| 1 | [Supporting Assembly Bill 1553 (Yamada) - Prohibit Long-Term Care Insurance Providers from Charging Higher Premium Rates Based on Gender] |
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| 3 | Resolution supporting Assembly Bill 1553, authored by Assemblymember Mariko |
| 4 | Yamada, to prohibit long-term care insurance providers from charging higher premium |
| 5 | rates based on gender. |
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| 7 | WHEREAS, Long-Term Care Insurance (LTCI) is designed to reimburse policyholders |
| 8 | for long-term services and supports, including personal and custodial care, in a variety of |
| 9 | settings such as in a home or at a skilled nursing facility; and |
| 10 | WHEREAS, The nation's largest seller of LTCI reports that women account for 57% of |
| 11 | policy sales and account for two of every three dollars in claims paid out; and |
| 12 | WHEREAS, According to the American Association of Long-Term Care Insurance |
| 13 | (AALTCI), some of the major providers of LTCI in California are currently seeking to get |
| 14 | approval for products with rate increases based on gender, which in effect will shift a greater |
| 15 | burden of cost onto women; and |
| 16 | WHEREAS, According to AALTCI, almost 70% of women age 75 or older are widowed, |
| 17 | divorced, or never married, leaving them less likely to have spouses to care for them and |
| 18 | more likely to live in assisted living and nursing facilities; and |
| 19 | WHEREAS, Approximately 75% of California caregivers are women, most of which are |
| 20 | forced to give up formal work, leading to lost benefits and savings, and by the time women |
| 21 | need long-term care services, they are widowed and do not have the resources to pay for |
| 22 | such expensive care; and |
| 23 | WHEREAS, The Affordable Care Act prohibits insurers from charging women higher |
| 24 | premiums for health insurance policies, but long-term care insurance in California is classified |
| 25 | as disability insurance, so it is not bound by that law; and |
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Supervisors Chiu, Kim, Cohen BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

| 1 | WHEREAS, On January 28, 2014, Assemblymember Mariko Yamada introduced |
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| 2 | Assembly Bill 1553 (AB 1553) to prohibit a long-term care insurance policy issued, amended, |
| 3 | or renewed on or after January 1, 2015, from charging a different premium, price, or charge |
| 4 | based on the sex of the contracting party, potential contracting party, or a person reasonably |
| 5 | expected to benefit from the policy; and |
| 6 | WHEREAS, The term "sex" would be defined for these purposes to mean a person's |
| 7 | gender, gender identity, and gender expression, as defined; and |
| 8 | WHEREAS, Without AB 1553, rates for women could rise as much as 40%; and |
| 9 | WHEREAS, The States of Montana and Colorado have already acted to prohibit |
| 10 | gender-based pricing for LTCI; now, therefore be it |
| 11 | RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco |
| 12 | hereby urges the California State Legislature to pass AB 1533 in order to prohibit gender |
| 13 | discrimination in one of the most vital and critical healthcare services in the State. |
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