**BOARD of SUPERVISORS** 



City Hall Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

## MEMORANDUM

### LAND USE AND TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

### SAN FRANCISCO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

- TO: Supervisor Mark Farrell, Chair Land Use and Transportation Committee
- FROM: NAlisa Somera, Legislative Deputy Director
- DATE: March 13, 2017
- SUBJECT: **COMMITTEE REPORT, BOARD MEETING** Tuesday, March 14, 2017

The following file should be presented as a **COMMITTEE REPORT** at the Board meeting, Tuesday, March 14, 2017. This item was acted upon at the Committee Meeting on Monday, March 13, 2017, at 1:30 p.m., by the votes indicated.

#### Item No. 26 File No. 170186

Resolution urging the California State Legislature and Governor to pass California State Assembly Bill 342, introduced by Assembly Member Chiu, authorizing a five-year pilot of Automated Speed Enforcement technology in the City and County of San Francisco and the City of San Jose.

#### **RECOMMENDED AS A COMMITTEE REPORT**

- Vote: Supervisor Mark Farrell Aye Supervisor Aaron Peskin - Aye Supervisor Katy Tang - Aye
- c: Board of Supervisors Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board Jon Givner, Deputy City Attorney

File No. \_\_\_\_\_ 170186

Committee Item No. 3 Board Item No. 26

## **COMMITTEE/BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

AGENDA PACKET CONTENTS LIST

Committee: Land Use and Transportation

Date March 1	3, 2017
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**Board of Supervisors Meeting** 

Date March 14, 2017

#### **Cmte Board** \_\_\_\_

		Motion
X	X	Resolution
		Ordinance
		Legislative Digest
		Budget and Legislative Analyst Report
$\square$		Youth Commission Report
X		Introduction Form
X	X	Department/Agency Cover Letter and/or Report
Ē.		Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)
Ħ	Π	Grant Information Form
П		Grant Budget
Ħ	H	Subcontract Budget
H	H	Contract/Agreement
H		Form 126 - Ethics Commission
H		Award Letter
H	H	Application
H	H	Form 700
H		Vacancy Notice
H		Information Sheet
H	H	Public Correspondence
	L	
ОТН	IER	(Use back side if additional space is needed)
X	X	Assembly Bill 342
$\square$		

Completed by:	Alisa Somera	Date	March 9, 2017
Completed by:	Alisa Somera	Date	March 13,2017

#### FILE NO. 170186

#### **RESOLUTION NO.**

[Urging California State Legislature and Governor to Pass California State Assembly Bill 342 (Chiu) - Automated Speed Enforcement]

Resolution urging the California State Legislature and Governor to pass California State Assembly Bill 342, introduced by Assembly Member Chiu, authorizing a five-year pilot of Automated Speed Enforcement technology in the City and County of San Francisco and the City of San Jose.

WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco adopted Vision Zero as a policy in 2014, committing to build safe streets, prioritize enforcement of the most dangerous traffic violations, and adopt policy changes in order to eliminate traffic deaths and serious injuries by 2024; and

WHEREAS, Speeding is the number one cause of fatal and severe injury collisions in San Francisco, claiming ten times more lives than drunk driving; and

WHEREAS, Every 18 hours someone is severely injured or killed in a traffic crash in San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, The California Office of Traffic Safety consistently ranks San Francisco as the number one city in the state for seniors to be injured and killed in traffic crashes while walking; and

WHEREAS, In San Francisco, the annual medical costs for traffic injuries amounts to \$35,000,000, and the total annual economic costs of traffic injuries and fatalities involving people walking is \$564,000,000 per year; and

WHEREAS, According to the Budget and Legislative Analyst, people walking and bicycling are at a heightened risk of injury in speed-related crashes; and

WHEREAS, Studies show that if a person walking is hit by a car traveling 40 mph there is an 85% chance the pedestrian will be killed, but if a driver strikes a pedestrian while traveling 20 mph there is a 5% chance the pedestrian will be killed; and

WHEREAS, Automated enforcement systems can result in measureable safety improvement at high crash locations; and

WHEREAS, The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration reports that fixed speed cameras reduce injury crashes by 20% to 25%, and mobile speed cameras reduce injury collisions by 21% to 51%; and

WHEREAS, Automated speed enforcement, or speed safety cameras, are in use in one hundred and forty two communities in the United States; however, California law prohibits the use of camera technology to enforce existing speed limits; and

WHEREAS, On February 12, 2016, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors passed a resolution supporting state legislation to authorize an Automated Speed Enforcement program San Francisco, and the San Francisco County Transportation Authority at their December 15, 2015, meeting; and

WHEREAS, Numerous community leaders and groups support the use of Automated Speed Enforcement in San Francisco, including Walk San Francisco, the San Francisco Bay Area Families for Safe Streets, the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition, California Walks, Chinatown TRIP, CC Puede, The Central City SRO Collective, The FDR Democratic Club of San Francisco, the Balboa Park CAC, the Duboce Triangle Neighborhood Association, California Alliance for Retired Americans, Livable City, TODCO, The Traffic Safety Coalition, South Beach Rincon Mission Bay Neighborhood Association, Friends of Monterey Boulevard, and the North of the Panhandle Neighborhood Association; and

Supervisors Yee; Kim, Safai, Peskin, Sheehy BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

WHEREAS, After cost recovery all revenue derived from an Automated Speed Enforcement program shall be used only for pedestrian safety or other roadway traffic safety improvements; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco supports the use of Automated Speed Enforcement technology in San Francisco to reduce speeding and increase safety; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, To protect the privacy interests of persons who are issued citations under an Automated Speed Enforcement program, that the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco supports a program in which the photographic, video, or other visual records generated by the program are confidential, and are made available only to alleged violators, and to governmental and law enforcement agencies solely for the purpose of enforcing these violations; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco urges our local delegation who represent San Francisco in the State Legislature to support California State Assembly Bill 342 (AB432) authorizing Automated Speed Enforcement Technology in the City and County of San Francisco and further urges the California State Legislature and Governor Jerry Brown to pass AB342; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Clerk of the Board be directed to send a copy of this resolution to the office of Senator Scott Wiener, and Assembly Members David Chiu and Phil Ting, and Kasen Chu, Senator Jim Beall and Assembly Member Jim Frazier; Chairs of the Senate and Assembly Transportation Committees, and Senator Nancy Skinner and Assembly Member Reginald B. Jones-Sawyer Sr.; Chairs of the Senate and Assembly Public Safety Committees, and Governor Jerry Brown.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2017-18 REGULAR SESSION

#### **ASSEMBLY BILL**

**No. 342** 

Introduced by Assembly Member Chiu (Principal coauthor: Senator Wiener) (Coauthor: Assembly Member Chu) (Coauthor: Senator Beall)

February 7, 2017

An act to amend, repeal, and add Section 70615 of the Government Code, to amend, repeal, and add Section 10878 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and to amend, repeal, and add Section 9800 of, and to add and repeal Article 3 (commencing with Section 22425) of Chapter 7 of Division 11 of, the Vehicle Code, relating to vehicles.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 342, as introduced, Chiu. Vehicles: automated speed enforcement: five-year pilot program.

Existing law establishes a basic speed law that prohibits a person from driving a vehicle upon a highway at a speed greater than is reasonable or prudent given the weather, visibility, traffic, highway conditions, and in no event at a speed that endangers the safety of persons or property. Existing law does not expressly authorize the use of automated speed enforcement in this state.

This bill would authorize, no later than January 1, 2019, the City of San Jose (San Jose) and the City and County of San Francisco (San Francisco) to implement a 5-year pilot program utilizing an automated speed enforcement system (ASE system) for speed limit enforcement on certain streets, if the system meets specified requirements, including that the presence of a fixed or mobile ASE system is clearly identified by signs, as specified, and trained peace officers or other trained designated municipal employees are utilized to oversee the operation of the fixed and mobile ASE systems. The bill would require San Jose and San Francisco to adopt an ASE System Use Policy, as specified, and develop uniform guidelines for, among other things, the processing and storage of confidential information. The bill would provide that a speed violation that is recorded by an ASE system is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$100.

The bill would, among other things, provide for the issuance of a notice of violation, an initial review, an administrative hearing, and an appeals process, as specified, for a violation enforced by an ASE system. The bill would also authorize the processing agency to assess delinquent fees, as specified, if payment of the civil penalty is not received within a specified time. The bill would require the Department of Motor Vehicles to refuse to renew the registration of a vehicle if, among other things, the owner has not paid the civil penalty and delinquent fees, except as specified. The bill would require the department to remit all penalties and delinquent fees collected, after deducting its own administrative fees, to the processing agency.

Existing law provides that payments for specified penalties, including penalties for offenses relating to the parking of a vehicle, required to register or transfer the registration of a vehicle, constitute a lien on the vehicle on which the payments are due or that was involved in the offenses, and on any other vehicle owned by the owner of that vehicle.

This bill would, until January 1, 2024, also include payments for penalties for offenses related to the ASE system operated by San Jose or San Francisco for which a notice of violation has been served on the owner or recipient of a reissued citation and any delinquent fees added to the penalty as constituting a lien on the specified vehicles.

Existing law transfers the responsibility and authority for the collection of specified delinquent amounts, including penalties for offenses relating to the standing or parking of a vehicle, from the department to the Franchise Tax Board.

This bill would, until January 1, 2024, also transfer to the board the responsibility and authority to collect penalties for offenses related to the ASE system operated by San Jose or San Francisco for which a notice of violation has been served on the owner or recipient of a reissued notice of violation and any delinquent fees added to the penalty.

This bill would make legislative findings and declarations as to the necessity of a special statute for the City of San Jose and the City and County of San Francisco.

AB 342

Existing constitutional provisions require that a statute that limits the right of access to the meetings of public bodies or the writings of public officials and agencies be adopted with findings demonstrating the interest protected by the limitation and the need for protecting that interest.

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This bill would make legislative findings to that effect.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

#### The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:

3 (a) Speed is a major factor in traffic collisions that result in 4 fatalities or injuries.

5 (b) Law enforcement and other local agencies employ a variety 6 of methods to reduce speeding, including traffic engineering, 7 education, and enforcement.

8 (c) Traffic speed enforcement is critical to the efforts of 9 municipalities in California to reduce factors that contribute to 10 traffic collisions that result in fatalities or injuries.

(d) Additional tools, including automated speed enforcement,
are available to assist cities in addressing excessive speeding and
speed-related crashes.

(e) Automated speed enforcement (ASE) offers a high rate of
detection, and in conjunction with education, traffic engineering,
and law enforcement measures, it can significantly improve traffic
safety and prevent traffic related fatalities and injuries.

(f) Multiple ASE programs implemented in other states and
cities outside of California have proven successful in reducing
speeding and addressing traffic safety concerns.

(g) In the City of San Jose and the City and County of San Francisco, fatal and injury collisions are often concentrated on specific corridors of the street network where drivers travel at excessive speeds. ASE can be deployed to detect and deter excessive speeding on streets that have a documented speeding problem as demonstrated by an aggregation of traffic collisions caused by excessive speed.

(h) Enforcing speed limits using ASE systems on streets where
 speeding drivers negatively impact traffic safety is a reliable and

1 cost-effective means to prevent further fatalities and injuries and

would be in the public interest. On a pilot basis, this act authorizes
the City of San Jose and the City and County of San Francisco to

3 the City of San Jose and the City and County of San Francisco to4 implement ASE programs for a five-year period, which will

5 commence the day that the ASE system has been activated but not

6 later than January 1, 2019. The City of San Jose and the City and

7 County of San Francisco would have the authority to use ASE on

8 a street or portions of a street that have a documented speeding

9 problem as demonstrated through a high incidence of speed-related
 10 traffic collisions pursuant to the methodology described in this

11 act.

12 (i) The City of San Jose and the City and County of San 13 Francisco would be required to submit to the transportation 14 committees of the Legislature an evaluation on the effectiveness 15 of the ASE pilot program implemented in their respective 16 jurisdictions on traffic safety pursuant to requirements described 17 in this act. The City of San Jose and the City and County of San 18 Francisco would also be required to submit an ASE System Report 19 to their respective governing body pursuant to the requirements 20 described in this act.

21 (i) To protect the privacy interests of persons who are issued 22 notices of violation under an ASE program, the Legislature finds 23 and declares that the photographic, video, or other visual or 24 administrative records generated by the program shall be 25 confidential, and shall be made available only to alleged violators 26 and to governmental and law enforcement agencies solely for the 27 purpose of enforcing these violations and assessing the impacts of 28 the ASE system as required by this act.

(k) Prior to implementing ASE enforcement, the governing body
of the City of San Jose and the City and County of San Francisco
that oversees the ASE program in their respective jurisdictions
shall adopt an ASE System Use Policy and approve an ASE System
Impact Report pursuant to the requirements described in this act.
SEC. 2. Section 70615 of the Government Code is amended

35 to read:

36 70615. *(a)* The fee for filing any of the following appeals to 37 the superior court is twenty-five dollars (\$25):

38 <del>(a)</del>-

39 (1) An appeal of a local agency's decision regarding an 40 administrative fine or penalty under Section 53069.4. 1 <del>(b)</del>-

2 (2) An appeal under Section 40230 of the Vehicle Code of an
 3 administrative agency's decision regarding a parking violation.
 4 (c)-

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5 (3) An appeal under Section 99582 of the Public Utilities Code 6 of a hearing officer's determination regarding an administrative 7 penalty for fare evasion or a passenger conduct violation.

8 <del>(d)</del>-

9 (4) An appeal under Section 186.35 of the Penal Code of a law 10 enforcement agency's determination regarding the placement of 11 an individual's information in a shared gang database.

(5) An appeal under Section 22428 of the Vehicle Code of a
hearing officer's determination regarding a civil penalty for an
automated speed violation, as defined in Section 22425 of the
Vehicle Code.

(b) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2024,
and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that
is enacted before January 1, 2024, deletes or extends that date.

19 SEC. 3. Section 70615 is added to the Government Code, to 20 read:

70615. (a) The fee for filing any of the following appeals tothe superior court is twenty-five dollars (\$25):

(1) An appeal of a local agency's decision regarding anadministrative fine or penalty under Section 53069.4.

(2) An appeal under Section 40230 of the Vehicle Code of anadministrative agency's decision regarding a parking violation.

(3) An appeal under Section 99582 of the Public Utilities Code
of a hearing officer's determination regarding an administrative
penalty for fare evasion or a passenger conduct violation.

30 (4) An appeal under Section 186.35 of the Penal Code of a law
31 enforcement agency's determination regarding the placement of
32 an individual's information in a shared gang database.

33 (b) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2024.

34 SEC. 4. Section 10878 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 35 amended to read:

10878. (a) Notwithstanding Sections 10877 and 10951, the
responsibility and authority for the collection of the following
delinquent amounts, and any interest, penalties, or service fees
added thereto, shall be transferred from the department to the
Franchise Tax Board;

1 (1) Registration fees.

2 (2) Transfer fees. 3

(3) License fees.

4 (4) Use taxes.

5 (5) Penalties for offenses relating to the standing or parking of 6 a vehicle for which a notice of parking violation has been served 7 on the owner, and any administrative service fee added to the 8 penalty.

9 (6) Unpaid tolls, toll evasion penalties as described in Section 10 40252 of the Vehicle Code, and any related administrative or 11 service fees.

12 (7) Any court-imposed fine or penalty assessment, and any 13 administrative service fee added thereto, that is subject to collection 14 by the department.

(8) Penalties for offenses detected by an automated speed 15 enforcement system operated by the City of San Jose or the City 16 17 and County of San Francisco for which a notice of violation has 18 been served on the registered owner or recipient of a reissued 19 notice of violation and any delinquent fees added to the penalty.

20 (b) Any reference in this part to the department in connection 21 with the duty to collect these amounts shall be deemed a reference 22 to the Franchise Tax Board.

23 (c) The amounts collected under subdivision (a) may be 24 collected in any manner authorized under the law as though they 25 were a tax imposed under Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001) that is final, including, but not limited to, issuance of an 26 27 order and levy under Article 4 (commencing with Section 706.070) 28 of Chapter 5 of Division 2 of Title 9 of Part 2 of the Code of Civil 29 Procedure in the manner provided for earnings withholding order 30 for taxes. Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001), 10.2 (commencing with Section 18401), or 10.7 (commencing with 31 32 Section 21001), or any other applicable law shall apply for this 33 purpose in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the language of Part 10, 10.2, or 10.7, or the other applicable 34 35 law is incorporated in full into this authority to collect these 36 amounts, except to the extent that the provision is either 37 inconsistent with the collection of these amounts or is not relevant 38 to the collection of these amounts.

39 (d) Even though the amounts authorized by this section are 40 collected as though they are taxes, amounts so received by the

Franchise Tax Board shall be deposited into an appropriate fund 2 or account upon agreement between the Franchise Tax Board and 3 the department. The amounts shall be distributed by the department from the appropriate fund or account in accordance with the laws providing for the deposits and distributions as though the moneys 6 were received by the department.

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7 (e) For any collection action under this section, the Franchise 8 Tax Board may utilize the contract authorization, procedures, and 9 mechanisms available either with respect to the collection of taxes, 10 interest, additions to tax, and penalties pursuant to Section 19376, 11 or with respect to the collection of the delinquencies by the 12 department immediately prior to the time this section takes effect. 13 (f) The Legislature finds that it is essential for fiscal purposes 14 that the program authorized by this section be expeditiously 15 implemented. Accordingly, Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 16 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code 17 shall not apply to any standard, criteria, procedure, determination, 18 rule, notice, or guideline established or issued by the Franchise 19 Tax Board in implementing and administering the program required 20 by this section.

21 (g) Any standard, criteria, procedure, determination, rule, notice, 22 or guideline, that is not subject to the provisions of Chapter 3.5 23 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 24 2 of the Government Code pursuant to subdivision (f), shall be 25 approved by the Franchise Tax Board, itself.

26 (h) The Franchise Tax Board may enter into any agreements or 27 contracts necessary to implement and administer the provisions 28 of this section. The Franchise Tax Board in administering this 29 section may delegate collection activities to the department. Any 30 contracts may provide for payment of the contract on the basis of 31 a percentage of the amount of revenue realized as a result of the 32 contractor's services under that contract. However, the Franchise 33 Tax Board, in administering this part, may not enter into contracts 34 with private collection agencies as authorized under Section 19377. 35 (i) The amendments made to this section by the act adding this 36 subdivision shall apply commencing with the effective date of the

37 act adding this subdivision.

38 (j) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2024, 39 and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that 40 is enacted before January 1, 2024, deletes or extends that date.

1 SEC. 5. Section 10878 is added to the Revenue and Taxation 2

Code. to read:

10878. (a) Notwithstanding Sections 10877 and 10951, the 3 responsibility and authority for the collection of the following 4 5 delinquent amounts, and any interest, penalties, or service fees 6 added thereto, shall be transferred from the department to the 7 Franchise Tax Board:

8 (1) Registration fees.

9 (2) Transfer fees.

10 (3) License fees.

(4) Use taxes. 11

12 (5) Penalties for offenses relating to the standing or parking of 13 a vehicle for which a notice of parking violation has been served 14 on the owner, and any administrative service fee added to the 15 penalty.

(6) Unpaid tolls, toll evasion penalties as described in Section 16 17 40252 of the Vehicle Code, and any related administrative or 18 service fees.

19 (7) Any court-imposed fine or penalty assessment, and any 20 administrative service fee added thereto, that is subject to collection 21 by the department.

22 (b) Any reference in this part to the department in connection 23 with the duty to collect these amounts shall be deemed a reference 24 to the Franchise Tax Board.

25 (c) The amounts collected under subdivision (a) may be 26 collected in any manner authorized under the law as though they 27 were a tax imposed under Part 10 (commencing with Section 28 17001) that is final, including, but not limited to, issuance of an 29 order and levy under Article 4 (commencing with Section 706.070) 30 of Chapter 5 of Division 2 of Title 9 of Part 2 of the Code of Civil 31 Procedure in the manner provided for earnings withholding order 32 for taxes. Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001), 10.2 33 (commencing with Section 18401), or 10.7 (commencing with 34 Section 21001), or any other applicable law shall apply for this 35 purpose in the same manner and with the same force and effect as 36 if the language of Part 10, 10.2, or 10.7, or the other applicable 37 law is incorporated in full into this authority to collect these 38 amounts, except to the extent that the provision is either 39 inconsistent with the collection of these amounts or is not relevant 40 to the collection of these amounts.

1 (d) Even though the amounts authorized by this section are 2 collected as though they are taxes, amounts so received by the 3 Franchise Tax Board shall be deposited into an appropriate fund 4 or account upon agreement between the Franchise Tax Board and 5 the department. The amounts shall be distributed by the department 6 from the appropriate fund or account in accordance with the laws 7 providing for the deposits and distributions as though the moneys 8 were received by the department.

9 (e) For any collection action under this section, the Franchise 10 Tax Board may utilize the contract authorization, procedures, and 11 mechanisms available either with respect to the collection of taxes, 12 interest, additions to tax, and penalties pursuant to Section 19376, 13 or with respect to the collection of the delinquencies by the 14 department immediately prior to the time this section takes effect. 15 (f) The Legislature finds that it is essential for fiscal purposes that the program authorized by this section be expeditiously 16 17 implemented. Accordingly, Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 18 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code 19 shall not apply to any standard, criteria, procedure, determination, 20 rule, notice, or guideline established or issued by the Franchise 21 Tax Board in implementing and administering the program required 22 by this section.

(g) Any standard, criteria, procedure, determination, rule, notice,
or guideline, that is not subject to the provisions of Chapter 3.5
(commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title
2 of the Government Code pursuant to subdivision (f), shall be
approved by the Franchise Tax Board, itself.

28 (h) The Franchise Tax Board may enter into any agreements or 29 contracts necessary to implement and administer the provisions 30 of this section. The Franchise Tax Board in administering this 31 section may delegate collection activities to the department. Any 32 contracts may provide for payment of the contract on the basis of 33 a percentage of the amount of revenue realized as a result of the 34 contractor's services under that contract. However, the Franchise 35 Tax Board, in administering this part, may not enter into contracts 36 with private collection agencies as authorized under Section 19377. (i) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2024. 37 38 SEC. 6. Section 9800 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read: 39 9800. (a) Payments for any of the following, and any interest,

40 penalties, or service fees added thereto, required to register or

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1 transfer the registration of a vehicle, constitute a lien on the vehicle

2 on which they are due or which that was involved in the offense,

and on any other vehicle owned by the owner of that vehicle: 3 4

(1) Registration fees. 5

(2) Transfer fees.

(3) License fees.

7 (4) Use taxes.

8 (5) Penalties for offenses relating to the standing or parking of 9 a vehicle for which a notice of parking violation has been served 10 on the owner, and any administrative service fee added to the 11 penalty.

12 (6) Any court-imposed fine or penalty assessment, and any 13 administrative service fee added thereto, which is subject to 14 collection by the department.

(7) Penalties for offenses detected by an automated speed 15 enforcement system operated by the City of San Jose or the City 16 and County of San Francisco for which a notice of violation has 17 18 been served on the owner or recipient of a reissued citation and 19 any delinquent fees added to the penalty.

20 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), if a person is cited for a 21 foreign registered auxiliary dolly, semitrailer, or trailer having 22 been operated without current year registration or valid California 23 permits or registration, an amount equal to the minimum 24 registration fees or transfer fees, and any penalty added thereto, 25 from the date they became due, shall, by election of the power unit operator, constitute a lien upon the California registered power 26 27 unit-which that was pulling the dolly, semitrailer, or trailer. However, this subdivision is not applicable if the citation is issued 28 29 at a scale operated by the Department of the California Highway 30 Patrol and registration for the vehicle can be issued there 31 immediately upon payment of the fees due.

32 (c) Every lien arising under this section expires three years from 33 the date the fee, tax, or-parking penalty first became due unless 34 the lien is perfected pursuant to subdivision (d).

35 (d) A lien is perfected when a notice is mailed to the registered 36 and legal owners at the addresses shown in the department's 37 records and the lien is recorded on the electronic vehicle 38 registration records of the department. A perfected lien shall expire 39 five years from the date of perfection.

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(e) Employees and members of the Department of the California
 Highway Patrol assigned to commercial vehicle scale facilities
 may possess and sell trip permits approved by the Department of

4 Motor Vehicles.

(f) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2024,
and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute that
is enacted before January 1, 2024, deletes or extends that date.

8 SEC. 7. Section 9800 is added to the Vehicle Code, to read:

9 9800. (a) Payments for any of the following, and any interest,

penalties, or service fees added thereto, required to register or
transfer the registration of a vehicle, constitute a lien on the vehicle
on which they are due or that was involved in the offense, and on

13 any other vehicle owned by the owner of that vehicle:

14 (1) Registration fees.

15 (2) Transfer fees.

16 (3) License fees.

17 (4) Use taxes.

(5) Penalties for offenses relating to the standing or parking of
a vehicle for which a notice of parking violation has been served
on the owner, and any administrative service fee added to the
penalty.

(6) Any court-imposed fine or penalty assessment, and any
administrative service fee added thereto, which is subject to
collection by the department.

25 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), if a person is cited for a 26 foreign registered auxiliary dolly, semitrailer, or trailer having 27 been operated without current year registration or valid California 28 permits or registration, an amount equal to the minimum 29 registration fees or transfer fees, and any penalty added thereto, 30 from the date they became due, shall, by election of the power unit 31 operator, constitute a lien upon the California registered power 32 unit that was pulling the dolly, semitrailer, or trailer. However, this subdivision is not applicable if the citation is issued at a scale 33 34 operated by the Department of the California Highway Patrol and 35 registration for the vehicle can be issued there immediately upon 36 payment of the fees due.

37 (c) Every lien arising under this section expires three years from
38 the date the fee, tax, or penalty first became due unless the lien is
39 perfected pursuant to subdivision (d).

1 (d) A lien is perfected when a notice is mailed to the registered 2 and legal owners at the addresses shown in the department's 3 records and the lien is recorded on the electronic vehicle 4 registration records of the department. A perfected lien shall expire 5 five years from the date of perfection.

6 (e) Employees and members of the Department of the California
7 Highway Patrol assigned to commercial vehicle scale facilities
8 may possess and sell trip permits approved by the Department of
9 Motor Vehicles.

10 (f) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2024.

11 SEC. 8. Article 3 (commencing with Section 22425) is added 12 to Chapter 7 of Division 11 of the Vehicle Code, to read:

13 14

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Article 3. Automated Speed Enforcement System

16 22425. (a) As used in this article, the following definitions 17 shall apply:

18 (1) "Automated speed enforcement system" or "ASE system" 19 means a fixed or mobile radar or laser system or any other 20 electronic device that utilizes automated equipment to detect a 21 violation of speeding laws and is designed to obtain a clear 22 photograph, video recording, or other visual image of a vehicle 23 license plate.

(2) "Automated speed violation" means a violation of a speedlaw detected by an ASE system operated pursuant to this article.

(3) "City of San Jose," "City and County of San Francisco," or
"municipality" means any department, bureau, division, or unit of
the City of San Jose or the City and County of San Francisco,
respectively.

30 (b) The City of San Jose and the City and County of San 31 Francisco may establish a program utilizing an ASE system for speed limit enforcement on streets or portions of streets with speed 32 33 limits that are 50 miles per hour or less and that have had three or 34 more speed-related fatal, severe, or other visible injury collisions 35 occur within a one-half mile distance of each other, over a five-year 36 period based on the most recent available local or state collision. 37 data, and the primary or secondary collision factor identified on the California Highway Patrol form 555 is an unsafe speed 38 39 violation.

40 (c) ASE is not authorized on freeways.

1 (d) If a school zone is located on a street or portion of a street 2 and the posted speed limit is 30 miles per hour or higher when 3 children are not present, the City of San Jose and the City and 4 County of San Francisco may use automated speed enforcement 5 two hours before the regular school session begins and two hours 6 after regular school session concludes.

7 (e) An ASE system for speed limit enforcement may be utilized
8 pursuant to subdivision (b) if the program meets all of the following
9 requirements:

10 (1) Is operated in cooperation with a law enforcement agency.

(2) Clearly identifies the presence of the fixed or mobile ASE 11 12 system by signs stating "Photo Enforced," along with the posted 13 speed limit. The signs shall be visible to traffic traveling on the 14 street from the direction of travel for which the ASE system is 15 utilized, and shall be posted at all locations in the corridors or 16 zones enforced by an ASE system where there is a posted speed 17 limit sign. Signs shall also be placed at additional locations as may 18 be determined necessary by the Department of Transportation 19 through discussions with the California Traffic Control Devices 20 Committee.

(3) Identifies vehicles containing a mobile ASE system with
distinctive markings, including information that the system is being
operated for "Photo Enforcement" purposes.

(4) Identifies the streets or portions of streets that have been
approved for enforcement using an ASE system and the hours of
enforcement on the municipality's Internet Web site, which shall
be updated whenever the municipality changes locations that are
enforced with the mobile ASE system or hours of enforcement.

(5) (A) Utilizes trained peace officers or other trained
designated municipal employees who oversee the operation of
mobile and fixed ASE systems and maintain control over all
enforcement activities, including the determination of when a
notice of violation should be issued.

34 (B) Peace officers or other designated municipal employees35 shall be properly trained in both of the following:

(i) The use of an ASE system, including, but not limited to, the
operation, set-up, and testing of the system deployed by the
municipality.

(ii) The enforcement of traffic and speeding laws in a courseapproved and certified by the Commission on Peace Officer

1 Standards and Training or an operator course meeting equivalent 2 standards.

3 (C) The municipality shall retain documentation of the 4 successful completion of any required training by any peace officer 5 or designated municipal employee that oversees the operation of 6 an ASE system and the enforcement activities.

7 (6) Ensures that the ASE system is regularly inspected and 8 certifies that the system is installed and operating properly. Each 9 camera unit shall be calibrated in accordance with the 10 manufacturer's instructions, and at least once a year by an 11 independent calibration laboratory. Documentation of the regular 12 inspection, operation, and calibration of the ASE system shall be 13 retained until the date on which the ASE system has been 14 permanently removed from use.

(7) Conducts an engineering and traffic survey as set forth inSection 40802.

(f) Prior to enforcing speed laws utilizing ASE systems, themunicipality shall do both of the following:

(1) Administer a public information campaign for at least 30
calendar days prior to the initial commencement of the program,
which shall include public announcements in major media outlets
and press releases. Notwithstanding that additional fixed or mobile
ASE systems may be added to the program, no further public
announcement by the municipality shall be required.

(2) Issue warning notices rather than notices of violation for
violations detected by the ASE systems during the first 90 calendar
days of enforcement under the program. Notwithstanding that
additional fixed or mobile ASE systems may be added to the
program, the municipality shall not be required to issue further
warning notices.

31 (g) The local governing body shall adopt an ASE System Use 32 Policy prior to implementing an ASE program. The ASE System 33 Use Policy shall include the specific purpose for the ASE system, 34 the uses that are authorized, the rules and processes required prior 35 to that use, and the uses that are prohibited. The policy shall include 36 the data or information that can be collected by the ASE system 37 and the individuals who can access or use the collected information, 38 and the rules and processes related to the access or use of the 39 information. The policy shall also include provisions for protecting 40 data from unauthorized access, data retention, public access,

third-party data sharing, training, auditing, and oversight to ensure
 compliance with the ASE System Use Policy.

3 (h) The local governing body also shall approve an ASE System

4 Impact Report prior to implementing an ASE program. The ASE
5 System Impact Report shall include all of the following
6 information:

(1) Description of the ASE system and how it works.

(2) Proposed purpose of the ASE system.

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19

9 (3) Locations that the ASE system may be deployed and traffic 10 data for these locations.

(4) Assessment of potential impact of the ASE system on civilliberties and civil rights and any plans to safeguard those publicrights.

14 (5) Fiscal costs for the ASE system, including program 15 establishment costs, ongoing costs, and program funding.

(i) The municipality shall develop uniform guidelines that shall
be approved by the local law enforcement agency for both of the
following:

(1) The screening and issuing of notices of violation.

20 (2) The processing and storage of confidential information and 21 procedures to ensure compliance with confidentiality requirements.

(j) Notices of violation issued pursuant to this section shall
include a clear photograph, video recording, or other visual image
of the license plate of the vehicle only, the Vehicle Code violation,
the camera location, and the date and time when the violation
occurred.

(k) The photographic, video, or other visual evidence stored by
an ASE system does not constitute an out-of-court hearsay
statement by a declarant under Division 10 (commencing with
Section 1200) of the Evidence Code.

(1) (1) Notwithstanding Sections 6253 and 6262 of the
Government Code, or any other law, photographic, video, or other
visual or administrative records made by an ASE system shall be
confidential. Public agencies shall use and allow access to these
records only for the purposes authorized by this article or to assess
the impacts of the ASE system.

37 (2) Confidential information obtained from the Department of
38 Motor Vehicles for the administration of ASE systems and
39 enforcement of this article shall be held confidential, and shall not
40 be used for any other purpose.

(3) Except for court records described in Section 68152 of the 1 2 Government Code, or as provided in paragraph (4), the confidential 3 records and evidence described in paragraphs (1) and (2) may be retained for up to 60 days after final disposition of the notice of 4 violation. Administrative records described in paragraph (1) may 5 be retained for up to 120 days after final disposition of the notice 6 of violation. Notwithstanding any other law, the confidential 7 records and evidence shall be destroyed in a manner that maintains 8 9 the confidentiality of any person included in the record or evidence. 10 (4) Notwithstanding Section 26202.6 of the Government Code,

photographic, video, or other visual evidence that is obtained from
an ASE system that does not contain evidence of a speeding
violation shall be destroyed within five business days after the
evidence was first obtained.

(m) Notwithstanding subdivision (*l*), the registered owner or an
individual identified by the registered owner as the driver of the
vehicle at the time of the alleged violation shall be permitted to
review the photographic, video, or visual evidence of the alleged
violation.

20 (n) A contract between the municipality and a manufacturer or 21 supplier of ASE systems shall allow the local authority to purchase materials, lease equipment, and contract for processing services 22 23 from the manufacturer or supplier based on the services rendered 24 on a monthly schedule or another schedule agreed upon by the 25 municipality and contractor. The contract shall not include 26 provisions for payment or compensation based on the number of 27 notices of violation issued by a trained peace officer or other 28 designated municipal employee, or as a percentage of revenue 29 generated, from the use of the ASE system. The municipality shall 30 oversee and maintain control over all enforcement activities, 31 including the determination of when a notice of violation should 32 be issued.

(o) Notwithstanding subdivision (n), a municipality may contract 33 34 with a vendor for the processing of notices of violation after a 35 trained peace officer or other designated municipal employee has 36 issued a notice of violation. The vendor shall be a separate legal 37 and corporate entity from, and unrelated or affiliated in any manner 38 with, the manufacturer or supplier of ASE systems used by the 39 municipality. Any contract between the municipality and a vendor to provide processing services may include a provision for the 40

1 payment of compensation based on the number of notices of 2 violation processed by the vendor.

3 (p) An ASE system adopted pursuant to this article shall be 4 activated no later than January 1, 2019, and may operate for no 5 longer than five years.

6 22426. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a violation of 7 Section 22350, or any other speed law, that is recorded by an ASE 8 system authorized pursuant to Section 22425 shall be subject only 9 to a civil penalty, as provided in subdivision (d), and shall not 10 result in the department suspending or revoking the privilege of a 11 violator to drive a motor vehicle or in a violation point being 12 assessed against the violator.

(b) The ASE system shall capture images of the license plate
of vehicles that are traveling 10 miles per hour or more over the
posted speed limit and notices of violation shall only be issued to
vehicles based on that evidence.

(c) No more than one notice of violation shall be issued for a
violation recorded from a specific license plate within a 24-hour
period.

(d) The total amount of the civil penalty, including any
additional local fees by the municipality, for a speed violation that
is recorded and cited under this section shall not exceed one
hundred dollars (\$100).

(e) The written notice of violation shall be issued to the
registered owner of the vehicle within 15 calendar days of the date
of the violation. The notice of violation shall include all of the
following information:

(1) The violation, including reference to the local ordinance,state law, or federal statute or regulation that was violated.

30 (2) The date, approximate time, and location where the violation 31 occurred.

32 (3) The vehicle license number and the name and address of the33 registered owner of the vehicle.

(4) A statement that payment is required to be made no later
than 30 calendar days from the date of mailing of the notice of
violation, or that the violation may be contested pursuant to Section
22427.

(5) The amount of the civil penalty due for that violation and
the procedures for the registered owner, lessee, or rentee to pay
the civil penalty or to contest the notice of violation.

1 (6) An affidavit of nonliability, and information of what 2 constitutes nonliability, information as to the effect of executing 3 the affidavit, and instructions for returning the affidavit to the 4 processing agency. If the affidavit of nonliability is returned to the 5 processing agency within 30 calendar days of the mailing of the 6 notice of violation, together with proof of a written lease or rental 7 agreement between a bona fide rental or leasing company and its 8 customer, which identifies the rentee or lessee, the processing 9 agency shall serve or mail a notice of violation to the rentee or 10 lessee identified in the affidavit of nonliability.

11 (7) A notice to the registered owner that unless the registered 12 owner pays the civil penalty or contests the notice within 30 13 calendar days after the mailing of the notice of violation, or 14 completes and files an affidavit of nonliability, the renewal of the 15 vehicle registration shall be contingent upon compliance with the 16 notice of violation. If the registered owner, by appearance or by 17 mail, makes payment to the processing agency within 30 calendar 18 days after the mailing of the notice of violation, the civil penalty 19 shall consist solely of the amount of the original civil penalty.

(f) Revenues derived from any program utilizing an ASE system
for speed limit enforcement shall be used to recover program costs.
Any remaining revenue shall be used only for pedestrian safety or
other roadway traffic safety improvements.

24 22427. (a) For a period of 30 calendar days from the mailing 25 of a notice of violation, a person may request an initial review of 26 the notice by the issuing agency. The request may be made by 27 telephone, in writing, or in person. There shall be no charge for 28 this review. If, following the initial review, the issuing agency is 29 satisfied that the violation did not occur, or that extenuating 30 circumstances make dismissal of the notice of violation appropriate 31 in the interest of justice, the issuing agency shall cancel the notice 32 of violation. The issuing agency shall advise the processing agency, if any, of the cancellation. The issuing agency or the processing 33 34 agency shall mail the results of the initial review to the person 35 contesting the notice, and, if cancellation of the notice does not 36 occur following that review, include a reason for that denial, 37 notification of the ability to request an administrative hearing, and 38 notice of the procedure adopted pursuant to subdivision (b) for 39 waiving prepayment of the civil penalty based upon an inability 40 to pay.

1 (b) (1) If the person contesting the notice of violation is 2 dissatisfied with the results of the initial review, the person may, 3 no later than 21 calendar days following the mailing of the results 4 of the issuing agency's initial review, request an administrative 5 hearing of the violation. The request may be made by telephone, 6 in writing, or in person.

7 (2) The person requesting an administrative hearing shall pay 8 the amount of the civil penalty to the processing agency. The 9 issuing agency shall adopt a written procedure to allow a person 10 to request an administrative hearing without payment of the civil 11 penalty upon satisfactory proof of an inability to pay the amount 12 due. The administrative hearing shall be held within 90 calendar 13 days following the receipt of a request for an administrative 14 hearing. The person requesting the hearing may request one 15 continuance, not to exceed 21 calendar days.

16 (c) The administrative hearing process shall include all of the 17 following:

18 (1) The person requesting a hearing shall have the choice of a 19 hearing by mail or in person. An in-person hearing shall be 20 conducted within the jurisdiction of the issuing agency.

(2) If the person requesting a hearing is a minor, that person
shall be permitted to appear at a hearing or admit responsibility
for the automated speed violation without the necessity of the
appointment of a guardian. The processing agency may proceed
against the minor in the same manner as against an adult.

(3) The administrative hearing shall be conducted in accordance
with written procedures established by the issuing agency and
approved by the governing body or chief executive officer of the
issuing agency. The hearing shall provide an independent,
objective, fair, and impartial review of contested automated speed
violations.

32 (4) (A) The issuing agency's governing body or chief executive 33 officer shall appoint or contract with qualified independent 34 examiners or administrative hearing providers that employ qualified 35 independent examiners to conduct the administrative hearings. Examiners shall demonstrate the qualifications, training, and 36 37 objectivity necessary to conduct a fair and impartial review. The 38 examiner shall be separate and independent from the notice of 39 violation collection or processing function. An examiner's 40 continued employment, performance evaluation, compensation, 8

1 and benefits shall not, directly or indirectly, be linked to the amount

2 of civil penalties collected by the examiner or the number or3 percentage of violations upheld by the examiner.

4 (B) (i) Examiners shall have a minimum of 20 hours of training. 5 The examiner is responsible for the costs of the training. The 6 issuing agency may reimburse the examiner for those costs. 7 Training may be provided through any of the following:

(I) An accredited college or university.

9 (II) A program conducted by the Commission on Peace Officer 10 Standards and Training.

11 (III) A program conducted by the American Arbitration 12 Association or a similar organization.

(IV) Any program approved by the governing body or chief
executive officer of the issuing agency, including a program
developed and provided by, or for, the agency.

16 (ii) Training programs may include topics relevant to the administrative hearing, including, but not limited to, applicable 17 laws and regulations, enforcement procedures, due process, 18 evaluation of evidence, hearing procedures, and effective oral and 19 20 written communication. Upon the approval of the governing body 21 or chief executive officer of the issuing agency, up to 12 hours of 22 relevant experience may be substituted for up to 12 hours of 23 training. Up to eight hours of the training requirements described 24 in this subparagraph may be credited to an individual, at the 25 discretion of the governing body or chief executive officer of the 26 issuing agency, based upon training programs or courses described 27 in this subparagraph that the individual attended within the last 28 five years.

29 (5) The peace officer or designated municipal employee who issues a notice of violation shall not be required to participate in 30 31 an administrative hearing. The issuing agency shall not be required to produce any evidence other than, in proper form, the notice of 32 violation or copy thereof, including the photograph, video, or other 33 34 visual image of the vehicle's license plate, and information received 35 from the Department of Motor Vehicles identifying the registered 36 owner of the vehicle. The documentation in proper form shall be 37 prima facie evidence of the violation.

(6) The examiner's final decision following the administrative
hearing may be personally delivered to the person by the examiner
or sent by first-class mail.

1 (7) Following a determination by the examiner that a person 2 has committed the violation, the examiner may, consistent with 3 the written guidelines established by the issuing agency, allow 4 payment of the civil penalty in installments, or an issuing agency 5 may allow for deferred payment or payments in installments, if 6 the person provides evidence satisfactory to the examiner or the 7 issuing agency, as the case may be, of an inability to pay the civil 8 penalty in full. If authorized by the governing body of the issuing 9 agency, the examiner may permit the performance of community 10 service in lieu of payment of the civil penalty.

-21-

(8) If a notice of violation is dismissed following an
administrative hearing, any civil penalty, if paid, shall be refunded
by the issuing agency within 30 days.

14 22428. (a) Within 30 days after personal delivery or mailing of the final decision described in subdivision (c) of Section 22427, 15 16 the contestant may seek review by filing an appeal to the superior 17 court, where the case shall be heard de novo, except that the 18 contents of the processing agency's file in the case on appeal shall 19 be received in evidence. A copy of the notice of violation shall be 20 admitted into evidence as prima facie evidence of the facts stated 21 in the notice. A copy of the notice of appeal shall be served in 22 person or by first-class mail upon the processing agency by the 23 contestant. For purposes of computing the 30-day period, Section 24 1013 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall be applicable. A 25 proceeding under this subdivision is a limited civil case.

26 (b) The fee for filing the notice of appeal shall be as provided 27 in Section 70615 of the Government Code. The court shall request 28 that the issuing agency's file on the case be forwarded to the court, 29 to be received within 15 calendar days of the request. The court 30 shall notify the contestant of the appearance date by mail or 31 personal delivery. The court shall retain the fee under Section 32 70615 of the Government Code regardless of the outcome of the 33 appeal. If the appellant prevails, this fee and any payment of the 34 civil penalty shall be promptly refunded by the issuing agency in 35 accordance with the judgment of the court.

36 (c) The conduct of the hearing on appeal under this section is
37 a subordinate judicial duty that may be performed by a
38 commissioner or other subordinate judicial officer at the direction
39 of the presiding judge of the court.

1 (d) If a notice of appeal of the examiner's decision is not filed 2 within the period set forth in subdivision (a), the decision shall be 3 deemed final.

4 (e) If the civil penalty has not been paid and the decision is 5 adverse to the contestant, the processing agency may, promptly 6 after the decision becomes final, proceed to collect the civil penalty 7 under Section 22426.

8 22429. If the payment of the civil penalty is not received by 9 the person authorized to receive payment of the civil penalty by 10 the time and date fixed for appearance on the notice of violation 11 under Section 22426, the processing agency may assess delinquent 12 fees, as determined by the issuing agency, and may proceed to 13 collect the civil penalty under Section 22426.

14 22429.5. (a) The City of San Jose and the City and County of San Francisco shall offer a diversion program for certain 15 low-income ASE system violation recipients to perform community 16 17 service in lieu of paying the penalty for an ASE system violation. 18 (b) The City of San Jose and the City and County of San Francisco shall offer the ability for certain low-income ASE system 19 20 violation recipients to pay applicable fines and penalties over a 21 period of time under a payment plan.

22 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (c), the 22430. 23 department shall refuse to renew the registration of a vehicle if the 24 registered owner has been mailed a notice of violation under this 25 article, the processing agency has filed or electronically transmitted 26 to the department an itemization of unpaid civil penalties, including 27 administrative fees pursuant to Section 22431, and the owner has 28 not paid the civil penalty and administrative fees, unless he or she 29 pays to the department, at the time of application for renewal, the 30 full amount of all outstanding civil penalties and administrative 31 fees, as shown by records of the department.

32 (b) When the department receives the full amount of all 33 outstanding civil penalties and administrative fees pursuant to 34 subdivision (a), it shall issue a receipt showing each civil penalty 35 and the administrative fees that have been paid, the processing 36 agency for that penalty and fee, and a description of the vehicle 37 involved in the automated speed violations.

38 (c) The department shall not refuse to renew the registration of39 a vehicle under either of the following circumstances:

1 (1) If the applicant provides the department with the abstract or 2 notice of disposition of the violation for clearing all outstanding 3 civil penalties and administrative fees as shown by the records of 4 the department.

5 (2) If the notice of violation was issued prior to the registered 6 owner taking possession of the vehicle or if the notice of violation 7 was reissued to a third party.

8 22431. (a) The department shall remit all civil penalties and 9 administrative fees collected, after deducting the administrative 10 fees authorized in subdivision (b), for each notice of violation for 11 which penalties and administrative fees have been collected, to 12 the processing agency in the amount due. Within 45 days from the 13 time penalties are recorded by the department, the department shall 14 inform the municipality which of its notices of violation have been 15 discharged.

(b) The department shall assess a fee for the recording of the
notice of violation in an amount, as determined by the department,
that is no more than the amount sufficient to provide a total amount
equal to its actual administrative costs.

22431.5. The City of San Jose and the City and County of San
Francisco shall each develop and submit to their respective
governing body an ASE System Report, two years after initial
implementation of the ASE program and at the end of the ASE
pilot program, that includes all of the following information:

25 (a) A description of how the ASE system was used.

(b) Whether and how often any ASE system data was shared
with outside entities, the name of any recipient entity, the type or
types of data disclosed, and the legal reason for the disclosure.

(c) A summary of any community complaints or concerns aboutthe ASE system.

(d) Results of any internal audits, information about any
violations of the ASE System Use Policy, and any actions taken
in response.

(e) Information regarding the impact the ASE system has hadon the streets where the ASE system was deployed.

36 (f) A summary of any public record act requests.

37. 22432. The City of San Jose and the City and County of San

Francisco shall each, on or before March first of the fifth year in which the ASE system has been implemented, submit to the transportation committees of the Legislature an evaluation of the

ASE system in their respective jurisdictions to determine the 1 2 system's impact on highway safety and the system's economic 3 impact on the communities where the system is utilized. The report 4 shall be made available on the Internet Web sites of the two 5

jurisdictions and shall include all of the following information:

6 (a) Before and after data on the number and proportion of 7 vehicles speeding between 10 to 19, inclusive, miles per hour over 8 the legal speed limit, 20 to 29, inclusive, miles per hour over the 9 legal speed limit, 30 to 39, inclusive, miles per hour over the legal 10 speed limit, and every additional 10 miles per hour increment thereafter on a street or portion of a street in which an ASE system 11 12 is used to enforce speed limits. To the extent feasible, the data 13 should be collected at the same time of day, day of week, and 14 location.

15 (b) The number of notices of violation issued under the program by month and year and the corridors or locations where violations 16 occurred and, to the extent feasible, the day of the week and time 17 18 the violation occurred.

19 (c) Before and after data on the number of traffic collisions. 20 categorized by injury severity (such as property damage only, 21 complaint of pain, other visible injury, or severe or fatal injury) 22 that occurred where ASE systems are used relative to citywide 23 data and the transportation mode of the parties involved.

24 (d) The number of violations paid, the number of delinquent 25 violations, and the number of violations for which an initial review 26 is requested. For the violations in which an initial review was 27 requested, the report shall indicate the number of violations that 28 went to initial review, administrative hearing, and de novo hearing, 29 the number of notices that were dismissed at each level of review, 30 and the number of notices that were not dismissed after each level 31 of review.

32 22433. This article shall remain in effect only until January 1, 33 2024, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute 34 that is enacted before January 1, 2024, deletes or extends that date. 35 SEC. 9. The Legislature finds and declares that a special statute 36 is necessary and that a general statute cannot be made applicable 37 within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California 38 Constitution because of the unique circumstances with traffic speed 39 enforcement in the City of San Jose and the City and County of 40 San Francisco.

1 SEC. 10. The Legislature finds and declares that Section 8 of 2 this act, which adds Article 3 (commencing with Section 22425) 3 to Chapter 7 of Division 11 of the Vehicle Code, imposes a 4 limitation on the public's right of access to the meetings of public 5 bodies or the writings of public officials and agencies within the 6 meaning of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution. 7 Pursuant to that constitutional provision, the Legislature makes 8 the following findings to demonstrate the interest protected by this 9 limitation and the need for protecting that interest: 10 In order to protect the personally identifiable information of

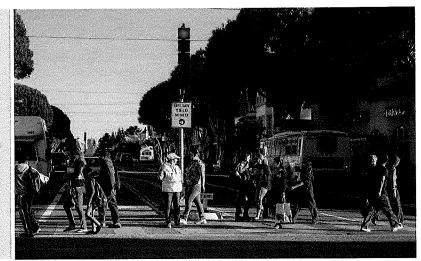
11 California drivers, it is necessary that this act limit the public's 12 right of access to that information.

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# Safe Speed Enforcement

**Reducing speed** to save lives



## AUTOMATED SPEED ENFORCEMENT

We all want safer streets. However, people are injured everyday and sometimes killed while walking, biking or driving. According to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Insurance Institute of Highway Safety, speeding was a contributing factor in about 30% of traffic collision fatalities nationwide in 2013.

is the

#1 factor

in serious injury and fatal traffic collisions in

SF.

In order to make our streets hospitable for all road users, we must discourage drivers from traveling

**EXCESSIVE SPEEDS** 



such as 50 mph on a 25 mph residential street.

Automated Speed Enforcement (ASE) is a safety technique that uses cameras and vehicle speed sensors to capture images of cars traveling excessive speeds. ASE is a proven tool to deter illegal speeding because the technology provides consistent and predictable enforcement of the speed limit.

141 communities in the United States have ASE programs. These communities experienced a decline in:

- ◊ Drivers that speed excessively (10 mph+ over the speed limit).
- Severe and fatal injury collisions.
- ◊ The number of violations given to drivers, demonstrating that speed cameras are changing driver behavior.



Currently, automated speed enforcement is not legal in California. To make our streets safer, California state law must be changed.

## VISION ZERO

Vision Zero SF the City's commitment to build better and safer streets, educate the public on traffic safety, enforce traffic laws, and adopt policy changes

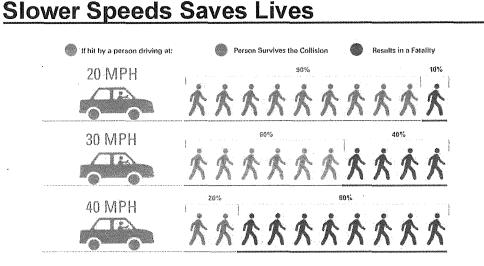
that save lives.

THE GOAL: ZERO TRAFFIC DEATHS IN SAN FRANCISCO BY 2024

Driving excessive speeds is dangerous for everyone. Speed cameras would compliment traditional police enforcement and help achieve the City's Vision Zero goal.







If you are hit by a car traveling 20 mph, you will likely survive.

If you are hit by a car traveling 40 mph, you will most likely not.

Seniors only have an 8% chance of survival if hit by a car traveling 40 mph



## **Effectiveness of Speed Cameras in the US**

San Jose, CA had a 15% decline in the proportion of drivers traveling 10 mph over the speed limit prior to the program's termination.

Portland, OR reported a 54% reduction in fatalities.

Washington, DC found a 70% reduction in fatalities. Montgomery, MD experienced a 40% reduction in collisions. Scottsdale, AZ had a 88% decrease in vehicles traveling 11 mph or more above the 65 mph limit.

Chicago, IL realized a 31% decline in speeding vehicles.

## **Protecting Our Most Vulnerable Road Users**

Pui Fong Yim Lee was 78 years old when she was hit and killed by a vehicle in a crosswalk.



Mi'yana (My-My) Gregory was 2 years old when she was hit and killed by a vehicle. The driver never stopped.



Speeding vehicle graphic created by Arthur Shlain from Noun Projec

File No. 170184 3/14/2017. Presented in Committee



Through Vision Zero SF we commit to working together to prioritize street safety and eliminate traffic deaths in San Francisco

# VISION ZERO AND AUTOMATED SPEED ENFORCEMENT LEGISLATION-AB 342 (CHIU)



- Motor vehicle collisions are a leading cause of death due to injury in the U.S.
- 40,000 people are dying annually in traffic collisions in
   10% in California
- ~30 San Francisco deaths annually, *disproportionately*:
  - People walking and biking
  - Seniors
  - Low Income, Communities of Color



Sources: National Safety Council (2016); Vision Zero San Francisco (2017)



# PEOPLE MAKE MISTAKES, NO ONE SHOULD DIE WHEN THIS HAPPENS

These deaths are **preventable** 

We need to create a **safer transportation system** that protects our most vulnerable users

## No more "accidents happen"



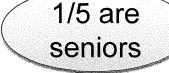


**VISION ZERO** 



## <u>Half</u> of all Zuckerberg San Francisco General Trauma Center Patients are there for <u>transportation-related injuries</u>

~500 Patients with Severe Traffic Injuries





**VISION ZERO** 

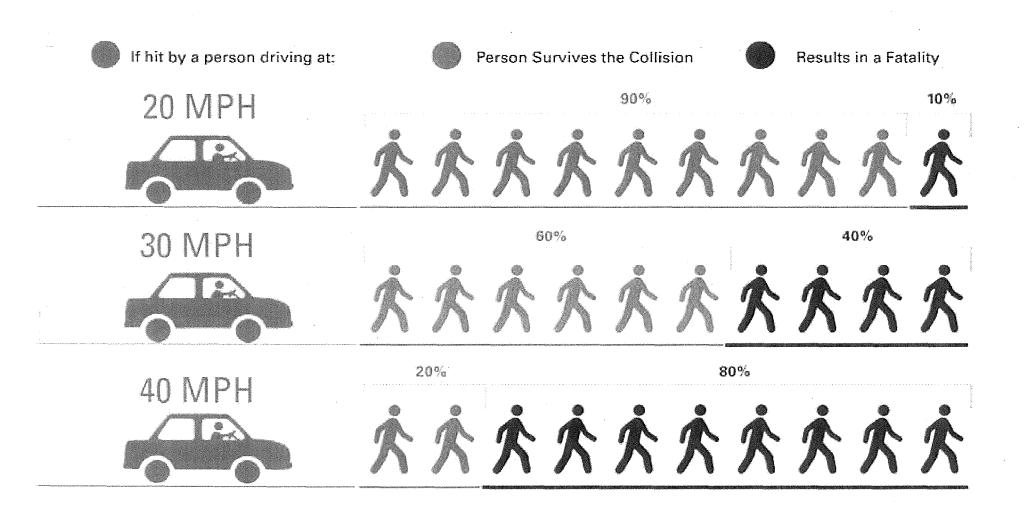
\$ Medical Costs: \$35 million annually

**1/3** of patients that are the most severely injured comprise **3/4** of the direct costs



5

# SPEEDING IS THE MAJOR FACTOR IN SEVERE INJURIES/FATALITIES





Portland 53%

Reduction in fatalities

Denver 28%

Decrease in average speed

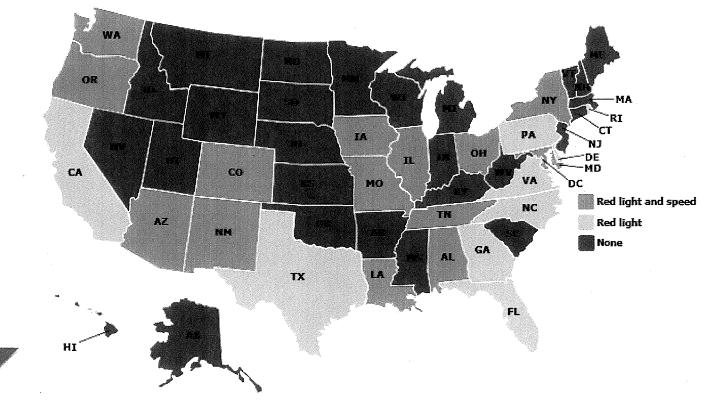
Chicago 31%

prease in the # of violators
 per passing vehicle

New York City

Decrease in collisions with injuries near cameras sites

# 142 COMMUNITIES IN 15 STATES + DC





## **KEY ELEMENTS OF AB 342 LEGISLATION**

- 5-year pilot program for San Francisco and San Jose
- Only deployed on streets with documented collisions due to speeding resulting in injuries and deaths
- Speeding defined as 10 mph over posted speed limit
- \$100 fine, administrative penalty

8



# COMPLEMENTS TRADITIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT

- Key "force multiplier" that enhances enforcement influence without significant additional staff and resources
- Detects multiple speeding violations per minute; increases enforcement to change driver behavior and reduce speed
- Operate in locations that may be otherwise dangerous for law enforcement
- Impartially and consistently enforces speed limit



9

# **AB 342-LIST OF SUPPORTERS**

- California Walks
- California Bicycle Coalition
- California Alliance for Retired Americans (CARA)
- AARP California
- Association of California Insurance Companies
- San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency
- San Jose City Council
- Mayor Edwin Lee, SF
- Mayor Sam Liccardo, SJ
- Police Chief William Scott, SF
- Police Chief Eddie Garcia, SJ
- San Jose Senior Citizens Commission
- Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority
- San Francisco Bay Area Families for Safe Streets
- San Francisco Bicycle Coalition
- Silicon Valley Bicycle Coalition
- Walk San Francisco
- Livable City

- CC Puede
- Friends of Monterey Boulevard
  - Safe Routes to School National Partnership
- Portola Neighborhood Association
- Lower Polk Community Benefit District
- Greater Rincon Hill Community Benefit District
- Duboce Triangle Neighborhood Association
- South Beach/Rincon/Mission Bay Neighborhood Association
- SPUR
- Senior & Disability Action Network
- Independent Living Resource Center San Francisco
- Silicon Valley Independent Living Center
- FDR Democratic Club
- San Francisco Health Commission, Department of Public Health
- San Francisco General Hospital Trauma Center
- San Francisco Medical Society



# VISION ZERO 10

# Thank you

- Kate Breen, SFMTA, kate.breen@sfmta.com
- Tom Maguire, SFMTA, tom.Maguire@sfmta.com
- Megan Wier, DPH, megan.wier@sfdph.org

**BOARD of SUPERVISORS** 



City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

## MEMORANDUM

- TO: Ed Reiskin, Executive Director, Municipal Transportation Agency William Scott, Police Chief, Police Department Sergeant Rachael Kilshaw, Police Commission Barbara A. Garcia, Director, Department of Public Health
- FROM: Erica Major, Assistant Clerk, Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee, Board of Supervisors
- DATE: February 22, 2017

#### SUBJECT: LEGISLATION INTRODUCED

The Board of Supervisors' Public Safety and Neighborhood Services Committee has received the following proposed legislation, introduced by Supervisor Yee on February 14, 2017:

File No. 170186

Resolution urging the California State Legislature and Governor to pass California State Assembly Bill 342, introduced by Assembly Member Chiu, authorizing a five-year pilot of Automated Speed Enforcement technology in the City and County of San Francisco and the City of San Jose.

If you have any additional comments or reports to be included with the file, please forward them to me at the Board of Supervisors, City Hall, Room 244, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, San Francisco, CA 94102.

c: Janet Martinsen, Municipal Transportation Agency Kate Breen, Municipal Transportation Agency Dillon Auyoung, Municipal Transportation Agency Rowena Carr, Police Department Kristine Demafeliz, Police Department Greg Wagner, Department of Public Health

JOS-11, COB, PSNS, LU, Leg. Dep., Dep. Cib Atty City Hall



President, District 5 BOARD of SUPERVISORS City Half 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-7630 Fax No. 554-7634 TDD/TTY No. 544-5227

**London Breed** 

PRESIDENTIAL ACTION				
Date:	2/24/2017	u O Av		
To:	Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors			
Madam ( Pursuant	Clerk, t to Board Rules, I am hereby:			
🗆 Waiv	ving 30-Day Rule (Board Rule No. 3.23)	5 <u>5</u> 500		
Fil	ile No.	23 60		
F=1*	(Primary Sponsor)			
111	itle.			
		_		
🗆 Trans	sferring (Board Rule No 3.3)			
Fi	ile No. <u>170186</u> Yee			
Ti	(Primary Sponsor) itle. Resolution urging the California State Legislature and Governor to pass California State Assembly Bill 342, introduced by Assembly Member	S		
From: Public Safety & Neighborhood Services Committee				
Т	Co: Land Use & Transportation Committee			
🗆 Assig	gning Temporary Committee Appointment (Board Rule No. 3.1)			
Si	Supervisor			
Re	Leplacing Supervisor			
	For: Meeting	g		
_ `	(Date) (Committee)	0		
	Fordon Breed			

London Breed, President Board of Supervisors

Print Form

## **Introduction Form**

By a Member of the Board of Supervisors or the Mayor



I her	reby submit the following item for introduction (select only one):	or meeting date			
$\boxtimes$	1. For reference to Committee:				
	An ordinance, resolution, motion, or charter amendment.				
	2. Request for next printed agenda without reference to Committee.				
	3. Request for hearing on a subject matter at Committee:				
	4. Request for letter beginning "Supervisor	] inquires"			
	5. City Attorney request.				
	6. Call File No. from Committee.				
	7. Budget Analyst request (attach written motion).				
	8. Substitute Legislation File No.				
	9. Request for Closed Session (attach written motion).				
	10. Board to Sit as A Committee of the Whole.				
	11. Question(s) submitted for Mayoral Appearance before the BOS on				
Plea	ase check the appropriate boxes. The proposed legislation should be forwarded to the following	ng:			
	Small Business Commission  Youth Commission  Ethics Comm	ission			
	Planning Commission     Building Inspection Commission	1			
Note:	For the Imperative Agenda (a resolution not on the printed agenda), use a different for	'm.			
Spons	sor(s):				
Super	rvisors Yee, Safai, Kim, Peskin, Sheehy				
Subje	ect:				
Urgi	ing California State Lawmakers to Authorize Automated Speed Enforcement and pass AB342				
The t	text is listed below or attached:				
See a	attached.				
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L	Wim	14			
	Signature of Sponsoring Supervisor:				

For Clerk's Use Only: