1	[Green Building and Environment Codes - Requirements for Installation of Electric Vehicle Chargers]
2	Chargers
3	Ordinance amending the Green Building Code and the Environment Code to establish
4	requirements for installation of electric vehicle charger infrastructure in new buildings
5	or buildings undergoing major alterations, and requirements for notification to building
6	owners, residents, and lessees; affirming the Planning Department's determination
7	under the California Environmental Quality Act; making findings under the California
8	Health and Safety Code; and directing the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to forward
9	this Ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission upon final passage.
10	
11	NOTE: Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.
12	Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> . Deletions to Codes are in <u>strikethrough italics Times New Roman font</u> .
13	Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font. Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font. Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code
14	subsections or parts of tables.
15	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
16	be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco.
17	Section 1. Findings.
18	(a) The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this
19	ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources
20	Code Sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
21	Supervisors in File No. 170202 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms
22	this determination.
23	(b) The Building Inspection Commission considered this ordinance on March 15, 2017
24	and March 29, 2017, at duly noticed public hearings, pursuant to Charter Section D3.750-5.
25	

- Section 2. Findings Regarding Local Conditions Required by the California Health and Safety Code.
- (a) California Health & Safety Code Section 17958.7 provides that before making any changes or modifications to the California Green Building Standards Code and any other applicable provisions published by the State Building Standards Commission, the governing body must make an express finding that each such change or modification is reasonably necessary because of specified local conditions, and the findings must be filed with the State Building Standards Commission before the local changes or modifications go into effect.
- (b) The Board of Supervisors expressly declares that the following amendments to the San Francisco Green Building Code are reasonably necessary because of local climatic, topological, and geological conditions as listed below.
- (1) As a coastal city located on the tip of a peninsula, San Francisco is vulnerable to sea level rise, and human activities releasing greenhouse gases into the atmosphere cause increases in worldwide average temperature, which contribute to melting of glaciers and thermal expansion of ocean water resulting in rising sea levels.
- (2) San Francisco is already experiencing the repercussions of excessive CO₂ emissions as rising sea levels threaten the City's shoreline and infrastructure, have caused significant erosion, have increased impacts to infrastructure during extreme tides, and have caused the City to expend funds to modify the sewer system.
- (3) Some subpopulations of San Francisco residents are vulnerable to heat events.
- (4) Increasing the adoption and use of electric vehicles will help San Francisco meet its goals under Ordinance No. 81-08, to reduce greenhouse gas emissions citywide to 40% below 1990 levels by 2025 and 80% by 2050.

1	(5) Use of electric vehicles benefits the health, welfare, and resiliency of San
2	Francisco and its residents.
3	(6) Electric vehicles depend upon convenient access to charging, and the ability
4	to serve electric vehicles in existing buildings is commonly limited by the electrical system
5	capacity of the building.
6	(c) The most cost-effective time to prepare building electrical infrastructure for electric
7	vehicle charging is when electric service is installed or upgraded due to construction, because
8	workers are already on-site, utility service upgrade costs are lower, permitting and
9	administrative costs are lower, and it is more cost-effective to include such systems in existing
10	construction financing.
11	
12	Section 3. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising Section 202, to
13	read as follows:
14	[Add and amend the following definitions:]
15	SEC. 202. DEFINITIONS.
16	* * * *
17	ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SPACE (EV Space). A space intended for future
18	installation of EV charging equipment and charging of electric vehicles. <u>The EV Space need not</u>
19	be reserved exclusively for electric vehicle charging.
20	ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATION (EVCS). One or more electric vehicle
21	charging spaces served by electric vehicle charger(s) or other charging equipment allowing
22	charging of electric vehicles. For purposes of determining compliance with accessibility
23	requirements, when the permitted length of time a vehicle may occupy an electric vehicle charging
24	station differs from the permitted duration of stay in publicly accessible parking spaces in the same

parking area, electric Electric vehicle charging stations are not considered parking spaces.

1	When the permitted duration of stay in a space served by electric vehicle charger(s) is the same as
2	other publicly accessible parking spaces in the same parking area, EVCS may be considered parking
3	spaces. The EVCS need not be reserved exclusively for electric vehicle charging.
4	ELECTRIC VEHICLE (EV) FAST CHARGER. Off-board charging equipment with a
5	minimum direct current or alternating current power output of 24 kW, for the purpose of providing an
6	electric vehicle charge in significantly less time than a standard Electric Vehicle Charger.
7	ELECTRIC VEHICLE LOAD MANAGEMENT SYSTEM. An electronic system designed to
8	allocate charging capacity among EV chargers.
9	* * * *
10	PASSENGER VEHICLES. Motor vehicles designed primarily for transportation of
11	persons, with capacity of 12 persons or less.
12	* * * * ===============================
13	TRUCKS. Trucks or truck-based vehicles with both a payload capacity of 4,000 pounds
14	or less, and a gross vehicle weight ratio of 14,000 pounds or less. As used herein, "trucks"
15	does not include heavy duty vehicles, which are vehicles of any type with a gross vehicle
16	weight ratio of more than 14,000 pounds.
17	* * * *
18	
19	Section 4. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising Section 202, to
20	read as follows:
21	SEC. 202. DEFINITIONS.
22	* * * *
23	MAJOR ALTERATIONS. Alterations and additions where interior finishes are removed
24	and significant upgrades to structural and mechanical, electrical, and/or plumbing systems are
25	

1	proposed where areas of such construction are 25,000 gross square feet or more in Group B,
2	M, or R occupancies of existing buildings.
3	* * * *
4	
5	Section 45. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising Section 302.1, to
6	read as follows:
7	[Revise this section as follows:]
8	SEC. 302.1. MIXED OCCUPANCY BUILDINGS.
9	In mixed occupancy buildings, each portion of a building shall comply with the specific
10	California Title 24 Part 11 required measures applicable to each specific occupancy as required
11	by California Code of Regulations Title 24 Part 11 and the San Francisco Green Building
12	<u>Code.</u> However, to fulfill any <u>additional local green building</u> -requirements <u>of San Francisco Green</u>
13	Building Code Sections 4.103 through 4.105 and 5.103 through 5.105, as applicable, the project
14	sponsor may apply a single required green building standard to the entire building.
15	
16	Section 56. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by adding Section 4.103.3.3,
17	to read as follows:
18	[Add the following section:]
19	SEC. 4.103.3.3. ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING.
20	Sections 4.106.4 through 4.106.4.2.6 of this Chapter shall apply to all newly-constructed
21	buildings and associated newly-constructed parking facilities for passenger vehicles and
22	trucks, and to major alterations to existing Group R occupancy buildings where electrical service to
23	the building will be upgraded. In major alterations where existing electrical service will not be
24	upgraded, the requirements of Sections 4.106.4 through 4.106.4.2.6 shall apply to the maximum extent
25	that does not require an upgrade to existing electrical service.

1	Section 67. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising Section 4.106.4,
2	to read as follows:
3	[Revise this section as follows:]
4	SEC. 4.106.4. ELECTRIC VEHICLE (EV) CHARGING FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION \underline{AND}
5	MAJOR ALTERATIONS.
6	New construction and major alterations shall comply with Sections 4.106.4.1 and
7	4.106.4.2 to provide electrical capacity and infrastructure to facilitate future installation and use of
8	EV Chargers, such that the project will be capable of providing electric vehicle EV charging
9	services at 100% of off-street parking spaces provided for passenger vehicles and trucks. Electric
10	Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE)_shall be installed in accordance with the California
11	Electrical Code California Electrical Code Article 625, and the California Energy Code,
12	Subchapter 4, Section 130.5, and as follows. San Francisco Building Code and the San
13	Francisco Electrical Code, subject to the following exceptions: California Electrical Code.
14	Exceptions:
15	On a case-by-case basis, where the local enforcing agency Director has
16	determined EV charging and infrastructure are not feasible based upon one or more of
17	the following conditions:
18	1. Where there is no commercial power supply.
19	2. Where there is evidence substantiating that meeting the requirements will
20	alter the local utility infrastructure design requirements on the utility side of the meter so
21	as to increase the utility side cost to the homeowner or the developer by more than
22	\$400.00 per dwelling unit parking space. In such cases, buildings subject to Section 4.106.4
23	shall maximize the number of EV Charging Spaces, up to a utility side cost of a maximum of
24	\$400 per space. Cost shall be determined by dividing the increase in local utility infrastructure

cost attributable to compliance with this section by the sum of parking spaces and Electric

1	<u>Vehicle EV</u> Charging Spaces.
2	3. In major alterations, where there is evidence substantiating that meeting the
3	requirements of this section presents an unreasonable hardship or is technically infeasible,
4	the Director may consider an appeal from the project sponsor to reduce the number of EV
5	Charging Spaces required or provide for EV charging elsewhere.
6	
7	Section 78. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
8	Sections 4.106.4.1 and 4.106.4.1.1, to read as follows:
9	[Revise this section as follows:]
10	SEC. 4.106.4.1. NEW ONE-AND-TWO-FAMILY DWELLINGS AND TOWN-HOUSES WITH
11	ATTACHED <u>OR ADJACENT</u> PRIVATE GARAGES.
12	For each parking space, install a 40-Amp 208 or 240-volt branch circuit, including raceway,
13	electrical panel capacity, overprotection devices, wire, and termination point such as a receptacle. The
14	termination point shall be in close proximity to the proposed EV charger location. Raceways are
15	required to be continuous at enclosed, inaccessible, or concealed areas and spaces. Raceway for each
16	circuit shall not be less than trade size 1 (nominal 1-inch inside diameter).
17	For each dwelling unit, install a listed raceway to accommodate a dedicated 208/240-volt
18	branch circuit. The raceway shall not be less than trade size 1 (nominal 1-inch inside diameter). The
19	raceway shall originate at the main service or unit subpanel and shall terminate into a listed cabinet,
20	box or other enclosure in close proximity to the proposed location of an EV charger. Raceways are
21	required to be continuous at enclosed, inaccessible or concealed areas and spaces. The service panel
22	and/or subpanel shall provide capacity to install a 40-ampere minimum dedicated branch circuit and
23	space(s) reserved to permit installation of a branch circuit overcurrent protective device.
24	SEC. 4.106.4.1.1. IDENTIFICATION.
25	The service panel or subpanel circuit directory shall identify the overcurrent protective

device space(s) reserved for future EV charging as <u>"EV READY" for full circuits and otherwise</u>

"EV CAPABLE". The raceway termination location shall be permanently and visibly marked as

"EV READY" for full circuits and otherwise "EV CAPABLE".

Section <u>89</u>. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising Section 4.106.4.2, to read as follows:

[Revise this section as follows:]

SEC. 4.106.4.2. NEW MULTIFAMILY DWELLINGS AND MAJOR ALTERATIONS.

Where three 17 or more multifamily dwelling units are constructed on a building site, or undergo major alteration, 100% 3 percent of the total number of off-street parking spaces provided for all types of parking facilities for passenger vehicles and trucks, but in no case less than one, shall be electric vehicle charging spaces (EV Spaces) capable of supporting future EVSE. Calculations for the number of EVCS shall be rounded up to the nearest whole number. A branch circuit panelboard shall be provided at each parking level, and the panelboard shall have capacity to deliver a minimum 8 amperes at 208 or 240 volts multiplied by the total number of EV Spaces and shall provide sufficient space in the panelboard to install one 40-ampere minimum dedicated branch circuit and overcurrent protective device for each EV Space. The circuits and overcurrent protective devices shall remain reserved for exclusive use by electric vehicle charging.

Note: Electrical engineering design and cConstruction documents are intended to demonstrate the project's capability and capacity for facilitating future EV charging.

There is no requirement for EV spaces to be constructed or available until EV Chargers are installed for use. There is no requirement for EV Chargers to be installed. The intention of sizing the panel to deliver 8 amperes per EV Space is to provide the option to utilize Electric Vehicle Load Management Systems to provide Level 2 EV charging (40)

1	amperes at 208 or 240 volts) at 100% of parking spaces. Eight (8) amperes of capacity
2	per EV Space is sufficient for a listed EV Load Management system to manage the
3	available capacity in a safe manner. For example, such a system may allocate up to
4	36 amperes at 208 or 240 volts to vehicles in 20% of the total number of EV Charging
5	Stations simultaneously. The same system may allocate 8 amperes to vehicles in
6	100% of parking spaces.
7	EV load management systems are not required, but may be necessary if EVSE are
8	installed serving greater than 20% of parking spaces simultaneously.
9	
0	Section 910. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
1	Section 4.106.4.2.1, to read as follows:
2	[Revise this section as follows:]
3	SEC. 4.106.4.2.1. ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SPACE LOCATIONS.
4	Electrical engineering design and cConstruction documents shall indicate the location

by all residents.

When EV chargers are installed, accessible EV spaces required by Section 4.106.2.2,

Item 3, shall comply with at least one of the following options:

of proposed EV spaces. Where parking spaces are provided for public use or for common use by

residents, at At least one EV space shall be located in common use areas and available for use

- 1. The EV space shall be located adjacent to an accessible parking space meeting the requirements of the California Building Code, Chapter 11A, to allow use of the EV charger from the accessible parking space.
- 2. The EV space shall be located on an accessible route, as defined in the California Building Code, Chapter 2, to the building.

1	Section 1011. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
2	Section 4.106.4.2.2, to read as follows:
3	[Revise this section as follows:]
4	SEC. 4.106.4.2.2. ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SPACE (EV SPACES) DIMENSIONS.
5	Unless otherwise specified by Planning Code Section 154, The EV spaces shall be designed
6	to comply with the following:
7	1. The minimum length of each EV space shall be 18 feet (5486 mm).
8	2. The minimum width of each EV space shall be 9 feet (2743 mm).
9	3. One in every 25 EV spaces, but not less than one, shall also have an 8-foot (2438
10	mm) wide minimum aisle. A 5-foot (1524 mm) wide minimum aisle shall be permitted
11	provided the minimum width of the EV space is 12 feet (3658 mm).
12	a. Surface slope for this EV space and the aisle shall not exceed 1 unit vertical
13	in 48 units horizontal (2.083% percent-slope) in any direction.
14	b. Notwithstanding any other applicable requirements, when an EV charger is installed
15	serving an accessible parking space, the space may be considered a parking space if the duration of
16	stay is not subject to any limitations different from those generally applied to other publicly accessible
17	parking spaces in the same parking area. If the duration of stay in an accessible space equipped with
18	an EV charger is subject to limitations different from those generally applied to other publicly
19	accessible parking spaces in the same parking area, the space is not a parking space.
20	4. Accessible spaces must meet the dimensions specified above, Planning Code Section 154,
21	or other applicable accessibility requirements, whichever would result in a largerthe largest
22	space size.
23	
24	Section 1112. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
25	Section 4.106.4.2.3, to read as follows:

1	[Revise this section as follows:]
2	SEC. 4.106.4.2.3. SINGLE EV SPACE REQUIRED.
3	Where a single EV space is required, install a full circuit with a minimum of 40-Amp 208 or
4	240 Volt capacity, including listed raceway, sufficient electrical panel capacity, overcurrent protection
5	devices, wire, and termination point such as a receptacle. The termination point shall be in close
6	proximity to the proposed EV charger location. The raceway shall not be less than trade size 1
7	(nominal 1-inch inside diameter).
8	Install a listed raceway capable of accommodating a 208/240-volt dedicated branch circuit.
9	The raceway shall not be less than trade size 1 (nominal 1-inch inside diameter). The raceway shall
10	originate at the main service or subpanel and shall terminate into a listed cabinet, box or enclosure in
11	close proximity to the proposed location of the EV spaces. Construction documents shall identify the
12	raceway termination point. The service panel and/or subpanel shall provide capacity to install a
13	40 ampere minimum dedicated branch circuit and space(s) reserved to permit installation of a branch
14	circuit overcurrent protective device.
15	
16	Section 1213. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
17	Section 4.106.4.2.4, to read as follows:
18	[Revise this section as follows:]
19	SEC. 4.106.4.2.4. MULTIPLE EV SPACES REQUIRED.
20	(a) For a minimum of 10% of EV Spaces and in no case less than two EV Spaces when the total
21	number of EV Spaces is two or more, install a full circuit with minimum of 40-Amp 208 or 240 Volt
22	capacity per EV Space, including listed raceway, sufficient electrical panel service capacity,
23	overcurrent protection devices, wire, and suitable listed termination point such as a receptacle. The
24	termination point shall be in close proximity to the proposed EV charger location. Calculations for the
25	number of FV Spaces shall be rounded up to the pearest whole number

number of EV Spaces shall be rounded up to the nearest whole number.

1	(b) For an additional 10% of EV Spaces (totaling not less than 20% when combined
2	with (a)), install either:
3	(1) A full circuit with minimum of 40-Amp 208 or 240 Volt capacity, including listed
4	raceway, sufficient electrical panel capacity, overcurrent protection devices, wire,
5	and suitable listed termination point such as a receptacle. OR
6	(2) A full listed raceway with pull string and sufficient electrical panel capacity for a
7	minimum of 40-Amp 208 or 240 Volt capacity per circuit per EV Space. The
8	raceway shall extend for the complete run from the branch circuit panelboard to a
9	termination point in close proximity to the proposed EV charger location.
10	(b) Branch circuit panelboard(s) shall be installed at each parking level with service
11	capacity to deliver a minimum 40 amperes at 208 or 240 volts multiplied by 20% of the total
12	number of EV Spaces. The panelboard(s) shall have sufficient space to install a minimum of
13	one 40-ampere dedicated branch circuit and overcurrent protective device per EV Space up to
14	a minimum of 20% of the total number of EV Spaces. The circuits and overcurrent protective
15	devices shall remain reserved exclusively for EV charging.
16	Exception: Circuits and overcurrent protective devices in panelboards not located
17	on the same level may contribute to the requirements of 4.106.4.2.4(b), provided
18	the circuits are reserved exclusively for EV charging. For example, the circuit
19	serving an EV Space dedicated to a condominium owner may connect to the
20	electrical panelboard of the corresponding condominium.
21	$\underline{(c)}$ For all remaining EV Spaces, For all EV Spaces not required to install full circuits or
22	raceway per Section 4.106.4.2.4(a):
23	(1) Either:
24	(A) Provide sufficient space for future installation of additional electrical
25	

1	panelboard(s) to support a 40 ampere 208 or 240 Volt capacity branch circuit and overcurrent
2	protection device per EV Space, or equivalent consistent with Section 4.106.4.2.4.1; or
3	(B) Provide space in installed electrical panelboard(s) to support installation of a
4	40 ampere 208 or 240 Volt capacity branch circuit and overcurrent protection device per EV
5	Space, or equivalent consistent with Section 4.106.4.2.4.1.
6	(2) Install raceway or sleeves where penetrations to walls, floors, or other partitions
7	will be necessary to install panels, raceways, or related electrical components necessary per
8	site conditions for future installation of branch circuits. All such penetrations must comply with
9	applicable codes, including but not limited to the San Francisco Electrical Code and the San
10	Francisco Fire Code.
11	(d) Construction documents, including electrical engineering and design and construction
12	documents shall indicate the raceway termination point to supply an EV charger with a 40-
13	ampere minimum branch circuit. Electrical engineering design and related documents, shall
14	demonstrate that the electrical service capacity and electrical system, including any on-site
15	distribution transformer(s), can charge EVSE at a minimum of 20% of the total number of EV
16	Spaces simultaneously, at the full rated amperage of the EVSE or a minimum of 40 amperes
17	per branch circuit, as modified by Section 4.106.4.2.4.1 Electric Vehicle Fast Charging Spaces.
18	As appropriate, construction documents shall provide information on amperage of future EVSE,
19	raceway method(s), wiring schematics, anticipated EV load management system design(s), and
20	electrical load calculations to verify that the electrical panel service capacity and electrical
21	system, including any on-site distribution transformer(s), can charge all EV Space and EVSEs
22	required by sections (a) and (b) simultaneously at the full rated amperage of the EVSE.
23	NOTES:
24	1. Electric vehicle charging infrastructure and housing are critical priorities for
25	the City and County of San Francisco. Where provisions of this Section

1	4.106.4.2.4 require the installation of an electrical transformer, and such
2	transformer cannot be accommodated on the project site due to the
3	combination of project site dimensions, San Francisco Building Code, San
4	Francisco Electrical Code, and applicable utility regulations, the Director of
5	Public Works is encouraged to issue a Sidewalk Vault Encroachment Permit,
6	provided that the fronting property owner complies with all requirements
7	governing street occupancy, including but not limited to the San Francisco
8	Public Works Code and Department of Public Works Order 165,553.
9	<u>2.</u> An EV load management system may be necessary in order to provide EV charging
10	at EV Spaces required by section (c). Raceways and related components
11	that are planned to be installed underground, enclosed, inaccessible or in
12	concealed areas and spaces shall be installed at the time of original
13	constructionmore than 20% of EV Spaces.
14	3. Note: This section does not require EV chargers or EV load management
15	systems <u>to be installed.</u>
16	Construction documents shall indicate the raceway termination point and proposed location of
17	future EV Spaces and EV chargers. Construction documents shall also provide information on
18	amperage of future EVSE, raceway method(s), wiring schematics and electrical load calculations to
19	verify that the electrical panel service capacity and electrical system, including any on-site distribution
20	transformer(s), have sufficient capacity to simultaneously charge all EVs at all required EV spaces at
21	the full rated amperage of the EVSE. Plan design shall be based upon a 40-ampere minimum branch
22	circuit. Raceways and related components that are planned to be installed underground, enclosed,
23	inaccessible or in concealed areas and spaces shall be installed at the time of original construction.
24	
25	

1	Section 1314. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by adding
2	Section 4.106.4.2.4.1, to read as follows:
3	[Add the following section:]
4	SEC. 4.106.4.2.4.1. ELECTRIC VEHICLE (EV) FAST CHARGING SPACES.
5	(a) Installation of one Electric Vehicle EV Fast Charger may reduce the number of EV Spaces
6	required under Section 4.106.4.2.4 (a) and (b) by up to five EV Spaces, provided that the project
7	includes at least one EV Space equipped with a full circuit able to deliver 40-Amp 208 or 240 Volt
8	capacity to the EV Space, including listed raceway, sufficient electrical panel capacity, overcurrent
9	protection devices, wire, and suitable listed termination point such as a receptacle.
10	The electrical panel board(s) provided at each parking level served by EV Fast Chargers shall
11	have sufficient capacity to supply each Electric Vehicle Vehicle Fast Charger with a minimum of 30 kW AC
12	in addition to the capacity to serve any remaining EV Spaces with required under Section
13	4.106.4.2.4(a) a minimum of 8-amperes at 208 or 240-volts per EV Space, with a minimum of
14	40 amperes per circuit at 208 or 240 volts per EV Space.
15	(b) After the requirements of 4.106.4.2.4(a) and (b) are met, each planned Electric Vehicle EV
16	Fast Charger may reduce the number of planned EV Spaces required under 4.106.4.2.4(c) by up to five
17	spaces. Electrical engineering design and construction documents shall indicate the raceway
18	termination point and proposed location of future EV fast charger spaces and EV fast chargers.
19	Electrical engineering design and construction documents shall also provide information on amperage
20	of EV fast chargers, raceway method(s), wiring schematics, and electrical load calculations to verify
21	that the electrical panel service capacity and electrical system has sufficient capacity to simultaneously
22	operate all installed EV fast chargers at the full rated amperage of the EV fast charger(s) and
23	simultaneously serve any remaining spaces required by 4.106.4.2.4(a) and (b). Raceways and related
24	components that are planned to be installed underground, enclosed, inaccessible, or in concealed areas
25	and spaces shall be installed at the time of original construction.

1 2 Section 1415. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising 3 Section 4.106.4.2.5, to read as follows: [Revise this section as follows:] 4 5 SEC. 4.106.4.2.5. IDENTIFICATION. 6 The service panel or subpanel circuit directory shall identify the overcurrent protective 7 device space(s) reserved for future EV charging purposes as "EVSE READY" for full circuits 8 and otherwise "EVSE CAPABLE" in accordance with the California Electrical Code. The raceway 9 termination location or receptacle shall be permanently and visibly marked as "EVSE READY" for full circuits and otherwise "EVSE CAPABLE," until such time as EVSE are installed. 10 Notes: 11 1. The California Department of Transportation adopts and publishes the 12 13 "California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (California MUTCD)" to provide uniform standards and specifications for all official traffic control devices in California. 14 Zero Emission Vehicle Signs and Pavement Markings can be found in the New Policies 15 & Directives Number 13-01. Website: http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/traffops/policy/13-16 01.pdf. 17 18 2. See Vehicle Code Section 22511 for EV charging space signage in off-street 19 parking facilities and for use of EV charging spaces. 20 The Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR) published a "Zero-Emission Vehicle Community Readiness Guidebook" which provides helpful 21 22 information for local governments, residents and businesses. Website: 23 http://opr.ca.gov/docs/ZEV_Guidebook.pdf. 24 25

1	Section 1516. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by adding
2	Section 5.103.3.3, to read as follows:
3	[Add the following section:]
4	SEC. 5.103.3.3. ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING.
5	Section 5.106.5.3 of this chapter shall apply to all newly constructed buildings and associated
6	newly-constructed parking facilities for passenger vehicles and trucks, and to major alterations
7	to existing Group A, B, I, and M occupancy buildings where electrical service to the building will be
8	upgraded. In major alterations where existing electrical service will not be upgraded, the all
9	requirements of under Section 5.106.5 (all sections) shall apply to the maximum extent that does not
10	require upgrade to existing service.:
11	(1) does not require upgrade to existing service; and
12	(2) the Director does not determine that compliance with Section 5.106.5.3.3 and Title
13	24 Chapter 11B, if applicable, is technically infeasible, as defined in California
14	Building Code Chapter 2, Section 202.
15	
16	Section 1617. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
17	Section 5.106.5.3, to read as follows:
18	[Revise this section as follows:]
19	SEC. 5.106.5.3. ELECTRIC VEHICLE (EV) CHARGING. [N]
20	In new construction and major alterations, 100% of off-street parking spaces in buildings and
21	facilities provided for all types of parking facilities passenger vehicles and trucks shall be
22	electric vehicle charging spaces (EV Spaces) capable of supporting future EVSE. Electrical
23	engineering design and construction documents shall indicate the location of all proposed EV spaces.
24	When EVSE is installed, it shall be in accordance with the San Francisco Building Code and the San
25	Francisco Electrical Code.

1	Construction shall comply with Section 5.106.5.3.1 or Section 5.106.5.3.2 to facilitate future
2	installation of electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE). When EVSE(S) is/are installed, it shall be in
3	accordance with the California Building Code, the California Electrical Code, and as follows:
4	
5	Section 1718. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
6	Section 5.106.5.3.1, to read as follows:
7	[Revise this section as follows:]
8	SEC. 5.106.5.3.1. SINGLE CHARGING SPACE REQUIREMENTS. [N]
9	When a single EV Space is required per Section 5.106.5.3.3, install a full branch circuit with a
10	minimum of 40-Amp 208 or 240 Volt capacity, including listed raceway, sufficient electrical panel
11	capacity, overcurrent protection devices, wire, and suitable listed termination point such as a
12	receptacle. The termination point shall be in close proximity to the proposed EV charger location. The
13	raceway shall not be less than trade size 1 (nominal 1-inch inside diameter). The circuit shall be
14	installed in accordance with the California Electrical Code San Francisco Electrical Code and the
15	San Francisco Building Code.
16	When only a single charging space is required per Table 5.106.5.3.3, a raceway is required to
17	be installed at the time of construction and shall be installed in accordance with the California
18	Electrical Code. Construction plans and specifications shall include, but are not limited to, the
19	following:
20	1. The type and location of the EVSE.
21	2. A listed raceway capable of accommodating a 208 or 240-volt dedicated branch circuit.
22	3. The raceway shall not be less than trade size 1."
23	4. The raceway shall originate at a service panel or a subpanel serving the area, and shall
24	terminate in close proximity to the proposed location of the charging equipment and into a listed
25	suitable cabinet, box, enclosure or equivalent.

1	5. The service panel or subpanel shall have sufficient capacity to accommodate a minimum
2	40-ampere dedicated branch circuit for the future installation of the EVSE.
3	
4	Section 1819. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
5	Section 5.106.5.3.2, to read as follows:
6	[Revise this section as follows:]
7	SEC. 5.106.5.3.2. MULTIPLE CHARGING SPACE REQUIREMENTS. [N]
8	(a) For a minimum of 10% of EV Spaces, and in no case less than two EV spaces when the total
9	number of EV Spaces is two or more, install a full circuit with minimum of 40-Amp 208 or 240 Volt
10	capacity per EV Space, including listed raceway, sufficient electrical panel service capacity,
11	overcurrent protection devices, wire, and suitable listed termination point such as a receptacle. The
12	termination point shall be in close proximity to the proposed EV charger location. Calculations for
13	the number of EV Spaces shall be rounded up to the nearest whole number.
14	(b) For an additional 10% of EV Spaces (total of not less than 20% when combined
15	with (a)), install either:
16	(1) A full circuit with minimum of 40-Amp 208 or 240 Volt capacity, including listed
17	raceway, sufficient
18	(b) Branch circuit panelboard(s) shall be installed at each parking level with service
19	capacity to deliver a minimum 40 amperes at 208 or 240 volts multiplied by 20% of the total
20	number of EV Spaces. The panelboard(s) shall have sufficient space to install a minimum of
21	one 40-ampere dedicated branch circuit and overcurrent protective device per EV Space up to
22	a minimum of 20% of the total number of EV Spaces. The circuits and overcurrent protective
23	devices shall remain reserved for exclusive use by electric vehicle charging.
24	(c) For all EV Spaces not required to install full circuits or raceways per Section
25	<u>5.106.5.3.2(a):</u>

1	(1) Either:
2	(A) Provide space for future installation of additional electrical panel
3	capacity, overcurrent protection devices, wire, and suitable listed termination
4	point such as a receptacle; or
5	(2) A full listed raceway with pull string and sufficient electrical panel capacity for a minimum
6	of 40-Amppanelboards to support a 40 ampere 208 or 240 Volt capacity per circuit per EV
7	Space. The raceway shall extend for the complete run from the branch circuit panelboard to a
8	termination point in close proximity to the proposed EV charger location. branch circuit and
9	overcurrent protection device per EV Space, or equivalent consistent with Section
10	<u>5.106.5.3.2.1; or</u>
11	(B) Provide space in installed electrical panelboard(s) to support
12	installation of a 40 ampere 208 or 240 volt capacity branch circuit and overcurrent protection
13	device per EV Space, or equivalent consistent with Section 5.106.5.3.2.1.
14	(2) Install raceway or sleeves where penetrations to walls, floors, or other
15	partitions will be necessary to install panels, raceways, or related electrical components
16	necessary for future installation of branch circuits. All such penetrations must comply with
17	applicable codes, including but not limited to the San Francisco Electrical Code and the San
18	Francisco Fire Code.
19	(d) (c) For all remaining EV Spaces, Construction documents, including electrical
20	engineering and design and construction documents shall indicate the raceway termination
21	point to supply an EV charger with a 40-ampere minimum branch circuit. Electrical
22	engineering design and related documents, shall demonstrate the electrical service capacity of
23	the electrical system, including any on-site distribution transformer(s), can charge EVSE at a
24	minimum of 20% of the total number of EV Spaces simultaneously, at the full rated amperage
25	of the EVSE or a minimum of 40 amperes per branch circuit, whichever is greater. As

1 appropriate, construction documents shall provide information on amperage of future EVSE, 2 raceway method(s), wiring schematics, anticipated EV load management system design(s), and 3 electrical load calculations to verify that the electrical panel service capacity and electrical system, including any on-site distribution transformer(s), can charge all EV Space and EVSEs 4 required by subsections (a) and (b) simultaneously at the full rated amperage of the EVSE. 5 6 Installation of an EV load management system is not required, but may be necessary in order 7 to provide EV charging at EV Spaces required by subsection (c). Raceways and related 8 components that are planned to be installed underground, enclosed, inaccessible, or in 9 concealed areas and spaces shall be installed at the time of original construction. 10 Exceptions. 11 1. Where there is no commercial power supply. 12 2. Where there is evidence substantiating that meeting the requirements will alter the local 13 utility infrastructure design requirements directly related to the implementation of this 14 Section may increase the utility side cost to the developer by more than \$400 per parking space. In such cases, buildings subject to Section 5.106.5.3.2 shall maximize the number of 15 EV Spaces, up to a maximum utility side cost of \$400 per space. Cost shall be determined by 16 dividing the increase in local utility infrastructure cost attributable to compliance with this 17 18 section by the sum of parking spaces and Electric Vehicle Charging Spaces. 19 3. In major alterations, where there is evidence substantiating that meeting the requirements of 20 this section present an unreasonable hardship or is technically infeasible, the Director 21 may upon request from the project sponsor consider an appeal to reduce the number of EV 22 Spaces required. 23 *Note:* This section does not require installation of EVSE.

The intent of sizing the panel with a minimum of 8 amperes per EV Space and

EVSE electrical service to provide 40 amperes at 208 or 240 Volts to at least 20% of

24

1	spaces simultaneously is to provide the option to utilize Electric Vehiclelisted EV Load
2	Management Systems to provide Level 2 EV charging (40 amperes at 208 or 240-volts)at
3	$\underline{100\%~of~parking~spaces.}$ -Eight (8) amperes of capacity per EV Space is sufficient for \underline{A}
4	listed EV Load Management system to managemanages the available capacity in a safe
5	manner, such as allocating 36 amperes at 208 or 240 volts to vehicles in 20% of the total
6	number of EV Charging Stations simultaneously, or allocating 8 amperes to vehicles in 100% of
7	parking spaces, or similar. Given the capacity required by this Section, individual EV chargers
8	may be installed in up to 20% of parking spaces before an EV load management system is
9	necessary.
10	When multiple charging spaces are required per Table 5.106.5.3.3, raceway(s) is/are required
11	to be installed at the time of construction and shall be installed in accordance with California
12	Electrical Code. Construction plans and specifications shall include, but are not limited to, the
13	following:
14	1. The type and location of the EVSE.
15	2. The raceway(s) shall originate at a service panel or a subpanel(s) serving the area, and shall
16	terminate in close proximity to the proposed location of the charging equipment and into listed suitable
17	cabinet(s), box(es), enclosure(s) or equivalent.
18	3. Plan design shall be based upon 40-ampere minimum branch circuits.
19	4. Electrical calculations shall substantiate the design of the electrical system, to include the
20	rating of equipment and any on-site distribution transformers and have sufficient capacity to
21	simultaneously charge all required EVs at its full rated amperage.
22	5. The service panel or subpanel(s) shall have sufficient capacity to accommodate the required
23	number of dedicated branch circuit(s) for circuits for the future installation of the EVSE.
24	
25	

1	Section 1920. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by adding
2	Section 5.106.5.3.2.1, to read as follows:
3	[Add the following section:]
4	SEC. 5.106.5.3.2.1. ELECTRIC VEHICLE (EV) FAST CHARGING SPACES.
5	(a) Installation of one Electric Vehicle Fast Charger may reduce the number of EV Spaces
6	required under Section 5.106.5.3.2(a) and (b) by up to 10 EV Spaces, provided that the project
7	includes at least one EV Space equipped with a full circuit able to deliver 40 Amps at 208 or 240 volts
8	to the EV Space, including listed raceway, sufficient electrical panel capacity, overcurrent protection
9	devices, wire, and suitable listed termination point such as a receptacle.
10	The electrical panel board(s) provided at each parking level served by EV Fast Chargers shall
11	have sufficient capacity to supply each Electric Vehicle fast charger with a minimum of 30 kW AC in
12	addition to the capacity to serve any remaining EV spaces with a minimum of 8-amperes at 208 or 240
13	volts per EV Space simultaneously, with a minimum of 40 amperes per circuit.
14	(b) After the requirements of 5.106.5.3.2(a) and (b) are met, each planned Electric Vehicle EV
15	Fast Charger may reduce the number of planned EV Spaces required under 5.106.5.3.2(c) by up to 10
16	spaces. Electrical engineering design and construction documents shall indicate the raceway
17	termination point and proposed location of future EV Fast Charger Spaces and EV Fast Chargers.
18	Electrical engineering design and construction documents shall also provide information on amperage
19	of EV Fast Chargers, raceway method(s), and wiring schematics. Electrical engineering design and
20	construction documents shall also provide electrical load calculations to verify that the electrical panel
21	service capacity and electrical system has sufficient capacity to simultaneously operate all installed EV
22	Fast Chargers with the full rated amperage of the EV fast charger(s), and simultaneously serve a
23	minimum of 40 amps per branch circuit to any remaining EV spaces required by Sections 4.106.4.4.2
24	(a) and (b) 5.106.5.3.2(a). Raceways and related components that are planned to be installed in
25	underground, enclosed, inaccessible, or inotherwise concealed areas andor spaces, shall be installed

1	at the time of original construction.
2	
3	Section 2021. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
4	Section 5.106.5.3.3, to read as follows:
5	[Revise this section as follows:]
6	SEC. 5.106.5.3.3. EV SPACE SLOPE, DIMENSIONS, AND LOCATION. EV CHARGING SPACE
7	CALCULATION. [N]
8	Electrical engineering dDesign and construction documents shall indicate how many
9	accessible EVCS would be required under Title 24 Chapter 11B Table 11B-228.3.2.1, if applicable, in
10	order to convert all EV Spaces required under 5.106.5.3.2 to EVCS. Electrical engineering.
11	excluding the exceptions in 5.106.5.3.2. Design and construction documents shall also
12	demonstrate that the facility is designed so that compliance with accessibility standards will be feasible
13	for accessible EV Spaces at the time of EVCS installation. Surface slope for any area designated for
14	accessible EV Spaces shall meet slope requirements in section 11B-812.3 at the time of original
15	building construction and vertical clearance requirements in Section 11B-812-4, if applicable.
16	Exception: Accessibility requirements of Section 5.106.5.3.3 shall not apply to buildings
17	whichthat are not covered under Title 24 Part 2 Chapter 11B. In addition, all applicable
18	exceptions to Chapter 11B shall continue to apply to this Section 5.106.5.3.3.
19	Note: Section 5.106.5.3.3, above, requires that the project be prepared to comply with
20	accessibility requirements applicable at the time of EVSE installation. Section 11B-812 of the
21	2016 California Building Code requires that a facility providing EVCS for public and common
22	use also provide one or more accessibility EVCS as specified in Table 11B-228.3.2.1.
23	Chapter 11B applies to regulates accessibility in certain buildings and facilities, including
24	but not limited to accessibility in public buildings, public accommodations, commercial
25	buildings, and publicly funded housing (see section 1.9 of Part 2 of the California Building

1	Code). Section 11B-812.4 requires that "Parking spaces, access aisles and vehicular routes
2	serving them shall provide a vertical clearance of 98 inches (2489 mm) minimum."
3	Section 11B-812.3 requires that parking spaces and access aisles meet maximum slope
4	requirements of 1 unit vertical in 48 units horizontal (2.083% slope) in any direction at the time
5	of new building construction or renovation. Section 11B-812.5 contains accessible route
6	<u>requirements.</u>
7	Table 5.106.5.3.3 shall be used to determine if single or multiple charging space requirements
8	apply for the future installation of EVSE.
9	Exceptions: On a case-by-case basis where the local enforcing agency has determined
10	EV charging and infrastructure is not feasible based upon one or more of the following
11	conditions:
12	1. Where there is insufficient electrical supply.
13	2. Where there is evidence suitable to the local enforcing agency substantiating that
14	additional local utility infrastructure design requirements, directly related to the
15	implementation of Section 5.106.5.3, may adversely impact the construction cost of the project.
16	
17	Section 2122. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
18	Section 5.106.5.3.4, to read as follows:
19	[Revise this section as follows:]
20	SEC. 5.106.5.3.4. IDENTIFICATION. [N]
21	The service panel or subpanel(s) circuit directory shall identify the reserved overcurrent
22	protective device space(s) for future EV charging as "EVSE READY" for full circuits and
23	otherwise "EVSE CAPABLE.". The raceway termination location or receptacle shall be
24	permanently and visibly marked as "EVSE READY" for full circuits and otherwise "EVSE
25	CAPABLE" until such time as EVSE are installed.

1	
2	Section 2223. The Green Building Code is hereby amended by revising
3	Section 5.106.5.3.5, to read as follows:
4	[Revise this section as follows:]
5	SEC. 5.106.5.3.5. [N]
6	Future charging spaces qualify as designated parking as described in
7	Section 5.106.5.2, Designated parking for clean air vehicles.
8	Notes:
9	1. The California Department of Transportation adopts and publishes the
10	California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (California MUTCD) to provide
11	uniform standards and specifications for all official traffic control devices in California.
12	Zero Emission Vehicle Signs and Pavement Markings can be found in the New Policies
13	& Directives number 13-01. www.dot.ca.gov/hq/traffops/policy/13-01.pdf.
14	2. See Vehicle Code Section 22511 for EV charging spaces signage in off-
15	street parking facilities and for use of EV charging spaces.
16	3. The Governor's Office of Planning and Research published a Zero-Emission
17	Vehicle Community Readiness Guidebook which provides helpful information for local
18	governments, residents and businesses. www.opr.ca.gov/docs/ZEV_Guidebook.pdf.
19	
20	Section 24. The Environment Code is hereby amended by adding Chapter 27, to read
21	as follows:
22	CHAPTER 27: ELECTRIC VEHICLE READINESS IMPLEMENTATION.
23	SEC. 2701. PURPOSE.
24	The purpose of this Chapter 27 is to encourage the utilization of electric service
25	capacity designated for electric vehicle charging that has been installed in San Francisco

1	buildings in accordance with the San Francisco Green Building Code.
2	SEC. 2702. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING
3	INSPECTION.
4	The Director of the Department of Building Inspection shall provide to the Department
5	of Environment a list of the buildings and facilities that are Electric Vehicle Ready, as
6	identified by their compliance with San Francisco Green Building Code Sections 4.106 and
7	5.106, or equivalent means to identify such buildings and facilities.
8	SEC. 2703. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT.
9	The Department of the Environment shall maintain a list of Electric Vehicle Ready
10	buildings and facilities, and annually notify owners of Electric Vehicle Ready buildings of both
11	their responsibilities under this Chapter 27, and any currently available financing or incentives
12	for the installation of electric vehicle chargers.
13	SEC. 2704. REQUIREMENTS OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE READY BUILDING
14	OWNERS.
15	(a) Owners of Electric Vehicle Ready buildings, including homeowners' associations
16	and similar entities, shall annually notify all residents and lessees of owned Electric Vehicle
17	Ready buildings of the remaining electrical service capacity in the facility; the right of tenants
18	of dwelling units in California to install electric vehicle service equipment per California Civil
19	Code Section 1947.6; and of any applicable financing or incentives, as conveyed by the
20	Department of Environment under Section 2703.
21	(b) Enforcement of notification requirement for building owners.
22	(1) Warning. The Director shall issue a written warning to any building owner he
23	or she determines is violating subsection (a) of this Section 2704. In the event the Director
24	finds that after 30 days from the date of such warning, a building owner has failed to comply.
25	the Director may impose administrative fines as provided in this Section 2704.

1	(2) Administrative Fines. Violations of the provisions of this Chapter, or of any
2	regulations issued by the Director pursuant to Section 2007, may be punished by
3	administrative fines as follows. For buildings of 50,000 square feet and greater, up to \$100 per
4	day for a maximum of 25 days in one twelve-month period for each building in violation. For
5	buildings of 49,999 square feet or less, up to \$50 per day for a maximum of 25 days in one
6	12-month period for each building in violation.
7	(3) Except as to the amount of administrative fines, set forth above,
8	Administrative Code Chapter 100, "Procedures Governing the Imposition of Administrative
9	Fines," as may be amended from time to time, is hereby incorporated in its entirety and shall
10	govern the imposition, enforcement, collection, and review of administrative citations issued
11	by the Department of the Environment to enforce this Section 2704 and any rule or regulation
12	adopted pursuant to this Chapter 27.
13	(c) Use of Proceeds. Administrative fine collected under subsection (b) shall be used to
14	fund implementation and enforcement of this Chapter.
15	(d) This Section 2704 shall not apply to the City or to any municipally owned buildings.
16	SEC. 2705. DISCLAIMER.
17	In adopting and implementing this Chapter, the City and County of San Francisco is
18	assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it
19	imposing on its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of which it is liable in money
20	damages to any person who claims that such breach proximately caused injury.
21	
22	Section 2325. Effective and Operative Dates. This ordinance shall become effective
23	30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor
24	returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it,
25	

1	or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance. The provisions of
2	this ordinance shall become operative on May 1, 2017 January 1, 2018.
3	
4	Section 2426. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of
5	Supervisors intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections
6	articles, numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the
7	Municipal Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board
8	amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that
9	appears under the official title of the ordinance.
10	
11	Section 2527. Directions to Clerk. The Clerk of the Board of Supervisors is hereby
12	directed to forward a copy of this ordinance to the California Building Standards Commission
13	upon final passage.
14	
15	
16	APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
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18	
19	By: NEHA GUPTA
20	Deputy City Attorney
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