[Administrative Code --Community Preservation and Blight Reduction Act]

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Ordinance amending th	ne San Francisco Administrative Code by adding Chapter 80,
Sections 80.1 through	80.10, to establish a uniform procedure for enforcement of
blight-related provisior	ns of existing municipal code sections and to provide for:
additional definition of	blight conditions subject to enforcement, administrative
penalties for failure to	abate blight, summary abatement for certain blighted conditions,
an administrative proc	ess for contesting the Director's declarations of blight by the
Director of the Departme	ent of Public Works, and civil penalties and injunctive remedies for
continuing violations;	and making environmental findings.
Note:	Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman;</u> deletions are <u>strikethrough italics Times New Roman</u> . Board amendment additions are <u>double underlined</u> . Board amendment deletions are <u>strikethrough normal</u> .

Section 1. **Environmental Findings.** The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this Ordinance are in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. <u>081118</u> and is incorporated herein by reference.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 2. The San Francisco Administrative Code is hereby amended by adding Sections 80.1 through 80.10, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 80: AN	TI-BLIGHT ENFORCEM	MENT PROCEDURE

This Chapter may shall be referred to as the Community Preservation and Blight Reduction

Act.

SEC. 80.2. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.

SEC. 80.1. COMMON TITLE.

The San Francisco Board of Supervisors finds and declares that:

- (a) Properties that are in a condition of significant deterioration or disrepair or otherwise violate municipal code requirements attract vagrants, gang members and other criminal elements as prime locations to conduct their illegal criminal activities.
- (b) Properties that are in a condition of significant deterioration or disrepair or otherwise violate municipal code requirements are a blight and cause general deterioration and instability in surrounding neighborhoods.
- (c) Properties that are in a condition of significant deterioration or disrepair or otherwise violate municipal code requirements substantially endanger the health and safety of residents of the blighted properties and of the surrounding neighborhoods.
- (d Properties that are in a condition of significant deterioration or disrepair or otherwise violate municipal code requirements pose serious threats to the public's health and safety and therefore are declared to be public nuisances.
- (fe) Immediate abatement and rehabilitation of these properties is necessary and can be accomplished by using the judicial or administrative procedures found in this Chapter.

SEC. 80,3. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES.

(a) Purpose. The Board of Supervisors finds that enforcement of anti-blight provisions of the Municipal Code is vital to ensuring quality of life in San Francisco's neighborhoods and in the City and County as a whole. A centralized administrative enforcement program with dedicated enforcement officers staff will promote coordination of anti-blight efforts across City departments, including, but not limited to, the Department of Public Works, the Department of City Planning Department, the Department of Building Inspections, and the Department of Public Health. This Chapter is intended to promote the general health, safety and welfare of the people of the City by promoting uniform, fair, and efficient enforcement of anti-blight provisions of the Municipal Code and related departmental regulations.

The Director of Public Works is authorized to administer and enforce the provisions of this

Chapter. All Enforcement Officers staff to whom the Director has delegated enforcement

responsibilities are authorized to inspect property and to take any other enforcement actions as may be

required or appropriate to administer or enforce the provisions of this Chapter.

Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to limit any right or remedy otherwise available in law or equity to any party harmed by a blighted property, nor shall this Chapter in any way limit the City 's right to enforcement under any other provision of the Municipal Code or state law or create a duty or obligation on the part of the City to enforce this Chapter.

(b) **Definitions.**

"Blight." The presence of any one or more of the following conditions on property constitutes property blight: (i) any condition that constitutes a public nuisance as defined in California Civil Code Sections 3479-3480, including but not limited to the conditions defined in San Francisco Public Works Code Section 174; (ii) any condition of deterioration or disrepair that creates a substantial adverse impact on neighboring properties, including but not limited to the conditions defined in San Francisco Public Works Code Section 735; or (iii) any violation of the San Francisco Municipal Code that is

visible from the public way and creates a substantial adverse impact on neighboring properties.
Notwithstanding the above definition, public nuisances pertaining to unsafe buildings, structures, or
property conditions, as defined by Section 102A of the Building Code, shall not constitute blight for
purposes of this Chapter and shall remain within the exclusive enforcement authority of the
Department of Building Inspection to the extent required by state and local law. Blight includes, but is
not limited to, the following enumerated conditions:

- (A) Property, whether improved or not, which is not kept substantially clean and free from accumulations including, but not limited to, overgrown, dead or decayed trees, weeds or other vegetation, rank growth, rubbish, junk, garbage, litter, debris, flyers or circulars.
- (B) Buildings or structures which are unpainted or the exterior paint is substantially worn off, provided, however, that nothing in this section shall be construed to require an owner to paint a building where the architectural style indicates it was intended to be unpainted, such as a brown shingle building.
- (C) Buildings or structures or significant sections thereof including, but not limited to, awnings, canopies, exterior stairs, roof, foundation, walls, fences, signs, retaining walls, driveways, or walkways which are substantially deteriorated or defaced, or windows which are missing or broken For the purposes of this section "defaced" includes, but is not limited to, writings, inscriptions, figures, scratches, or other markings commonly referred to as "graffiti."
- (D) Property used or intended to be used for residential purposes which contains, in the outdoor area, any refrigerator, washing machine, sink, stove, heater, boiler, tank or any other household equipment, machinery, furniture, or item, appliance or appliances, boxes, lumber, dirt or debris, trash, garbage or refuse cans, or any items other than those commonly stored outdoors, or any parts of such items, for a period of time in excess of seventy-two consecutive hours. This subsection does not prohibit machinery installed in the rear setback areas for household or

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recreational use, furniture designed and used for outdoor activities, trash cans in the front yard during the twenty-four hour period allowed for garbage pick-up and garbage bins or debris boxes when employed in construction

for which a valid building permit has been issued by the City.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Chapter shall not apply to building, structural, or property conditions that present public safety risks under the San Francisco Building Code and construction codes. The Department of Building Inspection and the Fire Department retain their respective jurisdiction over such conditions pursuant to applicable state and local law.

"Director." The Director of Public Works or the Director's designee, including any

Enforcement Officer staff so designated by the Director to carry out responsibilities under this

Chapter.

<u>"Enforcement_OfficersStaff."</u> An officer <u>Employees</u> charged with enforcement of antiblight provisions pursuant to this Chapter.

"Owner." The owner of the property, her agent, and/or any lessee, occupant, or other person having charge or control over the property.

enforcement of its code requirements pursuant to this Chapter is solely at the City's discretion and is only one option available to the City to seek redress for the violation of its ordinances. By adopting this Chapter, the Board does not intend to limit the ability of the City to use any other remedy, civil or criminal, that may be available in a particular case. The City may use the procedures set forth herein as an alternative to, or in conjunction with, any other available remedy and in any order that seems appropriate to the City.

All property blight conditions that are required to be abated according to the provisions and permit requirements of this Chapter shall be subject to all provisions of the Municipal Code including, but not limited to, all property improvement, zoning and fire code provisions.

The Director's election to utilize the procedures set forth in this Chapter shall not affect the City

Attorney's independent authority under the Charter to pursue a civil action against a property owner.

(d) Enforcement Officers, In consultation with relevant City agencies, the Director shall oversee-the training and establishment of Enforcement Officers staff with direct responsibility for enforcing the blight provisions of this Chapter. Enforcement Officers Staff shall be authorized under the Director's authority to inspect properties for blighted conditions as defined in this Chapter and elsewhere in the Municipal Code. Pursuant to this Chapter, each Enforcement Officer staff shall have authority to issue notices of violation and/or take other enforcement actions consistent with the requirements of this Chapter, including but not limited to initiation of abatement actions pursuant to Section 80.4, or pursuing administrative penalties pursuant to Administrative Code Chapter 100, the provisions of which are hereby incorporated into this Chapter. Nothing in this Chapter shall be interpreted as restricting or otherwise limiting the inspection and enforcement authority conferred upon other City employees by other provisions of the Municipal Code.

SEC. 80.4. GENERAL PROVISIONS - ABATEMENT OF NUISANCE.

(a) Authority. Whenever the Director determines that a property is blighted property, the Director may require or take any necessary abatement or other enforcement actions to cause the property blight to be abated in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, or by any other lawful means, including but not limited to abatement procedures provided for elsewhere in the Municipal Code.

(b) Fees for Enforcement of Violation Applicable Irrespective of Abatement. Whenever
the Director issues a Notice of Violation pursuant to this Chapter, the Director may impose a fee to
recover costs associated with inspection and related enforcement costs. These fees shall be established
by the department and submitted to the Board of Supervisors for approval. The Director shall
provide notice of such fees under Section 80.5 and may collect such fees according to the procedures in
Section 80.8, below.

(9c) Summary Abatement of Conditions in the Public Right-of-Way – Imminent Danger.

- (1) Any condition of property blight in the public right-of-way that is reasonably believed by the Director to be imminently dangerous to the life, limb, health or safety of the public may be summarily abated by the Director in accordance with the procedures of this Chapter.
- (2) Actions taken to abate imminently dangerous conditions may include, but are not limited to, repair or removal of the condition creating the danger-and/or the restriction from use or occupancy of the property on which the dangerous condition exists or any other abatement action determined by the Director to be necessary.
- (3) Costs for any abatement performed on behalf of the City may be recovered by the City according to the provisions of this Chapter.

(bd) General Abatement Provisions.

(1) General Provision. Any thing or condition, including but not limited to violations of the Municipal Code or state law, that threatens injury or damage to the health, safety, welfare or property of members of the public, that obstructs the free use of property of others or of the public way or commons, or otherwise interferes with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property, is a public nuisance. Such public nuisances are prohibited within the City and no person shall create or participate in the creation or maintenance of such a public nuisance.

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1	(2) Applicability. Whenever the City, pursuant to this Chapter, takes any action to
2	abate a blighted condition or requires any person to abate any blighted condition existing on private
3	property, the procedures set forth in this Chapter may be utilized, unless such use is specifically
4	prohibited. For the purpose of this Chapter, property shall include parcels of land, and/or any
5	building, structure or portion thereof.
6	(3) Inspections of Private Property. Private property is subject to inspection under
7	this Chapter whenever:
8	(A) There is reason to believe that a condition exists on such property that
9	violates a provision of the Municipal Code, or that makes a property a public nuisance, or in a blighted
10	condition; or
11	(B) Such inspection is deemed necessary by any enforcement officer staff
12	to carry out the provisions of the Municipal Code; or
13	(C) There is any abatement action being performed on the property pursuant
14	to a provision of this Chapter or any order issued pursuant thereto requiring such action; or
15	(D) Such inspection is conducted to determine if there has been completion of
16	an abatement action pursuant to any abatement order.
17	(4) Entry onto Private Property for Inspection Authorized. Whenever it is
18	necessary to make an inspection of property to investigate or enforce any of the provisions of this
19	Chapter, any official authorized by the City to conduct such inspections may enter such property at all
20	reasonable times to inspect the same provided that:
21	(A) If such property is occupied, the official shall first present proper
22	credentials and request entry;
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use all reasonable efforts to minimize blighted vacant lots on City-owned property, but City-owned property shall not otherwise be subject to the requirements of this Article.

(df) Public Rights-of-Way. The Director may choose to abate public nuisances upon the public right-of-way in accordance with the notice, hearing, and abatement procedures set forth in this Chapter. The owner and/or occupant of the premises or unit adjacent to a public sidewalk, public stairway or other public right-of-way shall be held liable for such conditions, including the cost of enforcement actions under this Chapter.

SEC. 80.5. GENERAL PROVISIONS – NOTICE.

(a) Notice of Violation.

(1) Where the Director determines that any condition constitutes a blighted property in violation of this Chapter, and that said conditions do not warrant summary abatement procedures, the Director shall issue a notice of violation to the property owner. At the time the notice of violation is issued, the Director shall take one or more photographs of the property showing the blighted conditions, and shall make copies of the photographs available to the recipient of the notice upon request. The photographs shall be dated and retained as apart of the file for the violation. The notice shall generally describe the violation, give the owner 15 calendar days from the date of the service of the notice to either commence abatement of the violation or request a hearing on the notice shall also inform the property owner of his or her right to request an extension of time pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of this Section in order to abate the violation, and further inform the owner that where the owner fails to either commence abatement of the violation or request a hearing within 15 calendar days (plus an extension if applicable) from the date of service of the notice, the Director may initiate proceedings in accordance with Section 80.4 to enter upon the owner's property and abate the

violation at the owner's expense, and or may impose an administrative penalty under Administrative Code Chapter 100 for failure to abate the violations, and/or may refer the matter to the City Attorney for further enforcement action, as appropriate. In addition, the notice shall inform the owner that the minimum charge for City abatement of the violation is the greater of \$400 or the actual cost to the City, (including overhead and administrative costs, as well as attorneys' fees where the Director has elected to seek recovery of attorneys' fees), and that the Department City's cost of preparation for and appearance at the hearing required by Section 80.5 and all prior and subsequent attendant costs (including enforcement fees and costs incurred and penalties assessed in ascertaining violations) shall be assessed upon the property owner. Said violations will not be deemed legally abated until the property owner makes full payment of the assessment of costs to the Department.

- (2) Extension of Time. A property owner may receive an extension of an additional 15 calendar days in which to abate the violation pursuant to Section 80.4. The notice of violation issued under this subsection shall specify the address, telephone and facsimile numbers for requesting such an extension. An extension under this paragraph shall not affect the deadline for a property owner to request a hearing on a notice of violation.
- (b) Summary Abatement Imminent Danger Contents of Notice. Whenever it is

 determined that summary abatement action by the City is necessary due to any condition in the public

 right-of-way that is imminently dangerous, the Director shall issue a notice of summary abatement

 directed to the record owner(s) of the adjacent property that has been determined to be responsible for

 the condition to be abated. The notice shall contain:
- (1) The street address and a legal description sufficient for identification of the location of the property.

(3) A statement advising that: (A) the property needs abatement actions but
does not have to be restricted from use or occupancy; (B) the property needs abatement
actions but does not have to be restricted from use or occupancy if specified temporary or
interim corrective measures are completed within a specified time; or,(C) the property needs
abatement actions and must be restricted from use or occupancy. The order shall specify
what, if any, temporary or interim corrective measures are required prior to the
commencement of either permanent repairs or demolition.

- (4<u>3</u>) Specification of any abatement actions to be taken and the time within which the actions must be commenced.
- (54) A statement advising that if any ordered abatement action is not completed within the time specified by this Chapter or in the decision of the administrative hearing officer on appeal from a decision of the Director, the Director may proceed to cause the abatement work to be done and charge the costs thereof against the property or its owner, including the costs of ascertaining violations.
- (65) A statement advising that: (A) any person having any record title or legal interest in the building as described in Section 80.5(e) may appear and protest the notice or order of any action taken or required to be taken by the Director to the hearing officer designated in Section 80.5(g), at a public hearing at the time and place specified in the order; and(B) failure to file a written protest or to appear at such hearing will constitute a failure to exhaust the administrative remedies.

(d) Recording of Abatement Order Certificates.

(1) When a notice of abatement or proposed abatement order is issued, the Director may file in the office of the county recorder a certificate describing the property and certifying that: (A) the property, building or structure is a nuisance pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter; (B) the actions proposed by the Director to abate the conditions or defects causing the property to be a

(f) Notice or Order - Method of Service. Service of any required notice or order shall be made either personally or by mailing a copy of such notice or order by certified mail, postage prepaid, to each person entitled to service at the address that appears on the last equalized assessment roll of the county or as known to the Director. If no such address appears or is known to the Director then a copy of the notice or order shall be mailed, addressed to such person, at the address of the property involved in the proceedings. The failure of any such person to receive such notice or order shall not affect the validity of any proceedings taken pursuant to this Chapter. Service by certified mail shall be effective from the date of mailing.

(g) Hearing.

- (1) Request for Hearing. A property owner may request a hearing in order to contest the decision of the Director by filing with the Director within 15 calendar days from the date of the notice of violation, a request for hearing that specifies in detail the basis for contesting the notice of violation or summary abatement.
- (2) Notice of Hearing. Whenever a hearing is requested pursuant to this Section, the Director shall, within seven calendar days of receipt of the request, notify the property owner of the date, time, and place of the administrative review hearing by certified mail. Such hearing shall be held no later than 45 calendar days after the Director receives the request, unless time is extended by the Director upon request of the owner.
- (3) Hearing Procedure. The hearing shall be conducted by a neutral hearing officer from a City office or department outside the Department of Public Works, appointed by the City Administrator. The burden of proof to establish that the property is blighted shall be on the City. The owner shall be entitled to present evidence and demonstrate that his or her property is not blighted.

 The property owner shall also be entitled to present evidence and demonstrate that requiring the owner to abate the violations at her own expense would result in an unfair extreme hardship. All testimony

shall be under oath, and witnesses may be cross-examined. The hearing officer may consider any relevant evidence submitted by the parties, including evidence that might be excluded from a court hearing because it may constitute hearsay. The hearing officer shall ensure that a record of the proceedings is maintained. The determination of the hearing officer after the hearing shall be final and not appealable.

the property owner and the City shall submit to the hearing officer and exchange with one another, written information including, but not limited to, the following: a statement of the issues to be determined by the hearing officer, a statement of the evidence to be offered at the hearing and the identity of any witnesses to appear at the hearing. The Director shall provide to the hearing officer a copy of the Department's case file, which shall include at a minimum the notice of violation or summary abatement, any other written communications between the Department and the responsible party, and communications submitted by interested members of the public concerning the case. The Director may also submit, but is not required to do so, written arguments on why the Director's order should be upheld. Anything submitted to the hearing officer by either party to the appeal shall be served upon the other party at the same time and in the same manner as it is submitted to the hearing officer.

(5) Decision. The hearing officer shall issue a decision upholding or overturning the Director's decision, including a summary of the issues and the evidence presented, and findings and conclusions, within ten calendar days of the conclusion of the hearing. A copy of the decision shall be served upon the property owner by certified mail. The decision shall be the City's final administrative determination. An aggrieved party may seek judicial review of the decision pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure Sections 1094.5 and 1094.6.

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<u>(b)</u>	Contract and Bid Procedures.	Any contract for work	t pursuant to this	Chapter shall be
contracted for	and awarded pursuant to appli	cable Municipal Code	procedures.	

Work Standard. Whenever the City performs any abatement action pursuant to this Chapter, the City shall not be required to perform such abatement actions to the standard that the property, building or structure complies with all applicable provisions of this Code. The City shall perform such actions as are determined by the Director to be necessary to abate or remedy the nuisance caused by such property, building or structure. Such limited abatement action by the City does not relieve the property owner from any requirement to bring the property into compliance with any applicable provisions of this Code.

SEC. 80.7. GENERAL PROVISIONS - INJUNCTIVE RELIEF, CIVIL PENALTIES, ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS.

- Any use of, maintenance of, or action taken with regard to any property that is contrary to the provisions of this Chapter or any condition of any permit required by this Chapter shall be, and is hereby declared to be, unlawful and a public nuisance. As an alternative to any other remedy, the City Attorney may apply to any court having jurisdiction for any relief as will abate or remove such nuisance and restrain any person, firm or corporation from using, maintaining or taking any action regarding any property contrary to the provisions of this Chapter.
- This Chapter may be enforced by an injunction issued by any court having jurisdiction upon any suit by the City or by the owner or occupant of any property affected by any such violation or threatened violation or by any neighbor of any property affected by any such violation or threatened violation.

SUPERVISOR SANDOVAL **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

(11) The assets, liabilities and net worth of the responsible party; and,

- (12) Such other factors as the Court may consider relevant to whether the responsible party is likely to commit similar violations in the future.
- (e) In any action under this section in which the City succeeds in obtaining any order from the Court enforcing this Chapter, the City shall be entitled to recover from defendant its costs of investigation, enforcement, and litigation, including but not limited to attorneys' fees and expert witness fees. This provision is designed to support and encourage actions to abate blighted conditions in the City and therefore is not a prevailing party attorneys' fee provision and in no way allows recovery by any defendant of his or her costs or attorneys' fees against the City.
- (f) Upon entry of a second or subsequent civil or criminal judgment within a two-year period that finds that the owner of property is responsible for a condition that may be abated in accordance with this Chapter, the court may order the owner to pay trebled costs of the abatement.

SEC. 80.8. COST RECOVERY.

(a) Blight Abatement Fund. The City shall maintain a special revolving fund designated as the "Blight Abatement Fund." Payments shall be made out of said fund upon the demand of the Director to defray the costs and expenses that may be incurred by the City in ascertaining violations, enforcing the provisions of this chapter, and doing or causing to be done the necessary work of repair or other abatement work performed pursuant to this Chapter. This fund may also be used to defray the costs of the City performing any blight abatement where it is determined that requiring private abatement of a blighted condition by a property owner would impose an extreme an unfair financial burden on that property owner.

The Board of Supervisors may at any time transfer to the Blight Abatement Fund money from the general fund of the City necessary to expedite the performance of work

relating to abatement. Any sum so transferred shall be deemed a loan to the Blight

Abatement Fund and shall be repaid out of the proceeds of the collections provided for this

Chapter. All funds collected pursuant to this Chapter shall be paid to the Controller who shall credit

the same to Blight Abatement Fund.

- (b) Expenses Accounting and Report Required. The Director shall keep an itemized account of the expense incurred by the City for enforcement and abatement actions performed pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter. Upon the completion of any enforcement or abatement action, the Director shall prepare an invoice specifying the actions taken, the itemized and total cost of the actions, and any allowable inspection fees, a description of the property where the action was performed, and the names and addresses of the persons entitled to notice pursuant to Section 80.5(e). This invoice shall be served on such persons in accordance with the provisions of Section 80.5(f). Such invoices may be served upon the completion of each enforcement or abatement action or may be served upon the completion of all necessary enforcement and abatement actions.
- (c) Payment Required. This invoice shall be paid within 30 days of the date it is served or within the time and in the manner specified by the Controller or Bureau of Delinquent Revenue

 Collection. Such payment shall be made to the Controller.
- (d) Failure to Pay. If the responsible party fails to pay the invoice within thirty days of service, the Director may take such action to collect the fees as he or she deems appropriate, including (i) referral of the matter to the Bureau of Delinquent Revenue Collection under Article V, Section 10.39 of the Administrative Code, (ii) initiation of lien proceedings under Article XX, Section 10.230 et seq. of the Administrative Code whereby the amount of the lien shall be payable in the same time and manner as outstanding ad valorem real property taxes due, consistent with Article XX, Section 10.236, and/or (iii) requesting that the City Attorney pursue collection of the penalties imposed against the responsible party in a civil action. The City Attorney may request its attorneys' fees in any

action that he or she pursues to collect the administrative penalties or to enforce collection of the penalties.

SEC. 80.9. JOINT OR COMMON OWNERSHIP.

Whenever property that is the subject of blight abatement pursuant to this Chapter is jointly owned, owned as common property or is otherwise subject to multiple ownership whether in fee or as an easement, the owners of the property shall be jointly and severally liable for the nuisance. The City may apportion each owner's liability in reasonable proportion to each individual's ownership interest in the subject property.

SEC. 80.10. SEVERABILITY.

In the event that a court or agency of competent jurisdiction holds that federal or state law, rule or regulation invalidates any clause, sentence, paragraph or section of this Chapter or the application thereof to any person or circumstances, it is the intent of the Board of Supervisors that the court or agency sever such clause, sentence, paragraph or section so that the remainder of this Chapter shall remain in effect.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By:

/Je∕rry Three∕t

Deputy Sity Attorney



City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Ordinance

File Number:

081118

Date Passed:

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Administrative Code by adding Chapter 80, Sections 80.1 through 80.10, to establish a uniform procedure for enforcement of blight-related provisions of existing municipal code sections and to provide for: additional definition of blight conditions subject to enforcement, administrative penalties for failure to abate blight, summary abatement for certain blighted conditions, an administrative process for contesting the Director's declaration of blight, and civil penalties and injunctive remedies for continuing violations; and making environmental findings.

October 7, 2008 Board of Supervisors — SUBSTITUTED

October 28, 2008 Board of Supervisors — PASSED ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Ammiano, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Maxwell, McGoldrick, Mirkarimi, Peskin, Sandoval

November 4, 2008 Board of Supervisors — FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Ammiano, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Maxwell, McGoldrick, Mirkarimi, Peskin, Sandoval

File No. 081118

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on November 4, 2008 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo Jerk of the Board

Mayor Gavin Newsom