File No.	110546
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Committee	ltem	No.	
Board Item	No.		

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee:	Government Audit and Oversight	Date: July	14,201
Board of Su	pervisors Meeting	Date:	
Cmte Boa	rd		
	Motion Resolution		
	Ordinance Legislative Digest Budget Analyst Report		
	Legislative Analyst Report Introduction Form (for hearings)		
	Department/Agency Cover Letter an MOU	d/or Report	
	Grant Information Form Grant Budget		
	Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement (Approved as to Award Letter	o Form)	
	Application Public Correspondence		
OTHER □	(Use back side if additional space is Small Business Com: 35:00	needed)	etion
	S.F. Chamber of Comm		
Completed	by: Andrea S. Ausberry Date	July 7, 2	1011
Completed I	by: Date		

An asterisked item represents the cover sheet to a document that exceeds 25 pages. The complete document is in the file.

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Administrative Code by amending Sections 14.1, 14.3 and 14.4 of the Health Care Security Ordinance to provide that only amounts actually paid or irrevocably committed to pay for providing employee health care services shall satisfy the employer expenditure requirements of the Ordinance, add an employee notification requirement, and to modify penalty provisions.

NOTE:

Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman</u>; deletions are <u>strike-through italics Times New Roman</u>. Board amendment additions are <u>double-underlined</u>; Board amendment deletions are <u>strikethrough normal</u>.

Section 1. The San Francisco Administrative Code is hereby amended by amending Sections 14.1, 14.3 and 14.4, to read as follows:

SEC. 14.1. SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS.

[Administrative Code - Health Care Security Ordinance]

- (a) **Short title.** This Chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "San Francisco Health Care Security Ordinance."
- (b) **Definitions.** For purposes of this Chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
 - (1) "City" means the City and County of San Francisco.
- (2) "Covered employee" means any person who works in the City where such person qualifies as an employee entitled to payment of a minimum wage from an employer under the Minimum Wage Ordinance as provided under Chapter 12R of the San Francisco Administrative Code and has performed work for compensation for his or her employer for ninety (90) days, provided, however, that:

(A) (a) From the effective date of this Chapter through December 31, 2007, "at least twelve (12) hours" shall be substituted for "at least two (2) hours" where such term appears in Section 12R.3(a);

(10) hours" shall be substituted for "at least two (2) hours" where such term appears in Section 12R.3(a);

(C) (e) Beginning January 1, 2009, "at least eight (8) hours" shall be substituted for "at least two (2) hours" where such term appears in Section 12R.3(a);

(D) (d) The term "employee" shall not include persons who are managerial, supervisorial, or confidential employees, unless such employees earn annually under \$72,450.00 or in 2007 and for subsequent years, the figure as set by the administering agency;

(E) (e) The term "employee" shall not include those persons who are eligible to receive benefits under Medicare or TRICARE/CHAMPUS;

(F) (f) The term "covered employees" shall not include those persons who are "covered employees" as defined in Section 12Q.2.9 of the Health Care Accountability Ordinance, Chapter 12Q of the San Francisco Administrative Code, if the employer meets the requirements set forth in Section 12Q.3 for those employees; and

(G) (g) The term "covered employees" shall not include those persons who are employed by a nonprofit corporation for up to one year as trainees in a bona fide training program consistent with Federal law, which training program enables the trainee to advance into a permanent position, provided that the trainee does not replace, displace, or lower the wage or benefits of any existing position or employee.

 (\underline{H}) (h) Nor shall "covered employees" include those persons whose employers verify that they are receiving health care services through another employer, either

as an employee or by virtue of being the spouse, domestic partner, or child of another person; provided that the employer obtains from those persons a voluntary written waiver of the health care expenditure requirements of this Chapter and that such waiver is revocable by those persons at any time.

- (3) "Covered employer" means any medium-sized or large business as defined below engaging in business within the City that is required to obtain a valid San Francisco business registration certificate from the San Francisco Tax Collector's office or, in the case of a nonprofit corporation. an employer for which an average of fifty (50) or more persons per week perform work for compensation during a quarter. Small businesses are not "covered employers" and are exempt from the health care spending requirements under Section 14.3
- (4) "Employer" means an employing unit as defined in Section 135 of the California Unemployment Insurance Code or any person defined in Section 18 of the California Labor Code. "Employer" shall include all members of a "controlled group of corporations" as defined in Section 1563(a) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, and the determination shall be made without regard to Sections 1563(a)(4) and 1563(e)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (5) "Health Access Program" means a San Francisco Department of Public Health program to provide health care for uninsured San Francisco residents.
- (6) "Health Access Program participant" means any uninsured San Francisco resident, regardless of employment or immigration status or pre-existing condition, who is enrolled by his or her employer or who enrolls as an individual in the Health Access Program under the terms established by the Department of Public Health.
- (7) <u>Subject to the limitations set forth in Section 14.3(a)</u>, <u>"health" "Health</u> care expenditure" means any amount paid by a covered employer to its covered employees or to a third party on behalf of its covered employees for the purpose of providing health care

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services for covered employees or reimbursing the cost of such services for its covered employees, including, but not limited to (a) contributions by such employer on behalf of its covered employees to a health savings account as defined under section 223 of the United States Internal Revenue Code or to any other account having substantially the same purpose or effect without regard to whether such contributions qualify for a tax deduction or are excludable from employee income; (b) reimbursement by such covered employer to its covered employees for expenses incurred in the purchase of health care services; (c) payments by a covered employer to a third party for the purpose of providing health care services for covered employees; (d) costs incurred by a covered employer in the direct delivery of health care services to its covered employees; and (e) payments by a covered employer to the City to be used on behalf of covered employees. The City may use these payments to: (i) fund membership in the Health Access Program for uninsured San Francisco residents; and (ii) establish and maintain reimbursement accounts for covered employees, whether or not those covered employees are San Francisco residents. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, "health care expenditure" shall not include any payment made directly or indirectly for workers' compensation or Medicare benefits.

(8) "Health care expenditure rate" means the amount of health care expenditure that a covered employer shall be required to make for each hour paid for each of its covered employees each quarter. The "health care expenditure rate" shall be computed as follows:

(A) (a) From the effective date of this Chapter through June 30, 2007, \$1.60 per hour for large businesses and \$1.06 per hour for medium-sized businesses;

(B) (b) From July 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007, January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008, and January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009, the rates for large and medium-sized businesses shall increase five (5) percent over the expenditure rate calculated for the preceding year;

- (C) (e) From January 1, 2010 and each year thereafter, the "health care expenditure rate" shall be determined annually based on the "average contribution" for a full-time employee to the City Health Service System pursuant to Section A8.423 of the San Francisco Charter based on the annual ten county survey amount for the applicable fiscal year, with such average contribution prorated on an hourly basis by dividing the monthly average contribution by one hundred seventy-two (172) (the number of hours worked in a month by a full-time employee). The "health care expenditure rate" shall be seventy-five percent (75%) of the annual ten county survey amount for the applicable fiscal year for large businesses and fifty percent (50%) for medium-sized businesses.
- (9) "Health care services" means medical care, services, or goods that may qualify as tax deductible medical care expenses under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code, or medical care, services, or goods having substantially the same purpose or effect as such deductible expenses.
- (10) "Hour paid" or "hours paid" means a work hour or work hours for which a person is paid wages or is entitled to be paid wages for work performed within the City, including paid vacation hours and paid sick leave hours, but not exceeding 172 hours in a single month. For salaried persons, "hours paid" shall be calculated based on a 40-hour work week for a full-time employee.
- (11) "Large business" means an employer for which an average of one hundred(100) or more persons per week perform work for compensation during a quarter.
- (12) "Medium-sized business" means an employer for which an average of between twenty (20) and ninety-nine (99) persons per week perform work for compensation during a quarter.
- (13) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint venture, limited liability company, or other legal entity.

(14) "Required health care expenditure" means the total health care expenditure that a covered employer is required to make every quarter for all its covered employees.

(15) "Small business" means an employer for which an average of fewer than twenty (20) persons per week perform work for compensation during a quarter.

SEC. 14.3. REQUIRED HEALTH CARE EXPENDITURES.

(a) Required Expenditures.

behalf of their covered employees each quarter. The required health care expenditure for a covered employer shall be calculated by multiplying the total number of hours paid for each of its covered employees during the quarter (including only hours starting on the first day of the calendar month following ninety (90) calendar days after a covered employee's date of hire) by the applicable health care expenditure rate. In determining whether a covered employer has made its required health care expenditures, payments to or on behalf of a covered employee shall not be considered if they exceed the following amount: the number of hours paid for the covered employee during the quarter multiplied by the applicable health care expenditure rate. The City's Office of Labor Standards Enforcement (OLSE) shall enforce the health expenditure requirements under this Section.

(2) "Health care expenditure" shall only include an amount irrevocably paid by a covered employer to a covered employee or to a third party on behalf of a covered employee. An amount that is retained by the employer or that may be recovered by or returned to the employer shall not constitute a valid "health care expenditure." An amount paid to a third party for the purpose of reimbursing a covered employee for expenses incurred in the purchase of health care services shall not constitute a valid "health care expenditure" unless any unused funds carry over from quarter to

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quarter and from year to year and remain available to the covered employee or to a surviving spouse, registered domestic partner, or dependent, for reimbursement of future health care expenses.

- (b) Employer Notice to Employees. Each covered employer shall provide its covered employees with a written notice of the employer's obligation under this Chapter to make health care expenditures and how the employer is meeting this obligation. The City shall develop and promulgate rules regarding the content and timing of the required notice.
- (c) (b) Additional Employer Responsibilities. A covered employer shall: (i) maintain accurate records of health care expenditures, required health care expenditures, and proof of such expenditures made each quarter each year, and allow OLSE reasonable access to such records, provided, however, that covered employers shall not be required to maintain such records in any particular form; and (ii) provide information to the OLSE, or the OLSE's designee, on an annual basis containing such other information as OLSE shall require, but OLSE may not require an employer to provide information in violation of State or federal privacy laws. Where an employer does not maintain or retain adequate records documenting the health expenditures made, or does not allow OLSE reasonable access to such records, it shall be presumed that the employer did not make the required health expenditures for the quarter for which records are lacking, absent clear and convincing evidence otherwise. The Office of Treasurer and Tax Collector shall have the authority to provide any and all nonfinancial information to OLSE necessary to fulfill the OLSE's responsibilities as the enforcing agency under this Ordinance. With regard to all such information provided by the Office of Treasurer and Tax Collector, OLSE shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of Subsection (a) of Section 6.22-1 of the San Francisco Business and Tax Regulations Code.

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SEC. 14.4. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT.

- (a) The City shall develop and promulgate rules to govern the operation of this Chapter. The regulations shall include specific rules by the Department of Public Health on the operation of both the Health Access Program and the reimbursement accounts identified in Section 14.2(g), including but not limited to eligibility for enrollment in the Health Access Program and establishment of reimbursement accounts and rules by the OLSE for enforcement of the obligations of the employers under this Chapter. The rules shall also establish procedures for covered employers to maintain accurate records of health care expenditures and required health care expenditures and provide a report to the City without requiring any disclosures of information that would violate State or Federal privacy laws. The rules shall further establish procedures for providing employers notice that they may have violated this Chapter, a right to respond to the notice, a procedure for notification of the final determination of a violation, and an appeal procedure before a hearing officer appointed by the City Controller. The sole means of review of the hearing officer's decision shall be by filing in the San Francisco Superior Court a petition for a writ of mandate under Section 1094.5 of the California Code of Civil Procedure. No rules shall be adopted finally until after a public hearing.
- (b) During implementation of this Chapter and on an ongoing basis thereafter, the City shall maintain an education and advice program to assist employers with meeting the requirements of this Chapter.
- (c) Any employer that reduces the number of employees below the number that would have resulted in the employer being considered a "covered employer," or below the number that would have resulted in the employer being considered a medium-sized or large business, shall demonstrate that such reduction was not done for the purpose of evading the obligations of this Chapter or shall be in violation of the Chapter.

- (d) It shall be unlawful for any employer or covered employer to deprive or threaten to deprive any person of employment, take or threaten to take any reprisal or retaliatory action against any person, or directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten, coerce, command or influence or attempt to intimidate, threaten, coerce, command or influence any person because such person has cooperated or otherwise participated in an action to enforce, inquire about, or inform others about the requirements of this Chapter. Taking adverse action against a person within ninety (90) days of the person's exercise of rights protected under this Chapter shall raise a rebuttable presumption of having done so in retaliation for the exercise of such rights.
- (e) (1) The City shall enforce the obligations of *employers and* covered employers under this Chapter, and *shall may* impose administrative penalties upon *employers and* covered employers who fail to make required health care expenditures on behalf of their employees *within five days of the quarterly due date*. The amount of the penalty shall be *equal to up to one-and-one-half times* the total expenditures that a covered employer failed to make *plus simple annual interest of up to ten (10) percent from the date payment should have been made*, but in any event the total penalty for this violation shall not exceed \$100 \$1,000.00 for each employee for each *quarter week* that *the required such* expenditures *were are* not made *within five days of the quarterly due date*. The \$100 penalty shall increase by an amount corresponding to the prior year's increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for urban wage earners and clerical workers for the San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA metropolitan statistical area.
- (2) For other violations of this Chapter by employers and covered employers, the administrative penalties shall be as follows: For refusing to allow access to records, pursuant to Section 14.3(b), \$25.00 as to each worker whose records are in issue for each day that the violation occurs; for the failure to maintain or retain accurate and adequate records pursuant to Section 14.3(b) and for the failure to make the annual report of information required by OLSE pursuant to Section 14.3(b). \$500.00; for violation of Section

14.4(d) (retaliation), \$100.00 as to each person who is the target of the prohibited action for each day that the violation occurs; and for any other violation not specified in this subsection (e)(2), \$25.00 per day for each day that the violation occurs.

- (3) The City Attorney may bring a civil action to recover civil penalties for the violations set forth in subsections (e)(1) and (e)(2) in the same amounts set forth in those subsections, and to recover the City's enforcement costs, including attorneys' fees.
- (4) Amounts recovered under this Section shall be deposited in the City's General Fund.
- (f) The City Controller shall coordinate with the Department of Public Health and OLSE to prepare periodic reports on the implementation of this Chapter including participant rates, any effect on services provided by the Department of Public Health, the cost of providing services to the Health Access Program participants and the economic impact of the Chapter's provisions. Reports shall be provided to the Board of Supervisors on a quarterly basis for quarters beginning July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008, then every six months through June 30, 2010. Reports shall include specific information on any significant event affecting the implementation of this Chapter and also include recommendations for improvement where needed, in which case the Board of Supervisors or a committee thereof shall hold a hearing within thirty (30) days of receiving the report to consider responsive action.
- (g) The Director of Public Health shall convene an advisory Health Access Working Group to provide the Department of Public Health and the Health Access Program with expert consultation and direction, with input on members from the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors. The Health Access Working Group shall be advisory in nature and may provide the Health Access Program with input on matters including: setting membership rates; designing the range of benefits and health care services for participants; and researching utilization, actuaries, and costs.

(h) The Department of Public Health and the OLSE shall report to the Board of Supervisors by July 1, 2007, on the development of rules for the Health Access Program and for the enforcement and administration of the employer obligations under this Chapter. The Board of Supervisors or a committee thereof shall hold a hearing on the proposed rules to ensure that participants in the Health Access Program shall have access to high quality and culturally competent services.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By: THOMAS J. OWEN

Deputy City Attorney

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Administrative Code – Health Care Security Ordinance]

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Administrative Code by amending Sections 14.1, 14.3 and 14.4 of the Health Care Security Ordinance, to provide that only amounts actually paid or irrevocably committed to pay for providing employee health care services shall satisfy the employer expenditure requirements of the Ordinance and add an employee notification requirement, and to modify penalty provisions.

Qualifying "Health Care Expenditures"

The City's Health Care Security Ordinance (the "Ordinance") requires certain employers located in the City to make "health care expenditures" on behalf of certain of their employees. A "health care expenditure" is money paid by a covered employer to its covered employees or to another party on behalf of its covered employees for the purpose of providing health care services for the employees or reimbursing the cost of such services. Employers have various options on how to satisfy the required expenditure, including the use of health savings and reimbursement accounts.

The proposal would provide that a "health care expenditure" would only include an amount irrevocably paid by an employer to an employee or to a third party on behalf of the employee. An amount that was designated as an expenditure but still held by the employer would not satisfy the Ordinance; nor would an amount that was paid over to a third party but could later be recovered by or returned to the employer. And any unused amount would have to carry over and remain available to the employee or a surviving spouse, domestic partner or dependent for reimbursement of future health care expenses.

Notification to Employees

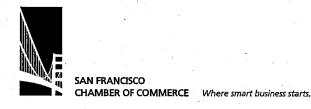
The Ordinance in its current form does not require employers to provide specific notice to their employees regarding what the company is doing on their behalf to comply with the law.

The proposal would require the employer to provide its employees with a written notice of the employer's obligation to make health care expenditures under the Ordinance and how the employer was complying with the Ordinance.

Enforcement

Under current law, the possible penalties for failing to make the required health care expenditures include administrative fines in an amount up to one-and-one-half times the total expenditures that the employer failed to make 10 percent interest, not exceed \$1,000 for each employee for each week that the expenditures were not made.

Under the proposal, the administrative fine would be equal to the total expenditures that a covered employer failed to make, not exceed \$100 for each employee for each quarter that the expenditures were not made within five days of the quarterly due date. The \$100 figure would be adjusted annually for inflation.



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2011 JUN-9 PM 3:07

June 8, 2011

Mayor Edwin Lee City Hall, Room 200 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Members, San Francisco Board of Supervisors City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102

Members, San Francisco Small Business Commission City Hall, Room 110 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 9410

Dear City Official,

In early May, Supervisor David Campos introduced an amendment to San Francisco's Health Care Security Ordinance that would effectively eliminate the use of Health Reimbursement Arrangements (HRA) and Flexible Spending Accounts (FSA), both of which were outlined as compliance options in the Health Care Security Ordinance when it was originally adopted. We believe that the elimination of these account options is unnecessary and will negatively impact those currently receiving important healthcare benefits. If Supervisor Campos's legislation is enacted unchanged, it would increase business overhead, forcing employers to reduce the number of people they employ, the hours their employees work and likely the quality of care and the current amount of benefit, to which their employees have access.

Supervisor Campos's legislation would change the definition of "health care expenditure" to exclude the money put into HRAs, if the unspent portion of the HRA ever reverts back to the employer. The proposal would effectively require businesses to manage health accounts for their past employees indefinitely, resulting in a substantial increase in the administrative costs to businesses. Employers that use HRAs as the primary means of compliance for Healthy San Francisco would see a significant increase in costs if the legislation is enacted, adding an additional 10% - 15% to their labor costs, and having their health care compliance costs more than triple. These additional costs will further put local businesses at an economic and competitive disadvantage to competitors in neighboring counties.

We believe the intent of Healthy San Francisco is to provide health access to low income San Francisco residents. HRAs are a flexible and cost effective tool for employees to access health care, and are in complete compliance with Healthy San Francisco's health care expenditure requirements. In fact, of the 2,960 businesses in San Francisco that filed reports under Healthy San Francisco, 860 (or 29.1%) used some form of a health reimbursement account. As a result a total of \$13.3 million was spent by businesses in San Francisco to comply with this law, but for those businesses, the cost of compliance under the new amendment would go up, on average, by 3½ times. That translates to a debilitating cost increase of around \$49 million annually.

However, the uptake of individuals using their benefits might be improved by requiring that employees receive notice regarding their rights and benefits under the law. To that end, the business community would support an even stronger notice requirement so that employees will know their benefits and how they can access them. The notice could be provided on a quarterly basis to coincide with the employers' quarterly health care expenditures.

Finally, The Patient Protection & Affordable Care Act signed into law in 2010, contains its own set of guidelines and requirements for employers, including an employer mandate that will have the same net effect and goal as the Healthy San Francisco program. We should wait to see the results of the PPACA before making any substantial modifications to Healthy San Francisco.

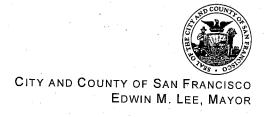
San Francisco employees currently have the ability to use their benefits under the Healthy San Francisco program, but if the intent of the amendment is to encourage employees not currently utilizing this benefit to do so then we should work to strengthen the notice requirement to increase awareness. However, the legislation as currently proposed would have such a high price tag for employers that it would force them to reduce their workforce and potentially close operations all together. We urge that you oppose the current version of the legislation and instead work with the business community and other key stakeholders in San Francisco to create a more robust notice requirement.

Sincerely,

Jim Lazarus

Sr. Vice President





June 20, 2011

Ms. Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board Board of Supervisors City Hall room 244 1 Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4694

Re: File No. 110546 [Administrative Code-Health Care Security Ordinance]

Small Business Commission Recommendation: Do not recommend approval. Second Motion passed recommending that Reimbursement Account noticing requirements be implemented.

Dear Ms. Calvillo:

On June 13, 2011, the Small Business Commission (SBC) voted unanimously to recommend that the Board of Supervisors not approve BOS File No. 110546.

The SBC does not support employers that are intentionally not notifying employees of their health reimbursement accounts. The SBC also does not support employers that do not allow employees to utilize their reimbursement accounts to pay for a health insurance premium, Healthy San Francisco, or otherwise severely restrict the usage of these funds. However, the available information and data used to support this ordinance has not demonstrated that the problems are so pervasive or wide spread that such a sweeping change, which will negatively impact a large number of businesses in San Francisco, is necessary. The Commission has determined that this is not an appropriate approach to address the issue of a small minority of employers who severely restrict the availability and use of reimbursement account funds to their employees.

Although available data shows that only 7% of health care expenditures are spent on reimbursement accounts, figures also show that 29% of employers use reimbursement plans as a full or partial means of complying with the HCSO. A disproportionate amount these employers are small businesses of less than 100 persons. Therefore, this will not "level the playing field" and impact a small number of businesses, as claimed by the ordinance proponents. Additionally, according to the Office of Labor Standards and Enforcement (OLSE), up to half of the businesses in certain low profit margin sectors, including the restaurant and hospitality industries, may feel the economic consequences of this ordinance.

Of the 29% of businesses that use reimbursement accounts, a majority of these businesses use reimbursement plans to supplement a primary expenditure, most cases likely being a health insurance plan. Reimbursement accounts are a reasonable option to fulfill the remainder of the mandate. Additionally, businesses that provide health insurance to full time workers, or employees working over a certain hour threshold, may choose to provide their very part time employees with reimbursement accounts. A health reimbursement account is often the most equitable way to provide the mandate, both for the employee and the employer.

The remaining numbers of businesses that use reimbursement plans are utilizing them as a primary means of complying with the HCSO. If this ordinance is enacted, employers that use reimbursement accounts as the primary means of compliance with the Health Care Security Ordinance may see their labor costs rise an additional 10-15%. As detailed earlier, the restaurant and service sectors are often users of these types of





CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO EDWIN M. LEE, MAYOR

accounts. These businesses, often low margin, high labor operations, may be forced to cut staff, reduce hiring, or may be pressured to close their doors. In addition to direct pressure on the cost side, these additional costs will continue to but these businesses at an economic and competitive disadvantage to competitors in neighboring cities and counties. Small business retailers are at a particular disadvantage as they must compete with online and formula retail big box stores, located both inside and outside of San Francisco.

According OLSE, the total reimbursement account expenditures are \$62 million per year. Of this, \$50 million is currently not being utilized by employees. It has not been quantified what percentage of this \$50 million is being retained by the employee or returned to the employer. Spread out among less than 800 employers, the economic impact could be upwards of \$60,000 per employer. This will directly translate into jobs and employee hours lost and jobs. This economic impact needs to be quantified as there will be a reduction of money being cycled back into the economy. The Commission recommends that an Economic Impact Report be completed to fully evaluate the impacts that this legislation will have on jobs and other factors of importance. The Commission also has logistical concerns about these funds being held in perpetuity, including when employees change jobs or move out of San Francisco, the State, and even the Country.

The SBC strongly believes that requiring notification of reimbursement account benefits provided under the HCSO is a very important right that workers should be entitled to. The SBC passed a second motion at our June 13 meeting which recommends that employee noticing requirements be implemented to ensure that all employees covered under the HCSO receive periodic notices and statements of their reimbursement account benefits. The Commission believes that the increased notice will lead to additional utilization of the reimbursement accounts, without leading to an immediate \$50 million impact on the economy. The San Francisco Health Plan, in administering Healthy San Francisco reimbursement accounts has demonstrated that increased notice and outreach has led to improved utilization of these accounts. In addition, the Commission recommends that as a policy direction, that the Board of Supervisors gives OLSE the tools to better collect data to show how pervasive the practice of denying or withholding benefits to employees. Lastly, the Commission requests that all parties affected by the HSCO, including small businesses and the Small Business Commission, be included in discussions to require noticing requirements or modify reporting requirements.

The Commission thanks Supervisor Campos for his presentation and engagement on the issue and for his commitment to work with the business community on this important issue. The Country is still in the worst economic crisis since the Great Depression. Businesses are already preparing for national health care changes in 2014 and the impact of the Patient Protection & Affordable Care Act signed into law in 2010 is unknown. Businesses will be working hard to meet this mandate over the next three years- while trying to stay in business. Therefore, the Commission recommends against such a major change to the local level health care policy until the effects of the national reform are known.

Sincerely,

Amick Endryz;

Regina Dick-Endrizzi

Director, Office of Small Business

cc. Supervisors Campos, Avalos, Chiu, Cohen, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi Jason Elliott, Mayor's Office
Donna Levitt, Office of Labor Standards Enforcement

INTRODUCTION FORM

By a member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor

Time Stamp or Meeting Date	· •	

Therefore 1 2 d C 11 to C to 1 to 1	meeting Bute
I hereby submit the following item for introduction:	,
1. For reference to Committee:	
An ordinance, resolution, motion, or charter amendment	
2. Request for next printed agenda without reference to Committee	e
3. Request for Committee hearing on a subject matter	
4. Request for letter beginning "Supervisor	inquires"
5. City Attorney request 6. Call file from Committee 7. Budget Analyst request (attach written motion). 8. Substitute Legislation File Nos. 9. Request for Closed Session	
6. Call file from Committee	
7. Budget Analyst request (attach written motion).	
8. Substitute Legislation File Nos.	
9. Request for Closed Session	
10. Board to Sit as A Committee of the Whole	
11. Question(s) submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS	Son
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be following:	orwarded to the
☐ Small Business Commission ☐ Ethics Commission ☐ Building Inspection Commission ☐ Building Inspection Commission	
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use a di	fferent form.]
Sponsor(s): Campos, Mar, Avalos, Mirkarimi, Cohen, Chiu, Kim	
Health Care Security Ordinance	
SUBJECT:	
The text is listed below or attached:	

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Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
For Clerk's Use Only:	

Common/Supervisors Form

110546

Revised 4/2/09

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