

File No. 221206

Committee Item No. 4

Board Item No. _____

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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Committee: Public Safety and Ngbh Services

Date: Sept. 28, 2023

Board of Supervisors Meeting:

Date: _____

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- AB 1594 071222
- Referral FYI 120622
- Referral YC 120622
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Prepared by: Stephanie Cabrera

Date: September 20, 2023

Prepared by: _____

Date: _____

Prepared by: _____

Date: _____

1 [Urging Creation of Programming and Resources for Victims of Gun Violence]

2

3 **Resolution urging the San Francisco Department of Public Health to create a program**
4 **to provide resources and education for victims of gun violence regarding their rights to**
5 **file lawsuits against gun manufacturers in accordance to California State Assembly Bill**
6 **No. 1594.**

7

8 WHEREAS, Gun violence disproportionately affects Black and Brown communities in
9 San Francisco; and

10 WHEREAS, These shootings resulted in 113 victims injured by gun violence and 26
11 victims killed by gun violence; and

12 WHEREAS, Gun violence disproportionately affects Black and Brown communities in
13 San Francisco; and

14 WHEREAS, According to San Francisco Police Department data, from 2017
15 to 2020, 67% of victims killed by gun violence in San Francisco were Black and Latino men;
16 and

17 WHEREAS, According to San Francisco Police Department data, the total population
18 of Black and Brown residents in the City and County of San Francisco is below ten percent;
19 and

20 WHEREAS, Gun violence disproportionately affects young adults and children in the
21 City and County of San Francisco; and

22 WHEREAS, According to San Francisco Police Department data, in San
23 Francisco, 45% of gun violence homicide victims are under the age of 35; and

24 WHEREAS, According to San Francisco Police Department Data, in San
25 Francisco, 78% of victims injured by gun Violence are under the age of 35; and

1 WHEREAS, According to reporting by the Washington Post, nationally, Black men
2 make up 52% of all gun homicide victims, despite comprising less than 6% of the population;
3 and

4 WHEREAS, According to the UCSF Wraparound Project, in the United States, for
5 every homicide by gun violence, 100 others are injured by gun violence, and an estimated
6 cost of care for victims of gun violence in the United States is \$264 billion annually; and

7 WHEREAS, According to the Giffords Center against Gun Violence, over 110 people
8 die from gun violence every day in the United States; and

9 WHEREAS, According to the National Gun Violence Archive there were 690 mass
10 shootings in the United States in 2021, and there have been 617 mass shootings so far
11 in 2022; and

12 WHEREAS, Nationwide, we have seen hate based mass shootings rise, in March 2021
13 there were 8 people killed in Atlanta, in what was determined to be motivated by anti-Asian
14 hate; and

15 WHEREAS, In May 2022, a White-Supremacist shooter targeted a market in Buffalo,
16 New York motivated by hatred for African-Americans, killing ten people; and

17 WHEREAS, In November 2022, a shooter motivated by hate for the LGBTQ+
18 community targeted a club hosting a drag event in Colorado Springs, Colorado, killing five
19 people; and

20 WHEREAS, According to reporting by the Washington Post, between 2020 and 2021
21 there was a record 43 million firearms purchased in the United States; and

22 WHEREAS, According to reporting by National Public Radio (NPR), since 2020 gun
23 manufacturers have earned over \$3 billion dollars in profits from reported gun sales in the
24 United States; and

25

1 WHEREAS, This year, families from Sandy Hook Elementary sued Remington claiming
2 that the manufacturer’s marketing of the AR-15-style rifle appealed to troubled men, like the
3 shooter who killed 26 people including children and teachers, violating Connecticut state law
4 and resulted in a \$73 million settlement; and

5 WHEREAS, On July 12, 2022, Governor Gavin Newsom signed into law Assembly Bill
6 No. 1594 (AB 1594), on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 221206,
7 which is hereby declared to be a part of this Resolution as if set forth fully herein, creating a
8 path for private citizens and local governments to sue gun manufacturers for the harm their
9 products cause when they do not follow California gun laws as allowed under federal law; and

10 WHEREAS, California law requires rigorous background checks to purchase a gun,
11 prevents straw purchases, requires the sale of safety devices with each firearm and bans the
12 sale or manufacturing of assault weapons; now, therefore, be it

13 RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco
14 urges the San Francisco Department of Public Health to establish a program to provide
15 services and information for victims of gun violence to their rights relating to AB 1594 in the
16 City and County of San Francisco beginning on January 1, 2023; and, be it

17 FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San
18 Francisco urges the San Francisco Department of Public Health to expand existing violence
19 prevention programs to include a program to support victims of gun violence in San Francisco
20 and provide information and resources relating to rights afforded by AB 1594 and work with
21 the City Attorney’s office the City Administrators’ Office, and the Mayor’s Budget Office to
22 identify funding and staffing as necessary.

23
24
25

Assembly Bill No. 1594

CHAPTER 98

An act to add Title 20 (commencing with Section 3273.50) to Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code, relating to firearms.

[Approved by Governor July 12, 2022. Filed with Secretary of State July 12, 2022.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1594, Ting. Firearms: civil suits.

Existing law generally regulates the transfer and possession of firearms. Existing law also provides for various private rights of action. Existing law also provides that specified unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices are unlawful. Existing law also makes false advertising unlawful.

This bill, beginning on July 1, 2023, would establish a firearm industry standard of conduct, which would require a firearm industry member, as defined, to establish, implement, and enforce reasonable controls, as defined, take reasonable precautions to ensure that the member does not sell, distribute, or provide a firearm-related product, as defined, to a downstream distributor or retailer of firearm-related products who fails to establish, implement, and enforce reasonable controls, and adhere to specified laws pertaining to unfair methods of competition, unfair or deceptive acts or practices, and false advertising. The bill would also prohibit a firearm industry member from manufacturing, marketing, importing, offering for wholesale sale, or offering for retail sale a firearm-related product that is abnormally dangerous and likely to create an unreasonable risk of harm to public health and safety in California, as specified.

This bill would also authorize a person who has suffered harm in California, the Attorney General, or city or county attorneys to bring a civil action against a firearm industry member for an act or omission in violation of the firearm industry standard of conduct, as specified. The bill would authorize a court that determines that a firearm industry member has engaged in the prohibited conduct to award various relief, including injunctive relief, damages, and attorney's fees and costs.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. This act shall be known, and may be cited, as the Firearm Industry Responsibility Act.

SEC. 2. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

(a) The Legislature's intent and purpose in enacting the Firearm Industry Responsibility Act is to protect public health and safety in California by promoting safe and responsible firearm industry member practices and ensuring that firearm industry members may be held justly accountable for wrongful conduct that endangers and harms the public in California.

(b) Firearm industry members' business conduct has enormous direct and secondary impacts on individuals, families, and communities across California. Firearm industry members profit from the sale, manufacture, distribution, importing, or marketing of lethal products, and products designed to be used with and for lethal products, that are frequently used to threaten, injure, and kill human beings in California, and which frequently cause enormous harms to individuals' and communities' health, safety, and well-being, as well as economic opportunity and vitality.

(c) The firearm industry has long been made aware of these harms, and has been called on to adopt reasonably feasible and effective reforms to their business practices to prevent or minimize those harms, but many firearm industry members have failed to do so.

(d) California has adopted critical laws regulating aspects of the firearm industry. However, some members of the firearm industry have continued to develop dangerous business practices and to manufacture, sell, distribute, and market increasingly dangerous new products designed to circumvent and undermine these laws. That purpose has often been explicit in advertisements for products ranging from unserialized ghost gun build kits to bump stocks to bullet button assault weapons, and many more.

(e) Accordingly, the Legislature finds that it is necessary to proactively establish an affirmative obligation that firearm industry members meet a reasonable standard of conduct, and face civil liability for harms caused by knowing violations of that standard, including when those violations do not constitute criminal conduct.

(f) Many other industries are required to adopt reasonable controls that are reasonably feasible and effective at preventing foreseeable and substantial risks to the public, including the illicit use of their products. The Firearm Industry Responsibility Act is intended to bring regulation of firearm industry members who conduct business in California, who sell their products to California consumers, and who have reason to believe that their products will be sold or possessed in California, closer in line with these widely accepted public health and safety standards.

(g) Firearm industry members' failures to adopt reasonable controls to protect public health and safety have led to foreseeable and grave public harms that could have been reasonably prevented with minimal cost or effort.

(h) Such failures also provide an unfair business advantage to irresponsible firearm industry members over more responsible competitors who take reasonable precautions to protect human life and well-being.

(i) The Legislature intends to ensure a level playing field for responsible firearm industry members, incentivize firearm industry members to take reasonable steps to protect public health and safety, and ensure that members

of the California public who are harmed by a firearm industry member's violation of law, and public officials acting on behalf of the people of California, may bring legal action to seek appropriate justice and fair remedies for those harms in court.

SEC. 3. Title 20 (commencing with Section 3273.50) is added to Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code, to read:

TITLE 20. FIREARM INDUSTRY RESPONSIBILITY ACT

3273.50. As used in this title, the following definitions apply:

(a) "Ammunition" has the same meaning as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 16150 of the Penal Code.

(b) "Firearm" has the same meaning as provided in subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 16520 of the Penal Code.

(c) "Firearm accessory" means an attachment or device designed or adapted to be inserted into, affixed onto, or used in conjunction with a firearm that is designed, intended, or functions to alter or enhance the firing capabilities of a firearm, the lethality of the firearm, or a shooter's ability to hold and use a firearm.

(d) "Firearm-related product" means a firearm, ammunition, a firearm precursor part, a firearm component, and a firearm accessory that meets any of the following conditions:

(1) The item is sold, made, or distributed in California.

(2) The item is intended to be sold or distributed in California.

(3) The item is or was possessed in California and it was reasonably foreseeable that the item would be possessed in California.

(e) "Firearm precursor part" has the same meaning as provided in Section 16531 of the Penal Code.

(f) "Firearm industry member" shall mean a person, firm, corporation, company, partnership, society, joint stock company, or any other entity or association engaged in the manufacture, distribution, importation, marketing, wholesale, or retail sale of firearm-related products.

(g) "Reasonable controls" means reasonable procedures, acts, or practices that are designed, implemented, and enforced to do the following:

(1) Prevent the sale or distribution of a firearm-related product to a straw purchaser, a firearm trafficker, a person prohibited from possessing a firearm under state or federal law, or a person who the firearm industry member has reasonable cause to believe is at substantial risk of using a firearm-related product to harm themselves or another or of possessing or using a firearm-related product unlawfully.

(2) Prevent the loss or theft of a firearm-related product from the firearm industry member.

(3) Ensure that the firearm industry member complies with all provisions of California and federal law and does not otherwise promote the unlawful manufacture, sale, possession, marketing, or use of a firearm-related product.

3273.51. (a) A firearm industry member shall comply with the firearm industry standard of conduct. It shall be a violation of the firearm industry standard of conduct for a firearm industry member to fail to comply with any requirement of this section.

(b) A firearm industry member shall do both of the following:

(1) Establish, implement, and enforce reasonable controls.

(2) Take reasonable precautions to ensure that the firearm industry member does not sell, distribute, or provide a firearm-related product to a downstream distributor or retailer of firearm-related products who fails to establish, implement, and enforce reasonable controls.

(c) A firearm industry member shall not manufacture, market, import, offer for wholesale sale, or offer for retail sale a firearm-related product that is abnormally dangerous and likely to create an unreasonable risk of harm to public health and safety in California. For the purposes of this subdivision, the following shall apply:

(1) A firearm-related product shall not be considered abnormally dangerous and likely to create an unreasonable risk of harm to public health and safety based on a firearm's inherent capacity to cause injury or lethal harm.

(2) There shall be a presumption that a firearm-related product is abnormally dangerous and likely to create an unreasonable risk of harm to public health and safety if any of the following is true:

(A) The firearm-related product's features render the product most suitable for assaultive purposes instead of lawful self-defense, hunting, or other legitimate sport and recreational activities.

(B) The firearm-related product is designed, sold, or marketed in a manner that foreseeably promotes conversion of legal firearm-related products into illegal firearm-related products.

(C) The firearm-related product is designed, sold, or marketed in a manner that is targeted at minors or other individuals who are legally prohibited from accessing firearms.

(d) A firearm industry member shall not engage in any conduct related to the sale or marketing of firearm-related products that is in violation of the following sections:

(1) Paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), or (9) of subdivision (a) of Section 1770.

(2) Section 17200 of the Business and Professions Code.

(3) Section 17500 of the Business and Professions Code.

(4) Section 17508 of the Business and Professions Code.

3273.52. (a) An act or omission by a firearm industry member in violation of the firearm industry standard of conduct set forth in Section 3273.51 shall be actionable under this section.

(b) A person who has suffered harm in California because of a firearm industry member's conduct described by subdivision (a) may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction.

(c) (1) The Attorney General may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction in the name of the people of the State of California to enforce this title and remedy harm caused by a violation of this title.

(2) A city attorney may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction in the name of the people of that city to enforce this title and remedy harm caused by a violation of this title.

(3) A county counsel may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction in the name of the people of that county to enforce this title and remedy harm caused by a violation of this title.

(d) If a court determines that a firearm industry member engaged in conduct described by subdivision (a), the court may award any or all of the following:

(1) Injunctive relief sufficient to prevent the firearm industry member and any other defendant from further violating the law.

(2) Damages.

(3) Attorney's fees and costs.

(4) Any other appropriate relief necessary to enforce this title and remedy the harm caused by the conduct.

(e) (1) In an action alleging that a firearm industry member failed to establish, implement, and enforce reasonable controls in violation of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 3273.51, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the firearm industry member failed to implement reasonable controls if both of the following conditions are satisfied:

(A) The firearm industry member's action or failure to act created a reasonably foreseeable risk that the harm alleged by the claimant would occur.

(B) The firearm industry member could have established, implemented, and enforced reasonable controls to prevent or substantially mitigate the risk that the harm would occur.

(2) If the rebuttable presumption described by paragraph (1) is established, the firearm industry member has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the firearm industry member established, implemented, and enforced reasonable controls.

(f) An intervening act by a third party, including, but not limited to, criminal misuse of a firearm-related product, shall not preclude a firearm industry member from liability under this section.

3273.54. (a) This title shall not be construed or implied to limit or impair in any way the right of a person or entity to pursue a legal action under any other authority.

(b) This title shall not be construed or implied to limit or impair in any way an obligation or requirement placed on a firearm industry member by any other authority.

(c) This title shall be construed and applied in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the California and the United States Constitutions.

3273.55. This title shall become operative on July 1, 2023.

SEC. 4. If any provision of this act, or part of this act, any clause within this act, any combination of words within this act, or the application of any

provision or part or clause or combination of words of this act to any person or circumstance, is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining provisions, clauses, words, or applications of provisions, clauses, or words shall not be affected, but shall remain in full force and effect, and to this end the provisions of this measure are severable.

O

Youth Commission
City Hall ~ Room 345
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place



(415) 554-6446
(415) 554-6140 FAX

YOUTH COMMISSION MEMORANDUM

TO: John Carroll, Assistant Clerk, Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee

CC: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board
Alisa Somera, Legislative Deputy Director

FROM: 2022-2023 Youth Commission

DATE: Friday, December 30, 2022

RE: SUBJECT: REFERRAL FROM BOARD OF SUPERVISORS File No. 221206

At its in-person meeting on Monday, December 19th 2022 the Youth Commission took the following action:

1. Motion to Support File No. 221206 Resolution urging the San Francisco Department of Public Health to create a program to provide resources and education for victims of gun violence regarding their rights to file lawsuits against gun manufacturers in accordance with California State Assembly Bill No. 1594.

2. Questions and Recommendations to be presented by the Full Youth Commission:

Once the Department of Public Health has a program proposal, the Full Youth Commission would like to be consulted in their efforts for implementation and engaging youth.

Please do not hesitate to contact Youth Commissioners or Youth Commission staff (415) 554- 6446 with any questions. Thank you.

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Alondra Esquivel-Garcia, Director, Youth Commission

FROM: John Carroll, Assistant Clerk,
Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee

DATE: December 6, 2022

SUBJECT: LEGISLATIVE MATTER INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee has received the following legislation, introduced by Supervisor Chan on November 29, 2022. This item is being referred for comment and recommendation.

File No. 221206

Resolution urging the San Francisco Department of Public Health to create a program to provide resources and education for victims of gun violence regarding their rights to file lawsuits against gun manufacturers in accordance to California State Assembly Bill No. 1594.

Please return this cover sheet with the Commission's response to John Carroll, Assistant Clerk, Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee.

RESPONSE FROM YOUTH COMMISSION Date: 12/30/2022

 No Comment
 Recommendation Attached



Chairperson, Youth Commission

BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689
Tel. No. (415) 554-5184
Fax No. (415) 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. (415) 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Dr. Grant Colfax, Director, Department of Public Health
Anne Pearson, Deputy City Attorney, Office of the City Attorney
Carmen Chu, City Administrator
Tom Paulino, Liaison to the Board of Supervisors, Mayor's Office

FROM: John Carroll, Assistant Clerk, Public Safety and Neighborhood Services
Committee, Board of Supervisors

DATE: December 6, 2022

SUBJECT: LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee has received the following proposed legislation, introduced by Supervisor Chan on November 29, 2022:

File No. 221206

Resolution urging the San Francisco Department of Public Health to create a program to provide resources and education for victims of gun violence regarding their rights to file lawsuits against gun manufacturers in accordance to California State Assembly Bill No. 1594.

If you have any comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

c: Offices of Chair Mar and Supervisor Chan
Greg Wanger, Department of Public Health
Dr. Naveena Bobba, Department of Public Health
Sneha Patil, Department of Public Health
Ana Validzic, Department of Public Health
Ken Bukowski, Office of the City Administrator
Vivian Po, Office of the City Administrator
Angela Yip, Office of the City Administrator
Andres Power, Mayor's Office