1	[Business and Tax Regulations Code - Business Tax Installment Payments; Combined Reporting; Special Assessments]
2	
3	Ordinance amending the Business and Tax Regulations Code to provide additional
4	penalty relief for payroll expense tax and gross receipts tax payments; to require
5	combined reporting of the payroll expense tax by related taxpayers; and to clarify that
6	fees and special assessments are administered according to the common
7	administrative provisions applicable to other business taxes.
8	NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.
9	Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> . Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italics Times New Roman font .
10	Board amendment additions are in <u>double-underlined Arial font</u> . Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.
11	Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code
12	subsections or parts of tables.
13	Do it and since by the December of the City and County of Con Experience
14	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
15	Section 1. Clarification regarding Proposition E (November 6, 2012) and Sections
16	
17	6.1-1, 6.2-17, and 6.9-3. Article 6, Sections 6.1-1, 6.2-17, and 6.9-3 of the Business and Tax
18	Regulations Code were amended by Proposition E, adopted by the voters at the election of
19	November 6, 2012. Proposition E amendments become operative on January 1, 2014.
20	Because these Proposition E amendments are not yet operative, they are not included in the
21	currently codified version of the Business and Tax Regulations Code. This ordinance,
	however, treats Sections 6.1-1, 6.2-17, and 6.9-3 as if the changes are already in the
22	Business and Tax Regulations Code as amended by Proposition E. Accordingly, the
23	amendments in this ordinance shown in Sections 6.1-1, 6.2-17, and 6.9-3 as additions and
24	deletions are amendments of the text of Proposition E as amended by the voters, not the text
25	of these Sections as they now appear in the Business and Tax Regulations Code.

1

2 Section 2. The Business and Tax Regulations Code is hereby amended by revising 3 Article 6, Sections 6.1-1, 6.2-17, 6.6-1, 6.9-3, 6.9-5, 6.17-1, 6.17-2, 6.17-3, and 6.21-1 to read as follows: 4

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SEC. 6.1-1. COMMON ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

These common administrative provisions shall apply to Article 6, 7, 9, 10, 10B, 7 (a) 8 11, 12, 12-A, 12-A-1, and 12-B of this Code and to Chapter 105 of the San Francisco 9 Administrative Code, unless the specific language of either Code otherwise requires. Any provision of this Article 6 that references or applies to Article 10 shall be deemed to reference 10 or apply to Article 10B. Any provision of this Article 6 that references or applies to a tax shall 11 12 be deemed to also reference or apply to a fee administered pursuant to this Article, and shall 13 be deemed to also reference or apply to an assessment levied pursuant to the Property and Business 14 Improvement District Law of 1994 (California Streets and Highways Code sections 36600 et seq.) or 15 Article 15 of this Code. A fee administered pursuant to Article 6 or an assessment levied pursuant to 16 the Property and Business Improvement District Law of 1994 or Article 15 of this Code shall for 17 purposes of this Article be deemed to be imposed pursuant to the provisions of the Business and Tax 18 Regulations Code. Unless expressly provided otherwise, all statutory references in this Article and 19 (b) 20 the Articles set forth in subsection (a) shall refer to such statutes as amended from time to 21 time and shall include successor provisions. 22

23 (c) For purposes of this Article, a domestic partnership established pursuant to 24 Chapter 62 of the San Francisco Administrative Code shall be treated the same as a married 25 couple.

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SEC. 6.2-17. RETURN.

3	The term "return" means any written statement required to be filed pursuant to Articles
4	6, 7, 9, 10, 10A, 11, 12, 12-A or 12-A-1, or pursuant to laws applicable to a fee administered
5	pursuant to Article 6, or pursuant to laws applicable to an assessment levied pursuant to the Property
6	and Business Improvement District Law of 1994 (California Streets and Highways Code sections 36600
7	et seq.) or Article 15 of this Code.
8	
9	SEC. 6.6-1. CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY FOR THIRD-PARTY TAXES.
10	* * * *
11	(f) (1) The Tax Collector may refuse to issue the certificate where, within the 45-
12	day period referred to in subsection (d) above, the Tax Collector determines that the operator,
13	or any signatory to the application, or any person holding a 10 percent or greater legal or
14	beneficial interest in said operator ("10% owner") is not in compliance with any provision of
15	Articles 6, 7, 9, 10, 10B, 12, 12-A, 12-A-1, or 22the Business and Tax Regulations Code, including but
16	not limited to any failure to timely collect, report, pay, or remit any tax imposed by this Code,
17	or where any such person is not in compliance with any provision of Sections 1215 through
18	1223 inclusive of Article 17 of the Police Code.
19	(2) Solely for purposes of determining under this Section whether any such
20	operator, signatory or 10% owner is not in compliance with such Articles, the Tax Collector
21	may disregard any corporation or association owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by any
22	such operator, signatory or 10% owner and consider such corporation or association's
23	operations and liabilities as conducted by or as owned by any one or more of such corporation
24	or association's officers, directors, partners, members or owners. For purposes of this
25	Section, (A) the term "owned" means ownership of 50 percent or more of the outstanding

ownership interests in such corporation or association, and (B) the term "controlled" includes
any kind of control, whether direct or indirect, whether legally enforceable, and however
exercisable or exercised over such corporation or association. A presumption of control
arises if the operator, signatory or 10% owner is (or was) an officer, director, partner or
member of such corporation or association.

6 (g) Further, if any person subject to this Section violates any provision of Articles 6, 7 7, 9, 10, 10B, 12, 12-A, 12-A-1, or 22the Business and Tax Regulations Code, or a rule or regulation 8 promulgated by the Tax Collector, including but not limited to any failure to timely collect, 9 report, pay, or remit any tax imposed by this Code, failure to maintain accurate registration 10 information, failure to sign any return or pay any tax when due, or failure to timely respond to any request for information, order for records or subpoena, or for failure to comply with the 11 12 requirements of Article 22 of the Business and Tax Regulations Code or any provision of 13 Sections 1215 through 1223 inclusive of Article 17 of the Police Code, the Tax Collector may, 14 after serving the person with written notice of his or her determination in the manner provided 15 in Section 6.11-2 and an opportunity to be heard pursuant to the notice and review provisions 16 of Section 6.13-1 et seq., refuse to issue that person a new certificate of authority or may 17 revoke or suspend that person's certificate of authority. The Tax Collector may refuse to 18 issue that person a new certificate of authority or to withdraw the suspension of an existing certificate until the person, signatory to the application for the certificate revoked or 19 20 suspended, signatory to the application for a new certificate or withdrawal of the suspension, 21 and all 10% owners have complied with the provisions of Articles 6, 7, 9, 10, 10B, 12, 12-A, 12-A-22 1, and 22 the Business and Tax Regulations Code and corrected the original violation to the 23 satisfaction of the Tax Collector. For any person applying for or holding a certificate of 24 authority to collect parking taxes, the Tax Collector shall promptly notify the Chief of Police in writing that it has revoked a person's certificate of authority, refused to issue a new certificate 25

of authority, suspended an existing certificate of authority or determined that the person is not
in compliance with the Business and Tax Regulations Code. The Tax Collector shall in writing
request that the Chief of Police refuse to issue a commercial parking permit to the person or
suspend or revoke the person's existing commercial parking permit and immediately close the
business, pursuant to Sec. 1215.3(b) of the Police Code.

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SEC. 6.9-3. DETERMINATIONS, RETURNS AND PAYMENTS.

9 (a) Remittances. Notwithstanding the due dates otherwise provided in
10 Section 6.9-1, taxpayers shall make remittances of taxes and third-party taxes to the Tax
11 Collector as follows:

12 (1) Hotel and Parking Taxes. The Hotel Tax (Article 7) and the Parking Tax
13 (Article 9) returns shall be filed monthly and taxes shall be remitted monthly. Such monthly
14 remittances shall be due and payable to the Tax Collector on or before the last day of the
15 month immediately following the month for which such remittance is due.

(2) Payroll Expense Tax and Gross Receipts Tax. The payroll expense tax
(Article 12-A) and the gross receipts tax (Article 12-A-1) shall be paid in quarterly installments
as follows:

(A) Due Dates. Every person liable for payment of payroll expense tax
or gross receipts tax for any tax year shall pay such tax for *the subject that* tax year in 4
quarterly installments. The first, second, and third quarterly installments shall be due and
payable, and shall be delinquent if not paid on or before, April 30, July 31, and October 31*st*,
respectively, of *the subject that* tax year. The fourth installment shall be reported and paid on
or before the last day of February *of the immediately* following-*the subject* tax year.

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(B) *Payments.* <u>Installment Payments.</u>

1		(i)	Installment Payments. The first, second, and third quarterly
2	installments shall be	a credit aga	ainst the person's total payroll expense tax or gross receipts
3	tax, as applicable, for	[.] the <i>subject</i>	tax year in which such first, second, and third quarterly
4	installments are due.	The fourth	quarterly installment shall be in an amount equal to the
5	person's total payroll	expense ta	x or gross receipts tax liability for the <i>subject</i> tax year, as
6	applicable, less the a	mount of th	e payroll expense tax or gross receipts tax first, second, and
7	third quarterly installn	nents and c	other tax payments, if any, actually paid.
8		(ii)	Payroll Expense Tax Installments. A person's first, second,
9	and third quarterly ins	stallment pa	ayments of payroll expense tax for any tax year shall be
10	computed by using:		
11		<u> </u>	<i>The the person's taxable payroll expense (as defined under </i>
12	Article 12-A) for each	quarter ; ar	nd
13		2	<i>The the</i> rate of tax applicable to the tax year in which the
14	first, second, and thir	d quarterly	installments are due.
15		<u> </u>	-Notwithstanding the foregoing <i>sentence</i> , and except for
16	taxpayers under Sect	ion 953.8 c	of Article 12-A-1, for tax years commencing after December
17	31, 2013, the first, se	cond, and t	hird quarterly installments shall be computed using the rates
18	set forth in the followi	ng table:	
19	//		
20	//		
21	//		
22	//		
23	Tax Year		1st, 2nd and 3rd Installments
24	2014		1.350%
25	2015		1.125%

1	2016	0.750%	
2	2017	0.375%	
3	2018	0.000%	
4	The fourth quar	terly installment shall be in an amount equal to the person's total payroll	
5	expense tax liability for	the subject tax year, less the amount of the first, second, and third quarterly	
6	installments and other t	ax payments, if any, actually paid. A person's total payroll expense tax liability	
7	shall be computed using the rate for the subject tax year computed, certified, and published by the		
8	Controller under Sectio	n 903.1 of Article 12 A or as otherwise provided in this Article.	
9		(iii) Gross Receipts Tax Installments. A person's first, second,	
10	and third quarterly ins	stallments of gross receipts tax for any tax year shall be computed by	
11	using÷		
12		<u>1. The the person's taxable gross receipts (as defined under</u>	
13	Article 12-A-1) for each quarter; and		
14		2. The the rate of tax applicable to the tax year in which the	
15	first, second, and third	d quarterly installments are due.	
16			
17	taxpayers under Sect	ion 953.8 of Article 12-A-1, for tax years commencing after December	
18	31, 2013, the first, see	cond, and third quarterly installments shall be computed using the rates	
19	applicable to the pers	on's taxable gross receipts under Sections 953.1 through 953.7 of	
20	Article 12-A-1, multipl	ied by the percentages set forth in the following table:	
21	//		
22	//		
23	Tax Year	1st, 2nd and 3rd Installments	
24	2014	10%	
25	2015	25%	

1	2016	50%
2	2017	75%
3	2018	100%

4

5	The fourth quarterly installment shall be in an amount equal to the person's total gross receipts
6	tax liability for the subject tax year, less the amount of the first, second, and third quarterly
7	installments and other tax payments, if any, actually paid. A person's total gross receipts tax liability
8	shall be computed using the rate for the subject tax year computed, certified, and published by the
9	Controller under Section 959 of Article 12 A-1, or as otherwise provided in that Article.
10	(C) Computation of Liability; Payments.
11	(i) A person's total payroll expense tax liability shall be computed
12	using the rate for that tax year computed, certified, and published by the Controller under Section
13	903.1 of Article 12-A or as otherwise provided in Article 12-A. A person's total gross receipts tax
14	liability shall be computed using the rate for that tax year computed, certified, and published by the
15	Controller under Section 959 of Article 12-A-1, or as otherwise provided in Article 12-A-1.
16	(ii) Any amounts paid on a person's payroll expense tax liability for a
17	tax year that are in excess of that person's actual payroll expense tax liability for that year shall be
18	credited to that person's gross receipts tax liability for that year. Any amounts paid on a person's
19	gross receipts tax liability for a tax year that are in excess of that person's actual gross receipts tax
20	liability for that year shall be credited to that person's payroll expense tax liability for that year.
21	(b) Tax Installment Penalties. Every person who fails to pay any tax installment
22	required under this Section before the relevant delinquency date shall pay a penalty in the
23	amount of 5 percent of the amount of the delinquent tax installment per month, or fraction
24	thereof, up to 20 percent in the aggregate, and shall also pay interest on the amount of the
25	

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delinquent tax installment from the date of delinquency at the rate of 1 percent per month, or
 fraction thereof, for each month the installment is delinquent, until paid.

- 3 *The penalty and interest provided under this subsection shall not apply if each of the payroll*
- 4 <u>expense tax and gross receipts tax payments are equal to or greater than the actual tax owed for that</u>
- 5 *quarter, or the sum of the payroll expense tax payments and gross receipts tax payments is equal to or*
- 6 greater than 26 percent of the sum of the payroll expense tax and gross receipts tax liability for the
- 7 *immediately preceding tax year. For taxpayers under Section 953.8 of Article 12-A-1, for tax year*

8 <u>2014 only, the penalty and interest provided under this subsection shall also not apply if a first, second,</u>

- 9 or third gross receipts tax quarterly installment payment is in an amount that is at least 26 percent of
- 10 *the payroll expense tax liability for the immediately preceding tax year.*
- (c) Hotel and Parking Taxes. An operator subject to the Hotel Tax (Article 7) or the
 Parking Tax (Article 9) shall make monthly remittances in the amount of the actual tax owed.
 (d) Forms and Adjustments. Tax remittances required under this Section shall be
 accompanied by a tax remittance form prepared by the Tax Collector, but failure of the Tax
 Collector to furnish the taxpayer with a tax remittance form shall not relieve the taxpayer from
 any tax payment obligation.
- 17
- 18 SEC. 6.9-5. DETERMINATIONS, RETURNS AND PAYMENTS; CREDITS AND
 19 EXEMPTIONS.
- 20 The credits and exemptions set forth in Articles 6, 7, 9, 10, 10B, 11, 12, 12-A, 12-A-1,
- 21 and 12-C, *in laws applicable to fees administered pursuant to Article 6, and in laws applicable to*
- 22 assessments levied pursuant to the Property and Business Improvement District Law of 1994
- 23 (California Streets and Highways Code sections 36600 et seq.) or Article 15 of this Code, are
- provided on the assumption that the City has the power to offer such credits and exemptions.
- 25 If a credit or exemption is invalidated by a court of competent jurisdiction, the taxpayer must

pay any additional amount that the taxpayer would have owed but for such invalid credit or
 exemption. Amounts owed as a result of the invalidation of a credit or exemption that are paid
 within 3 years after the decision of the court becomes final shall not be subject to interest or
 penalties.

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SEC. 6.17-1. PENALTIES AND INTEREST FOR FAILURE TO PAY.

7 (a) Any person who fails to pay any tax to the City, or any operator or other person 8 who fails to collect and remit any third-party taxes shall pay a penalty of 5 percent of the tax, if 9 the failure is for not more than 1 month after the tax became delinguent, plus an additional 5 percent for each following month or fraction of a month during which such failure continues, 10 up to 20 percent in the aggregate, until the date of payment. Any taxes remaining unpaid for 11 12 a period of 90 days after notification that the tax is delinquent shall be subject to an additional 13 penalty of 20 percent of the tax or amount of the tax. The penalty and interest provided under this 14 subsection shall not apply if the sum of the payroll expense tax payments and gross receipts tax

15 *payments is equal to or greater than the sum of the payroll expense tax and gross receipts tax liability*

16 *for that tax year.*

(b) If the failure to pay any tax is due to fraud or an intent to evade the Business
and Tax Regulations Code or the Tax Collector's rules and regulations, an additional penalty
in the amount of 50 percent of the amount due, in addition to any other penalties and interest,
shall be added thereto. A taxpayer or other person against whom a fraudulent failure to pay
penalty is asserted is entitled to a notice of such determination to be issued in accordance
with the provisions of Section 6.11-1 et seq. and to the appeal rights set forth in
Section 6.13-1 et seq.

(c) Unpaid taxes *and penalties*-shall also accrue interest at the rate of 1 percent per
 month, or fraction of a month, from the date the taxes become delinquent through the date the

taxpayer or operator pays the delinquent taxes, penalties, interest and fees accrued to the
 date of payment in full.

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SEC. 6.17-2. PENALTIES FOR UNDERREPORTING OF TAX.

(a) Penalties for Negligence. If the Tax Collector determines that all or part of any
tax required to be reported on any return was underreported and that such underreporting
was attributable to negligence, the Tax Collector may impose a penalty in the amount of 5
percent of the amount of the underreported tax, in addition to the tax or amount of tax, if the
negligence is for not more than 1 month, with an additional 5 percent for each month or
fraction of a month during which such negligence continues, up to 20 percent in the
aggregate.

12 (b) Penalties for Intentional Disregard of Rules, Fraud, or Intent to Evade Tax. 13 When it is determined by the Tax Collector that all or part of any tax required to be reported 14 on any return was underreported and such underreporting was attributable to fraud or an 15 intent to evade the Business and Tax Regulations Code, the Tax Collector may impose a penalty in the amount of 50 percent of the amount of the underreported tax. The taxpayer or 16 17 other person determined to be liable for penalties pursuant to this Section is entitled to a 18 notice of deficiency determination or jeopardy determination and to the appeal rights as to such determinations. 19

20

(c) Additional Penalty for Substantial Underreporting.

(1) For purposes of this section, "substantial underreporting of tax" means
the tax finally determined by the Tax Collector *under Articles 7, 9, 10, 10B, 11, 12-A, or 12-A-1 of this Business and Tax Regulations Code* exceeds the amount of tax reported on a taxpayer's
original or amended return for a taxable period by 25 percent or more, or if no return is filed,
the tax liability determined by the Tax Collector pursuant to Section 6.11-1 exceeds \$5000.

1 (2) If the Tax Collector determines that a taxpayer has made a substantial 2 underreporting of tax for any taxable period, the Tax Collector may impose an additional 3 penalty in an amount equal to 50 percent of the tax attributable to the substantially 4 underreported amount. The penalty for substantial underreporting is in addition to any other 5 penalty imposed under this Article 6.

- 6 (3) The additional penalty for substantial underreporting applies to all taxable 7 periods ending on or after June 19, 2010.
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SEC. 6.17-3. NEGLIGENCE PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO REGISTER,

MISSTATEMENTS IN REGISTRATION, FAILURE TO TIMELY UPDATE REGISTRATION, FAILURE TO ALLOW INSPECTION OF RECORDS UPON REQUEST, AND FAILURE TO FILE A RETURN; SANCTION FOR FAILURE TO PRODUCE REQUESTED RECORDS.

(a) Any person who fails to register, fails to amend a registration within 7 days of a
material change or who makes a material misrepresentation in a registration or who fails to
comply with a rule or regulation promulgated by the Tax Collector in a timely manner shall
pay, in addition to any other liability that may be imposed under the provisions of this Article, a
penalty in an amount equal to either \$100 or the penalty assessed pursuant to Section 6.17-1,
whichever is greater.

(b) The Tax Collector may impose a penalty upon any person who fails to file a
return or returns required under this Article on or before the date prescribed for filing up to
\$500 for each such failure. The penalty under this provision shall be in addition to any other
liability that may be imposed under the provisions of this Article. Filing a return that the Tax
Collector determines to be incomplete in any material aspect may be deemed failure to file a
return in violation of this Section. *Any return required to be filed on a combined basis, and which is not filed on that basis, is an incomplete return. In addition, any return required to report worldwide*

1 gross receipts and payroll of a person or combined group under Section 956.2, which does not report gross receipts and payroll on a worldwide basis, is an incomplete return.

2

3 (c) Any person who fails to allow a full inspection of records pursuant to a request made by the Tax Collector within the time prescribed by the Tax Collector shall pay, in 4 addition to any other liability that may be imposed under the provisions of this Article, a 5 6 penalty in the amount of \$500 for each such failure.

7 (d) Unless the failure to allow inspection was due to reasonable cause and not 8 willful neglect, any person who fails to provide records pursuant to a written request made by 9 the Tax Collector may not contest the Tax Collector's decision regarding the amount of such person's liability for any taxes, administrative collection costs, interest, penalties or other costs 10 and charges imposed under the Business and Tax Regulations Code, or oppose the collection 11 12 of such amount, in any subsequent administrative or judicial proceeding, on the basis of any 13 record the Tax Collector previously requested in writing that such person failed to make 14 available to the Tax Collector on or before the earliest to occur of the following: 15 (1)The conclusion of the hearing on a petition for redetermination held

pursuant to Sections 6.12-5 or 6.13-2; 16

- 17 (2)The date the jeopardy determination became final under Section 6.12-5 if such person did not request hearing thereon; 18
- The date the deficiency determination became final under Section 6.13-4 19 (3)20 if such person did not request a hearing thereon.
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- // 22
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- SEC. 6.21-1. TRANSFEREE AND SUCCESSOR LIABILITY. 24
- 25

(a) No person shall purchase or acquire an interest in a business subject to any tax
imposed under the Business and Tax Regulations Code without first obtaining either a receipt
from the Tax Collector showing that all of the seller's taxes on the business have been paid,
or a certificate stating that no amount is due. For purposes of this Section, "purchase" shall
include any other voluntary transfer for consideration of a business, except for purchase of
stock of a publicly-traded company.

7 (b) The Tax Collector shall issue such a receipt or certificate, or a notice of the 8 amount that must be paid as a condition of issuing the certificate, to the buyer within 30 days 9 after receiving a written request. However, failure of the Tax Collector to timely mail the 10 notice will not release the buyer from his or her obligations under this Section, except to the 11 extent of penalties and interest in the event that the Tax Collector enforces the buyer's 12 obligation in a civil action authorized pursuant to the Business and Tax Regulations Code.

(c) If the buyer purchases or acquires an interest in a business owing any taxes,
interest or penalties *imposed under Articles 7, 9, 12-A, or 12-A-1*, the buyer shall withhold from
the purchase price and pay to the Tax Collector a sufficient amount to satisfy said taxes,
interest and penalties.

(d) If the buyer purchases or acquires an interest in a business in violation of this
Section, the buyer shall become personally liable for the amount of taxes, interest and
penalties owed on the business.

(e) The buyer's obligations shall accrue at the time the business is purchased or the
interest acquired, or at the time the Tax Collector determines the seller's final liability,
whichever is later.

(f) The liability at law or in equity of a successor, transferee or alter ego of any
taxpayer or other person determined to be liable for any tax, interest, cost or penalty subject
to this Article, imposed upon a taxpayer may be determined, collected and paid in the same

1	manner and subject to the same provisions and limitations as a deficiency determination
2	pursuant to Sections 6.11-1, 6.11-2, and 6.13-1 et seq. Nothing in this subsection shall be
3	construed to limit the rights or procedures available to the Tax Collector to collect from any
4	successor, transferee or alter ego, at law or in equity, as may be provided by law.
5	
6	Section 3. The Business and Tax Regulations Code is hereby amended by revising
7	Article 12-A, Section 907, to read as follows:
8	
9	SEC. 907. PAYMENTS, RETURNS, <i>PREPAYMENTS <u>INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS</u></i>
10	AND EXTENSIONS.
11	(a) Payments, returns, prepayments installment payments and extensions for persons
12	subject to this Article shall be as prescribed in the common administrative provisions set forth
13	in Article 6.
14	(b) For tax years commencing after December 31, 2013, a combined group as described in
15	Section 956.3 of Article 12-A-1 must file a single payroll expense tax return; the combined group must
16	choose a single person to file the return on its behalf. Each person within the combined group
17	engaging in business in the City must provide a power of attorney to the person filing the return,
18	authorizing the person filing the return to file said return and to act on behalf of each person with
19	respect to payments, refunds, audits, resolutions, and any other items related to the tax liability
20	reflected in the return. The power of attorney shall be substantially in a form prescribed or approved
21	by the Tax Collector. Each return filed by a combined group constitutes a combined return under this
22	Article and Article 6. The person filing any combined return shall pay the tax liability reflected on the
23	return and any liability determined on audit at the time and in the manner set forth for returns and
24	liabilities in Article 6. The payroll expense tax liability of each person within a combined group,
25	including any applicable exemptions or exclusions, shall be computed as if that person was filing its

<u>own separate return. The total liability on the combined return shall be the sum of the liabilities of</u>
 <u>each person within the combined group.</u>

3

Section 4. The Business and Tax Regulations Code is hereby amended by revising
 Article 12-A-1, Section 956.3, as follows:

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SEC. 956.3. COMBINED RETURNS.

8 A person engaging in business within the City must file gross receipts tax returns as 9 provided in Article 6. Those returns must be filed on a combined basis with all of that person's related entities. That person, and all of that person's related entities, constitute a combined 10 group. Every combined group must file a single return; the combined group *may must* choose a 11 12 single person to file the return on its behalf. Each person within the combined group engaging 13 in business in the City must provide a power of attorney to the person filing the return, 14 authorizing the person filing the return to file said return and to act on behalf of each person 15 with respect to payments, refunds, audits, resolutions, and any other items related to the tax 16 liability reflected in the return. The power of attorney shall be substantially in a form-to be 17 *promulgated* prescribed or approved by the Tax Collector. Each return filed by a combined 18 group constitutes a combined return under this Article and Article 6. The person filing any combined return shall pay the tax liability reflected on the return and any liability determined 19 20 on audit at the time and in the manner set forth for returns and liabilities in Article 6.

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Section 5. Effective and Operative Dates.

(a) This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment
 occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or

does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors
 overrides the Mayor's veto of that ordinance.

3

(b) This ordinance shall become operative January 1, 2014.

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Section 6. Severability of Ordinance Provisions; Construction of Ordinance.

6 (a) If any section, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this ordinance is for any 7 reason held to be invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining 8 sections, sentences, clauses, phrases, or portions of this ordinance shall nonetheless remain 9 in full force and effect. The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby declares that it would have adopted each section, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion 10 11 of this ordinance, irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, sentences, clauses, 12 phrases, or portions of this ordinance be declared invalid or unenforceable and, to that end, 13 the provisions of this ordinance are severable.

(b) No section, clause, part or provision of this ordinance shall be construed as
requiring the payment of any tax that would be in violation of the Constitution or laws of the
United States or of the Constitution or laws of the State of California.

17

Section 7. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment
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1	additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under		
2	the official title of the ordinance.		
3 4	APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney		
5	Ву:		
6	Carole F. Ruwart Deputy City Attorney		
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