## Items 13 and 14

Files 14-1117 and 14-1120

## Departments:

Administrative Services, Real Estate Division
Department of Building Inspection (DBI)

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## Legislative Objectives

- File 14-1117: Ordinance appropriating $\$ 8,072,300$ from the Department of Building Inspection reserves in FY 2014-15 for site development as a conditional loan for a City office project at 1500-1580 Mission Street.
- File 14-1120: Ordinance approving and authorizing the Director of Property to execute a Conditional Land Disposition and Acquisition Agreement with Goodwill SF Urban Development, LLC for the proposed City acquisition of a portion of $1500-1580$ Mission Street, for approximately $\$ 30,296,640$ plus approximately $\$ 25,884,132$ in predevelopment costs, together with a construction Management Agreement for the completion of an approximately 466,400 gross square foot office building anticipated to cost $\$ 270,510,181$ for a total anticipated project cost of $\$ 326,690,953$; exempting the project from contracting requirements in Administrative Code, Chapter 6 and Chapter 14B; and approving the developer, architect and general contractor without competitive bidding, but requiring the payment of prevailing wages, implementation of a local business enterprise utilization program and compliance with the City's local hire policy and first source hiring ordinance.


## Key Points

- On July 29, 2014, the Board of Supervisors approved a resolution (File 14-0838; Resolution No. 312-14) for the City to enter into an Exclusive Negotiation Agreement and Letter of Intent with Related California Urban Housing, LLC (Related) for the potential development and subsequent purchase by the City of part of a 2.5 acre site at 1500-1580 Mission Street for an estimated \$253,000,000 and authorizing nonrefundable payments of $\$ 1,000,000$ for land acquisition and $\$ 250,000$ for initial schematic design. The site, currently a Goodwill Industries operations center, is located at Van Ness Avenue and Mission Streets and a portion of the site is proposed to be developed as a new City office building.
- Related will develop the Goodwill Site with an approximate 463,300 gross square foot City office building on the eastern portion and approximately 550 multifamily residential units on the western portion. If the Board of Supervisors approves the proposed Conditional Land Disposition and Acquisition Agreement, upon completion of environmental review and entitlements, the City will acquire fee title to the office parcel and building from Related, which is expected to occur in mid to late 2016.
- In accordance with the proposed ordinance, upon the City's acquisition of the land, Related and the City will enter into a Construction Management Agreement for the development and construction of the City office building. The City anticipates consolidating office space for the Departments of Public Works, Building Inspection and Planning, and the Retirement and Health Services System, among others into the new office building, including a one-stop permit center on the ground floor.


## Fiscal Impact

- The City's total estimated cost to purchase the land and building is a maximum of $\$ 326,690,952$, including $\$ 30,296,640$ for the land, $\$ 25,884,132$ for predevelopment expenses and $\$ 270,510,181$ for the development and construction of the building. In addition, City furnishings, fixtures and equipment (FFE), moving and Department of Technology costs are estimated at $\$ 12,298,400$ for a total project cost of $\$ 338,989,353$.
- To help finance the purchase of the new building, the City will sell an existing City-owned office building at 30 Van Ness in 2015, with a leaseback to the City until late 2018. Sale of 30 Van Ness will be subject to Board of Supervisors approval. The City will also sell the City-owned 1660 Mission Street and the City-owned 1680 Mission Street at a time dependent on market conditions to maximize revenues. These three buildings have an aggregate net sales value of approximately $\$ 83,180,000$.
- In addition to the building sales proceeds, the City would issue Certificates of Participation (COPs) totaling approximately $\$ 300,105,000$, which includes the cost of issuance, underwriter's discount, debt service reserve fund and costs associated with using commercial paper as an interim funding source until the COPs could be issued in 2019, after the completion of the building. Assuming a $5.5 \%$ annual interest over 30 years on the COPs, results in annual debt service payments of approximately $\$ 20,877,000$ per year, for a total COP cost to the City of $\$ 605,430,000$. The General Fund impact to repay the COPS will depend on the precise mix of tenants in the new building, with the balance paid by non-General Fund tenant sources.


## Policy Consideration

- The proposed transaction is complex and will be fully executed over several years. There are multiple points of approval required by the Board of Supervisors, including (a) approval of the proposed ordinances, (b) approval of the sale of the existing City-owned buildings, (c) approval of environmental documents, and (d) authorization of COPs or other mechanism to finance this project. At this time, there are several significant unknowns the City must contend with, including: (1) total potential equity contributions, including the final sales prices of the three existing City office buildings which would be sold in order to purchase 1500-1580 Mission Street; (2) the proceeds from COPs and additional debt service required by the City; (3) total General Fund and non-General Fund impacts; and (4) finalized design, occupancy mix and negotiated office lease.


## Recommendations

1. Amend the proposed ordinance (File 14-1120) in various places to change the reference from 466,400 gross square feet to 463,300 gross square feet, the most recent estimated size of the City's office building.
2. Approval of the proposed ordinances, as amended, is a policy matter for the Board of Supervisors.

## Mandate Statement

City Charter Section 9.118(b) states that contracts or agreements entered into by a department, board or commission having a term in excess of ten years, or requiring anticipated expenditures by the City and County of ten million dollars, or the modification or amendments to such contract or agreement having an impact of more than $\$ 500,000$ shall be subject to approval of the Board of Supervisors by resolution.

Administrative Code Chapter 29 requires findings of fiscal responsibility and feasibility by the Board of Supervisors for City projects that exceed $\$ 25,000,000$ and require more than $\$ 1,000,000$ of City funds, prior to the submittal to the Planning Department for environmental evaluation. In accordance with Chapter 29, a determination by the Board of Supervisors that the project is fiscally responsible and feasible does not necessarily approve the project, but determines that the proposed project merits further evaluation and environmental review.

## BACKGROUND

On July 29, 2014, the Board of Supervisors approved a resolution (File 14-0838; Resolution No. 312-14) for the City to enter into an Exclusive Negotiation Agreement and Letter of Intent with Related California Urban Housing, LLC (Related) for the development and subsequent purchase by the City of part of a 2.5 acre site at $1500-1580$ Mission Street for an estimated $\$ 253,000,000$. That previous resolution authorized nonrefundable payments by the City of $\$ 1,000,000$ toward land acquisition and $\$ 250,000$ for schematic design from the Department of Building Inspection's (DBI) FY 2014-15 capital budget. That resolution also recommended that the Director of Real Estate (a) provide details on the space requirements of the City departments and the proposed uses for occupying the new office building; (b) explain the options for backfilling the Health Service System's leased space at 1145 Market Street; (c) recommend potential project alternatives if the increase in space is not required by various City departments; and (d) describe the City's overall plan for Civic Center office space, prior to the Board of Supervisors approving a Purchase and Sale Agreement for this project. In response, Real Estate, working with the Controller's Office submitted Attachment I, which projects the full-time equivalent (FTE) staff and square footage space requirements, and Real Estate submitted a brief overview of the City's plan for Civic Center office space.

The site, currently a Goodwill Industries operations center, is located at Van Ness Avenue and Mission Streets. See Figure 1 below for a map of the proposed site. Related intends to fully develop this site to include an approximate $463,300^{1}$ gross square foot 17 or 18 story City office

[^0]building on the eastern portion (along $11^{\text {th }}$ street) which represents approximately $48 \%$ of the site. In addition, Related intends to develop an approximate 38 story, 550 multifamily residential unit ${ }^{2}$ development on the western portion (along Van Ness Avenue), with ground level retail, which represents approximately $52 \%$ of the site.

Figure 1: Map of 1500-1580 Mission Street


Block 3506, Lots 02 and 03
Source: Real Estate Division
On October 21, 2014, Goodwill SF Urban Development LLC, a subsidiary of Related ${ }^{3}$, purchased the subject site, including closing costs, from Goodwill Industries for a total of $\$ 65,946,090$, which includes $\$ 30,448,123$ for the City's office site, as summarized in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Total Acquisition Costs

|  | Office Site | Residential Site | Total |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total Acquisition Costs | $\$ 30,448,123$ | $\$ 35,497,967$ | $\$ 65,946,090$ |

[^1]The City anticipates consolidating office space for five major departments into this new Cityowned office building, including the (a) Department of Public Works (DPW), (b) Department of Building Inspection (DBI), (c) City Planning Commission (CPC), (d) Retirement (RET) and (e) Health Services Systems (HSS), which are currently in City-owned space or leasing office space in the Civic Center. Attachment I, prepared by the Office of the Controller, City Services Auditor staff, provides an analysis of the existing full-time equivalent (FTE) employees in the FY 2014-15 budget and existing square footage for these five City departments, plus projections of staffing and gross square foot area needed by 2018, when the new City office building would likely be completed. As shown in Attachment I, the proposed new office building would contain a total of 463,300 square feet, including a new 30,738 square foot permit center on the ground floor, which would be staffed by various City departments. This new City office building will add approximately 100,000 square feet of new City office space.

## DETAILS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION

File 14-1117: The proposed ordinance would appropriate $\$ 8,072,300$ from the Department of Building Inspection Capital Project and One-Time Expenditure Reserves in FY 2014-15 for preliminary site development as a conditional loan for the City office project at 1500-1580 Mission Street.

File 14-1120: The proposed ordinance would:
(a) approve and authorize the Director of Property to execute a Conditional Land Disposition and Acquisition Agreement with Goodwill SF Urban Development, LLC for the proposed City acquisition of a portion of 1500-1580 Mission Street, for approximately $\$ 30,296,640^{4}$ plus approximately $\$ 25,884,132$ in predevelopment costs, together with a Construction Management Agreement for the completion of an approximately 466,400 ${ }^{5}$ gross square foot office building anticipated to cost $\$ 270,510,181$ for a total anticipated project cost of $\$ 326,690,953$;
(b) exempt the project from contracting requirements in Administrative Code, Chapter 6 and Chapter 14B; and
(c) approve the developer, architect and general contractor without competitive bidding, but require payment of prevailing wages, implementation of a local business enterprise program and compliance with the City's local hire policy and first source hiring ordinance.

## Conditional Land Disposition and Acquisition and Construction Management Agreements

Under the proposed Conditional Land Disposition and Acquisition Agreement, Related, the developer, who has recently purchased the site at 1500-1580 Mission Street, would sell the City the land for $\$ 30,448,123$ to construct a new City office building, and would be committing to design the City's office project, and pay for the required environmental review, while seeking

[^2]the necessary project entitlements. Under this Agreement, Related would be obligated to pay upfront for these environmental review and project entitlement costs as they are incurred. The City would then reimburse Related for these costs upon the City's acquisition of the land.

Under this Agreement, Related, as the construction manager, would also be agreeing to enter into a Construction Management Agreement with the City at the time the City acquires the land. The City can only proceed with acquiring the land and entering into the Construction Management Agreement upon subsequent approval by the Board of Supervisors of the required environmental documents and financing of the City office project.

Under the proposed Conditional Land Disposition and Acquisition Agreement, the City would be committing to purchase the fully-entitled property from Related for $\$ 30,296,640$ plus approximately $\$ 25,884,132$ for predevelopment costs, or a total of $\$ 56,180,772$, after the mitigated environmental review is completed and approved by the Board of Supervisors, including approval of the necessary financing, to complete the construction of the City's office building for a maximum total project cost of $\$ 326,690,953$.

## Environmental Review and Entitlements

The City has not completed the required environmental review of the proposed office project, as required under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) or the City's Administrative Code Chapter 31. Under the proposed Conditional Purchase Agreement, the developer (Related) would be required to complete the necessary environmental review documents in accordance with state and local law, which is estimated to be completed in mid to late 2016. The City's obligation to purchase the subject office site and proceed with construction of the office building is conditioned on the completion of such environmental review in compliance with state and local law.

In accordance with the proposed Agreement, Mr. Updike advises that the Board of Supervisors could only decide not to proceed with the City's acquisition of the subject office parcel if the environmental impacts of the proposed office project that are disclosed in the environmental review documents are not adequately avoided, mitigated or overridden under CEQA. According to Mr. Updike, the Board of Supervisors could not elect to reject the purchase agreement after completion of the environmental documents on the basis of any other terms, as long as the conditions and economic provisions as drafted in the proposed Agreements remain the same.

The developer would also be required to seek the necessary project entitlements for the proposed City office project, including amendments to the City's General Plan, Planning Code and Zoning Map to adjust height and bulk restrictions. The proposed ordinance specifies that the City's Director of Property will work with the developer to seek such project entitlements; however, there is nothing in the Conditional Purchase Agreement that requires the City's Planning Commission or Board of Supervisors to approve any of the requested project entitlements. If the developer is not able to secure the necessary entitlements, the Conditional Purchase Agreement would terminate.

When the approval of the environmental documents is requested from the Board of Supervisors, the Director of Property working with the City's Director of Public Finance will also be required to request approval of the necessary Certificates of Participation (COPs) and/or
other financing mechanisms to pay for the total costs of the project. As noted above, the land acquisition, development and total construction costs are $\$ 326,690,953$. In addition, City furnishings, fixtures and equipment (FFE), moving and Department of Technology costs are estimated at $\$ 12,298,400$ for a total project cost of $\$ 338,989,353$.

## Construction Manager, Architect and General Contractor

The proposed ordinance would approve (a) Related as the developer and construction manager, (b) Skidmore, Owings and Merrill (SOM) as the architect and (c) Swinerton Builders Inc. as the general contractor without competitive bidding. Mr. Updike advises that the developer, Related, was selected by the City because Related was already in negotiations to purchase and develop the entire site. Related selected SOM as their primary architect due to their familiarity and past experience with this firm and is considering using Swinerton as its general contractor. Mr. Updike notes that although neither contract has been formally awarded by Related to SOM or Swinerton, the proposed ordinance would approve each of these firms without competitive bidding, if selected by Related. Mr. Updike further notes that the architect and general contractor will be designing and constructing both the City office building and the residential portion of the site, to realize economies of scale.

Under the proposed ordinance, Related, the developer would negotiate and enter into contracts with the architect and general contractor for the design and construction of the City's office building, with assistance from the Director of Property and the Director of Public Works. As the construction manager, Related would also enter into a Construction Management Agreement with the City, which would be approved under the proposed ordinance, to manage, monitor and oversee all contracts required to complete the City office building project. As noted above, this Construction Management Agreement would not become effective until after the Board of Supervisors approves the CEQA documents and the financing for the entire project, and acquires the site.

## Administrative Code Exemptions

The proposed ordinance would exempt the design and construction of this City office building project from the City's contracting requirements under Administrative Code, Chapter 6 (Public Works Contracting Policies and Procedures) and Chapter 14B (Local Business Enterprise and Non-Discrimination in Contracting). Although the developer, architect and general contractor would be exempt from these requirements, all other contractors and subcontractors on the project would not be exempt from these provisions. In addition, the subject Construction Management Agreement specifies that the payment of prevailing wages, implementation of a local business enterprise utilization program and compliance with the City's local hire policy and first source hiring ordinance under Administrative Code Chapter 83 will apply.

## FISCAL IMPACT

As noted above, on July 29, 2014, the Board of Supervisors authorized nonrefundable payments of $\$ 1,000,000$ toward land acquisition and up to $\$ 250,000$ for schematic design from the DBI's FY 2014-15 capital budget. On October 21, 2014, the City paid Related $\$ 1,000,000$ toward the purchase of the site. Mr. Joshua Keene of the Real Estate Division advises that the schematic
design is being conducted currently, but the City has not yet been billed or paid for this work. If the project is completed as anticipated, the total $\$ 1,250,000$ will be credited back to the City against (a) the purchase price when the City actually acquires the land; and (b) to reduce the design development costs. However, if the contract terminates as a result of default, the $\$ 1,250,000$ will not be refunded by Related to the City.

## \$8,072,300 Supplemental Appropriation

The proposed ordinance (File 14-1117) would appropriate $\$ 8,072,300$ from the Department of Building Inspection Capital Project and One-Time Expenditure Reserves in FY 2014-15 to pay for the preliminary design and entitlement budget shown in Table 2 below, as a conditional loan for this City office building project. DBI's Capital Project and One-Time Expenditure Reserve are funded by developer fees and have a current balance of $\$ 14,738,163$. Approval of the proposed $\$ 8,072,300$ supplemental appropriation ordinance would leave a remaining balance of $\$ 6,665,863$. As noted above, DBI is one of the primary five City departments that would occupy the proposed new City office building.

Table 2: Preliminary Design and Entitlement Budget

| Architectural \& Engineering (geotechnical, <br> design, environmental, electrical, civil, etc.) | $\$ 5,494,802$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Consultants (Code, IT, Leed, Utility, EIR, etc.) |  |
| Professional Fees (lighting, planning, testing, | $1,133,353$ |
| etc.) | 978,394 |
| Permits and Fees | 465,751 |
| Supplemental Appropriation Request | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 0 7 2 , 3 0 0}$ |

With the proposed supplemental appropriation ordinance, the Board of Supervisors would authorize a conditional loan of up to $\$ 8,072,300$ with the subject DBI appropriated funds. If these funds are used, the City would be required to repay the borrowed funds to DBI's Building Inspection Fund within five years of the date of borrowing, with interest based on the Treasurer's Pooled Funds, calculated by the Controller, likely from the City's General Fund.

The requested $\$ 8,072,300$ supplemental appropriation plus the previously authorized $\$ 1,250,000$ total $\$ 9,322,300$ of City funds for design and entitlement costs for this project.

## Potential Financial Obligations

Table 3 below summarizes alternative financial obligations if the developer defaults, the City defaults, and/or both mutually decide to terminate at three major decision points. As shown in Table 3, up until now, the City could forfeit a total of $\$ 1,250,000$. The City would not be required to expend any additional funds prior to the acquisition of the property, once the developer completes the environmental documents and the land is fully entitled for development. However, if the Agreement terminates prior to the City's acquisition of the site, the City could be liable for the amounts shown in Table 3 below.

If the proposed ordinances are approved and the developer is not able to secure the necessary project entitlements, the Conditional Purchase Agreement would terminate and the City could be liable for up to $\$ 3,036,150$, in addition to the $\$ 1,250,000$ previously approved. This is the City's contractual requirement to reimburse the developer for $50 \%$ of the design and entitlement costs. If the Board of Supervisors does not authorize the issuance of the COPs on the CEQA approval date, or the sale of the COPs does not occur, or alternative funding is not provided, the City would be required to reimburse the developer $100 \%$ of the design and entitlement costs, unless the developer is able to secure an exemption to construct the office despite the City no longer being the tenant. In that scenario, the City would only reimburse 50\% of the design and entitlement costs.

Table 3: Financial Obligations under the Proposed Purchase and Sale Agreement

| Date of <br> Termination | Developer Default | City Default | Mutually Decide to <br> Terminate | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After Letter of <br> Intent <br> $(10 / 21 / 2014)$ | $\$ 1,250,000$ <br> returned to City | City forfeits <br> $\$ 1,250,000$ | City forfeits <br> $\$ 1,250,000$ |  |
| After subject <br> ordinances <br> approved <br> (Est 12/16/14) | Owes City <br> damages up to <br> $\$ 8,322,000$ | Owes Developer <br> damages up to <br> $\$ 8,322,000$ | City pays Developer <br> additional $\$ 2,911,150$ <br> or \$3,036,150* | City also <br> forfeits <br> $\$ 1,250,000$ |
| After future <br> Ratification Date <br> (Est 10/1/16) | Owes City <br> damages up to <br> $\$ 8,322,000$ | Owes Developer <br> damages up to <br> $\$ 8,322,000$ | City pays Developer <br> additional \$3,036,150 <br> (50\%), \$5,054,225 <br> $(75 \%)$ or $\$ 7,072,300$ <br> $(100 \%)$ depending on <br> conditions** | Corfeits <br> \$1,250,000 |

*After approval of the proposed ordinances, if the agreement terminates not because outside CEQA date passing, City would owe developer $\$ 2,911,150$; if agreement terminates because outside CEQA date passing, City would owe developer $\$ 3,036,150$.
**After project entitlements are granted, if the agreement terminates and the (a) Developer has City Exemption ${ }^{6}$ and Proposition M Allocation ${ }^{7}$, City would owe the Developer $50 \%$ or $\$ 3,036,150$; (b) Developer has City Exemption and no Prop M Allocation, City would owe the Developer 75\% or $\$ 5,054,225$; and (c) Developer has no City Exemption, City would owe Developer 100\% or \$7,072,300.

[^3]
## Project Timeline

As noted above, under the proposed Agreement, the City would be committing to purchase the fully-entitled property from Related for $\$ 30,296,640$ plus estimated predevelopment costs of $\$ 25,884,132$ and construction costs of $\$ 270,510,181$ for a total anticipated project cost of $\$ 326,690,953$. Table 4 below summarizes the current proposed project timeline and key payments to be made by the City.

Table 4: Proposed Project Timeline and City Costs

| Project Milestone | Date | Financial Action | City Cash Outflow | Cumulative City Obligation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Board Approves LOI Resolution | 7/29/14 | Related pays schematic design costs | \$0 | N/a |
| Closing Date | 10/21/14 | \$1m Availability Payment <br> City reimburses $\$ 250 \mathrm{k}$ in schematic design costs (if/as incurred) | \$1,250,000 | \$1,250,000 |
| Endorsement of the Purchase and Sale Agreement* | Est. 12/9/14 | City incurs design development and construction document costs | 0 | \$4,286,150 |
| CEQA** | 10/1/16 | City increases obligation for design costs (50\%/75\%/100\%) | 0 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Up to } \\ \$ 8,072,300 \end{gathered}$ |
| Final Purchase and Sale Agreement** | 10/1/16 | N/A | 0 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Up to } \\ \$ 8,072,300 \end{gathered}$ |
| City Acquires Land | 12/1/16 | City purchases land $(\$ 30,296,640)$ and pays predevelopment costs (Est $\$ 25,884,132$ ); City receives credit of \$1,250,000 | \$54,930,772 | \$56,180,772 |
| Construction Begins | 12/1/16 | City funds construction and development | 270,510,181 | \$326,690,953 |
| Project Completion | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018/Early } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ | N/A | \$0 | \$326,690,953 |

*Subject of the proposed legislation. **Will require Board of Supervisors approval
Source: Real Estate Division

## Project Budget

When the Board of Supervisors approved the related resolution in July 2014, the estimated total project cost was $\$ 253,285,080$, or $\$ 548$ per square foot for 462,354 square feet. The proposed ordinance now estimates a total anticipated project cost of $\$ 326,690,953$, or $\$ 705$ per square foot, based on the current estimated 463,300 square feet. The current estimated $\$ 326,690,953$ is $\$ 73,405,873$ or $29 \%$ more than the $\$ 253,285,080$ estimate provided four months ago.

The costs increased by $\$ 73,405,873$ primarily due to (a) $\$ 4.2$ million increased design costs from more refined bids for architectural and design scope of work, (b) $\$ 21$ million for additional City
building permits and fees previously not estimated, (c) \$40 million for comprehensive bidding based on schematic drawings and specifications instead of general assumptions, such as increased seismic work, technology infrastructure and LEED Gold standard; (d) \$10 million for a 5\% design and construction contingency, and (e) \$1.1 million for 4\% carrying cost of land acquisition, offset by some reductions in costs, as itemized in Attachment II, provided by Mr. Updike. The $\$ 326,690,953$ total project cost is now a maximum not to exceed amount specified in the proposed Agreement. Therefore, Mr. Updike notes that this maximum amount cannot be exceeded without subsequent approval by the Board of Supervisors.

As shown in Attachment II, the developer, Related, would be paid a fixed fee of $\$ 26,500,000$ for management, financing and profit, including (a) $\$ 7,250,000$ on the effective date of the Construction Management Agreement, (b) $\$ 12,000,000$ in equal installments over the 26 month construction period, and (c) $\$ 7,250,000$ upon project completion. These developer fees represent $8.1 \%$ of the $\$ 326,690,952$ total project costs.

## Estimated Total Project Costs and Sources of Project Funds

In addition to the $\$ 326,690,953$ project cost, the Office of Public Finance notes that there would be additional furniture, fixture and equipment (FF\&E), moving and Department of Technology costs to complete and occupy this City-owned building, or total City project costs of $\$ 338,989,353$. As shown in Table 5 below, the sources of funding would be the $\$ 1,250,000$ previously approved, $\$ 83,180,000$ net sales revenue from existing City-owned buildings and an estimated $\$ 254,559,353$ from the issuance of Certificates of Participation (COPs).

Table 5: Total Project Costs and Sources of Funding

|  | Amount |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total City Project Costs |  |
| Total Development Costs | \$326,690,953 |
| Estimated FF\&E and Moving | 9,500,000 |
| Department of Technology | 2,798,400 |
| Total City Project Costs | \$338,989,353 |
| Sources of Funding |  |
| Sales Proceeds of City-owned Buildings | 122,000,000 |
| Less bond defeasance | $(35,160,000)$ |
| Less sales costs | (3,660,000) |
| Subtotal from Sale of City Buildings | \$83,180,000 |
| Funds Previously Approved | \$1,250,000 |
| Subtotal Available Funds | \$84,430,000 |
| Estimated Certificates of Participation (COPs)* | 254,559,353 |
| Total | \$338,989,353 |

* Excludes commercial paper interest and fees during construction that are funded through the issuance of COPs described below. Source: Office of Public Finance.


## Proposed Sale of Existing City Office Buildings

To help finance the purchase of the new building, the City anticipates offering the existing Cityowned office building at 30 Van Ness for sale in 2015, with a leaseback to the City until late 2018. Sale of 30 Van Ness would be subject to Board of Supervisors approval.

The City will also offer for sale, at a time dependent on market conditions to maximize revenue, the City-owned 1660 Mission Street, the current location of the Department of Building Inspection, and the City-owned 1680 Mission Street, the current location of some staff in the Department of Public Works.

As shown in Table 5 above, these three City-owned properties have an aggregate potential net sales value of $\$ 83,180,000$ depending on market conditions and future negotiations with potential buyers, according to Mr. Updike.

## Certificates of Participation (COPs)

According to Ms. Nadia Sesay, Director of Public Finance, and as shown in Table 5 above, the $\$ 254,559,353$ source of funding for the new City office building would be realized from the City issuing COPs. Mr. Anthony Ababon of the Office of Public Finance advises that in order to receive an estimated $\$ 254,559,353$ in funding for this project, an estimated $\$ 300,105,000$ of COPs would need to be issued. The $\$ 300,105,000$ includes the cost of issuance, underwriter's discount, debt service reserve fund and costs associated with using commercial paper as an interim funding source until the COPs could be issued in 2019, after the completion of the building. Assuming a $5.5 \%$ annual interest over 30 years on the COPs, results in annual debt service payments of approximately $\$ 20,877,000$ per year, for a total COP cost to the City of $\$ 605,430,000$. Ms. Sesay notes that the General Fund impact to repay the COPS will depend on the precise mix of tenants in the new building, with the balance paid by non-General Fund tenant sources.

## Fiscal Feasibility

Although not mentioned in the title of the proposed ordinance, page 7, lines 13-15 state that based upon the information provided by the Office of Public Finance and the Real Estate Director, the Board of Supervisors finds that the proposed office project is financially feasible consistent with Administrative Code Chapter 29.

Administrative Code Chapter 29 requires findings of fiscal responsibility and feasibility by the Board of Supervisors for City projects that exceed $\$ 25,000,000$ and require more than $\$ 1,000,000$ of City funds, prior to the submittal to the Planning Department for environmental evaluation. In accordance with Chapter 29, the project sponsor is responsible for submitting project and financial information to the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is required to consider the fiscal feasibility of a project, based on the following evaluation criteria: (1) direct and indirect financial benefits of the project to the City, including to the extent applicable costs savings or new revenues, including tax revenues, generated by the proposed project; (2) cost of construction; (3) available funding for the project; (4) long term operating and maintenance costs of the project; and (5) debt load to be carried by the City department or agency.

## (1) Direct and Indirect Financial Benefits of the Project to the City

As detailed in Attachment III provided by Mr. Ababon, the rents and expenses on existing owned and leased City buildings for the next 33 years, including $\$ 30$ million of capital improvements at 30 Van Ness, and expansion of City space to reflect a total of 466,000 square feet to be comparable to the proposed new City office building, would cost a total of $\$ 759,040,000$. In comparison, Attachment III shows the total projected costs for the new City office building, including offsetting revenues from the sale of the three existing buildings at 30 Van Ness and 1660 and 1680 Mission Street, and COPs debt service payments and operating expenses for the new office building over the next 33 years, for a total cost of $\$ 884,870,000$. Based on the estimated cash flows, the proposed new City office building would have a net financial cost of $\$ 105,830,000$ to the City.

However, the sale of 30 Van Ness, and 1660 and 1680 Van Ness will result in new transfer taxes and annual property taxes to the City. In addition, the construction of the new residential units on the Goodwill site, adjacent to the City office building, will generate additional annual property taxes, beginning in 2019. Together, over the next 33 years, these properties are projected to generate a total of $\$ 150,300,000$ of transfer and property taxes for the City. Comparing the net financial cost of $\$ 105,830,000$ from the new City office building to the $\$ 150,300,000$ revenues to be realized from new transfer and property taxes results in net positive $\$ 44,470,000$ revenues to the City over the next 33 years.

In addition, the City will receive an estimated $\$ 34$ million of fees, permits and tax revenues from the construction of this office building and Real Estate estimates that more than $\$ 30$ million of contract and subcontract work will be awarded to local business enterprises (LBEs) to complete the City's office building. When complete the City will have a new Class A office building in the Civic Center, with an improved onestop permit center, adding over 100,000 net square feet of space, to replace with older City buildings that would otherwise require significant capital improvements to upgrade and maintain.
(2) Cost of Construction

Attachment II provided by Mr. Updike, shows the updated value of $\$ 326,690,952$ for the total project budget, including $\$ 30,296,640$ for the land, $\$ 25,884,132$ for predevelopment costs and the remaining $\$ 270,510,181$ attributed to the cost to complete the development and construction of the City office building.
(3) Available Funding for the Project

As shown in Table 5 above, based on information provided by the Office of Public Finance, the sale of three City-owned office buildings is estimated to generate net revenues after bond defeasance of approximately $\$ 83,180,000$ to partially offset the cost of the City office project. In addition, the proposed new City office building will require approximately $\$ 300,105,000$ of COPs, which would likely be issued in 2019 after the completion of the building, resulting in total costs of $\$ 605,430,000$ to the City.
(4) Long Term Operating and Maintenance Costs of the Project

As shown in Attachment III, the new City office building is estimated to cost $\$ 4,720,000$ to operate in 2019, when the building is completed, and a total of $\$ 224,450,000$ over 30 years, or an average of $\$ 7,481,667$ per year. According to Mr. Keene, the newly constructed, LEED Gold certified office building should provide substantial operational expense reductions and will have significantly lower capital project replacement costs compared to the existing, older City-owned buildings.
(5) Debt Load to be Carried by City Departments

Attachment III identifies the debt service payments from the COPs issued in 2019, which are anticipated to be approximately $\$ 20,877,000$ per year over 30 years assuming a $5.5 \%$ annual interest rate, for a total cost of $\$ 605,430,000$. The annual debt service payments of approximately $\$ 20,877,000$ over 33 years would be allocated to the City departments that occupy the new City office building, most notably DBI, Planning, DPW, Retirement and HSS as well as other City departments in the permit center. The specific allocation would be determined based on the actual occupancy of the building, once completed in 2019.

## POLICY CONSIDERATION

According to Mr. Updike, the Real Estate Division is proposing the purchase the property located at 1500-1580 Mission Street in order to address several long-term City priorities, particularly in the Civic Center area. These priorities include:

1) Developing more consolidated space for departments currently housed in multiple locations;
2) Making available underutilized City sites for more intense mixed-use developments where possible;
3) Addressing the lack of space for growth, as the City-owned buildings in Civic Center are currently over 99 percent occupied;
4) Allowing core City functions to be centralized in a facility specifically built to meet City needs; and
5) Allowing the City to purchase new Class A office building at a fair market price ${ }^{8}$.

As noted above, the proposed transaction is complex and will be executed over several years. The proposed Agreement will authorize the City to move forward with the environmental review and entitlement phase, and authorize a future Construction Management Agreement,

[^4]which will lead to subsequent approvals required by the Board of Supervisors. In addition, there are several significant unknowns the City must contend with, including:

- Total potential equity contributions, including the final sales prices of the three existing City office buildings;
- The necessary proceeds from COPs and additional debt service required by the City;
- Total General Fund and non-General Fund impacts; and
- Final design, occupancy mix, and negotiated office leases.

If the Board of Supervisors and Mayor do not approve the proposed ordinances, then either the City or the developer may terminate negotiations and the City would forfeit $\$ 1,250,000$. Because of the future commitment of significant City funds, the Budget and Legislative Analyst considers approval of the proposed ordinance authorizing the Conditional Land Disposition and Acquisition Agreement to be a policy matter for the Board of Supervisors. According to Mr. Updike, if the Board of Supervisors does not approve the proposed ordinances, the City will likely lose the opportunity to purchase 1500-1580 Mission Street.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Amend the proposed ordinance (File 14-1120) in various places to change the reference from 466,400 gross square feet to 463,300 gross square feet, the most recent estimated size of the City's office building.
2. Approval of the proposed ordinances, as amended, are policy matters for the Board of Supervisors.
Table 3: Project Budget

| Development Costs to Related | Original Value | Updated Value |  | Difference | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land Price | \$30,000,000 | \$ | 30,296,640 | \$ 296,640 | **Actual land price increased from \$ 65 M to $\$ 65.6 \mathrm{M}$ |
| Real Estate Commissions | 2,412,239 |  | 2,000,000 | $(412,239)$ | **Reduced once City acquires land in advance of construction |
| Closing Costs | N/a |  | 151,483 | 151,483 | **Not previously included in estimate |
| Soft Costs | 8,322,300 |  | 12,552,500 | 4,230,200 | **Increased costs for architecture and design after bids received and consultant scope refined |
| Fees, Permits Taxes | 13,167,471 |  | 34,191,861 | 21,024,390 | **Increased estimate of imposed Development / Building Fees imposed by City |
| Core and Shell | 139,263,450 |  | 179,258,112 | 39,994,662 | **Needed to bring interiors from a "Cold Shell" to a "Warm Shell"; increased seismic, LEED Gold, etc. |
| Tenant Improvements | 23,117,500 |  | 21,568,318 | $(1,549,182)$ | **Some tenant improvements on lower levels were picked up in Core and Shell. Still remains \$50 psf |
| Owner's Contingency (5\%) | N/a |  | 10,041,322 | 10,041,322 | **Added increased contingency for construction |
| Finance Costs | 14,352,821 |  | 8,633,333 | $(5,719,488)$ | **Saved by issuing our own financing |
| Soft Costs Cont. | 644,693 |  | 376,575 | $(268,118)$ | **Reduced contingency as bids were received |
| Developer Cost of Equity | N/a |  | 1,120,808 | 1,120,808 | **Per LOI, must reimburse Developer carrying costs of land |
| Subtotal, Development Costs | \$231,280,474 |  | 300,190,952 | 68,910,478 |  |
| Related Development Fee (Management) | 7,954,729 |  |  |  |  |
| Related Development Fee (Financing) | 1,988,682 |  | Fixed Fee |  |  |
| 5\% Profit | 12,061,194 |  |  |  |  |
| Fee Subtotal | 22,004,605 |  | 26,500,000 | 4,495,395 | **Negotiated fee reduction during PSA negotiations. LOI stated 10\% of total project Costs |
| Total | \$253,285,080 | \$ | 326,690,952 | \$ 73,405,872 |  |

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# Attachment II 

Page 2 of 2
- General Fund property taxes revenues accrue to General Fund
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-30 VN property taxes include transfer tax in 2015 and
annual property tax thr
FY 2015 is partial year
-30 VN conversion (with another infusion of transfer tax)
to residential ( 300 Units) assumed in 2019 thru 2048
1660, 1680 Mission property taxes include transfer taxes
in 2017 and annual property tax thru occupancy of
in 2017 and annual
1660, 1680 Mission maintained as office from 2019 (with
another infusion of transfer tax) thru 2048
(4) - 30 VN sale in 2015 and lease back at $\$ 22.56$ psf (2015), adjusted to $\$ 40 \mathrm{psf}$ in 2017
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thru occupancy of Goodwill in 2019; FY 2015 is a partial year
annual property tax thru occupancy of Goodwill in 2019;
FY 2015 is partial year
-30 VN conversion (with another infusion of transfer tax)
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(4) - 30 VN sale in 2015 and lease back at $\$ 22.56 \mathrm{psf}$ (2015), adjusted to $\$ 40 \mathrm{psf}$ in 2017

- 1660, 1680 Mission sales in 2017 and lease back at $\$ 40$ psf in 2017 thru occupancy
of Goodwill in 2019
- Sale proceeds total $\$ 122 \mathrm{~mm}$, of which $\$ 35.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ is applied to COPs defeasance and
$\$ 83.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ is applied towards Goodwill development costs

- COPs issued in Jun 2019 of $\$ 300.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ towards $\$ 254.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ in development costs,
etc. (after defeasances) and $\$ 22.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ in CP interest \& fees; net sale proceeds of $\$ 83.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ applied as equity towards development costs


## (6) - Operating expenses at $\$ 8.64 \mathrm{psf}(\mathrm{G})$


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The initial City office building estimates from May 2014 totaled 462,354 square feet. Based on more detailed renderings, the City office building then totaled approximately 466,400 square feet, as specified in the proposed ordinance. However, Mr. John Updike, Director of Real Estate advises that the design has recently changed to reflect the developer retaining the existing historical clock tower, which slightly reduces the office building to the current estimated 463,300 square feet. Over the next 18-24 months, as the design and environmental review process are completed, Mr. Updike notes that the actual total square footage may increase or decrease slightly, although the developer cannot materially change the size without the Director of Property's consent

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ According to Mr. Updike, approximately 110 of the total 550 units, or $20 \%$, will be classified as affordable. The Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development is also further targeting middle-income residents, or those classified as earning between 80-120\% of Area Median Income, for some of the remaining units.
    ${ }^{3}$ Prior to its acquisition of the $1500-1580$ Mission Street parcel on October 21, 2014, Related created the subsidiary "Goodwill SF Urban Development, LLC" to acquire the parcel. Mr. Updike notes that this is standard practice in property acquisition and development as it limits the liability of the parent company. This report references Related, as the developer and primary parent company.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ The actual cost of the land to the City is $\$ 30,296,640$. However, the amount the City will pay to actually acquire the property is $\$ 31,009,931$, with the additional $\$ 713,291$ reflecting the closing costs and real estate commissions.
    ${ }^{5}$ The proposed ordinance (File 14-1120) references an approximately 466,400 gross square foot size, although the current estimate is 463,300 square feet. Therefore, the proposed ordinance should be amended to change all references to the square footage to 463,300 square feet.

[^3]:    ${ }^{6}$ If the agreement terminates, the developer would need a City Exemption because the Market and Octavia Plan only permits construction of office building for City purposes.
    ${ }^{7}$ If the agreement terminates, the developer would potentially need a Proposition M allocation to allow for the office construction on this site.

[^4]:    ${ }^{8}$ According to the Q1 and Q2 2014 office market reports from real estate services firm Avison Young, the top sales of Class A office space in San Francisco have seen prices ranging from $\$ 447$ to $\$ 765$ per square foot. In addition, Mr. Updike noted that the recent sale of 50 Fremont Street, which was constructed in the 1980s, to Salesforce for $\$ 640$ million reflects a $\$ 780$ per square foot rate and the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) building on Golden Gate which was completed approximately three years ago had costs totaling $\$ 1,000$ per square foot. As noted above, the proposed purchase price of 1500-1580 Mission Street by the City would total $\$ 705$ per square foot.

[^5]:    Goodwill site property taxes include Related acquisition at
    $\$ 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ in 2015 and Residential (550 Units) in 2019 thru
    2048

    - Goodwill site property taxes include Related acquisition at
    $\$ 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ in 2015 and Residential ( 550 Units) in 2019 thru
    2048

