File No. 150 30

Committee Item No. 8 Board Item No. 24

COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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Committee: Budget & Finance Committee

Date July 15, 2015

Date 11/28, 2015

Board of Supervisors Meeting

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Completed by:_	Linda Wong	Date	July 10, 2015
Completed by:	Linda Wong	Date	July 16, 2015
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FILE NO. 150730

ORDINANCE NO.

1	[Business and Tax Regulations Code - Procedural Rules for Refunds of Business Taxes and Real Property Transfer Taxes]			
2				
3	Ordinance amending the Business and Tax Regulations Code to conform the City's			
4	business tax and real property transfer tax refund provisions to State law, expand the			
5	circumstances and extend the time in which the Tax Collector can issue refunds of			
6	business taxes, extend the date on which a claim accrues for purposes of filing a claim			
7	for refund of business taxes, and make other revisions to the City's rules regarding			
8	refunds of business taxes and real property transfer taxes.			
9	NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.			
10	Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> . Deletions to Codes are in strikethrough italics Times New Roman font.			
11	Board amendment additions are in <u>double-underlined Arial font</u> . Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.			
12	Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.			
13				
14	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:			
15				
16	Section 1. The Business and Tax Regulations Code is hereby amended by revising			
17	Sections 6.13-5, 6.15-1, 6.15-2, and 6.15-4 (including renumbering it as Section 6.15-3), and			
18	deleting Section 6.15-3, to read as follows:			
19	SEC. 6.13-5. EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES.			
20	Prior to seeking judicial relief, persons against whom a jeopardy determination or			
21	deficiency determination is made must exhaust their administrative remedies by:			
22	(a) petitioning to the Tax Collector for redetermination and including all specific			
23	grounds supporting the petition for redetermination;			
24	(b) paying the full amount owed as set forth in the final determination; and			
25				

(c) presenting a claim for refund to the Controller under <u>subsections (a) – (f) of</u> Section
 6.15-1-*et seq*., which the City Attorney has denied or which the claimant has deemed denied
 under <u>Section 6.15-1 (d)California Government Code, Title 1, Division 3.6, Part 3</u>.

4 SEC. 6.15-1. REFUNDS.

(a) Claims for Refund; Limitations. Except as otherwise provided in subsections division 5 (ef) and (g) of this Section 6.15-1below, the Controller shall refund or cause to be refunded the 6 7 amount of any tax, interest, or penalty that has been overpaid or paid more than once, or has been erroneously or illegally collected or received by the City, provided the person that paid 8 9 such amount files <u>a claim in writing</u> with the Controller, within the later of <u>lone</u> year of: 10 (1) payment of such amount; (2) the date-or-when the return accompanying such payment was 11 due, or (3) the date on which such amount requested on an amended return or request for refund '2 timely filed under subsection (g) of this Section 6.15-1 was denied under that subsection (g). 13 (b) Claims for Refund; Contents. Any claim filed under subsections (a) – (f) of this Section 14 <u>6.15-1 must state</u>, a verified claim in writing therefor, stating under penalty of perjury: (i)(1) the specific amount claimed to have been overpaid or paid more than once, or erroneously or 15 16 illegally collected or received by the City; (ii)(2) the tax periods at issue; (and (iii)(3) the 17 grounds upon which the claim is founded, with specificity sufficient to enable the Tax Collector and other responsible City officials to understand and evaluate the claim.; and (4) the date on 18 19 which the amount requested on an amended return or request for refund timely filed under subsection (g) of this Section 6.15-1 was denied under that subsection (g), if the person filing the claim filed such 20 21 an amended return or request for refund. 22 (c) Claims for Refund; Third-Party Taxes. The customer who pays a third-party tax to an 23 Operator is the proper party to seek the refund of a disputed third-party tax. No Operator or other 24 person responsible for collecting or remitting a disputed third-party tax may obtain a tax refund unless

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that Operator or other person proves that the tax has not been passed on to its customers or any other person.

3 (d) Claims for Refund; Applicable Law. Claims for refund shall be made according to California Government Code, Title 1, Division 3.6, Part 3. For purposes of subsections (a) – (f) of this 4 5 Section 6.15-1, a claim shall be deemed to accrue on the later of: (1) the date the return was due; 6 (2) the date the tax was paid; or (3) the date the refund requested on an amended return or request for 7 refund timely filed pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section 6.15-1 was denied under that subsection (g). The Controller shall furnish a form to be used for claims. 8 9 (e) Claims for Refund; Actions by the City. The Controller shall enter the claim in the 10 claim register, and shall forthwith forward it to the City Attorney. *H*tThe City Attorney determines the claim-is designated to take such actions on claims as authorized by California 11 12 Government Code, Title 1, Division 3.6, Part 3, Chapter 2, except that insufficient, the City Attorney's authority with regard to rejecting or allowing claims shall be as provided in this Section 6.15-1-shall 13 give the claimant written notice of how the claim is insufficient, stating with particularity the defects or 14 15 omissions therein. The City Attorney shall send the claimant that notice within 20 days after the claimant presents the claim. The City Attorney may reject any and all the claims the Controller 16 17 forwards to the City Attorney, and shall notify the claimant of such rejection. Allowance or 18 compromise and settlement of claims under this Section 6.15-1 in excess of \$25,000 shall require the written approval of the City Attorney and approval of the Board of Supervisors by 19 resolution. The City Attorney may allow or compromise and settle such claims if the amount 20 21 is \$25,000 or less. No claim may be paid until the Controller certifies that monies are 22 available from the proper funds or appropriations to pay the claim as allowed or as compromised and settled. If the City approves the claim, the City may refund the excess amount 23 collected or paid, or may credit such amount toward any amount due and payable to the City from the 24 person from whom it was collected or by whom it was paid, and the balance may be refunded to such 25

<u>person, or the person's administrator or executorFor purposes of this Section, a claim shall be deemed</u>
 to accrue on the later of the date the return was due or the tax was paid.

- (b) The claim shall be on a form furnished by the Controller. A claim may be returned to the 3 person if it was not presented using the form. A refund claim may be made only by the taxpayer or 4 other person determined to be liable for the tax or said person's guardian or conservator. No other 5 6 agent, including the taxpayer's attorney, may sign a refund claim. Class claims for refunds shall not be permitted. The customer who pays a third-party tax to an operator is the proper party to seek the 7 8 refund of a disputed third party tax. No operator or other person responsible for collecting or remitting 9 a disputed third-party tax may obtain a tax refund unless that operator or other person has paid the tax 10 to the Tax Collector pursuant to a deficiency determination or a jeopardy determination in which case 11 the operator or other person who paid the tax, and not the individual customer, may seek a refund. If 12 the claim is approved as set forth in subsection (a) above, the excess amount collected or paid may be 13 refunded or may be credited on any amount due and payable, from the person from whom it was 14 collected or by whom paid and the balance may be refunded to such person, his administrator or 15 executors.
- (*ef*) <u>Claims for Refund; Waiver of Written Filing Requirement.</u> The City Attorney, in his or
 her discretion and upon good cause shown, prior to the expiration of the <u>Lone</u>-year limitations
 period, may waive the requirement set forth in sub<u>sectiondivision</u> (a) <u>of this Section 6.15-1</u> above
 that a taxpayer file a written <u>verified</u>-claim for a refund in any case in which the Tax Collector
 and City Attorney determine on the basis of other evidence that:
- 21 (i)(1) an amount of tax, interest, or penalty has been overpaid or paid more than
 22 once, or has been erroneously or illegally collected or received by the City; and
- 23 (ii)(2) all other conditions precedent to the payment of a refund to the taxpayer
 24 have been satisfied.
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(d) The City Attorney shall allow, reject or otherwise act upon a claim for refund in a manner 1 2 specified in Government Code Section 912.6 within 45 days after it is presented to the Controller. If 3 the claim is amended, the City Attorney shall act on the amended claim within 45 days after the amended claim is presented. The claimant may agree in writing to extend the period within which the 4 City Attorney must act on the claim for refund prior to expiration of the original 45-day period. The 5 . 6 claimant may deem the claim for refund denied and seek judicial relief if the City Attorney does not act 7 upon the claim within the 45-day period, or such extended period to which the claimant has agreed. 8 (ge) Requests for Refund; Refunds Permissible Without a Claim. The Tax Collector may 9 authorize the Controller to refund tax, *interest, or penalty* payments, without a refund claim having been filed, without the need for a refund claim, and without review by the City Attorney, if 10 the Tax Collector determines: that the amount paid exceeds the tax, penalties, and interest due. The 11 12 person that made the overpayment may request such a refund from the Tax Collector on an amended return or request for refund form that is issued by the Tax Collector and that is filed with the Tax 13 Collector within the later of one year of the payment of such amount or the date the return 14 15 accompanying such payment was due. A refund requested on an amended return or request for refund 16 form under this subsection (g) shall automatically be deemed denied for purposes of subsections (a), (b), and (d) of this Section 6.15-1 if the Tax Collector does not grant or deny the refund request within 17 18 one year of the date it was filed. Any action by the Tax Collector after a refund request under this 19 subsection (g) has been deemed denied shall not constitute a denial and shall have no effect on the statute of limitations for filing a claim for refund under subsections (a) - (f) of this Section 6.15-1. 20 21 (i) the tax was paid more than once; or (ii) the amount paid exceeds the amount due as a result of an arithmetic or clerical 22 23 error. The Tax Collector may authorize such a refund no later than 1 year after payment of the tax. 24

Supervisors Farrell; Cohen BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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SEC. 6.15-2. REFUNDS; INTEREST.

2 (a) Any amounts refunded prior to entry of a final judgment in a judicial proceeding shall bear interest at the rate for prejudgment interest on refunds of local taxes or fees provided by section 3 <u>3287(c) of the California Civil Code, as amended from time to time of 2/3 of 1 percent per month or</u> 4 5 fraction thereof; or the average rate of interest computed over the preceding 6-month period obtained, 6 by the San Francisco Treasurer on deposits of public funds at the time refund is made, whichever rate *is lower*, and shall be computed from the date of payment to the date of refund. 7 8 (b) If the Controller offsets overpayments for a period or periods against *underpayments* 9 for another period or periods another liability or liabilities owed to the City, or against penalties or

against-interest on the *underpayments<u>other liability or liabilities owed to the City</u>, the taxpayer will
 be credited with interest on the amount so applied at the rate of interest set forth above,
 computed from the date of payment.*

(c) If a taxpayer <u>elects chooses</u> to apply all or part of a refund, <u>inclusive of any interest</u>
 <u>accrued up to the date of the taxpayer's election</u>, against a <u>future</u> San Francisco tax liability for a
 <u>future period</u>, the taxpayer will not be credited with interest on the amount so applied <u>from the</u>
 <u>date of the taxpayer's election</u>.

17. SEC. 6.15-3. REFUNDS; NOTICE OF DENIAL.

18 If the claim for refund is denied, the City Attorney shall serve or cause to be served notice of 19 such denial upon the taxpayer personally or by mail. The notice of denial of such claim shall be in a 20 form substantially similar to the form for notice of rejection of claims set forth in Government Code 21 Section 913. If the City Attorney does not serve such a notice of denial of claim, then the statute of 22 limitations for filing a suit for refund shall be as set forth in Section 6.15-4.

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1	SEC. 6.15-43. EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES; PRESENTATION OF
2	CLAIM FOR REFUND AS PREREQUISITE TO SUIT; PAYMENT OF DISPUTED AMOUNT
3	AND PETITION FOR REFUND; LIMITATIONS.
4	(a) Persons claiming they are aggrieved under the Business and Tax Regulations
5	Code must prior to seeking judicial relief:
6	(1) pay the amount of the disputed tax, penalty, and interest;
7	(2) if the disputed tax was paid pursuant to the Tax Collector's jeopardy
8	determination or deficiency determination, file a petition for redetermination, pursuant to
9	Section 6.12-5 or Section 6.13-1; and
10	(3) present a claim for refund to the Controller and allow action to be taken on
11	such claim, pursuant to <i>subsections (a) – (f) of</i> Section 6.15-1.
12	(b) The person who paid the tax, his or her guardian or conservator, the executor of his or her
13	will, or the administrator of his or her estate may bring an action in Superior Court against the City
14	and County of San Francisco to recover taxes, interest, or penalties that the City has refused to refund
15	on a claim for refund pursuant to subsections (a) – (f) of Section 6.15-1. No other person may bring
16	such an action; but if another person should do so, judgment shall not be rendered for the plaintiff.
17	Any suit for refund of taxes, interest, or penalties shall be commenced within the time provided by
18	California Government Code section 945.6, as amended from time to timeAny suit for tax refund shall
19	be commenced no later than 6 months from the date the notice of denial of the claim for refund was
20	personally delivered or deposited in the mail, or within 2 years of accrual of the cause of action if
21	notice of denial of the claim for refund is not served on the person as set forth in Section 6.15-3.
22	Persons claiming they are aggrieved under the Business and Tax Regulations Code may not
23	fileseek any type of judicial action relief other than a refund action. Notwithstanding any other
24	section of this Code, no claim or defense that, for any reason, a tax is not due or cannot be
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Supervisors Farrell; Cohen BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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1	applied under this Code may be raised in any judicial proceeding except as specified in an
2	action for refund of the disputed taxpreceding sentence.
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4	Section 2. The Business and Tax Regulations Code is hereby amended by revising
5	Section 1113, and adding Sections 1113.2 and 1113.3, to read as follows:
6	SEC. 1113. CLAIMS FOR REFUNDS.
7	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this Section 1113 or as provided in
8	Section 1113.1, the Controller shall refund or cause to be refunded the amount of any tax, interest, or
9	penalty imposed under this Article 12-C that has been overpaid or paid more than once, or has been
10	erroneously or illegally collected or received by the City, provided the person that paid such amount
11	files a claim in writing with the Controller within the later of one year of payment of such amount or
'2	the date the tax was due. The claim must state: (1) the specific amount claimed to have been overpaid
13	or paid more than once, or erroneously or illegally collected or received by the City; (2) the date of
14	transfer; and (3) the grounds upon which the claim is founded, with specificity sufficient to enable the
15	responsible City officials to understand and evaluate the claim.
16	(b) Claims for refund shall be made according to California Government Code, Title 1,
17	Division 3.6, Part 3. The Controller shall furnish a form to be used for these claims. The Controller
18	shall enter the claim in the register, and shall forthwith forward it to the City Attorney. The City
19	Attorney is designated to take such actions on claims as authorized by California Government Code,
20	Title 1, Division 3.6, Part 3, Chapter 2, except that the City Attorney's authority with regard to
21	rejecting or allowing claims shall be as provided in this Section 1113. The City Attorney may reject the
22	claim, and shall notify the claimant of such rejection. Allowance or compromise and settlement of
23	claims under this Section 1113 in excess of \$25,000 shall require the written approval of the City
24	Attorney and approval of the Board of Supervisors by resolution. The City Attorney may allow or
5	compromise and settle such claims if the amount is \$25,000 or less. No claim may be paid until the

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Controller certifies that monies are available from the proper funds or appropriations to pay the claim 1 2. as allowed or as compromised and settled. If the City approves the claim, the City may refund the 3 excess amount collected or paid, or may credit such amount toward any amount due and payable to the 4 City from the person from whom it was collected or by whom it was paid, and the balance may be refunded to such person, or the person's administrator or executor. For purposes of this Section 1113, 5 6 a claim shall be deemed to accrue on the later of the date the tax was due or the date the tax was paid. 7 (c) The City Attorney, in his or her discretion and upon good cause shown, prior to the 8 expiration of the one-year limitations period, may waive the requirement set forth in subsection (a) of 9 this Section 1113 that a taxpayer file a written claim for a refund in any case in which the Recorder 10 and City Attorney determine on the basis of the evidence that: 11 (1) an amount of tax, interest, or penalty has been overpaid or paid more than once, or 12 has been erroneously or illegally collected or received by the City; and 13 (2) all other conditions precedent to the payment of a refund to the taxpayer have been 14 satisfied. (d) If a refund claim is allowed under this Section 1113 or a refund request is allowed under 15 16 Section 1113.1, the Controller will not pay the refund unless the taxpayer first records a document that 17 reflects payment of tax in an amount reduced by the amount of the refund. Claims for refunds of taxes imposed pursuant to this ordinance shall be governed by the 18 19 provisions of Sections 6.15-1, 6.15-3, and 6.15-4 of the San Francisco Business and Tax Regulations 20 Code, as those sections currently read and as they may be amended, or interpreted by regulations, in the future. The references in those sections to a "return" shall mean the transfer tax affidavit, the 21 22 references to "tax period" shall mean date of transfer, and the references to the "Tax Collector" shall mean the Recorder. If a refund claim is allowed under this section or Section 1113.1, the Controller 23 24 will not pay the refund unless the taxpayer first records a document that reflects payment of tax in an 25

1	amount reduced by the amount of the refund. This requirement does not apply if the taxpayer elected to
2	record the deed in accordance with Section 1111 without any statement of transfer tax paid.
3	SEC. 1113.2. REFUNDS; INTEREST.
4	(a) Any amounts refunded prior to entry of a final judgment in a judicial proceeding shall bear
5	interest at the rate for prejudgment interest on refunds of local taxes or fees provided by section
6	3287(c) of the California Civil Code, as amended from time to time, and shall be computed from the
7	date of payment to the date of refund.
8	(b) If the Controller offsets overpayments for a particular transfer against another liability or
9	liabilities owed to the City, or against penalties or interest on the other liability or liabilities owed to
10	the City, the taxpayer will be credited with interest on the amount so applied at the rate of interest set
11	forth above, computed from the date of payment.
` 2	(c) If a taxpayer elects to apply all or part of a refund, inclusive of any interest accrued up to
13	the date of the taxpayer's election, against a future San Francisco tax liability, the taxpayer will not be
14	credited with interest on the amount so applied from the date of the taxpayer's election.
15	SEC. 1113.3. EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES; PRESENTATION OF
16	CLAIM FOR REFUND AS PREREQUISITE TO SUIT; PAYMENT OF DISPUTED AMOUNT
17	AND PETITION FOR REFUND; LIMITATIONS.
18	(a) Persons claiming they are aggrieved under the Business and Tax Regulations Code must
19	prior to seeking judicial relief:
20	(1) pay the amount of the disputed tax, penalty, and interest; and
21	(2) present a claim for refund to the Controller and allow action to be taken on such
22	claim, pursuant to Section 1113.
23	(b) The person who paid the tax, his or her guardian or conservator, the executor of his or her
24	will, or the administrator of his or her estate may bring an action in Superior Court against the City
25	and County of San Francisco to recover taxes, interest, or penalties that the City has refused to refund

on a claim for refund pursuant to Section 1113. No other person may bring such an action; but if another person should do so, judgment shall not be rendered for the plaintiff. Any suit for refund of taxes, interest, or penalties shall be commenced within the time provided by California Government Code section 945.6, as amended from time to time. Persons claiming they are aggrieved under the Business and Tax Regulations Code may not file any type of judicial action other than a refund action. Notwithstanding any other section of this Code, no claim or defense that, for any reason, a tax is not due or cannot be applied under this Code may be raised in any judicial proceeding except in an action for refund of the disputed tax.

Section 3. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

Section 4. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles, numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under the official title of the ordinance.

APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

SCOTT M. REIBER Deputy City Attorney

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Supervisor Farrell BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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By:

FILE NO. 150730

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

[Business and Tax Regulations Code - Procedural Rules for Refunds of Business Taxes and Real Property Transfer Taxes]

Ordinance amending the Business and Tax Regulations Code to conform the City's business tax and real property transfer tax refund provisions to State law, expand the circumstances and extend the time in which the Tax Collector can issue refunds of business taxes, extend the date on which a claim accrues for purposes of filing a claim for refund of business taxes, and make other revisions to the City's rules regarding refunds of business taxes and real property transfer taxes.

Background and Existing Law

Articles 6 and 12-C of the Business and Tax Regulations Code currently permit refunds of business taxes and real property transfer taxes in two situations: (1) when a taxpayer owed a refund timely files a request for refund with the Tax Collector (for business taxes) or Recorder (for real property transfer taxes); or (2) when a taxpayer owed a refund timely files a claim for refund with the Controller.

Under the request for refund procedures, the Tax Collector and Recorder may only authorize refunds within one year of payment of the tax. The Tax Collector may authorize refunds pursuant to a request for refund only if the tax was paid more than once or the amount paid exceeds the amount due as a result of an arithmetic or clerical error. The Recorder may authorize refunds pursuant to a request for refund only if the real property transfer tax was paid more than once, the amount paid exceeds the amount due as a result of an arithmetic or clerical error, or the real property transfer tax was paid on a type of transaction that is exempt from the tax.

Claims for refund must be filed with the Controller within the later of one year of payment or the date on which the return (for businesses taxes) or transfer tax affidavit (for real property transfer taxes) was due. The City may refund amounts pursuant to a claim if the amount was overpaid or paid more than once, or if it was erroneously or illegally collected or received by the City.

The application of the overlapping request for refund and claim for refund procedures has led to taxpayer confusion and administrative difficulties with respect to business taxes. Similar issues have not arisen with respect to real property transfer taxes.

Additionally, some of the provisions related to claims for refund to be filed with the Controller are arguably no longer consistent with state law, as interpreted by the California Supreme Court.

The proposed ordinance is intended to reduce taxpayer confusion, improve administrative efficiency, and bring the City's refund provisions into compliance with state law.

Amendments to Current Law

The proposed amendments would reduce the potential for overlap of requests for refund and claims for refund of business taxes by expanding the circumstances and extending the time in which taxpayers may file requests for refund of business taxes with the Tax Collector, and by tying the date by which a claim for refund of business taxes must be filed with the Controller to the completion of the Tax Collector's review of any requests for refund filed with respect to the same amount. Specifically, the proposed amendments would:

- Allow taxpayers to file requests for refund of business taxes within one year of the later of the payment of the amount being requested as a refund or the date the return accompanying such payment was due;
- Allow the Tax Collector to issue refunds of business taxes in any case in which the amount paid exceeds the tax, penalties, and interest due;
- Deem a request for refund of business taxes to have been denied by the Tax Collector if the Tax Collector does not act on the request for refund within one year of the date the request was filed; and
- Allow taxpayers to file claims for refund of business taxes with the Controller within one year of the later of: (1) payment of the amount being requested as a refund; (2) the date the return accompanying such amount was due; or (3) the date on which such amount requested on a request for refund was denied.

These amendments would not affect the refund processes currently applicable with respect to real property transfer taxes.

Additionally, the proposed amendments would amend the claim for refund provisions applicable to business taxes and real property transfer taxes so that they are consistent with state law, and would make several other nonsubstantive changes to the provisions relating to refunds of business taxes and real property transfer taxes.

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PrintForm	
Introduction Form	
By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor	
I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):	te
1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion, or Charter Amendment)	
2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee.	
3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.	
4. Request for letter beginning "Supervisor inquires	, n
5. City Attorney request.	
6. Call File No. from Committee.	
7. Budget Analyst request (attach written motion).	·.
8. Substitute Legislation File No.	
9. Reactivate File No.	
10. Question(s) submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on	
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following:	
Planning Commission Building Inspection Commission	·
Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use a Imperative Form.	
Sponsor(s):	
Supervisor Mark Farrell	
Subject:	
Business and Tax Regulations Code - Procedural Rules for Refunds of Business Taxes and Real Property T Taxes	ransfer
The text is listed below or attached:	•
Attached.	
Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:	
For Clerk's Use Only:	

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