File No. <u>140806</u>

Committee Item No. 2____ Board Item No. 5_____

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: Land Use and Economic Development Date __October 6, 2014

Board of Supervisors Meeting

Date October 28, 2014

Cmte Board

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Completed by: Andrea Ausberry	Date _October 3, 2014
Completed by:	Date 18-14.14

AMENDED IN COMMITTEE 10/6/14

FILE NO. 140806

ORDINANCE NO.

NOTE:

[Health, Building Codes - Ventilation Requirement for Urban Infill Development and Establishing Fees]

Ordinance amending the Health Code, Article 38, to require an enhanced ventilation system for sensitive use projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone and establishing document review fees; amending the Building Code to correspond to the Health Code changes; and making environmental findings, and findings under the California Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to forward this Ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final passage.

Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.
Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u>.
Deletions to Codes are in <u>strikethrough italies Times New Roman font</u>.
Board amendment additions are in <u>double-underlined Arial font</u>.
Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.
Asterisks (* * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. General Findings.

The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 140806 and is incorporated herein by reference.

Section 2. Findings Under the California Health and Safety Code.

The Board of Supervisors finds that:

(1) The topography of San Francisco leads to development of a high density of buildings on small lots, and often in close proximity to major roadways, necessitating special provisions for ventilation. (Topography).

(2) High building density and crowded occupancy leaves fewer parcels available for residential development than needed to satisfy regional demand, and many of those sites are in close proximity to major roadways, necessitating special provisions for ventilation. (Topography).

(3) The configuration of the City as a peninsula restricts the availability of land suitable for residential development, leaving such development to sites that are close to major roadways, necessitating special provisions for ventilation. (Topography).

(4) The region is subject to strong winds, which often direct roadway air pollutants to surrounding areas. (Climate).

Pursuant to the applicable California Health and Safety Code Sections, the Board of Supervisors finds and determines that these local conditions give rise to the need for modification of the 2013 California Building Code provisions published by the Building Standards Commission. Further, the Board finds and determines that the proposed modifications are reasonably necessary based on these local conditions.

Section 3. Article of the 38 the Health Code is hereby amended by deleting existing Section 3806; adding two sections (numbered as Sections 3803 and 3811); revising existing Sections 3801 to 3805 and 3807 to 3813 and renumbering those sections, in light of the deleted and added sections, to produce Sections 3801 to 3814, to read as follows:

SEC. 3801. SHORT TITLE.

This Article shall be entitled <u>"Air Quality Assessment and Ventilation Requirement Enhanced</u> <u>Ventilation Required</u> for Urban Infill<u>Residential Sensitive Use</u> Developments <u>in the Air Pollutant</u> <u>Exposure Zone."</u>

SEC. 3802.FINDINGS.

(a) Motor vehicles are a major source of air pollution in the United States, particularly in urban areas:

(a) Scientific studies show that exposure to particulate matter from air pollution leads to significant human health problems, including: aggravated asthma; chronic bronchitis; reduced lung function; irregular heartbeat; heart attack; and premature death in people with heart or lung disease. Exposure to air pollutants that are carcinogens can also have significant human health consequences. For example, exposure to diesel exhaust is an established cause of lung cancer.

(b) Heart disease and stroke are the first and fourth leading causes of death in the U.S. respectively. Air pollution affects heart health and can trigger or contribute to heart attacks and strokes. One in three Americans has heart or blood vessel disease and is at higher risk from air pollution. Impacts on the lungs may take several forms. Short-term effects include deficits in lung function that can limit breathing, especially during exercise. Irritants from air pollution may cause airway constriction or chest tightening that is uncomfortable or limiting to normal activity. These changes in lung function are sometimes accompanied by underlying lung tissue inflammation which over the long term may lead to chronic lung disease. Exposure to air pollutants may be a contributing factor to leading causes of death recorded for San Francisco's population (ischemic heart disease; lung, bronchus and tracheal cancers; cerebrovascular disease; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; hypertensive heart disease and lower respiratory infection). Pollution from motor vehicles imposes severe health burdens on children and families living near freeways and busy roadways. Health research has consistently shown that

(c) *p*_Persons living in close proximity to <u>air pollution sources, such as</u> freeways or busy roadways, have poorer lung functions and are more susceptible to develop<u>ing</u> asthma and other respiratory problems, compared with persons living at a greater distance; <u>from such</u> <u>sources. The California Air Resources Board's 2005 Land Use Guidance document, "Air Quality And Land Use Handbook: A Community Health Perspective," reviewed traffic-related air pollution studies and found that particulate matter pollution levels decrease by about 70 percent at 500 feet from</u>

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freeways and high-traffic roadways, defined as urban roads with 100,000 vehicles/day or rural roads with 50,000 vehicles/day.

(c) To avoid the health problems associated with exposure to roadway pollution, the California Air Resources Board recommends avoiding the placement of residential and other sensitive uses within 500 feet (approximately 150 meters) of busy freeways and other busy roadways. However, significant residential development in the state is occurring in urban infill sites, near freeways or busy arterial_roadways, potentially increasing these residents' exposure to air pollutants and their associated health risks; and

(d) — This situation is exacerbated in the City of San Francisco, which, by virtue of being located on a peninsula, has a limited amount of land available for new residential development.

(d) Proximity to sources of air pollution increases exposure, and proximity to sources is established to be more common for the poor and for certain ethnic minorities.

(e) Consequently, health vulnerability varies among neighborhoods and populations within San Francisco, as measured by population health records of air pollution-associated hospital discharges and emergency room visits, and non-accident mortality. Health vulnerable populations are likely to have more significant health consequences from air pollutant exposure compared to populations that are less vulnerable.

(f) Existing regulatory control measures, often focused on new stationary sources of emissions and average regional air pollution concentrations, are not sufficient to address all local sources of exposure or disparities in exposure.

(g) "Sensitive Use" buildings have the highest proportion of individuals who are most vulnerable to air pollutant exposures.

(h) Available technologies exist to protect sensitive uses from air pollution health effects. Available and accepted air pollution modeling technology allows for the estimation of certain air pollutant concentrations for individual land parcels. Furthermore, available building ventilation and

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engineering technologies provide mechanisms to protect indoor environments from the infiltration of ambient air pollutants. SEC. 3803. PURPOSES AND GOALS. The purpose of this Article 38 is to protect the public health and welfare by establishing (a)an Air Pollutant Exposure Zone and imposing an enhanced ventilation requirement for all urban infill 6 sensitive use development within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone. The goals of this Article 38 are to maintain and increase the stock of infill housing and *(b)*. other sensitive use development in the City while reducing the risk to human health from air pollutants among occupants of, and visitors to, buildings in the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone. 10 SEC. 38034. DEFINITIONS. For the purposes of this Article 38, the following words shall have the following meanings: <u>"Building" means a new structure containing ten or more dwelling units as those terms</u> (a)are defined in the San Francisco Building Code. "Department" means the San Francisco Department of Public Health. (b) 16. "Director" means the Director of the San Francisco Department of Public Health or the fe) Director's designee. "Local Roadway Traffic Sources" means traffic generated on roadways within 500 feet -(d)from the site. "PM 2.5" means solid particles and liquid droplets found in the air, that are less than fe)-2.5 micrometers in diameter. -"Potential Roadway Air Pollutant-Exposure Zone" means those areas within the Æ City and County of San Francisco which, by virtue of their proximity to freeways and major roadways, may exhibit high PM 2.5 concentration attributable to Local Roadway Traffic Sources, air pollution emissions sources, including Freeways, have substantially greater concentrations of air

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pollutants. The Air Pollutant Exposure Zone shall be modeled according to specific risk factors defined in the Rules and Regulations, and will include at a minimum, criteria for maximum allowed excess cancer risks and maximum PM_{2.5} concentrations; these criteria shall be more stringent in Health Vulnerable Locations, as defined below.

(g) "Potential Roadway Exposure Zone" means a map, prepared and periodically updated by the Director and available to the public in the Department's website, depicting the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone.

"Building" means a building that contains a "Sensitive Use" and that is either:

(1) a new building; or

(2) a building undergoing a "Major Alteration to Existing Building" as defined by the San Francisco Green Building Code: or

(3) a building undergoing a Planning Department permitted change of use. "City" means the City and County of San Francisco.

"Department" means the San Francisco Department of Public Health.

"Director" means the Director of the San Francisco Department of Public Health or the

Director's designee.

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<u>"Enhanced Ventilation" means a ventilation system capable of achieving the protection from</u> particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) equivalent to that associated with a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) 13 filtration (as defined by American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) standard 52.2).

<u>"Freeway" refers to freeways as defined in the San Francisco General Plan, Transportation</u> <u>Element.</u>

<u>"Health Vulnerable Locations" means those San Francisco zip codes, census tracts or other</u> <u>defined locations having the highest percentage of health vulnerable residents, based on criteria such</u> <u>as State discharge data from respiratory and cardiovascular related hospitalizations, non-accident</u>

mortality, or other criteria as determined by the Director and specified in the Rules and Regulations 1 2 enacted under this Article. "PM_{2.5}" means solid particles and liquid droplets found in the air, that are less than or equal to 3 4 2.5 micrometers (um) in diameter. "Sensitive Use" means: 5 any building or facility designed for residential use, including but not limited to 6 (1)7 those defined by City, state or federal law and regulations, excluding Tourist Hotels; 8 (2)any building or facility serving specific populations, including but not limited to 9 California Department of Social Services (CDSS)-licensed Adult Day Care Centers, Adult Support 10 Centers, Child Care Centers, Family Child Care Homes, Infant Care Centers, School-Aged Child Care 11 Centers, and Community Treatment Centers; 12 (3) any California Department of Education (CDE)-licensed schools: 13 (4) any California Department of Public Health (CDPH)-licensed Health Care Facilities with 24-hour care, except for CDPH-licensed hospitals, which are subject to specific 14 15 regulations: 16 (5) any California Building Code Section 305-defined occupancies of Educational 17 Group E; 18 (6) any California Building Code Section 308-defined occupancies of Institutional 19 Group I; and 20 any California Building Code Section 310-defined occupancies of Residential (7) 21 Group R. 22 (h) "Site" means a parcel of land as defined in the San Francisco Building Code. 23 SEC. 38045. APPLICABILITY OF ARTICLE. 24 This Article <u>38</u> shall apply to *newly constructed <u>Sensitive Use</u>*-buildings *containing ten or* 25 more dwelling units located on a site identified as within the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone, and

that have been determined to have a PM 2.5 concentration at the proposed site greater than 0.2 ug/m3 attributable to Local Roadway Traffic Sources, as defined herein. <u>Air Pollutant Exposure Zone that are</u> either:

(a) Newly constructed; or

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(b) Undergoing a "Major Alteration to Existing Building" as defined by the San Francisco Green Building Code; or

(c) The subject of an application for a Planning Department-permitted Change of Use. SEC. 3805<u>6</u>. *POTENTIAL ROADWAY AIR POLLUTANT* EXPOSURE ZONE AND *POTENTIAL ROADWAY AIR POLLUTANT* EXPOSURE ZONE MAP.

Pursuant to Section 4.110 of the Charter of the City and County of San Francisco, tThe (a) Director shall create a Potential Roadway an Air Pollutant Exposure Zone Map, depicting the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone according to Rules and Regulations as authorized by Section 3809. The Air Pollutant Exposure Zone Map shall depict all locations in the City where the estimated cumulative $PM_{2.5}$ concentration is greater than 10 μ g/m³ or where the estimated cumulative excess risk of cancer from air pollutants resulting from lifetime (70 year) exposure is greater than 100 in a million. Additionally, the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone Map shall include all locations within 500 feet of any Freeway, if those locations were not otherwise captured by modeling estimates. Within Health *Vulnerable Locations, the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone Map shall depict all locations where the* estimated cumulative $PM_{2.5}$ concentration is greater than 9 µg/m3 or where the estimated cumulative excess risk of cancer from air pollutants resulting from lifetime (70 year) exposure is greater than 90 in a million. The Director shall update the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone Map to identify new sources, updated pollutant standards, additional pollutants and standards for those pollutants, and updated methodologies in accordance with Section 3809 and the accompanying Rules and Regulations for this Article 38.

(b) The Director shall *from time to time, at least once every five years,* update the *Potential Roadway Exposure Zone Map, Rules and Regulations governing creation of the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone Map* to account for changes in *circumstances that lead to changes in the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone, information* including, but not limited, to:

(1) Information available to estimate air pollutants of health concern;

(2) Information available to determine Health Vulnerable Locations; and

(3) Information that may affect delineation of the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone, including, but not limited to:

(1)(A) Construction, expansion or modification of new major roadways in residential areas;
 (2)(B) Changes in traffic patterns in the City's roadway system;

(3)Specific scientific data showing that certain areas should be included in the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone Map.

(C) Changes in area sources or siting of industrial or commercial sources of air pollution; and (D) Climatic factors for which there is evidence of changes to air quality.

(c) The Director shall post the <u>Potential Roadway Air Pollutant</u> Exposure Zone Map *in* <u>on</u> the Department's website, and make paper copies of the map available to the public upon request.

(d) In creating and updating the *Potential Roadway <u>Air Pollutant</u>* Exposure Zone Map, the Director shall follow the procedures_of Section 3809, and shall make specific findings explaining how the boundaries of the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone Map meet the definition of Section <u>3803(f) specified in Section 3809.</u>

(e) The *current Potential Roadway Air Pollutant* Exposure Zone <u>Map that is operative as</u> <u>of the effective date of Ordinance No.</u> <u>amending this Article 38</u>, is <u>attached to this Ordinance as</u> <u>Attachment A on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 140806.</u>

SEC. 3806. AIR QUALITY ASSESSMENT AND AIR QUALITY REPORT.

(a) Projects meeting the conditions of Section 3804 shall have performed an Air Quality Assessment, to evaluate the concentration of PM 2.5 from Local Roadway Traffic Sources at the site. All locations at the site where residential buildings or construction may occur shall be evaluated. The Department shall develop guidance, pursuant to Section 3809, setting forth what types of analyses shall be conducted. The project sponsor shall follow the Department's guidance, unless an alternative proposal is approved in writing by the Director.

(b) At the completion of the Air Quality Assessment required by Section 3806(a), an Air Quality Report shall be submitted to the Director. The Air Quality Report shall contain the following information:

(1) The names, addresses and professional expertise of the persons who conducted the Air Quality Assessment;

(2) An explanation of the methodology used in the Air Quality Assessment; and

(3) The results of the Air Quality Assessment.

(c) Review by the Director. The Director shall determine whether the Air Quality Report required by this Article was conducted as required by this Article, and whether the Air Quality Report is complete. If the Air Quality Report was not conducted as required by this Article or does not comply with the requirements of this Section, the Director shall notify the project sponsor in writing within 30 days of receipt of the Air Quality Report, indicating the reasons the report is unacceptable. A copy of the notification shall be sent to the Director of building Inspection.

(d) Finding of No Dangerous PM 2.5 Concentration. If the Air Quality Report indicates that the concentration level of PM 2.5 from Local Roadway Traffic Sources at the site is less than 0.2 ug/m3, the Director shall provide the project sponsor with written notification that the project has complied with the requirements of this Article.

SEC. 3807. <u>ENHANCED VENTILATION REQUIREMENT.</u>

(a) If the Air Quality Report indicates that the concentration level of PM 2.5 from Local Roadway Traffic Sources at the site is greater than 0.2 ug/m3 the project shall:

(1) be designed, or relocated on the site in a way that would avoid residential exposure to PM 2.5 concentration from Local Roadway Traffic Sources greater than 0.2 ug/m3, as demonstrated by the Air Quality Report, or

(2)—Any person or entity to whom this Article 38 applies, as defined in Section 3805, shall submit to the Director a<u>n Enhanced</u> Ventilation Proposal, prepared by, or under the supervision of, a licensed <u>mechanical engineer or other individual authorized by the California Business and</u> <u>Professions Code Sections 6700-6799 (Professional Engineers Act) to</u> design <u>professional, to install in</u> the project a mechanical ventilation system<u>s</u> to that meet the requirements of <u>this Article 38</u> and San Francisco Building Code Section 1203.5. <u>An Enhanced Ventilation Proposal shall include the</u> name, title and license number of the person submitting such proposal. <u>Building permit documents</u> submitted to the Department of Building Inspection shall incorporate designs and details necessary for the construction of such ventilation system.

(b) The <u>Enhanced</u> Ventilation Proposal shall explain-*in detail* how the project will achieve the standards mandated by <u>this Article 38 and accompanying the Rules and Regulations</u> <u>as described and updated according to Section 3809</u>, San Francisco Building Code Section 1203.5. *The, and any relevant amendments or revisions thereto*. The <u>Enhanced</u> Ventilation Proposal shall include a statement signed by the *licensed design professional person* who prepared it, <u>in accordance with the requirements of Section 3807(a</u>), certifying that in his or her judgment the ventilation system proposed will be capable of <u>removing>80% of ambient PM 2.5 achieving the protection</u> from <u>habitable areas of dwelling units</u> particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) equivalent to that associated with MERV 13 filtration (as defined by ASHRAE standard 52.2). In updates to the Rules and

<u>Regulations, the Director may specify additional or alternative protective equivalents as technology</u> and research dictate.

(c) The Director shall review the Enhanced Ventilation Proposal and may require additional modification or justification prior to the Director's approval. The Director shall issue a letter to the Department of Building Inspection Permit Services Energy/Mechanical Plan Review Section identifying and attaching the letter describing the approved Enhanced Ventilation Proposal.

(d) Building permit documents submitted to the Department of Building Inspection shall incorporate all designs and details necessary for the construction of the approved Enhanced Ventilation system. The Department of Building Inspection shall review submitted plans to assure compliance with the Director-approved Enhanced Ventilation proposal and shall not issue permits for the construction, installation, or modification of the Enhanced Ventilation systems unless it is in compliance with the approved proposal.

SEC. 3808. MAINTENANCE OF DOCUMENTS BY *DIRECTORDEPARTMENT*. The *Air Quality Report, Enhanced* Ventilation Proposal, Certification and related documents shall become part of the file maintained by the Department. Such file shall be available to the public upon request.

SEC. 3809. RULES AND REGULATIONS.

(a) Adoption of Rules. The Director may adopt, and may thereafter amend, rules, regulations and guidelines that the Director deems necessary to implement the provisions of this Article. For the purposes of this Article, a public hearing before the Health Commission shall be held prior to the adoption or any amendment of the rules, regulations and guidelines recommended for implementation, including creation and amendments to update the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone Map. In addition to notices required by law, the Director shall send written notice, at least 15 days prior to the hearing, to any interested party who sends a written request to the Director for notice of hearings related to the adoption of rules, regulations and guidelines pursuant to this Section.

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In developing such regulations, the Director shall consider, inter alia, State and federal statutes, regulations and guidelines pertaining to the health effects of roadway air pollutants. The Director shall also Within 90 days after the effective date of revised Ordinance No._____, amending Article 38, the Director shall issue Rules and Regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Article and to protect public health and safety. Any person or entity as defined in Section 3805 shall comply with this Article, the Rules and Regulations, and all applicable local, state, and federal laws.

(b) <u>The Director shall</u> consult with the Planning Department's Environmental Review Officer at least 30 days prior to initiating any amendments or modifications to *these rules or regulations, including changes to the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone Map, and shall seek such officer's concurrence on any proposed change the Rules and Regulations.*

(c) _____The Director shall_*also, from time to time*, consult with the Municipal Green Building Task Force, *as established in Environment Code Sec. 702, or any successor body*, to coordinate and resolve any potential conflicts that may arise between the <u>San Francisco</u> Green Building <u>Ordinance Code</u> and this <u>Ordinance Article 38.</u>

(b)(d) <u>Guidelines for Rules and Regulations</u>. <u>Rules, regulations and guidelines may shall, at a</u> <u>minimum, meet address among others, the following</u>, <u>subjects standards and criteria</u>:

(1) Minimum standards for acceptable Air Quality Assessment tests. The minimum standards shall be designed to assist interested persons including, but not limited to, the Director of the Department of Building Inspection, other state and local public agencies and licensed design professionals, to evaluate whether analyses, other than those required by Section 3806(a) must be conducted to detect the presence of harmful roadway air pollutants; The criteria used for the definition of "Health Vulnerable Locations" shall be at least as health-protective as that of the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) methodology. BAAQMD methodology defines those zip codes in San Francisco in the worst quintile of Bay Area health vulnerability scores based on two years of statewide hospitalization and emergency room visit records, and estimated costs, for the following air

pollution related conditions per zip code: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Hospital
Admissions, Pneumonia Hospital Admissions, Myocardial Infarction (MI, Heart Attack) Hospital
Admissions and Emergency Room Visits, Cardiovascular Hospital Admissions (less MI), Asthma
Emergency Hospital Admissions and Emergency Room Visits, Asthma Hospital Admissions, Hospital
Admissions for Respiratory Diseases, combined with the non-accident mortality rate per zip code. For
San Francisco, based on 2009-2011 health records, the zip codes in the worst quintile of Bay Area
 health vulnerability scores are 94102, 94103, 94105, 94124, and 94130. In updates to the Rules and
Regulations, the Director may modify the methodology to identify Health Vulnerable Locations as
required to ensure the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone Map is consistent with current scientific evidence.
(2) The criteria for creating and updating the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone Map and the
models underlying this map shall include, but not be limited to:

(A) Identification of parcels with lifetime excess cancer risk due to air pollution greater than 100 cases per million population.

(B) Identification of parcels in Health Vulnerable Locations with lifetime excess cancer risk due to air pollution greater than 90 cases per million population.

(C) Identification of parcels where $PM_{2.5}$ concentrations are greater than 10 μ g/m3 (including ambient levels).

(D) Identification of parcels in Health Vulnerable Locations where $PM_{2.5}$ concentrations are greater than 9 μ g/m3 (including ambient levels).

(E) Identification of parcels within 500 feet of any Freeway, if those locations were not otherwise captured by modeling estimates.

(F) New research findings, particularly quantification of risk, that change the Director's knowledge of how particulate matter and any other air pollutants affect public health.

(3) Required performance standards for Enhanced Ventilation Proposals must include the following minimum criteria:

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	(A) Location of air intake for HVAC (Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
<u>systems) awa</u>	ty from air pollution sources:
	(B) Specification of filtration certified by the ASHRAE capable of achieving
protection fr	om particulate matter ($PM_{2.5}$) equivalent to that associated with a MERV 13 filtration (as
<u>defined by A</u>	SHRAE standard 52.2).
<u>(4)</u>	Additional criteria for Enhanced Ventilation Proposals may include the following
project desig	n information:
	(A) Number of air exchanges per hour of outside filtered air;
	(B) Building materials and/or design that limit unfiltered infiltration of outside air.
<u>such as air s</u>	ealing or maintenance of positive pressure within the building interior;
	(C) Location of operable windows oriented away from air pollutant sources, to the
<u>extent feasib</u>	<u>le;</u>
	(D) Other building design criteria that may reduce air pollution exposure to
<u>residents;</u>	
	(E) Other combinations of technologies and designs to achieve the goals of this
<u>Article.</u>	
(2)(5 ,	<u>Minimum education and experience-Certification and/or licensing requirements for the</u>
persons who	prepare <u>Air Quality Assessments pursuant to Section 3806(a) and the Enhanced</u>
Ventilation H	Proposals pursuant to Section 3807. and The Enhanced Ventilation Proposal must be
prepared by,	or under the responsible charge of a person who is authorized by California Business and
Professions (<u>Code Sections 6700-6799 (Professional Engineers Act), or any successor provisions, to</u>
<u>design mech</u>	anical ventilation systems that meet the requirements of this Article 38 and San Francisco
Building Cod	de Section 1203.5 and either:
	(A) a licensed mechanical engineer, or

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(B) an individual authorized by California Business and Professions Code Sections 6700-6799 to design mechanical ventilation systems that meet the requirements of this Article 38 and San Francisco Building Code Section 1203.5.

(3) Creation and Periodic Updates of the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone Map.

(6) Minimum criteria for maintenance and disclosure, including but not limited to:

(A) Minimum standards for proper maintenance, and

(B) Disclosure to buyers, lessees and renters that the building is located in an area with substantial concentrations of air pollutants, and that the building includes an enhanced ventilation system information about the proper use of the installed enhanced ventilation system.

(e) The Director may specify additional or alternative equivalents as justified by accepted research including:

(1) addition or substitution of risk factor criteria;

(2) inclusion of other pollutants such as Nitrogen Dioxide.

(f) Within Health Vulnerable Locations, the Director shall specify more protective requirements in the Air Pollutant Exposure Zones.

(g) The Director may grant variances to this Article 38, on a case-by-case basis.

SEC. 3810. MAINTENANCE AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS.

(a) The ventilation systems installed pursuant to Section 3807 shall be properly maintained, following standard practices, and as specified by the manufacturer.

(b) *Project sponsors shall preserve_dD*ocumentation of *their actions installing the installation* and/or *maintaining maintenance of* the *enhanced* ventilation systems *shall be preserved* for five years after installation.

(c) Failure to properly maintain the enhanced ventilation systems is subject to enforcement and possible penalties under the Health Code Article 11, Nuisances, or other applicable sections.

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(d) Disclosure to buyers, lessees and renters shall be made in accordance with Rules and Regulations as specified in Section 3809(d)(6).

SEC. 3811. FEES.

(a) Review and approval of an Enhanced Ventilation Proposal \$984.00

(b) Additional consultation, document review or inspection......\$225.00 per hour

SEC. 381<u>42.</u> NO CONFLICT WITH FEDERAL OR STATE LAW.

Nothing in this Article shall be interpreted or applied so as to create any requirement, power, or duty in conflict with any federal or state law.

SEC. 38123. SEVERABILITY.

If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Article 38 is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of the Article. The Board of Supervisors hereby declares that it would have passed this Article and each and every section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase not declared invalid or unconstitutional without regard to whether any portion of this Article would be subsequently declared invalid or unconstitutional.

SEC. 38134. UNDERTAKING FOR THE GENERAL WELFARE.

In adopting and implementing this Article 38, the City *and County of San Francisco* is assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing in its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach proximately caused injury.

Section 4. The Building Code is hereby amended by amending Section 1203.5, to read as follows:

SEC. 1203 - VENTILATION

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SEC. 1203.5. Amending second paragraph as follows:

Newly constructed <u>For all</u> buildings containing ten or more dwelling units any sensitive land use located within the Potential Roadway <u>Air Pollutant</u> Exposure Zone and having a PM 2.5 concentration at the proposed building site greater than 0.2 ug/m3 attributable to Local Roadway Traffic Sources, as determined by the Director of Public Health pursuant to Article 38 of the San Francisco Health Code, that are:

(a) <u>Newly constructed;</u>

(b) <u>Undergoing a "Major Alteration to Existing Building" as defined by the San Francisco</u> <u>Green Building Code; or</u>

(c) <u>Applying for a San Francisco Planning Department-permitted Change of Use</u> <u>such buildings</u> shall <u>incorporate an have enhanced</u> ventilation systems designed and constructed to <u>remove >80% of ambient PM 2.5 from habitable areas of dwelling units be in compliance with San</u> <u>Francisco Health Code Article 38</u>.

Section 5. Department Report. Within 90 days of the effective date of this Ordinance , the Department of Public Health shall confer with affected City departments, including the Department of Building Inspection, Planning Department, and Fire Department, as well as affected members of the development community, to evaluate and discuss technologies and policies that will satisfy the requirements of this Ordinance. The Department of Public Health shall report to the Board of Supervisors within 120 days after the effective date of this Ordinance regarding technologies that the Department of Public Health has identified or evaluated that may comply with the requirements of Article 38.

Section <u>56</u>. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

Section 67. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles, numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under the official title of the ordinance.

Section 78. Directions to the Clerk. The Clerk of the Board of Supervisors is hereby directed to forward a copy of this ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final passage.

APPROVED AS TO FORM: **DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney**

By: ARGINIA DARIO ELIZONDO **Deputy City Attorney**

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LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

(10/6/14 - Amended In Committee)

[Health, Building Codes - Ventilation Requirement for Urban Infill Development]

Ordinance amending the Health Code, Article 38, to require an enhanced ventilation system for sensitive use projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone, and establishing document review fees; amending the Building Code to correspond to the Health Code changes; and making environmental findings, and findings under the California Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to forward this ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final passage.

Existing Law

To avoid health problems associated with exposure to roadway pollution, the California Resources Board recommends avoiding the placement of residential and other sensitive uses within 500 feet (approximately 150 meters) of freeways and other busy roadways. The expansion of residential development and the limited amount of land available in San Francisco led to residential development in urban infill sites near freeways or busy arterial roadways, potentially increasing residents' exposure to air pollutants and their associated health risks.

Article 38 requires the developers of residential projects containing 10 or more units and located near freeways to and major roadways to submit an Air Quality Assessment to evaluate the concentration of PM _{2.5} (solid particles and liquid droplets which are less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter) from traffic generated within 500 feet from the site, which must be submitted to the Director of Health.

If this Air Quality Assessment indicates that the concentration level of $PM_{2.5}$ is greater than 0.2 ug/m3, the project shall: (1) be designed or relocated on the site in a way that would avoid residential exposure greater than 0.2 ug/m3, or (2) submit to the Director a Ventilation Proposal capable of removing \geq 80% of ambient PM _{2.5} from habitable areas of the dwelling units, and meets the requirements of San Francisco Building Code Section 1203.5.

Amendments to Current Law

The "Potential Roadway Exposure Zone" is redefined as the "Air Pollutant Exposure Zone" and includes other sources of air pollution emissions.

The Air Pollutant Exposure Map shall depict all locations within the City where the estimated cumulative $PM_{2.5}$ concentration is greater than 10µg/m3 or where the estimated cumulative excess risk of cancer from air pollutants resulting from lifetime (70 years) exposure is greater than 100 in a million. The map shall also include all locations within 500 feet of any freeway, if those locations were not otherwise captured by modeling estimates.

The amendment defines "Health Vulnerable Locations" as those San Francisco zip codes, census tracts or other defined locations having the highest percentage of health vulnerable residents, based on criteria such as State discharge data from respiratory and cardiovascular related hospitalizations, non-accident mortality, or other criteria as determined by the Director of Health. For these areas, the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone Map shall depict all locations where the estimated cumulative $PM_{2.5}$ concentration is greater than 91µg/m3 or where the estimated cumulative $PM_{2.5}$ concentration is greater than 91µg/m3 or where the estimated cumulative access risk of cancer from air pollutants resulting from lifetime (70 years) exposure is greater than 90 in a million.

The amendment defines "Sensitive Use" as any building or facility designed for residential use, or serving specific sensitive populations, such as adult support centers, child care centers, community treatment centers, health care facilities, schools, and group homes.

All buildings containing any Sensitive Use located the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone that are: (1) newly constructed; (2) undergoing a major alteration to an existing building; or (3) applying for a San Francisco Planning Department – permitted Change of use shall be required to submit an Enhanced Ventilation System be capable of achieving the protection from particulate matter ($PM_{2.5}$) equivalent to that associated with MERV 13 filtration.

Within 90 days of the effective date of this Ordinance , the Department of Public Health shall confer the Department of Building Inspection, Planning Department, and Fire Department, and members of the development community, to evaluate and discuss technologies and policies that will satisfy the requirements of this Ordinance. The Department of Public Health shall report to the Board of Supervisors within 120 days after the effective date of this Ordinance regarding technologies that the Department of Public Health has identified or evaluated that may comply with the requirements of Article 38.

Background Information

Supervisors Cohen and Kim BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Page 2

FILE NO. 140806

Scientific studies show that exposure to particulate matter from air pollution leads to significant human health problems, including: aggravated asthma; chronic bronchitis; reduced lung function; irregular heartbeat; heart attack; and premature death in people with heart or lung disease. Exposure to air pollutants that are carcinogens can also have significant human health consequences. For example, exposure to diesel exhaust is an established cause of lung cancer.

Persons living in close proximity to air pollution sources, such as freeways or busy roadways, have poorer lung functions and are more susceptible to developing asthma and other respiratory problems, compared with persons living at a greater distance; from such sources. The California Air Resources Board's 2005 Land Use Guidance document, "Air Quality And Land Use Handbook: A Community Health Perspective," reviewed traffic-related air pollution studies and found that particulate matter pollution levels decrease by about 70 percent at 500 feet from freeways and high-traffic roadways, defined as urban roads with 100,000 vehicles/day or rural roads with 50,000 vehicles/day.

Consequently, health vulnerability varies among neighborhoods and populations within San Francisco, as measured by population health records of air pollution-associated hospital discharges and emergency room visits, and non-accident mortality. Health vulnerable populations are likely to have more significant health consequences from air pollutant exposure compared to populations that are less vulnerable. "Sensitive Use" buildings have the highest proportion of individuals who are most vulnerable to air pollutant exposures.

Available technologies exist to protect sensitive uses from air pollution health effects. Available and accepted air pollution modeling technology allows for the estimation of certain air pollutant concentrations for individual land parcels. Furthermore, available building ventilation and engineering technologies provide mechanisms to protect indoor environments from the infiltration of ambient air pollutants.

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SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Planning Commission Resolution No. 19241

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

HEARING DATE SEPTEMBER 18, 2014

•	Project Name:	Amendments Relating to Enhanced Ventilation for Sensitive Use	Fax:
:		Projects	415.558.6409
	Case Number:	2014.1295U [Board File No. 140806]	Planning
	Initiated by:	Supervisor Malia Cohen/ Introduced July 17, 2014	Information:
	Staff Contact:	Wade Wietgrefe, Environmental Planner	415.558.6377
		wade.wietgrefe@sfgov.org, 415-575-9050	
	Reviewed by:	Jessica Range, Senior Environmental Planner	• • •
		jessica.range@sfgov.org, 415-575-9018	
	Recommendation:	Recommend Approval	

RECOMMENDING THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPT A PROPOSED ORDINANCE THAT WOULD AMEND THE HEALTH CODE TO REQUIRE AN ENHANCED VENTILATION SYSTEM FOR SENSITIVE USE PROJECTS WITHIN THE AIR POLLUTANT EXPOSURE ZONE AND ESTABLISHING DOCUMENT REVIEW FEES; AMENDING THE BUILDING CODE TO CORRESPOND TO THE HEALTH CODE CHANGES; AND MAKING ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS, AND FINDINGS UNDER THE CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE; AND DIRECTING THE CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS TO FORWARD THIS ORDINANCE TO THE CALIFORNIA BUILDING STANDARDS COMMISSION UPON FINAL PASSAGE.

WHEREAS, on July 17, 2014, Supervisor Cohen introduced a proposed Ordinance under Board of Supervisors (hereinafter "Board") File Number 140806, which would amend the Health Code to require an enhanced ventiatilon system for sensitive use projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone and establish document review fees; and amend the Building Code to correspond to the Health Code changes.

WHEREAS, The Planning Commission (hereinafter "Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on September 18, 2014; and,

WHEREAS, the proposed Ordinance has been determined not to be a project under the California Environmental Quality Act Section 15060(c) and 15378; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the custodian of records, at 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco; and

www.sfplanning.org

Resolution No. 19241 September 18, 2014 CASE NO. 2014.1295U Enhanced Ventilation for Sensitive Use Projects

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance.

MOVED, that the Planning Commission hereby recommends that the Board of Supervisors **approve** the proposed ordinance.

FINDINGS

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

- 1. Scientific studies have found an association between exposure to particulate matter and significant human health problems. Exposure to outdoor air pollutants may be a contributing factor to the leading causes of death recorded for San Francisco's population.
- The proposed Ordinance would provide equal levels of protection for all new sensitive use projects from major sources of air pollution, including vehicles on roadways, permitted stationary, port, and maritime sources.
- 3. The proposed Ordinance would provide a greater level of certainty to the development review process, as amending regulation to the City's laws would be preferential to the current practice of conducting modeling and adding mitigations through the development review process.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby recommends that the Board ADOPT the proposed Ordinance as described in this Resolution.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting on September 18, 2014.

Jonas P. Ionin Commission Secretary

AYES: Wu, Fong, Antonini, Hillis, Johnson, Moore, and Richards

NOES:

ABSENT:

ADOPTED: September 18, 2014

SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT



SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Building and Health Code Amendment

The proposed Ordinance would amend Article 38 of the Health Code to require an enhanced ventilation system for sensitive receptor projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone, as mapped by Article 38 of the Health Code; amend the Building Code to reflect changes in Article 38 of the Health Code; and make environmental findings.

SFDPH

improving environments protecting health

Environmental **HEALTH**

GOAL OF THE ORDINANCE

The goal of the proposed Ordinance is to protect public health in locations of the City burdened with poor air quality (Air Pollutant Exposure Zone). The proposed Ordinance requires new sensitive receptor construction to include a ventilation system that requires the removal of fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) equivalent to that associated with MERV 13 filtration.

THE WAY IT IS NOW:

- The Department of Public Health (DPH) maintains a map that identifies *potential* roadways with PM25 concentrations greater than 0.2 µg/m³ (Potential Roadway Exposure Zone). During the building permit review process, any newly constructed building containing 10 or more residential units within the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone requires that an Air Quality model be generated to assess the impact of roadways within 150 meters to determine if building users would be exposed to PM25 concentrations greater than 0.2 µg/m³. If the project site exceeds this criterion, the project sponsor must install and properly maintain a ventilation system that will achieve the removal of at least 80 percent of ambient PM25 concentrations.
- Currently, Article 38 does not apply to projects of fewer than 10 residential units; nor does it apply to schools, day care facilities, and other sensitive receptors, within the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone, although such projects may be required to install the above-mentioned ventilation system through California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) mitigation measures and conditions of project approval.

THE WAY IT WOULD BE:

- Since adoption of Article 38 of the Health Code in 2008 scientific methods for understanding the impact of known sources of air pollution (e.g., area, mobile, stationary) have improved dramatically. DPH, the Planning Department, and the Bay Area Air Quality Management District have worked together to utilize third-party-verified modeling to identify locations in the City that exceed two health-based criteria: 1) an excess cancer risk from all modeled sources; and 2) PM_{2.5} concentrations from all modeled sources (including ambient) that exceed defined health-protective limits. These locations are referred to as the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone. In addition, the City has identified parcels within 500 feet of elevated freeways as part of the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone, consistent with guidance from the California Air Resources Board.
- DPH would replace the Potential Roadway Exposure Zone map with the more comprehensive Air Pollutant Exposure Zone map. All sensitive receptor projects *within* the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone must install and properly maintain a ventilation system that will achieve the protection from PM25 equivalent to that associated with MERV 13 filtration and include a disclosure to buyers or renters that the building is located within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone. Through CEQA, a ventilation system mitigation measure would not be required as this would be required through adopted legislation. No further analysis would be required for projects *outside* of the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone.



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LALDOWR DITERPORTE PLANNING & PRESERVATION OF PAPANEORS

October 1, 2014

Land Use and Economic Development Committee San Francisco Board of Supervisors City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Subject: Board File 130788 Planning Code - Expanding Formula Retail Controls

Dear Supervisor Wiener, Supervisor Cohen and Supervisor Kim:

The Japantown Task Force (JTF) supports the continued development of Japantown as a culturally significant, economically strong neighborhood honoring the Japanese heritage in San Francisco. JTF is coordinating implementation of the recently adopted Japantown Cultural Heritage and Economic Sustainability Strategy (JCHESS) plan.

JTF supports Supervisor Mar's proposed legislation, which does not ban Formula Retail, but rather clarifies definitions to capture stores that follow the chain model. This legislation supports both JCHESS and JTF objectives.

Japantown's distinct neighborhood character relies strongly on the local businesses, cultural activities and architecture of the area. Many of the establishments are long-term family owned businesses with cultural and historical significance. The right Formula Retail complements and enhances the district but not all Formula Retail is good for the district. The 2006 legislation establishing the Japantown Special Use District recognized this by including Formula Retail controls, and requiring additional findings that the use is compatible with the neighborhood and the SUD objectives. And the community voice has been very clear - compatible Formula Retail is welcomed in Japantown.

The right Formula Retail, such as Daiso, with its strong Japanese connection, brings visitors to the area, and was welcomed by the community.

The key question is whether or not a proposed Formula Retail establishment complements the district. Formula Retail controls that create a level playing field among all chain stores and chain store owners are important to Japantown, because it ensures that the community will be aware of Formula Retail applicants and how they align with neighborhood needs and character.

JTF strongly supports Supervisor Mar's proposed legislation. By maintaining the trigger at 1 lexisting locations, adding subsidiaries of entities that use a Formula

1268 Sunfri Maces, 2nd Hoan, San Hajneiwo, CA 1941155 418 1461,239 - Lax 415 546 6465 police harmaskin coorg - sportaskin e.org

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Board Members Aber Kathall and Products Paul Weithard Meessley submit Mark Medicate Income Result polonon Secretary 1-12 (101 H 4 1 Shk Defizion to and Maria Serve Makantin

ah N. Papi

File No. 130788

Retail business model and adding overseas chains, this legislation provides a more accurate description of Formula Retail businesses, and does not disadvantage one chain relative to another.

At the same time, JTF strongly opposes the Planning Department's recommendation to increase the Formula Retail trigger from 11 to 19 retail establishments. This will allow chains to sneak

into Japantown as they begin expansions. Aggravating this is Planning's refusal to add subsidiaries of companies that have demonstrated they use the Formula Retail model for retail operations. Athleta (Gap) and NARS (Shiseido) are but two examples of new subsidiaries opened in San Francisco as the first phase of a planned expansion, as early examples of the new growth model for entities with Formula Retail business models. Neither would be compatible with Japantown.

In summary, the JTF urges the Board of Supervisors to:

1) Reject any changes to the Formula Retail controls that increase the number of trigger locations to more than 11.

2) Ensure that any legislation either includes controls on subsidiaries of businesses that use a Formula Retail model, or establishes an ad-hoc working group to draft language to further revise the code so that subsidiaries are captured.

3) Pass Supervisor Mar's Formula Retail legislation.

Sincerely,

Kawahetan)

Alice Kawahatsu Board President Japantown Task Force, Inc.

Cc: Andrea Ausberry, Land Use and Economic Development Committee Clerk Supervisor Eric Mar Supervisor London Breed AnMarie Rodgers, Planning Dept Kanishka Burns, Planning Department The HAYES VALLEY Neighbo

October 3, 2014

Land Use and Economic Development Committee Board of Supervisors City Hall 1 Dr. Carleton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: Proposed Changes to Formula Retail Controls, File Numbers 140844 and 130788

Dear Supervisors,

The Hayes Valley Neighborhood Association (HVNA) and the Hayes Valley Merchants Association (HVMA) have participated in the proposal and review process of the proposed changes to formula retail controls in San Francisco. Formula retail as presently defined in the Planning Code is not allowed in Hayes Valley (the Hayes / Gough NTCD). This is the result of years of advocacy by the HVNA and HVMA to encourage small businesses and entrepreneurs in Hayes Valley and to preserve the neighborhood's unique commercial attractiveness to visitors and residents alike.

d Association HVN

We believe the will of San Francisco's voters as expressed through Proposition G in 2006 is best represented by the adoption of Supervisor Mar's legislation, (Board File No. 130788) to revise formula retail controls in San Francisco and urge the Board to adopt it in its entirety at the Committee meeting of 10/6/14.

The HVNA and HVMA offer the following comments in support of Supervisor Mar's legislation (Board File No.: 130788) and in opposition to the Planning Department's legislation (Board file No. 140844):

- We remain opposed to expanding the maximum number of retail establishments from 11 to 20, an 81% arbitrary increase.
- We strongly urge the inclusion of parent and subsidiary companies in the definition of formula retail.
- We oppose reducing the CU review process in the case of replacing one-for-one retail.
- We believe that any revised changes to formula retail controls should explicitly maintain existing restrictions on formula retail in neighborhoods with pre-existing bans, such as Hayes Valley (the Hayes / Gough NTCD).

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Lawrence Cronander Vice-President, Hayes Valley Neighborhood Association Chair, Business Relations Committee 1800 Market Street, PMB 104 San Francisco, CA 94102 415,552.8950 vicepresident@hayesyalleysf.org.

cc: Andrea Ausberry Conor Johnston

1000 Market Street, PMB #104, San Francisco, CA 94102

www.hayesvalleysf.org

Effects of Common Air Pollutants

RESPIRATORY EFFECTS



Symptoms: • Cough

- Wheezing • Phiegm Shortness of breath
- Chest tightness

Increased sickness and premature death from:

- Asthma
- Bronchitis (acute or chronic)
- Emphysema Pneumonia

Development of new disease Chronic bronchitis • Premature aging of the lungs

CARDIOVASCULAR EFFECTS



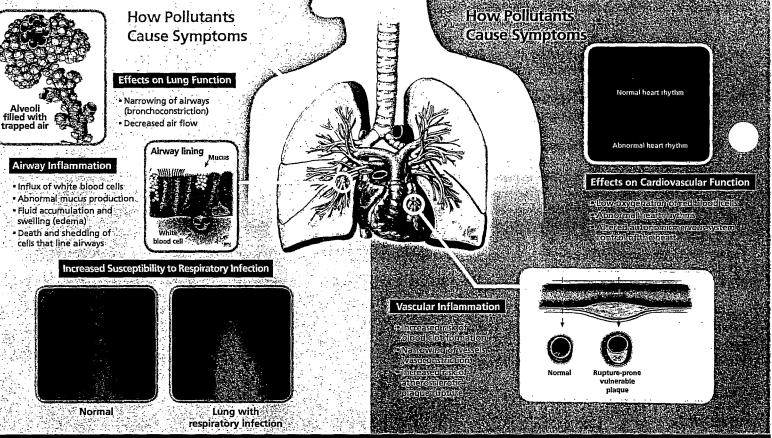
Symptoms:

- Chest tightness
- Chest pain (angina)
- Palpitations
- Shortness of breath Unusual fatigue

Increased sickness and premature death from:

140806

- Coronary artery disease
- Abnormal heart rhythms
- Congestive heart failure Stroke:



Reduce your risk by using the Air Quality Index (AQI) to plan outdoor activities - www.airnow.gov

AQI Levels of Health Concern	AQI Values	What Action Should People Take?	
Stor	0-50	Enjoy Activities	
Moderate	51-100	People unusually sensitive to air pollution: Plan strenuous outside activities when air quality is better	
Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	101-150	Sensitive Groups: Cut back or reschedule strenuous outside activities Ozone: People with lung disease, children and older adults and people who are active outdoors Particle Pollution: People with heart or lung disease (including diabetics), older adults and children Carbon Monoxide: People with heart disease and possibly infants and fetuses Nitrogen Dioxide: People with lung disease, children and older adults Sulfur Dioxide: Active children and adults with asthma	
Unhealthy	151-200	EveryOne: Cut back or reschedule strenuous outside activities Sensitive groups: Avoid strenuous outside activities	



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

September 12, 2014

File No. 140806

Sarah Jones Environmental Review Officer Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, 4th Floor San Francisco, CA 94103

BOARD of SUPERVISORS

Dear Ms. Jones:

On September 2, 2014, Supervisor Cohen introduced the following substituted legislation:

File No. 140806

Ordinance amending the Health Code, Article 38, to require an enhanced ventilation system for sensitive use projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone and establishing document review fees; amending the Building Code to correspond to the Health Code changes; and making environmental findings, and findings under the California Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to forward this Ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final passage.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board A Auberry

171

By: Andrea Ausberry, Assistant Clerk Land Use & Economic Development Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Jeanie Poling, Environmental Planning Not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Sections 15378 and 15080(c)(2) because it does not result in a physical change in the environment.

Joy Navarrete Digitally signed by Joy Navarrete DN: cn=Joy Navarrete, o=Planning, ou=Environmental Planning, emall=joy.mavarrete@sfgov.org, c=US Date: 2014.09.24 16:16:29 -07'00'



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

September 12, 2014

File No. 140806

Sarah Jones Environmental Review Officer Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, 4th Floor San Francisco, CA 94103

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File No. 140806

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This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board A Auberry

By: Andrea Ausberry, Assistant Clerk Land Use & Economic Development Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Jeanie Poling, Environmental Planning



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Barbara A Garcia, Director, Department of Public Health Deborah Raphael, Director, Department of the Environment

FROM: Andrea Ausberry, Assistant Clerk, Land Use and Economic Development Committee, Board of Supervisors

DATE: September 16, 2014

SUBJECT: SUBSTITUTED LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Land Use and Economic Development Committee has received the following proposed legislation, introduced by Supervisor Cohen on September 2, 2014:

File No. 140806

Ordinance amending the Health Code, Article 38, to require an enhanced ventilation system for sensitive use projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone and establishing document review fees; amending the Building Code to correspond to the Health Code changes; and making environmental findings, and findings under the California Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to forward this Ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final passage.

If you have any additional comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

c: Greg Wagner, Department of Public Health Guillermo Rodriguez, Department of the Environment



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Tom Hui, Director, Department of Building Inspection Sonya Harris, Secretary, Building Inspection Commission

FROM: Andrea Ausberry, Assistant Clerk, Land Use and Economic Development Committee, Board of Supervisors

DATE: September 16, 2014

SUBJECT: SUBSTITUTED LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

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The proposed ordinance is being transmitted pursuant to Charter Section D3.750-5 for public hearing and recommendation. It is pending before the Land Use & Economic Development Committee and will be scheduled for hearing upon receipt of your response.

Please forward me the Commission's recommendation and reports at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA .94102.

c: William Strawn, Department of Building Inspection Carolyn Jayin, Department of Building Inspection



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

July 29, 2014

File No. 140806

Sarah Jones Environmental Review Officer Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, 4th Floor San Francisco, CA 94103

BOARD of SUPERVISORS

Dear Ms. Jones:

On July 15, 2014, Supervisor Cohen introduced the following legislation:

File No. 140806

Ordinance amending the Health Code, Article 38, to require an enhanced ventilation system for sensitive use projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone, and establishing document review fees; amending the Building Code to correspond to the Health Code changes; and making environmental findings, and findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

A Auberry

By: Andrea Ausberry, Assistant Clerk Land Use & Economic Development Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Jeanie Poling, Environmental Planning Not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2) because it does not result in a physical change in the environment.

Digitally signed by Joy Navarrete Joy Navarrete u=Joy Navarrete, o=Planning, ou=Environmental Planning, email=joy.navarrete@sfgov.org, c=US Date: 2014.07.31 14:55:00 -07'00'



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Barbara A Garcia, Director, Department of Public Health Deborah Raphael, Director, Department of the Environment

FROM: Andrea Ausberry, Assistant Clerk, Land Use and Economic Development Committee, Board of Supervisors

DATE: July 29, 2014

SUBJECT: LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Land Use and Economic Development Committee has received the following proposed legislation, introduced by Supervisor Cohen on July 15, 2014:

File No. 140806

Ordinance amending the Health Code, Article 38, to require an enhanced ventilation system for sensitive use projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone, and establishing document review fees; amending the Building Code to correspond to the Health Code changes; and making environmental findings, and findings of consistency with the General Plan, and the eight priority policies of Planning Code, Section 101.1.

If you have any additional comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

c: Greg Wagner, Department of Public Health Guillermo Rodriguez, Department of the Environment



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

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The proposed ordinance is being transmitted pursuant to Charter Section D3.750-5 for public hearing and recommendation. It is pending before the Land Use & Economic Development Committee and will be scheduled for hearing upon receipt of your response.

Please forward me the Commission's recommendation and reports at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

c: William Strawn, Department of Building Inspection Carolyn Jayin, Department of Building Inspection



City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

LAND USE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

SAN FRANCISCO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Land Use and Economic Development Committee will hold a public hearing to consider the following proposal and said public hearing will be held as follows, at which time all interested parties may attend and be heard:

Date: Monday, October 6, 2014

Time: 1:30 p.m.

Location: Committee Room 263, located at City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA

Subject:

File No. 140806 Ordinance amending the Health Code, Article 38, to require an enhanced ventilation system for sensitive use projects within the Air Pollutant Exposure Zone and establishing document review fees; amending the Building Code to correspond to the Health Code changes; making environmental findings, and findings under the California Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to forward this Ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final passage.

If the legislation passes, fees shall be charged to applicants submitting enhanced ventilation proposals to the Department of Public Health for review and approval of an enhanced ventilation proposal for \$984.00; and additional consultation, document review or inspection at the rate of \$225.00 per hour, if applicable: for all buildings containing any Sensitive Use located in an Air Pollutant Exposure Zone that are: 1) newly constructed; 2) undergoing a major alteration to an existing building; or 3) applying for a Planning Department permitted change of use to ensure an Enhanced Ventilation System is capable of achieving protection from particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) equivalent to that associated with MERV 13 filtration.

In accordance with Administrative Code, Section 67.7-1, persons who are unable to attend the hearing on this matter may submit written comments to the City prior to the time the hearing begins. These comments will be made as part of the official public record and shall be brought to the attention of the members of the Committee. Written

comments should be addressed to Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board, Room 244, City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

Information relating to the proposed fee is available in the Office of the Clerk of the Board. Agenda information relating to this matter will be available for public review on Friday, October 3, 2014.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

DATED: September 17, 2014 PUBLISHED/POSTED: September 22 & 28, 2014

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING LAND USE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOP-MENT COMMITTEE SAN FRANCISCO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OCTO-BER 6, 2014 - 1:30 PM COMMITTEE RM 263, CITY HALL 1DR. CARLTON B. GOODLETT PLACE, SF, CA NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Land Use and Economic Development Consider the following proposal and said public hearing will be held as follows, at which time all interested parties may at-tend and be heard. File No. 140806 Or-dinance armending the Health Code, Ar-tide 38, to require an enhanced ventila-tion system for sensitive use projects within the Air Pollulant Exposure Zone and establishing document review fees amending the Building Code to corre-spond to the Health Code changes; making environmental findings, and find-ings under the California Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to forward this Ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final pas-sage. If the legisletion passes, fees shall be charged to applicant submitting en-hanced ventilation proposals to the De-partment of Public Health for review and approval of an enhanced ventilation proposal for \$984.00; and additional consultation, document review (or in-spection at the rate of \$225.00 per hour; if applicable: for all buildings containing any Sensitive Use located in an Air Pol-lutant Exposure Zone that ar: (1) newly constructed; 2) undergoing a major al-teration to an existing building; or 3) ap-plying for a Planning Department permit-tid change of use to ensure an En-hanced Ventilation System is capable of achieving protection from particulate matter (PWZ-5) equivalent to that asso-ciated with MERV 13 filtration. In accor-dance with MERV 13 filtration. In accor-dance with Administrative Code, Section 67.71, persons who are unable to at-end the hearing on this matter may submit written comments to the City prior to the time the hearing begins. These comments will be made a part of the official public record and shall be prought to the atient for Board, Room 244, City

Print Form	
Introduction Form By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor	
I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):	Time stamp or meeting date
 1. For reference to Committee. An ordinance, resolution, motion, or charter amendment. 2. Request for next printed agenda without reference to Committee. 	-
3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.	
 4. Request for letter beginning "Supervisor 5. City Attorney request. 6. Call File No from Committee. 7. Budget Analyst request (attach written motion). 8. Substitute Legislation File No 40806 9. Request for Closed Session (attach written motion). 10. Board to Sit as A Committee of the Whole. 11. Question(s) submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the follow Small Business Commission Youth Commission 	•
Planning Commission Building Inspection Commission	on
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use a Imperative Sponsor(s): COHEN	•
Subject:	·
Health Building code- ventilation Requirements for urban Infi 11 deva	elopment
The text is listed below or attached:	annanding, panalan in an ang panalang panalang panalang panalang panalang panalang panalang panalang panalang p
Attached	
Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:	1
For Clerk's Use Only:	

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