Committee Item No. File No. 161291 Board Item No. COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST Committee: Land Use and Transportation ____ Date January 23, 2017 Date Fibrian **Board of Supervisors Meeting Cmte Board** Motion Resolution Ordinance **Legislative Digest Budget and Legislative Analyst Report** Youth Commission Report **Introduction Form** Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report MOU **Grant Information Form Grant Budget** Subcontract Budget Contract/Agreement Form 126 – Ethics Commission Award Letter Application **Public Correspondence** OTHER (Use back side if additional space is needed) Referral CEQA - 12/15/2016 Referral SBC - 12/15/2016 Referral FYI - 12/15/2016 CEQA Determination - 12/15/2016 . . Completed by: Erica Major____ Date January 19, 2017 M 01/26/2017 Completed by: Date

FILE NO. 161291

AMENDED IN BOARD 1/31/2017

[Administrative Code - Update Hotel Conversion Ordinance]

ORDINANCE NO.

Ordinance amending Administrative Code, Chapter 41, to update the Hotel Conversion
Ordinance, including: adding or refining definitions of tourist and transit use,
comparable unit, conversion, and low-income household; revising procedures for
permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with the
Building Code; eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have
violated provisions of the Hotel Conversion Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing
the Department of Building Inspection to issue administrative subpoenas; adding an
operative date; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the
California Environmental Quality Act.
 NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font. Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> .

Deletions to Codes are in *strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*. Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font. Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font. Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. Environmental Findings.

The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 161291 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms this determination.

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Section 2. The Administrative Code is hereby amended by revising Sections 41.3, 41.4, 41.9, 41.10, 41.11, 41.12, 41.13, 41.14, 41.19, and 41.20, to read as follows:

SEC. 41.3. FINDINGS

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(m) Since enactment of this Chapter, residential units have been converted to tourist units and the hotel operators have paid the 40 percent in-lieu fee to the City. This amount, 40 percent of the cost of construction of comparable units plus site acquisition cost, has not been adequate to provide replacement units. Federal, state and local funds were incorrectly assumed at that time to be available and sufficient to make up the shortfall between the 40 percent in-lieu fee and actual replacement costs. For example, in 1979 the federal government was spending 32 billion dollars on housing and is spending only 7 billion dollars in 1989.

 $(\underline{m} n)$ Certain uses provide both living accommodation and services, such as health care, personal care and counseling, to residents of the City. Examples of such uses are hospital, skilled nursing facility, AIDS hospice, intermediate care facility, asylum, sanitarium, orphanage, prison, convent, rectory, residential care facility for the elderly, and community care facility. Such facilities are often operated in building owned or leased by non-profit organizations and provide needed services to the City's residents. To subject such facilities to the provisions of this Chapter may deter future development of such facilities. It is desirable that such facilities exist and the City should encourage construction and operation of such facilities.

 $(\underline{n} \ \theta)$ In addition, a form of housing facilities called "transitional housing" provides housing and supportive services to homeless persons and families and is intended to facilitate the movement of homeless individuals and families to independent living or longer term supportive residences in a reasonable amount of time. Transitional housing has individual living quarters with physical characteristics often similar to a residential hotel (i.e.

accommodations which provide privacy to residents) and provides a source of interim housing for homeless individuals and families seeking to live independently.

 $(\underline{o} p)$ The City's public, quasi-public and private social agencies serving the elderly and needy persons often find it difficult to immediately locate suitable housing units for such persons returning to independent living after hospitalization or upon leaving skilled-nursing or intermediate care facilities within a short time after their discharge from a health facility. Such persons often will require minimum supervision and other interim social service support. The provision of a stable number of housing units for such emergency needs until permanent housing can be secured and supportive services arranged are necessary and desirable for the City. Emergency housing will have physical characteristics similar to "transitional housing" and is often intended to be occupied for a period of less than one month.

 $(\underline{p} \not\in \underline{q})$ The City also wishes to provide positive incentive to encourage residential hotel owners and operators to comply with the terms of this Chapter. Hotel owners have expressed a need to rent certain residential units on a short term basis during the winter months. In an effort to address this need and to encourage compliance with this Chapter, the City wishes to provide an opportunity to hotel owners who have complied with the terms of this Chapter to rent a limited number of residential units to tourists during the winter months.

SEC. 41.4. DEFINITIONS.

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(a) **Certificate of Use.** Following the initial unit usage and annual unit usage determination pursuant to the provisions of Sections 41.6 and 41.10 below, every hotel shall be issued a certificate of use specifying the number of residential and tourist units herein.

(b) **Comparable Unit.** A unit which is similar in size, services, rental amount, and facilities, and *is designated the same category of housing as the existing unit, and which* is located

within the existing neighborhood or within a neighborhood with similar physical and socioeconomic conditions, *and is similarly affordable for low income, elderly, and disabled persons*.

(e) **Conversion.** The change or attempted change of the use of a residential unit *as defined in subsection (q) below* to a *Tourist or Transienttourist* use, or the elimination of a residential unit, or the voluntary demolition of a residential hotel. However, a change in the use of a residential hotel unit into a non-commercial use which serves only the needs of the permanent residents, such as <u>a</u> resident's lounge, *storeroomcommunity kitchen*, or common area, shall not constitute a conversion within the meaning of this Chapter <u>41, provided that the residential hotel owner establishes that eliminating or re-designating an existing tourist unit instead of a residential unit would be infeasible.</u>

(d) **Disabled Person.** A recipient of disability benefits.

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(e) Elderly Person. A person 62 years of age or older.

Emergency Housing. A project which provides housing and supportive services to elderly or low-income persons upon leaving a health facility and which has its primary purpose #facilitating the return of such individuals to independent living. The emergency housing shall provide services and living quarters pursuant to Section 41.13 herein and may be provided as part of a "transitional housing" project.

(g) Hotel. Any building containing six or more guest rooms intended or designed to be used, or which are used, rented, or hired out to be occupied or which are occupied for sleeping purposes and dwelling purposes by guests, whether rent is paid in money, goods, or services. It includes motels, as defined in <u>Section 401Chapter XII, Part II</u> of the <u>San Francisco</u> <u>Municipal Code (Housing Code)</u>, but does not include any jail, health facilities as defined by <u>in</u> Section 1250 of the <u>California</u> Health and Safety Code, asylum, sanitarium, orphanage, prison, convent, rectory, residential care facility for the elderly as defined in Section 1569.2 of the Health and Safety Code, residential facilities as defined in Section 1502 of the Health and

Safety Code or other institution in which human beings are housed or detained under legal restraint, or any private club and nonprofit organization in existence on September 23, 1979; provided, however, that nonprofit organizations which operated a residential hotel on September 23, 1979, shall comply with the provisions of Section 41.8 herein.

(*h*) Interested Party. A permanent resident of a hotel, or his or her authorized representative, or a former tenant of a hotel who vacated a residential unit within the past 90 days preceding the filing of <u>a</u> complaint or court proceeding to enforce the provisions of this Chapter <u>41</u>. Interested party shall also mean any nonprofit organization, as defined in <u>this</u> Section 41.4, which has the preservation or improvement of housing as a stated purpose in its articles of incorporation and/or bylaws.

(i) Low-Income Household. A household whose income does not exceed 60%
 percent of the <u>Area mM</u>edian iIncome <u>as set forth in Charter Section 16.110.for the San Francisco</u>
 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area as published by the United States Department of Housing and
 Urban Development and Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

(i) **Low-Income Housing.** Residential units whose rent may not exceed 30<u>% *percent*</u> of the gross monthly income of a *IL*ow-*iI*ncome *hH*ousehold as defined *in subsection (i)* above.

(*) Nonprofit Organization. An entity exempt from taxation pursuant to Title 26, Section 501 of the United States Code.

(#) **Operator.** An Θ perator includes the lessee or any person or legal entity whether or not the owner, who is responsible for the day-to-day operation of a residential hotel and to whom a hotel license is issued for a <u>*r*R</u>esidential <u>*h*H</u>otel.

(*m*) **Owner.** Owner includes any person or legal entity holding any ownership interest in a <u>*r*R</u>esidential <u>*h*H</u>otel.

(*n*) **Permanent Resident.** A person who occupies a guest room for at least 32 consecutive days.

Supervisors Peskin; Kim, Safai, Sheehy, Cohen, Ronen, Yee BOARD OF SUPERVISORS 1332

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(*b*) **Posting or Post.** Where posting is required by this Chapter <u>41</u>, material shall be posted in a conspicuous location at the front desk in the lobby of the hotel, or if there is no lobby, in the public entranceway. No material posted may be removed by any person except as otherwise provided in this Chapter.

(*p*) **Residential Hotel.** Any building or structure which contains a <u>*r*R</u>esidential <u>*u*U</u>nit as defined $\frac{in}{q}$ below unless exempted pursuant to the provisions of Sections 41.5 or 41.7 below.

(q) **Residential Unit.** Any guest room as defined in Section <u>401</u>203.7 of Chapter XII, *Part II* of the San Francisco <u>Municipal Code (Housing Code)</u> which had been occupied by a permanent resident on September 23, 1979. Any guest room constructed subsequent to September 23, 1979 or not occupied by a permanent resident on September 23, 1979, shall not be subject to the provisions of this Chapter <u>41</u>; provided however, if designated as a residential unit pursuant to Section 41.6 of this Chapter or constructed as a replacement unit, such residential units shall be subject to the provisions of this Chapter.

(*r*) **Tourist Hotel.** Any building containing six or more guest rooms intended or designated to be used for commercial tourist use by providing accommodation to transient guests on a nightly basis or longer. A tourist hotel shall be considered a commercial use pursuant to *City*-Planning Code Section <u>790.46216(b)</u> and shall not be defined as group housing permitted in a residential area under *City*-Planning Code Section 209.<u>1</u>2.

<u>Tourist or Transient Use.</u> Any use of a guest room for less than a 32-day term of tenancy by a <u>party other than a Permanent Resident</u> or prospective Permanent Resident.

(s) **Tourist Unit.** A guest room which was not occupied on September 23, 1979, by a permanent resident or is certified as $\underline{a} \neq \underline{T}$ ourist $\#\underline{U}$ nit pursuant to Sections 41.6, 41.7 or 41.8 below. Designation as a tourist unit under this Chapter shall not supersede any limitations on use pursuant to the Planning Code.

(#) **Transitional Housing.** A project which provides housing and supportive services to homeless persons and families or *ILow-iI*ncome *hH*ouseholds at risk of becoming homeless which has as its purpose facilitating the movement of homeless individuals or at-risk *ILow-i I*ncome *hH*ouseholds to independent living within a reasonable amount of time. The transitional housing shall provide services and living quarters as approved by the Planning Commission that are similar to the residential unit being replaced pursuant to Section 41.13 herein and shall comply with all relevant provisions of City ordinances and regulations.

SEC. 41.9. RECORDS OF USE.

(a) **Daily Log.** Each residential hotel shall maintain a daily log containing the status of each room, whether it is occupied or vacant, whether it is used as a residential unit or tourist unit, the name under which each adult occupant is registered, and the amount of rent charged. Each hotel shall also provide receipts to each adult occupant, and maintain copies of the receipts, showing: the room number; the name of each adult occupant; the rental amount and period paid for; and any associated charges imposed and paid, including but not limited to security deposits and any tax. The daily log and copies of rent receipts shall be available for inspection pursuant to the provision of Section 41.11(c) of this Chapter 41 upon demand by the Director of the Department of Building Inspection or the Director's designee or the City Attorney's Office between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, unless the Director of the Department of Building Inspection or the City Attorney's Office reasonably believe that further enforcement efforts are necessary for specified residential hotels, in which case the Department of Building Inspection or the City Attorney's Office shall notify the hotel owner or operator that the daily logs and copies of rent receipts shall be available for inspection between the hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. Each hotel shall maintain the daily logs and copies of rent receipts for a period of no less than 24 months. Should an owner or operator

object to providing records for inspection, the Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall have the authority to issue administrative subpoenas to investigate and enforce this Chapter's provisions.

In addition to the investigative powers and enforcement mechanisms prescribed in this Chapter, the City Attorney's Office shall have the authority to take further investigative action and bring additional enforcement proceedings including *the immediate proceedings under* California Civil Code Section 1940.1.

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SEC. 41.10. ANNUAL UNIT USAGE REPORT.

(a) **Filing.** On November 1*st* of each year, every hotel owner or operator subject to this Chapter <u>41</u> shall file with the Department of Building Inspection, <u>either through an online form on</u> <u>the Department's website or a paper copy delivered to the Department</u>, an Annual Unit Usage Report containing the following information:

(1) The total number of units in the hotel as of October 15th of the year of filing;

(2) The number of residential and tourist units as of October 15th of the year of

filing;

(3) The number of vacant residential units as of October 15*th* of the year of filing; if more than 50<u>% *percent*-</u>of the units are vacant, explain why;

(4) The average rent for the residential hotel units as of October 15*th* of the year of filing;

(5) The number of residential units rented by week or month as of October 15*th* of the year of filing; and

(6) The designation by room number and location of the residential units and tourist units as of October 15th of the year of filing, along with a graphic floorplan reflecting

<u>room designations for each floor</u>. *The Oo*wner or operator shall maintain such designated units as tourist or residential units for the following year unless <u>the</u> owner or operator notifies in writing the Department of Building Inspection of a redesignation of units; <u>the</u> owner or operator may redesignate units throughout the year, provided they notify the Department of Building Inspection in writing by the next business day following such redesignation, <u>and update the</u> <u>graphic floorplan on file with the Department of Building Inspection</u> and maintain the proper number of residential and tourist units at all times. The purpose of this provision is to simplify enforcement efforts while providing <u>the</u> owner or operator with reasonable and sufficient flexibility in designation and renting of rooms;

(7) The nature of services provided to the permanent residents and whether there has been an increase or decrease in the services so provided;

(8) A copy of the Daily Log, showing the number of units which are residential, tourist, or vacant on *the first Friday of each month October 1st, February 1st, May 1st and August 1st* of the year of filing.

(b) **Notice of Annual Unit Usage Report.** On the day of filing, the owner or operator shall post a notice that a copy of the Annual Unit Usage Report submitted to the Department of Building Inspection is available for inspection between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, which notice shall remain posted for 30 days. <u>The Department shall</u> <u>maintain a list of those properties that have filed or failed to submit annual reports on its website.</u>

(c) **Extension of Time for Filing.** Upon application by an owner or operator and upon showing good cause therefor, the Director of the Department of Building Inspection may grant one extension of time not to exceed 30 days for said filing.

(d) **Certificate of Annual Unit Usage Report.** After receipt of a completed Annual Unit Usage Report, the Department of Building Inspection shall issue a certified acknowledgment of receipt.

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(e) **Renewal of Hotel License and Issuance of New Certificate of Use.** As of the effective date of this Chapter <u>41</u>, no hotel license may be issued to any owner or operator of a hotel unless the owner or operator presents with his/her license application a certified acknowledgment of receipt from the Department of Building Inspection of the Annual Unit Usage Report for the upcoming year.

(f) **Insufficient Filing; Penalties.** The Director of the Department of Building Inspection <u>is</u> authorized to assess a penalty as set forth below for insufficient filing, with interest on the penalty accruing at the rate of <u>1.5% one and one-half percent</u> per full month, compounded monthly from the date the penalty is due as stated in the Director's written notification below.

If the Director or the Director's designee determines that additional information is needed to make a determination, *he <u>the Director or designee</u>* shall send both the owner and operator a written request to furnish such information within 15 calendar days of the mailing of the written request. The letter shall state that if the requested information, *or a response explaining why the requested information will not be provided*, is not furnished in the time required, the residential and tourist units shall be presumed to be unchanged from the previous year and that the Director shall impose a \$500 penalty for failure to furnish the additional information within the 15-day period, and a \$500 penalty for each day after the 15-day period for which the owner or operator fails to furnish the requested information or explanation. If the Director does not timely receive the information, the Director shall notify both the owner and operator, by mail <u>or electronic mail</u>, that the Director is imposing a \$500 <u>per day</u> penalty <u>and that the</u> <u>accumulated penalty</u> which must be paid within 30 days of the mailing of the notification, and that interest on the penalty shall accrue from the expiration of the 30 days at the rate of <u>1.5% one and one-half percent</u> per full month, compounded monthly. The written notification shall state that if the penalty is not paid, a lien to secure the amount of the penalty, plus the

accrued interest, will be recorded against the real property pursuant to the provisions of Section 41.20(d) of this Chapter <u>41, and that the Residential Hotel will be not be eligible for any</u> temporary tourist rentals as provided in Section 41.19 for 12 months.

(g) Failure to File Annual Unit Usage Report; Penalties. The Director of the Department of Building Inspection is authorized to assess penalties as set forth below for failure to file an Annual Unit Usage Report, with interest on penalties accruing at the rate of <u>1.5% one and one-half percent</u> per full month, compounded monthly from the date the penalty is due as stated in the Director's notification below.

If the owner or operator fails to file an Annual Unit Usage Report, the Director or the Director's designee shall notify the owner and operator by registered or certified mail and shall post a notice informing the owner and operator that unless submission of the Annual Unit Usage Report and application for renewal of the hotel license is made within 15 calendar days of the mailing of the letter, the residential and tourist units shall be presumed to be unchanged from the previous year, and the Director shall impose a penalty of \$5001,000 per month effor each month the annual report is not filed <u>and the Residential Hotel will be not be eligible for any temporary tourist rentals as provided in Section 41.19 for the next 12 months</u>. If the Director does not receive the report, the Director shall notify both the owner and operator, by mail that the Director is imposing the appropriate penalty, as prorated, which must be paid within 30 days of the mailing of the notification and that interest on the penalty shall accrue from the expiration of the 30 days at the rate of <u>1.5%one and one-half percent</u> per full month, compounded monthly. The written notification shall state that if the penalty is not paid, a lien to secure the amount of the penalty, plus the accrued interest, will be recorded against the real property pursuant to the provisions of Section 41.20(d) of this Chapter <u>41</u>.

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SEC. 41.11. ADMINISTRATION.

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(a) Fees. The owner or operator shall pay the following filing fees to the Department of Building Inspection to cover its costs of investigating and reporting on eligibility. See Section <u>110A333.2</u>, Hotel Conversion <u>Ordinance</u> Fee Schedule, <u>Table 1A-Q</u>, <u>Part II</u>, <u>Chapter 1</u> of the <u>San</u> <u>Francisco Municipal Code</u> (Building Code) for the applicable fees. The party that brings an unsuccessful challenge to a report pursuant to this <u>Chapter 41Article</u> shall be liable for the <u>changecharge</u> in Section <u>110A333.2</u>, Hotel Conversion <u>Ordinance</u> Fee Schedule, Unsuccessful Challenge, <u>Table 1A-Q</u>- <u>Part II</u>, <u>Chapter 1</u> of the <u>San Francisco Municipal Code</u> (Building Code). Fees shall be waived for an individual who files an affidavit under penalty of perjury stating that he or she is an indigent person who cannot pay the filing fee without using money needed for the necessities of life.

SEE SAN FRANCISCO MUNICIPAL CODE (BUILDING CODE) SECTION 333.2110A, TABLE 1A-Q HOTEL CONVERSION ORDINANCE FEE SCHEDULE

(b) Hearing.

(1) **Notice of Hearing.** Whenever a hearing is required or requested in this Chapter <u>41</u>, the Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall, within 45 calendar days, notify the owner or operator of the date, time, place, and nature of the hearing by registered or certified mail. The Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall appoint a hearing officer. Notice of such a hearing shall be posted by the Department of Building Inspection. The owner or operator shall state under oath at the hearing that the notice remained posted for at least 10 calendar days prior to the hearing. Said notice shall state that

all permanent residents residing in the hotel may appear and testify at the public hearing, provided that the Department of Building Inspection is notified of such an intent 72 hours prior to the hearing date.

(2) **Pre-hearing Submission.** No less than three working days prior to any hearing, parties to the hearing shall submit written information to the Department of Building Inspection including, but not limited to, the following: the request or complaint, the statement of issues to be determined by the Hearing Officer; and a statement of the evidence upon which the request or complaint is based.

(3) Hearing Procedure. If more than one hearing for the same hotel is required, the Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall consolidate all of the appeals and challenges into one hearing; however, if a civil action has been filed pursuant to the provisions of Section 41.20(e) of the Chapter <u>41</u>, all hearings on administrative complaints of unlawful conversions involving the same hotel shall be abated until such time as final judgment has been entered in the civil action; an interested party may file a complaint in intervention. The hearing shall be tape recorded. Any party to the appeal may, at his/her own expense, cause the hearing to be recorded by a certified court reporter. The hearing officer is empowered to issue subpoenas upon application of the parties seven calendar days prior to the date of the hearing. During the hearing, evidence and testimony may be presented to the hearing officer. Parties to the hearing may be represented by counsel and have the right to cross-examine witnesses. All testimony shall be given under oath. Written decision and findings shall be rendered by the hearing officer within twenty 20 working days of the hearing. Copies of the findings and decision shall be served upon the parties to the hearing by registered or certified mail. A notice that a copy of the findings and decisions is available for inspection between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday shall be posted by the owner or operator.

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(4) Administrative Review. Unless otherwise expressly provided in this Chapter <u>41</u>, any decision of the hearing officer shall be final unless a valid written appeal is filed with the Board of <u>Permit</u> Appeals within 15 days following the date of the hearing officer's written determination. Such an appeal may be taken by any interested party as defined by Section $41.4_{(g)}$ herein.

(c) **Inspection.** *The Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall have the authority to issue administrative subpoenas as necessary or appropriate to conduct inspections pursuant to this Chapter 41.* The Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall conduct, from time to time, on-site inspections of the daily logs, other supporting documents, <u>including the graphic floorplan</u> and units listed as vacant in the daily logs, to determine if *the* owner or operator has complied with the provisions of this Chapter. In addition, the Director of the Department of Building Inspection or the Director's designee shall conduct such an inspection as soon as practicable upon the request of a current or former occupant of the hotel. If, upon such an inspection, the Director or Director's designee determines that an apparent violation of the provisions of this Chapter has occurred, *he/she the Director or designee* shall post a notice of apparent violation informing the permanent residents of the hotel thereof, or shall take action as set forth in Section 41.11(d) and (e) below. This notice shall remain posted until the Director of the Department of Building Inspection, or the Director's designee, determines that the hotel is no longer in violation of the provisions of this Chapter.

(d) **Criminal Penalties for Violations.** Any person or entity wilfully failing to maintain daily logs or provide and maintain receipts as provided in Sections 41.9(a) and (b) of this Chapter <u>41</u>, or failing to post materials as provided in Sections 41.6(a), (c), and (f), 41.9(b), 41.10(b), (g), and (h), 41.11(b) (3), 41.12(b)(10), and 41.18(b) and (c) of this Chapter or wilfully providing false information in the daily logs, shall be guilty of an infraction for the first

such violation or a misdemeanor for any subsequent violation, and the complaint charging such violation shall specify whether the violation charged is a misdemeanor or an infraction.

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If charged as an infraction, the penalty upon conviction therefor shall be not less than \$100 or more than \$500.

If charged as a misdemeanor, the penalty upon conviction therefor shall be a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000 or imprisonment in the county jail, not exceeding six months, or both fine and imprisonment.

Every day such violation shall continue shall be considered as a new offense.

For purposes of Sections 41.11(d) and (e), violation shall include, but not limited to, intentional disobedience, omission, failure or refusal to comply with any requirement imposed by the aforementioned Sections or with any notice or order of the Director of the Department of Building Inspection or the Director of Public Works regarding a violation of this Chapter.

(e) **False Information Misdemeanor**. It shall be unlawful for an owner or operator to wilfully provide false information to the Director of the Department of Building Inspection or the Director's designees. Any owner or operator who files false information shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Conviction of a misdemeanor hereunder shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$500 or by imprisonment in the County Jail for a period not to exceed six months, or by both.

(f) The Director of the Department of Building Inspection may impose a penalty of \$250500 per violation for failure to maintain daily logs or for failure to provide receipts to occupants as required under Section 41.9 above and for failure to post materials as required under Sections 41.6(a), (c), and (f), 41.9(b), 41.10(b), (g), and (h), 41.11(b) (3), 41.12(b)(10), and 41.18(b) and (c). In order to impose such penalties, the Director shall notify both the owner and operator by certified mail that the Director is imposing the penalty or penalties, which must be paid within 30 days of the mailing of the notification. The written notification

shall state that if the penalty is not paid, a lien to secure the amount of the penalty will be recorded against the real property pursuant to *the provisions of* Section 41.20(d) of this Chapter <u>41</u>.

(g) **Costs of Enforcement.** <u>The Department of Building Inspection shall be entitled to</u> recover costs for enforcement as provided in Building Code Section 102A.7(d). The proceeds from the filing fees and civil fines assessed shall be used exclusively to cover the costs of investigation and enforcement of this ordinance by the City and County of San Francisco. The Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall annually report these costs to the Board of Supervisors and recommend adjustments thereof.

(h) **Inspection of Records**. The Department of Building Inspection shall maintain a file for each residential hotel which shall contain copies of all applications, exemptions, permits, reports, and decisions filed pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter <u>41</u>. All documents maintained in said files, except for all tax returns and documents specifically exempted from the California Public Records Act, shall be made available for public inspection and copying.

(i) **Promulgation of Rules and Regulations.** The Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall propose rules and regulations governing the appointment of an administrative officer and the administration and enforcement of this Chapter <u>41</u>. After reasonable notice and opportunity to submit written comment are given, final rules and regulations shall be promulgated.

SEC. 41.12. PERMIT TO CONVERT.

(a) Any owner or operator, or his/her authorized agent, of a residential hotel may apply for a permit to convert one or more residential units by submitting an application and the required fee to the Central Permit Bureau.

(b) The permit application shall contain the following information:

(1) The name and address of the building in which the conversions are proposed and of the building where replacement housing will be located; and 2 (2) The names and addresses of all owners or operators of said buildings; and 3 (3) A description of the proposed conversion including *the specific method under* 4 Section 41.13(a) that the owner or operator selects as the nature of the conversion, the total 5 6 number of units in the building, <u>and their current uses;</u> and (4) The room numbers and locations of the units to be converted; and 7 (5) Preliminary drawings showing the existing floor plans and proposed floor 8 9 plans; and (6) A description of the improvements or changes proposed to be constructed 10 or installed and the tentative schedule for start of construction; and 11 (7) The current rental rates for each residential unit to be converted or, if 12 currently unoccupied, the most recent rental rate when last occupied; and 13 (8) The length of tenancy of the permanent residents affected by the proposed 14 15 conversion; and (9) A statement regarding how one-for-one replacement of the units to be 16 17 converted will be accomplished, *citing the specific provision(s) of Section 41.13(a) the application* 18 has selected for replacement, and including sufficiently detailed financial information, such as letters of intent and contracts, establishing how the owner or operator is constructing or causing to construct 19 20 the proposed location of replacement housing if replacement is to be provided off-site; and (10) A declaration under penalty of perjury from the owner or operator stating 21 that he/she has complied with the provisions of Section 41.14(b) below and his/her filing of a 22 23 permit to convert. On the same date of the filing of the application, a notice that an application to convert has been filed shall be posted until a decision is made on the application to convert. 24 25

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(c) Upon receipt of a completed application to convert or demolish, the Department of Building Inspection shall send the application to the <u>*Planning*</u> Department of <u>*City Planning*</u> for review and shall mail notice of such application to interested community organizations and such other persons or organizations who have previously requested such notice in writing. The notice shall identify the hotel requesting the permit, the nature of the permit, the proposal to fulfill the replacement requirements of Section 41.13 herein, and the procedures for requesting a public hearing. <u>*The Oo*</u> wher or operator shall post a notice informing permanent residents of such information.

(d) Any interested party may submit a written request within 15 days of the date notice is posted pursuant to subsection (c) above to the *City* Planning Commission to schedule and conduct a public hearing on the proposed conversion in order to solicit public opinion on whether to approve or deny a permit to convert or demolish residential units and to determine whether proposed replacement units are "comparable units" as defined in Section 41.4*(b)* herein.

SEC. 41.13. ONE-FOR-ONE REPLACEMENT.

(a) Prior to the issuance of a permit to convert, the owner or operator shall provide one-for-one replacement of the units to be converted by one of the following methods:

(1) Construct or cause to be constructed a comparable unit to be made available at comparable rent to replace each of the units to be converted; or

(2) Cause to be brought back into the housing market a comparable unit from any building which was not subject to the provisions of this Chapter <u>41</u>; or

(3) Construct or cause to be constructed or rehabilitated apartment units for elderly, disabled, or low-income persons or households which may be provided at a ratio of less than one-to-one; or construct or cause to be constructed transitional housing which may include emergency housing. The construction of any replacement housing under this

subsection shall be <u>subject to restrictions recorded against title to the real property and be</u> evaluated by the *City*-Planning Commission in accordance with the provisions of Section 303 of the *City*-Planning Code. A notice of said *City*-Planning Commission hearing shall be posted by the owner or operator 10 calendar days before the hearing; or

(4) Pay to the City and County of San Francisco an amount equal to 80<u>%</u> percent of the cost of construction of an equal number of comparable units plus site acquisition cost. All such payments shall go into a San Francisco Residential Hotel Preservation Fund Account. The Department of Real Estate shall determine this amount based upon two independent appraisals; or

(5) Contribute to a public entity or nonprofit organization, *whowhich* will use the funds to construct comparable units, an amount at least equal to 80<u>% *percent*</u> of the cost of construction of an equal number of comparable units plus site acquisition cost. The Department of Real Estate shall determine this amount based upon two independent appraisals. In addition to compliance with all relevant City ordinances and regulations, the public entity or nonprofit organization and the housing development proposal of such public entity or nonprofit organization shall be subject to approval by the Mayor's Office of Housing *and Community Development*.

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SEC. 41.14. MANDATORY DENIAL OF PERMIT TO CONVERT.

A permit to convert shall be denied by Director of the Department of Building Inspection if: (a) The requirements of Sections 41.12 or 41.13, above, have not been fully complied with:

(b) The application is incomplete or contains incorrect information;

(c) An applicant has committed unlawful action as defined in this Chapter <u>41</u> within 12 months *previous <u>prior</u>* to the *issuancefiling of for* a permit to convert *application*; *or*

(d) The proposed conversion or the use to which the unit would be converted is not permitted by the *City*-Planning Code.

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SEC. 41.19. TEMPORARY CHANGE OF OCCUPANCY.

(a) Temporary Change of Occupancy.

(1) A tourist unit may be rented to a permanent resident, until voluntary vacation of that unit by the permanent resident or upon eviction for cause, without changing the legal status of that unit as a tourist unit.

(2) A permanent resident may be relocated for up to 21 days to another unit in the residential hotel for purposes of complying with the Building Code requirements imposed by the UMB Seismic Retrofit Ordinance, Ordinance No. 219-92, without changing the designation of the unit.

(3) A residential unit which is vacant at any time during the period commencing on May 1*st* and ending on September 30*th* annually may be rented as a tourist unit, provided that (\underline{Ai}) the residential unit was vacant due to voluntary vacation of a permanent resident or *was vacant* due to lawful eviction for cause after the permanent resident was accorded all the rights guaranteed by State and local laws during his/her tenancy, (\underline{Bii}) the daily log shows that the residential unit was legally occupied for at least 50<u>% *percent*</u> of the period commencing on October 1*st* and ending on April 30*th* of the previous year, unless owner or operator can produce evidence to the Department of Building Inspection explaining such vacancy to the satisfaction of the Department-*of Building Inspection*, including but not limited to such factors as repair or rehabilitation work performed in the unit or good-faith efforts to rent the unit at fair

market value; *and* (*Ciii*) the residential unit shall immediately revert to residential use upon application of a prospective permanent resident; *and* (*D*) *the owner or operator has not committed unlawful action as defined in this Chapter 41 within 12 months prior to this request.*

25-percent Limit.

However, at no time during the period commencing on May 1*st* and ending on September 30*th* may an owner or operator rent for nonresidential use or tourist use more than $25\frac{76}{20}$ percent of the hotel's total residential units unless the owner or operator can demonstrate that (<u>A</u>*t*) the requirements of <u>Section</u> 41.19(a)(3) above are met, <u>and (B</u>*it*) good-faith efforts were made to rent such units to prospective permanent residents at fair market value for comparable units and that such efforts failed <u>and (*iii*) the owner or operator has not committed</u> *unlawful action as defined in this Chapter within 12 months prior to this request*. Owners or operators who seek to exceed this limit must request a hearing pursuant to Section 41.11(b) above and the decision whether to permit owners or operators to exceed this limit is within the discretion of the hearing officer.

(b) Special Requirements for Hearings on Tourist Season Rental of Residential Units. Where an owner or operator seeks a hearing in order to exceed the limit on tourist season rental of vacant residential units pursuant to Section 41.19(a)(3), the requirements of <u>Section</u> 41.11(b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) above shall be applicable except as specifically modified or enlarged herein:

* * * *

(5) Determination of the Hearing Officer. Based upon the evidence presented at the hearing, conducted in accordance with Section 41.11(b)(3) above, the hearing officer shall make findings as to (i) whether the residential unit was vacant due to voluntary vacation of a permanent resident or was vacant due to lawful eviction, (ii) whether the residential unit was occupied for at least 50% percent of the period commencing on October 1 and ending on April

30*th* of the previous year, (iii) whether the owner or operator has committed unlawful action under this Chapter <u>41</u> within 12 months prior to this request, and (iv) whether the owner or operator made good-faith efforts to rent vacant residential units to prospective permanent residents at no more than fair market value for a comparable unit during the tourist season and yet was unable to secure such rentals. Good-faith efforts shall include, but not be limited to, advertising the availability of the residential units to the public. In determining fair market value of the residential units, the hearing officer shall consider any data on rental of comparable units, as defined in Section 41.4 (b) herein.

SEC. 41.20. UNLAWFUL CONVERSION; REMEDIES; FINES.

(a) Unlawful Actions. It shall be unlawful to:

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(1) Change the use of, or to eliminate a residential hotel unit or to demolish a residential hotel unit except pursuant to a lawful abatement order, without first obtaining a permit to convert in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter;

(2) Rent any residential unit for *<u>Tourist or Transient Use</u>a term of tenancy less than* seven days except as permitted by Section 41.19 of this Chapter;

(3) Offer for rent for *nonresidential use or <u>T</u>t*ourist <u>or *Transient U*u</u>se a residential unit except as permitted by this Chapter.

(b) Hearing for Complaints of Unlawful Conversions. Upon the filing of a complaint by an interested party that an unlawful conversion has occurred and payment of the required fee, the Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall schedule a hearing pursuant to *the provisions of* Section 41.11(b). The complainant shall bear the burden of proving that a unit has been unlawfully converted. The hearing officer shall consider, among others, the following factors in determining whether a conversion has occurred:

(1) Shortening of the term of an existing tenancy without the prior approval of the permanent resident;

(2) Reduction of the basic services provided to a residential unit intended to lead to conversion. For the purpose of this <u>sub</u>section (b)(2), basic services are defined as access to common areas and facilities, food service, housekeeping services, and security;

(3) Repeated failure to comply with order<u>s</u> of the Department of Building
 Inspection or the Department of Public Health to correct code violations with intent to cause
 the permanent residents to voluntarily vacate the premises;

(4) Repeated citations by the Director of the Department of Building Inspection or the Department of Public Health for Code violations;

(5) Offer of the residential units for nonresidential use or tourist use except as permitted in this Chapter <u>41</u>;

(6) Eviction or attempts to evict a permanent resident from a residential hotel on grounds other than those specified in Sections 37.9(a)(1) through 37.9(a)(8) of the *San Francisco*-Administrative Code except where a permit to convert has been issued; <u>and</u>

(7) Repeated posting by the Director of the Department of Building Inspection of notices of apparent violations of this Chapter <u>41</u> pursuant to Section 41.11(c) above.

(c) **Civil Penalties.** Where the hearing officer finds that an unlawful conversion has occurred, the Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall impose a civil penalty of *three times the daily rateup to \$500* per day for each unlawfully converted unit from the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its authorized use, *for the first unlawful conversion at a Residential Hotel within a calendar year. For the second and any subsequent unlawful conversions at the same Residential Hotel within the same calendar year, the Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall impose a civil penalty of up to \$750 per day for each unlawfully converted unit from the day the complaint is filed until such time as the complaint is filed until such time as the impose a civil penalty of up to \$750 per day for each unlawfully converted unit from the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its and the same transformed unit from the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its actively converted unit from the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its actively converted unit from the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its actively converted unit from the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its actively converted unit from the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its actively converted unit from the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its actively converted unit for the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its actively converted unit for the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its actively converted unit for the day the complaint is filed until such time as the unit reverts to its actively converted unit for the day the complane to the day th*

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authorized use. The daily rate shall be the rate unlawfully charged by the hotel owner or operator to the occupants of the unlawfully converted unit. The Director may also impose penalties upon the owner or operator of the hotel to reimburse <u>the</u> City or <u>the</u> complainant for the costs, <u>including</u> <u>reasonable attorneys' fees</u>, of enforcement, <u>including reasonable attorneys' fees</u>, of this Chapter. The hearing officer's decision shall notify the parties of this penalty provision and shall state that the Director of the Department of Building Inspection is authorized to impose the appropriate penalty by written notification to both the owner and operator, requesting payment within 30 days. If the penalty imposed is not paid, a lien to secure the amount of the penalty will be recorded against the real property pursuant to the provisions of Section 41.20(d) of this Chapter 41.

* * * *

Section 3. This ordinance has revised Administrative Code Section 41.4 by removing letter designations for defined terms. The Municipal Code is hereby amended to revise any cross-references to Section 41.4, including in Administrative Code Sections 41D.1 and 41E.1 and Police Code Section 919.1, and, at the direction of the City Attorney, anywhere else in the Municipal Code, to reflect the removal of the letter designations in Section 41.4.

Section 4. Effective and Operative Dates. This ordinance shall apply to any residential hotel that has not procured a permit to convert on or before December 1, 2016. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

Section 5. Scope of Ordinance. Except as stated in Section 3 of this ordinance, in enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles, numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under the official title of the ordinance.

APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By: **ROBB KAPLA** Deputy City Attorney

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Supervisor Peskin BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

REVISED LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

(1/31/2017, Amended in Board)

[Administrative Code - Update Hotel Conversion Ordinance]

Ordinance amending Administrative Code, Chapter 41, to update the Hotel Conversion Ordinance, including: adding or refining definitions of tourist and transit use, comparable unit, conversion, and low-income household; revising procedures for permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with the Building Code; eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have violated provisions of the Hotel Conversion Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing the Department of Building Inspection to issue administrative subpoenas; adding an operative date; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.

Existing Law

The Hotel Conversion Ordinance ("HCO"), Administrative Code Chapter 41, regulates roughly 18,000 residential units within 500 residential hotels across the City. The HCO prohibits residential hotel operators from demolishing or converting registered residential units to tourist or transient use. The HCO defines conversion as eliminating a residential unit, renting a residential unit for a less than 7-day tenancy, or offering a residential unit for tourist or nonresidential use. The HCO allows seasonal tourist rentals of residential units during the summer if the unit is vacant because a permanent resident voluntarily vacated the unit or was evicted for cause by the hotel operator.

The HCO requires hotel owners or operators who wish to convert or demolish a residential unit to seek a permit to convert from the Department of Building Inspection ("DBI"). The permit to convert application process does not require submission of all the essential information that DBI needs to make a preliminary determination on an application, such as the location of the proposed replacement units and the last known rent of the units to be converted.

The HCO requires hotel operators to maintain records to demonstrate compliance with the ordinance and to provide these records for inspection by DBI. DBI does not have administrative subpoena power to compel production if a hotel operator objects to providing records for inspection.

Amendments to Current Law

The proposed legislation defines tourist and transient use as the rental of a residential unit for less than 32 days to a party other than a permanent resident. The proposed legislation revises the definition of unlawful conversions to prohibit renting or offering to rent a residential unit for tourist or transient use. This change would allow hotel operators to rent residential units to permanent residents of the hotel for any duration of tenancy. The change also

FILE NO. 161291

clarifies that residential units are reserved for residential use and cannot be rented for tenancies of less than 32-days to parties other than permanent residents. Similarly, the proposed legislation would make it unlawful to offer a residential unit for a tenancy of less than 32 days to a party other than a permanent resident.

The proposed legislation would eliminate seasonal tourist rentals of vacant residential units for hotels that have violated any provision of the Chapter in the last calendar year.

The proposed legislation would update the requirements for permit to convert applications, by requiring that applicants provide information about where replacement units will be located and the most recent rental amount for the units to be converted. The updated definition of "comparable unit" would also require any replacement housing to be the same category of housing as the residential unit being replaced, and affordable to a similar resident, including the disabled, elderly and low income tenant.

The proposed legislation would authorize DBI to issue administrative subpoenas to compel production of records where a hotel operator objects to producing them for inspection.

The proposed legislation also updates the penalty provisions and amounts for: insufficient and late filing of annual unit usage reports, failure to maintain daily logs, and unlawful conversions. The proposed legislation revises the administrative costs provisions to harmonize with the applicable Building Code cost provisions.

The legislation would apply to any residential hotels that have not procured a permit to convert on or prior to December 1, 2016.

Background Information

The HCO was first enacted in 1981. The HCO's purpose is to "benefit the general public by minimizing adverse impact on the housing supply and on displaced low income, elderly, and disabled persons resulting from the loss of residential hotel units through their conversion and demolition." The HCO includes findings that the City suffers from a severe shortage of affordable rental housing; that many elderly, disabled and low-income persons reside in residential hotel units, making it in the public interest to regulate and provide remedies for unlawful conversion of residential hotel units.

The Board last amended and updated the provisions of the HCO in 1990. The proposed legislation is designed to update key provisions and clarify the application of the HCO in response to issues that have arisen over the last 26 years.

This legislative digest reflects amendments adopted by the Land Use and Transportation Committee on January 23, 2017 to further amend the definition of "Tourist or transient use."

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BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

December 15, 2016

File No. 161291

Lisa Gibson Acting Environmental Review Officer Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On December 6, 2016, Supervisor Peskin introduced the following substitute legislation:

File No. 161291

Ordinance amending Administrative Code, Chapter 41, to update the Hotel Conversion Ordinance, including: adding or refining definitions of tourist and transit use, comparable unit, conversion, and low-income household; revising procedures for permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with the Building Code; eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have violated provisions of the Hotel Conversion Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing the Department of Building Inspection to issue administrative subpoenas; adding an operative date; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Çalvillo, Clerk of the Board mBy: Alisa Somera, Legislative Deputy Director Land Use and Transportation Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Jeanie Poling, Environmental Planning

Not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Sections 15378 and 15060(c)(2) because it does not result in a physical change in the environment.

Joy Navarrete 12/15/16

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BOARD OF SUPERVISORS LAND USE & TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE JANUARY 23, 2017, AGENDA ITEM NO. 2 FILE NO. 161291 RESIDENTIAL HOTEL UNIT CONVERSION & DEMOLITION ORDINANCE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE CHAPTER 41

PRESENTED BY CHIEF HOUSING INSPECTOR ROSEMARY BOSQUE



SAN FRANCISCO ADMINISTKATIVE CODE CHAPTER 41 RESIDENTIAL HOTEL UNIT CONVERSION & DEMOLITION (HCO) LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

- Adoption: The Residential Hotel Unit Conversion & Demolition Chapter (known as the HCO, Ordinance No 330-81) was signed by the Mayor on June 26, 1981 to preserve residential guest rooms where many elderly, disabled and low-income households resided, and still occupy.
 - **Designation of Residential Guest Rooms:** Beginning in 1981 the HCO required all hotel owners/operators file an initial unit usage report. If no exemption applied, those guest rooms occupied by a permanent resident for thirty-two (32) consecutive days as of September 23,1979 were designated residential units and subject to the protection of this chapter.

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> **Previous Amendments:** The key elements of the HCO pertaining to recordkeeping, proper rental, annual reporting, obtaining approval to convert, and code enforcement, have not been updated since the original adoption, 36 years ago. Other provisions were last amended in 1990 and 1992.

SAN FRANCISCO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE CHAPTER 41 RESIDENTIAL HOTEL UNIT CONVERSION & DEMOLITION (HCO) ORIGIN & PURPOSE

Provides Protection for Diminishing Housing Stock:

The continuing and primary purpose of the HCO is to preserve residential guest rooms that provide crucial housing for the elderly, disabled, and low income persons. Prior to the HCO adoption the Planning Department estimated that 6098 residential guest rooms were lost from 1975-1979.

 In 1981 the city declared *a housing emergency* impacting elderly, disabled, and low income households as a result of the loss of residential guest room units from the rental market.

Current Jurisdiction:

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- The HCO regulates the preservation of approximately 20,000 residential guest rooms in 500 hotels throughout the city.
- The Department of Building Inspection is responsible for HCO implementation and enforcement.



SAN FRANCISCO ADMINISTKATIVE CODE CHAPTER 41 RESIDENTIAL HOTEL UNIT CONVERSION & DEMOLITION (HCO) SUMMARY OF ORDINANCE UPDATES

Key elements of the HCO must be fully functional to properly monitor and implement residential guest room preservation. To ensure the strongest and most effective protections are in place these amendments proposes to:

Clarify pertinent definitions

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- Update the Record-keeping provisions
- **Revise the Annual Reporting Requirements**
- Refine the criteria necessary for Permit to Convert submittals
- Modernize antiquated Enforcement Tools



SAN FRANCISCO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE CHAPTER 41 RESIDENTIAL HOTEL UNIT CONVERSION & DEMOLITION (HCO) KEY ELEMENTS

To preserve the residential guest room inventory from conversion and demolition the HCO requires the following monitoring, implementation, and enforcement benchmarks.

- **Recordkeeping:** Hotel Operator must maintain the requisite records(records of use) that demonstrate the residential guest rooms are being rented properly.
 - Required: Daily Log, Weekly Report, Rent Receipts
 - Deficiency: Current record keeping requirements are subject to inaccuracies and do not readily reflect actual residential guest room rental.
 - **Proper Rental:** To ensure residential guest rooms are available for low income, elderly, and disabled households.
 - **Required:** Rent for a term of tenancy (7) days or more.

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- Deficiency: This period of tenancy does not adequately define a residential use in keeping with the intent of the HCO, and is not consistent with Rent Control and Short Term Rental residential occupancy time frames of 30-32 days.
- **Annual Reporting:** The hotel operator must submit this "snap shot of residential and tourist guest room use on the first day of November every calendar year.
 - **Required:** Completion of a 3-page DBI form with attached 4-day sampling of daily logs from the first day of October, February, May, and August.
 - Deficiency: This report does not provide transparency, nor an adequate sampling of records to determine on-going HCO compliance, nor a sufficient fine/penalty system for failure to file.



SAN FRANCISCO ADMINIST ATIVE CODE CHAPTER 41 RESIDENTIAL HOTEL UNIT CONVERSION & DEMOLITION (HCO) KEY ELEMENTS

To preserve the residential guest room inventory from conversion and demolition the HCO requires the following implementation, and enforcement benchmarks.

- Obtain Approval to Convert: The hotel operator must file an HCO permit application to DBI when proposing to demolish or convert residential guest rooms that contains the requisite in-lieu fees or other replacement housing mechanisms.
 - **Required:** Typically one-for-one replacement of comparable units.
 - Deficiency: The current application process does not provide adequate information regarding comparable unit replacement, value, location, occupancy, and affordability for low income, elderly and disabled persons.
- Consequences for Violations: The HCO provides fines and penalties for failure to maintain and submit requisite records. Civil penalties following an administrative hearing may be imposed for unlawful residential guest room conversions.
 - Deficiency: The penalty benchmarks and fines require updating to correspond with current administrative costs, market realities, and effective code enforcement tools.



ANY QUESTIONS?

Department of Building Inspection 1660 Mission Street Call @ (415) 558 - 6202

Follow DBI on 🗗 & 💟

































January 20th, 2017

Supervisor Aaron Peskin 1 Dr. Carlton B Goodlett Pl San Francisco, CA 94102

Supervisor Peskin,

United to Save the Mission is writing to you to formally provide our endorsement of the current proposed changes to the Hotel Conversion Ordinance (HCO). More specifically, we are encouraged to know that the loophole long abused by SRO landlords regarding the amount of days a unit must be occupied to be considered "residential" will be closed. We support the shift from 7 days to 32 days, as it will bring clear uniformity with the Rent Ordinance.

We believe the time has come to update the current legislation, and are willing to provide assistance in aiding its passing.

Thank you,

United to Save the Mission

United to Save the Mission

United to Save the Mission is a coalition of community groups and individuals seeking to protect and enhance the Mission neighborhood: the lives of its low-to-moderate income residents, our historical Latinx culture, our artists and arts spaces, our community-serving businesses, our nonprofits, and our blue-collar jobs and their industry spaces. January 22, 2017

Supervisor Aaron Peskin 1 Dr. Carlton B Pl. Room 244 San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear Supervisor Peskin,

I am writing to you to formally provide my endorsement for the proposed changes to the Hotel Conversion Ordinance (HCO) Chapter 41. This Chapter of the code has needed to be updated for some time.

As a DBI Commissioner, I appreciate the thoughtful and inclusive way that you and your staff went about gathering input, analyzing the current regulations, and formulating the proposed amendments. DBI staff were involved every step of the way, as well as DBI's CBO-funded programs (SRO Collaboratives), and SRO owners.

More specifically, I am excited that the loopholes, such as the amount of days a unit must be occupied to be considered "residential," will be closed, as it will bring clear uniformity between Chapter 41 and the Rent Ordinance. It will also ensure that the conversion process is more transparent and recognizes the reality of today's housing market.

Protecting this type of housing stock is critical to preserve neighborhoods, preventing homelessness among our low-income residents and stopping displacement of the very diversity that makes San Francisco a great city.

Updating Chapter 41 will ensure that the diversity of San Francisco remains, and that current low-income residents of these properties have more protections.

I fully support and endorse these amendments to Chapter 41 and applaud you and your office for taking on this endeavor.

Sincerely,

Gail Gilman DBI Commissioner

CC: Supervisor Cohen, Chair Land Use Committee, BOS **BOARD of SUPERVISORS**



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

December 15, 2016

File No. 161291

Lisa Gibson Acting Environmental Review Officer Planning Department 1650 Mission Street, Ste. 400 San Francisco, CA 94103

Dear Ms. Gibson:

On December 6, 2016, Supervisor Peskin introduced the following substitute legislation:

File No. 161291

Ordinance amending Administrative Code, Chapter 41, to update the Hotel Conversion Ordinance, including: adding or refining definitions of tourist and transit use, comparable unit, conversion, and low-income household; revising procedures for permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with the Building Code; eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have violated provisions of the Hotel Conversion Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing the Department of Building Inspection to issue administrative subpoenas; adding an operative date; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.

This legislation is being transmitted to you for environmental review.

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board

for By: Alisa Somera, Legislative Deputy Director Land Use and Transportation Committee

Attachment

c: Joy Navarrete, Environmental Planning Jeanie Poling, Environmental Planning **BOARD of SUPERVISORS**



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO: Regina Dick-Endrizzi, Director Small Business Commission, City Hall, Room 448

FROM: K Alisa Somera, Legislative Deputy Director Land Use and Transportation Committee

DATE: December 15, 2016

SUBJECT: REFERRAL FROM BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Land Use and Transportation Committee

The Board of Supervisors' Land Use and Transportation Committee has received the following substitute legislation, which is being referred to the Small Business Commission for comment and recommendation. The Commission may provide any response it deems appropriate within 12 days from the date of this referral.

File No. 161291

Ordinance amending Administrative Code, Chapter 41, to update the Hotel Conversion Ordinance, including: adding or refining definitions of tourist and transit use, comparable unit, conversion, and low-income household; revising procedures for permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with the Building Code; eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have violated provisions of the Hotel Conversion Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing the Department of Building Inspection to issue administrative subpoenas; adding an operative date; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.

Please return this cover sheet with the Commission's response to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

RESPONSE FROM SMALL BUSINESS COMMISSION - Date:

No Comment

Recommendation Attached

Chairperson, Small Business Commission

c: Menaka Mahajan, Small Business Commission

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BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Tom Hui, Director, Department of Building Inspection John Rahaim, Director, Planning Department Olson Lee, Director, Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development Jeff Kositsky, Director, Department of Homelessness and Supportive Housing

Barbara A. Garcia, Director, Department of Public Health

FROM: K Alisa Somera, Legislative Deputy Director Land Use and Transportation Committee

DATE: December 15, 2016

SUBJECT: SUBSTITUTE LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Land Use and Transportation Committee has received the following substitute legislation, introduced by Supervisor Peskin on December 6, 2016:

File No. 161291

Ordinance amending Administrative Code, Chapter 41, to update the Hotel Conversion Ordinance, including: adding or refining definitions of tourist and transit use, comparable unit, conversion, and low-income household; revising procedures for permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with the Building Code; eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have violated provisions of the Hotel Conversion Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing the Department of Building Inspection to issue administrative subpoenas; adding an operative date; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.

If you have comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102 or by email at: <u>alisa.somera@sfgov.org</u>.

c: William Strawn, Department of Building Inspection Carolyn Jayin, Department of Building Inspection Scott Sanchez, Planning Department Lisa Gibson, Planning Department AnMarie Rodgers, Planning Department Aaron Starr, Planning Department Joy Navarrete, Planning Department Jeanie Poling, Planning Department Eugene Flannery, Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development Kate Hartley, Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development Greg Wagner, Department of Public Health Colleen Chawla, Department of Public Health

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Introduction Form By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor SAN FRANCISCO	
t hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):	
1. For reference to Committee. (An Ordinance, Resolution, Motion, or Charter Amendment)	
2. Request for next printed agenda Without Reference to Committee.	
3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee.	
4. Request for letter beginning "Supervisor inquires"	
5. City Attorney request.	
6. Call File No. from Committee.	
7. Budget Analyst request (attach written motion).	
8. Substitute Legislation File No. 161291	
9. Reactivate File No.	
10. Question(s) submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on	
Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following: Image: Small Business Commission Image: Small Business Commission Image: Planning Commission Image: Building Inspection Commission Image: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use a Imperative Form.	
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ubject:	
Administrative Code – Hotel Conversion Ordinance Update]	
he text is listed below or attached:	
Ordinance amending Administrative Code Chapter 41 to update the Hotel Conversion Ordinance, including: ad refining definitions of tourist and transit use, comparable unit, conversion, and low-income household; revisi	-

procedures for permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with the Building Code; eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have violated provisions of the Hotel Conversion Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing the Department of Building Inspection to issue administrative subpoenas; adding an operative date; and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Quality Act.

For Clerk's Use Only:

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Introduction Form RECEIVED	
By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor A Addition	
2015 NOV 29 PM 2: 31 I hereby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):	Time stamp or meeting date
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Please check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following Small Business Commission Planning Commission Building Inspection Commission Note: For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use a Imperative	nission
Sponsor(s):	
Supervisor Peskin	
Subject:	
[Administrative Code - Hotel Conversion Ordinance]	
The text is listed below or attached:	
Ordinance amending the Administrative Code to update the Hotel Conversion Ordinance, including refining definitions of tourist and transit use, comparable unit, conversion, and low-income house procedures for permits to convert residential units; harmonizing fees and penalty provisions with eliminating seasonal short-term rentals for residential hotels that have violated provisions of the H Ordinance in the previous year; authorizing the Department of Building Inspection to issue admin and affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California Environmental Qual	hold; revising the Building Code; Iotel Conversion iistrative subpoenas;
Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:	
For Clerk's Use Only:	