BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244 San Francisco 94102-4689 Tel. No. 554-5184 Fax No. 554-5163 TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

October 12, 2017

The Honorable Teri Jackson Presiding Judge Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco 400 McAllister Street, Department 206 San Francisco, CA 94102

RE: Civil Grand Jury Report - The San Francisco Retirement System - Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight

Dear Judge Jackson:

The Board of Supervisors' Government Audit and Oversight Committee conducted a public hearing on September 20, 2017, to review the findings and recommendations of the 2016-2017 Civil Grand Jury report, entitled "The San Francisco Retirement System - Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight."

Prior to the Committee meeting, the following City Departments submitted required responses to the Civil Grand Jury:

- Office of the Controller: Received August 11, 2017, for Findings F2, F3, and F4; and Recommendations R2.1, R2.2, R3.1, R3.2, R4.1, and R4.2; and
- The Mayor's Office submitted a consolidated response for the following departments: a. Office of the Mayor;
 - b. Elections Department; and
 - c. Elections Commission

Received August 15, 2017, for Findings F1, F2, and F3; and Recommendations R1.1, R1.2, R2.1, R2.2, R3.1, and R3.2.

• Retirement Board: Received September 13, 2017, for Findings F1, F2, and F4; and Recommendations R1.1, R1.2, R2.1, R2.2, R4.1 and R4.2.

At the September 20, 2017 meeting, the Government Audit and Oversight Committee prepared a resolution responding to the requested findings and recommendations identified in the report. The response was prepared by Resolution No. 360-17, enacted on October 5, 2017.

Civil Grand Jury Report - The San Francisco Retirement System -Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight Office of the Clerk of the Board Transmittal October 12, 2017 Page 2

By this message, the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors is transmitting Resolution No. 360-17 to your attention.

If you have any questions, please contact John Carroll, Government Audit and Oversight Committee Clerk at (415) 554-4445, or via email to john.carroll@sfgov.org.

Sincerely,

- a cra. A

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Kathie Lowry, Foreperson, 2016, 2017 San Francisco Civil Grand Jury c: Kitsaun King, 2015-2016 San Francisco Civil Grand Jury Jason Elliot, Chief of Staff, Mayor's Office Kate Howard, Deputy Chief of Staff, Mayor's Office Melissa Whitehouse, Budget Director, Mayor's Office Marie Valdez, Mayor's Office Ben Rosenfield, Controller, Office of the Controller Asja Steeves, Office of the Controller Peg Stevenson, Office of the Controller John Arntz, Director, Department of Elections Chris Jerdonek, Elections Commission Jay Huish, Executive Director, Employee's Retirement System Norm Nickens, Retirement Board Jon Givner, Deputy City Attorney Alisa Somera, Legislative Deputy Director, Office of the Clerk of the Board Severin Campbell, Budget and Legislative Analyst Ashley Clark, Budget and Legislative Analyst



City and County of San Francisco

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Certified Copy

Resolution

170663

[Board Response - Civil Grand Jury Report - The San Francisco Retirement System - Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight]

Resolution responding to the Presiding Judge of the Superior Court on the findings and recommendations in the 2016-2017 Civil Grand Jury Report entitled "The San Francisco Retirement System - Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight;" and urging the Mayor to cause the implementation of accepted findings and recommendations through his/her department heads and through the development of the annual budget. (Clerk of the Board)

9/26/2017 Board of Supervisors - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

Ayes: 11 - Breed, Cohen, Farrell, Fewer, Kim, Peskin, Ronen, Safai, Sheehy, Tang and Yee

9/26/2017 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED AS AMENDED

Ayes: 11 - Breed, Cohen, Farrell, Fewer, Kim, Peskin, Ronen, Safai, Sheehy, Tang and Yee

10/5/2017 Mayor - APPROVED

STATE OF CALIFORNIA CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE

I do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution is a full, true, and correct copy of the original thereof on file in this office.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the offical seal of the City and County of San Francisco.



October 10, 2017 Date AMENDED IN BOARD 9/26/2017

[Board Response - Civil Grand Jury Report - The San Francisco Retirement System -Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight]

Resolution responding to the Presiding Judge of the Superior Court on the findings and recommendations contained in the 2016-2017 Civil Grand Jury Report, entitled "The San Francisco Retirement System - Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight;" and urging the Mayor to cause the implementation of accepted findings and recommendations through his/her department heads and through the development of the annual budget.

WHEREAS, Under California Penal Code, Section 933 et seq., the Board of Supervisors must respond, within 90 days of receipt, to the Presiding Judge of the Superior Court on the findings and recommendations contained in Civil Grand Jury Reports; and

WHEREAS, In accordance with California Penal Code, Section 933.05(c), if a finding or recommendation of the Civil Grand Jury addresses budgetary or personnel matters of a county agency or a department headed by an elected officer, the agency or department head and the Board of Supervisors shall respond if requested by the Civil Grand Jury, but the response of the Board of Supervisors shall address only budgetary or personnel matters over which it has some decision making authority; and

WHEREAS, Under San Francisco Administrative Code, Section 2.10(a), the Board of Supervisors must conduct a public hearing by a committee to consider a final report of the findings and recommendations submitted, and notify the current foreperson and immediate past foreperson of the civil grand jury when such hearing is scheduled; and

WHEREAS, In accordance with San Francisco Administrative Code, Section 2.10(b), the Controller must report to the Board of Supervisors on the implementation of

recommendations that pertain to fiscal matters that were considered at a public hearing held by a Board of Supervisors Committee; and

WHEREAS, The 2016-2017 Civil Grand Jury Report, entitled "The San Francisco Retirement System – Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight" ("Report") is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 170662, which is hereby declared to be a part of this Resolution as if set forth fully herein; and

WHEREAS, The Civil Grand Jury has requested that the Board of Supervisors respond to Finding Nos. F1 and F2 as well as Recommendation Nos. R1.1, R1.2, R2.1, and R2.2, contained in the subject Report; and

WHEREAS, Finding No. F1 states: "That there are multiple causes for the City's \$5.81 billion debt to its Retirement System, including investment losses (\$1.4 billion), a court ruling on Supplemental Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) in the 2011 Proposition C (\$1.3 billion), and changes in demographic assumptions (\$1.1 billion). However, the principal underlying cause is the estimated \$3.5 billion in retroactive retirement benefit increases implemented by voter-approved propositions between 1996 and 2008;" and

WHEREAS, Finding No. F2 states: "1) That the City's Retirement System diligently
protects the retirement-related interests of the City's employees and retirees; 2) that the
Retirement Board has a majority of members who are also members of the Retirement
System (they receive, or will receive, pensions); 3) that when it came to retroactive retirement
benefit increase propositions between 1996 and 2008, the Mayor, Board of Supervisors,
Retirement Board, and Controller did not fulfill their responsibility to watch out for the interests
of the City and its residents; and 4) that despite previous Retirement System-related
propositions (2010 Proposition D and 2011 Proposition C) that reduced future pension
liabilities, the Retirement System remains seriously underfunded, threatening the fiscal status
of the City;" and

Clerk of the Board BOARD OF SUPERVISORS 1

2

3

4

5

WHEREAS, Recommendation No. R1.1 states: "That the Mayor and Board of Supervisors fully disclose the financial details of any future retirement benefit increases or decreases to the public;" and

WHEREAS, Recommendation No. R1.2 states: "That by the end of 2018, the Retirement Board produce an annual report for the public showing each component of the debt owed by the City to the Retirement System, including the full history of each component and descriptions of all calculations;" and

WHEREAS, Recommendation No. R2.1 states: "That the Board of Supervisors establish a permanent Retirement System Oversight Committee to develop a comprehensive, long-term solution for the Retirement System that is fair to both employees and taxpayers, and present it to the voters in a proposition by 2018. All options for reducing pension liabilities must be considered, including a hybrid Defined Benefit / Defined Contribution plan. The details of the committee are:

1. Name: Retirement System Oversight Committee

2. Purpose

a. Develop a comprehensive, long-term solution for the Retirement System's unfunded liabilities that is fair to both employees, retirees, and taxpayers, and present it to voters in a proposition by the end of 2018. All options should be on the table, including a Hybrid Defined Benefit / Defined Contribution plan.

b. Inform and educate the public concerning the finances of the Retirement System.

c. As needed, develop solutions to future problems the Retirement System encounters and, if necessary, present them to voters in a proposition. All options should be on the table, including a Hybrid Defined Benefit / Defined Contribution plan.

d. The Committee shall provide oversight to ensure that: (1) actions taken by the Retirement System are in the best interest of the residents of San Francisco; (2) all propositions that modify the Retirement System are adequately described to voters in the Voter Information Pamphlet.

e. In furtherance of its purpose, the committee may engage in any of the following activities:

i. Inquire into the actions of the Retirement System by reviewing reports, analyses, financial statements, actuarial reports, or other materials related to the Retirement System.

ii. Holding public meetings to review the effect on San Francisco residents of actions taken by the Retirement System.

3. Public Meetings

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

a. The Board of Supervisors shall provide the committee with any necessary technical assistance and shall provide administrative assistance in furtherance of its purpose and sufficient resources to publicize the conclusions of the committee.

b. All committee proceedings shall be subject to the California Public Records Act (Section 6254, et seq., of the Government Code of the State of California) and the City's Sunshine Ordinance (Chapter 67 of this Code). The committee shall issue regular reports on the results of its activities. A report shall be issued at least once a year. Minutes of the proceedings of the committee and all documents received and reports issued shall be a matter of public record and be made available on the Board's website. 4. Membership

a. Two-thirds of the members will be Public members and one-third will be Representative members.

b. Public members.

i. Public members must be voters.

ii. Public members cannot be members of the Retirement System.

iii. Each Supervisor will appoint a single Public member.

iv. The Mayor will appoint all other Public members.

v. Public members can only be removed for cause.

vi. Public members shall be experienced in life insurance, actuarial science, employee pension planning, investment portfolio management, labor negotiations, accounting, mathematics, statistics, economics, or finance.

vii. Public members will receive no compensation.

viii. Four-year term, staggered so that one-fourth of the Public members' terms expire each year.

ix. No more than two consecutive terms.

c. Representative members

i. Mayor's Office representative.

ii. Board of Supervisors' representative.

iii. Controller's Office representative.

iv. Human Resources Department representative.

v. Safety Unions' representative.

vi. Miscellaneous Unions' representative.

Clerk of the Board BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

5. Committee Costs

a. The Board of Supervisors will decide how best to fund the Committee;" and WHEREAS, Recommendation No. R2.2 states: "That by the end of 2018, the Mayor and Board of Supervisors submit a Charter amendment proposition to the voters to add three additional public members who are not Retirement System members to the Retirement Board;" and

WHEREAS, In accordance with California Penal Code, Section 933.05(c), the Board of Supervisors must respond, within 90 days of receipt, to the Presiding Judge of the Superior Court on Finding Nos. F1 and F2 as well as Recommendation Nos. R1.1, R1.2, R2.1, and R2.2 contained in the subject Report; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors reports to the Presiding Judge of the Superior Court that they disagree partially with Finding No. F1 for reason as follows: The primary causes of the greater than expected unfunded liabilities were the lower returns on investments due to the dot-com bust and the Great Recession, the changes in demographic assumptions, and the court ruling on the Supplemental Cost of Living Adjustments in the 2011 Proposition C, but not the voter-approved propositions between 1996 and 2008; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors reports to the Presiding Judge of the Superior Court that they disagree partially with Finding No. F2 for reason as follows: The City departments did fulfill their responsibilities in overseeing the interests of City residents regarding retirement benefits-related ballot initiatives between 1996 and 2008, and that the Retirement System is not seriously underfunded, nor does it threaten the fiscal health of the City; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors reports that Recommendation No. R1.1 has not been implemented but will be; For any future retirement benefit increases or decreases, the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors shall provide information in lay-person terms that is available and easily accessible on the City's website and that clearly presents projected financials including unfunded liabilities; in addition, when there is a ballot initiative that addresses retirement benefits, the Voter Information Pamphlet shall include an introductory paragraph written by the Controller explaining in lay-person terms the assets, liabilities, projected financials, including unfunded liabilities, and health of the retirement system; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors reports that Recommendation No. R1.2 has not been implemented but will be; The 2017 Retirement System's annual report shall include information about the Retirement System's projected finances, including unfunded liabilities; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors reports that Recommendation No. R2.1 will not be implemented because it is not warranted or reasonable; The Mayor and Board of Supervisors have oversight over the Retirement System and review financials and projections regularly, including during the annual City budget process; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors reports that Recommendation No. R2.2 requires further analysis as the Board of Supervisors needs to investigate the consequences of adding members to the Retirement Board, and will report back to the Civil Grand Jury by December 16, 2017; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors urges the Mayor to cause the implementation of the accepted findings and recommendations through his/her department heads and through the development of the annual budget.

Clerk of the Board BOARD OF SUPERVISORS



City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Resolution

File Number: 170663

Date Passed: September 26, 2017

Resolution responding to the Presiding Judge of the Superior Court on the findings and recommendations in the 2016-2017 Civil Grand Jury Report entitled "The San Francisco Retirement System - Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight," and urging the Mayor to cause the implementation of accepted findings and recommendations through his/her department heads and through the development of the annual budget.

September 20, 2017 Government Audit and Oversight Committee - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

September 20, 2017 Government Audit and Oversight Committee - RECOMMENDED AS AMENDED

September 26, 2017 Board of Supervisors - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

Ayes: 11 - Breed, Cohen, Farrell, Fewer, Kim, Peskin, Ronen, Safai, Sheehy, Tang and Yee

September 26, 2017 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED AS AMENDED

Ayes: 11 - Breed, Cohen, Farrell, Fewer, Kim, Peskin, Ronen, Safai, Sheehy, Tang and Yee

File No. 170663

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED AS AMENDED on 9/26/2017 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Mavor

Date Approved



City and County of San Francisco Employees' Retirement System

September 13, 2017

The Honorable Teri L. Jackson Presiding Judge, Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco 400 McAllister Street, Room 008 San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear Judge Jackson:

Pursuant to Penal Code sections 933 and 933.05, the following is in reply to the 2016-17 Civil Grand Jury report, *The San Francisco Retirement System – Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight.* We would like to thank the Civil Grand Jury for their attention to this subject. The members of the Retirement Board recognize that, in performing their fiduciary duties to prudently oversee the investment and administration of the SFERS Trust, their actions impact both plan beneficiaries and the City.

The Retirement Board appreciates the Civil Grand Jury's recognition of its diligent work to protect the interests of the beneficiaries of the SFERS Trust. As a result of this work, SFERS is among the top-performing and well-funded public pension plans in the nation. The Retirement Board is confident that, over the long term, the assets in the SFERS Trust will be sufficient to pay the promised benefits to all beneficiaries. The City and its voters have also taken important steps to address the increase in unfunded liability. The pension reform legislation approved by City voters in 2011 (Prop. C) will significantly reduce the City's long-term pension obligations and reduce the projected unfunded liabilities over time.

The Retirement Board works continuously to improve the quality and clarity of its reporting. The reports related to the projected cost of benefit improvements referenced in the Civil Grand Jury's report accurately measure the cost/effect impact of the proposed benefit changes at the time they were prepared and presented to the Board of Supervisors and the City voters.

The Civil Grand Jury's report provided important feedback to help us understand how our reporting is received. Retirement System staff is always exploring ways to simplify the presentation of sometimes complex topics and information and is prepared to assist members of the public and City employees and retirees with any questions they might have related to the financial, actuarial and administrative information provided in our reports. The Retirement System welcomes comments on specific ways to improve these various reports to ensure their ability to be useful to a broad array of audiences interested in these complex topics.

Detailed responses by the Retirement Board to the Civil Grand Jury's findings and recommendations are attached.

Respectfully submitted,

Jay Hulsh, Executive Director, on behalf of the SFERS Retirement Board

cc: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board, City and County of San Francisco

(415) 487-7020

1145 Market Street, Fifth Floor

San Francisco, CA 94103

עטון איז געטון איז געטון איז געטון איז געטון איז געטון איז געטען איז געטען געטען געטען געטען געטען געטען געטען The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight : **RESPONSES TO CGJ FINDINGS**

CGJ Year	Report Title		Findings	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (Agree/Disagree)	2017 Response Text
2016-17		F1	That there are multiple causes for the City's \$5.81 billion debt to its Retirement System, including investment losses (\$1.4 billion), a court ruling on Supplemental Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) in the 2011 Proposition C (\$1.3 billion), and changes in demographic assumptions (\$1.1 billion). However, the principal underlying cause is the estimated \$3.5 billion in retroactive retirement benefit increases implemented by voter-approved propositions between 1996 and 2008.	Retirement Board	disagree with it, wholly (explanation in next column)	The Retirement Board is confident that, over the long term, the assets in the SFERS Trust will be sufficient to pay the promised benefits to all beneficiaries. We emphasize the long term view because none of the figures cited as "debt' are due now. Rather, the items being called a "debt" are funding gaps (i.e., unfunded liabilities) which are designed to be paid off over the life of the SFERS Trust. Additionally, under Proposition C, City employees now pay more out of each and every paycheck into the SFERS Trust, which has reduced the City's cost. Despite investment shortfalls from two recent major recessions, including the Tech Bubble and the Global Financial Crisis, SFERS is closing the gap and ranked in the first quartile of all U.S. public fund peers. SFERS investment performance varies from year-to-year due to financial markets; however, SFERS invests for the long term, evidenced by its top quartile performance, over the 3 year, 5 year, and 10 year time periods. SFERS investment gains have contributed a significant amount toward reducing the unfunded liabilities. In accordance with the City Charter and Retirement Board policies, the cost or increase in liabilities associated with every voter-approved proposition is amortized over up to a 20-year period. The remaining cost of the benefit and COLA increase approved by City voters between 1996 and 2008 was \$1.038 billion, as of June 30, 2016. By 2028, this liability will be paid in full. The present value of the increase in the unfunded liability resulting from the courturing on the Supplemental COLA retroactive payments of 2013 and 2014 wa calculated to be \$429.3 million, as of July 2016.

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight : RESPONSES TO CGJ FINDINGS

CGJ Year	Report Title	#	Findings	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (Agree/Disagree)	2017 Response Text
2016-17		F2	1) That the City's Retirement System diligently protects the retirement-related interests of the City's employees and retirees; 2) that the Retirement Board has a majority of members who are also members of the Retirement System (they receive, or will receive, pensions); 3) that when it came to retroactive retirement benefit increase propositions between 1996 and 2008, the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, Retirement Board, and Controller did not fulfill their responsibility to watch out for the interests of the City and its residents; and 4) that despite previous Retirement System-related propositions (2010 Proposition D and 2011 Proposition C) that reduced future pension liabilities, the Retirement System remains seriously underfunded, threatening the fiscal status of the City.	Retirement Board	disagree with it, partially (explanation i	SFERS is among the top performing and well-funded public pensions plans in the United States and disagrees with the finding that the "Retirement System remains seriously underfunded." The Retirement Board is confident that, over the long term, the assets in the SFERS Trust will be sufficient to pay the promised benefits to all beneficiaries. The Retirement Board recognizes that unfunded liabilities are not a "debt" that must be paid today. Rather, the Retirement Board annually adopts and administers a funding policy to assure that all promised benefits will be paid over the combined lifetimes of the members and their beneficiaries. Each year, the Retirement Board receives an actuarial valuation - a detailed report on the long-term progress of the SFERS Trust toward reducing all pension liabilities. Existing funding policies are reviewed and adjusted, where appropriate, to ensure the long-term financial strength of the SFERS Trust. In accordance with the City Charter, Retirement Board policies, and industry best practices, any increase in the unfunded liabilities associated with every voter- approved proposition is spread out over a 20-year period, which minimizes the impact to the City budget. Based on recent actuarial projections, the Retirement Board also strongly disagrees with the finding "that when it came to retroactive retirement benefit increases between 1996 and 2008, the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, Retirement Board, and Controller did not fulfill their responsibility to watch out for the interest of the City and its residents." The Retirement Board also strongly disagrees with the finding "that when it came to retroactive retirement benefit increases between 1996 and 2008, the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, Retirement Board, and Controller did not fulfill their responsibility to watch out for the interest of the City and its residents."

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight : RESPONSES TO CGJ FINDINGS

CGJ Year	Report Title	#	Findings	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (Agree/Disagree)	2017 Response Text
2016-17	The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding & Adding Voter Oversight		The Controller and the Retirement System provide extensive reports about the Retirement System, but they are too complex for the average citizen, employee, or retiree to understand. The data in the Retirement System reports is not available to the Retirement System or the public in a dataset, making research and analysis more difficult.	Retirement Board		The Retirement System provides extensive reports detailing financial, actuarial and administrative matters, available on the SFERS website, on an annual basis. These annual reports include audited financial statements and required supplementary information, an actuarial valuation, and a department annual report which consolidates the financial and actuarial information with detailed information on the administration of the Retirement System. The Retirement System can neither agree nor disagree that these reports are too complex for the average citizen, employee, or retiree to understand; however, Retirement System staff is always exploring ways to simplify the presentation of sometimes complex topics and information and is prepared to assist members of the public and City employees and retirees with any questions they might have related to the financial, actuarial and administrative information provided in our reports. The Retirement System welcomes comments on specific ways to improve these various reports to ensure their ability to be useful to a broad array of audiences interested in these complex topics. The Retirement System disagrees with the finding that the data in the Retirement System reports is not available in a dataset. The Retirement System has ready access to all the data used in preparing these reports.
			•			

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight: RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS

:GJ Year	Report Title		Recommendations	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text
	The SF Retirement System - Increasing Understanding & Adding Voter Oversight	R1.1	That the Mayor and Board of Supervisors fully disclose the financial details of any future retirement benefit increases or decreases to the public	Retirement Board	it was implemented in next column)	The Retirement Board will continue its long-standing practice for any and all future City ordinances or City Charter amendments that impact retirement benefits. The Retirement Board's consulting actuary will prepare and present a cost-effect report to the Board of Supervisors, as required under the City Charter. Each report will be prepared in accordance with Industry standards and practices, using the best available demographic information and economic information at the time, as well as the long-term demographic and economic assumptions adopted by the Retirement Board. The report is intended to assist the Board of Supervisors and/or the City's voters, by providing an expert's projection of the overall cost and increase in liability for each proposition. These reports accurately measure the cost/effect Impact of the proposition at the time they are prepared. Certainly, the cost or change in liability may differ, in the future, due to changes in fund investment performance (e.g. 2007-08 Global Financial Crisis), changes in economic and demographic assumptions, and changes in plan provisions which are beyond the Retirement Board's control.
2016-17	Accelerating SF Government Performance, Taking Accountability and Transparency to the Next Level		That by the end of 2018, the Retirement Board produce an annual report for the public showing each component of the debt owed by the City to the Retirement System, including the full history of each component and descriptions of all calculations.	Retirement Board	The recommendation has been implemented (summary of how it was implemented in next column)	The Retirement System provides extensive reports detailing financial, actuarial and administrative matters, including a summary of their financial statements that are designed for a knowledgeable but non-expert audience, on an annual basis. These annual reports are available on the SFERS website and include audited financial statements and required supplementary information, an actuarial valuation, and a department annual report which consolidates the financial and actuarial information with detailed information on the administration of the Retirement System. The details of the breakout for each component of unfunded liability related to the City's retirement plan are contained in each annual actuarial valuation report. The Retirement System maintains at least five years of the SFERS annual actuarial valuation report on its website. Historical valuation reports beyond the years available on the website are available by request to the Retirement System. The Retirement System welcomes comments on specific ways to improve these various products to ensure their ability to be useful to a broad array of audiences interested in this complex topic.

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight; RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS

GJ Year	Report Title	Recommendations	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text
1016-17	The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding & Adding Voter Oversight	That the Mayor and Board of Supervisors fully disclose the financial details of any future retirement benefit increases or decreases to the public	Retirement	The recommendation has been implemented (summary of how it was implemented in next column)	
2016-17	Accelerating SF Government Performance. Taking Accountability and Transparency to the Next Level	That by the end of 2018, the Retirement Board produce an annual report for the public showing each component of the debt owed by the City to the Retirement System, including the full history of each component and descriptions of all calculations.	Retirement Board	The recommendation has been implemented (summary of how it was implemented in next column)	The Retirement System provides extensive reports detailing financial, actuarial and administrative matters, including a summary of their financial statements that are designed for a knowledgeable but non-expert audience, on an annual basis. These annual reports are available on the SFERS website and include audited financial statements and required supplementary information, an actuarial valuation, and a department annual report which consolidates the financial and actuarial information with detailed information on the administration of the Retirement System. The details of the breakout for each component of unfunded liability related to the City's retirement plan are contained in each annual actuarial valuation report. The Retirement System maintains at least five years of the SFERS annual actuarial valuation report on its website. Historical valuation reports beyond the years available on the website are available by request to the Retirement System. The Retirement System welcomes comments on specific ways to improve these various products to ensure their ability to be useful to a broad array of audiences interested in this complex topic.

.2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight: RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS

CGJ Year	Report Title	#	Recommendations	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text
	A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE	R2.1	That the Board of Supervisors establish a permanent Retirement System Oversight Committee to develop a comprehensive, long-term solution for the Retirement System that is fair to both employees and taxpayers, and present it to the voters in a proposition by 2018. All options for reducing pension liabilities must be considered, including a hybrid Defined Benefit / Defined Contribution plan. The details of the committee are: 1. Name: Retirement System Oversight Committee 2. Purpose a. Develop a comprehensive, long-term solution for the Retirement System's unfunded liabilities that is fair to both employees, retirees, and taxpayers, and present it to voters in a proposition by the end of 2018. All options should be on the table, including a Hybrid Defined Benefit / DefinedContribution plan. b. Inform and educate the public concerning the finances of the Retirement System encounters and, if necessary, present them to voters in a proposition. All options should be on the table, including a Hybrid Defined Benefit / Defined Contribution plan. d. The Committee shall provide oversight to ensure that: 1) actions taken by the Retirement System are in the best interest of the residents of San Francisco; (2) all propositions that modify the Retirement System, are adequately described to voters in the Voter Information Pamphlet, e. In furtherance of its purpose, the committee may engage in any of the following activities: 1. Inquire into the actions of the Retirement System. 3, Public Meetings a. The Board of Supervisors shall provide the committee yith any recessary technical assistance and shall provide administrative assistance in furtherance. b. All committee proceedings shall be subject to the California Public Records Act	Retirement Board	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not warranted or reasonable (explanation in next column)	
2016-17	The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding & Adding Voter Oversight	1	That by the end of 2018, the Mayor and Board of Supervisors submit a Charter amendment proposition to the voters to add three additional public members who are not Retirement System members to the Retirement Board.	Retirement Board	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not warranted or reasonable (explanation in next column)	This recommendation should be directed to the Mayor's Office and Board of Supervisors and not the Retirement Board. Note: SFERS does not believe this recommendation will lead to the desired outcome of having representatives on the Retirement Board "to watch out for the Interests of the City and its residents." All members of the Retirement Board, regardless of who elected or appointed them to the Board, have a fiduciary duty to SFERS participants and their beneficiaries. In accordance with the California State Constitution, this duty takes precedence over any other duty or concern. Under the State Constitution, the Retirement Board is required to discharge its duties with respect to the SFERS Trust solely in the Interest of, and for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to SFERS participants and their beneficiaries, and defraying reasonable expenses of administering the system. Under trust law, the Retirement Board's duty to its participants and their beneficiaries takes precedence over any other duty, including any duty to the City or its residents.

,

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight: RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS

CGJ Year	Report Title	Recommendations	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text-
2016-17	The SF Retirement R4.1 System- Increasing Understanding & Adding Voter Oversight	That by the end of 2018, the Retirement System develop and maintain a dataset based on the data in its actuarial and financial reports of the last 20 years, and make that dataset available to the public.	Retirement Board		The Retirement System produces various reports detailing financial, actuarial, and operational issues, including a summary of their financial statements that are designed for a knowledgeable but non-expert audience. The Retirement System provides extensive reports detailing financial, actuarial and administrative matters, available on the SFERS website, on an annual basis. These annual reports include audited financial statements and required supplementary information, an actuarial valuation, and a department annual report which consolidates the financial and actuarial information with detailed information on the administration of the Retirement System. The data used to produce these reports is available to the public to the extent it is not protected from disclosure by law. The Retirement System welcomes comments on specific ways to improve the public availability of data used in preparing the various reports to ensure their ability to be useful to a broad array of audiences interested in these complex topics.
2016-17	The SF Retirement R4.2 System- Increasing Understanding & Adding Voter Oversight	That by the end of 2018, the Controller's Office develop and produce an annual Retirement System Report that clearly explains the current and projected status of the Retirement System and its effect on the City's budget.	Retirement Board	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not warranted or reasonable (explanation in next column)	This recommendation should be directed to the Controller's Office and not the Retirement Board.

.

.

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR SAN FRANCISCO



EDWIN M. LEE MAYOR

August 15, 2017

The Honorable Teri L. Jackson Presiding Judge Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco 400 McAllister Street San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear Judge Jackson:

Pursuant to Penal Code sections 933 and 933.05, the following is in reply to the 2016-17 Civil Grand Jury report, *The San Francisco Retirement System: Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight*. We would like to thank the members of the Civil Grand Jury for their interest in San Francisco's Retirement System and its role in the City's long-term financial health. The report focuses primarily on two challenges with the Retirement System: reducing our long term pension obligations, and improving transparency and accountability to taxpayers about the City's pension costs.

The City remains commited to striving for responsible stewardship of the San Francisco Employees' Retirement System (SFERS). The careful management of retirement obligations and their associated costs is critical to ensuring the City's financial security. In 2011 Mayor Ed Lee worked to pass pension reform legislation which significantly reduced the City's long term pension obligations. The legislation (Prop. C) included reductions to benefits and requirements that employee contribute at least 7.5% of their salary toward their pension costs, depending on the health of the pension fund. This was estimated to save the City up to \$1.3 billion over the subsequent 10 years. Without this legislation, the City's fiscal outlook would be considerably worse.

There are mutiple drivers of the City's long term pension obligations. However, SFERS is among the topperforming and well-funded public pension plans in the United States. The System is currently 85% funded, versus an average of 72% funded amongst peer jurisdictions. That funding gap that will be closed over the long term, not only by the City but also by City employees as a result of the employee cost sharing provisions approved by the voters in 2011 and future investment gains. However, future pension liabilities are a great concern for the city, and are carefully tracked and analyzed closely on an ongoing basis by the Mayor's Office, Controller's Office, Retirement System and the Board of Supervisors' Budget and Legislative Analyst. We closely monitor the impact of our pension obligations on our long term fiscal deficit and will continue to seek to reduce projected deficits over time.

A detailed response from the Mayor's Office, Elections Department, and Elections Commission to the Civil Grand Jury's findings and recommendations are attached.

Each signatory prepared its own responses and is able to respond to questions related to its respective part of the report.

1 DR. CARLTON B. GOODLETT PLACE, ROOM 200 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94102-4681 TELEPHONE: (415) 554-6141 Thank you again for the opportunity to comment on this Civil Grand Jury report.

Sincerely,

Edwin Lee Mayor

M John Arntz Director of the Department of Election

Christopher Jerdonek President of the Elections Commission

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight : **RESPONSES TO CGJ FINDINGS**

rt Title	#	Findings	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (Agree/Disagree)	2017 Response Text
rement :reasing Jing & er Oversight	F1	That there are multiple causes for the City's \$5.81 billion debt to its Retirement System, including investment losses (\$1.4 billion), a court ruling on Supplemental Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) in the 2011 Proposition C (\$1.3 billion), and changes in demographic assumptions (\$1.1 billion). However, the principal underlying cause is the estimated \$3.5 billion in retroactive retirement benefit increases implemented by voter-approved propositions between 1996 and 2008.	Mayor	disagree with it, partially (explanation in next column)	We agree that there are mutiple drivers of the City's long term pension obligations. However, SFEI performing and well-funded public pension plans in the United States. We are confident that, ove assets in the SFERS Trust will be sufficient to pay the promised benefits to all active and retired SF the Retirement Board receives an actuarial valuation - a snapshot of the long-term progress of the of all promised benefits - from which they review and adjust, if prudent and appropriate, existing the long-term financial strength of the SFERS Trust. In accordance with the City Charter and Retire cost or increase in liabilities associated with every voter-approved proposition is amortized over u. The Retirement System unfunded liability is not a "debt", but rather a funding gap that will be materm, not only by the City, but also by City employees as a result of the employee cost sharing pro City voters in 2011 (Proposition C) and long term investment gains. As reflected in the past invest Retirement System – relative to U.S. pubic fund peers, SFERS' investment results ranked in the firs year and 10 year time periods, investment gains will also contribute a significant amount towards liabilities of the Retirement System.
rement :reasing ling & er Oversight	F2	1) That the City's Retirement System diligently protects the retirement-related interests of the City's employees and retirees; 2) that the Retirement Board has a majority of members who are also members of the Retirement System (they receive, or will receive, pensions); 3) that when it came to retroactive retirement benefit increase propositions between 1996 and 2008, the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, Retirement Board, and Controller did not fulfill their responsibility to watch out for the interests of the City and its residents; and 4) that despite previous Retirement System- related propositions (2010 Proposition D and 2011 Proposition C) that reduced future pension liabilities, the Retirement System remains seriously underfunded, threatening the fiscal status of the City.	Mayor	disagree with it, partially (explanation in next column)	We are in agreement that the City's Retirement System diligently protects the retirement interest: and Retirees (item 1). We also agree about the composition of the retirement board (item 2). However, we disagree with finding (3). Cost analyses prepared by the Controller and the Retirement upon the best available information, and were in line with actuarial and economic assumptions in noted in those analyses, benefit costs and Retirement Fund results are highly sensitive to a numbe assumptions, several of which were not met in the years following the changes approved by voter In addition, we disagree with finding 4). Future pension liabilites are a great concern for the city, a and analyzed closely on an ongoing basis by the Mayor's Office, Controller's Office, Retirement Sy: Supervisors' Budget and Legislative analyst. Projected costs are forecast and incorporated into our process which is jointly developed by the Mayor's Budget Office, the Controllers Office and the Bo Budget and Legislative analyst. We have also made significant strides in enacting policy to reduce our pension liability and continu reduce our long term pension liabilities. The SFERS retirement system is 85% funded. While still nc important to consider that relative to comparable systems, San Francisco's SFERS is faring very we performing and well-funded public pension plans in the United States. A recent report by the City that the peer average for city employee pension plans as of FY 15 was 72% funded (compared wit instance CALPERS is currently funded at 69% and Los Angeles is funded at 83%. As of FY 15, Seattle Portland at 46%.

.

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight: **RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS**

	Recommendations	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text
R1.1	That the Mayor and Board of Supervisors fully disclose the financial details of any future retirement benefit increases or decreases to the public	Mayor	The recommendation has been implemented (summary of how it was implemented in next column)	The financial impact of major changes that impact benefi fully disclosed to the voters via the ballot (see below). Da by the Retirement Board are also already disclosed to the are public; agendas and minutes are posted online. Any a is publicly posted. All changes in SFERS benefit provisions must be approvec items on the ballot we are required by charter to provide detailing the costs of the proposition, which are disclosec Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare ex pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necess are brief written statements, with more detailed files mai for inspection by members of the public interested in exp depth.
R1.2	That by the end of 2018, the Retirement Board produce an annual report for the public showing each component of the debt owed by the City to the Retirement System, including the full history of each component and descriptions of all calculations.	Mayor	The recommendation has been implemented (summary of how it was implemented in next column)	The Retirement System provides extensive reports detaili and administrative matters on an annual basis. These an audited financial statements and required supplementan actuarial valuation, and a department annual report whic financial and actuarial information with detailed informat administration of the Retirement System. The details of t component of unfunded liability related to the City's retir contained in the annual actuarial valuation report. There calculation method in the appendix of the report. The Re maintains five years of the SFERS annual actuarial valuati Historical valuation reports beyond the five years availab available by request to the Retirement System.

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight: **RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS**

Tanàna energia	e. De la companya de la			an an an an Arthony an an Arthony and the carry transformation of the factor of the second statements of the
#	Recommendations	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text
R2.1	That the Board of Supervisors establish a permanent Retirement System Oversight	Mayor	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not	The City already has a Retirement Board which functions
	Committee to develop a comprehensive, long-term solution for the Retirement		warranted or reasonable (explanation in next column)	Retirement System, and the Mayor's Office has no author
	System that is fair to both employees and taxpayers, and present it to the voters in	·		empanel a new Board committee. Mayor Lee worked to r
	a proposition by 2018. All options for reducing pension liabilities must be		[1] A.	reform legislation in 2011 and the City's long term pensio
	considered, including a hybrid Defined Benefit / Defined Contribution plan. The			much worse if it was not for these measures. Lastly, the (
	details of the committee are:			pension costs in our long range financial planning- throug
	1. Name: Retirement System Oversight Committee			planning process, deficit projections as well as through th
	2. Purpose			which are developed by the Mayor's Office in collaboratic
	a. Develop a comprehensive, long-term solution for the Retirement System's			Office and the Board of Supervisors. We closely monitor 1
	unfunded liabilities that is fair to both employees, retirees, and taxpayers, and			pension obligations on our long term deficit and will cont
	present it to voters in a proposition by the end of 2018. All options should be on			projected deficits over time.
	the table, including a Hybrid Defined Benefit / DefinedContribution plan.			
	b. Inform and educate the public concerning the finances of the Retirement			
	System.			
	c. As needed, develop solutions to future problems the Retirement System		[1] A. Martin and A. Martin	
	encounters and, if necessary, present them to voters in a proposition. All options		[문제 가지 않는 것 같은 것 같	
	should be on the table, including a Hybrid Defined Benefit / Defined Contribution			
	plan.			
	d. The Committee shall provide oversight to ensure that: (1) actions taken by the			
	Retirement System are in the best interest of the residents of San Francisco; (2) all			
	propositions that modify the Retirement System are adequately described to			
	voters in the Voter Information Pamphlet.			
	e. In furtherance of its purpose, the committee may engage in any of the following			
	activities:			
	i. Inquire into the actions of the Retirement System by reviewing reports, analyses,			
	financial statements, actuarial reports, or other materials related to the			
	Retirement System.			
R2.2	That by the end of 2018, the Mayor and Board of Supervisors submit a Charter	Mayor	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not	This recommendation is intended to add individuals to th
	amendment proposition to the voters to add three additional public members		warranted or reasonable (explanation in next column)	board who are not beneficiaries of the trust fund, and wh
	who are not Retirement System members to the Retirement Board.			presumably act as guardians of the public interest. Howe
				obligated to act only in the fiduciary interests of the bene
			[2] S. S. M. S.	recommendation would not accomplish its intended goal
				will not be pursued. The City closely monitors pension co
				financial planning - through the 5 year financial planning
				projections as well as through the 2 year budget process,
				the Mayor's Office in collaboration with the Controller's (
				Supervisors. We closely monitor the impact of our pensic
				long term deficit and will continute to seek to reduce pro
				The Mayor will continue to consider any and all mechanis
				ensure fiscal sustainability.
·				

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight : **RESPONSES TO CGJ FINDINGS**

eport Title	#	Findings	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (Agree/Disagree)	2017 Response Text
Retirement	F3	That the Voter Information Pamphlets for	Department of	disagree with it, wholly (explanation in next column)	The Department lacks sufficient knowledge to determine
Increasing		retroactive retirement benefit increase	Elections		included the information set forth in this finding.
:anding &		propositions between 1996 and 2008 did not			
Voter Oversight		provide voters with complete estimates of the			
	ł	propositions' costs, who would pay those			
		costs, how those costs were financed, and			
		what the interest rates were.			

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight: **RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS**

#	Recommendations	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text
R3.1	That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with complete financial details.	Department of Elections	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not warranted or reasonable (explanation in next column)	The Department lacks the authority to ensure that future with complete financial details regarding Retirement Syst The Department of Elections does not determine the con Information Pamphlet; that determination is made by orc ordinances are included in the Municipal Elections Code. is simply to format information and transmit it to the prir an ordinance requiring the Department of Elections to inc information regarding costs associated with retirement b Information Pamphlet, the Department will do so.
R3.2	That by the end of 2018, the Controller's Office provide SF residents, employees, and retirees with a description of the City's Retirement System that enables them to make informed decisions about it.	Department of Elections		The Department lacks the authority to require that the Co SF residents, employees, and retirees with a description of System that enables them to make informed decisions at adopted that requires additional content to be included i Pamphlet, the Department will comply with the ordinanc

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight : **RESPONSES TO CGJ FINDINGS**

eport Title	#	Findings	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (Agree/Disagree)	2017 Response Text
Retirement	F3	That the Voter Information Pamphlets for	Elections Commission	disagree with it, wholly (explanation in next column)	The Elections Commission disagrees wholly with the findi
 Increasing 		retroactive retirement benefit increase			Commission lacks the knowledge to assess whether these
:anding &		propositions between 1996 and 2008 did not			did not provide voters with full and accurate information
Voter Oversight		provide voters with complete estimates of the			propositions.
		propositions' costs, who would pay those			
		costs, how those costs were financed, and			
	,	what the interest rates were.			

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight: **RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS**

	Recommendations	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text
R3.1	That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future	Elections	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not	
6. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide	Commission	warranted or reasonable (explanation in next column)	Commission lacks the authority to do what is requested.
	voters with complete financial details.			
R3.2	That by the end of 2018, the Controller's Office provide SF residents, employees,	Elections	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not	The Elections Commission will not implement this recom
	and retirees with a description of the City's Retirement System that enables them	Commission	warranted or reasonable (explanation in next column)	Commission lacks the authority to do what is requested.
	to make informed decisions about it.			



CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER

Ben Rosenfield Controller

Todd Rydstrom Deputy Controller

August 11, 2017

The Honorable Teri L. Jackson Presiding Judge, Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco 400 McAllister Street, Room 008 San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear Judge Jackson:

Pursuant to Penal Code sections 933 and 933.05, the following is in reply to the 2016-17 Civil Grand Jury report, The San Francisco Retirement System – Increasing Understanding and Adding Voter Oversight. We would like to thank the Civil Grand Jury for their attention to this subject. Managing retirement benefits, plans and funding are among the most complex financial and workforce issues faced by governments and other entities nationwide. Consistently modeling, projecting and managing pension costs, and providing reporting and transparency to the public, is challenging. The Controller's Office works continuously to improve the quality of the City's financial management and reporting. Especially where the public are the primary users of financial information, such as in our required ballot statements, we work hard to make our reports clear and straightforward.

Overall, the Controller's Office strives to be a responsible financial steward for the City and has been a leader in analyzing ways to manage long-term costs, reduce the Retirement System's unfunded actuarial liability, and create fair cost-sharing between employees and the City as an employer. Over the last eight years, the Controller's Office has supported five different efforts to model financial and actuarial projections and make changes to pension benefits to better manage future costs. Many of these efforts have resulted in proposals moved forward by the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and ultimately adopted by City voters.

The Civil Grand Jury's report provided important findings and recommendations and helped us understand how our financial reporting and statements are received. We will use this feedback to improve efforts to communicate with leadership, stakeholders and the public on these issues.

If you have any questions about this response, please contact Deputy Controller Todd Rydstrom or me at 415-554-7500.

Respectfully submitted.

Ben Rosenfield Controller

cc:

Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board, City and County of San Francisco

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury The SF Retirement System- Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight : **RESPONSES TO CGJ FINDINGS**

	Findings	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (Agree/Disagree)	2017 Response Text
F2	1) That the City's Retirement System diligently protects the retirement-related interests of the City's employees and retirees; 2) that the Retirement Board has a majority of members who are also members of the Retirement System (they receive, or will receive, pensions); 3) that when it came to retroactive retirement benefit increase propositions between 1996 and 2008, the Mayor, Board of Supervisors, Retirement Board, and Controller did not fulfill their responsibility to watch out for the interests of the City and its residents; and 4) that despite previous Retirement System-related propositions (2010 Proposition D and 2011 Proposition C) that reduced future pension liabilities, the Retirement System remains seriously underfunded, threatening the fiscal status of the City.		disagree with it,	While the Controller's Office finds the Civil Grand Jury's statement regarding the health of the Retirement Fund to be overstated, we do share the general concern regarding the increase in the system's net pension liability in recent years and its implications for future City costs. We have presented discussion and analysis in the City's recent Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (CAFR) and in the City's Five-Year Financial Plan on this topic. We believe that the health of the system needs to be closely monitored and that it is likely to create financial pressure for the City in the years ahead absent changes to benefits. The Controller's Office disagrees with the finding that our office, the Mayor, and the Board of Supervisors did not fulfill our responsibilities to watch out for the interest of the City and its residents regarding benefit changes on the ballot between 1996 and 2008. Cost analyses prepared by our office and the Retirement System were based upon the best available information, and were in line with actuarial and economic assumptions in use at the time. As noted in those analyses, benefit costs and Retirement Fund results are highly sensitive to a number of economic assumptions, several of which were not met in the years following the changes approved by voters.
F3	That the Voter Information Pamphlets for retroactive retirement benefit increase propositions between 1996 and 2008 did not provide voters with complete estimates of the propositions' costs, who would pay those costs, how those costs were financed, and what the interest rates were.	Controller	disagree with it, partially (explanation in next column)	The Controller's Office cost analyses for measures in these years included estimates based upon actuarial and financial assumptions utilized by the Retirement System at the time. Our analyses noted the sensitivity of the cost analyses to these assumptions. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements for the Voter Information Pamphlet, with detailed files maintained for stakeholders or members of the public interested in exploring further. We are open to specific comments on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future pension measures. We are open to the possibility of providing a section in the Voter Information Pamphlet with background on public pension structures and status, similar to our section regarding debt management and bond financing that is provided when bonds are on the ballot.
F4	The Controller and the Retirement System provide extensive reports about the Retirement System, but they are too complex for the average citizen, employee, or retiree to understand. The data in the Retirement System reports is not available to the Retirement System or the public in a dataset, making research and analysis more difficult.	Controller	disagree with it, partially (explanation in next column)	The Retirement System produces various reports detailing financial, actuarial, and operational issues, including a summary of their financial statements that are designed for a knowledgable but non-expert audience. The Controller's Office, in the City's Five-Year Financial Plan, reports on the expected future retirement costs to the City, and includes discussion of the health of the Retirement Fund in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The Controller's Office has made regular public presentations at hearings held by the Board of Supervisors on the health of the Retirement System and its implications for the financial health of the City. We welcome comments on specific ways to improve these various products to ensure their ability to be useful to a broad array of audiences interested in this complex topic.

.

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury

The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight: RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS

		Descriptions		
		Respondent	<u>.</u>	
#	Recommendations	assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text
2.1	That the Board of Supervisors establish	Controller	The recommendation will not be	This recommendation should be directed to the Mayor and
	a permanent Retirement System		implemented because it is not	Board of Supervisors, and not the Controller's Office. In ou
	Oversight Committee to develop a		warranted or reasonable	role as financial advisor, the Controller's Office will support
	comprehensive, long-term solution for		(explanation in next column)	whatever efforts policymakers put in place to study the
	the Retirement System that is fair to			health of the Retirement Fund and to consider changes to
	both employees and taxpayers, and			manage future financial costs for the City. We note,
	present it to the voters in a			however, that the City has rigorous ongoing practices built
	proposition by 2018. All options for			in to its financial management to review changes in the
	reducing pension liabilities must be			funded status of the Retirement Fund and their implication
	considered, including a hybrid Defined			for the City's finances. Further, the Controller's Office has
	Benefit / Defined Contribution plan.			supported five different efforts in the last eight years to
	The details of the committee are:			model financial and actuarial projections and make change
	1. Name: Retirement System Oversight			to pension benefits to better manage future costs. Many of
	Committee			these efforts have resulted in proposals moved forward by
	2. Purpose			the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and ultimately adopted
	a. Develop a comprehensive, long-			by City voters.
	term solution for the Retirement			
	System's unfunded liabilities that is fair			
	to both employees, retirees, and			
	taxpayers, and present it to voters in a			
	proposition by the end of 2018. All			The second se
	options should be on the table,			
	including a Hybrid Defined Benefit /			
	DefinedContribution plan.			
	b. Inform and educate the public			
	concerning the finances of the			
	Retirement System.			
R2.2	That by the end of 2018, the Mayor	Controller	The recommendation will not be	This recommendation should be directed to the Mayor and
1.4-+ 4-	and Board of Supervisors submit a	Controller	implemented because it is not	Board of Supervisors, and not the Controller's Office. In our
	Charter amendment proposition to the		warranted or reasonable	role as financial advisor, the Controller's Office will support
	voters to add three additional public		(explanation in next column)	whatever efforts policymakers request to review
	members who are not Retirement			governance questions regarding the Retirement Board. We
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	governance questions regarding the Kethement board. We
				note however that Detirement Reard members are
	System members to the Retirement			note, however, that Retirement Board members are
	Board.		n An an an Anna an Anna Anna Anna Anna A	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and
			an An Antonio and Antonio and Antonio Antonio and Antonio and Antonio and Antonio Antonio and Antonio and Antonio and Antonio and Antonio and Antonio	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its
				fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor,
				fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit
				fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Citr Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine
				fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit
				fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Citr Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine
				fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the City Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where
				fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the
				fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the
	Board.			fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the City Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the
R3.1		Controller	The recommendation requires	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the
R3.1	Board.	Controller	The recommendation requires further analysis (explanation of the	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the	Controller		fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Citr Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Citr Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Citr Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Citr Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future pension measures. We are open to the possibility of
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future pension measures. We are open to the possibility of providing a background section in the Voter Information
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future pension measures. We are open to the possibility of providing a background section in the Voter Information Pamphlet with further information on public pension
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future pension measures. We are open to the possibility of providing a background section in the Voter Information Pamphlet with further information on public pension structures and San Francisco's status. We currently provide
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future pension measures. We are open to the possibility of providing a background section in the Voter Information Pamphlet with further information on public pension structures and San Francisco's status. We currently provide a background section regarding debt management, bond
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the City Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future pension measures. We are open to the possibility of providing a background section in the Voter Information Pamphlet with further information on public pension structures and San Francisco's status. We currently provide a background section regarding debt management, bond financing and San Francisco's status in all elections where
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the City Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future pension measures. We are open to the possibility of providing a background section in the Voter Information Pamphlet with further information on public pension structures and San Francisco's status. We currently provide a background section regarding debt management, bond
R3.1	Board. That the Elections Commission and the Department of Elections ensure that future Voter Information Pamphlets for Retirement System-related propositions provide voters with	Controller	further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of	fiduciaries that have a duty to the system's participants and not to "watch out for the interests of the City and its residents." This broader responsibility falls on the Mayor, Board of Supervisors and other policymakers. Under the Cit Charter ultimately the voters of San Francisco determine benefit levels, unlike the majority of governments where retirement benefits levels are not subject to a vote of the people. Both the Retirement System and the Controller's Office prepare extensive analyses of any pension-related measure placed on the ballot. By necessity, these cost analyses are brief written statements, with more detailed files maintained and available for inspection by members of the public interested in exploring the issues in more depth. We are open to specific comments and thoughts on ways to improve our ballot cost analyses, including those for future pension measures. We are open to the possibility of providing a background section in the Voter Information Pamphlet with further information on public pension structures and San Francisco's status. We currently provide a background section regarding debt management, bond financing and San Francisco's status in all elections where

2016-17 Civil Grand Jury

The SF Retirement System-Increasing Understanding Adding Voter Oversight: RESPONSES TO CGJ RECOMMENDATIONS

#	Recommendations	Respondent assigned by CGJ	2017 Responses (implementation)	2017 Response Text
R3.2	That by the end of 2018, the Controller's Office provide SF residents, employees, and retirees with a description of the City's Retirement System that enables them to make informed decisions about it.	Controller	The recommendation has been implemented (summary of how it was implemented in next column)	The Retirement System, the Controller's Office, and others already produce a wide array of public reports for various audiences on the financial health of the Retirement Fund and its implications for both beneficiaries and the City government. We have augmented this reporting in recent years with additional detailed analysis and discussion in the City's Five Year Financial Plan. We welcome specific suggestions to improve these products, but do not believe that an additional annual report will improve public knowledge of this topic. As discussed elsewhere, we are open to specific means of improving our ballot measure analysis, including the possibility of providing additional background information in the voter information pamphlet when pension measures are placed before the voters, similar to our discussion of debt financing when bond authorizations are on the ballot.
R4.1	That by the end of 2018, the Retirement System develop and maintain a dataset based on the data in its actuarial and financial reports of the last 20 years, and make that dataset available to the public.	Controller	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not warranted or reasonable (explanation in next column)	This recommendation should be directed to the Retirement System and not the Controller's Office.
R4.2	That by the end of 2018, the Controller's Office develop and produce an annual Retirement System Report that clearly explains the current and projected status of the Retirement System and its effect on the City's budget.	Controller	The recommendation requires further analysis (explanation of the scope of that analysis and a timeframe for discussion, not more than six months from the release of the report noted in next column)	The City's Five-Year Financial Plan includes clear discussion regarding the high-level financial status of the Retirement Fund and its implications for future City costs, including analysis of the effects of a downturn in investment returns that may occur in a recession. The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report also includes discussion of the health and funded status of the Retirement Fund. The Retirement System produces various reports detailing financial, actuarial, and operational issues, including a summary of their financial statements that are designed for a knowledgable but non-expert audience. We welcome comments on specific ways to improve these products to ensure that they are useful to a broad array of audiences interested in this complex topic.