

[Police Code - Tenderloin Retail Hours Restriction Pilot Program]

Ordinance amending the Police Code to create a two-year pilot program, during which retail food and tobacco establishments in a high-crime area of the Tenderloin police district are prohibited from being open to the public from 12:00 a.m. to 5:00 a.m., or from 2:00 a.m. to 5:00 a.m. if subject to regulation by the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control; and authorizing the Department of Public Health to impose administrative fines for violation of the hours restrictions; declaring an establishment's operation in violation of the hours restrictions to be a public nuisance; authorizing enforcement actions by the City Attorney; and creating a private right of action for persons harmed by a violation of the hours restriction.

NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain Arial font. **Additions to Codes** are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*. **Deletions to Codes** are in *strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*. **Board amendment additions** are in double-underlined Arial font. **Board amendment deletions** are in ~~Arial font~~. **Asterisks (* * * *)** indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. The Police Code is hereby amended by adding Article 58, consisting of Sections 5800 - 5813, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 58: TENDERLOIN RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT PILOT PROGRAM

SEC. 5800. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

(a) There is a worsening epidemic of opioid addiction and use in San Francisco, as in other major U.S. cities.

1 (b) San Francisco’s Tenderloin police district (the “Tenderloin”) has the City’s highest rate of
2 drug-related crime, including narcotics offenses and gun-related crimes frequently connected with drug
3 offenses. The Tenderloin is also home to a high density of low- and middle-income families, including
4 many families with children.

5 (c) The high rate of drug-related crime in the Tenderloin leads individuals and families that
6 live, work, and attend school in the neighborhood to believe they face health and safety risks, including
7 exposure to drugs, needles, human waste, uncontained refuse, and other hazardous materials that are
8 left on sidewalks and streets. People who live, work, and attend school in the neighborhood have also
9 expressed fear about exposure to drug sales and use, gunshots, physical assault and intimidation by
10 individuals or groups engaged in illegal activity, and property crimes such as theft and damage to
11 storefronts and vehicles.

12 (d) The prevalence of drug sales and use in the Tenderloin prompted the City to launch the
13 Drug Market Agency Coordinated Command, led by the Police Department, to coordinate City, state,
14 and federal resources to abate drug sales and use, and related criminal conduct, in the Tenderloin.

15 (e) Outdoor, public drug sales and use in the Tenderloin are common and cause particularly
16 acute public health and safety risks late at night (including in the very early hours of the morning),
17 when large groups gather in lighted areas adjacent to open retail food and tobacco businesses to
18 engage in drug sales and use.

19 (f) Large gatherings of people engaged in drug sales and use are particularly prevalent in the
20 area of the Tenderloin bounded to the north by O’Farrell Street, to the south by McAllister Street, to
21 the east by Jones Street, and to the west by Polk Street (an area referred to in this Article 58 as the
22 “Tenderloin Public Safety Area”). The Police Department has analyzed 2023 incident reports for
23 narcotics crimes and other crimes frequently connected with drug activity in the Tenderloin, and
24 determined that a relatively high concentration of these incidents between the hours of 12:00 a.m. and
25 5:00 a.m. were reported in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area. The Police Department has also

1 observed that, as compared with similar-sized areas in the City, including other areas in the
2 Tenderloin, the Tenderloin Public Safety Area has the highest concentration of large groups engaged in
3 drug sales and use in public, outdoor spaces during late night (which includes very early morning)
4 hours.

5 (g) Large groups of people engaged in drug sales and use in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area
6 generally form and congregate in the vicinity of retail businesses selling food and tobacco products
7 that are open to the public during those hours. By being open so late, these retail food and tobacco
8 establishments in effect facilitate the late nighttime drug market by providing a lighted gathering point
9 for drug users and dealers, by enabling drug user and dealers to take cover indoors to avoid police
10 patrols, and, in some cases, by selling tobacco, tobacco paraphernalia, and other retail goods used by
11 people engaged in drug use and sales.

12 (h) The Police Department compared 2023 data regarding narcotics offenses and other
13 serious crimes often connected with narcotics – including homicide, rape, robbery, assaults, and
14 shootings – that occurred between 12:00 a.m. and 5:00 a.m. in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area with
15 the same data from an area around Portsmouth Square in Chinatown. The selected Portsmouth Square
16 area is equivalent to the Tenderloin Public Safety Area in size and in its combination of commercial
17 and residential uses, but in contrast to the Tenderloin Public Safety Area, the Portsmouth Square area
18 has few or no retail food and tobacco businesses open to the public late at night. The Police
19 Department found that the rate of serious crime between 12:00 a.m. and 5:00 a.m. was significantly
20 higher in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area than in the Portsmouth Square area: Approximately 190
21 incidents of serious crime occurred in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area between 12:00 a.m. and 5:00
22 a.m. during 2023, as compared with approximately 30 such incidents in the targeted Portsmouth
23 Square area.

24 (i) The gatherings of large groups engaged in drug activity late at night in the Tenderloin
25 Public Safety Area present particular health and safety risks and give rise to feelings of insecurity and

1 fear on the part of local residents. The large groups contribute to property crimes and violent crime in
2 the area. They leave large amounts of debris on the streets and sidewalks, creating unsanitary
3 conditions. Residents living closest to congregation points for these groups, especially seniors and
4 families with children, have expressed that they are so anxious about the hostile conditions they
5 encounter on neighborhood sidewalks that they feel fearful to walk outdoors during the nighttime and
6 early morning hours, when they are likely to encounter these groups engaged in drug-related activity
7 and the debris generated by the groups. Residents must move past and through these large crowds in
8 order to access or leave their homes; they describe feeling threatened and unsafe.

9 (j) Large groups engaged in drug use and sales late at night also present serious challenges to
10 effective law enforcement. Large groups are difficult for the police to control and pose safety risks for
11 officers, as the people engaged in illegal activity typically outnumber police officers on patrol. It is
12 more difficult for police officers to observe and document behavior by individuals that would establish
13 the reasonable suspicion or probable cause required for officers to initiate enforcement actions when
14 individuals engaged in criminal conduct are embedded in a large crowd. Individuals are easily lost or
15 concealed in a crowd, particularly when the crowd is comprised of many people engaging in illegal
16 activity. And proximity to open retail businesses enables individuals engaged in criminal activity to
17 take cover inside the open retail business when a police patrol appears.

18 (k) The Office of the Mayor and the Police Department assert that Bbarring retail food
19 and tobacco establishments from being open to the public between 12:00 a.m. and 5:00 a.m. is likely to
20 yield public safety gains for local residents and visitors. Eliminating the nighttime safety problems is
21 likely to increase the overall vibrancy of the Tenderloin, which could yield economic benefits to
22 businesses impacted by the restriction on hours of operation.

23 (l) In spite of the Department of Health's 2022 Overdose Prevention Plan, which
24 committed to open multiple "Wellness Hubs" across San Francisco in various impacted
25 neighborhoods to reach people who use drugs, provide overdose prevention services, and

1 ultimately help improve street conditions in San Francisco, the City has not operated any such
2 sites since the closure of the Tenderloin Center, in December 2022.

3 (m) Some businesses in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area, as of June 2024, have
4 an active liquor license from the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC),
5 and are already highly regulated, required to close by 2:00 a.m., and required to adhere to
6 strict operating standards as a condition of their license.

7 (n) Based on the foregoing, tThe Office of the Mayor and the Police Department
8 assert that the requirements imposed in this Article 58 are likely to improve public safety in the
9 Tenderloin. This pilot program, prohibiting for two years retail food and tobacco establishments in the
10 Tenderloin Public Safety Area from being open to the public between 12:00 a.m. and 5:00 a.m., or
11 between 2:00 a.m. and 5:00 a.m. if they are ABC licensees, will enable the Police Department
12 and certain other City departments to evaluate the effectiveness of this restriction in improving
13 public safety in the Tenderloin. This will inform the judgment of the Police Department and
14 policymakers as to next steps to take to maintain public safety in the Tenderloin.

15 (o) While the restrictions in Article 58 may affect some businesses and may result in
16 some level of hardship for those businesses, the City, in reliance upon the judgment of the
17 Police Department, has determined that the potential benefits of these restrictions outweigh
18 the potential harms, as the restrictions are attempting to address the urgent needs and
19 conditions that exist in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area.

20 (p) To ensure positive investment in the community during the pilot program, the
21 City should ensure that community ambassadors, enhanced regular street and sidewalk
22 cleaning, and trash pickup are prioritized within the Tenderloin Public Safety Area.

23 (q) This Article 58 is not intended to limit the enforcement of other laws and
24 regulations by City departments, including but not limited to the City Attorney, Department of
25 Public Health, Police Department, and Sheriff's Office, to address the conditions noted herein,

1 and any state or federal agencies and regulators with jurisdiction to address matters that arise
2 within the Tenderloin Public Safety Area.

3 (r) The Board of Supervisors urges the Office of the Mayor, the Police Department,
4 and other City departments, as applicable, to continue to undertake enforcement efforts
5 during this pilot program against businesses that are engaged in conduct that is already
6 illegal, including illegal onsite gambling, fraud, and health and safety violations.

7
8 **SEC. 5801. DEFINITIONS.**

9 “ABC” shall mean the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.

10 “ABC Licensee” shall mean a Retail Establishment that holds an active license from the
11 ABC to sell liquor.

12 “City” shall mean the City and County of San Francisco.

13 “Director” shall mean the Director of the Department of Public Health, or the Director’s
14 designee.

15 “DPH” shall mean the Department of Public Health.

16 “OEWD” shall mean the Office of Economic and Workforce Development.

17 “Restricted Hours” shall mean the period between 4:00 a.m. and 5:00 a.m., seven days a
18 week, and including holidays for ABC Licensees, and between 12:00 a.m. and 5:00 a.m. for
19 Retail Establishments that do not hold an ABC License.

20 “Retail Establishment” shall mean any business in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area that
21 operates as either or both of the following: 1) a market that sells any prepackaged food items and/or
22 produce, including but not limited to any establishment that has or qualifies for a permit from the
23 Department of Public Health to operate as a Food Product and Marketing Establishment, as defined in
24 Section 440 of the Health Code; and/or 2) an establishment that sells any Tobacco Product, as defined
25 in Section 19H.2 of the Health Code.

1 “Tenderloin Public Safety Area” shall mean the area of the City bounded to the north by
2 O’Farrell Street, to the south by McAllister Street, to the east by Jones Street, and to the west by Polk
3 Street, including both sides of the boundary streets.

4
5 **SEC. 5802. ESTABLISHMENT OF TWO-YEAR PILOT PROGRAM TO PROHIBIT**
6 **OPERATION OF RETAIL ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE TENDERLOIN PUBLIC SAFETY**
7 **AREA DURING RESTRICTED HOURS.**

8 (a) For a two-year period beginning on the effective date of this Article 58, no Retail
9 Establishment as defined in section 5801 that is located in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area may
10 be open to the public during applicable Restricted Hours.

11 (b) At least 15 days prior to the start of the pilot program, DPH and OEWD shall
12 contact all Retail Establishments (including ABC Licensees) to explain the new restrictions
13 and restricted hours. Such contact shall be conducted in the appropriate language to ensure
14 that the operator of the establishment is able to understand the new restrictions. In addition,
15 OEWD shall create a way for businesses in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area to provide
16 feedback to the City regarding the pilot program, its enforcement, and its effects.

17
18 **SEC. 5803. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT – DEPARTMENTS.**

19 (a) Enforcing Department. This Article 58 shall be administered and enforced by the
20 Department of Public Health (DPH). The Director may adopt rules, regulations, and guidelines to
21 carry out the provisions and purposes of this Article.

22 (b) Supporting Department. The Police Department shall ensure that its members document
23 violations of Section 5802 in incident reports or other formats, such as body-worn camera footage,
24 provided those other formats capture the information typically included in an incident report, and shall
25 refer documented violations to DPH for enforcement. The Police Department shall assist in DPH’s

1 administrative enforcement as requested by DPH, including by providing incident reports or equivalent
2 documentation and other evidence when requested by DPH, and by making Police Department
3 members available to provide declarations and/or testimony at hearings when requested by DPH.

4
5 **SEC. 5804. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURE – NOTICE OF**
6 **VIOLATION, HEARING, AND ORDER.**

7 (a) If the Director determines that a Retail Establishment (including an ABC Licensee) has
8 violated Section 5802, the Director may issue a Notice of Violation to the Retail Establishment, the
9 owner of real property where the violation occurred, and/or other person(s) the Director deems
10 responsible for causing the violation (collectively, “Responsible Parties”). The issuance of the Notice
11 of Violation may be by hand delivery, registered mail, or electronic mail. The Notice of Violation may
12 be directed at one or more Responsible Parties; use herein of the singular term “Responsible Party” is
13 merely for ease of reference.

14 (b) The Notice of Violation shall include the following information:

15 (1) That the Director has determined that the Retail Establishment has operated in
16 violation of this Article 58;

17 (2) The alleged acts or failures to act that constitute the basis for the Director’s
18 determination;

19 (3) That the Director intends to take enforcement action against the Responsible Party,
20 and the nature of that action, including the administrative penalty and enforcement costs to be
21 imposed;

22 (4) That the Responsible Party has the right to request a hearing before the Director
23 within 15 days after the Notice of Violation is issued, which request must be made in writing.

24 (c) If no request for a hearing is filed with the Director within the appropriate period, the
25 right to request a hearing shall be deemed waived, and the Director’s determination shall become final

1 and effective 15 days after the Notice of Violation was issued. The Director shall issue an order
2 imposing the enforcement action, and shall send the order to the Responsible Parties by hand
3 delivery, registered mail, or electronic mail. In subsequent civil proceedings, such violations shall be
4 deemed not to have been corrected. The failure of the Responsible Party to request a hearing shall
5 constitute a failure to exhaust administrative remedies and shall preclude the Responsible Party from
6 obtaining judicial review of the validity of the enforcement action.

7 (d) Upon a timely request for a hearing, the Director shall, within 15 days of the request,
8 notify the Responsible Party of the date, time, and place of the hearing. Such notification may be made
9 by hand delivery, registered mail, or electronic mail. The Director shall make available to the
10 Responsible Party any evidence obtained in support of the Notice of Violation. Such hearing shall be
11 held no later than 60 days after the Director receives the request, unless time is extended by mutual
12 agreement of the Responsible Party and the Director.

13 (e) The Director shall serve as hearing officer and conduct the hearing, or the Director shall
14 designate another person to serve as hearing officer, who shall have the same authority as the Director
15 to hear and decide the case and make any orders consistent with this Article 58. The Responsible Party
16 may present evidence for consideration, subject to any rules adopted by the hearing officer for the
17 orderly conduct of the hearing. Within 60 days of the conclusion of the hearing, the hearing officer
18 shall render a decision in the form of a written order, which the Director shall promptly serve on the
19 Responsible Parties. Service of the written order may be made by hand delivery, registered mail, or
20 electronic mail. The order shall state whether the Notice of Violation has been upheld (in whole or in
21 part), and the enforcement action taken against each party.

22 (f) If the order directs the Responsible Party to pay an administrative penalty and/or
23 enforcement costs, such amount shall be paid within fifteen days from the mailing of the order; the
24 order shall inform the Responsible Party of such deadline for payment.

1 **SEC. 5805. VIOLATIONS, ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES, AND ENFORCEMENT**

2 **COSTS.**

3 (a) Violations Subject to Penalties. For purposes of assessing penalties for violation of
4 Section 5802, each one-hour period within Restricted Hours during which, at any time, a Retail
5 Establishment is open to the public in violation of Section 5802 is a separate violation. A Responsible
6 Party may not be cited or found civilly liable for multiple violations of Section 5802 in a single 12 a.m.-
7 to-5 a.m. period (or 2 a.m.-to 5-a.m. period in the case of ABC Licensees), unless (1) the
8 violations are at least one hour apart from one another, and (2) at the time of the preceding violation,
9 the Responsible Party receives warning of its violation of Section 5802 and continues to operate or
10 operates again in violation of Section 5802 after such warning has been given.

11 (b) Penalty Amounts. In setting the amount of the administrative penalty, which shall not
12 exceed \$1,000 per violation, the Director may consider any one or more mitigating or aggravating
13 circumstances presented, including, but not limited to, the following: the nature and seriousness of the
14 misconduct giving rise to the violation, the number of violations, the persistence of the misconduct, the
15 length of time over which the misconduct occurred, the willfulness of the Responsible Party's
16 misconduct, and the responsible party's assets, liabilities and net worth.

17 (c) Enforcement Costs. In any action where a violation is found, the Director shall assess
18 DPH's costs of enforcement against the Responsible Party.

19 (d) Payment and Collection of Administrative Penalty and Enforcement Costs. Any
20 administrative penalty and/or enforcement costs assessed under this Article 58 is a debt to the City and
21 shall be paid to the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Any amount paid late shall be
22 subject to an additional late fine of 10% on the unpaid amount. The sum of the unpaid amount and the
23 10% late fine shall accrue interest at the rate of 1% per month (or fraction thereof) until fully paid; any
24 partial payments made shall first be applied to accrued interest. The City may file a civil action or
25 pursue any other legal remedy to collect such unpaid amount, fine, and interest. In any civil action for

1 collection, the City shall be entitled to obtain a judgment for the unpaid amounts, fine, and interest, and
2 for the costs and attorneys' fees incurred by the City in bringing such civil action.

3 (e) Lien for Administrative Penalty. Where an activity or condition on San Francisco real
4 property has caused, contributed to, or been a substantial factor in causing the violation, the Director
5 may initiate proceedings to make any unpaid administrative penalty, enforcement costs, fine, and
6 interest, and all additional authorized costs and attorneys' fees, a lien on the property. Such liens shall
7 be imposed in accordance with Administrative Code Sections 10.230-10.237, or any successor
8 provisions. Before initiating lien proceedings, the Director shall send a request for payment under
9 Administrative Code Section 10.230A.

10
11 **SEC. 5806. PUBLIC NUISANCE.**

12 A Retail Establishment's operation in violation of Section 5802 shall be a public nuisance,
13 which may be remedied as provided by law, including, but not limited to, the provisions of Article 3
14 (commencing with Section 11570) of Chapter 10 of Division 10 of the California Health and Safety
15 Code.

16
17 **SEC. 5807. ENFORCEMENT BY CITY ATTORNEY.**

18 (a) The City Attorney may at any time institute civil proceedings for injunctive and monetary
19 relief, including civil penalties, against any Retail Establishment for violation of this Article 58, without
20 regard to whether the Director has issued a notice of violation, instituted abatement proceedings,
21 scheduled or held a hearing on a notice of violation, or issued a final decision.

22 (b) At any time, the Director may refer a case to the City Attorney's Office for civil
23 enforcement, but a referral is not required for the City Attorney to bring a civil action under subsection
24 (a).

1 (c) Action for Injunction and Civil Penalty. Any Retail Establishment that violates Section
2 5802 shall be enjoined and shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$1,000 per
3 violation, subject to the limitations set forth in Section 5805(a), above. Such penalty shall be assessed
4 and recovered in a civil action brought in the name of the people of the City and County of San
5 Francisco by the City Attorney in any court of competent jurisdiction. In assessing the amount of the
6 civil penalty, the court shall consider any one or more of the relevant circumstances presented by any
7 of the parties to the case, including but not limited to, the following: the nature and seriousness of the
8 misconduct giving rise to the violation, the number of violations, the persistence of the misconduct, the
9 length of time over which the misconduct occurred, the willfulness of the defendant's misconduct, and
10 the defendant's assets, liabilities and net worth.

11 (d) Attorneys' Fees. The City Attorney shall recover reasonable attorneys' fees if the City is
12 the prevailing party in any court case or special proceeding to enforce this Article 58 and if the City
13 Attorney elects, at the initiation of the action, to seek recovery of attorneys' fees and provides notice of
14 such intention to the adverse party or parties.

15 (e) Remedies under this Section 5807 are non-exclusive and cumulative to all other remedies
16 available at law or equity.

17
18 **SEC. 5808. PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.**

19 (a) Any Retail Establishment that violates Section 5802 may be liable for damages in a civil
20 action brought by any person that has been harmed by the Retail Establishment's operation in violation
21 of Section 5802. Such damages shall be in addition to any other rights and remedies that may be
22 available to the person bringing a civil action under this Section 5808.

23 (b) This Article 58 shall not create any private right of action against the City.
24
25

1 **SEC. 5809. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

2 Six months following the start of this pilot program, the Drug Market Agency
3 Coordination Center (“DMACC”) shall submit a report to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors,
4 along with a proposed resolution accepting the report. The report shall outline progress made
5 to address conditions in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area, including enforcement under
6 Article 58 and other City-led enforcement actions related to addressing the conditions noted in
7 Section 5800, including updates from DMACC, the City Attorney, DPH, the Police
8 Department, the Sheriff and any other entities working with the City. While the report may
9 include other details as departments see fit to include, the report shall at minimum include
10 information about how crime patterns and statistics have changed in the Tenderloin Public
11 Safety Area, number of enforcement actions under Article 58, other related enforcement
12 actions in the Tenderloin Public Safety Area, and reported calls for service during early
13 morning hours throughout the duration of the pilot program.

14 The report shall also include updates from OEWD about outreach efforts and any other
15 programs designed to help businesses within the Tenderloin Public Safety Area and an
16 overview of feedback from businesses regarding the effects of the pilot program.

17 A hearing shall be held on the matter by the Board of Supervisors or one of its
18 committees.

19
20 **SEC. 58105809. NO CONFLICT WITH FEDERAL OR STATE LAW.**

21 Nothing in this Article 58 shall be interpreted or applied so as to create any requirement,
22 power, or duty in conflict with any federal or state law.

23
24 **SEC. 58115840. UNDERTAKING FOR THE GENERAL WELFARE.**

1 In enacting and implementing this Article 58, the City is assuming an undertaking only to
2 promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an
3 obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach
4 proximately caused injury.

5
6 **SEC. 58125811. SEVERABILITY.**

7 If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this ordinance, or any
8 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a
9 decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining
10 portions or applications of the ordinance. The Board of Supervisors hereby declares that it would have
11 passed this ordinance and each and every section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, and word not
12 declared invalid or unconstitutional without regard to whether any other portion of this ordinance or
13 application thereof would be subsequently declared invalid or unconstitutional.

14
15 **SEC. 58135812. REMOVAL FROM CODE.**

16 At or after two years from the effective date of this ordinance, the City Attorney is authorized to
17 cause this Article 58 to be removed from the Administrative Code, unless it has been re-enacted or
18 extended by ordinance.

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24 Section 2. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after
25 enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the

1 ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board
2 of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

3
4 APPROVED AS TO FORM:
5 DAVID CHIU, City Attorney

6 By: /s/ Manu Pradhan for
7 SARAH CROWLEY
8 Deputy City Attorney

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City and County of San Francisco
Tails
Ordinance

City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

File Number: 240407

Date Passed: June 25, 2024

Ordinance amending the Police Code to create a two-year pilot program, during which retail food and tobacco establishments in a high-crime area of the Tenderloin police district are prohibited from being open to the public from 12:00 a.m. to 5:00 a.m., or from 2:00 a.m. to 5:00 a.m. if subject to regulation by the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control; authorizing the Department of Public Health to impose administrative fines for violation of the hours restrictions; declaring an establishment's operation in violation of the hours restrictions to be a public nuisance; authorizing enforcement actions by the City Attorney; and creating a private right of action for persons harmed by a violation of the hours restriction.

June 17, 2024 Land Use and Transportation Committee - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING NEW TITLE

June 17, 2024 Land Use and Transportation Committee - DUPLICATED AS AMENDED

June 17, 2024 Land Use and Transportation Committee - RECOMMENDED AS AMENDED AS A COMMITTEE REPORT

June 18, 2024 Board of Supervisors - PASSED ON FIRST READING


Ayes: 11 - Chan, Dorsey, Engardio, Mandelman, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani and Walton

June 25, 2024 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED


Ayes: 11 - Chan, Dorsey, Engardio, Mandelman, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani and Walton

File No. 240407

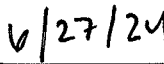
I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was **FINALLY PASSED** on 6/25/2024 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.



Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board



London N. Breed
Mayor



Date Approved