data used to represent the San Francisco population is from the 2019 Gender Analysis Report.



City and County of San Francisco Department on the Status of Women



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San Francisco Commission on the Status of Women

President Breanna Zwart Vice President Dr. Shokooh Miry Commissioner Sophia Andary Commissioner Sharon Chung Commissioner Dr. Anne Moses Commissioner Dr. Raveena Rihal Commissioner Ani Rivera

Kimberly Ellis, Director Department on the Status of Women

This report is available at the San Francisco Department on the Status of Women website, https://sfgov.org/dosw/gender-analysis-reports.

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